### 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2148

To prevent discrimination and harassment in employment.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 9, 2019

Ms. Clark of Massachusetts (for herself, Ms. Pressley, Ms. Slotkin, and Ms. Mucarsel-Powell) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, House Administration, Oversight and Reform, and Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

### A BILL

To prevent discrimination and harassment in employment.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Bringing an End to
- 5 Harassment by Enhancing Accountability and Rejecting
- 6 Discrimination in the Workplace Act" or the "BE
- 7 HEARD in the Workplace Act".
- 8 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 9 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Purposes.

## TITLE I—RESEARCHING AND PREVENTING WORKPLACE HARASSMENT; TIPPED EMPLOYEES

Sec. 100. Definitions.

### Subtitle A—Preventing Workplace Harassment

- Sec. 101. Mandatory nondiscrimination policies.
- Sec. 102. Nondiscrimination training.
- Sec. 103. Resource materials on policies and trainings for small businesses.
- Sec. 104. Education, training, and technical assistance to employers.
- Sec. 105. Task force regarding harassment.
- Sec. 106. Resource materials on employment climate assessments.
- Sec. 107. Establishing an Office of Education and Outreach within the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
- Sec. 108. Relationship to other laws.
- Sec. 109. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Research and Additional Resources for Harassment Prevention

- Sec. 111. National prevalence survey on harassment in employment.
- Sec. 112. Study and report on harassment in the Federal Government.
- Sec. 113. Studies, reports, and further research.

#### Subtitle C—Preventing Harassment of Tipped Employees

Sec. 121. Tipped employees.

### TITLE II—STRENGTHENING WORKPLACE RIGHTS

- Sec. 201. Clarifying sexual orientation discrimination and gender identity discrimination are unlawful sex discrimination.
- Sec. 202. Covered employers.
- Sec. 203. Compensatory and punitive damages available.
- Sec. 204. Harassment and discrimination; standards of proof.
- Sec. 205. Clarifying other standards of proof.
- Sec. 206. Supervisor liability.
- Sec. 207. Extending the statutes of limitations.
- Sec. 208. Extending the time limitations on Federal employees filing a complaint.

### TITLE III—BROADENING PROTECTIONS AND ENSURING TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 301. Independent contractors, interns, fellows, volunteers, and trainees.
- Sec. 302. Nondisclosure agreements.
- Sec. 303. Prohibition on mandatory arbitration and protection of concerted legal action.
- Sec. 304. Federal contractor compliance with civil rights laws.

### TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE GRANTS TO PREVENT AND RESPOND TO WORKPLACE HARASSMENT

Sec. 401. Definitions.

Subtitle A—National Grants for Preventing and Addressing Employment Discrimination, Including Harassment

- Sec. 411. Definitions.
- Sec. 412. Grants.
- Sec. 413. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers

- Sec. 421. Definitions.
- Sec. 422. Grants for civil legal needs related to employment discrimination.
- Sec. 423. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle C—Grants for a System of State Advocacy

- Sec. 431. Purpose.
- Sec. 432. Definitions.
- Sec. 433. Allotments and payments.
- Sec. 434. System required.
- Sec. 435. Administration.
- Sec. 436. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 501. Severability.

### 1 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to prevent and reduce prohibited discrimina-
- 4 tion and harassment in employment;
- 5 (2) to prevent and reduce discriminatory and
- 6 harassing conduct in the workplace;
- 7 (3) to identify and implement best practices in
- 8 creating a workplace free from discrimination and
- 9 harasment;
- 10 (4) to update and clarify certain employment
- 11 nondiscrimination laws; and
- 12 (5) to expand workers' access to counsel and
- advocacy services to protect the legal and human
- rights of workers by preventing and reducing dis-

1	crimination and harassment and responding to viola-
2	tions of worker's rights.
3	TITLE I—RESEARCHING AND
4	PREVENTING WORKPLACE
5	HARASSMENT; TIPPED EM-
6	PLOYEES
7	SEC. 100. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this title:
9	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
10	means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
11	sion.
12	(2) Employer.—The term "employer" has the
13	meaning given the term in section 701 of the Civil
14	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e), as amended
15	by section 202 of this Act.
16	Subtitle A—Preventing Workplace
17	Harassment
18	SEC. 101. MANDATORY NONDISCRIMINATION POLICIES.
19	(a) Policies.—
20	(1) In general.—Beginning not later than 1
21	year after the date of enactment of this Act, each
22	employer who has 15 or more employees shall adopt,
23	maintain, and periodically review a comprehensive
24	nondiscrimination policy, which shall establish poli-

- cies and procedures concerning prohibited discrimination and harassment in employment.
- 3 (2) Dissemination and Posting.—The em-4 ployer shall disseminate the comprehensive non-5 discrimination policy to each employee at the begin-6 ning of employment, annually, and on the issuance 7 of any update to the comprehensive nondiscrimina-8 tion policy. The employer shall post the comprehen-9 sive nondiscrimination policy in prominent locations, 10 including in a prominent location on the employer's 11 website.
- 12 (b) CONTENTS.—At a minimum, the comprehensive 13 nondiscrimination policy shall include—
  - (1) a definition of prohibited discrimination and prohibited harassment in employment;
    - (2) a description of the types of behaviors prohibited by the policy;
  - (3) the identification of multiple persons to whom an employee may report such discrimination or harassment;
- 21 (4) a description of multiple methods for re-22 porting such discrimination or harassment;
- 23 (5) a general description of how the employer 24 will conduct prompt, thorough, and impartial inves-

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- tigations and respond to complaints regarding such
  discrimination or harassment;
- 3 (6) a prohibition against retaliation related to 4 such discrimination or harassment, including dis-5 closing, reporting, or challenging such discrimination 6 or harassment;
- 7 (7) a description of potential consequences for 8 violating the policy; and
- 9 (8) any additional components required by the 10 Commission for the purpose of preventing unlawful 11 discrimination and harassment.
- 12 (c) Accessibility.—The comprehensive non-13 discrimination policy shall be made available in plain 14 English and in an accessible manner for individuals with 15 disabilities and for individuals who primarily speak a lan-16 guage other than English.

### 17 (d) Enforcement.—

- 18 (1) Subject to paragraph (2), an employer who
  19 fails to comply with this section shall be fined not
  20 more than \$1,000 for each separate offense.
- 21 (2) An employer who repeatedly or willfully fails 22 to comply with this section shall be fined not less 23 than \$5,000 for each separate offense.
- 24 (e) Regulations.—The Commission shall have au-25 thority to promulgate regulations to carry out this section.

### 1 SEC. 102. NONDISCRIMINATION TRAINING.

- 2 (a) In General.—The Commission shall promulgate
- 3 regulations to require appropriate employers, as deter-
- 4 mined by the Commission, to provide—
- 5 (1) in-person or other interactive training for
- 6 each employee regarding discriminatory and haras-
- 7 sing behaviors in employment; and
- 8 (2) training specifically designed for supervisors
- 9 regarding the prevention of and response to dis-
- 10 crimination and harassment in employment, includ-
- ing retaliation.
- 12 (b) REQUIRED TRAINING.—The requirements de-
- 13 scribed in subsection (a) shall—
- 14 (1) be based on research on effective training;
- 15 and
- 16 (2) identify specific elements of such training.
- 17 (c) Enforcement.—The Commission shall issue
- 18 remedies for noncompliance by regulation.
- 19 SEC. 103. RESOURCE MATERIALS ON POLICIES AND
- 20 TRAININGS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 22 date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall make
- 23 publicly available resource materials on comprehensive
- 24 nondiscrimination policies and trainings on such policies
- 25 for employers with fewer than 15 employees.

1	(b) Contents.—Such resource materials shall in-
2	clude, at a minimum—
3	(1) model comprehensive nondiscrimination
4	policies concerning prohibited discrimination and
5	harassment in employment, as described in section
6	101, for use by employers with fewer than 15 em-
7	ployees, which shall—
8	(A) be designed to be easily distributed by
9	such employers to employees;
10	(B) take into account the resources avail-
11	able to such employers;
12	(C) take into account the particular needs
13	of employees of such employers;
14	(D) be made available in plain English and
15	in accessible formats for individuals with dis-
16	abilities and for individuals who primarily speak
17	a language other than English;
18	(E) include a definition of prohibited dis-
19	crimination and harassment in employment;
20	(F) include examples of prohibited dis-
21	criminatory and harassing behaviors;
22	(G) describe how the employer may con-
23	duct prompt, thorough, and impartial investiga-
24	tions and respond to complaints regarding such
25	prohibited discrimination and harassment;

1	(H) include a prohibition against retalia-
2	tion related to such discrimination or harass-
3	ment;
4	(I) include policies that reflect the needs of
5	a variety of different types of workplaces, in-
6	cluding those with differing work structures, fa-
7	cilities, or tasks;
8	(J) describe behaviors that would con-
9	stitute retaliation; and
10	(K) include a description of potential con-
11	sequences for violating the comprehensive non-
12	discrimination policy; and
13	(2) model trainings regarding prohibited dis-
14	crimination and harassment in employment, as de-
15	scribed in section 102, for use by employers with
16	fewer than 15 employees, which shall—
17	(A) take into account the resources avail-
18	able to such employers;
19	(B) take into account the particular needs
20	of employees of such employers;
21	(C) be made available in plain English and
22	in accessible formats for individuals with dis-
23	abilities and for individuals who primarily speak
24	a language other than English;

1	(D) be made available in an online format
2	that is widely available to such employers and
3	employees of such employers;
4	(E) include an explanation of prohibited
5	discrimination and harassment in employment,
6	including retaliation related to such discrimina-
7	tion and harassment;
8	(F) describe the affirmative behaviors that
9	contribute to preventing and reducing harass-
10	ment and discrimination in employment;
11	(G) include trainings designed to address
12	the needs of a variety of workplaces, including
13	those with differing work structures, facilities,
14	and tasks;
15	(H) include best practices for preventing
16	prohibited discrimination and harassment spe-
17	cific to industries in which the Commission de-
18	termines that harassment is particularly preva-
19	lent or severe; and
20	(I) include any additional information the
21	Commission determines may prevent discrimi-
22	nation and harassment of employees.
23	(c) Individualization.—The Commission shall en-
24	sure that resource materials under this section are de-
25	signed to facilitate individual employers to customize

1	training to address the needs of their workplaces, includ-
2	ing differing work structures, facilities, and tasks.
3	SEC. 104. EDUCATION, TRAINING, AND TECHNICAL ASSIST
4	ANCE TO EMPLOYERS.
5	The Commission shall have the authority to—
6	(1) reasonably adjust the fees the Commission
7	charges for any education, technical assistance, or
8	training the Commission offers in accordance with
9	section 705(j)(1) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
10	U.S.C. $2000e-4(j)(1)$ ;
11	(2) use the materials developed by the Commis-
12	sion for any education, technical assistance, or train-
13	ing offered by the Commission in accordance with
14	that section in any education and outreach activities
15	carried out by the Commission; and
16	(3) use funds from the Commission's EEOC
17	Education, Technical Assistance, and Training Re-
18	volving Fund, established under section 705(k) of
19	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
20	4(k)), to pay the full salaries of any Commission em-
21	ployees that develop and administer any education
22	technical assistance, or training programs offered by
23	the Commission.

### 1 SEC. 105. TASK FORCE REGARDING HARASSMENT.

2	(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish
3	and periodically convene a harassment prevention task
4	force (referred to in this subsection as the "Task Force")
5	to study prohibited harassment in employment.
6	(b) Membership.—The Task Force established
7	under paragraph (1) shall include membership that re-
8	flects a broad diversity of experience and expertise relating
9	to prohibited harassment, including—
10	(1) employee advocates;
11	(2) researchers with expertise in organizational
12	culture change or reducing behavior related to har-
13	assment and discrimination;
14	(3) legal practitioners with professional exper-
15	tise related to harassment litigation on behalf of em-
16	ployees;
17	(4) legal practitioners with experience serving
18	as a chief legal officer or human resource officer in
19	a corporate legal department;
20	(5) individuals with expertise in diversity and
21	inclusion initiatives;
22	(6) individuals who have experienced prohibited
23	harassment in employment; and
24	(7) union leaders.
25	(c) Duties.—The Task Force shall—

1	(1) identify strategies and recommend proposals
2	to prevent prohibited harassment in employment;
3	and
4	(2) provide guidance on effective strategies to
5	prevent prohibited harassment that are specific to
6	industries in which the Task Force determines that
7	harassment is particularly prevalent or severe.
8	(d) Report.—Not less than once every 5 years, the
9	Commission shall prepare and publish a report on the
10	Commission's website, which shall be based on the work
11	of the Task Force and shall include—
12	(1) a review of the prevalence of prohibited har-
13	assment in employment, including the results of the
14	national prevalence survey described in section 112;
15	(2) recommendations for Federal, State, and
16	local initiatives, reforms, and legislation to prevent
17	prohibited harassment in employment;
18	(3) assessments of the effectiveness of employ-
19	ment policies designed to prevent prohibited harass-
20	ment in employment by changing behavior and cul-
21	ture;
22	(4) assessments of the effectiveness of processes
23	for investigations into prohibited harassment in em-
24	ployment;

1	(5) assessments of the effectiveness of different
2	types of training to reduce and prevent harassment
3	in employment; and
4	(6) assessments of the effectiveness of other
5	proactive initiatives and interventions to reduce and
6	prevent harassment in employment.
7	SEC. 106. RESOURCE MATERIALS ON EMPLOYMENT CLI-
8	MATE ASSESSMENTS.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall de-
11	velop and make publicly available resource materials for
12	employers on assessing the employment climate, including
13	the occurrence of prohibited harassment in employment,
14	in order to assist such employers in determining the effec-
15	tiveness of measures the employer takes to prevent and
16	address prohibited harassment in employment.
17	(b) EMPLOYMENT CLIMATE SURVEY.—Such resource
18	materials shall include a model survey regarding prohib-
19	ited harassment in employment, which shall be available
20	for an employer to use (at the employer's discretion and
21	employer's expense) in order to assess the employment cli-
22	mate. The model survey shall be—
23	(1) designed to assess employees' experiences
24	related to prohibited harassment in employment;

1	(2) fair, unbiased, and scientifically valid to the
2	greatest extent practicable;
3	(3) designed to solicit confidential submissions
4	and to provide data without revealing personally
5	identifiable information; and
6	(4) inclusive of individuals required to be af-
7	forded protection under section 301.
8	(c) Contents.—The model survey may include—
9	(1) questions designed to assess the prevalence
10	of prohibited harassment in employment;
11	(2) questions designed to understand whether
12	employees have access to and are familiar with the
13	employer's nondiscrimination and anti-harassment
14	policies and procedures;
15	(3) questions to assess the employment climate;
16	and
17	(4) any additional questions the Commission
18	determines are consistent with the purposes of this
19	section.
20	(d) Mandatory Employee Participation Pro-
21	HIBITED.—An employer may not compel or require em-
22	ployees to participate in a survey regarding prohibited
23	harassment or discrimination in employment.
24	(e) Review and Revision.—The Commission shall
25	periodically review and revise the resource materials de-

1	scribed in subsection (a) and the model survey developed
2	under subsection (b).
3	SEC. 107. ESTABLISHING AN OFFICE OF EDUCATION AND
4	OUTREACH WITHIN THE EQUAL EMPLOY
5	MENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION.
6	(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish
7	and maintain an Office of Education and Outreach to—
8	(1) conduct outreach and education concerning
9	prohibited discrimination and harassment in employ-
10	ment under Federal civil rights laws and available
11	resources and remedies relating to those laws; and
12	(2) conduct a multi-year public awareness cam-
13	paign to improve public awareness of the Commis-
14	sion, which shall include disseminating information
15	about—
16	(A) the purpose of the Commission;
17	(B) the resources available through the
18	Commission to prevent prohibited discrimina-
19	tion and harassment in employment;
20	(C) the ways in which an individual can
21	file a complaint with the Commission; and
22	(D) the process by which the Commission
23	investigates charges of discrimination.
24	(b) Information Disseminated.—The information
25	disseminated in accordance with subsection (a)(2) shall be

- 1 made available in plain English and in an accessible man-
- 2 ner for individuals with disabilities and for individuals who
- 3 primarily speak a language other than English.
- 4 SEC. 108. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.
- 5 Compliance with section 101 or 102, or use of mate-
- 6 rials provided under subtitle A, is not an affirmative de-
- 7 fense under applicable employment nondiscrimination
- 8 laws.
- 9 SEC. 109. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
- 11 mission such sums as may be necessary to carry out the
- 12 Commission's duties and activities, including such duties
- 13 and activities authorized under this subtitle.
- 14 Subtitle B—Research and Addi-
- tional Resources for Harass-
- 16 ment Prevention
- 17 SEC. 111. NATIONAL PREVALENCE SURVEY ON HARASS-
- 18 MENT IN EMPLOYMENT.
- 19 (a) Survey.—The Bureau of the Census, the Com-
- 20 mission, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall jointly
- 21 develop a national prevalence survey on the prevalence of
- 22 prohibited harassment in employment (referred to in this
- 23 section as the "national prevalence survey"). Such survey
- 24 shall be administered by the Bureau of the Census not

- 18 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, 2 and every 3 years thereafter. 3 (b) Contents.—The national prevalence survey shall include questions designed to collect such informa-5 tion from individuals as may be necessary to examine existing beliefs, attitudes, and understanding of prohibited harassment in employment, and the extent to which such 8 harassment is experienced or observed by individuals, supervisors, and employers, including the information nec-10 essary for the report described in subsection (c). 11 (c) Report.— 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months 13 after each national prevalence survey has been ad-14 ministered, the Bureau of the Census, the Commis-15 sion, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall jointly 16 prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, 17 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and 18 the Committee on Education and Labor of the 19 House of Representatives a report on the results of 20 that survey. 21 (2)INFORMATION.—The REQUIRED
  - under this subsection shall include, at minimum—
  - (A) information about the extent to which individuals experience prohibited harassment in employment on the basis of sex (including sex-

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1	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
2	childbirth, a medical condition related to preg-
3	nancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), race,
4	color, religion, national origin, age, disability,
5	genetic information, and uniformed service sta-
6	tus, and information about the interaction of
7	different characteristics that may be the basis
8	of harassment in employment;
9	(B) information about the prevalence of
10	each such form of prohibited harassment in em-
11	ployment, disaggregated by industry and salary
12	level, including across all wage bands; and
13	(C) an analysis of the economic impacts of
14	prohibited harassment.
15	(3) Disaggregation of sex based harass-
16	MENT.—The report under this subsection shall sepa-
17	rately, and in the aggregate, report each of the fol-
18	lowing bases of sex harassment:
19	(A) Sexual orientation.
20	(B) Gender identity.
21	(C) Pregnancy.
22	(D) Childbirth.
23	(E) A medical condition related to preg-
24	nancy or childbirth.
25	(F) A sex stereotype.

