

116TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 7370

To amend title 11, United States Code, to improve protections for employees and retirees in business bankruptcies.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 25, 2020

Mr. NADLER (for himself, Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. CICILLINE, Mrs. DEMINGS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. SCANLON, Ms. DEAN, and Ms. GARCIA of Texas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 11, United States Code, to improve protections for employees and retirees in business bankruptcies.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “Protecting Employees and Retirees in Business Bank-
6 ruptcies Act of 2020”.

7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
Sec. 2. Findings.

TITLE I—IMPROVING RECOVERIES FOR EMPLOYEES AND RETIREES

- Sec. 101. Increased wage priority.
- Sec. 102. Claim for stock value losses in defined contribution plans.
- Sec. 103. Priority for severance pay and contributions to employee benefit plans.
- Sec. 104. Financial returns for employees and retirees.
- Sec. 105. Priority for WARN Act damages.

TITLE II—REDUCING EMPLOYEES’ AND RETIREES’ LOSSES

- Sec. 201. Rejection of collective bargaining agreements.
- Sec. 202. Payment of insurance benefits to retired employees.
- Sec. 203. Protection of employee benefits in a sale of assets.
- Sec. 204. Claim for pension losses.
- Sec. 205. Payments by secured lender.
- Sec. 206. Preservation of jobs and benefits.
- Sec. 207. Termination of exclusivity.

TITLE III—RESTRICTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION PROGRAMS

- Sec. 301. Executive compensation upon exit from bankruptcy.
- Sec. 302. Limitations on executive compensation enhancements.
- Sec. 303. Prohibition against special compensation payments.
- Sec. 304. Assumption of executive benefit plans.
- Sec. 305. Recovery of executive compensation.

TITLE IV—OTHER PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Union proof of claim.
- Sec. 402. Exception from automatic stay.
- Sec. 403. Effect on collective bargaining agreements under the Railway Labor Act.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

3 (1) Business bankruptcies have increased
4 sharply in recent years and remain at high levels
5 due to the impact of the COVID–19 pandemic. As
6 the use of bankruptcy has expanded, job preserva-
7 tion and retirement security are placed at greater
8 risk.

9 (2) Laws enacted to improve recoveries for em-
10 ployees and retirees and limit their losses in bank-

1 ruptcy cases have not kept pace with the increasing
2 and broader use of bankruptcy by businesses in all
3 sectors of the economy. However, while protections
4 for employees and retirees in bankruptcy cases have
5 eroded, management compensation plans devised for
6 those in charge of troubled businesses have become
7 more prevalent and are escaping adequate scrutiny.

8 (3) Changes in the law regarding these matters
9 are urgently needed as bankruptcy is used to ad-
10 dress increasingly more complex and diverse condi-
11 tions affecting troubled businesses and industries.

12 **TITLE I—IMPROVING RECOV-
13 ERIES FOR EMPLOYEES AND
14 RETIREES**

15 **SEC. 101. INCREASED WAGE PRIORITY.**

16 Section 507(a) of title 11, United States Code, is
17 amended—

18 (1) in paragraph (4)—

19 (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
20 and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

21 (B) in the matter preceding clause (i), as
22 so redesignated, by inserting “(A)” before
23 “Fourth”;

1 (C) in subparagraph (A), as so designated,
2 in the matter preceding clause (i), as so redes-
3 igned—

4 (i) by striking “\$10,000” and insert-
5 ing “\$20,000”;

6 (ii) by striking “within 180 days”;

7 and

8 (iii) by striking “or the date of the
9 cessation of the debtor’s business, which-
10 ever occurs first”; and

11 (D) by adding at the end the following:

12 “(B) Severance pay described in subpara-
13 graph (A)(i) shall be deemed earned in full
14 upon the layoff or termination of employment
15 of the individual to whom the severance is
16 owed.”; and

17 (2) in paragraph (5)—

18 (A) in subparagraph (A)—

19 (i) by striking “within 180 days”; and

20 (ii) by striking “or the date of the
21 cessation of the debtor’s business, which-
22 ever occurs first”; and

23 (B) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
24 serting the following:

1 “(B) for each such plan, to the extent of
2 the number of employees covered by each such
3 plan, multiplied by \$20,000.”.

