## 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 4520

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to eliminate certain fuel excise taxes and impose a tax on greenhouse gas emissions to provide revenue for maintaining and building American infrastructure, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 26, 2019

Mr. Fitzpatrick (for himself, Mr. Carbajal, Mr. Rooney of Florida, and Mr. Peters) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Natural Resources, Education and Labor, Transportation and Infrastructure, Science, Space, and Technology, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to eliminate certain fuel excise taxes and impose a tax on greenhouse gas emissions to provide revenue for maintaining and building American infrastructure, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE, TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart the

- 1 Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a Historic In-
- 2 frastructure-Centered Expansion Act" or the "MARKET
- 3 CHOICE Act".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title, table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings.

#### TITLE I—GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Sec. 101. Treatment of greenhouse gas emissions.

## TITLE II—DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUES FROM TAXATION OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Subtitle A—Rebuilding Infrastructure and Solutions for the Environment
Trust Fund

- Sec. 201. Establishment of the RISE Trust Fund.
- Sec. 202. Appropriations from the RISE Trust Fund.
- Sec. 203. State grants.

#### Subtitle B—Certain Manufacturers Excise Taxes

- Sec. 211. Repeal of Federal motor vehicle and aviation fuel taxes.
- Sec. 212. Amendments to certain tax credits for carbon capture and storage.
- Sec. 213. Modifications of qualifying advanced coal project credit.

#### TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS

### Subtitle A—Amendments to Federal Environmental Statutes

- Sec. 301. Amendments to the Clean Air Act.
- Sec. 302. Frequent and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects.
- Sec. 303. No preemption of State law.

### Subtitle B—Assistance to Displaced Workers in the Energy Sector

Sec. 321. Assistance to displaced workers in the energy sector.

#### TITLE IV—NATIONAL CLIMATE COMMISSION

- Sec. 401. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 402. Duties of Commission.
- Sec. 403. Powers of Commission.
- Sec. 404. Funding for the activities of the Commission.
- Sec. 405. Staff of the Commission.

## 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

## 7 Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) roads, bridges, airports, and urban trans-2 portation systems are essential to the economic and 3 national security of the United States;
  - (2) there is a chronic shortfall in funding for the maintenance of highways, bridges, and other critical infrastructure;
  - (3) strategic investments in new infrastructure will allow for economic growth and dynamism in the 21st century;
  - (4) there has been a marked increase in extreme weather events and the negative impacts of a changing climate are expected to worsen in every region of the United States;
  - (5) if left unaddressed, the consequences of a changing climate have the potential to adversely impact the health of all Americans, harm the economy, and impose substantial costs on local, State, and Federal budgets;
  - (6) efforts to reduce climate risk should protect our Nation's economy, security, infrastructure, agriculture, water supply, public health, and public safety; and
  - (7) there is bipartisan support for pursuing efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through

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1	economically viable, broadly supported private and
2	public policies and solutions.
3	TITLE I—GREENHOUSE GAS
4	<b>EMISSIONS</b>
5	SEC. 101. TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.
6	(a) In General.—The Internal Revenue Code of
7	1986 is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"Subtitle L—Greenhouse Gas
9	<b>Emissions</b>
10	"PART 1—TAXATION OF GREENHOUSE GAS
11	EMISSIONS
	"Sec. 9901. Imposition of tax on combusted fossil fuel greenhouse gas emis-
	sions.  "Sec. 9902. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain indus-
	trial processes.  "Sec. 9903. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain product uses.
	"Sec. 9904. Calculation of taxable emissions.
	"Sec. 9905. Credit for State payments. "Sec. 9906. Penalties for nonpayment.
	"Sec. 9907. Definitions.
12	"SEC. 9901. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON COMBUSTED FOSSIL
13	FUEL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.
14	"(a) In General.—There is hereby imposed a tax
15	on fossil fuels produced within, or imported into, the
16	United States.
17	"(b) Rate of Tax.—
18	"(1) Greenhouse gases that would be re-
19	LEASED IF THE FOSSIL FUEL WERE COMBUSTED.—
20	The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be the appli-

1	cable amount per ton of carbon dioxide equivalent of
2	all greenhouse gasses that would be released if the
3	fossil fuel were combusted.
4	"(2) Applicable amount of Carbon Dioxide
5	EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS.—For purposes of para-
6	graph (1), the term 'applicable amount' means—
7	"(A) for calendar year 2021, \$35 per met-
8	ric ton of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions,
9	and
10	"(B) for each calendar year after 2021,
11	the tax rate shall be the sum of—
12	"(i) the previous calendar year's tax
13	rate, plus
14	"(ii) the sum of—
15	"(I) 5 percentage points, plus
16	"(II) a percentage increase in the
17	previous year's tax rate equal to the
18	increase in the Consumer Price Index
19	for the previous calendar year.
20	"(C) Consumer price index for any
21	CALENDAR YEAR.—For purposes of subpara-
22	graph (B), the Consumer Price Index for the
23	previous calendar year is the average of the
24	Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers
25	published by the Department of Labor as of the

1	close of the 12-month period ending on August
2	31 of such calendar year. For purposes of the
3	preceding sentence, the revision of the Con-
4	sumer Price Index which is most consistent
5	with the Consumer Price Index for calendar
6	year 1986 shall be used.
7	"(3) Rate adjustment based on emission
8	LEVELS.—
9	"(A) Report.—Not later than March 30,
10	2022, and annually thereafter, the Secretary
11	and the Administrator shall jointly report the
12	emissions during the calendar year ending on
13	the preceding December 31 from sources sub-
14	ject to taxation under this part. The report
15	shall determine whether the cumulative amount
16	of annual emissions reported for the period be-
17	ginning in calendar year 2021 and through the
18	end of the preceding calendar year were less
19	than the emissions levels specified in the fol-
20	lowing schedule:
21	"(i) The total emissions through cal-
22	endar year 2021 are 4,900 million metric
23	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

1	"(ii) The total emissions through cal-
2	endar year 2022 are 9,700 million metric
3	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
4	"(iii) The total emissions through cal-
5	endar year 2023 are 14,400 million metric
6	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
7	"(iv) The total emissions through cal-
8	endar year 2024 are 19,000 million metric
9	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
10	"(v) The total emissions through cal-
11	endar year 2025 are 23,500 million metric
12	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
13	"(vi) The total emissions through cal-
14	endar year 2026 are 27,900 million metric
15	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
16	"(vii) The total emissions through cal-
17	endar year 2027 are 32,200 million metric
18	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
19	"(viii) The total emissions through
20	calendar year 2028 are 36,500 million
21	metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
22	"(ix) The total emissions through cal-
23	endar year 2029 are 40,600 million metric
24	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

1	"(x) The total emissions through cal-
2	endar year 2030 are 44,800 million metric
3	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
4	"(xi) The total emissions through cal-
5	endar year 2031 are 48,800 million metric
6	tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
7	"(B) Adjustments for report pe-
8	RIOD.—
9	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
10	March 30, 2023, and every two years
11	thereafter, the Secretary shall determine
12	whether an adjustment is required in ac-
13	cordance with clause (ii).
14	"(ii) Period through 2032.—If the
15	emission level reported under subpara-
16	graph (A) for calendar year 2022, and
17	every second calendar year thereafter
18	through calendar year 2032, exceeds the
19	level for such calendar year specified in
20	clauses (i) through (xi) of subparagraph
21	(A), then the applicable amount under
22	paragraph (2) for the calendar year begin-
23	ning on the next January 1 following the
24	determination in clause (i) shall, after the
25	increase under paragraph (2) for such next

1	calendar year, be increased by an addi-
2	tional \$4 per metric ton.
3	"(c) By Whom Paid.—The tax imposed by sub-
4	section (a) shall be paid by the owner of the fossil fuel
5	at the point of taxation.
6	"(d) Point of Taxation.—
7	"(1) For fossil fuels produced within the United
8	States, the point of taxation shall be—
9	"(A) for coal, the mine mouth or, for
10	washed coal, the exit from the coal preparation
11	and processing plant,
12	"(B) for petroleum products, the exit point
13	from the refinery, and
14	"(C) for natural gas, the exit from the gas
15	processing plant or, for natural gas that is not
16	treated at a gas processing plant, the point of
17	sale to the person who combusts the gas or in-
18	corporates it into a product that is not intended
19	for combustion.
20	"(2) For any fossil fuel imported into the
21	United States, the point of taxation shall be the
22	point at which it first enters the United States.
23	"(e) Exemptions.—
24	"(1) Exemption for noncombustive
25	USES.—

"(A) Refund for reduction or eliminated over the product that incorporates a fossil fuel that has been taxed under this section who can demonstrate to the Secretary that the fossil fuel has been transformed via the manufacture of the product so that the fossil fuel's emissions will be reduced or eliminated over the product's lifetime shall be entitled to a refund of the tax paid under this section on the proportion of the emissions reduced thereby, as determined by the Secretary.