1	(G) Sexual in nature.
2	(4) Public availability.—The report shall be
3	made publicly available on the websites of the Bu-
4	reau of the Census, the Commission, and Bureau of
5	Labor Statistics.
6	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
7	are authorized to be appropriated for the Bureau of the
8	Census to carry out this section \$1,200,000 for fiscal year
9	2019 and such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal
10	year the national prevalence survey is to be administered
11	under subsection (a) or the report is to be submitted under
12	subsection (c).
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13	SEC. 112. STUDY AND REPORT ON HARASSMENT IN THE
	SEC. 112. STUDY AND REPORT ON HARASSMENT IN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
13	
13 14	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
13 14 15	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every
13 14 15 16	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every
13 14 15 16	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board
13 14 15 16 17	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health,
13 14 15 16 17 18	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives a report containing the following information:

- about such behaviors disaggregated by each wage
  band.
- 3 (2) The impact of prohibited harassment in em-4 ployment and violations of Federal civil rights laws 5 on the Federal Government, in terms of monetary 6 costs, attrition, and morale.
  - (3) The particular impact of prohibited harassment in employment on the experience of Federal employees with disabilities.
  - (4) Working in coordination with the Commission's Office of Federal Operations, a description of the differences in Federal agency policies, strategies, reporting mechanisms, training programs, and other practices regarding preventing and addressing prohibited harassment in employment.
  - (5) A description of which policies, strategies, reporting mechanisms, training programs, and other practices described in paragraph (4) have prevented, addressed, or reduced prohibited harassment in employment.
  - (6) Working in coordination with the Commission's Office of Federal Operations, joint recommendations from such Office and the Merit Systems Protection Board to Federal agencies on how

1	to prevent and address prohibited harassment in em-
2	ployment.
3	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
4	are authorized to be appropriated to the Merit Systems
5	Protection Board such sums as may be necessary to carry
6	out this section.
7	SEC. 113. STUDIES, REPORTS, AND FURTHER RESEARCH.
8	(a) Study and Report on Enforcement of Non-
9	DISCRIMINATION LAWS PROHIBITING HARASSMENT
10	Laws.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
11	of this Act, the United States Commission on Civil Rights
12	shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health,
13	Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the
14	Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-
15	resentatives a report that shall examine enforcement of
16	the nondiscrimination laws prohibiting harassment includ-
17	ing—
18	(1) trends in enforcement of such laws;
19	(2) barriers to effective enforcement of such
20	laws;
21	(3) best practices in enforcement of such laws;
22	(4) recommendations about how to improve en-
23	forcement of such laws, including whether estab-
24	lishing individual liability for discrimination and har-

1	assment in employment would improve enforcement
2	of such laws; and
3	(5) how the experience of harassment for em-
4	ployees and individuals required to be afforded pro-
5	tections under section 301 has changed over time
6	since the passage of such laws.
7	(b) STUDY AND REPORT ON PREVENTION OF HAR-
8	ASSMENT IN EMPLOYMENT.—
9	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
11	the National Institutes of Health shall enter into an
12	agreement with the National Academies of Sciences
13	Engineering, and Medicine, through which the Na-
14	tional Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medi-
15	cine shall conduct a study on preventing and ad-
16	dressing prohibited harassment in employment.
17	(2) Contents.—Such study shall include—
18	(A) an evaluation of the existing research
19	of the causes of prohibited harassment in em-
20	ployment, including retaliation related to such
21	harassment, and gaps in such research;
22	(B) a review of the existing research re-
23	garding how prohibited harassment in employ-
24	ment impacts individuals:

1	(C) an evaluation of the existing research
2	on training to prevent prohibited harassment in
3	employment, including essential components of
4	effective training to prevent such prohibited
5	harassment and retaliation, and gaps in such
6	research;
7	(D) an assessment of the efficacy and
8	availability of training models and programs to
9	prevent prohibited harassment in employment;
10	(E) the identification of employment or so-
11	cietal factors that increase the likelihood of pro-
12	hibited harassment in employment, particularly
13	across industries with a high number of individ-
14	uals who are vulnerable to experiencing such
15	prohibited harassment, including whether diver-
16	sity in leadership positions within an organiza-
17	tion reduces the likelihood of such prohibited
18	harassment;
19	(F) an examination of methods of induc-
20	ing, scaling, and sustaining institutional or or-
21	ganizational change to prevent prohibited har-
22	assment in employment;
23	(G) an analysis of policies, strategies, and

practices that have been the most successful in

- preventing and addressing prohibited harassment in employment; and
- 3 (H) any other information or analysis nec-4 essary to identify the gaps in research and 5 other measures described in subsection (c).
- 6 (3) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the 7 date of enactment of this Act, the National Acad-8 emies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine shall 9 prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, 10 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, the 11 Committee on Education and Labor of the House of 12 Representatives, and the Director of the National 13 Institutes of Health, a report containing the results 14 of the study conducted under this subsection and 15 make recommendations to Congress, executive 16 branch agencies, private employers, and researchers. 17 Such recommendations shall include ways that such 18 training could be improved to result in behavioral 19 and cultural changes that prevent and reduce behav-20 iors associated with prohibited harassment in em-21 ployment. The report and recommendations shall be 22 made publicly available.
- (c) Supporting Further Research on Pre-venting and Understanding Harassment in Em-
- 25 PLOYMENT.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months 2 after the submission required under subsection (b)(3), the Director of the National Institutes of 3 4 Health, in consultation with the Commission and the 5 Secretary of Labor, shall enter into agreements (in-6 cluding through the use of grants, contracts, cooper-7 ative agreements, or other transactions) to support 8 research regarding—
  - (A) the gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on the causes of prohibited harassment in employment, including retaliation related to such harassment;
  - (B) the gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on the psychological sequelae of prohibited harassment in employment, including retaliation related to such harassment;
  - (C) gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on special populations and their risk for prohibited harassment in employment, including adolescents, older individuals, racial and ethnic minorities, individuals with disabilities, women, and other

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1	populations that could be disproportionately af-
2	fected by prohibited harassment in employment;
3	(D) gaps identified in the report required
4	under subsection (b)(3) in research on prohib-
5	ited harassment in employment, including retal-
6	iation related to such harassment, as a risk fac-
7	tor for various mental health problems;
8	(E) gaps identified in the report required
9	under subsection (b)(3) in research on
10	sociocultural correlations within prohibited har-
11	assment in employment, including retaliation
12	related to such harassment; and
13	(F) systematic and quantifiable measures
14	to evaluate prevention strategies for victims and
15	perpetrators of prohibited harassment in em-
16	ployment, including retaliation related to such
17	harassment.
18	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Na-
20	tional Institutes of Health to carry out this sub-

section such sums as may be necessary.

# Subtitle C—Preventing Harassment of Tipped Employees

3	SEC. 121. TIPPED EMPLOYEES.
4	(a) Base Minimum Wage for Tipped Employees
5	AND TIPS RETAINED BY EMPLOYEES.—Section
6	3(m)(2)(A)(i) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
7	(29 U.S.C. 203(m)(2)(A)(i)) is amended to read as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(i) the cash wage paid such em-
10	ployee, which for purposes of such deter-
11	mination shall be not less than—
12	"(I) for the 1-year period begin-
13	ning on the effective date under sub-
14	section (e), \$3.60 an hour;
15	"(II) for each succeeding 1-year
16	period until the hourly wage under
17	this clause equals the wage in effect
18	under section $6(a)(1)$ for such period,
19	an hourly wage equal to the amount
20	determined under this clause for the
21	preceding year, increased by the lesser
22	of—
23	"(aa) \$1.50; or
24	"(bb) the amount necessary
25	for the wage in effect under this

1	clause to equal the wage in effect
2	under section $6(a)(1)$ for such
3	period, rounded up to the nearest
4	multiple of \$0.05; and
5	"(III) for each succeeding 1-year
6	period after the increase made pursu-
7	ant to subclause (II), the minimum
8	wage in effect under section $6(a)(1)$ ;
9	and".
10	(b) Tips Retained by Employees.—Section
11	3(m)(2)(A) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
12	U.S.C. 203(m)(2)(A)) is amended—
13	(1) in the second sentence of the matter fol-
14	lowing clause (ii), by striking "of this subsection,
15	and all tips received by such employee have been re-
16	tained by the employee" and inserting "of this sub-
17	section. Any employee shall have the right to retain
18	any tips received by such employee"; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following: "An em-
20	ployer shall inform each employee of the right and
21	exception provided under the preceding sentence.".
22	(c) Publication of Notice.—Section 6 of the Fair
23	Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206) is amended
24	by adding at the end the following:

- 1 "(h) Not later than 60 days prior to the effective date
- 2 of any increase in the required wage determined in accord-
- 3 ance with subclause (II) or (III) of section 3(m)(2)(A)(i),
- 4 the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register and
- 5 on the website of the Department of Labor a notice an-
- 6 nouncing each increase in such required wage.".
- 7 (d) Scheduled Repeal of Separate Minimum
- 8 Wage for Tipped Employees.—
- 9 (1) TIPPED EMPLOYEES.—Section 3(m)(2)(A)
- of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
- 203(m)(2)(A)), as amended by subsections (a) and
- 12 (b), is further amended by striking the sentence be-
- ginning with "In determining the wage an employer
- is required to pay a tipped employee," and all that
- follows through "of this subsection." and inserting
- 16 "The wage required to be paid to a tipped employee
- shall be the wage set forth in section 6(a)(1).".
- 18 (2) Publication of Notice.—Section 6 of the
- 19 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206),
- as amended by subsection (c), is further amended by
- 21 striking subsection (h).
- 22 (3) Effective date.—The amendments made
- by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect on the
- date that is one day after the date on which the
- 25 hourly wage under subclause (III) of section

1	3(m)(2)(A)(i) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of
2	1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(m)(2)(A)(i)), as amended by
3	subsection (a), takes effect.
4	(e) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
5	section (d)(3), this section and the amendments made by
6	this section shall take effect on the first day of the third
7	month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act
8	TITLE II—STRENGTHENING
9	WORKPLACE RIGHTS
10	SEC. 201. CLARIFYING SEXUAL ORIENTATION DISCRIMINA
11	TION AND GENDER IDENTITY DISCRIMINA
12	TION ARE UNLAWFUL SEX DISCRIMINATION.
13	(a) Employment.—
14	(1) Rules of construction.—Title VII of
15	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 is amended by inserting
16	after section 701 (42 U.S.C. 2000e) the following:
17	"SEC. 701A. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.
18	"Section 1106 shall apply to this title except that for
19	purposes of that application, a reference in that section
20	to an 'unlawful practice' shall be considered to be a ref-
21	erence to an 'unlawful employment practice'.".
22	(2) Unlawful employment practices.—
23	Section 703 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42)
24	U.S.C. 2000e-2) is amended—

1	(A) in the section header, by striking
2	"SEX," and inserting "SEX (INCLUDING SEX-
3	UAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY,
4	PREGNANCY, CHILDBIRTH, A MEDICAL
5	CONDITION RELATED TO PREGNANCY OR
6	CHILDBIRTH, AND A SEX STEREOTYPE),";
7	(B) except in subsections (e), (j) and (m),
8	by striking "sex," each place it appears and in-
9	serting "sex (including sexual orientation, gen-
10	der identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical
11	condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
12	and a sex stereotype),";
13	(C) in subsection (e)(1), by striking "en-
14	terprise," and inserting "enterprise, if, in a sit-
15	uation in which sex is a bona fide occupational
16	qualification, individuals are recognized as
17	qualified in accordance with their gender iden-
18	tity,";
19	(D) in subsection (h), by striking "sex"
20	the second place it appears and inserting "sex
21	(including sexual orientation, gender identity,
22	pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition re-
23	lated to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
24	stereotype),";
25	(E) in subsection (j)—

1	(i) by striking "sex," the first place it
2	appears and inserting "sex (including sex-
3	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
4	childbirth, a medical condition related to
5	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
6	type),"; and
7	(ii) by striking "sex," the second and
8	third places it appears and inserting "sex
9	(including sexual orientation, gender iden-
10	tity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical con-
11	dition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
12	and a sex stereotype),"; and
13	(F) in subsection (m), by striking "sex,"
14	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
15	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
16	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
17	and a sex stereotype),".
18	(3) Other unlawful employment prac-
19	TICES.—Section 704(b) of the Civil Rights Act of
20	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–3(b)) is amended—
21	(A) by striking "sex," the first place it ap-
22	pears and inserting "sex (including sexual ori-
23	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth,
24	a medical condition related to pregnancy or
25	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),"; and

1	(B) by striking "employment." and insert-
2	ing "employment, if, in a situation in which sex
3	is a bona fide occupational qualification, indi-
4	viduals are recognized as qualified in accord-
5	ance with their gender identity.".
6	(4) Claims.—Section 706(g)(2)(A) of the Civil
7	Rights Act of 1964 (2000e–5(g)(2)(A)) is amended
8	by striking "sex," and inserting "sex (including sex-
9	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, child-
10	birth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or
11	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),".
12	(5) Employment by federal govern-
13	MENT.—Section 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
14	(42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) is amended—
15	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "sex,"
16	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
17	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
18	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
19	and a sex stereotype),"; and
20	(B) in subsection (c), by striking "sex"
21	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
22	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
23	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
24	and a sex stereotype),".

1	(6) Government employee rights act of
2	1991.—The Government Employee Rights Act of
3	1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.) is amended—
4	(A) in section 301(b), by striking "sex,"
5	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
6	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
7	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
8	and a sex stereotype),";
9	(B) in section 302(a)(1), by striking "sex,"
10	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
11	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
12	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
13	and a sex stereotype),"; and
13 14	and a sex stereotype),"; and (C) by adding at the end the following:
14	
	(C) by adding at the end the following:
14 15	(C) by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.
14 15 16 17	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil
14 15 16 17	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that
14 15 16 17	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that for purposes of that application, a reference in that section
114 115 116 117 118	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that for purposes of that application, a reference in that section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orienta-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that for purposes of that application, a reference in that section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical con-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(C) by adding at the end the following:  "SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.  "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that for purposes of that application, a reference in that section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-

condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex 1 2 stereotype), national origin, age, or disability'.". 3 (7) Congressional accountability act of 4 1995.—The Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 5 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) is amended— 6 (A) in section 201(a)(1)(2U.S.C. 1311(a)(1)) by striking "sex," and inserting 7 "sex (including sexual orientation, gender iden-8 9 tity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex 10 11 stereotype),"; and 12 (B) by adding at the end of title II (42) 13 U.S.C. 1311 et seq.) the following: 14 "SEC. 208. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS. 15 "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to section 201 (and reme-16 17 dial provisions of this Act related to section 201) except 18 that for purposes of that application, a reference in that 19 section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual 20 orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-21 ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex 22 stereotype), or national origin' shall be considered to be 23 a reference to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-

1	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
2	stereotype), national origin, age, or disability'.".
3	(8) CIVIL SERVICE REFORM ACT OF 1978.—
4	Chapter 23 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
5	$\operatorname{ed}$ —
6	(A) in section 2301(b)(2), by striking
7	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual ori-
8	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth
9	a medical condition related to pregnancy or
10	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),";
11	(B) in section 2302—
12	(i) in subsection (b)(1)(A), by striking
13	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual
14	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
15	childbirth, a medical condition related to
16	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
17	type),"; and
18	(ii) in subsection (d)(1), by striking
19	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual
20	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
21	childbirth, a medical condition related to
22	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
23	type),"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following:

## 1 "SEC. 2307. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.

- 2 "Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil
- 3 Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this chapter (and reme-
- 4 dial provisions of this title related to this chapter) except
- 5 that for purposes of that application, a reference in that
- 6 section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
- 7 orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
- 8 ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
- 9 stereotype), or national origin' shall be considered to be
- 10 a reference to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
- 11 orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
- 12 ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
- 13 stereotype), national origin, age, disability, marital status,
- 14 or political affiliation'.".
- 15 (b) MISCELLANEOUS.—Title XI of the Civil Rights
- 16 Act of 1964 is amended—
- 17 (1) by redesignating sections 1101 through
- 18 1104 (42 U.S.C. 2000h et seq.) and sections 1105
- and 1106 (42 U.S.C. 2000h–5, 2000h–6) as sections
- 20 1102 through 1105 and sections 1108 and 1109, re-
- 21 spectively;
- 22 (2) by inserting after the title heading the fol-
- lowing:
- 24 "SEC. 1101. DEFINITIONS AND RULES.
- 25 "(a) Definitions.—In title VII:

"(1) RACE; COLOR; RELIGION; SEX; SEXUAL ORIENTATION; GENDER IDENTITY; NATIONAL ORIGIN.—The term 'race', 'color', 'religion', 'sex', or 'national origin', used with respect to an individual, includes—

- "(A) the race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national origin, respectively, of another person with whom the individual is associated or has been associated; and
- "(B) a perception or belief, even if inaccurate, concerning the race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national origin, respectively, of the individual.
- "(2) Gender identity.—The term 'gender identity' means the gender-related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related characteristics of an individual, regardless of the individual's designated sex at birth.

1	"(3) Including.—The term 'including' means
2	including, but not limited to, consistent with the
3	term's standard meaning in Federal law.
4	"(4) Sexual orientation.—The term 'sexual
5	orientation' means homosexuality, heterosexuality, or
6	bisexuality.
7	"(b) Rules.—In title VII—
8	"(1) with respect to sex, an individual's preg-
9	nancy, childbirth, or related medical condition shall
10	not receive less favorable treatment than other phys-
11	ical conditions; and
12	"(2) with respect to gender identity, an indi-
13	vidual shall not be denied access to a shared facility,
14	including a restroom, a locker room, and a dressing
15	room, that is in accordance with the individual's
16	gender identity."; and
17	(3) by inserting after section 1105 the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"SEC. 1106. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.
20	"(a) Sex.—Nothing in section 1101 or the provisions
21	of title VII incorporating a term defined or a rule specified
22	in that section shall be construed—
23	"(1) to limit the protection against an unlawful
24	practice on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, a

- 1 medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth
- 2 provided by section 701(k); or
- 3 "(2) to limit the protection against an unlawful
- 4 practice on the basis of sex available under any pro-
- 5 vision of Federal law other than title VII, prohib-
- 6 iting a practice on the basis of sex.
- 7 "(b) Claims and Remedies Not Precluded.—
- 8 Nothing in section 1101 or title VII shall be construed
- 9 to limit the claims or remedies available to any individual
- 10 for an unlawful practice on the basis of race, color, reli-
- 11 gion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity,
- 12 pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to preg-
- 13 nancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national ori-
- 14 gin including claims brought pursuant to section 1979 or
- 15 1980 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983, 1985) or
- 16 any other law, including a Federal law amended by the
- 17 BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, regulation, or policy.
- 18 "(c) No Negative Inference.—Nothing in section
- 19 1101 or title VII shall be construed to support any infer-
- 20 ence that any Federal law prohibiting a practice on the
- 21 basis of sex does not prohibit discrimination on the basis
- 22 of pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to
- 23 pregnancy or childbirth, sexual orientation, gender iden-
- 24 tity, or a sex stereotype.

