

116TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 6559

To require the Occupational Safety and Health Administration to promulgate an emergency temporary standard to protect employees from occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 21, 2020

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia (for himself, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. SHALALA, Mr. COURNEY, Ms. NORTON, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mrs. BEATTY, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. NORCROSS, Ms. WILD, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. ENGEL, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. ROSE of New York, Ms. FINKENAUER, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COHEN, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. TRONE, Mrs. MCBATH, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. POCAN, Mr. SUOZZI, Mrs. HAYES, Ms. OMAR, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, and Mr. GRIJALVA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To require the Occupational Safety and Health Administration to promulgate an emergency temporary standard to protect employees from occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

## **1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “COVID-19 Every  
3 Worker Protection Act of 2020”.

**4 SEC. 2. EMERGENCY TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT STAND-**

**5 ARDS.**

6 (a) EMERGENCY TEMPORARY STANDARD.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In consideration of the grave risk presented by COVID–19 and the need to strengthen protections for employees, pursuant to section 6(c)(1) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655(c)(1)) and notwithstanding the provisions of law and the Executive order listed in paragraph (7), not later than 7 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall promulgate an emergency temporary standard to protect from occupational exposure to SARS–CoV–2—

20 (B) employees of employers in the para-  
21 medic and emergency medical services, includ-  
22 ing such services provided by firefighters and  
23 other emergency responders; and

(C) other employees at occupational risk of such exposure.

(B) is implementing alternative methods and measures to protect employees.

1        promulgated under this subsection shall be in effect  
2        until the date on which the final standard promul-  
3        gated under subsection (b) is in effect.

4                 (5) STATE PLAN ADOPTION.—With respect to a  
5        State with a State plan that has been approved by  
6        the Secretary of Labor under section 18 of the Oc-  
7        cupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29  
8        U.S.C. 667), not later than 14 days after the date  
9        of enactment of this Act, such State shall promul-  
10        gate an emergency temporary standard that is at  
11        least as effective in protecting from occupational ex-  
12        posure to SARS-CoV-2 the employees in the occu-  
13        pations and sectors described in subparagraphs (A)  
14        through (C) of paragraph (1) as the emergency tem-  
15        porary standard promulgated under this subsection.

16                 (6) EMPLOYER DEFINED.—For purposes of the  
17        standard promulgated under this subsection, the  
18        term “employer” (as defined in section 3 of the Oc-  
19        cupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29  
20        U.S.C. 652)) includes any State or political subdivi-  
21        sion of a State, except for a State or political subdivi-  
22        sion of a State already subject to the jurisdiction  
23        of a State plan approved under section 18(b) of the  
24        Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29  
25        U.S.C. 667(b)).

(7) INAPPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF LAW AND EXECUTIVE ORDER.—The requirements of chapter 6 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the “Regulatory Flexibility Act”), subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly referred to as the “Paperwork Reduction Act”), the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), and Executive Order 12866 (58 Fed. Reg. 190; relating to regulatory planning and review), as amended, shall not apply to the standard promulgated under this subsection.

12       (b) PERMANENT STANDARD.—Not later than 24  
13 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-  
14 retary of Labor shall promulgate a final standard—

23 (c) REQUIREMENTS.—Each standard promulgated  
24 under this section shall include—

- 1                         (1) a requirement that the employers of the em-  
2         ployees in the occupations and sectors described in  
3         subparagraphs (A) through (C) of subsection (a)(1)  
4         develop and implement a comprehensive infectious  
5         disease exposure control plan, with the input and in-  
6         volvement of employees or, where applicable, the rep-  
7         resentatives of employees, as appropriate, to address  
8         the risk of occupational exposure in such sectors and  
9         occupations;
- 10                        (2) no less protection for novel pathogens than  
11         precautions mandated by standards adopted by a  
12         State plan that has been approved by the Secretary  
13         of Labor under section 18 of the Occupational Safe-  
14         ty and Health Act of 1970 (296 U.S.C. 667);
- 15                        (3) the incorporation, as appropriate, of—  
16                                 (A) guidelines issued by the Centers for  
17         Disease Control and Prevention, the National  
18         Institute for Occupational Safety and Health,  
19         and the Occupational Safety and Health Ad-  
20         ministration which are designed to prevent the  
21         transmission of infectious agents in healthcare  
22         or other occupational settings; and
- 23                                 (B) relevant scientific research on novel  
24         pathogens; and

1                             (4) a requirement for the recording and report-  
2                             ing of all work-related COVID–19 infections and  
3                             deaths as set forth in part 1904 of title 29, Code of  
4                             Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of en-  
5                             actment of this Act).

6                             (d) ANTI-RETALIATION.—

7                             (1) POLICY.—Each standard promulgated  
8                             under this section shall require employers to adopt  
9                             a policy prohibiting the discrimination and retali-  
10                             ation described in paragraph (2) by any person (in-  
11                             cluding an agent of the employer).

12                             (2) PROHIBITION.—No employer (including an  
13                             agent of the employer) shall discriminate or retaliate  
14                             against an employee for—

15                             (A) reporting to the employer, to a local,  
16                             State, or Federal Government agency, or to the  
17                             media or on a social media platform—

18                             (i) a violation of a standard promul-  
19                             gated pursuant to this Act;

20                             (ii) a violation of an infectious disease  
21                             exposure control plan described in sub-  
22                             section (c)(1); or

23                             (iii) a good faith concern about a  
24                             workplace infectious disease hazard;

(B) seeking assistance or intervention from the employer or a local, State, or Federal Government agency with respect to such a report;

(C) voluntary use of personal protective equipment with a higher level of protection than is provided by the employer; or

(D) exercising any other right under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.).

15 SEC. 3. SURVEILLANCE, TRACKING, AND INVESTIGATION  
16 OF WORK-RELATED CASES OF COVID-19.

17 The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and  
18 Prevention, in conjunction with the Director of the Na-  
19 tional Institute for Occupational Safety and Health,  
20 shall—

21                             (1) collect and analyze case reports, including  
22 information on the work status, occupation, and in-  
23 dustry classification of an individual, and other data  
24 on COVID–19, to identify and evaluate the extent,  
25 nature, and source of COVID–19 among employees

- 1       in the occupations and sectors described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of section 2(a)(1);  
2  
3           (2) investigate, as appropriate, individual cases  
4       of COVID–19 among such employees to evaluate the  
5       source of exposure and adequacy of infection and ex-  
6       posure control programs and measures;  
7  
8           (3) provide regular periodic reports on COVID–  
9       19 among such employees to the public; and  
10  
11          (4) based on such reports and investigations,  
make recommendations on needed actions or guid-  
ance to protect at-risk employees from COVID–19.

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