## 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 719

To require certain semiautomatic pistols manufactured, imported, or sold by Federal firearms licensees to be capable of microstamping ammunition, and to prohibit the removal, obliteration, or alteration of the microstamped code or microstamping capability of a firearm.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### JANUARY 23, 2019

Mr. BROWN of Maryland (for himself, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. CISNEROS, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CLAY, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. EVANS, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. HASTINGS, Mrs. HAYES, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mrs. McBATH, Mr. MCEACHIN, Mr. MEEKS, Ms. MOORE, Mr. NEGUSE, Ms. NORTON, Ms. OMAR, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. RICHMOND, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. UNDERWOOD, Mr. VEASEY, and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

- To require certain semiautomatic pistols manufactured, imported, or sold by Federal firearms licensees to be capable of microstamping ammunition, and to prohibit the removal, obliteration, or alteration of the microstamped code or microstamping capability of a firearm.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Make Identifiable3 Criminal Rounds Obvious Act" or the "MICRO Act".

4 SEC. 2. REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN SEMIAUTOMATIC
5 PISTOLS MANUFACTURED, IMPORTED, OR
6 SOLD BY FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSEES BE
7 CAPABLE OF MICROSTAMPING AMMUNITION.
8 Section 923 of title 18, United States Code, is

9 amended by adding at the end the following:

"(m)(1)(A) A person licensed under this chapter shall
not manufacture, import, or transfer a semiautomatic pistol to which this subparagraph applies that is not capable
of microstamping ammunition.

14 "(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), a pistol is15 capable of microstamping ammunition if—

"(i) a microscopic array of characters that identify the make, model, and serial number of the pistol
is etched into the breech face and firing pin of the
pistol; and

"(ii) when ammunition is fired from the pistol,
the characters are copied from the breech face and
firing pin onto the cartridge case of the ammunition.
"(C) Subparagraph (A) shall apply only to semiautomatic pistols which—

1	"(i) are manufactured, or imported into the
2	United States, on or after the effective date of this
3	subsection; and
4	"(ii) have not been transferred to a person not
5	licensed under this chapter.
6	((2) Whoever violates paragraph $(1)$ shall be fined
7	an amount equal to—
8	"(A) in the case of a first such violation by the
9	violator, \$1,000 multiplied by the number of semi-
10	automatic pistols involved in the violation;
11	"(B) in the case of a second such violation by
12	the violator, $$2,000$ multiplied by the number of
13	semiautomatic pistols involved in the violation; or
14	"(C) in the case of a third such violation by the
15	violator, \$3,000 multiplied by the number of semi-
16	automatic pistols involved in the violation.".
17	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON THE REMOVAL, OBLITERATION,
18	OR ALTERATION OF THE MICROSTAMPED
19	CODE OR MICROSTAMPING CAPABILITY OF A
20	FIREARM.
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 922 of title 18, United
22	States Code, is amended by inserting after subsection (u)
23	the following:
24	``(v)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to remove,

obliterate, or alter the microstamped code or micro-

stamping capability of a firearm that has been shipped
 or transported in interstate or foreign commerce.

3 "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the replace4 ment of a firing pin that is damaged or worn, and is in
5 need of replacement.".

6 (b) PENALTIES.—Section 924 of such title is amend-7 ed by adding at the end the following:

8 "(q)(1)(A) In the case of a knowing violation of sec9 tion 922(v), the Attorney General may, after notice and
10 opportunity for hearing—

11 "(i) subject the violator to a civil penalty in an12 amount equal to not more than \$5,000; and

"(ii) if the violator is a licensed manufacturer,
licensed importer, or licensed dealer, suspend for not
more than 6 months, or revoke, any license issued
to the licensee under this chapter.

17 "(B) An action under subparagraph (A) may be re-18 viewed only as provided under section 923(f).

"(2) The suspension or revocation of a license or the
imposition of a civil penalty under paragraph (1) shall not
preclude any administrative remedy that is otherwise
available to the Attorney General.".

## 1 SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 The amendments made by this Act shall take effect3 on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment4 of this Act.

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