"SEC. 1107. CLAIMS.
"The Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993 (42
U.S.C. 2000bb et seq.) shall not provide a claim con-
cerning, or a defense to a claim under, title VII, or provide
a basis for challenging the application or enforcement of
title VII.".
SEC. 202. COVERED EMPLOYERS.
Section 701(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
U.S.C. 2000e(b)) is amended by striking "fifteen" and in-
serting "one".
SEC. 203. COMPENSATORY AND PUNITIVE DAMAGES AVAIL
ABLE.
(a) Civil Rights; Disability.—
(1) In general.—Section 1977A(b) of the Re-
vised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)) is amended by
striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
"(3) Losses.—Compensatory damages are
available under this section for future pecuniary
losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience
mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other
nonpecuniary losses.".
(2) Conforming amendments.—
(A) Section 201(b) of the Congressional
Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311(b))

is amended, in paragraphs (1)(B) and (3)(B)—

1	(i) by striking "and, irrespective of
2	the size of the employing office,
3	1977A(b)(3)(D)" and inserting "and
4	1977A(b)(3)"; and
5	(ii) by striking "and $1981a(b)(3)(D)$ "
6	and inserting "and 1981a(b)(3)".
7	(B) Section 411(b) of title 3, United
8	States Code, is amended, in paragraphs (1)(B)
9	and (3)(B), by striking "and, irrespective of the
10	size of the employing office, 1977A(b)(3)(D)"
11	and inserting "and 1977A(b)(3)".
12	(C) Section 207 of the Genetic Information
13	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
14	2000ff-16) is amended, in paragraph (3) of
15	each of subsections (a) through (e), by striking
16	", including the limitations contained in sub-
17	section (b)(3) of such section 1977A,".
18	(b) Age.—Section 7(b) of the Age Discrimination in
19	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(b)) is amend-
20	ed—
21	(1) by striking "(b) The" and all that follows
22	through the third sentence and inserting the fol-
23	lowing:
24	``(b)(1) Except as otherwise provided in another sub-
25	section of this section, or section 9, the powers, remedies,

and procedures set forth in sections 705, 706, 707, 709, 2 and 710 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-4, 2000e-5, 2000e-6, 2000e-8, and 2000e-9) 3 4 shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this Act provides to the Commission, to the Attorney General, or to any person alleging discrimination on the basis of age in violation of section 4, or regulations promulgated under 8 section 9."; and 9 (2) in the second sentence of that subsection 10 (b), as amended by paragraph (1), by striking "or 11 enforcing the liability for amounts deemed to be un-12 paid minimum wages or unpaid overtime compensation under this section" and inserting "and includ-13 14 ing any type of legal or equitable relief available 15 under title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42) 16 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.)". 17 SEC. 204. HARASSMENT AND DISCRIMINATION: STANDARDS 18 OF PROOF. 19 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— 20 (1) harassment is a persistent and significant 21 problem in the workplace in the United States; 22 (2) workers are harassed because of their sex 23 (including sexual orientation, gender identity, preg-

nancy, childbirth, or a medical condition related to

pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), race,

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1	color, religion, national origin, age, disability, genetic
2	information, and uniformed services status;
3	(3) Congress enacted title VII of the Civil
4	Rights Act of 1964 intending to provide broad pro-
5	tection from many forms of bias in the workplace;
6	(4) the Supreme Court has recognized in City
7	of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power v.
8	Manhart, 435 U.S. 702 (1978), that the protection
9	against sex discrimination in the terms, conditions,
10	or privileges of employment under title VII of the
11	Civil Rights Act of 1964 reflects Congress' intent to
12	"strike at the entire spectrum" of sex-based dis-
13	crimination in employment;
14	(5) in 1980, the Equal Employment Oppor-
15	tunity Commission (referred to in this section as
16	"the Commission") amended its Guidelines on Dis-
17	crimination Because of Sex (referred to in this sec-
18	tion as "the Guidelines") to specify that sexual har-
19	assment is a form of sex discrimination prohibited
20	by title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;
21	(6) in the Guidelines, the Commission explained
22	that harassing conduct is unlawful where—
23	(A) "submission to such conduct is made
24	either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition

of an individual's employment";

- 1 (B) "submission to or rejection of such 2 conduct by an individual is used as the basis for 3 employment decisions"; or
  - (C) the conduct "has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment";
  - (7) the Commission further explained that, with respect to the evidence required to support a finding of unlawful harassment, it "will look at the record as a whole and at the totality of the circumstances, such as the nature of the sexual advances and the context in which the alleged incidents occurred" and emphasized that the "determination of the legality of a particular action will be made from the facts, on a case by case basis";
  - (8) six years later, the Supreme Court in Meritor Savings Bank v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57 (1986), recognized that the protections under title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 are not limited to discrimination that causes "economic" or "tangible" loss, and held that the phrase "terms, conditions, or privileges of employment" in title VII of such Act is an "expansive concept that sweeps within its protective ambit" the practice of creating a

1	hostile work environment based on discrimination in
2	the form of harassment;
3	(9) in reaching this conclusion in the Meritor
4	decision, the Supreme Court cited and approved the
5	Guidelines;
6	(10) in the Meritor decision, the Supreme Court
7	cited with approval lower court decisions that con-
8	cluded that a hostile work environment based on
9	race, religion, or national origin violates the prohibi-
10	tion of discrimination in the terms, conditions, or
11	privileges of employment under title VII of the Civil
12	Rights Act of 1964, which decisions included—
13	(A) Rogers v. EEOC, 454 F.2d 234 (5th
14	Cir. 1971);
15	(B) Firefighters Institute for Racial
16	Equality v. City of St. Louis, 549 F.2d 506
17	(8th Cir. 1977);
18	(C) Gray v. Greyhound Lines, 545 F.2d
19	169 (D.C. Cir. 1976);
20	(D) Compston v. Borden, Inc., 424 F.
21	Supp. 157 (S.D. Ohio 1976); and
22	(E) Cariddi v. Kansas City Chiefs Football
23	Club, Inc., 568 F.2d 87 (8th Cir. 1977);
24	(11) in defining the evidence required to prove
25	a violation of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of

- 1 1964, in the Meritor decision, the Supreme Court
- 2 noted that harassment would be actionable when it
- 3 is "sufficiently severe or pervasive to alter the con-
- 4 ditions of [the victim's] employment and create an
- 5 abusive working environment'" (quoting Rogers v.
- 6 EEOC, 454 F.2d 234 (5th Cir. 1971));
- 7 (12) in Harris v. Forklift Systems, Inc., 510
- 8 U.S. 17 (1993), the Supreme Court clarified that
- 9 harassment need not seriously affect an employee's
- psychological well-being or lead the employee to suf-
- fer injury in order to be unlawful, but rather, need
- merely create a work environment that a reasonable
- person in the protected class would find hostile or
- 14 abusive;
- 15 (13) in Harris v. Forklift Systems, Inc., the Su-
- preme Court held that whether a work environment
- is unlawfully hostile or abusive does not depend on
- any mathematically precise test, but rather, is to be
- determined by looking at all of the circumstances,
- with no single factor required;
- 21 (14) in National Railroad Passenger Corp. v.
- 22 Morgan, 536 U.S. 101 (2002), the Supreme Court
- reaffirmed the Harris decision and further held that
- 24 the hostility or abusiveness of each harassing act
- should be considered in the aggregate, not in isola-

- tion, regardless of whether such acts occur over days
  or even years;
- 15) notwithstanding the rulings of the Supreme Court specified in this subsection, some lower court decisions have treated harassing conduct's severity or pervasiveness as the only 2 relevant factors in evaluating whether such conduct violates title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;
  - (16) some lower court decisions have treated "severe or pervasive" as a threshold for liability, when the relevant inquiry is whether the harassing conduct actually altered the terms, conditions, or privileges of employment;
  - (17) some lower court decisions further have interpreted the "severe or pervasive" language in the Meritor decision so narrowly as to recognize only the most egregious conduct as unlawful, despite Congress' intent that title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 afford a broad scope of protection from discrimination;
  - (18) examples of decisions that use the erroneous analysis described in paragraphs (15) through (17) in the context of harassment on the basis of sex include—

1	(A) Singleton v. Department of Correc-
2	tional Education, 115 Fed. Appx. 119 (4th Cir.
3	2004);
4	(B) Black v. Zaring Homes, Inc., 104 F.3d
5	822 (6th Cir. 1997);
6	(C) Weiss v. Coca-Cola Bottling Co., 990
7	F.2d 333 (7th Cir. 1993);
8	(D) Rickard v. Swedish Match North
9	America, Inc., 773 F.3d 181 (8th Cir. 2014);
10	(E) Mitchell v. Pope, 189 F. Appx. 911
11	(11th Cir. 2006); and
12	(F) Brooks v. City of San Mateo, 229
13	F.3d 917 (9th Cir. 2000);
14	(19) lower courts have made similar erroneous
15	decisions in the context of harassment on the basis
16	of race, national origin, age, and disability such as
17	in Crawford v. Medina General Hospital, 96 F.3d
18	830 (6th Cir. 1996), Shaver v. Independent Stave
19	Co., 350 F.3d 716 (8th Cir. 2003), and Motley v.
20	Parker-Hannifan Corp., No. 1: 94–CV–639 (W.D.
21	Mich. 1995);
22	(20) in contrast, other lower court decisions ap-
23	plying the Meritor case and its progeny have appro-
24	priately recognized that a wide range of harassing
25	behavior may alter the terms, conditions, or privi-

1	leges of employment, with no single type, frequency,
2	or duration of conduct required to make a showing
3	of severe or pervasive harassment;
4	(21) for example, in the context of harassment
5	based on sex, those decisions have held that—
6	(A) conduct need not be physical to create
7	a hostile or abusive work environment, as in
8	Billings v. Town of Grafton, 515 F.3d 39 (1st
9	Cir. 2008);
10	(B) an individual need not be the target of
11	sexually demeaning conduct in order to experi-
12	ence unlawful harassment, as in Petrosino v.
13	Bell Atlantic, 385 F.3d 210 (2d Cir. 2004);
14	(C) power disparities, such as the young
15	age of the individual harassed, compound the
16	conduct's harmful effects, as in EEOC v. R&R
17	Ventures, 244 F.3d 334 (4th Cir. 2001);
18	(D) gender-based epithets are equally as
19	unlawful as overtly sexual conduct, as in Galla-
20	gher v. C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc., 567
21	F.3d 263 (6th Cir. 2009); and
22	(E) a single incident can alter the terms,
23	conditions, or privileges of employment, as in
24	Howley v. Town of Stratford, 217 F.3d 141 (2d
25	Cir. 2000);

1	(22) similarly, in the context of harassment
2	based on other protected characteristics, other
3	courts have appropriately held that—
4	(A) calling an individual an "old man" and
5	"pops" could create an actionably hostile work
6	environment based on age, as in Dediol v. Best
7	Chevrolet, Inc., 655 F.3d 435 (5th Cir. 2011);
8	(B) repeatedly calling an individual with
9	mental illness "crazy" and stating that the indi-
10	vidual is a threat to security is sufficient to
11	support a finding of a hostile work environment
12	based on disability, as in Quiles-Quiles v. Hen-
13	derson, 439 F.3d 1 (1st Cir. 2006); and
14	(C) a single incident of calling an African-
15	American individual the "n word" is sufficient
16	to support a finding of a hostile work environ-
17	ment based on race, as in Rodgers v. Western-
18	Southern Life Insurance Co., 12 F.3d 668 (7th
19	Cir. 1993); and
20	(23) similar erroneous decisions have been ren-
21	dered in the context of harassment on the basis of
22	sex in employment under title IX of the Education
23	Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), as
24	in Farmer v. Troy University, No. 5:17–CV–70–B0
25	(E.D.N.C. 2017).

1	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are
2	to—
3	(1) enact into statutory law provisions that es-
4	tablish that workplace harassment is a violation of
5	the—
6	(A) protections from discrimination in the
7	"terms, conditions, or privileges of employ-
8	ment" found in title VII of the Civil Rights Act
9	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);
10	(B) protections from disability discrimina-
11	tion found in title I of the Americans with Dis-
12	abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.)
13	and sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabilitation
14	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a);
15	(C) protections from age discrimination
16	found in the Age Discrimination in Employ-
17	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.);
18	(D) protections from genetic information
19	discrimination found in title II of the Genetic
20	Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42
21	U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.); and
22	(E) protections from uniformed services
23	status discrimination found in section 4311 of
24	title 38, United States Code; and

- 1 (2) establish a liability standard for workplace 2 harassment that fulfills Congress' intent of providing 3 broad protection from discrimination in employment 4 on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including 5 sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, child-6 birth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or 7 childbirth, and a sex stereotype), national origin, 8 age, disability, genetic information, and uniformed
- (c) ENACTING INTO STATUTORY LAW PROVISIONS
   ESTABLISHING WORKPLACE HARASSMENT AS AN UNLAW-
- 12 FUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE.—

services status.

- 13 (1) CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.—Section 703 of 14 the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2)
- is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 16 ``(o)(1)(A) In this subsection, the term 'workplace
- 17 harassment' means conduct based on race, color, religion,
- 18 sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, preg-
- 19 nancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy
- 20 or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national origin, re-
- 21 gardless of whether it is direct or indirect, or verbal or
- 22 nonverbal, that unreasonably alters an individual's terms,
- 23 conditions, or privileges of employment, including by cre-
- 24 ating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environ-
- 25 ment.

1 "(B)(i) In this subsection, the term includes sexual harassment, which is conduct that takes place in a cir-3 cumstance described in clause (ii) and that takes the form 4 of— 5 "(I) a sexual advance; "(II) a request for sexual favors; or 6 7 "(III) any other conduct of a sexual nature. "(ii) A circumstance described in this clause is a situ-8 9 ation in which— 10 "(I) submission to the conduct involved is made 11 either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of 12 employment; 13 "(II) submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for an employment decision af-14 15 fecting an individual's employment; or "(III) such conduct unreasonably alters an indi-16 17 vidual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employ-18 ment, including by creating an intimidating hostile, 19 or offensive work environment. "(2) It shall be an unlawful employment practice 20 21 under subsection (a) to engage in workplace harassment. 22 "(3) In determining, for purposes of this subsection, 23 whether conduct constitutes workplace harassment be-

cause the conduct unreasonably alters an individual's

terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, including

1	by creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work en-
2	vironment, the following rules shall apply:
3	"(A) That determination shall be made on the
4	basis of the record as a whole, according to the to-
5	tality of the circumstances. A single incident may
6	constitute workplace harassment.
7	"(B) Incidents that may be workplace harass-
8	ment shall be considered in the aggregate, with—
9	"(i) conduct of varying types (such as ex-
10	pressions of sex-based hostility, requests for
11	sexual favors, and denial of employment oppor-
12	tunities due to sexual orientation) viewed in to-
13	tality, rather than in isolation; and
14	"(ii) conduct based on multiple protected
15	characteristics (such as sex and race) viewed in
16	totality, rather than in isolation.
17	"(C) The factors specified in this subparagraph
18	are among the factors to be considered in deter-
19	mining whether conduct constitutes workplace har-
20	assment and are not meant to be exhaustive. No one
21	of those factors shall be considered to be determina-
22	tive in establishing whether conduct constitutes
23	workplace harassment. Such factors are each of the
24	following:
25	"(i) The frequency of the conduct.

1	"(ii) The duration of the conduct.
2	"(iii) The location where the conduct oc-
3	curred.
4	"(iv) The number of individuals engaged in
5	the conduct.
6	"(v) The nature of the conduct, which may
7	include physical, verbal, pictorial, or visual con-
8	duct, and conduct that occurs in person or is
9	transmitted, such as electronically.
10	"(vi) Whether the conduct is threatening.
11	"(vii) Any power differential between the
12	alleged harasser and the person allegedly har-
13	assed.
14	"(viii) Any use of epithets, slurs, or other
15	conduct that is humiliating or degrading.
16	"(ix) Whether the conduct reflects stereo-
17	types about individuals in the protected class
18	involved.
19	"(4) In determining, for purposes of this subsection,
20	whether conduct constitutes workplace harassment, con-
21	duct may be workplace harassment regardless of whether,
22	for example—
23	"(A) the complaining party is not the individual
24	being harassed:

1	"(B) the complaining party acquiesced or other-
2	wise submitted to, or participated in, the conduct;
3	"(C) the conduct is also experienced by others
4	outside the protected class involved;
5	"(D) the complaining party was able to con-
6	tinue carrying out duties and responsibilities of the
7	party's job despite the conduct;
8	"(E) the conduct did not cause a tangible in-
9	jury or psychological injury; or
10	"(F) the conduct occurred outside of the work-
11	place.".
12	(2) Americans with disabilities act of
13	1990.—Section 102(b) of the Americans with Disabil-
14	ities Act (42 U.S.C. 12112(b)) is amended—
15	(A) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at
16	the end;
17	(B) in paragraph (7), by striking the pe-
18	riod and inserting "; and; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(8) engaging in workplace harassment, which
21	is conduct based on disability, regardless of whether
22	it is direct or indirect, or verbal or nonverbal, that—
23	"(A) unreasonably alters an individual's
24	terms, conditions, or privileges of employment.

1	including by creating an intimidating, hostile,
2	or offensive work environment; and
3	"(B) is determined to be such harassment
4	in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of
5	section 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
6	(42 U.S.C. 2000e–2(o)).".
7	(3) Rehabilitation act of 1973.—Section
8	501(f) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
9	791(f)) is amended by inserting ", including section
10	102(b) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 12112(b))", before
11	"and the provisions".
12	(4) Age discrimination in employment
13	ACT.—Section 4 of the Age Discrimination in Em-
14	ployment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623) is amended
15	by adding at the end the following:
16	"(n) It shall be unlawful under subsection (a) to en-
17	gage in workplace harassment, which is conduct based on
18	age, regardless of whether it is direct or indirect, or verbal
19	or nonverbal, that—
20	"(1) unreasonably alters an individual's terms,
21	conditions, or privileges of employment, including by
22	creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work
23	environment; and
24	"(2) is determined to be such harassment in ac-
25	cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section

- 1 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2 2000e-2(o)).". 3 (5) Genetic information nondiscrimina-4 TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 202 of the Genetic In-5 formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C. 6 2000ff-1) is amended by adding at the end the fol-7 lowing: 8 "(d) Workplace Harassment.—It shall be an unlawful employment practice under subsection (a) to engage 10 in workplace harassment, which is conduct based on genetic information, regardless of whether it is direct or indi-12 rect, or verbal or nonverbal, that— "(1) unreasonably alters an individual's terms, 13 14 conditions, or privileges of employment, including by 15 creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work 16 environment; and 17 "(2) is determined to be such harassment in ac-18 cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 19 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 20 2000e-2(o)).".
- 21 (6) CHAPTER 43 OF TITLE 38, UNITED STATES
  22 CODE.—Section 4311 of title 38, United States
  23 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "(e) It shall be an unlawful employment practice under subsection (a) to engage in workplace harassment, which is conduct based on uniformed services status 3 4 (meaning the membership, application for membership, performance of service, application for service, or obliga-6 tion, described in subsection (a)), regardless of whether it is direct or indirect, or verbal or nonverbal, that— "(1) unreasonably alters an individual's benefits 8 9 of employment, including by creating an intimi-10 dating, hostile, or offensive work environment; and 11 "(2) is determined to be such harassment in ac-12 cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 13 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 14 2000e-2(o)).". SEC. 205. CLARIFYING OTHER STANDARDS OF PROOF. 15 16 (a) Amendments to Definitions.— 17 (1) Americans with disabilities act of 18 1990.—Section 101 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111) is amended by 19 20 adding at the end the following: 21 "(11) DEMONSTRATES.—The term 'dem-22 onstrates' means meets the burdens of production 23 and persuasion.". 24 (2) Age discrimination in employment act

OF 1967.—Section 11 of the Age Discrimination in

- 1 Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 630) is amend-
- 2 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 3 "(m) The term 'demonstrates' means meets the bur-
- 4 dens of production and persuasion.".
- 5 (3) GENETIC INFORMATION NONDISCRIMINA-
- 6 TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 201 of the Genetic In-
- 7 formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
- 8 2000ff) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 "(8) Demonstrates.—The term 'dem-
- onstrates' means meets the burdens of production
- and persuasion.".
- 13 (b) Clarifying Prohibition Against Impermis-
- 14 SIBLE CONSIDERATION IN EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES.—
- 15 (1) RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, OR NA-
- 16 TIONAL ORIGIN.—Section 703 of the Civil Rights
- 17 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-2) is amended by
- striking subsection (m) and inserting the following:
- 19 "(m) Except as otherwise provided in this title, an
- 20 unlawful employment practice is established under this
- 21 title when the complaining party demonstrates that race,
- 22 color, religion, sex, or national origin or an activity pro-
- 23 tected by section 704(a) was a motivating factor for any
- 24 employment practice, even though other factors also moti-
- 25 vated the practice.".