- "(B) Rule.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator, shall establish by rule the criteria and process by which product manufacturers can demonstrate that the conditions in subparagraph (A) have been satisfied.
- "(C) Publication of Regulations.—
  The Secretary shall publish the regulations required by this subsection no later than one year prior to the start of the calendar year referred to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary may not collect the tax imposed by this section for any calendar year that begins less than one year after the regulations are published.

1	"(2) Exemption for Carbon Capture and
2	STORAGE.—
3	"(A) REFUND FOR SEQUESTERS.—Any
4	person who sequesters greenhouse gas emissions
5	resulting from the combustion of fossil fuel that
6	has passed through a point of taxation shall be
7	entitled to a refund of the tax imposed by this
8	section. Emissions that are used for enhanced
9	oil recovery shall be entitled for such refund
10	provided that these emissions meet all of the
11	criteria applicable to other emissions that qual-
12	ify for such refund.
13	"(B) Rule.—The Secretary shall establish
14	by rule the procedures by which to apply for
15	such refunds and such refunds shall be paid
16	within six months of the Secretary receiving an
17	approvable application.
18	"(C) Time of Refund.—The Secretary
19	may not refund any amounts under this para-
20	graph until such time as the Secretary has pub-
21	lished the regulations described in section

45Q(f)(2).

1	"SEC. 9902. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS
2	EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL
3	PROCESSES.
4	"(a) In General.—There is hereby imposed a tax
5	on industrial process greenhouse gas emissions by certain
6	source categories.
7	"(b) List of Source Categories.—
8	"(1) Initial list.—The Congress establishes
9	for purposes of this section a list of source cat-
10	egories subject to this section as follows:
11	"(A) Iron and steel production and met-
12	allurgical coke production.
13	"(B) Underground coal mining.
14	"(C) Coal preparation and processing
15	plants.
16	"(D) Refineries.
17	"(E) Cement production.
18	"(F) Petrochemical production.
19	"(G) Lime production.
20	"(H) Ammonia production.
21	"(I) Aluminum production.
22	"(J) Soda ash production.
23	"(K) Ferroalloy production.
24	"(L) Phosphoric acid production.
25	"(M) Glass production.
26	"(N) Zinc production.

1	"(O) Lead production.
2	"(P) Magnesium production and proc-
3	essing.
4	"(Q) Nitric acid production.
5	"(R) Adipic acid production.
6	"(S) Semiconductor manufacture.
7	"(T) Electrical transmission and distribu-
8	tion.
9	"(2) Revision of the list.—The Adminis-
10	trator shall review the list of source categories estab-
11	lished by this subsection not less than once every
12	five years to determine if they should continue to be
13	listed and publish the results of that review. The Ad-
14	ministrator may, if appropriate, add any source cat-
15	egories to this list by rule.
16	"(3) Removal of a source category from
17	THE LIST.—The Administrator may remove a source
18	category from this list only if—
19	"(A) the total emissions from the entire
20	source category which are taxable under this
21	section have been less than 250,000 metric tons
22	of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for each
23	of three consecutive years,
24	"(B) the average emissions from facilities
25	in the source category which are taxable under

1 this section have been less than 25,000 metric 2 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for 3 each of the years referred in subparagraph (A), 4 and "(C) the Administrator determines that 6 there is no reasonable possibility that the total 7 emissions from the entire source category which 8 are taxable under this section will exceed 9 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide 10 equivalent within any of the five years following

such determination.

"(4) Addition of a source category to the List.—The Administrator may add a source category to this list only if the Administrator determines that—

"(A) the total emissions from the entire source category which are taxable under this section have been greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in any two years out of the preceding five years,

"(B) the average emissions from facilities in the source category which are taxable under this section have been greater than 25,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in the years in which emissions from the entire

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1	source category have been greater than 250,000
2	tons per year, and
3	"(C) there is a reasonable possibility that
4	the total emissions from the entire source cat-
5	egory which are taxable under this section will
6	be greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of
7	carbon dioxide equivalent in any year within the
8	next five years following such determination.
9	"(c) RATE OF TAX.—The rate of tax shall be the
10	same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).
11	"(d) By Whom Paid.—The tax imposed by sub-
12	section (a) shall be paid by the owner or operator of the
13	point of taxation.
14	"(e) Point of Taxation.—The point of taxation
15	shall be any facility in a source category which emits more
16	than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent sub-
17	ject to taxation under this section in any calendar year.
18	"SEC. 9903. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS
19	EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN PRODUCT USES.

- $^{\prime\prime}(a)$  In General.—There is hereby imposed a tax
- 21 on non-fossil-fuel-greenhouse-gas emissions by certain
- 22 manufactured products when used for their intended pur-
- 23 poses that are manufactured within or imported into, the
- 24 United States.
- 25 "(b) List of Products.—

1	"(1) Initial list.—The Congress establishes
2	for purposes of this section a list of products subject
3	to this section as follows:
4	"(A) Fuel ethanol.
5	"(B) Industrial carbonates.
6	"(C) Carbon dioxide urea.
7	"(D) Soda ash.
8	"(E) Nitrous oxide.
9	"(F) Ozone depleting substances, but not
10	if the United States has ratified the Kigali
11	Amendment to the Montreal Protocol and is
12	subject to Article 2J, paragraph 1 of the
13	Amended Montreal Protocol.
14	"(G) Biodiesel.
15	"(H) Solid biomass fuels.
16	"(2) REVISION OF THE LIST.—The Adminis-
17	trator shall review the list of products established by
18	this subsection not less than once every five years to
19	determine if they should continue to be listed and
20	publish the results of that review. The Administrator
21	may, if appropriate, add any product to this list by
22	rule.
23	"(3) Removal of a product from the
24	LIST.—The Administrator may remove a product
25	from this list only if—

1	"(A) the total emissions from all of the
2	product used within the United States has been
3	less than 250,000 metric tons per year of car-
4	bon dioxide equivalent for each of three con-
5	secutive years, and
6	"(B) the Administrator determines that
7	there is no reasonable possibility that the total
8	emissions from all of the product used in the
9	United States will exceed 250,000 metric tons
10	per year of carbon dioxide equivalent within any
11	of the five years following such determination.
12	"(4) Addition of a product to the list.—
13	The Administrator may add a product to this list
14	only if the Administrator determines that—
15	"(A) the total emissions from all of the
16	product used within the United States has been
17	greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of
18	carbon dioxide equivalent in any two years out
19	of the preceding five years, and
20	"(B) there is a reasonable possibility that
21	the total emissions from all of the product used
22	within the United States will be greater than
23	250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide
24	equivalent in any year within the next five years
25	following such determination.

- 1 "(e) Rate of Tax.—The rate of tax shall be the
- 2 same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).
- 3 "(d) By Whom Paid.—The tax imposed by sub-
- 4 section (a) shall be paid—
- 5 "(1) for products manufactured in the United
- 6 States, by the owner or operator of the point of tax-
- 7 ation, and
- 8 "(2) for products imported into the United
- 9 States, by the owner of the product when it enters
- the United States.
- 11 "(e) Point of Taxation.—The point of taxation
- 12 shall be—
- "(1) for products manufactured in the United
- 14 States, the manufacturing facility,
- 15 "(2) for products imported into the United
- 16 States, the point at which it first enters the United
- 17 States, and
- 18 "(3) for domestically produced biomass fuel by
- a facility that emits from combusted biomass fuel
- 20 more than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
- 21 equivalent greenhouse gases in a year, the facility
- that combusts the biomass fuel.
- 23 "SEC. 9904. CALCULATION OF TAXABLE EMISSIONS.
- 24 "(a) How To Calculate Taxable Emissions.—
- 25 In consultation with the Department of Energy, the Ad-

- 1 ministrator shall establish by rule (and may, from time
- 2 to time, revise) the method by which taxable emissions
- 3 under this part shall be calculated.
- 4 "(b) Categories and Subcategories Consid-
- 5 ERED.—For purposes of calculating emissions taxable
- 6 under—
- "(1) section 9901, the Administrator shall determine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equivalent that would be emitted if each fossil fuel were combusted, and the Administrator may establish by rule such subcategories of each fuel and the means
- by which it is combusted as the Administrator deems
- 13 appropriate,
- 14 "(2) section 9902, the Administrator may de-15 termine by rule such subcategories of any industrial 16 process category listed in subsection 9902(b) as the
- 17 Administrator deems appropriate, and
- 18 "(3) section 9903, for fuel ethanol, biodiesel,
- and solid biomass fuels the Administrator shall de-
- termine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equiv-
- alent that would be emitted based on the lifecycle
- greenhouse gas emissions of the product (excluding
- emissions from fossil fuels that have passed through
- a point of taxation), and the Administrator may de-
- 25 termine by rule such subcategories of manufactured

- 1 products listed in subsection 9903(b) as the Admin-
- 2 istrator deems appropriate.
- 3 "(c) Methods.—Where greenhouse gas emissions
- 4 subject to taxation under any section of this part are com-
- 5 bined with greenhouse gas emissions subject to taxation
- 6 under any other section of this part, the Administrator
- 7 shall ensure, to the greatest degree possible, that the
- 8 methods required to determine the emissions taxable
- 9 under any section of this part do not include any emissions
- 10 taxable under any other section of this part.
- 11 "(d) METHOD COST DIFFERENCES.—The Adminis-
- 12 trator shall not require the use of any method to calculate
- 13 taxable emissions whereby the difference in cost of the
- 14 method compared to the next cheapest alternative method
- 15 is greater than the amount of the tax that would be paid
- 16 on the additional emissions determined by the more expen-
- 17 sive method.
- 18 "(e) Publication of Regulations.—The Adminis-
- 19 trator shall publish the regulations required by this section
- 20 no later than one year prior to the start of the calendar
- 21 year referred to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary
- 22 may not collect the tax imposed by any section in this part
- 23 for any calendar year that begins less than one year after
- 24 the regulations applicable to each such section are pub-
- 25 lished.