4 **SEC. 102. CLAIM FOR STOCK VALUE LOSSES IN DEFINED
5 CONTRIBUTION PLANS.**

6 Section 101(5) of title 11, United States Code, is
7 amended—

8 (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or” at
9 the end;

10 (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period
11 at the end and inserting “; or”; and

12 (3) by adding at the end the following:

13 “(C) right or interest in equity securities
14 of the debtor, or an affiliate of the debtor, if—

15 “(i) the equity securities are held in a
16 defined contribution plan (within the
17 meaning of section 3(34) of the Employee
18 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
19 (29 U.S.C. 1002(34))) for the benefit of
20 an individual who is not an insider, a sen-
21 ior executive officer, or any of the 20 high-
22 est compensated employees of the debtor
23 who are not insiders or senior executive of-
24 ficers;

1 “(ii) the equity securities were attrib-
2 utable to either employer contributions by
3 the debtor or an affiliate of the debtor, or
4 elective deferrals (within the meaning of
5 section 402(g) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code of 1986), and any earnings thereon;
7 and

8 “(iii) an employer or plan sponsor
9 who has commenced a case under this title
10 has committed fraud with respect to such
11 plan or has otherwise breached a duty to
12 the participant that has proximately
13 caused the loss of value.”.

14 **SEC. 103. PRIORITY FOR SEVERANCE PAY AND CONTRIBU-**
15 **TIONS TO EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS.**

16 Section 503(b) of title 11, United States Code, is
17 amended—

18 (1) in paragraph (8)(B), by striking “and” at
19 the end;

20 (2) in paragraph (9), by striking the period and
21 inserting a semicolon; and

22 (3) by adding at the end the following:

23 “(10) severance pay owed to employees of the
24 debtor (other than to an insider of the debtor, a sen-
25 ior executive officer of the debtor, the 20 highest

1 compensated employees of the debtor who are not in-
2 siders or senior executive officers, any department or
3 division manager of the debtor, or any consultant
4 providing services to the debtor), under a plan, pro-
5 gram, or policy generally applicable to employees of
6 the debtor (but not under an individual contract of
7 employment), or owed pursuant to a collective bar-
8 gaining agreement, for layoff or termination on or
9 after the date of the filing of the petition, which pay
10 shall be deemed earned in full upon such layoff or
11 termination of employment; and
12 “(11) any contribution to an employee benefit
13 plan that is due on or after the date of the filing of
14 the petition; and”.

15 **SEC. 104. FINANCIAL RETURNS FOR EMPLOYEES AND RE-**

16 **TIREES.**

17 Section 1129(a) of title 11, United States Code, is
18 amended—

19 (1) by striking paragraph (13) and inserting
20 the following:

21 “(13) With respect to retiree benefits, as that
22 term is defined in section 1114(a), the plan—

23 “(A) provides for the continuation after
24 the effective date of the plan of payment of all
25 retiree benefits at the level established pursuant

1 to subsection (e)(1)(B) or (g) of section 1114
2 at any time before the date of confirmation of
3 the plan, for the duration of the period for
4 which the debtor has obligated itself to provide
5 such benefits, or if no modifications are made
6 before confirmation of the plan, the continu-
7 ation of all such retiree benefits maintained or
8 established in whole or in part by the debtor be-
9 fore the date of the filing of the petition; and
10 “(B) provides for recovery of claims arising
11 from the modification of retiree benefits or for
12 other financial returns, as negotiated by the
13 debtor and the authorized representative (to the
14 extent that such returns are paid under, rather
15 than outside of, a plan).”; and
16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
17 “(17) The plan provides for recovery of dam-
18 ages payable for the rejection of a collective bar-
19 gaining agreement, or for other financial returns as
20 negotiated by the debtor and the authorized rep-
21 resentative under section 1113 (to the extent that
22 such returns are paid under, rather than outside of,
23 a plan).”.

1 **SEC. 105. PRIORITY FOR WARN ACT DAMAGES.**

2 Section 503(b)(1)(A)(ii) of title 11, United States
3 Code, is amended by inserting “any back pay, civil pen-
4 alty, or damages for a violation of any Federal or State
5 labor and employment law, including the Worker Adjust-
6 ment and Retraining Notification Act (29 U.S.C. 2101 et
7 seq.) and any comparable State law,” before “wages and
8 benefits”.

