Public Law 115–171
115th Congress

An Act

To require reporting on acts of certain foreign countries on Holocaust era assets and related issues.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Justice for Uncompensated Survivors Today (JUST) Act of 2017”.

SEC. 2. REPORT ON HOLOCAUST ERA ASSETS AND RELATED ISSUES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;

(B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

(D) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) COVERED COUNTRIES.—The term “covered countries” means participants in the 2009 Holocaust Era Assets Conference that are determined by the Secretary of State, or the Secretary’s designee, in consultation with expert nongovernmental organizations, to be countries of particular concern relative to the issues listed in subsection (b).

(3) WRONGFULLY SEIZED OR TRANSFERRED.—The term “wrongfully seized or transferred” includes confiscations, expropriations, nationalizations, forced sales or transfers, and sales or transfers under duress during the Holocaust era or the period of Communist rule of a covered country.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that assesses and describes the nature and extent of national laws and enforceable policies of covered countries regarding the identification and the return of or restitution for wrongfully seized or transferred Holocaust era assets consistent with, and evaluated with respect to, the goals and objectives of the 2009 Holocaust Era Assets Conference, including—

(1) the return to the rightful owner of any property, including religious or communal property, that was wrongfully seized or transferred;

(2) if return of any property described in paragraph (1) is no longer possible, the provision of comparable substitute
property or the payment of equitable compensation to the right-
ful owner in accordance with principles of justice and through
an expeditious claims-driven administrative process that is just,
transparent, and fair;
(3) in the case of heirless property, the provision of property
or compensation to assist needy Holocaust survivors, to support
Holocaust education, and for other purposes;
(4) the extent to which such laws and policies are imple-
mented and enforced in practice, including through any
applicable administrative or judicial processes; and
(5) to the extent practicable, the mechanism for and an
overview of progress toward the resolution of claims for United
States citizen Holocaust survivors and United States citizen
family members of Holocaust victims.
(c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that
after the submission of the report described in subsection (b), the
Secretary of State should continue to report to Congress on Holo-
cast era assets and related issues in a manner that is consistent
with the manner in which the Department of State reported on
such matters before the date of the enactment of the Act.

Approved May 9, 2018.