## "SEC. 9905. CREDIT FOR STATE PAYMENTS.

2	"(a) Credit for Payments.—The Secretary shall
3	allow any person who is required to make payment for
4	greenhouse gas emissions under this part a credit for pay-
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- 5 ments made on those emissions required under any State
- 6 law in the following manner:
- 7 "(1) For the year given in section 9901(b)(2), 8 a credit equal to 100 percent of the amount paid 9 pursuant to requirements of State law.
- "(2) For the first year following the year used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 80 percent of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.
- "(3) For the second year following the year used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 60 percent of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.
- 17 "(4) For the third year following the year used 18 in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 40 percent of the 19 amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.
- 20 "(5) For the fourth year following the year 21 used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 20 percent 22 of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of 23 State law.
- 24 "(b) No CREDIT.—For all years following the year 25 used in paragraph (5), no credit shall be allowed.

## 1 "SEC. 9906. PENALTIES FOR NONPAYMENT.

- 2 "Any person who fails to comply with the require-
- 3 ments of section 9901, 9902, or 9903 shall be liable for
- 4 payment to the Secretary, without demand, of a penalty
- 5 in the amount equal to 3 times the applicable amount
- 6 specified by those sections for the same tax year as the
- 7 year in which the person failed to comply with such re-
- 8 quirements.

## 9 "SEC. 9907. DEFINITIONS.

- 10 "Unless otherwise provided, the definitions provided
- 11 herein are applicable to all provisions of this subtitle.
- 12 "(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Adminis-
- trator' means the Administrator of the Environ-
- 14 mental Protection Agency.
- 15 "(2) CARDON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The
- term 'carbon dioxide equivalent' means the number
- of metric tons of CO2 emissions with the same glob-
- al warming potential over a 100-year period as one
- metric ton of another greenhouse gas.
- 20 "(3) Coal.—The term 'coal' means any of the
- 21 recognized classifications and ranks of coal, includ-
- ing anthracite, bituminous, semibituminous, subbitu-
- 23 minous, lignite, and peat.
- 24 "(4) COAL PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
- 25 PLANT.—The term 'coal preparation and processing
- plant' means any facility (excluding underground

- 1 mining operations) which prepares coal by one or 2 more of the following processes: breaking, crushing, 3 screening, wet or dry cleaning, and thermal drying.
- "(5) ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY.—The term fenhanced oil recovery has the meaning defined at section 1.193–1(b)(2) of title 26, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of this section.
  - "(6) Facility.—The term 'facility' means any physical property, plant, building, structure, source, or stationary equipment located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties in actual physical contact or separated solely by a public roadway or other public right-of-way and under common ownership or common control, that emits or may emit any greenhouse gas.
  - "(7) Fossil fuel.—The term 'fossil fuel' means coal, petroleum products, or natural gas.
  - "(8) Greenhouse Gas.—The term 'greenhouse gas' means carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride.
  - "(9) GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECTS.—The term 'greenhouse gas effects' means the adverse effects of greenhouse gasses on health or welfare caused by

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- the greenhouse gas's heat-trapping potential or its
  effect on ocean acidification.
- 3 "(10) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMIS-4 SIONS.—The term 'lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-5 sions' has the meaning given that term in section 6 211 of the Clear Air Act.
  - "(11) NATURAL GAS.—The term 'natural gas' means any fuel consisting in whole or in part of natural gas, including components of natural gas such as methane and ethane; liquid petroleum gas; synthetic gas derived from coal, petroleum, or natural gas liquids; or any mixture of natural gas and synthetic gas.
    - "(12) Petroleum products' means unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. The term does not include natural gas, liquefied natural

- gas, biofuels, methanol, and other nonpetroleum fuels.
- 3 "(13) PUBLISH.—The term 'publish' means
  4 publication in the Federal Register.
  - "(14) Refinery.—The term 'refinery' means any facility engaged in producing gasoline, kerosene, distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, lubricants, or other products through distillation of petroleum or through redistillation, cracking, or reforming of unfinished petroleum derivatives.
    - "(15) OWNER.—The term 'owner' with respect to any fossil fuel means any person who has legal title to the fossil fuel.
    - "(16) OWNER OR OPERATOR.—The term 'owner or operator' with respect to any fossil fuel means any person who has legal title to the fossil fuel.
    - "(17) SEQUESTERS.—The term 'sequesters' means the permanent storage of carbon dioxide or other greenhouse gas such that it does not escape into the atmosphere, and is in compliance with the regulations issued pursuant to section 45Q(f)(2).
    - "(18) Solid biomass.—The term 'solid biomass' means nonfossilized and biodegradable organic material originating from plants, animals, or microorganisms, including products, byproducts, residues

- and waste from agriculture, forestry, and related in-
- 2 dustries as well as the nonfossilized and biodegrad-
- 3 able organic fractions of industrial and municipal
- 4 wastes, but does not include gases and liquids recov-
- 5 ered from the decomposition of nonfossilized and
- 6 biodegradable organic material.
- 7 "(19) Source category.—The term 'source
- 8 category' means any category or subcategory regu-
- 9 lated under part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
- ulations, or part 90 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
- 11 ulations.

## 12 "PART 2—TAX ADJUSTMENTS FOR IMPORTS AND

## 13 EXPORTS OF GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSIVE

## 14 **PRODUCTS**

## 15 "SEC. 9911. PURPOSES.

- 16 "(a) Purposes of Part.—The purposes of this part
- 17 are—
- "(1) to promote a strong global effort to signifi-
- 19 cantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and
- 20 "(2) to prevent carbon leakage.
- 21 "(b) Additional Purposes of Part.—The pur-
- 22 poses of this part are additionally—

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9911. Purposes.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9912. Definitions.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9913. Notification of foreign countries.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9914. Border tax adjustment rate.

- "(1) to provide a rebate to exporters in domestic eligible industrial sectors for the greenhouse gas emission costs of the owners and operators incurred under this title, but not for costs associated with other related or unrelated market dynamics,
  - "(2) to ensure that imports from other countries, and, in particular, fast-growing developing countries, do not enjoy competitive advantages because of the carbon tax liability of domestic manufacturers, and therefore increase their emissions,
  - "(3) to encourage foreign countries to take substantial action with respect to their greenhouse gas emissions, and
- "(4) to ensure that the measures described in this subpart are designed and implemented in a manner consistent with applicable international agreements to which the United States is a party.

## 18 "SEC. 9912. DEFINITIONS.

19 "In this part:

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"(1) CARBON LEAKAGE.—The term 'carbon leakage' means any substantial increase (as determined by the Secretary) in greenhouse gas emissions by entities located in other countries caused by a cost of production increase in the United States resulting from implementation of this title.