9 **TITLE II—REDUCING EMPLOY-
10 EES’ AND RETIREES’ LOSSES**

11 **SEC. 201. REJECTION OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGRE-
12 MENTS.**

13 Section 1113 of title 11, United States Code, is
14 amended by striking subsections (a) through (f) and in-
15 serting the following:

16 “(a) The debtor in possession, or the trustee if one
17 has been appointed under this chapter, other than as pro-
18 vided in section 103(m) for collective bargaining agree-
19 ments covered by the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151
20 et seq.), may reject a collective bargaining agreement only
21 in accordance with this section. In this section, a reference
22 to the trustee includes the debtor in possession.

23 “(b) No provision of this title shall be construed to
24 permit the trustee to unilaterally terminate or alter any
25 provision of a collective bargaining agreement before com-
26 plying with this section. The trustee shall timely pay all

1 monetary obligations arising under the terms of the collec-
2 tive bargaining agreement. Any such payment required to
3 be made before a plan confirmed under section 1129 is
4 effective has the status of an allowed administrative ex-
5 pense under section 503.

6 “(c)(1) If the trustee seeks modification of a collec-
7 tive bargaining agreement, the trustee shall provide notice
8 to the labor organization representing the employees cov-
9 ered by the collective bargaining agreement that modifica-
10 tions are being proposed under this section, and shall
11 promptly provide an initial proposal for modifications to
12 the collective bargaining agreement. Thereafter, the trust-
13 ee shall confer in good faith with the labor organization,
14 at reasonable times and for a reasonable period in light
15 of the complexity of the case, in attempting to reach mutu-
16 ally acceptable modifications of the collective bargaining
17 agreement.

18 “(2) The initial proposal and subsequent proposals
19 by the trustee for modification of a collective bargaining
20 agreement shall be based upon a business plan for the re-
21 organization of the debtor, and shall reflect the most com-
22 plete and reliable information available. The trustee shall
23 provide to the labor organization all information that is
24 relevant for negotiations. The court may enter a protective
25 order to prevent the disclosure of information if disclosure

1 could compromise the position of the debtor with respect
2 to the competitors in the industry of the debtor, subject
3 to the needs of the labor organization to evaluate the pro-
4 posals of the trustee and any application for rejection of
5 the collective bargaining agreement or for interim relief
6 pursuant to this section.

7 “(3) In consideration of Federal policy encouraging
8 the practice and process of collective bargaining and in
9 recognition of the bargained-for expectations of the em-
10 ployees covered by the collective bargaining agreement,
11 modifications proposed by the trustee—

12 “(A) shall be proposed only as part of a pro-
13 gram of workforce and nonworkforce cost savings
14 devised for the reorganization of the debtor, includ-
15 ing savings in management personnel costs;

16 “(B) shall be limited to modifications designed
17 to achieve a specified aggregate financial contribu-
18 tion for the employees covered by the collective bar-
19 gaining agreement (taking into consideration any
20 labor cost savings negotiated within the 12-month
21 period before the filing of the petition), and shall be
22 not more than the minimum savings essential to per-
23 mit the debtor to exit bankruptcy, such that con-
24 firmation of a plan of reorganization is not likely to
25 be followed by the liquidation, or the need for fur-

1 ther financial reorganization, of the debtor (or any
2 successor to the debtor) in the short term; and

3 “(C) shall not be disproportionate or overly bur-
4 den the employees covered by the collective bar-
5 gaining agreement, either in the amount of the cost
6 savings sought from such employees or the nature of
7 the modifications.

8 “(d)(1) If, after a period of negotiations, the trustee
9 and the labor organization have not reached an agreement
10 over mutually satisfactory modifications, and further ne-
11 gotiations are not likely to produce mutually satisfactory
12 modifications, the trustee may file a motion seeking rejec-
13 tion of the collective bargaining agreement after notice
14 and a hearing. Absent agreement of the parties, no such
15 hearing shall be held before the expiration of the 21-day
16 period beginning on the date on which notice of the hear-
17 ing is provided to the labor organization representing the
18 employees covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
19 Only the debtor and the labor organization may appear
20 and be heard at such hearing. An application for rejection
21 shall seek rejection effective upon the entry of an order
22 granting the relief.