1	(2) DISABILITY.—Section 102 of the Americans
2	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12112) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(e) Proof.—
5	"(1) Establishment.—Except as otherwise
6	provided in this Act, a discriminatory practice is es-
7	tablished under this Act when the complaining party
8	demonstrates that disability or an activity protected
9	by subsection (a) or (b) of section 503 was a moti-
10	vating factor for any employment practice, even
11	though other factors also motivated the practice.
12	"(2) Demonstration.—In establishing a dis-
13	criminatory practice under paragraph (1) or by any
14	other method of proof, a complaining party—
15	"(A) may rely on any type or form of ad-
16	missible evidence and need only produce evi-
17	dence sufficient for a reasonable trier of fact to
18	find that a discriminatory practice occurred
19	under this Act; and
20	"(B) shall not be required to demonstrate
21	that disability or an activity protected by sub-
22	section (a) or (b) of section 503 was the sole
23	cause of an employment practice.".
24	(3) Age.—Section 4 of the Age Discrimination
25	in Employment Act of 1967 (29 USC 623) is

- 1 amended by inserting after subsection (f) the fol-2 lowing: 3 "(g)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, an unlawful practice is established under this Act when the 5 complaining party demonstrates that age or an activity protected by subsection (d) was a motivating factor for 6 any practice, even though other factors also motivated the 8 practice. 9 "(2) In establishing an unlawful practice under this 10 Act, including under paragraph (1) or by any other meth-11 od of proof, a complaining party— "(A) may rely on any type or form of admis-12 sible evidence and need only produce evidence suffi-13 14 cient for a reasonable trier of fact to find that an 15 unlawful practice occurred under this Act; and "(B) shall not be required to demonstrate that 16 17 age or an activity protected by subsection (d) was 18 the sole cause of a practice.". 19 (4) Genetic information.—Section 202 of 20 the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 21 2008 (42 U.S.C. 2000ff-1), as amended by section 22 204(c)(5), is further amended by adding at the end
- 24 "(e) Proof.—

the following:

- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, an unlawful employment practice is established under this title when the complaining party demonstrates that genetic information or an activity protected by section 207(f) was a motivating factor for any employment practice, even though other factors also motivated the practice.
  - "(2) Demonstration.—In establishing an unlawful employment practice under paragraph (1) or by any other method of proof, a complaining party—
    - "(A) may rely on any type or form of admissible evidence and need only produce evidence sufficient for a reasonable trier of fact to find that an unlawful employment practice occurred under this title; and
    - "(B) shall not be required to demonstrate that genetic information or an activity protected by section 207(f) was the sole cause of an employment practice.".

## (e) Certain Retaliation Claims.—

(1) AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990.—Section 503(c) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12203(c)) is amended—

1	(A) by striking "The remedies" and insert-
2	ing the following:
3	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
4	graph (2), the remedies"; and
5	(B) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(2) Certain antiretaliation claims.—Sec-
7	tion 107(c) shall apply to claims under section
8	102(e)(1) with respect to title I.".
9	(2) Age discrimination in employment act
10	OF 1967.—Section 4(d) of the Age Discrimination in
11	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623(d)) is
12	amended—
13	(A) by striking "(d) It shall be" and in-
14	serting "(d)(1) It shall be"; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(2) Section 7(b)(2) shall apply to claims under sec-
17	tion $4(g)(1)$ .".
18	(3) Genetic information nondiscrimina-
19	TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 207(f) of the Genetic
20	Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42)
21	U.S.C. 2000ff-6(f)) is amended—
22	(A) by striking "No" and inserting the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—No":

1 (B) in the second sentence, by striking 2 "The remedies" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph (2), the remedies"; and 3 4 (C) by adding at the end the following: 5 "(2) CERTAIN RETALIATION CLAIMS.—Subsection (g) shall apply to claims under section 6 7 202(d)(1).". 8 (d) Remedies.— 9 (1) Americans with disabilities act of 10 1990.—Section 107 of the Americans with Disabil-11 ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117) is amended by 12 adding at the end the following: 13 "(c) Discriminatory Motivating Factor.—On a 14 claim in which an individual demonstrates that disability 15 was a motivating factor for any employment practice, under section 102(e)(1), and a respondent demonstrates that the respondent would have taken the same action in 18 the absence of the impermissible motivating factor, the 19 court— "(1) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-20 21 lief (except as provided in paragraph (2)), and attor-22 ney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly at-23 tributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-24 tion 102(e)(1); and

1	"(2) shall not award damages or issue an order
2	requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-
3	motion, or payment.".
4	(2) Age discrimination in employment act
5	OF 1967.—Section 7 of the Age Discrimination in
6	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626) is amend-
7	ed—
8	(A) in subsection (b), as amended by sec-
9	tion 203(b)—
10	(i) in the second sentence, by striking
11	"In" and inserting "Subject to paragraph
12	(2), in';
13	(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
14	"Before" and inserting the following:
15	"(3) Before"; and
16	(iii) by inserting before paragraph (3),
17	as designated by clause (ii), the following:
18	"(2) On a claim in which an individual demonstrates
19	that age was a motivating factor for any employment prac-
20	tice, under section $4(g)(1)$ , and a respondent demonstrates
21	that the respondent would have taken the same action in
22	the absence of the impermissible motivating factor, the
23	court—
24	"(A) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-
25	lief (except as provided in subparagraph (B)), and

1	attorney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly
2	attributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-
3	tion $4(g)(1)$ ; and
4	"(B) shall not award damages or issue an order
5	requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-
6	motion, or payment."; and
7	(B) in subsection (c)—
8	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
9	"Any" and inserting "Subject to sub-
10	section (b)(2), any"; and
11	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "of
12	any issue of fact" and all that follows
13	through the period and inserting "under
14	the same circumstances as a trial by jury
15	is available under title VII of the Civil
16	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et
17	seq.).".
18	(3) Genetic information nondiscrimina-
19	TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 207 of the Genetic In-
20	formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
21	2000ff-6) is amended—
22	(A) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
23	section (h); and
24	(B) by inserting after subsection (f) the
25	following:

"(g) MOTIVATING FACTOR.—On a claim in which an 1 2 individual demonstrates that genetic information was a 3 motivating factor for any employment practice, under sec-4 tion 202(e)(1), including a claim involving an employee or 5 applicant described in any of subsections (a) through (e), 6 and a respondent demonstrates that the respondent would have taken the same action in the absence of the imper-8 missible motivating factor, the court or the corresponding 9 decisionmaker specified in subsections (a) through (e)— 10 "(1) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-11 lief (except as provided in paragraph (2)), and attor-12 ney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly at-13 tributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-14 tion 202(d)(1); and 15 "(2) shall not award damages or issue an order 16 requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-17 motion, or payment.". 18 (e) Federal Employees.— 19 (1) TITLE VII OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 20 1964.—Section 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 21 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) is amended by adding at the 22 end the following: 23 "(g) Sections 703(m) and 706(g)(2)(B) shall apply

to mixed motive cases (involving practices described in sec-

tion 703(m)) under this section.".

1	(2) REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973.—The
2	amendment made by subsection (f) to section 501(f)
3	of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791(f))
4	shall be construed to apply to all employees covered
5	by section 501 of that Act (29 U.S.C. 791).
6	(3) Age discrimination in employment act
7	OF 1967.—Section 15 of the Age Discrimination in
8	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a) is
9	amended—
10	(A) in subsection (a)—
11	(i) by striking "States) in" and insert-
12	ing "States) shall be made free from any
13	discrimination based on age, in—";
14	(ii) by striking "military depart-
15	ments" and inserting the following:
16	"(1) military departments";
17	(iii) by striking "Code, in executive
18	agencies" and inserting the following:
19	"Code;
20	"(2) executive agencies";
21	(iv) by striking "funds), in the United
22	States Postal" and inserting the following:
23	"funds);
24	"(3) the United States Postal":

1	(v) by striking "Commission, in those
2	units" and inserting the following: "Com-
3	mission;
4	"(4) those units";
5	(vi) by striking "competitive service,
6	and in those units" and inserting the fol-
7	lowing: "competitive service;
8	"(5) those units";
9	(vii) by striking "competitive service,
10	in the Smithsonian" and inserting "com-
11	petitive service;
12	"(6) the Smithsonian";
13	(viii) by striking "Institution, and in
14	the Government" and inserting "Institu-
15	tion;
16	"(7) the Government";
17	(ix) by striking "Printing Office, the
18	General" and inserting "Printing Office;
19	"(8) the General";
20	(x) by striking "Office, and the Li-
21	brary" and inserting "Office; and
22	"(9) the Library"; and
23	(xi) by striking "of Congress" and all
24	that follows and inserting "of Congress.":

1	(B) in subsection (b), by striking the first,
2	second, third, fourth, and sixth sentences;
3	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "Any per-
4	son" and inserting "Notwithstanding any other
5	provision of this Act, any person';
6	(D) by striking subsection (g) and insert-
7	ing the following:
8	"(g) Except as otherwise provided in another sub-
9	section of this section, section 7, or section 9, the powers,
10	remedies, and procedures provided in section 717 of the
11	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) to the
12	Commission, the Attorney General, the Librarian of Con-
13	gress, or any person, alleging a violation of that section
14	shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this Act
15	provides to the Commission, the Attorney General, the Li-
16	brarian of Congress, or any person, respectively, alleging
17	an unlawful employment practice in violation of subsection
18	(a) against an employee or applicant for employment de-
19	scribed in subsection (a)."; and
20	(E) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(h) Section 4(g) shall apply to mixed motive claims
22	(involving practices described in section $4(g)(1)$ ) under
23	this section.".
24	(f) Additional Amendments to the Rehabilita-
25	TION ACT OF 1973.—Sections 501(f), 503(d), and 504(d)