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- "(2) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT.—The term
  border tax adjustment' means the levying of a tax
  on imported covered goods equivalent to the amount
  of tax paid pursuant to part 1 of this subtitle in the
  manufacture of comparable domestic manufactured
  goods, and the rebating of the tax paid pursuant to
  part 1 of this subtitle that has been paid on covered
  goods exported from the United States.
  - "(3) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.—The term 'border tax adjustment rate' means the amount of tax that would be paid on a covered good produced in the United States in the current year.
  - "(4) COMMISSIONER.—The term 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of United States Customs and Border Protection.
  - "(5) COVERED GOOD.—The term 'covered good' means a good that is—

"(A) entered under a heading or subheading of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States that corresponds to the NAICS code for an eligible industrial sector, as established in the concordance between NAICS codes and the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States prepared by the United States Census Bureau, or

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1	"(B) a manufactured item for consump-
2	tion.
3	"(6) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The
4	term 'eligible industrial sector' means an industrial
5	sector determined by the Secretary under section
6	9913.
7	"(7) Industrial sector.—The term 'indus-
8	trial sector' means any sector that—
9	"(A) is in the manufacturing sector (as de-
10	fined in NAICS codes 31, 32, and 33), or
11	"(B) is part of, or an entire, sector that
12	beneficiates or otherwise processes (including
13	agglomeration) metal ores, including iron and
14	copper ores, soda ash, and phosphate. The term
15	'industrial sector' does not include any part of
16	a sector that extracts fossil fuels, metal ores,
17	soda ash, or phosphate.
18	"(8) Manufactured Item for Consump-
19	TION.—The term 'manufactured item for consump-
20	tion' means any good—
21	"(A) that includes in substantial quantities
22	one or more goods like the goods produced by
23	an eligible industrial sector, and
24	"(B) for which the Secretary has deter-
25	mined, with the concurrence of the Commis-

1 sioner, that the application of the border tax 2 adjustment program pursuant to this part is 3 technically and administratively feasible and ap-4 propriate to achieve the purposes of this part, 5 taking into account the greenhouse gas inten-6 sity, and where appropriate the trade intensity, 7 of the industrial sector that produces the good, 8 as measured consistent with section 9913 and 9 the ability of the producers to recover cost in-10 creases in the marketplace and other appro-11 priate factors.

- 12 "(9) NAICS.—The term 'NAICS' means the 13 North American Industrial Classification System of 14 2002.
- "(10) OUTPUT.—The term 'output' means the total tonnage or other standard unit of production (as determined by the Secretary) produced by an entity in an industrial sector.

## 19 "SEC. 9913. NOTIFICATION OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act, the President shall notify each foreign country1 "(1) requesting the foreign country to take appropriate measures to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of the foreign country, and

"(2) indicating that a border tax adjustment may apply to covered goods imported into and exported from the United States.

## "(b) Lists.—

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- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act, the Secretary shall promulgate a rule designating, based on the criteria under subsection (c)(2), industrial sectors where covered products are liable for the border tax adjustment.
- "(2) CONTENT.—The list shall include the amount of the border tax adjustment rate for each covered good in the following calendar year pursuant to section 9914.
- "(3) Subsequent Lists.—Not later than January 31 of each calendar year after the calendar year in which the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act is enacted, the Secretary shall

1	publish in the Federal Register an updated version
2	of the list published under paragraph (1).
3	"(c) Eligible Industrial Sectors.—
4	"(1) Presumptively eligible industrial
5	SECTORS.—
6	"(A) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—
7	"(i) In general.—
8	"(I) Imported covered goods are
9	liable under this part if they are pro-
10	duced in the United States in an in-
11	dustrial sector that is included in a 6-
12	digit classification of the NAICS that
13	meets the criteria in both clauses (ii)
14	and (iii).
15	"(II) Exported covered goods are
16	eligible under this part if they are
17	produced in the United States in an
18	industrial sector that is included in a
19	6-digit classification of the NAICS
20	that meets the criteria in clause (ii).
21	"(ii) Greenhouse gas intensity.—
22	As determined by the Secretary, an indus-
23	trial sector meets the criteria of this clause
24	if the United States industrial sector has a

1	greenhouse gas intensity of at least 5 per-
2	cent, calculated by dividing—
3	"(I) the number of metric tons of
4	carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse
5	gas emissions (including direct emis-
6	sions from fuel combustion, process
7	emissions, and indirect emissions from
8	the generation of electricity used to
9	produce the output of the sector) of
10	the sector based on data described in
11	subparagraph (C), multiplied by the
12	applicable rate in section 9901(b)(2),
13	by
14	"(II) the value of the shipments
15	of the sector, based on data described
16	in subparagraph (C).
17	"(iii) Trade intensity.—As deter-
18	mined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
19	tor meets the criteria of this clause if the
20	industrial sector has a trade intensity of at
21	least 15 percent, calculated by dividing—
22	"(I) the value of the total im-
23	ports and exports of the sector, by
24	"(II) the value of the shipments
25	plus the value of imports of the sec-

1	tor, based on data described in sub-
2	paragraph (C).
3	"(B) Metal and phosphate produc-
4	TION CLASSIFIED UNDER MORE THAN ONE
5	NAICS CODE.—For purposes of this section, the
6	Secretary shall—
7	"(i) aggregate data for the
8	beneficiation or other processing (including
9	agglomeration) of metal ores, including
10	iron and copper ores, soda ash, or phos-
11	phate with subsequent steps in the process
12	of metal and phosphate manufacturing, re-
13	gardless of the NAICS code under which
14	the activity is classified, and
15	"(ii) aggregate data for the manufac-
16	turing of steel with the manufacturing of
17	steel pipe and tube made from purchased
18	steel in a nonintegrated process.
19	"(C) Data sources.—
20	"(i) Value of shipments.—
21	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
22	retary shall determine the value of
23	shipments under this subsection from
24	data from the United States Census
25	Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

1	"(II) AVERAGE DATA AVAIL-
2	ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
3	average of data from the most recent
4	3 years for which the data are avail-
5	able.
6	"(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
7	AVAILABLE.—If data described in sub-
8	clause (II) are unavailable, the Sec-
9	retary shall make a determination
10	based on—
11	"(aa) data from the most
12	detailed industrial classification
13	level of the Manufacturing En-
14	ergy Consumption Survey of the
15	Energy Information Administra-
16	tion, and
17	"(bb) data from the most re-
18	cent Economic Census of the
19	United States.
20	"(IV) Data not available for
21	SECTOR.—If data from the Manufac-
22	turing Energy Consumption Survey or
23	Economic Census are unavailable for
24	any sector at the 6-digit classification
25	level in the NAICS, the Secretary may

1	use available Manufacturing Energy
2	Consumption Survey or Economic
3	Census data pertaining to a broader
4	industrial category classified in the
5	NAICS.
6	"(V) Data not available for
7	PROCESSING.—If data relating to the
8	beneficiation or other processing (in-
9	cluding agglomeration) of metal ores
10	(including iron and copper ores, soda
11	ash, or phosphate) are not available
12	from the specified data sources, the
13	Secretary—
14	"(aa) shall use the best
15	available Federal or State gov-
16	ernment data, and
17	"(bb) may use, to the extent
18	necessary, representative data
19	submitted by entities that per-
20	form the beneficiation or other
21	processing (including agglomer-
22	ation), in making a determina-
23	tion.
24	"(ii) Imports and exports.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
2	retary shall base the value of imports
3	and exports under this subsection on
4	United States International Trade
5	Commission data.
6	"(II) Average data avail-
7	ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
8	average of data from the three most
9	recent years for which the data are
10	available.
11	"(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
12	AVAILABLE.—If data from the United
13	States International Trade Commis-
14	sion are unavailable for any sector at
15	the 6-digit classification level in the
16	NAICS, the Secretary may use United
17	States International Trade Commis-
18	sion data pertaining to a broader in-
19	dustrial category classified in the
20	NAICS.
21	"(iii) Percentages.—The Secretary
22	shall round the greenhouse gas intensity
23	and trade intensity percentages under sub-
24	paragraph (A) to the nearest whole num-
25	ber.

1	"(iv) Greenhouse gas emission
2	CALCULATIONS.—When calculating the
3	metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
4	greenhouse gas emissions for each sector
5	under subparagraph (A)(ii)(I), the Sec-
6	retary—
7	"(I) shall use the best available
8	data from the three most recent years
9	for which the data are available, and
10	"(II) may, to the extent nec-
11	essary with respect to a sector, use
12	economic and engineering models and
13	the best available information on tech-
14	nology performance levels for the sec-
15	tor.
16	"(2) Administrative determination of Ad-
17	DITIONAL ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—
18	"(A) UPDATED TRADE INTENSITY DATA.—
19	The Secretary shall designate as liable for the
20	border tax adjustment rate on imported prod-
21	ucts under this part an industrial sector that—
22	"(i) met the greenhouse gas intensity
23	criteria in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) as of the
24	date of promulgation of the rule under
25	paragraph (1), and

1	"(ii) meets the trade intensity criteria
2	established under paragraph (1)(A)(iii),
3	using data sources described in paragraph
4	(1)(C) from any year after the passage of
5	this Act.
6	"(B) Individual showing petition.—
7	"(i) Petition.—In addition to des-
8	ignation under subparagraph (A), the
9	owner or operator of an entity or a group
10	of entities that collectively produce not less
11	than 80 percent of the average annual
12	value of shipments from within the sector
13	of the group consistent with subclause (I),
14	that manufacture similar products in an
15	industrial sector may petition the Sec-
16	retary to designate as eligible industrial
17	sectors under this part an entity or a
18	group of entities that—
19	"(I) represent a sector using a
20	standard product classification, and
21	"(II) meet the respective import
22	and/or export eligibility criteria in
23	paragraph (1)(A)(i).