23 “(2) In consideration of Federal policy encouraging
24 the practice and process of collective bargaining and in
25 recognition of the bargained-for expectations of the em-

1 employees covered by the collective bargaining agreement, the
2 court may grant a motion seeking rejection of a collective
3 bargaining agreement only if, based on clear and con-
4 vincing evidence—

5 “(A) the court finds that the trustee has com-
6 plied with the requirements of subsection (c);

7 “(B) the court has considered alternative pro-
8 posals by the labor organization and has concluded
9 that such proposals do not meet the requirements of
10 subsection (c)(3)(B);

11 “(C) the court finds that further negotiations
12 regarding the proposal of the trustee or an alter-
13 native proposal by the labor organization are not
14 likely to produce an agreement;

15 “(D) the court finds that implementation of the
16 proposal of the trustee shall not—

17 “(i) cause a material diminution in the
18 purchasing power of the employees covered by
19 the collective bargaining agreement;

20 “(ii) adversely affect the ability of the
21 debtor to retain an experienced and qualified
22 workforce; or

23 “(iii) impair the labor relations of the
24 debtor such that the ability to achieve a feasible
25 reorganization would be compromised; and

1 “(E) the court concludes that rejection of the
2 collective bargaining agreement and immediate im-
3 plementation of the proposal of the trustee is essen-
4 tial to permit the debtor to exit bankruptcy, such
5 that confirmation of a plan of reorganization is not
6 likely to be followed by liquidation, or the need for
7 further financial reorganization, of the debtor (or
8 any successor to the debtor) in the short term.

9 “(3) If, during the bankruptcy, the trustee has imple-
10 mented a program of incentive pay, bonuses, or other fi-
11 nancial returns for an insider of the debtor, a senior exec-
12 utive officer of the debtor, any of the 20 highest com-
13 pensated employees of the debtor who are not insiders or
14 senior executive officers, any department or division man-
15 ager of the debtor, or any consultant providing services
16 to the debtor, or such a program was implemented within
17 180 days before the date of the filing of the petition, the
18 court shall presume that the trustee has failed to satisfy
19 the requirements of subsection (e)(3)(C).

20 “(4) In no case shall the court enter an order reject-
21 ing a collective bargaining agreement that would result in
22 modifications to a level lower than the level proposed by
23 the trustee in the proposal found by the court to have com-
24 plied with the requirements of this section.

1 “(5) At any time after the date on which an order
2 rejecting a collective bargaining agreement is entered, or
3 in the case of a collective bargaining agreement entered
4 into between the trustee and the labor organization pro-
5 viding mutually satisfactory modifications, at any time
6 after that collective bargaining agreement has been en-
7 tered into, the labor organization may apply to the court
8 for an order seeking an increase in the level of wages or
9 benefits, or relief from working conditions, based upon
10 changed circumstances. The court shall grant the request
11 only if the increase or other relief is not inconsistent with
12 the standard set forth in paragraph (2)(E).

13 “(e) During a period during which a collective bar-
14 gaining agreement at issue under this section continues
15 in effect and a motion for rejection of the collective bar-
16 gaining agreement has been filed, if essential to the con-
17 tinuation of the business of the debtor or in order to avoid
18 irreparable damage to the estate, the court, after notice
19 and a hearing, may authorize the trustee to implement
20 interim changes in the terms, conditions, wages, benefits,
21 or work rules provided by the collective bargaining agree-
22 ment. Any hearing under this subsection shall be sched-
23 uled in accordance with the needs of the trustee. The im-
24 plementation of such interim changes shall not render the

1 application for rejection moot and may be authorized for
2 not more than 14 days in total.

3 “(f)(1) Rejection of a collective bargaining agreement
4 constitutes a breach of the collective bargaining agree-
5 ment, and shall be effective no earlier than the entry of
6 an order granting such relief.

7 “(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), solely for pur-
8 poses of determining and allowing a claim arising from
9 the rejection of a collective bargaining agreement, rejec-
10 tion shall be treated as rejection of an executory contract
11 under section 365(g) and shall be allowed or disallowed
12 in accordance with section 502(g)(1). No claim for rejec-
13 tion damages shall be limited by section 502(b)(7). Eco-
14 nomic self-help by a labor organization shall be permitted
15 upon a court order granting a motion to reject a collective
16 bargaining agreement under subsection (d) or pursuant to
17 subsection (e), and no provision of this title or of any other
18 provision of Federal or State law may be construed to the
19 contrary.

20 “(g) The trustee shall provide for the reasonable fees
21 and costs incurred by a labor organization under this sec-
22 tion, upon request and after notice and a hearing.

23 “(h) A collective bargaining agreement that is as-
24 sumed shall be assumed in accordance with section 365.”.