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of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791(f),
   793(d), and 794(d)), are each amended by adding after
   the words "title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act
 3
   of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.)" the following: ", in-
 4
 5
   cluding the standards of causation and methods of proof
 6
   applied under section 102(e) of that Act (42 U.S.C.
 7
   12112(e)),".
 8
        (g) OTHER GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—
 9
            (1) Congressional accountability act of
10
        1995.—Section 201 of the Congressional Account-
11
        ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311) is amended—
12
                 (A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "sec-
13
            tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
14
            ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a)" and in-
15
            serting "sections 4(g) and 15 of the Age Dis-
16
            crimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29)
17
            U.S.C. 623(g), 633a)"; and
18
                 (B) in subsection (b)—
19
                     (i) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
                 "section 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in
20
21
                 Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C.
22
                 633a(c)" and inserting "section 4(d)(2),
23
                 paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 7(b),
24
                 and section 15(c) of the Age Discrimina-
```

1	tion in Employment Act of 1967 (29
2	U.S.C. $623(d)(2)$ , $626(b)$ , $633a(e)$ ; and
3	(ii) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking
4	"section 107(a) of the Americans with Dis-
5	abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
6	12117(a))" and inserting "subsections (a)
7	and (c) of section 107, and section
8	503(c)(2), of the Americans with Disabil-
9	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117,
10	12203)".
11	(2) Title 3, united states code.—Section
12	411 of title 3, United States Code, is amended—
13	(A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "sec-
14	tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
15	ment Act of 1967" and inserting "sections 4(g)
16	and 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
17	ment Act of 1967"; and
18	(B) in subsection (b)—
19	(i) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
20	"section 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in
21	Employment Act of 1967" and inserting
22	"section $4(d)(2)$ , paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ of
23	section 7(b), and section 15(c) of the Age
24	Discrimination in Employment Act of
25	1967''; and

1	(ii) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking
2	"section 107(a) of the Americans with Dis-
3	abilities Act of 1990" and inserting "sub-
4	sections (a) and (c) of section 107, and
5	section 503(c)(2), of the Americans with
6	Disabilities Act of 1990".
7	(3) Government employee rights act of
8	1991.—Section 302 of the Government Employee
9	Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b) is
10	amended—
11	(A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "sec-
12	tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
13	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a)" and in-
14	serting "sections 4(g) and 15 of the Age Dis-
15	crimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
16	U.S.C. 623(g), 633a)"; and
17	(B) in subsection (b)—
18	(i) in paragraph (1), by inserting
19	"(and, in the case of a violation of sub-
20	section (a)(3), sections 107(c) and
21	503(c)(2) of the Americans with Disabil-
22	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117(c),
23	12203(c)(2)))" before ", and"; and
24	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "sec-
25	tion 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in

Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 1 2 633a(c)" and inserting "section 4(d)(2), paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 7(b), 3 4 and section 15(c) of the Age Discrimina-5 tion in Employment Act of 1967 (29 6 U.S.C. 623(d)(2), 626(b), 633a(c))". 7 (h) APPLICATION.—This section, and the amend-8 ments made by this section, shall apply to all claims pending on or after the date of enactment of this Act. 10 SEC. 206. SUPERVISOR LIABILITY. 11 (a) Amendment to Title VII of the Civil RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.— 12 13 (1) Standard for employer liability for 14 HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 703 of the 15 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2), as 16 amended by 204(c)(1), is further amended by adding 17 at the end the following: 18 "(p) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts 19 of any individual whose harassment of an employee has 20 21 created or continued a hostile work environment that con-22 stitutes an unlawful employment practice under this sec-23 tion if, at the time of the harassment— 24 "(1) such individual was authorized by that em-25 ployer—

1	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
2	employment actions affecting the employee; or
3	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
4	activities; or
5	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
6	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
7	ment.".
8	(2) Standard for employer liability for
9	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
10	tion 704 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
11	2000e-3), as amended by section 201(a)(3), is fur-
12	ther amended—
13	(A) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
14	section (e); and
15	(B) by inserting after subsection (a) the
16	following:
17	"(b) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
18	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
19	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
20	created or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
21	ment that constitutes an unlawful employment practice as
22	described under subsection (a) if, at the time of the har-
23	assment—
24	"(1) such individual was authorized by that em-
25	ployer—

1	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
2	employment actions affecting the employee; or
3	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
4	activities; or
5	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
6	creation or continuation of that retaliatory hostile
7	work environment.".
8	(3) Federal employees.—Section 717 of the
9	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16), as
10	amended by section 205(e)(1), is further amended
11	by adding at the end the following:
12	"(h) The provisions of sections 703(p) and 704(b)
13	shall apply to hostile work environment claims and retalia-
14	tory hostile work environment claims, respectively, under
15	this section.".
16	(b) Amendment to the Age Discrimination in
17	Employment Act of 1967.—
18	(1) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR
19	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 4 of the
20	Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
21	U.S.C. 623), as amended by section $204(e)(4)$ , is
22	further amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(o) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
24	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
25	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has

- 1 created or continued a hostile work environment that is
- 2 unlawful under this section if, at the time of the harass-
- 3 ment—
- 4 "(1) such individual was authorized by that em-
- 5 ployer—
- 6 "(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
- 7 employment actions affecting the employee; or
- 8 "(B) to direct the employee's daily work
- 9 activities; or
- "(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
- creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
- 12 ment.".
- 13 (2) Standard for employer liability for
- 14 RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
- tion 4(d)(1) of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
- ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623(d)(1)), as amend-
- ed by section 205(c)(2), is further amended by strik-
- ing "or litigation under this Act." and inserting "or
- litigation under this Act. Subject to section 206(j) of
- the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, an employer
- shall be liable for the acts of any individual whose
- harassment of an employee has created or continued
- a retaliatory hostile work environment that is unlaw-
- ful under this subsection if, at the time of the har-
- 25 assment—

1	"(A) such individual was authorized by
2	that employer—
3	"(i) to undertake or recommend tan-
4	gible employment actions affecting the em-
5	ployee; or
6	"(ii) to direct the employee's daily
7	work activities; or
8	"(B) the negligence of the employer led to
9	the creation or continuation of that retaliatory
10	hostile work environment.".
11	(3) Federal employees.—Section 15 of the
12	Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
13	U.S.C. 633a), as amended by section 205(e)(3), is
14	further amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(i) Subsections (d) and (o) of section 4 shall apply
16	to retaliatory hostile work environment claims and hostile
17	work environment claims, respectively, under this sec-
18	tion.".
19	(c) Amendment to the Americans With Disabil-
20	ITIES ACT OF 1990.—
21	(1) Standard for employer liability for
22	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 102 of the
23	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
24	12112), as amended by section 205(b)(2), is further
25	amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(f) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
2	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
3	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
4	created or continued a hostile work environment that con-
5	stitutes discrimination against a qualified individual on
6	the basis of disability under this section if, at the time
7	of the harassment—
8	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
9	ployer—
10	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
11	employment actions affecting the qualified indi-
12	vidual; or
13	"(B) to direct the qualified individual's
14	daily work activities; or
15	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
16	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
17	ment.".
18	(2) Standard for employer liability for
19	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
20	tion 503 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of
21	1990 (42 U.S.C. 12203) is amended—
22	(A) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
23	section (d);
24	(B) by inserting after subsection (b) the
25	following:

1	"(c) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
2	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
3	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
4	created or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
5	ment that constitutes retaliatory discrimination, as de-
6	scribed in subsection (a), or the carrying out of any unlaw-
7	ful acts described in subsection (b), if, at the time of the
8	harassment—
9	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
10	ployer—
11	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
12	employment actions affecting the employee; or
13	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
14	activities; or
15	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
16	creation or continuation of that retaliatory hostile
17	work environment."; and
18	(C) in subsection (d), as redesignated by
19	subparagraph (A), by striking "subsections (a)
20	and (b)" and inserting "subsections (a), (b),
21	and (c)".
22	(d) Amendment to the Rehabilitation Act of
23	1973.—
24	(1) Standard for employer liability for
25	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT AND RETALIATORY

1	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 501 of the
2	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(h) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
5	the Workplace Act, each department, agency, and instru-
6	mentality in the executive branch of Government and the
7	Smithsonian Institution shall be liable for the acts of any
8	individual within such department, agency, instrumen-
9	tality, or the Smithsonian Institution whose harassment
10	of an individual with a disability has created or continued
11	a hostile work environment, or a retaliatory hostile work
12	environment, that constitutes nonaffirmative action em-
13	ployment discrimination under this section if, at the time
14	of the harassment—
15	"(1) such individual was authorized by that de-
16	partment, agency, instrumentality, or the Smithso-
17	nian Institution—
18	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
19	employment actions affecting the individual
20	with a disability; or
21	"(B) to direct the daily work activities of
22	the individual with a disability; or
23	"(2) the negligence of that department, agency,
24	instrumentality, or the Smithsonian Institution led
25	to the creation or continuation of that hostile work

1	environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
2	ment.".
3	(2) Standard for employer liability for
4	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT AND RETALIATORY
5	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 504 of the
6	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) is
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(e) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
9	the Workplace Act, an employer described under sub-
10	section (b) shall be liable for the acts of any individual
11	whose harassment of a qualified individual with a dis-
12	ability has created or continued a hostile work environ-
13	ment, or a retaliatory hostile work environment, that con-
14	stitutes employment discrimination under this section if,
15	at the time of the harassment—
16	"(1) such individual was authorized by such
17	employer—
18	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
19	employment actions affecting the qualified indi-
20	vidual with a disability; or
21	"(B) to direct the daily work activities of
22	the qualified individual with a disability; or
23	"(2) the negligence of such employer led to the
24	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
25	ment or retaliatory hostile work environment."

1	(3) Remedies.—Section 505 of the Rehabilita-
2	tion Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794a) is amended by
3	adding at the end of subsection (a) the following:
4	"(3) Sections 501(h) and 504(e) shall apply to
5	hostile work environment claims and retaliatory hos-
6	tile work environment claims under this section.".
7	(e) Amendment to Section 1977 of the Revised
8	STATUTES.—Section 1977 of the Revised Statutes (42)
9	U.S.C. 1981) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(d) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
12	the Workplace Act, a nongovernmental employer shall be
13	liable for the acts of any individual whose harassment of
14	an employee has created a hostile work environment or
15	a retaliatory hostile work environment, constituting an un-
16	lawful employment practice, if, at the time of the harass-
17	ment—
18	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
19	ployer—
20	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
21	employment actions affecting the employee; or
22	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
23	activities; or

1	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
2	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
3	ment or retaliatory hostile work environment.".
4	(f) Amendment to the Genetic Information
5	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.—
6	(1) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR
7	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 202 of the
8	Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008
9	(42 U.S.C. 2000ff-1), as amended by sections
10	204(c)(5) and $205(b)(4)$ , is further amended by add-
11	ing at the end the following:
12	"(f) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
13	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
14	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
15	created or continued a hostile work environment that con-
16	stitutes an unlawful employment practice under this sec-
17	tion if, at the time of the harassment—
18	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
19	ployer—
20	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
21	employment actions affecting the employee; or
22	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
23	activities: or

1	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
2	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
3	ment.".
4	(2) Standard for employer liability for
5	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
6	tion 207(f)(1) of the Genetic Information Non-
7	discrimination Act (42 U.S.C. 2000ff-6(f)(1)), as
8	amended by section 205(c)(2), is further amended
9	by striking "violations of this subsection." and in-
10	serting "violations of this subsection. Subject to sec-
11	tion 206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace
12	Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts of any
13	individual whose harassment of an employee has cre-
14	ated or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
15	ment that constitutes discrimination under this sub-
16	section if, at the time of the harassment—
17	"(A) such individual was authorized by the
18	employer—
19	"(i) to undertake or recommend tan-
20	gible employment actions affecting the em-
21	ployee; or
22	"(ii) to direct the employee's daily
23	work activities; or

1	"(B) the negligence of the employer led to
2	the creation or continuation of that retaliatory
3	hostile work environment.".
4	(g) Amendment to the Government Employee
5	RIGHTS ACT OF 1991.—Section 302 of the Government
6	Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b) is
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(c) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
9	the Workplace Act, an employer of an individual described
10	under section 304(a) shall be liable for the acts of any
11	individual whose harassment of a State employee de-
12	scribed in section 304 has created or continued a hostile
13	work environment or a retaliatory hostile work environ-
14	ment constituting discrimination under this section, if at
15	the time of the harassment—
16	"(1) such individual was authorized by such
17	employer—
18	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
19	employment actions affecting the employee; or
20	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
21	activities; or
22	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
23	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
24	ment or retaliatory hostile work environment.".

1	(h) Amendment to Title 3, United States
2	Code.—Section 411 of title 3, United States Code, is
3	amended—
4	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (f)
5	as subsections (d) through (g), respectively;
6	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(c) Liability of Employing Office.—Subject to
9	section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act,
10	an employing office shall be liable for the acts of any indi-
11	vidual whose harassment of a covered employee has cre-
12	ated or continued a hostile work environment or a retalia-
13	tory hostile work environment constituting discrimination
14	under this section if, at the time of the harassment—
15	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
16	ploying office—
17	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
18	employment actions affecting the covered em-
19	ployee; or
20	"(B) to direct the covered employee's daily
21	work activities; or
22	"(2) the negligence of the employing office led
23	to the creation or continuation of that hostile work
24	environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
25	ment ": and

1	(3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by para-
2	graph (1), by striking "subsections (a) through (c)"
3	and inserting "subsections (a) through (d).".
4	(i) Amendment to the Congressional Account-
5	ABILITY ACT OF 1995.—Section 201 of the Congressional
6	Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311), as amended
7	by section 302(a) of the Congressional Accountability Act
8	of 1995 Reform Act, is further amended—
9	(1) by striking subsection (e); and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(e) Outside Individuals.—Subject to section
12	206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, an em-
13	ploying office shall be liable for the acts of any individual
14	whose harassment of a covered employee has created or
15	continued a hostile work environment or a retaliatory hos-
16	tile work environment that constitutes discrimination
17	under this section if, at the time of the harassment—
18	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
19	ploying office—
20	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
21	employment actions affecting the covered em-
22	ployee; or
23	"(B) to direct the covered employee's daily
24	work activities; or

1	"(2) the negligence of the employing office led
2	to the creation or continuation of that hostile work
3	environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
4	ment.".
5	(j) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
6	tion shall be construed to limit the availability of, or access
7	to, defenses available under the law.
8	(k) APPLICATION.—This section, and the amend-
9	ments made by this section, shall apply to all claims pend-
10	ing on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
11	SEC. 207. EXTENDING THE STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.
12	(a) Civil Rights Act of 1964; Americans With
13	Disabilities Act of 1990; Genetic Information
14	NONDISCRIMINATION ACT OF 2008.—Section 706 of the
15	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5) is amend-
16	ed—
17	(1) in subsection (e)—
18	(A) in paragraph (1)—
19	(i) by striking "one hundred and
20	eighty days after the alleged unlawful em-
21	ployment practice occurred" and inserting
22	"4 years after the alleged unlawful employ-
23	ment practice occurred."; and
24	(ii) by striking "three hundred days
25	after the alleged unlawful employment

1	practice occurred" and inserting "4 years
2	and 120 days after the alleged unlawful
3	employment practice occurred."; and
4	(B) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "two
5	years preceding the filing of the charge" and all
6	that follows and inserting "4 years preceding
7	the filing of the charge."; and
8	(2) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "two years
9	prior to the filing of a charge" and inserting "4
10	years preceding the filing of the charge".
11	(b) Age Discrimination in Employment Act of
12	1967.—Section 7(d) of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
13	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended—
14	(1) in the second sentence, by redesignating
15	paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and
16	(B), respectively;
17	(2) by striking "(d)" and all that follows
18	through "No" and inserting "(d)(1) No"; and
19	(3) in paragraph (1), as designated by para-
20	graph (2) of this subsection—
21	(A) by striking "Secretary. Such" and in-
22	serting "Secretary, and such";
23	(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "180
24	days after the alleged unlawful practice oc-

1	curred" and inserting "4 years after the alleged
2	unlawful practice occurred"; and
3	(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking "300
4	days after the alleged unlawful practice oc-
5	curred" and inserting "4 years and 120 days
6	after the alleged unlawful practice occurred".
7	SEC. 208. EXTENDING THE TIME LIMITATIONS ON FEDERAL
8	EMPLOYEES FILING A COMPLAINT.
9	(a) In General.—The Equal Employment Oppor-
10	tunity Commission (referred to in this section as "the
11	Commission") shall ensure that a covered Federal em-
12	ployee shall not be required to take any action necessary
13	to bring a complaint to the department, agency, unit, or
14	instrumentality involved prior to 4 years from the date of
15	the matter alleged to be discriminatory or, in the case of
16	personnel action, 4 years from the effective date of the
17	personnel action.
18	(b) COVERED EMPLOYEES AND COMPLAINTS.—In
19	this section, the term "covered Federal employee"
20	means—
21	(1) an employee or applicant to whom section
22	717(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
23	2000e-16(a)) applies, in the case of a complaint
24	brought under section 717 of that Act (42 U.S.C.
25	2000e-16);

1	(2) an employee or applicant to whom section
2	15(a) of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act
3	of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a(a)) applies, in the case of
4	a complaint brought under section 15 of that Act
5	(29 U.S.C. 633a);
6	(3) an employee or applicant to whom section
7	501 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
8	791) applies, in the case of a complaint brought to
9	enforce that section under section 505 of that Act
10	(29 U.S.C. 794a); and
11	(4) an employee or applicant described in sec-
12	tion 201(2)(A)(v) of the Genetic Information Non-
13	discrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
14	2000ff(2)(A)(v)), in the case of a complaint brought
15	to enforce title II of that Act (42 U.S.C. 2000ff et
16	seq.) under section 207(e) of that Act (42 U.S.C.
17	2000 ff - 6(e)).
18	TITLE III—BROADENING PRO-
19	TECTIONS AND ENSURING
20	TRANSPARENCY
21	SEC. 301. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, INTERNS, FEL-
22	LOWS, VOLUNTEERS, AND TRAINEES.
23	(a) Covered Employer or Entity.—All protec-
24	tions afforded to an employee or individual under a provi-
25	sion that consists of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of

- 1 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.), the Government Em-
- 2 ployee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.),
- 3 the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
- 4 1301 et seq.), subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 3, United
- 5 States Code, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act
- 6 of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), title I and section 503
- 7 (for violations with respect to that title) of the Americans
- 8 with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.,
- 9 12203), sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabilitation Act
- 10 of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a), section 6(d) of the Fair
- 11 Labor Standards Act of 1938 (commonly known as the
- 12 "Equal Pay Act of 1963") (29 U.S.C. 206(d)), title II
- 13 of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008
- 14 (42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.), and section 4311 of title 38,
- 15 United States Code, shall be afforded, in the same manner
- 16 and to the same extent, to—
- 17 (1) an individual who is engaged by an em-
- ployer or entity covered by that provision (referred
- to in this subsection as a "covered employer or enti-
- 20 ty") as an independent contractor (regardless of
- business structure, including organization as a legal