1	"(ii) Data.—In making a determina-
2	tion under this subparagraph, the Sec-
3	retary shall consider—
4	"(I) data submitted by the peti-
5	tioner,
6	"(II) data solicited by the Sec-
7	retary from other entities in the sec-
8	tor, and
9	"(III) data specified in para-
10	graph (1)(C).
11	"(iii) Basis of subsector deter-
12	MINATION.—
13	"(I) In general.—Except as
14	provided in subclause (II), the Sec-
15	retary shall determine an entity or
16	group of entities to be a subsector of
17	a 6-digit section of the NAICS code
18	based only on the products manufac-
19	tured and not the industrial process
20	by which the products are manufac-
21	tured.
22	"(II) Type of material.—The
23	Secretary may determine an entity or
24	group of entities that manufacture a
25	product from primarily virgin material

1	to be a separate subsector from an-
2	other entity or group of entities that
3	manufacture the same product pri-
4	marily from recycled material.
5	"(iv) Use of most recent data.—
6	In determining whether to designate a sec-
7	tor or subsector as an eligible industrial
8	sector under this subparagraph, the Sec-
9	retary shall use the most recent data avail-
10	able from the sources described in para-
11	graph (1)(C), rather than the data from
12	the years specified in paragraph (1)(C), to
13	determine the trade intensity of the sector
14	or subsector, but only for determining the
15	trade intensity.
16	"(v) Final action.—The Secretary
17	shall take final action on a petition de-
18	scribed in this subparagraph not later than
19	180 days after the date the completed peti-
20	tion is received by the Secretary.
21	"(3) Cessation of qualifying activities.—
22	If, as determined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
23	tor or a covered good within the sector is no longer
24	liable to be designated under this section, the Com-

missioner shall cease to apply the border tax adjust-

1	ment on the relevant covered goods with effect from
2	January 1 of the following year.
3	"SEC. 9914. BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.
4	"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, with the con-
5	currence of the Commissioner, shall, no later than the date
6	that is one year after the date of the enactment of this
7	section, promulgate regulations—
8	"(1) establishing the products which are liable
9	for, and requiring payment of, the border tax adjust-
10	ment rate,
11	"(2) establishing a general methodology for cal-
12	culating the level of the border tax adjustment rate
13	that a domestic importer of any covered good must
14	submit and the rebate that an exporter will receive,
15	"(3) establishing an administrative process
16	whereby any determination by the Secretary under
17	this subsection may be appealed,
18	"(4) exempting from this section products that
19	originate from—
20	"(A) any country that the United Nations
21	has identified as among the least developed of
22	developing countries, or
23	"(B) any country that the President has
24	determined to be responsible for less than 0.5
25	percent of total global greenhouse gas emissions

- and less than 5 percent of global production in
- 2 the eligible industrial sector,
- 3 "(5) specifying the procedures that the Com-
- 4 missioner will apply for the declaration and entry of
- 5 covered goods with respect to the eligible industrial
- 6 sector into the customs territory of the United
- 7 States, and
- 8 "(6) establishing procedures that prevent cir-
- 9 cumvention of the carbon tax liability for covered
- goods that are manufactured or processed in more
- than one foreign country.
- 12 "(b) President Discretion.—The President
- 13 may elect not to levy the border tax adjustment for an
- 14 eligible industrial sector or for specific products within
- 15 that sector if the President determines and certifies to
- 16 Congress that the program would not be in the national
- 17 interest, economic interest, or environmental interest of
- 18 the United States.".
- 19 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of subtitles
- 20 for the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add-
- 21 ing at the end the following new item:
  - "Subtitle L. Greenhouse Gas Emissions.".
- (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 23 this section shall apply to emissions after the later of De-
- 24 cember 31, 2019, and the date that is one year after the

- 1 date regulations are promulgated under section 9914 of
- 2 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 3 TITLE II—DISTRIBUTION OF
- 4 REVENUES FROM TAXATION
- 5 OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMIS-
- 6 SIONS
- 7 Subtitle A—Rebuilding Infrastruc-
- 8 ture and Solutions for the Envi-
- 9 ronment Trust Fund
- 10 SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RISE TRUST FUND.
- 11 There is hereby created in the Treasury of the United
- 12 States a trust fund to be known as the "Rebuilding Infra-
- 13 structure and Solutions for the Environment Trust Fund"
- 14 (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "RISE Trust
- 15 Fund"), consisting of amounts paid into the Treasury pur-
- 16 suant to subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 17 (as added by title I of this Act), and 75 percent of such
- 18 amounts are hereby appropriated and transferred to the
- 19 RISE Trust Fund.
- 20 SEC. 202. APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE RISE TRUST FUND.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the RISE Trust
- 22 Fund for a fiscal year shall be available, as provided by
- 23 appropriation Acts, as follows:
- 24 (1) 70 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021
- through 2030 to the Highway Trust Fund.

- 1 (2) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 2 through 2030 for the weatherization program devel-3 oped under part A of title IV of the Energy Con-4 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861 et 5 seq.).
  - (3) 3 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for assistance for displaced energy workers under section 321.
  - (4) 2.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
  - (5) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 to the Leaking Underground Storage Trust Fund under section 9508 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
  - (6) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 to the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund under section 401 of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1231).
  - (7) 4 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for frequent and chronic coastal flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects under section 302.

- 1 (8) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 2 through 2030 for Advanced Research Projects Agen-3 cy-Energy under section 5012 of the America COM-4 PETES Act (42 U.S.C. 16538).
  - (9) 0.7 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for the Carbon Capture Research and Development Program of the National Energy Technology Laboratory, Office of Fossil Energy, Department of Energy.
    - (10) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for assistance for Carbon Storage DOE Fossil Energy Research, Development, and Demonstration Program Areas, Coal Program Area (Carbon Storage).
    - (11) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for assistance to the National Energy Technology Laboratory of the Office of Fossil Energy for the research and development of carbon removal technologies.
    - (12) 0.3 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 to the Secretary of Energy for research and development to identify and assess novel uses for carbon oxides, including the conversion of carbon dioxide for commercial and industrial products, such as chemicals, plastics, building mate-

- rials, fuels, cement, products of coal use in power systems or other applications, or other products with demonstrated market value.
- 4 (13) 0.2 percent for each of the fiscal years
  5 2021 through 2030 to the Secretary of Energy to
  6 provide grants to entities constructing common car7 rier pipeline infrastructure to transport anthropo8 genic carbon dioxide for the incremental cost of pro9 viding extra capacity for future carbon dioxide trans10 port needs.
  - (14) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for research and development relating to energy storage by battery through the Office of Electricity, Department of Energy.
    - (15) 10 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for State grants under section 203.
  - (16) 1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2030 to the Reforestation Trust Fund (16 U.S.C. 1606a).
- 21 (17) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years 22 2021 through 2030 for assistance through coopera-23 tive agreements to decrease the environmental im-24 pact of energy-related activities pursuant to section

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1 931 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 2 16231). 3 (18) 1.6 percent for each of the fiscal years 4 2021 through 2030 for the environmental quality in-5 centives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D of 6 title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 7 U.S.C. 3839aa et seq.) for payments to producers to 8 implement practices that promote improvements 9 identified in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of section 10 1240B(d)(3) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 3839aa-2). 11 (19) 0.5 percent for each of fiscal years 2021 12 through 2030 for the regional conservation partner-13 ship program under section 1271 of the Food Secu-14 rity Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871) for eligible activi-15 ties on eligible land through partnership agreements 16 with eligible partners and contracts with producers 17 that address one of the following goals: 18 (A) Soil health. 19 (B) Nutrient management. 20 (C) Forest restoration. 21 (D) Reduction of methane emissions. 22 (E) Other related activities that the Sec-23 retary determines will help achieve conservation 24 benefits and increase carbon sequestration or

reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

- 1 (b) Carbon Removal.—For purposes of subsection
- 2 (a)(11), the term "carbon removal technologies" includes:
- 3 "(1) Direct air capture and storage tech-
- 4 nologies, which shall not include any equipment
- 5 which captures carbon dioxide which is deliberately
- 6 released from naturally occurring subsurface springs
- 7 or using natural photosynthesis.
- 8 "(2) Bioenergy with carbon capture and seques-
- 9 tration.
- "(3) Enhanced geological weathering.
- 11 "(4) Agricultural and grazing practices.
- "(5) Forest management and afforestation.
- 13 "(6) Planned or managed carbon sinks, includ-
- ing natural and artificial.".
- 15 (c) Wage Rate Requirements.—Notwithstanding
- 16 any other provision of law and in a manner consistent with
- 17 other provisions in this Act, all laborers and mechanics
- 18 employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects
- 19 funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and
- 20 through the Federal Government pursuant to this Act
- 21 shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing
- 22 on projects of a character similar in the locality as deter-
- 23 mined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sub-
- 24 chapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.
- 25 With respect to the labor standards specified in this sec-