1 **SEC. 202. PAYMENT OF INSURANCE BENEFITS TO RETIRED**
2 **EMPLOYEES.**

3 Section 1114 of title 11, United States Code, is
4 amended—

5 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting “, without re-
6 gard to whether the debtor asserts a right to unilat-
7 erally modify such payments under such plan, fund,
8 or program” before the period at the end;

9 (2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting “, and a
10 labor organization serving as the authorized rep-
11 resentative under subsection (c)(1),” after “section”;

12 (3) by striking subsection (f) and inserting the
13 following:

14 “(f)(1) If a trustee seeks modification of retiree bene-
15 fits, the trustee shall provide a notice to the authorized
16 representative that modifications are being proposed pur-
17 suant to this section, and shall promptly provide an initial
18 proposal. Thereafter, the trustee shall confer in good faith
19 with the authorized representative at reasonable times and
20 for a reasonable period in light of the complexity of the
21 case in attempting to reach mutually satisfactory modi-
22 fications.

23 “(2) The initial proposal and subsequent proposals
24 by the trustee shall be based upon a business plan for the
25 reorganization of the debtor and shall reflect the most
26 complete and reliable information available. The trustee

1 shall provide to the authorized representative all informa-
2 tion that is relevant for the negotiations. The court may
3 enter a protective order to prevent the disclosure of infor-
4 mation if disclosure could compromise the position of the
5 debtor with respect to the competitors in the industry of
6 the debtor, subject to the needs of the authorized rep-
7 resentative to evaluate the proposals of the trustee and
8 an application pursuant to subsection (g) or (h).

9 “(3) Modifications proposed by the trustee—

10 “(A) shall be proposed only as part of a pro-
11 gram of workforce and nonworkforce cost savings
12 devised for the reorganization of the debtor, includ-
13 ing savings in management personnel costs;

14 “(B) shall be limited to modifications that are
15 designed to achieve a specified aggregate financial
16 contribution for the retiree group represented by the
17 authorized representative (taking into consideration
18 any cost savings implemented within the 12-month
19 period before the date of filing of the petition with
20 respect to the retiree group), and shall be no more
21 than the minimum savings essential to permit the
22 debtor to exit bankruptcy, such that confirmation of
23 a plan of reorganization is not likely to be followed
24 by the liquidation, or the need for further financial

1 reorganization, of the debtor (or any successor to
2 the debtor) in the short term; and

3 “(C) shall not be disproportionate or overly bur-
4 den the retiree group, either in the amount of the
5 cost savings sought from such group or the nature
6 of the modifications.”;

7 (4) in subsection (g)—

8 (A) by striking the subsection designation
9 and all that follows through the semicolon at
10 the end of paragraph (3) and inserting the fol-
11 lowing:

12 “(g)(1) If, after a period of negotiations, the trustee
13 and the authorized representative have not reached agree-
14 ment over mutually satisfactory modifications and further
15 negotiations are not likely to produce mutually satisfac-
16 tory modifications, the trustee may file a motion seeking
17 modifications in the payment of retiree benefits after no-
18 tice and a hearing. Absent agreement of the parties, no
19 such hearing shall be held before the expiration of the 21-
20 day period beginning on the date on which notice of the
21 hearing is provided to the authorized representative. Only
22 the debtor and the authorized representative may appear
23 and be heard at such hearing.

1 “(2) The court may grant a motion to modify the
2 payment of retiree benefits only if, based on clear and con-
3 vincing evidence—

4 “(A) the court finds that the trustee has com-
5 plied with the requirements of subsection (f);

6 “(B) the court has considered alternative pro-
7 posals by the authorized representative and has de-
8 termined that such proposals do not meet the re-
9 quirements of subsection (f)(3)(B);

10 “(C) the court finds that further negotiations
11 regarding the proposal of the trustee or an alter-
12 native proposal by the authorized representative are
13 not likely to produce a mutually satisfactory agree-
14 ment;

15 “(D) the court finds that implementation of the
16 proposal shall not cause irreparable harm to the af-
17 fected retirees; and

18 “(E) the court concludes that an order granting
19 the motion and immediate implementation of the
20 proposal of the trustee is essential to permit the
21 debtor to exit bankruptcy, such that confirmation of
22 a plan of reorganization is not likely to be followed
23 by liquidation, or the need for further financial reor-
24 ganization, of the debtor (or a successor to the debt-
25 or) in the short term.