- or commercial entity) or as an intern, fellow, volun-
- teer, or trainee, whether or not the individual re-
- 24 ceives compensation, academic credit, or other remu-
- 25 neration from the covered employer or entity; or

1 (2) an individual who applies or seeks to be2 come such an independent contractor (regardless of
3 business structure, including organization as a legal
4 or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or
5 trainee, for the covered employer or entity.

## (b) COVERED ESTABLISHMENTS.—

- (1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term "covered establishment" means an individual or entity that—
  - (A) is not acting as an employer or entity covered by a provision specified in subsection (a); and
  - (B) engages the services (including soliciting such services) of an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee by means of an instrument of transportation or communication in interstate commerce, or through an arrangement that involves the use of such an instrument to carry out or be conveyed to carry out those services.
- (2) Protections.—All protections afforded to an employee or individual under a provision that consists of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964,

1 the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, 2 title I and section 503 (for violations with respect to 3 that title) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Standards Act 5 of 1938, title II of the Genetic Information Non-6 discrimination Act of 2008, and section 4311 of title 7 38, United States Code, shall be afforded, in the 8 same manner and to the same extent that the provi-9 sion covers an individual described in section 701(f) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42) 10 U.S.C. 2000e(f)), to—

- (A) an individual who is engaged by a covered establishment as an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity) or as an intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee, whether or not the individual receives compensation, academic credit, or other remuneration from the covered establishment; or
- (B) an individual who applies or seeks to become such an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee, for the covered establishment.

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- 1 (c) Domestic Service.—For purposes of the provi-
- 2 sions listed in subsection (a) and the provisions of this
- 3 Act, an individual or entity who engages the services (by
- 4 means of an instrument of transportation or communica-
- 5 tion in interstate commerce, or through an arrangement
- 6 that involves the use of such an instrument to carry out
- 7 or be conveyed to carry out those services) of a person
- 8 in domestic service in a household, as an employee, or as
- 9 an independent contractor, intern, fellow, volunteer, or
- 10 trainee, referred to in subsection (a) or (b) shall be consid-
- 11 ered to be engaged in interstate commerce.
- 12 (d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 13 tion shall be construed to limit the individuals protected
- 14 under any provision described in subsection (a).
- 15 (e) Interstate Commerce.—In this section, the
- 16 term "interstate commerce" means Commerce (as defined
- 17 in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
- 18 U.S.C. 203)) among the several States.
- 19 SEC. 302. NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS.
- 20 (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 21 (1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
- means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 23 sion.

1	(2) COVERED ESTABLISHMENT.—The term
2	"covered establishment" has the meaning given the
3	term in section 301.
4	(3) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered
5	individual" means—
6	(A) in the case of an individual required to
7	be afforded protections under section 301(a)—
8	(i) an individual required to be af-
9	forded those protections by an employer
10	described in paragraph (5)(A);
11	(ii) an individual required to be af-
12	forded those protections by an employer
13	described in paragraph (5)(B);
14	(iii) an individual required to be af-
15	forded those protections by an employer
16	described in paragraph (5)(C);
17	(iv) an individual required to be af-
18	forded those protections by an employer
19	described in paragraph (5)(D); or
20	(v) an individual required to be af-
21	forded those protections by an employer
22	described in paragraph (5)(E); and
23	(B) in the case of an individual required to
24	be afforded protections under section 301(b) by
25	a covered establishment, that individual.

1	(4) Employee.—The term "employee"
2	means—
3	(A) an employee (including an applicant),
4	as defined in section 701(f) of the Civil Rights
5	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(f));
6	(B) a State employee (including an appli-
7	cant) described in section 304(a) of the Govern-
8	ment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C.
9	2000e–16c(a));
10	(C) a covered employee (including an appli-
11	cant), as defined in section 101 of the Congres-
12	sional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
13	1301), including an individual treated as a cov-
14	ered employee under that section;
15	(D) a covered employee (including an ap-
16	plicant), as defined in section 411(c) of title 3,
17	United States Code; or
18	(E) an employee or applicant to which sec-
19	tion 717(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
20	U.S.C. 2000e–16(a)) applies.
21	(5) Employer.—The term "employer"
22	means—
23	(A) an employer (as defined in section
24	701(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
25	$U.S.C.\ 2000e(b)));$

1	(B) an entity employing a State employee
2	described in section 304(a) of the Government
3	Employee Rights Act of 1991;
4	(C) an employing office, as defined in sec-
5	tion 101(a) of the Congressional Accountability
6	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301(a));
7	(D) an employing office, as defined in sec-
8	tion 411(c) of title 3, United States Code; or
9	(E) an entity to which section 717(a) of
10	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 applies.
11	(6) Nondisclosure clause.—The term "non-
12	disclosure clause" means a provision in a contract or
13	agreement establishing that each party to the con-
14	tract or agreement agrees not to disclose informa-
15	tion covered by the terms and conditions of the con-
16	tract or agreement.
17	(7) Nondisparagement clause.—The term
18	"nondisparagement clause" means a provision in a
19	contract or agreement requiring one or more parties
20	to the contract or agreement not to make negative
21	statements about another such party.
22	(8) Worker.—The term "worker" means an
23	employee or a covered individual.
24	(b) Unlawful Practices.—

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(1) Nondisparagement and nondisclosure CLAUSES.—Subject to paragraph (3), it shall be an unlawful practice for an employer to enter into a contract or agreement with a worker, or for a covered establishment to enter into a contract or agreement with a covered individual, as a condition of employment or contracting, promotion, compensation, benefits, or change in employment status or contractual relationship, or as a term, condition, or privilege of employment or contracting, if that contract or agreement contains a nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure clause that covers prohibited discrimination or harassment in employment or contracting, or retaliation for reporting, resisting, opposing, or assisting in the investigation of such discrimination or harassment.

(2) Prohibition on enforcement.—Subject to paragraph (3) but notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall be an unlawful practice for an employer or covered establishment to enforce or attempt to enforce a nondisparagement clause or non-disclosure clause that covers prohibited discrimination or harassment in employment or contracting, or retaliation for reporting, resisting, opposing, or assisting in the investigation of such discrimination or

1	harassment. An employer or covered establishment
2	that enforces or attempts to enforce such a non-
3	disparagement clause or such a nondisclosure clause
4	against a worker shall be liable for the reasonable
5	attorney's fees and costs of the worker.
6	(3) Settlement or separation agree-
7	MENTS.—
8	(A) In general.—The provisions of para-
9	graphs (1) and (2) do not apply to a nondispar-
10	agement clause or nondisclosure clause con-
11	tained in a settlement agreement or separation
12	agreement that resolves legal claims or disputes
13	if—
14	(i) such legal claims accrued or such
15	disputes arose before the settlement agree-
16	ment or separation agreement was exe-
17	cuted;
18	(ii) the clause involved is mutually
19	agreed upon by and mutually benefits
20	both—
21	(I) the employer or covered es-
22	tablishment, as the case may be; and
23	(II) the worker;

1	(iii) the worker's agreement to such
2	clause is knowing and voluntary, as de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (C); and
4	(iv) the settlement agreement or sepa-
5	ration agreement expressly states that the
6	agreement involved does not prohibit, pre-
7	vent, or otherwise restrict a worker from—
8	(I) filing a complaint with the
9	Commission, any other Federal, State,
10	or local agency with the authority to
11	enforce laws (including regulations)
12	that prohibit discrimination or harass-
13	ment in employment or contracting,
14	as the case may be, or law enforce-
15	ment;
16	(II) testifying at, assisting, or
17	participating in an investigation or
18	proceeding conducted by the Commis-
19	sion, any other Federal, State, or local
20	agency with the authority to enforce
21	laws (including regulations) that pro-
22	hibit discrimination or harassment in
23	employment or contracting, as the
24	case may be, or law enforcement; or

1	(III) testifying in a hearing or
2	trial or complying with a request for
3	discovery in relation to civil litigation.
4	(B) Prohibition on sole benefit.—For
5	purposes of this paragraph, it shall be an un-
6	lawful practice for an employer or covered es-
7	tablishment to unilaterally include a nondispar-
8	agement clause or nondisclosure clause that
9	solely benefits the employer or covered estab-
10	lishment in a separation or settlement agree-
11	ment.
12	(C) Knowing and voluntary agree-
13	MENT.—For purposes of this paragraph, agree-
14	ment to a nondisparagement clause or non-
15	disclosure clause may not be considered know-
16	ing and voluntary unless at a minimum—
17	(i) the nondisparagement clause or
18	nondisclosure clause is written in a manner
19	designed to ensure that the worker under-
20	stands the content of the clause involved;
21	(ii) the nondisparagement clause or
22	nondisclosure clause is included only in ex-
23	change for consideration of value provided
24	to the worker, in addition to anything of

1	value to which the worker is already enti-
2	tled;
3	(iii) the nondisparagement clause or
4	nondisclosure clause does not apply to any
5	rights or claims that arise after the date
6	the settlement or separation agreement is
7	executed;
8	(iv) the worker is advised in writing to
9	consult with an attorney prior to agreeing
10	to such an agreement that includes a non-
11	disparagement clause or nondisclosure
12	clause;
13	(v) the worker is given a period of at
14	least 21 days to consider any proposal for
15	a settlement or separation agreement that
16	includes a nondisparagement clause or
17	nondisclosure clause; and
18	(vi) the settlement or separation
19	agreement provides that for a period of at
20	least 7 days following the execution of such
21	agreement the worker may revoke the
22	agreement, and the agreement shall not be-
23	come effective or enforceable until the rev-
24	ocation period has expired.

- (D) BURDEN OF PROOF.—In any dispute that may arise over whether any of the requirements of subparagraph (A) have been met, the party asserting the validity of an agreement shall have the burden of proving that the requirements of subparagraph (A) have been met.
  - (E) Participation in investigations or Proceedings.—No nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure clause may affect the ability of a worker to testify at, assist, or participate in an investigation or proceeding conducted by the Commission, any Federal, State, or local agency with the authority to enforce laws (including regulations) that prohibit discrimination in employment or contracting, as the case may be, or a law enforcement agency.
  - (F) Prohibition on damages.—Under no circumstances shall a worker be required to pay damages for breach of a nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure clause permitted by this paragraph in excess of an amount equal to the consideration of value provided to the worker in exchange for the workers' agreement to the nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure clause.

1	(c) Enforcement Against Employers.—
2	(1) Enforcement powers.—With respect to
3	the administration and enforcement of this section
4	in the case of a claim alleged by a worker against
5	an employer for a violation of this section—
6	(A) the Commission shall have the same
7	powers as the Commission has to administer
8	and enforce—
9	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
10	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.); or
11	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
12	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
13	U.S.C. $2000e-16b$ and $2000e-16c)$ ,
14	in the case of a claim alleged by an employee
15	of the employer for a violation of such title, or
16	of section 302(a)(1) of the Government Em-
17	ployee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
18	16b(a)(1)), respectively;
19	(B) the Librarian of Congress shall have
20	the same powers as the Librarian of Congress
21	has to administer and enforce title VII of the
22	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et
23	seq.) in the case of a claim alleged by an em-
24	ployee of the employer for a violation of such
25	title;

1	(C) the Board (as defined in section
2	101(a) of the Congressional Accountability Act
3	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301(a))) shall have the
4	same powers as the Board has to administer
5	and enforce the Congressional Accountability
6	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) in the case
7	of a claim alleged by an employee of the em-
8	ployer for a violation of section 201(a)(1) of
9	such Act (2 U.S.C. 1311(a)(1));
10	(D) the Attorney General shall have the
11	same powers as the Attorney General has to ad-
12	minister and enforce—
13	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
14	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.); or
15	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
16	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
17	U.S.C. 2000e–16b and 2000e–16c),
18	in the case of a claim alleged by an employee
19	of the employer for a violation of such title, or
20	of section 302(a)(1) of the Government Em-
21	ployee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
22	16b(a)(1), respectively;
23	(E) the President, the Commission, and
24	the Merit Systems Protection Board shall have
25	the same powers as the President, the Commis-

1	sion, and the Board, respectively, have to ad-
2	minister and enforce chapter 5 of title 3,
3	United States Code, in the case of a claim al-
4	leged by an employee of the employer for a vio-
5	lation of section 411 of such title; and
6	(F) a court of the United States shall have
7	the same jurisdiction and powers as the court
8	has to enforce—
9	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
10	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) in the case
11	of a claim alleged by an employee of the
12	employer for a violation of such title;
13	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
14	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
15	U.S.C. 2000e–16b and 2000e–16c) in the
16	case of a claim alleged by an employee of
17	the employer for a violation of section
18	302(a)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
19	16b(a)(1));
20	(iii) the Congressional Accountability
21	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) in the
22	case of a claim alleged by an employee of
23	the employer for a violation of section
24	201(a)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C.
25	1311(a)(1); and

1	(iv) chapter 5 of title 3, United States
2	Code, in the case of a claim alleged by an
3	employee of the employer for a violation of
4	section 411 of such title.
5	(2) Procedures and remedies.—The proce-
6	dures and remedies applicable to a claim alleged by
7	a worker against the employer for a violation of this
8	section are—
9	(A) the procedures and remedies applicable
10	for a violation of title VII of the Civil Rights
11	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) in the
12	case of a claim alleged by an employee of the
13	employer for a violation of such title;
14	(B) the procedures and remedies applicable
15	for a violation of section 302(a)(1) of the Gov-
16	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
17	U.S.C. $2000e-16b(a)(1)$ in the case of a claim
18	alleged by an employee of the employer for a
19	violation of such section;
20	(C) the procedures and remedies applicable
21	for a violation of section 201(a)(1) of the Con-
22	gressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
23	1311(a)(1)) in the case of a claim alleged by an
24	employee of the employer for a violation of such
25	section; and

1	(D) the procedures and remedies applicable
2	for a violation of section 411 of title 3, United
3	States Code, in the case of a claim alleged by
4	an employee of the employer for a violation of
5	such section.
6	(3) OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—With re-
7	spect to a claim alleged by an employee described in
8	subsection (a)(4)(C) or a covered individual de-
9	scribed in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iii) for a violation of
10	this section, title III of the Congressional Account-
11	ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) shall
12	apply in the same manner as such title applies with
13	respect to a claim alleged by such an employee for
14	a violation of section 201(a)(1) of such Act (2
15	U.S.C. $1311(a)(1)$ ).
16	(d) Enforcement Against Covered Establish-
17	MENTS.—
18	(1) Enforcement powers.—With respect to
19	the administration and enforcement of this section
20	in the case of a claim alleged by a covered individual
21	against a covered establishment for a violation of
22	this section—
23	(A) the Commission shall have the same
24	powers as the Commission has to administer

1	and enforce title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
2	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);
3	(B) the Attorney General shall have the
4	same powers as the Attorney General has to ad-
5	minister and enforce title VII of the Civil
6	Rights Act of 1964; and
7	(C) a court of the United States shall have
8	the same jurisdiction and powers as the court
9	has to enforce title VII of the Civil Rights Act
10	of 1964,
11	in the case of a claim alleged by an employee de-
12	scribed in subsection (a)(4)(A) for a violation of
13	such title.
14	(2) Procedures and remedies.—The proce-
15	dures and remedies applicable to a claim alleged by
16	a covered individual against the covered establish-
17	ment for a violation of this section are the proce-
18	dures and remedies applicable for a violation of title
19	VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
20	2000e et seq.) in the case of a claim alleged by an
21	employee described in subsection (a)(4)(A) for a vio-
22	lation of such title.
23	(e) Right To Report Reserved.—Notwith-
24	standing signing (before, on, or after the effective date of

1	this Act) any nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure
2	clause, a worker retains—
3	(1) any right that person would otherwise have
4	had to report a concern about harassment, including
5	sexual harassment, in employment or contracting or
6	another violation of the law to the Commission, an-
7	other Federal agency (including an office of the leg-
8	islative or judicial branch), a State or local fair em-
9	ployment practices agency or any other State or
10	local agency, or a law enforcement agency; and
11	(2) any right that person would otherwise have
12	had to bring an action in a court of the United
13	States.
14	(f) Regulations.—
15	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
16	graphs (2), (3), and (4), the Commission shall have
17	authority to issue regulations to carry out this sec-
18	tion.
19	(2) Librarian of congress.—The Librarian
20	of Congress shall have authority to issue regulations
21	to carry out this section with respect to workers of
22	the Library of Congress.
23	(3) Board The Board referred to in sub-

section (c)(1)(C) shall have authority to issue regu-

lations to carry out this section, in accordance with

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1	section 304 of the Congressional Accountability Act
2	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1384), with respect to employees
3	described in subsection (a)(4)(C) and covered indi-
4	viduals described in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iii).
5	(4) President shall have au-
6	thority to issue regulations to carry out this section
7	with respect to employees described in subsection
8	(a)(4)(D) and covered individuals described in sub-
9	section $(a)(3)(A)(iv)$ .
10	(g) State and Federal Immunity.—
11	(1) Abrogation of State immunity.—A
12	State shall not be immune under the 11th Amend-
13	ment to the Constitution from a suit brought in a
14	Federal court of competent jurisdiction for a viola-
15	tion of this section.
16	(2) Waiver of state immunity.—

## (A) IN GENERAL.—

(i) WAIVER.—A State's receipt or use of Federal financial assistance for any program or activity of a State shall constitute a waiver of sovereign immunity, under the 11th Amendment to the Constitution or otherwise, to a suit brought by a covered individual in that program or activity

1	under this section for a remedy authorized
2	under paragraph (4).
3	(ii) Definition.—In this subpara-
4	graph, the term "program or activity" has
5	the meaning given the term in section 606
6	of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C
7	2000d-4a).
8	(B) Effective date.—With respect to a
9	particular program or activity, subparagraph
10	(A) applies to conduct occurring on or after the
11	day, after the date of enactment of this Act, or
12	which a State first receives or uses Federal fi-
13	nancial assistance for that program or activity
14	(3) Remedies against state officials.—Ar
15	official of a State may be sued in the official capac-
16	ity of the official by a covered individual who has
17	complied with the applicable procedures of sub-
18	section (c), for equitable relief that is authorized
19	under this section. In such a suit the court may
20	award to the prevailing party those costs authorized
21	by section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C
22	1988).
23	(4) Remedies against the united states
24	AND THE STATES.—Notwithstanding any other pro-

vision of this Act, in an action or administrative pro-

1	ceeding against the United States or a State for a
2	violation of this section, remedies (including rem-
3	edies at law and in equity, and interest) are avail-
4	able for the violation to the same extent as the rem-
5	edies are available for a violation of title VII of the
6	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.)
7	by an employer described in subsection $(a)(5)(A)$ ,
8	except that—
9	(A) punitive damages are not available;
10	and
11	(B) compensatory damages are available to
12	the extent specified in section 1977A(b) of the
13	Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)).
13	10011500 8000000 (12 6.8.6. 10010(8)).
14	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND
14	
	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND
14 15	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.
14 15 16	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the Na-
14 15 16 17	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is
114 115 116 117 118	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is amended—  (A) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.  (a) PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is amended—  (A) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND  PROTECTION OF CONCERTED ACTIVITY.—  (1) AGREEMENTS.—Section 8(a) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is amended—  (A) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and  (B) by adding at the end the following:

1 (for purposes of this paragraph, as defined in sec-2 tion 401 of title 9, United States Code) undertakes 3 or promises not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or 4 support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim 5 arising from or relating to the employment of, or 6 provision of services by, such worker in any forum 7 that, but for such agreement, is of competent juris-8 diction;

> "(B) to coerce such worker into undertaking or promising not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of, or provision of services by, such worker; or

> "(C) to retaliate or threaten to retaliate against a worker for refusing to undertake or promise not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of, or provision or services by, such worker:

> Provided, That any agreement that violates this paragraph or results from a violation of this paragraph shall be to such extent unenforceable and void: Provided further, That this paragraph shall not apply to any agreement embodied in or expressly

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1	permitted by a contract between an employer and a
2	labor organization.".
3	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section 10(b)
4	of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C.
5	160(b)) is amended by striking "discharge" and in-
6	serting "discharge, or unless the person aggrieved
7	thereby is a worker alleging a violation of section
8	8(a)(6) whose charge involves a postdispute arbitra-
9	tion agreement that meets the requirements under
10	section 402(a)(2) of title 9, United States Code, in
11	which event the six-month period shall be computed
12	from the day the waiting period described in sub-
13	paragraph (C) of such section ends".
14	(b) Arbitration of Work Disputes.—
15	(1) In General.—Title 9 of the United States
16	Code is amended by adding at the end the following:
17	"CHAPTER 4—ARBITRATION OF WORK
18	DISPUTES
	"Sec. "401. Definitions. "402. Validity and enforceability.
19	"§ 401. Definitions
20	"In this chapter—
21	"(1) the terms 'commerce', 'employee', and 'em-
22	ployer' have the meanings given the terms in section
23	3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29

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U.S.C. 203);

1	"(2) the term 'covered entity' means—
2	"(A) an employer; or
3	"(B) an individual or entity that is not
4	acting as an employer and engages the services
5	of a worker;
6	"(3) the term 'predispute arbitration agree-
7	ment' means any agreement to arbitrate a dispute
8	that had not yet arisen at the time of the making
9	of the agreement;
10	"(4) the term 'postdispute arbitration agree-