1	tion, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and
2	functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14
3	of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145
4	of title 40, United States Code.
5	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
6	(1) Leaking underground storage tank
7	TRUST FUND.—Section 9508(b) of the Internal Rev-
8	enue Code of 1986 is amended—
9	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
10	graph (3);
11	(B) by striking the period at the end of
12	paragraph (4) and inserting ", and"; and
13	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
14	following:
15	"(5) amounts made available to the Leaking
16	Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund from the
17	RISE Trust Fund under section 202(a)(5) of the
18	Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart
19	the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a
20	Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act.".
21	(2) Reforestation trust fund.—
22	(A) Source of funds.—Section 303(a)
23	of the Act of October 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C.
24	1606a(a)) is amended by striking "subsection

1	(b)(1)" and inserting "paragraph (1) or (4) of
2	subsection (b)".
3	(B) Special rule relating to limita-
4	TION.—Section 303(b) of the Act of October
5	14, 1980 (16 U.S.C. 1606a(b)) is amended—
6	(i) in paragraph (2) by inserting
7	"under paragraph (1)" after "transfer",
8	and
9	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(4) Not later than 9 months after the enact-
12	ment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
13	Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century
14	with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion
15	Act, the Secretary shall transfer to the Trust Fund
16	the amounts made available under section
17	202(a)(13) of such Act.".
18	SEC. 203. STATE GRANTS.
19	(a) In General.—From amounts made available
20	under section 202(a)(15), the Secretary of the Treasury
21	shall make a annual grant to each State (hereafter in this
22	section referred to as "State grant") to distribute to eligi-
23	ble low-income households in accordance with this section.

1	(b) Eligible Low-Income Household.—A house-
2	hold shall be considered to be an eligible low-income house-
3	hold for purposes of this section if—
4	(1) except as provided in subsection (d)(4), the
5	gross income of the household does not exceed 150
6	percent of the poverty line;
7	(2) the appropriate State agency for the State
8	in which the household is located determines that
9	the household is participating in—
10	(A) the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
11	Program authorized by the Food and Nutrition
12	Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);
13	(B) the Food Distribution Program on In-
14	dian Reservations authorized by section 4(b) of
15	such Act (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)); or
16	(C) the program for nutrition assistance in
17	Puerto Rico or American Samoa under section
18	19 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2028);
19	(3) the household consists of a single individual
20	or a married couple, and—
21	(A) receives the subsidy described in sec-
22	tion 1860D–14 of the Social Security Act (42
23	U.S.C. 1395w–114); or
24	(B)(i) participates in the program under
25	title XVIII of the Social Security Act; and

- 1 (ii) meets the income requirements de-
- scribed in section 1860D-14(a)(1) or (a)(2) of
- the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-
- 4 114(a)(1) or (a)(2); or
- 5 (4) the household consists of a single individual
- or a married couple, and receives benefits under the
- 7 supplemental security income program under title
- 8 XVI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1381–
- 9 1383f).
- 10 (c) Amount.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
- 11 sultation with the Secretary of Energy and the Adminis-
- 12 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall de-
- 13 termine the amount of each State grant in proportion to
- 14 the percentage of total United States greenhouse gas emis-
- 15 sions attributable to electricity, natural gas, gasoline, die-
- 16 sel, and fuel ethanol sold in such State during the pre-
- 17 ceding calendar year.
- 18 (d) Rule Relating to Process.—Not later than
- 19 1 year after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
- 20 the Treasury shall establish by rule a date in each year
- 21 by which each State shall notify the Secretary how the
- 22 State intends to distribute the State Grant. The Secretary
- 23 shall transfer the State Grant to each State only upon
- 24 the State demonstrating to the Secretary's satisfaction

- 1 that the State intends to distribute the State Grant in ac-
- 2 cordance with this section.
- 3 (e) STATE.—For the purposes of this section, the
- 4 term "State" includes the District of Columbia and any
- 5 territory of possession of the United States.

## 6 Subtitle B—Certain Manufacturers

### 7 Excise Taxes

- 8 SEC. 211. REPEAL OF FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE AND AVIA-
- 9 TION FUEL TAXES.
- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part III of sub-
- 11 chapter A of chapter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 12 1986 is hereby repealed.
- 13 (b) Effective Date.—The repeal made by sub-
- 14 section (a) shall apply to transactions after December 31,
- 15 2019.
- 16 SEC. 212. AMENDMENTS TO CERTAIN TAX CREDITS FOR
- 17 CARBON CAPTURE AND STORAGE.
- 18 (a) In General.—Section 45Q of the Internal Rev-
- 19 enue Code (26 U.S.C. 45Q) is amended in subsection
- 20 (d)(1), by striking "2024" and inserting "2026".
- 21 (b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 22 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 23 the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 213. MODIFICATIONS OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED
2	COAL PROJECT CREDIT.
3	(a) Sequestration Requirement for Certain
4	Equipment.—Section 48A(e)(1)(G) of the Internal Rev-
5	enue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting "and 60 per-
6	cent in the case of an application for a reallocation of cred-
7	its under subsection (d)(4) with respect to an electrical
8	generating unit in existence on October 3, 2008" after
9	"under subsection (d)(4)".
10	(b) Nameplate Generating Capacity Require-
11	MENT.—Section 48A(e)(1)(C) of such Code is amended by
12	striking "400 megawatts" and inserting "200
13	megawatts".
14	(c) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
15	NOLOGY REQUIREMENTS.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 48A(f)(1) of such
17	Code is amended by striking "generation technology
18	if—" and all that follows through "the unit is de-
19	signed" and inserting "generation technology if the
20	unit is designed".
21	(2) Conforming amendments.—Section
22	48A(f) is amended—
23	(A) by striking all that precedes "the pur-
24	pose of this section" and inserting the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(f) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
2	NOLOGY.—For";
3	(B) by striking "in subparagraph (B)" in
4	the second sentence and inserting "in this sub-
5	section"; and
6	(C) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3).
7	(d) Performance Requirements in Case of
8	BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY.—Section
9	48A(f) of such Code, as amended by this Act, is amended
10	by adding at the end the following: "In the case of a ret-
11	rofit of a unit which has undergone a best available control
12	technology analysis after August 8, 2005, with respect to
13	the removal or emissions of any pollutant which is SO2
14	or NOx, the removal or emissions design level with respect
15	to such pollutant shall be the level determined in such
16	analysis.".
17	(e) Clarification of RealLocation Author-
18	ITY.—Section 48A(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of
19	1986 is amended—
20	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
21	(A) by striking "Not later than 6 years
22	after the date of enactment of this section, the"
23	and inserting "The"; and
24	(B) by inserting "and every 6 months
25	thereafter until all credits available under this

1	section have been allowed" after "the date
2	which is 6 years after the date of enactment of
3	this section";
4	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
5	(A) by striking "may reallocate credits
6	available under clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph
7	(3)(B)" and inserting "shall reallocate credits
8	remaining available under paragraph (3)";
9	(B) by striking "or" at the end of clause
10	(i); and
11	(C) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(ii) any applicant for certification
14	which submitted an accepted application
15	has subsequently failed to satisfy the re-
16	quirements under paragraph (2)(D), or
17	"(iii) any certification made pursuant
18	to paragraph (2) has been revoked pursu-
19	ant to paragraph (2)(E)."; and
20	(3) in subparagraph (C)—
21	(A) by striking "clause (i) or (ii) of para-
22	graph (3)(B)" and inserting "paragraph (3)";
23	(B) by striking "is authorized to" and in-
24	serting "shall"; and

1	(C) by striking "an additional program"
2	and inserting "additional programs".
3	(f) Effective Date.—
4	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
5	graph (2), the amendments made by this section
6	shall apply to allocations and reallocations after the
7	date of the enactment of this Act.
8	(2) Reallocation.—The amendments made
9	by subsection (e) shall apply to credits remaining
10	available under section 48A(d)(3) of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 on the date of the enactment
12	of this Act.
13	TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO
14	OTHER LAWS
15	Subtitle A—Amendments to
16	Federal Environmental Statutes
17	SEC. 301. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLEAN AIR ACT.
18	(a) In General.—Title III of the Clean Air Act (42
19	U.S.C. 7601) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"SEC. 330. MORATORIUM AGAINST CERTAIN REGULATIONS
22	BASED ON GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECTS.
23	"(a) Fuels.—Unless specifically authorized in sec-
24	tion 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, after a fossil fuel