“(3) If, during the bankruptcy, a trustee has implemented a program of incentive pay, bonuses, or other financial returns for insiders of the debtor, senior executive officers of the debtor, the 20 highest compensated employees of the debtor who are not insiders or senior executive officers, any department or division managers of the debtor, or any consultants providing services to the debtor, or such a program was implemented within 180 days before the date of the filing of the petition, the court shall presume that the trustee has failed to satisfy the requirements of subsection (f)(3)(C).”; and

12 (B) in the matter following paragraph

13 (3)—

14 (i) by striking “except that in no
15 case” and inserting the following:

16 “(4) In no case”; and

17 (ii) by striking “is consistent with the
18 standard set forth in paragraph (3)” and
19 inserting “assures that all creditors, the
20 debtor, and all of the affected parties are
21 treated fairly and equitably, and is clearly
22 favored by the balance of the equities”;

1 (6) by striking subsection (k) and redesignating
2 subsections (l) and (m) as subsections (k) and (l),
3 respectively.

4 **SEC. 203. PROTECTION OF EMPLOYEE BENEFITS IN A SALE
5 OF ASSETS.**

6 (a) REQUIREMENT TO PRESERVE JOBS AND MAIN-
7 TAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT.—Sec-
8 tion 363 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by
9 adding at the end the following:

10 “(q)(1) In approving a sale or lease of property of
11 the estate under this section or a plan under chapter 11,
12 the court shall give substantial weight to the extent to
13 which a prospective purchaser or lessee of the property
14 will—

15 “(A) preserve the jobs of the employees of the
16 debtor;

17 “(B) maintain the terms and conditions of em-
18 ployment of the employees of the debtor; and

19 “(C) assume or match the pension and health
20 benefit obligations of the debtor to the retirees of
21 the debtor.

22 “(2) If there are two or more offers to purchase or
23 lease property of the estate under this section or a plan
24 under chapter 11, the court shall approve the offer of the
25 prospective purchaser or lessee that will best carry out the

1 actions described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of
2 paragraph (1).”.

3 (b) CHAPTER 11 PLANS.—Section 1129(a) of title
4 11, United States Code is amended by adding at the end
5 the following:

6 “(17) If the plan provides for the sale of all or
7 substantially all of the property of the estate, the
8 plan requires the purchaser of the sale to carry out
9 the actions described in subparagraphs (A) through
10 (C) of section 363(q)(1).”.

11 **SEC. 204. CLAIM FOR PENSION LOSSES.**

12 Section 502 of title 11, United States Code, is
13 amended by adding at the end the following:

14 “(l) The court shall allow a claim asserted by an ac-
15 tive or retired participant, or by a labor organization rep-
16 resenting such participants, in a defined benefit plan ter-
17 minated under section 4041 or 4042 of the Employee Re-
18 tirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1341,
19 1342), for any shortfall in pension benefits accrued as of
20 the effective date of the termination of such pension plan
21 as a result of the termination of the plan and limitations
22 upon the payment of benefits imposed pursuant to section
23 4022 of that Act (29 U.S.C. 1342), notwithstanding any
24 claim asserted and collected by the Pension Benefit Guar-
25 anty Corporation with respect to such termination.

1 “(m) The court shall allow a claim of a kind described
2 in section 101(5)(C) by an active or retired participant
3 in a defined contribution plan (within the meaning of sec-
4 tion 3(34) of the Employee Retirement Income Security
5 Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(34))), or by a labor organi-
6 zation representing such participants. The amount of such
7 claim shall be measured by the market value of the stock
8 at the time of contribution to, or purchase by, the plan
9 and the value as of the commencement of the case.”.

10 **SEC. 205. PAYMENTS BY SECURED LENDER.**

11 Section 506(c) of title 11, United States Code, is
12 amended—

13 (1) by adding “(1)” after “(c)”; and
14 (2) by adding at the end the following:
15 “(2) If one or more employees of the debtor
16 have not received wages, accrued vacation, sever-
17 ance, or any other compensation owed under a plan,
18 program, policy or practice of the debtor, or pursu-
19 ant to the terms of a collective bargaining agree-
20 ment, for services rendered on or after the date of
21 the commencement of the case, or the debtor has not
22 made a contribution due under an employee benefit
23 plan on or after the date of the commencement of
24 the case, such unpaid obligations shall be deemed
25 reasonable, necessary costs and expenses of pre-

1 serving, or disposing of, property securing an al-
2 lowed secured claim and benefitting the holder of the
3 allowed secured claim, and shall be recovered by the
4 trustee for payment to the employees or the em-
5 ployee benefit plan, as applicable, even if the trustee,
6 or a successor or predecessor in interest has other-
7 wise waived the provisions of this subsection under
8 an agreement with the holder of the allowed secured
9 claim or a successor or predecessor in interest.”.