11	ment' means any agreement to arbitrate a dispute
12	that arose before the time of the making of the
13	agreement;
14	"(5) the term 'worker' means—
15	"(A) an employee; or
16	"(B) an individual who is engaged by a
17	covered entity to perform services or work as an
18	independent contractor (regardless of the label
19	or classification assigned or used by the covered
20	entity); and
21	"(6) the term 'work dispute'—
22	"(A) means a dispute between one or more
23	workers (or their authorized representatives)
24	and a covered entity arising out of or related to
25	the work relationship or prospective work rela-

1	tionship between the workers and the covered
2	entity; and
3	"(B) includes, but is not limited to—
4	"(i) a dispute regarding the terms of,
5	payment for, advertising of, recruitment of,
6	referring of, arranging for, or discipline or
7	discharge in connection with such work;
8	"(ii) a dispute arising under any law
9	referred to or described in section 62(e) of
10	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, includ-
11	ing any part of such a law not explicitly
12	referenced in such section that relates to
13	protecting individuals on a basis that is
14	protected under a law referred to or de-
15	scribed in such section; and
16	"(iii) a dispute in which an individual
17	or individuals seek certification—
18	"(I) as a class under rule 23 of
19	the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
20	"(II) as a collective action under
21	section 16(b) of the Fair Labor
22	Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
23	216(b)); or
24	"(III) under a comparable rule or
25	provision of State law.

## 1 "§ 402. Validity and enforceability

2	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other chap-
3	ter of this title—
4	"(1) no predispute arbitration agreement shall
5	be valid or enforceable if it requires arbitration of a
6	work dispute;
7	"(2) no postdispute arbitration agreement that
8	requires arbitration of a work dispute shall be valid
9	or enforceable unless—
10	"(A) the agreement was not required by
11	the covered entity, obtained by coercion or
12	threat of adverse action, or made a condition of
13	employment, work, or any employment-related
14	or work-related privilege or benefit;
15	"(B) each worker entering into the agree-
16	ment was informed in writing using sufficiently
17	plain language likely to be understood by the
18	average worker of—
19	"(i) the right of the worker under
20	paragraph (3) to refuse to enter the agree-
21	ment without retaliation; and
22	"(ii) the protections under section
23	8(a)(6) of the National Labor Relations
24	Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)(6));
25	"(C) each worker entering into the agree-
26	ment entered the agreement after a waiting pe-

1 riod of not fewer than 45 days, beginning on 2 the date on which the employee was provided 3 both the final text of the agreement and the disclosures required under subparagraph (B); 4 and 6 "(D) each worker entering into the agree-7 ment affirmatively consented to the agreement 8 in writing; and 9 "(3) no covered entity may retaliate or threaten 10 to retaliate against a worker for refusing to enter into an agreement that provides for arbitration of a 11 12 work dispute. 13 "(b) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—During the waiting period described in subsection (a)(2)(C), the statute of 14 15 limitations for any claims that arise from or form the basis for the applicable work dispute shall be tolled. 16 17 "(c) CIVIL ACTION.—Any person who is injured by 18 reason of a violation of subsection (a)(3) may bring a civil 19 action in the appropriate district court of the United 20 States against the covered entity within 2 years of the vio-21 lation, or within 3 years if such violation is willful. Relief 22 granted in such an action shall include a reasonable attor-23 ney's fee, other reasonable costs associated with maintain-

ing the action, and any appropriate relief authorized by

section 706(g) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.

1 2000e-5(g)) or by section 1977A(b) of the Revised Stat-

2 utes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)).

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"(d) Applicability.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—This chapter applies to covered entities and workers engaged in activity affecting commerce to the fullest extent permitted by the Constitution of the United States, including the work of persons engaged in domestic service in households, as described in section 2(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 202(a)). An issue as to whether this chapter applies to an arbitration agreement shall be determined under Federal law. The applicability of this chapter to an agreement to arbitrate and the validity and enforceability of an agreement to which this chapter applies shall be determined by a court, rather than an arbitrator, regardless of whether any contractual provision purports to delegate such determinations to the arbitrator and irrespective of whether the party resisting arbitration challenges the arbitration agreement specifically or in conjunction with other terms of the contract containing such agreement.

"(2) Collective Bargaining agreements.— Nothing in this chapter shall apply to any arbitration provision in a contract between a covered entity

1	and a labor organization, except that no such arbi-
2	tration provision shall have the effect of waiving the
3	right of a worker to seek judicial enforcement of a
4	right arising under a provision of the Constitution of
5	the United States, the constitution of a State, or a
6	Federal or State statute, or public policy arising
7	therefrom.".
8	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
9	MENTS.—
10	(A) In General.—Title 9 of the United
11	States Code is amended—
12	(i) in section 1, by striking "of sea-
13	men," and all that follows through "inter-
14	state commerce';
15	(ii) in section 2, by inserting "or as
16	otherwise provided in chapter 4" before the
17	period at the end;
18	(iii) in section 208—
19	(I) in the section heading, by
20	striking "Chapter 1; residual
21	application" and inserting "Ap-
22	plication"; and
23	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing: "This chapter applies to the

1	extent that this chapter is not in con-
2	flict with chapter 4."; and
3	(iv) in section 307—
4	(I) in the section heading, by
5	striking "Chapter 1; residual
6	application" and inserting "Ap-
7	plication"; and
8	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
9	lowing: "This chapter applies to the
10	extent that this chapter is not in con-
11	flict with chapter 4.".
12	(B) Table of Sections.—
13	(i) Chapter 2.—The table of sections
14	for chapter 2 of title 9, United States
15	Code, is amended by striking the item re-
16	lating to section 208 and inserting the fol-
17	lowing:
	"208. Application.".
18	(ii) Chapter 3.—The table of sec-
19	tions for chapter 3 of title 9, United States
20	Code, is amended by striking the item re-
21	lating to section 307 and inserting the fol-
22	lowing:
	"307. Application.".

1	(C) Table of Chapters.—The table of
2	chapters for title 9, United States Code, is
3	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"4. Arbitration of work disputes
4	(c) Effective Date.—This section, and the amend-
5	ments made by this section, shall take effect on the date
6	of enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to
7	any dispute or claim that arises or accrues on or after
8	such date, including any dispute or claim to which an
9	agreement predating such date applies.
10	SEC. 304. FEDERAL CONTRACTOR COMPLIANCE WITH CIVIL
11	RIGHTS LAWS.
12	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) COVERED CONTRACT.—The term "covered
14	contract" means a Federal contract for the procure-
15	ment of property or services, including construction,
16	valued in excess of \$500,000.
17	(2) COVERED SUBCONTRACT.—The term "cov-
18	ered subcontract"—
19	(A) means a subcontract for property or
20	services under a Federal contract that is valued
21	in excess of \$500,000; and
22	(B) does not include a subcontract for the
23	procurement of commercially available off-the-
24	shelf items.

1	(3) Executive agency.—The term "executive
2	agency" has the meaning given the term in section
3	133 of title 41, United States Code.
4	(b) Required Pre-Contract Award Actions.—
5	(1) Disclosures.—The head of an executive
6	agency shall ensure that the solicitation for a cov-
7	ered contract requires the offeror—
8	(A) to represent, to the best of the
9	offeror's knowledge and belief, whether there
10	has been any administrative merits determina-
11	tion, arbitral award or decision, or civil judg-
12	ment, as defined in guidance issued by the Sec-
13	retary of Labor, rendered against the offeror in
14	the preceding 3 years for violations of—
15	(i) the Fair Labor Standards Act of
16	1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.);
17	(ii) the Occupational Safety and
18	Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et
19	seq.);
20	(iii) the Migrant and Seasonal Agri-
21	cultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C.
22	1801 et seq.);
23	(iv) the National Labor Relations Act
24	(29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.);

1	(v) subchapter IV of chapter 31 of
2	title 40, United States Code (commonly
3	known as the "Davis-Bacon Act");
4	(vi) chapter 67 of title 41, United
5	States Code (commonly known as the
6	"Service Contract Act");
7	(vii) Executive Order 11246 (42
8	U.S.C. 2000e note; relating to equal em-
9	ployment opportunity);
10	(viii) section 503 of the Rehabilitation
11	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 793);
12	(ix) section 4212 of title 38, United
13	States Code;
14	(x) the Family and Medical Leave Act
15	of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
16	(xi) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
17	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);
18	(xii) the Americans with Disabilities
19	Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.);
20	(xiii) the Age Discrimination in Em-
21	ployment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et
22	seq.);
23	(xiv) title II of the Genetic Informa-
24	tion Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42
25	U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.);

1	(xv) Executive Order 13658 (79 Fed.
2	Reg. 9851; relating to establishing a min-
3	imum wage for contractors); or
4	(xvi) equivalent State laws, as defined
5	in guidance issued by the Secretary of
6	Labor;
7	(B) to require each subcontractor for a
8	covered subcontract—
9	(i) to represent to the offeror, and the
10	entity designated by the final rule reissued
11	under subsection (e)(1), to the best of the
12	subcontractor's knowledge and belief,
13	whether there has been any administrative
14	merits determination, arbitral award or de-
15	cision, or civil judgment, as defined in
16	guidance issued by the Secretary of Labor,
17	rendered against the subcontractor in the
18	preceding 3 years for violations of any of
19	the labor laws listed under subparagraph
20	(A); and
21	(ii) to update such information every
22	6 months for the duration of the sub-
23	contract; and
24	(C) to consider the advice rendered by the
25	entity designated by the final rule reissued

1	under subsection (e)(1), or information sub-
2	mitted by a subcontractor pursuant to subpara-
3	graph (B), in determining whether the subcon-
4	tractor is a responsible source with a satisfac-
5	tory record of integrity and business ethics—
6	(i) prior to awarding the subcontract;
7	or
8	(ii) in the case of a subcontract that
9	is awarded or will become effective within
10	5 days of the prime contract being award-
11	ed, not later than 30 days after awarding
12	the subcontract.
13	(2) Pre-award corrective measures.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A contracting officer,
15	prior to awarding a covered contract, shall, as
16	part of the responsibility determination, provide
17	an offeror who makes a disclosure pursuant to
18	paragraph (1) an opportunity to report any
19	steps taken to correct the violations of or im-
20	prove compliance with the labor laws listed in
21	subparagraph (A) of such paragraph, including
22	any agreements entered into with an enforce-
23	ment agency.
24	(B) Consultation.—The executive agen-
25	cy's Labor Compliance Advisor designated

under subsection (d), in consultation with relevant enforcement agencies, shall advise the contracting officer whether agreements are in place or are otherwise needed to address appropriate remedial measures, compliance assistance, steps to resolve issues to avoid further violations, or other related matters concerning the offeror.

- (C) Responsibility determination.—
  The contracting officer, in consultation with the executive agency's Labor Compliance Advisor designated under subsection (d), shall consider information provided by the offeror under this subsection in determining whether the offeror is a responsible source with a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics. The determination shall be based on the guidance reissued under subsection (e)(2)(A) and the final rule reissued under subsection (e)(1).
- (3) Referral of information to suspension and debarment officials.—As appropriate, contracting officers, in consultation with their executive agency's Labor Compliance Advisor, shall refered matters related to information provided under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) to the ex-

1	ecutive agency's suspension and debarment official
2	in accordance with agency procedures.
3	(c) Post-Award Contract Actions.—
4	(1) Information updates.—The contracting
5	officer for a covered contract shall require that the
6	contractor update the information provided under
7	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (b)(1)
8	every 6 months.
9	(2) Corrective actions.—
10	(A) PRIME CONTRACT.—The contracting
11	officer, in consultation with the Labor Compli-
12	ance Advisor designated pursuant to subsection
13	(d), shall determine whether any information
14	provided under paragraph (1) warrants correc-
15	tive action. Such action may include—
16	(i) an agreement requiring appro-
17	priate remedial measures;
18	(ii) compliance assistance;
19	(iii) resolving issues to avoid further
20	violations;
21	(iv) the decision not to exercise an op-
22	tion on a contract or to terminate the con-
23	tract; or
24	(v) referral to the agency suspending
25	and debarring official.

1	(B) Subcontracts.—The prime con-
2	tractor for a covered contract, in consultation
3	with the Labor Compliance Advisor, shall deter-
4	mine whether any information provided under
5	subsection (b)(1)(B) warrants corrective action,
6	including remedial measures, compliance assist-
7	ance, and resolving issues to avoid further viola-
8	tions.
9	(C) DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.—The Sec-
10	retary of Labor shall, as appropriate, inform
11	executive agencies of its investigations of con-
12	tractors and subcontractors on current Federal
13	contracts for purposes of determining the ap-
14	propriateness of actions described under sub-
15	paragraphs (A) and (B).
16	(d) Labor Compliance Advisors.—
17	(1) In general.—Each executive agency shall
18	designate a senior official to act as the agency's
19	Labor Compliance Advisor.
20	(2) Duties.—The Labor Compliance Advisor
21	shall—
22	(A) meet quarterly with the Deputy Sec-
23	retary, Deputy Administrator, or equivalent ex-
24	ecutive agency official with regard to matters
25	covered under this section;

1	(B) work with the acquisition workforce,
2	agency officials, and agency contractors to pro-
3	mote greater awareness and understanding of
4	the requirements of the labor laws listed in sub-
5	section (b)(1)(A), including record keeping, re-
6	porting, and notice requirements, as well as
7	best practices for obtaining compliance with
8	these requirements;
9	(C) coordinate assistance for executive
10	agency contractors seeking help in addressing
11	and preventing violations of such laws;
12	(D) in consultation with the Secretary of
13	Labor or other relevant enforcement agencies,
14	and pursuant to subsection (b)(2) as necessary,
15	provide assistance to contracting officers re-
16	garding appropriate actions to be taken in re-
17	sponse to violations of the labor laws listed in
18	subsection (b)(1)(A) identified prior to or after
19	contracts are awarded, and address complaints
20	in a timely manner, by—
21	(i) providing assistance to contracting
22	officers and other executive agency officials
23	in reviewing the information provided
24	under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection

(b) and subsection (c)(1), or other infor-

1 mation indicating such a violation, in order to assess the serious, repeated, willful, or 2 3 pervasive nature of any such violation and evaluate steps contractors have taken to correct such violations or improve compli-6 ance with relevant requirements; 7 (ii) helping agency officials determine 8 the appropriate response to address viola-9 tions of the labor laws listed in subsection 10 (b)(1)(A) or other information indicating 11 such a violation (particularly a serious, re-12 peated, willful, or pervasive violation), in-13 cluding an agreement requiring appro-14 priate remedial measures, a decision not to 15 award a contract or exercise an option on 16 a contract, contract termination, or a re-17 ferral to the executive agency suspension 18 and debarment official; 19 (iii) providing assistance to appro-20 priate executive agency officials in receiv-21 ing and responding to, or making referrals

of, complaints alleging violations by agency

contractors and subcontractors of the labor

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1	(iv) supporting contracting officers,
2	suspension and debarment officials, and
3	other agency officials in the coordination of
4	actions taken pursuant to this subsection
5	to ensure agency-wide consistency, to the
6	extent practicable;
7	(E) as appropriate, send information to
8	agency suspension and debarment officials in
9	accordance with agency procedures;
10	(F) consult with the agency's Chief Acqui-
11	sition Officer and Senior Procurement Execu-
12	tive, and the Department of Labor as nec-
13	essary, in the development of regulations, poli-
14	cies, and guidance addressing compliance by
15	contractors and subcontractors with the labor
16	laws listed in subsection (b)(1)(A);
17	(G) make recommendations to the agency
18	to strengthen agency management of contractor
19	compliance with such labor laws;
20	(H) publicly report, on an annual basis, a
21	summary of agency actions taken to promote
22	greater compliance with such laws, including
23	the agency's response under this section to seri-
24	ous, repeated, willful, or pervasive violations of
25	such laws; and

1		(I) participate in the interagency meetings
2		regularly convened by the Secretary of Labor
3		under subsection (e)(2)(B)(iii).
4	(e)	MEASURES TO ENSURE GOVERNMENT-WIDE
5	Consist	ENCY.—
6		(1) Federal acquisition regulation.—
7		(A) In General.—Notwithstanding Public
8		Law 115–11 (131 Stat. 75) and section 553 of
9		title 5, United States Code, not later than 1
10		year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
11		Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of the
12		General Services Administration, and the Ad-
13		ministrator of the National Aeronautics and
14		Space Administration shall reissue the final rule
15		entitled "Federal Acquisition Regulation; Fair
16		Pay and Safe Workplaces" (81 Fed. Reg.
17		58,562 (Aug. 25, 2016)), subject to subpara-
18		graph (B).
19		(B) UPDATED DATES.—The agencies de-
20		scribed in subparagraph (A) may, in reissuing
21		the final rule under such subparagraph, update
22		any date provided in such final rule as reason-
23		able and necessary.
24		(2) Department of Labor —

1	(A) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
3	retary of Labor shall reissue the guidance enti-
4	tled "Guidance for Executive Order 13673,
5	'Fair Pay and Safe Workplaces'' (81 Fed.
6	Reg. 58,654 (Aug. 25, 2016)). In reissuing
7	such guidance, the Secretary of Labor may up-
8	date any date provided in such guidance as rea-
9	sonable.
10	(B) Additional activities.—The Sec-
11	retary of Labor shall—
12	(i) develop a process—
13	(I) for the Labor Compliance Ad-
14	visors designated pursuant to sub-
15	section (d) to consult with the Sec-
16	retary of Labor in carrying out their
17	responsibilities under subsection
18	(d)(2)(D);
19	(II) by which contracting officers
20	and Labor Compliance Advisors may
21	give appropriate consideration to de-
22	terminations and agreements made by
23	the Secretary of Labor and the heads
24	of other executive agencies; and

1	(III) by which contractors may
2	enter into agreements with the Sec-
3	retary of Labor, or the head of an-
4	other executive agency, prior to being
5	considered for a contract;
6	(ii) review data collection require-
7	ments and processes, and work with the
8	Director of the Office of Management and
9	Budget, the Administrator of General
10	Services, and other agency heads to im-
11	prove such requirements and processes, as
12	necessary, to reduce the burden on con-
13	tractors and increase the amount of infor-
14	mation available to executive agencies;
15	(iii) regularly convene interagency
16	meetings of Labor Compliance Advisors to
17	share and promote best practices for im-
18	proving labor law compliance; and
19	(iv) designate an appropriate contact
20	for executive agencies seeking to consult
21	with the Secretary of Labor with respect to
22	the requirements and activities under this
23	section.

1	(3) Office of management and budget.—
2	The Director of the Office of Management and
3	Budget shall—
4	(A) work with the Administrator of Gen-
5	eral Services to include in the Federal Awardee
6	Performance and Integrity Information System
7	the information provided by contractors pursu-
8	ant to subsections $(b)(1)(A)$ and $(c)(1)$ and
9	data on the resolution of any issues related to
10	such information; and
11	(B) designate an appropriate contact for
12	agencies seeking to consult with the Office of
13	Management and Budget on matters arising
14	under this section.
15	(4) General services administration.—
16	(A) In General.—The Administrator of
17	General Services, in consultation with other rel-
18	evant executive agencies, shall establish a single
19	Internet website for Federal contractors to use
20	for all Federal contract reporting requirements
21	under this section, as well as any other Federal
22	contract reporting requirements to the extent
23	practicable.
24	(B) AGENCY COOPERATION.—The heads of
25	executive agencies with covered contracts shall

- provide the Administrator of General Services
  with the data necessary to maintain the Internet website established under subparagraph
  (A).
- (5) MINIMIZING COMPLIANCE BURDEN.—After reissuing the guidance under paragraph (2)(A) or 6 7 the final rule under paragraph (1), the Secretary of 8 Labor or the Secretary of Defense, the Adminis-9 trator of the General Services Administration, and 10 the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and 11 Space Administration may, respectively, amend such 12 guidance or final rule consistent with the require-13 ments under chapter 5 of title 5, United States 14 Code.
- 15 (f) IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS.—Not later than 9
  16 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Fed17 eral Acquisition Regulatory Council shall amend the Fed18 eral Acquisition Regulation to carry out the provisions of
  19 this section.
- 20 (g) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-21 tion shall be construed as—
- 22 (1) impairing or otherwise affecting the author-23 ity granted by law to an executive agency or the 24 head thereof; or

1	(2) impairing or otherwise affecting the func-
2	tions of the Director of the Office of Management
3	and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or
4	legislative proposals.
5	TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE GRANTS
6	TO PREVENT AND RESPOND
7	TO WORKPLACE HARASS-
8	MENT
9	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this title:
11	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
12	means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
13	sion.
14	(2) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the
15	meaning given the term in section 302(a)(4).
16	(3) Employment discrimination.—The term
17	"employment discrimination" means discrimination
18	that is in violation of applicable Federal, State, or
19	local employment law, including:
20	(A) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
21	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.).
22	(B) The Government Employee Rights Act
23	of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.).
24	(C) The Congressional Accountability Act
25	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seg.).

1	(D) Subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 3
2	United States Code.
3	(E) The Age Discrimination in Employ
4	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.).
5	(F) Title I and section 503 (for violations
6	with respect to that title) of the Americans with
7	Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 e
8	seq., 12203).
9	(G) Sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabili-
10	tation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a).
11	(H) Section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Stand-
12	ards Act of 1938 (commonly known as the
13	"Equal Pay Act of 1963") (29 U.S.C. 206(d))
14	(I) Title II of the Genetic Information
15	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C
16	2000ff et seq.).
17	(J) Section 4311 of title 38, United States
18	Code.
19	(K) Other Federal, State, or local employ
20	ment law.
21	(4) Worker.—The term "worker" has the
22	meaning given the term in section 302(a)(7).

1	Subtitle A—National Grants for
2	Preventing and Addressing Em-
3	ployment Discrimination, In-
4	cluding Harassment
5	SEC. 411. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this subtitle:
7	(1) Director.—The term "Director" means
8	the Director of the Women's Bureau of the Depart-
9	ment of Labor.
10	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
11	ty" means any of the following:
12	(A) A nonprofit organization, including a
13	community-based organization, nonprofit legal
14	aid organization, or labor organization, that
15	provides services and support to workers, in-
16	cluding by assisting workers in filing charges of
17	employment discrimination.
18	(B) An institution of higher education, as
19	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
20	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
21	SEC. 412. GRANTS.
22	(a) Grants.—The Director, in consultation with the
23	Commission, shall award grants under this section, on a
24	competitive basis, to eligible entities to assist such entities
25	in carrying out a program for preventing and addressing

1	employment discrimination, including harassment
2	through activities authorized under subsection (b).
3	(b) Use of Funds.—
4	(1) Permissible activities.—A grant award-
5	ed under this section shall be used for activities to
6	prevent and address employment discrimination, in-
7	cluding harassment, which may include—
8	(A) educating workers about their rights
9	related to harassment in employment under