- 1 tion 9901(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, sub-
- 2 ject to subsection (g), the Administrator shall not issue
- 3 or enforce any rule limiting the emission of greenhouse
- 4 gases from the combustion of that fuel under this Act (or
- 5 impose any requirement on any State to limit such emis-
- 6 sion) on the basis of the emission's greenhouse gas effects.
- 7 "(b) Emissions.—Unless specifically authorized in
- 8 section 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, if emission
- 9 of any greenhouse gas is subject to taxation pursuant to
- 10 section 9902 or 9903 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 11 1986, the Administrator shall not issue or enforce any rule
- 12 limiting such emission under this Act (or impose any re-
- 13 quirement on any State to limit such emission) on the
- 14 basis of the emission's greenhouse gas effects.
- 15 "(c) Authorized Regulation.—Notwithstanding
- 16 subsections (a) and (b), nothing in this section limits the
- 17 Administrator's authority pursuant to any other provision
- 18 of this Act—
- 19 "(1) to limit the emission of any greenhouse
- gas because of any adverse impact on health or wel-
- 21 fare other than its greenhouse gas effects;
- 22 "(2) in limiting emissions as described in para-
- graph (1), to consider the collateral benefits of lim-
- 24 iting the emissions because of greenhouse gas ef-
- 25 fects;

1	"(3) to limit the emission of any other pollutant
2	that is not a greenhouse gas that the Administrator
3	determines by rule has heat-trapping properties; or
4	"(4) to take any action with respect to any
5	greenhouse gas other than limiting its emission, in-
6	cluding—
7	"(A) monitoring, reporting, and record-
8	keeping requirements;
9	"(B) conducting or supporting investiga-
10	tions; and
11	"(C) information collection.
12	"(d) Exception for Certain Greenhouse Gas
13	Emissions.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b),
14	nothing in this section limits the Administrator's authority
15	to regulate greenhouse gas emissions from—
16	"(1) facilities that—
17	"(A) are subject to subpart OOOO or
18	OOOOa of part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal
19	Regulations, as in effect on January 1, 2018, or
20	"(B) would be subject to either subpart
21	OOOO or OOOOa if those subparts applied to
22	facilities without regard to the date on which
23	construction, modification, or reconstruction

"(2) POTW Treatment Plants (as defined in 1 2 section 403.3(r) of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-3 tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this 4 section)). 5 "(e) Definitions.—In this section, the terms 6 'greenhouse gas' and 'greenhouse gas effects' have the 7 meanings given to those terms in section 9907 of the In-8 ternal Revenue Code of 1986. 9 "(f) Moratorium Expiration.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to apply beginning on January 1, 2033. 10 11 "(g) Exceptions.— 12 "(1) 2024.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) 13 and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this 14 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30, 15 2025, pursuant to the report required by section 16 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 17 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from 18 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901 19 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-20 endar years 2021 through 2024 exceed the emission 21 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code 22 for calendar year 2024, then beginning on October 23 1, 2025, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to apply. 24 "(2) 2028.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this 25

- 1 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30,
- 2 2029, pursuant to the report required by section
- 3 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 4 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from
- 5 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901
- 6 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-
- 7 endar years 2021 through 2028 exceed the emission
- 8 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code
- 9 for calendar year 2028, then beginning on October
- 10 1, 2029, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to
- 11 apply.".
- 12 (b) New Motor Vehicles and New Motor Vehi-
- 13 CLE ENGINES.—Section 202(b) of the Clean Air Act (42
- 14 U.S.C. 7521(b)) is amended—
- 15 (1) by redesignating the second paragraph (3)
- 16 (as redesignated by section 230(4)(C) of Public Law
- 17 101–549 (104 Stat. 2529)) as paragraph (4); and
- 18 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "(5) Notwithstanding section 330(a), the Adminis-
- 20 trator may—
- 21 "(A) limit the emission of any greenhouse gas
- 22 (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue
- Code of 1986) on the basis of the emission's green-
- house gas effects (as defined in section 9907 of the
- 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986) from any class or

- 1 classes of new motor vehicles or new motor vehicle
- 2 engines subject to regulation under subsection
- (a)(1); and
- 4 "(B) grant a waiver under section 209(b)(1) for
- 5 standards for the control of greenhouse gas emis-
- 6 sions.".
- 7 (c) Fuels.—Section 211(c) of the Clean Air Act (42)
- 8 U.S.C. 7545(c)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 9 lowing new paragraph:
- 10 "(5) Except as required in subsection (o), the Admin-
- 11 istrator shall not, pursuant to this subsection, impose on
- 12 any manufacturer, processor, or distributor of fuel any re-
- 13 quirement for the purpose of reducing the emission of any
- 14 greenhouse gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
- 15 Revenue Code of 1986) produced by combustion of the
- 16 fuel on the basis of the emission's greenhouse gas effects
- 17 (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 18 of 1986).".
- 19 (d) Nonroad Engines and Vehicles Emissions
- 20 Standards.—Section 213 of the Clean Air Act (42)
- 21 U.S.C. 7547) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 22 lowing:
- "(e) Greenhouse Gas Emissions.—Notwith-
- 24 standing subsections (a) and (b) of section 330, the Ad-
- 25 ministrator may limit the emission of any greenhouse gas

- 1 (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 2 of 1986) on the basis of the emission's greenhouse gas
- 3 effects (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue
- 4 Code of 1986) from any nonroad engines and nonroad ve-
- 5 hicles subject to regulation under this section.".
- 6 (e) Aircraft Emission Standards.—Section 231
- 7 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 757) is amended by add-
- 8 ing at the end the following new subsection:
- 9 "(d) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of sec-
- 10 tion 330, the Administrator may limit the emission of any
- 11 greenhouse gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
- 12 Revenue Code of 1986) on the basis of the emission's
- 13 greenhouse gas effects (as defined in section 9907 of the
- 14 Internal Revenue Code of 1986) from any class or classes
- 15 of aircraft engines, so long as any such limitation is not
- 16 more stringent than the standards adopted by the Inter-
- 17 national Civil Aviation Organization.".
- 18 SEC. 302. FREQUENT AND CHRONIC FLOODING MITIGATION
- 19 AND ADAPTATION INFRASTRUCTURE
- PROJECTS.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce and
- 22 the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter referred to as "the
- 23 Secretaries"), in consultation with the Secretary of Home-
- 24 land Security, may make grants to State and local govern-
- 25 ments and federally recognized Indian Tribes for frequent

1	and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastruc-
2	ture projects.
3	(b) Authorized Uses.—Amounts provided as a
4	grant under this section may be used for any of the fol-
5	lowing:
6	(1) Adaptation of existing infrastructure to
7	mitigate impacts of climate change, including en-
8	hancements to both built and natural environments
9	(2) Maintenance and updating of existing flood
10	risk reduction infrastructure, such as gravity drain-
11	age structures, road elevation, bulkheads, gates, and
12	floodwalls.
13	(3) Increasing resilience to frequent and chronic
14	flooding, including (as combined or separate
15	projects)—
16	(A) the creation of bulkheads, levees, and
17	other hard infrastructure alone or in combina-
18	tion with natural infrastructure described in
19	subparagraph (B); and
20	(B) habitat restoration work, including
21	dune enhancement, vegetative restoration
22	beach renourishment, coral and oyster reef res-
23	toration, floodplain restoration, and other ac-

tions to restore the function of the natural eco-

- 1 logical function and processes to provide flood 2 risk reduction benefits.
- 3 (4) Improvements to conveyance, diversion, re-4 moval, and storage infrastructure to reduce risks 5 caused by frequent and chronic flooding.
- 6 (5) Innovative methods to reduce risks caused 7 by chronic flooding along street infrastructure sys-8 tems, including canal streets, absorbent streets, 9 floodable parks, bioswales, rain gardens, permeable 10 pavement, and underground cisterns.
- (6) Deployment of technologies designed to 12 mitigate power outages, continue delivery of vital 13 electricity services, and maintain the flow of power 14 to facilities critical to public health, safety and wel-15 fare, including distributed generation, energy stor-16 age, and microgrids.
- 17 LIMITATION ON PROJECT ELIGIBILITY.—A project shall not be eligible for funding under this section 18 if it will have any long-term negative impact on important 19 ecological functions and habitat or existing natural protec-20 21 tion features and functions.
- 22 (d) Priority.—In making grants under this section 23 the Secretaries shall give priority to the following:
- 24 (1) Protecting areas designated as special flood 25 hazard areas for purposes of the national flood in-

- 1 surance program under the National Flood Insur-
- 2 ance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) and the
- Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 4001 et seq.), hazard areas that incorporate at least
- 5 2 feet of additional freeboard, or 3 feet in the case
- 6 of critical infrastructure, above base flood elevation.
- 7 (2) Protecting critical infrastructure, as that 8 term is defined in section 1016(e) of the USA PA-
- 9 TRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).
- 10 (3) Projects that yield flood risk reduction ben-
- efits and additional environmental, social, and eco-
- 12 nomic benefits.
- 13 (e) Joint Application.—Two or more contiguous
- 14 local governments or Tribes may jointly apply for, and re-
- 15 ceive, a grant under this section.
- 16 (f) Cost Sharing.—
- 17 (1) Limitation on federal share.—The
- 18 Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out
- with a grant under this section shall not exceed 90
- 20 percent of the cost of such activity.
- 21 (2) Non-federal share.—The Secretary
- shall apply to the non-Federal share of an activity
- carried out with a grant under this section the
- amount of funds, and the fair market value of prop-

- 1 erty and services, provided by non-Federal sources
- 2 and used for the activity.
- 3 (g) Reports.—Each recipient of a grant under this
- 4 section shall report annually to the Secretaries on the
- 5 progress made on the project carried out with the grant.
- 6 SEC. 303. NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.
- 7 Nothing in this act shall preempt or supersede, or
- 8 be interpreted to preempt or supersede, any State law or
- 9 regulation.