10 **SEC. 206. PRESERVATION OF JOBS AND BENEFITS.**

11 Chapter 11 of title 11, United States Code, is amend-
12 ed—

13 (1) by inserting before section 1101 the fol-
14 lowing: “1100. Statement of purpose A debtor com-
15 mencing a case under this chapter shall have as its
16 principal purpose the reorganization of its business
17 to preserve going concern value to the maximum ex-
18 tent possible through the productive use of its assets
19 and the preservation of jobs that will sustain produc-
20 tive economic activity.”;

21 (2) in section 1129—

22 (A) in subsection (a), as amended by sec-
23 tion 104, by adding at the end the following:

24 “(18) The debtor has demonstrated that the re-
25 organization preserves going concern value to the

1 maximum extent possible through the productive use
2 of the assets of the debtor and preserves jobs that
3 sustain productive economic activity.”; and

4 (B) in subsection (c)—

5 (i) by inserting “(1)” after “(c)”; and
6 (ii) by striking the last sentence and
7 inserting the following:

8 “(2) If the requirements of subsections (a) and
9 (b) are met with respect to more than 1 plan, the
10 court shall, in determining which plan to confirm—

11 “(A) consider the extent to which each
12 plan would preserve going concern value
13 through the productive use of the assets of the
14 debtor and the preservation of jobs that sustain
15 productive economic activity; and

16 “(B) confirm the plan that better serves
17 such interests.

18 “(3) A plan that incorporates the terms of a
19 settlement with a labor organization representing
20 employees of the debtor shall presumptively con-
21 stitute the plan that satisfies this subsection.”; and

22 (3) in the table of sections, by inserting before
23 the item relating to section 1101 the following:

“1100. Statement of purpose.”.

1 **SEC. 207. TERMINATION OF EXCLUSIVITY.**

2 Section 1121(d) of title 11, United States Code, is
3 amended by adding at the end the following:

4 “(3) For purposes of this subsection, cause for
5 reducing the 120-day period or the 180-day period
6 includes—

7 “(A) the filing of a motion pursuant to
8 section 1113 seeking rejection of a collective
9 bargaining agreement if a plan based upon an
10 alternative proposal by the labor organization is
11 reasonably likely to be confirmed within a rea-
12 sonable time; and

13 “(B) the proposed filing of a plan by a
14 proponent other than the debtor, which incor-
15 porates the terms of a settlement with a labor
16 organization if such plan is reasonably likely to
17 be confirmed within a reasonable time.”.

18 **TITLE III—RESTRICTING EXECU-
19 TIVE COMPENSATION PRO-
20 GRAMS**

21 **SEC. 301. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION UPON EXIT FROM
22 BANKRUPTCY.**

23 Section 1129(a) of title 11, United States Code, is
24 amended—

25 (1) in paragraph (4)—

26 (A) by adding “(A)” after “(4)”;

(B) in subparagraph (A), as so designated,
by striking “Any payment” and inserting “Sub-
ject to subparagraph (B), any payment”; and

4 (C) by adding at the end the following:

5 “(B)(i) Subject to clause (ii), the plan does
6 not provide for payments or other distributions
7 to, or for the benefit of, an insider of the debt-
8 or, a senior executive officer of the debtor, any
9 of the 20 highest compensated employees of the
10 debtor who are not insiders or senior executive
11 officers, any department or division manager of
12 the debtor, or any consultant providing services
13 to the debtor, unless—

14 “(I) the payments or other distribu-
15 tions are part of a program that is gen-
16 erally applicable to all full-time employees
17 of the debtor; and

18 “(II) the payments or distributions do
19 not exceed the compensation limits estab-
20 lished in section 503(c)(1) in comparison
21 to the nonmanagement workforce of the
22 debtor.