10	Federal, State, and local civil rights, labor, and
11	employment laws;
12	(B) educating employers about their obli-
13	gations to prevent and address harassment in
14	employment under Federal, State, and local
15	civil rights, labor, and employment laws;
16	(C) providing assistance to workers in
17	bringing complaints of employment discrimina-
18	tion, including filing charges of harassment;
19	(D) establishing networks for education
20	communication, and participation in the work-
21	place and community;
22	(E) monitoring employer compliance with
23	Federal, State, and local civil rights, labor, and
24	employment laws;

1	(F) recruiting and hiring of staff and vol-
2	unteers; and
3	(G) any other activity the Director, in con-
4	sultation with the Commission, may reasonably
5	prescribe for the purpose of preventing and ad-
6	dressing employment discrimination, including
7	harassment.
8	(2) Prohibited activities.—Notwithstanding
9	paragraph (1), an eligible entity receiving a grant
10	under this section may not use the grant funds for
11	any purpose reasonably prohibited by the Director
12	in consultation with the Commission, through notice
13	and comment rulemaking.
14	(c) TERM OF GRANTS.—Each grant awarded under
15	this section shall be available for expenditure for a period
16	not to exceed 3 years.
17	(d) Applications.—
18	(1) In general.—An eligible entity seeking $\epsilon$
19	grant under this section shall submit an application
20	for such grant to the Director in accordance with
21	this subsection.
22	(2) Partnerships.—Multiple eligible entities
23	may submit a joint application under this subsection
24	that designates a single entity as the lead entity for

1	the purposes of receiving and disbursing funds re-
2	ceived through a grant under this section.
3	(3) Contents.—An application under this sub-
4	section shall include—
5	(A) a description of a plan for the program
6	that the eligible entity proposes to carry out
7	with a grant under this section, including a
8	long-term strategy and detailed implementation
9	plan;
10	(B) information on the prevalence of viola-
11	tions of prohibitions on employment discrimina-
12	tion, including harassment, under Federal,
13	State, and local civil rights, labor, and employ-
14	ment laws in the population served by the eligi-
15	ble entity;
16	(C) information on any industry or geo-
17	graphic area targeted by the plan for such pro-
18	gram;
19	(D) information on the type of outreach
20	and relationship building that will be conducted
21	under such program;
22	(E) information on the training and edu-
23	cation that will be provided to workers and em-
24	ployers under such program; and

1	(F) the method by which the eligible entity
2	will measure the results of such program.
3	(e) Selection.—
4	(1) Competitive basis.—In accordance with
5	this section, the Director, in consultation with the
6	Commission, shall, on a competitive basis, select
7	grant recipients from among eligible entities that
8	have submitted an application meeting the require-
9	ments under subsection (d).
10	(2) Priority.—The Director, in consultation
11	with the Commission, in selecting grant recipients
12	under paragraph (1), shall give priority to eligible
13	entities that—
14	(A) serve workers in any industry or geo-
15	graphic area that is most highly at risk for em-
16	ployment discrimination, including harassment,
17	as identified by the Director, in consultation
18	with the Commission; and
19	(B) demonstrate past and ongoing work to
20	prevent employment discrimination, including
21	harassment.
22	(f) Performance Evaluations.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each grant recipient under
24	this section shall develop procedures for reporting,
25	monitoring, measuring, and evaluating the activities

1	of each program or activity funded under this sec-
2	tion.
3	(2) Guidelines.—The procedures required
4	under paragraph (1) shall be in accordance with
5	guidelines established by the Director, in consulta-
6	tion with the Commission.
7	SEC. 413. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Direc-
9	tor such sums as may be necessary to carry out this sub-
10	title.
11	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assist-
12	ance for Low-Income Workers
13	SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.
14	In this subtitle:
14 15	In this subtitle:  (1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15	(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15 16	(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.
15 16 17	<ul><li>(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.</li><li>(2) Covered client.—The term "covered client.</li></ul>
15 16 17 18	<ul><li>(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.</li><li>(2) Covered client.—The term "covered client" means an individual who—</li></ul>
15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.</li> <li>(2) Covered client.—The term "covered client" means an individual who—</li> <li>(A) is an eligible client; and</li> </ul>
115 116 117 118 119 220	<ul> <li>(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.</li> <li>(2) Covered client.—The term "covered client" means an individual who—</li> <li>(A) is an eligible client; and</li> <li>(B) faces legal issues related to employ-</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.</li> <li>(2) Covered client.—The term "covered client" means an individual who—</li> <li>(A) is an eligible client; and</li> <li>(B) faces legal issues related to employment discrimination, including harassment.</li> </ul>

1	2996a) and the regulations of the Legal Services
2	Corporation.
3	(4) Eligible enti-
4	ty'' means—
5	(A) a nonprofit organization; and
6	(B) an individual who is licensed to prac-
7	tice law.
8	SEC. 422. GRANTS FOR CIVIL LEGAL NEEDS RELATED TO
9	EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION.
10	(a) Grants Authorized.—
11	(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized
12	to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to
13	enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil
14	legal needs of covered clients that are related to em-
15	ployment discrimination, and to provide for those cli-
16	ents such other services as are necessary to carry
17	out the purposes of this subtitle, including any of
18	the following activities:
19	(A) Providing covered clients advice, legal
20	services, or representation.
21	(B) Assisting covered clients in utilizing
22	the Commission employment discrimination
23	complaint process.
24	(C) Assisting covered clients in utilizing a
25	private employment complaint process.

1	(D) Conducting outreach activities to pub-
2	licize the services offered under this section.
3	(2) CITIZENSHIP STATUS.—An eligible entity
4	receiving a grant under this section shall provide
5	services to a covered client without regard to the
6	citizenship status or authorization to work of the
7	covered client.
8	(b) APPLICATION.—In order to be eligible to receive
9	a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall submit
10	an application to the Secretary at such time and in such
11	manner as the Secretary may require. Such application
12	shall include—
13	(1) a description of the services that the eligible
14	entity proposes to provide, implement, improve, or
15	expand;
16	(2) a description of the covered clients the eligi-
17	ble entity intends to serve;
18	(3) evidence of the eligible entity's capacity to
19	provide services to covered clients with legal issues
20	related to employment discrimination, such as the el-
21	igible entity's record of success representing eligible
22	clients in employment-related legal matters, or the
23	eligible entity's prior experience serving clients who

cannot afford legal counsel;

1	(4) an explanation of how the services the eligi-
2	ble entity intends to provide will assist covered cli-
3	ents in addressing legal issues related to employment
4	discrimination; and
5	(5) any other information that the Secretary
6	may require.
7	(c) AWARD BASIS.—The Secretary shall, in consulta-
8	tion with the Legal Services Corporation, award and over-
9	see grants under this section pursuant to such procedures
10	and criteria as the Secretary may require. Such proce-
11	dures and criteria shall include consideration of—
12	(1) whether the eligible entity has demonstrated
13	an understanding of the legal needs of covered cli-
14	ents;
15	(2) the eligible entity's capacity to provide serv-
16	ices to covered clients with legal issues related to
17	employment discrimination, which may be dem-
18	onstrated through evidence described in subsection
19	(b)(3);
20	(3) the eligible entity's knowledge of applicable
21	Federal, State, and local employment laws;
22	(4) the eligible entity's capacity and ability to
23	access other resources;

1	(5) the eligible entity's ability to ensure con-
2	tinuity of service to covered clients with pending
3	legal issues; and

- 4 (6) other factors that the Secretary determines 5 are relevant.
- 6 (d) EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION.—To the extent prac7 ticable, in awarding grants under this section, the Sec8 retary, in consultation with the Legal Services Corpora9 tion, shall ensure that grants are made so as to provide
  10 the most economical and effective delivery of legal assist11 ance to covered clients in both urban and rural areas, with
  12 consideration of the geographic distribution of persons in

## 14 (e) Duration of the Grant.—

poverty.

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A grant under this section shall be for a term of not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years.
  - (2) Renewal.—The Secretary may renew a grant awarded under this section for a period of not more than 2 additional years if the eligible entity demonstrates that the eligible entity is effectively using funds and that the renewal of funds will allow the eligible entity to scale up the provision of services, replicate the program, or provide continuity of service to covered clients.

1	(f) Report.—Two years after the enactment of this
2	section, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee or
3	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
4	the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of
5	Representatives a report on the implementation of the
6	grant program under this section, including—
7	(1) a description of the services provided using
8	grant assistance under this section, including a de-
9	tailed description of the types of legal issues ad-
10	dressed by eligible entities and the number of cov-
11	ered clients served; and
12	(2) an assessment of the number of individuals
13	facing one or more legal issues related to employ-
14	ment discrimination who cannot afford adequate
15	legal counsel, and the largest areas of unmet need
16	SEC. 423. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
18	this subtitle such sums as may be necessary.
19	Subtitle C—Grants for a System of
20	State Advocacy
21	SEC. 431. PURPOSE.
22	The purpose of this subtitle is to provide allotments
23	to support a system of advocacy (referred to in this sub-
24	title as a "system") in each State to protect the legal and

1	human rights of workers in accordance with applicable
2	Federal, State, and local employment discrimination laws.
3	SEC. 432. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this subtitle:
5	(1) Record.—The term "record" includes—
6	(A) a report prepared by an employer or
7	staff person charged with investigating reports
8	of employment discrimination that describes in-
9	cidents of possible discrimination and the steps
10	taken to investigate those incidents;
11	(B) statistical information related to em-
12	ployment decisions and the race, sex (including
13	sexual orientation and gender identity), religion,
14	national origin, age, disability, genetic informa-
15	tion, or other protected characteristics of work-
16	$\operatorname{ers};$
17	(C) records described in section 11(c) of
18	the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C.
19	211(c)); and
20	(D) any such similar record, as may be
21	necessary to carry out the purposes of this sub-
22	title.
23	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
24	the Secretary of Labor.

1	(3) State.—The term "State", except as oth-
2	erwise provided, includes, in addition to each of the
3	several States of the United States, the District of
4	Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
5	United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American
6	Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
7	Mariana Islands.
8	SEC. 433. ALLOTMENTS AND PAYMENTS.
9	(a) Allotments.—
10	(1) In general.—To assist States in meeting
11	the requirements of section 434, the Secretary shall
12	make allotments to States from the amounts appro-
13	priated under section 436 and not reserved under
14	paragraph (5).
15	(2) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTS.—In any case in
16	which—
17	(A) the total amount appropriated under
18	section 436 for a fiscal year is not less than
19	\$20,000,000, the allotment under paragraph
20	(1) for such fiscal year—
21	(i) to each of American Samoa,
22	Guam, the United States Virgin Islands,
23	and the Commonwealth of the Northern
24	Mariana Islands may not be less than
25	\$100,000; and

1	(ii) to any State not described in
2	clause (i) may not be less than \$200,000;
3	and
4	(B) the total amount appropriated under
5	section 436 for a fiscal year is less than
6	\$20,000,000, the allotment under paragraph
7	(1) for such fiscal year—
8	(i) to each of American Samoa,
9	Guam, the United States Virgin Islands,
10	and the Commonwealth of the Northern
11	Mariana Islands may not be less than
12	\$50,000; and
13	(ii) to any State not described in
14	clause (i) may not be less than \$150,000.
15	(3) Reduction of Allotment.—Notwith-
16	standing paragraphs (1) and (2), if the aggregate of
17	the amounts to be allotted to the States pursuant to
18	such paragraphs for any fiscal year exceeds the total
19	amount appropriated for such allotments under sec-
20	tion 436 for such fiscal year, the amount to be allot-
21	ted to each State for such fiscal year shall be pro-
22	portionately reduced.
23	(4) Increase in allotments.—If the sum ap-
24	propriated under section 436 and not reserved under
25	paragraph (5) for any fiscal year exceeds the aggre-

- gate of the minimum allotments for all States under
  this subsection for that fiscal year, such excess
  amount shall be allotted among the States, including
  American Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin
  Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
  Mariana Islands, so as to increase proportionately
  the minimum allotment for each such State.
  - (5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—In any case in which the total amount appropriated under section 436 for a fiscal year is more than \$24,500,000, the Secretary shall—
    - (A) use not more than 2 percent of the amount appropriated to provide technical assistance to eligible systems with respect to activities carried out under this subtitle (consistent with requests by such systems for such assistance for the year); and
    - (B) provide a grant in accordance with section 434(d) and in an amount described in paragraph (2)(A)(i), to an American Indian consortium to provide protection and advocacy services.

## (6) Reallotments.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines that an amount of an allotment to a

- State for a period (of a fiscal year or longer) will not be required by the State during the period for the purpose for which the allotment was made, the Secretary shall reallot the amount.
  - (B) TIMING.—The Secretary may make such a reallotment from time to time, on such date as the Secretary may fix, but not earlier than 30 days after the Secretary has published notice of the intention of the Secretary to make the reallotment in the Federal Register.
  - (C) Amounts.—The Secretary shall reallot the amount to other States with respect to which the Secretary has not made that determination. The Secretary shall reallot the amount in proportion to the original allotments of the other States for such fiscal year, but shall reduce such proportionate amount for any of the other States to the extent the proportionate amount exceeds the sum that the Secretary estimates the State needs and will be able to use during such period.
  - (D) REALLOTMENT OF REDUCTIONS.—The Secretary shall similarly reallot the total of the

1	reductions among the States whose propor-
2	tionate amounts were not so reduced.
3	(E) Treatment.—Any amount reallotted
4	to a State under this subsection for a fiscal
5	year shall be deemed to be a part of the allot-
6	ment of the State under paragraph (1) for such
7	fiscal year.
8	(b) PAYMENT TO SYSTEMS.—The Secretary shall pay
9	directly to each State that has a system in the State that
10	complies with the provisions of this subtitle the amount
11	of the allotment made for the State under this section,
12	unless the system specifies otherwise, to be used in sup-
13	port of the system.
14	(c) Unobligated Funds.—Any amount paid to a
15	State under this subtitle for a fiscal year and remaining
16	unobligated at the end of such year shall remain available
17	to such State for the next fiscal year, for the purposes
18	for which such amount was paid.
19	SEC. 434. SYSTEM REQUIRED.
20	(a) In General.—In order for a State to receive an
21	allotment under this subtitle the State shall—
22	(1) have in effect a system to protect and advo-

cate for the rights of workers within the State who

are or who may be eligible for relief from applicable

23

1	(2) designate a private nonprofit entity (re-
2	ferred to in this subtitle as an "agency") to support
3	and carry out the activities of that system.
4	(b) Agency Requirements.—
5	(1) Characteristics of agency.—The State
6	shall ensure that the agency designated under sub-
7	section (a) shall—
8	(A) not be administered by the State, or
9	an agency or instrumentality of a State; and
10	(B) be independent of any entity that rep-
11	resents the interest of the State, employers, or
12	other corporations.
13	(2) No redesignation of agency.—The
14	agency implementing the system shall not be redes-
15	ignated unless—
16	(A) there is good cause for the redesigna-
17	tion;
18	(B) the State has given the agency notice
19	of the intention to make such redesignation, in-
20	cluding notice regarding the good cause for
21	such redesignation, and given the agency an op-
22	portunity to respond to the assertion that good
23	cause has been shown;

1	(C) the agency has given timely notice of
2	the intended redesignation directly to clients of
3	the agency;
4	(D) the State has provided, in plain
5	English and in accessible formats for individ-
6	uals with disabilities and for individuals who
7	primarily speak a language other than English,
8	an opportunity for public comment; and
9	(E) the agency has an opportunity to ap-
10	peal the redesignation to the Secretary, on the
11	basis that the redesignation was not for good
12	cause.
13	(3) Costs of Notice.—The costs of the notice
14	required under paragraph (2)(C) shall be paid by
15	the State.
16	(c) System Required.—The system described in
17	subsection (a) shall—
18	(1) have the authority to—
19	(A) pursue legal, administrative, and other
20	appropriate remedies or approaches, as applica-
21	ble, to ensure the protection of, and advocacy
22	for, the rights of individuals within the State
23	who are or who may be eligible for relief from
24	employment discrimination; and

1	(B) provide information on and referral to
2	programs and services addressing the needs of
3	such individuals;
4	(2) have the authority—
5	(A) to investigate incidents of employment
6	discrimination, including harassment, and to
7	conduct investigations of systemic employment
8	discrimination, of such individuals if the inci-
9	dents are reported to the agency or if there is
10	probable cause to believe that the incidents oc-
11	curred; and
12	(B) to investigate and gather data in the
13	same manner as the Secretary under section
14	11(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act (29
15	U.S.C. 211(a));
16	(3) on an annual basis, develop, submit to the
17	Secretary, and take action with regard to goals and
18	priorities developed through data driven strategic
19	planning for the system's activities;
20	(4) on an annual basis, provide to the public,
21	including individuals described in paragraph (1)(A),
22	the regional office of the Commission that serves the
23	State, and any State agency whose purpose is to re-
24	duce or eliminate employment discrimination, an op-

portunity to comment on—

1	(A) the goals and priorities established by
2	the agency and the rationale for the establish-
3	ment of such goals; and
4	(B) the activities of the agency, including
5	the coordination of services with the District of
6	fice of the Commission that serves the State
7	and any State agency whose purpose is to re-
8	duce, eliminate, or redress employment dis-
9	crimination, and with entities carrying out
10	other related programs;
11	(5) establish a grievance procedure for clients
12	or prospective clients of the agency to ensure that
13	individuals described in paragraph (1)(A) have full
14	access to services of the agency;
15	(6) have access at reasonable times to any indi-
16	vidual described in paragraph (1)(A) in a location in
17	which services and other assistance are provided to
18	such an individual, in order to carry out the purpose
19	of this subtitle;
20	(7) have access, not later than 3 business days
21	after the agency makes a written request, to the
22	records of any individual described in paragraph
23	(1)(A) (including Federal and State workers) who is

a client of the agency if such individual, or other

- legal representative of such individual, has authorized the agency to have such access;
  - (8) hire and maintain sufficient numbers and types of staff (qualified by training and experience) to carry out the agency's functions, except that the State involved shall not apply hiring freezes, reductions in force, prohibitions on travel, or other policies to the staff of the agency, to the extent that such policies would impact the staff or functions of the agency funded with Federal funds or would prevent the agency from carrying out the functions of the system under this subtitle;
    - (9) have the authority to educate policymakers; and
    - (10) provide assurances to the Secretary that funds allotted to the State under section 433 will be used to supplement, and not supplant, the non-Federal funds that would otherwise be made available for the purposes for which the allotted funds are provided.

## (d) American Indian Consortium.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon application to the Secretary, the Secretary shall allot funds to one or more American Indian consortium established to provide services under this subtitle, in accordance with sec-

- tion 433(a)(5). Such funds shall be used to support
  services under this subtitle.
- 3 (2) COORDINATION OF SYSTEMS.—An American
  4 Indian consortium under paragraph (1) shall be con5 sidered to be a system for purposes of this subtitle
  6 and shall coordinate those services with other sys7 tems serving the same geographic area.
- 8 (3) RESPONSIBLE PARTY.—The tribal council 9 that designates the consortium shall carry out the 10 responsibilities and exercise the authorities specified 11 for a State in this subtitle, with regard to the con-12 sortium.

## 13 SEC. 435. ADMINISTRATION.

- 14 (a) GOVERNING BOARD.—The system described in
- 15 section 434 shall be organized as a private nonprofit entity
- 16 with a multimember governing board, and such governing
- 17 board shall be selected according to the policies and proce-
- 18 dures of the system, except that—
- 19 (1) the governing board shall be composed of
- 20 members who broadly represent or are knowledge-
- able about the needs of the individuals served by the
- 22 system;
- 23 (2) a majority of the members of the board
- shall be—

1	(A) attorneys representing the interests of
2	workers;
3	(B) advocates for workers with experience
4	working to protect or expand workers' rights; or
5	(C) workers who have experienced employ-
6	ment discrimination;
7	(3) not more than ½ of the members of the
8	governing board may be appointed by the chief exec-
9	utive officer of the State involved, in the case of any
10	State in which such officer has the authority to ap-
11	point members of the board;
12	(4) the membership of the governing board
13	shall be subject to term limits set by the system to
14	ensure rotating membership; and
15	(5) any vacancy in the board shall be filled not
16	later than 60 days after the date on which the va-
17	cancy occurs.
18	(b) Legal Action.—
19	(1) In general.—Nothing in this subtitle shall
20	preclude a system from bringing a suit on behalf of
21	individuals described in section 434(c)(1)(A) against
22	a State, or an agency or instrumentality of a State.
23	(2) Use of amounts from judgment.—An
24	amount received pursuant to a suit described in
25	paragraph (1) through a court judgment may only

1	be used by the system to further the purpose of this
2	subtitle and shall not be used to augment payments
3	to legal contractors or to award personal bonuses.
4	(c) Public Notice of Federal Onsite Review.—
5	The Secretary shall provide advance public notice of, and
6	solicit public comments regarding, any Federal pro-
7	grammatic or administrative onsite review of a system
8	conducted under this subtitle. The Secretary shall prepare
9	an onsite visit report containing the results of such review,
10	which shall be distributed to the Governor of the State
11	and to other interested public and private parties. The
12	comments received in response to the notice and public
13	comment solicitation shall be included in the onsite visit
14	report.
15	(d) Reports.—
16	(1) In general.—Beginning for the fiscal year
17	after the fiscal year during which this Act is en-
18	acted, each system established in a State pursuant
19	to this subtitle shall annually prepare and transmit
20	to the Secretary a report that describes the activi-
21	ties, accomplishments, and expenditures of the sys-
22	tem during the preceding fiscal year, including—
23	(A) a description of the system's goals, the
24	extent to which the goals were achieved, and
25	barriers to that achievement; and

1	(B) the process used to obtain public
2	input, the nature of such input, and how such
3	input was used.
4	(2) Disclosure of information.—For pur-
5	poses of the report described in paragraph (1) the
6	Secretary shall not require the system disclose the
7	identity of, or any other personally identifiable infor-
8	mation related to, any individual requesting assist-
9	ance from the system.
10	SEC. 436. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
11	There are authorized to be appropriated for allot-
12	ments under section 433 such sums as may be necessary.
13	TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS
14	SEC. 501. SEVERABILITY.
15	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
16	this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
17	ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
18	tutional, the remainder of this Act and the amendments

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made by this Act, and the application of the provision or

amendment to any other person or circumstance, shall not

21 be affected.