# Subtitle B—Assistance to Displaced Workers in the Energy Sector

- 12 SEC. 321. ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS IN THE EN-
- 13 ERGY SECTOR.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—For a period of 10 years after the
- 15 enactment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
- 16 Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with
- 17 a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act, from
- 18 amounts made available under section 202 of this Act, the
- 19 Secretary of Labor shall carry out a program to assist
- 20 workers in the energy sector.
- 21 (b) Workers in the Energy Sector.—For pur-
- 22 poses of this section, the term "workers in the energy sec-
- 23 tor" means—

1	(1) workers in fossil energy sectors that may be
2	displaced as a result of the enactment of this Act;
3	and
4	(2) workers in the nuclear power sector that
5	work at a nuclear power plant—
6	(A) that ceased operation in the two years
7	preceding the date of enactment of this Act; or
8	(B) the owner of which announced prior to
9	the date of enactment of this Act its intent to
10	cease the operation of the plant at a future
11	date.
12	(c) Eligible Activities.—Such assistance may
13	take the form of the following:
14	(1) Worker retraining.
15	(2) Relocation expenses for those who move to
16	find new employment.
17	(3) Early retirement.
18	(4) Health benefits.
19	(5) Block grants to affected communities for
20	economic redevelopment and infrastructure invest-
21	ments.
22	(6) Transfers to the trustees of the 1974
23	United Mine Workers of America Pension Plan to
24	pay benefits required under that plan. No such
25	transfer shall be made in a first fiscal year begin-

1	ning after a plan year for which the funded percent-
2	age (as defined in section 432(j)(2) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code of 1986) of the 1974 United Mine
4	Workers of America Pension Plan is at least 100
5	percent.
6	TITLE IV—NATIONAL CLIMATE
7	COMMISSION
8	SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
9	(a) Establishment.—There is established a bipar-
10	tisan commission to be known as the "National Climate
11	Commission" (in this title referred to as the "Commis-
12	sion").
13	(b) Membership.—
14	(1) Composition.—The Commission shall be
15	composed of 10 members, appointed as follows:
16	(A) One cochair appointed by the Presi-
17	dent.
18	(B) One cochair appointed by the majority
19	or minority leader of the Senate, whoever is of
20	the opposite party as the President, in consulta-
21	tion with the Speaker or minority leader of the
22	House of Representatives, whoever is of the op-
23	posite party as the President.
24	(C) Two members appointed by the major-
25	ity leader of the Senate.

1	(D) Two members appointed by the minor-
2	ity leader of the Senate.
3	(E) Two members appointed by the Speak-
4	er of the House of Representatives.
5	(F) Two members appointed by the minor-
6	ity leader of the House of Representatives.
7	(2) Qualifications.—
8	(A) In general.—To be considered for
9	membership on the Commission, an individual
10	shall demonstrate expertise in the economy, en-
11	ergy, climate, or public health, and be a rep-
12	resentative from—
13	(i) an academic, scientific, or other
14	non-governmental organization; or
15	(ii) an industry organization or small
16	business in a relevant sector such as—
17	(I) energy supply and trans-
18	mission, including fossil fuels and re-
19	newable energy;
20	(II) energy exploration and pro-
21	duction, including fossil fuels and re-
22	newable energy;
23	(III) solid waste and wastewater;
24	(IV) transportation;
25	(V) chemical manufacturing;

1	(VI) agriculture;
2	(VII) construction; and
3	(VIII) forestry.
4	(B) CERTAIN PERSONS INELIGIBLE.—No
5	employee, owner, director, or other person affili-
6	ated with an entity that has donated funding
7	for the activities of the Commission pursuant to
8	section 404(a) may be appointed to the Com-
9	mission.
10	(C) APPOINTMENT DEADLINE.—Members
11	of the Commission shall be appointed not later
12	than 180 days after the date of the enactment
13	of this Act.
14	(D) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT.—Members
15	of the Commission shall be appointed for a
16	term of 6 years, which may be renewed.
17	(E) Vacancy.—A vacancy in the Commis-
18	sion shall not affect the powers of the Commis-
19	sion and shall be filled in the same manner in
20	which the original appointment was made.
21	(3) Compensation of employees.—Each
22	member of the Commission may be compensated at
23	a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the an-
24	nual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level
25	IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of

- title 5, United States Code, for each day during
  which that member is engaged in the performance of
  the duties of the Commission.
- 4 (4) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall receive travel expenses to perform the duties of the Commission, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

#### (c) Meetings.—

9

- 10 (1) Initial meeting.—The Commission shall hold its first meeting not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 13 (2) MEETING.—The Commission shall meet not 14 less than once every 3 years.
- (3) QUORUM.—Six members of the Commissionshall constitute a quorum.

#### 17 SEC. 402. DUTIES OF COMMISSION.

- 18 (a) Goals.—The Commission shall set goals for 19 emissions reduction to be achieved by 2025 and every five 20 years thereafter through 2050, using such estimated rates
- 21 of reduction as the Commission determines reflect the lat-
- 22 est scientific findings of what is necessary to avoid the
- 23 serious human health and environmental consequences of
- 24 climate change.

	v <del>-</del>
1	(b) Review.—The Commission shall assess the effect
2	of existing policies and programs of the Federal govern-
3	ment with the aim of achieving the emissions reduction
4	goals in subsection (a).
5	(c) Report.—Beginning in 2026, and every 5 years
6	thereafter, the Commission shall issue a report to the
7	President, Congress, and the States, which shall include—
8	(1) an analysis of whether the policies and pro-
9	grams assessed under subsection (b) are on pace to
10	achieving the emissions reduction goals set under
11	subsection (a);
12	(2) recommendations, if any, for reducing
13	greenhouse gas emissions; and
14	(3) a minority report with dissenting views, if
15	applicable.
16	SEC. 403. POWERS OF COMMISSION.
17	(a) Obtaining Official Data.—
18	(1) In general.—The Commission may secure
19	directly from any executive department, bureau,
20	agency, board, commission, office, independent es-
21	tablishment, or instrumentality of the Government,
22	unrestricted information, suggestions, estimates, and
23	statistics for the purpose of carrying out this title.
24	Each department, bureau, agency, board, commis-

sion, office, independent establishment, or instru-

- mentality shall, to the extent authorized by provisions of law other than this section, furnish such unrestricted information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by a cochair or any member designated by a majority of the Commission.
  - (2) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DIS-SEMINATION.—Unrestricted information provided to the Commission under paragraph (1) shall be received, handled, stored, and disseminated only by members and staff of the Commission, consistent with any applicable statutes, regulations, or Executive orders.

#### (b) Assistance From Federal Agencies.—

- (1) General Services administration.—
  The Administrator of General Services shall provide
  to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, administrative support and other services for the performance of the functions of the Commission.
- (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of the United States may provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support services as they

- 1 may determine advisable and as may be authorized
- 2 by law.
- 3 (c) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
- 4 the United States mail in the same manner and under the
- 5 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
- 6 United States.

#### 7 SEC. 404. FUNDING FOR THE ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMIS-

- 8 SION.
- 9 (a) Private Sector Donations.—The Secretary of
- 10 Commerce may collect private sector donations for the
- 11 purpose of carrying out this title, to be deposited in the
- 12 Treasury and made available consistent with the author-
- 13 ization of appropriations in subsection (c).
- 14 (b) Transparency.—The amounts and sources of
- 15 all funds donated under subsection (a) and all spending
- 16 by the Commission shall be made publicly available on the
- 17 website of the Commission.
- 18 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 19 authorized to be appropriated to the Commission, for the
- 20 purpose of carrying out the activities of this title,
- 21 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.
- 22 SEC. 405. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.
- 23 (a) Detail of Government Employees.—Any
- 24 Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
- 25 Commission without reimbursement from the Commission,

- 1 and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of
- 2 civil service status or privilege.
- 3 (b) EXPERT AND CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The
- 4 Commission may procure the services of experts and con-
- 5 sultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United
- 6 States Code, at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent
- 7 of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position
- 8 at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315
- 9 of title 5, United States Code.

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