23 “(ii) The requirement under clause (i)
24 shall not apply to the compensation described in
25 paragraph (5)(C).”; and

1 (2) in paragraph (5)—

6 (C) by adding at the end the following:

7 “(C) the compensation disclosed under
8 subparagraph (B) has been approved by, or is
9 subject to the approval of, the court as—

10 “(i) reasonable when compared to in-
11 dividuals holding comparable positions at
12 comparable companies in the same indus-
13 try as the debtor;

14 “(ii) not more than the amount cor-
15 responding to the 50th percentile of the
16 compensation of the individuals described
17 in clause (i); and

21 SEC. 302. LIMITATIONS ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION EN-
22 HANCEMENTS.

23 Section 503(c) of title 11, United States Code, is
24 amended—

- 1 (1) In the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
2 inserting “and subject to section 363(b)(3)” after
3 “subsection (b);”
4 (2) in paragraph (1)—
5 (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
6 (A)—
7 (i) by inserting “, a senior executive
8 officer of the debtor, any the 20 highest
9 compensated employees of the debtor who
10 are not insiders or senior executive officers,
11 any department or division manager of the
12 debtor, or any consultant providing serv-
13 ices to the debtor” before “for the pur-
14 pose”; and
15 (ii) by inserting “or for the payment
16 of performance or incentive compensation,
17 or a bonus of any kind, or other financial
18 returns designed to replace or enhance in-
19 centive, stock, or other compensation in ef-
20 fect before the date of the commencement
21 of the case,” after “remain with the debt-
22 or’s business;”
23 (B) by amending subparagraph (A) to read
24 as follows:

- 1 “(A) the transfer or obligation is part of a
2 program that is generally applicable to all full-
3 time employees of the debtor; and”;
4 (C) by striking subparagraph (B);
5 (D) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as
6 subparagraph (B);
7 (E) in subparagraph (B), as so redesign-
8 ated—
9 (i) in clause (i), by striking “10” and
10 inserting “2”; and
11 (ii) in clause (ii)—
12 (I) by striking “25” and insert-
13 ing “10”; and
14 (II) by striking “insider” and in-
15 serting “person”;
16 (3) in paragraph (2)—
17 (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
18 (A), by inserting “, a senior executive officer of
19 the debtor, any of the 20 highest compensated
20 employees of the debtor who are not insiders or
21 senior executive officers, any department or di-
22 vision manager of the debtor, or any consultant
23 providing services to the debtor,” before “, un-
24 less”; and

1 (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “10”
 2 and inserting “2”; and
 3 (4) by amending paragraph (3) to read as fol-
 4 lows:

5 “(3) other transfers or obligations to, or for the
 6 benefit of, an insider of the debtor, a senior execu-
 7 tive officer of the debtor, the 20 highest com-
 8 pensated employees of the debtor who are not insid-
 9 ers or senior executive officers, any department or
 10 division manager of the debtor, or any consultant
 11 providing services to the debtor that are outside of
 12 the ordinary course of business, except as part of a
 13 plan of reorganization and subject to the approval of
 14 the court under paragraphs (4) and (5) of section
 15 1129(a).”.

**16 SEC. 303. PROHIBITION AGAINST SPECIAL COMPENSATION
 17 PAYMENTS.**

18 Section 363 of title 11, United States Code, is
 19 amended—

20 (1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the
 21 following:

22 “(3) No plan, program, or other transfer or ob-
 23 ligation to, or for the benefit of, an insider of the
 24 debtor, a senior executive officer of the debtor, the
 25 20 highest compensated employees of the debtor who

1 are not insiders or senior executive officers, any de-
2 partment or division manager of the debtor, or any
3 consultant providing services to the debtor shall be
4 approved if the debtor has, on or after the date that
5 is 1 year before the date of the filing of the peti-
6 tion—

7 “(A) discontinued any plan, program, pol-
8 icy, or practice of paying severance pay to the
9 nonmanagement workforce of the debtor; or

10 “(B) modified any plan, program, policy,
11 or practice described in subparagraph (A) in
12 order to reduce benefits under the plan, pro-
13 gram, policy, or practice.”; and

14 (2) in subsection (c)—

15 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “If the
16 business” and inserting “Except as provided in
17 paragraph (5), if the business”; and

18 (B) by adding at the end the following:

19 “(5) In the case of a transaction that is a
20 transfer or obligation described in paragraphs (1)
21 through (3) of section 503(c), the trustee shall ob-
22 tain the prior approval of the court after notice and
23 an opportunity for a hearing.”.

1 **SEC. 304. ASSUMPTION OF EXECUTIVE BENEFIT PLANS.**

2 Section 365 of title 11, United States Code, is
3 amended—

4 (1) in subsection (a), by striking “and (d)” and
5 inserting “(d), (q), and (r)”; and

6 (2) by adding at the end the following:

7 “(q) No deferred compensation arrangement for the
8 benefit of an insider of the debtor, a senior executive offi-
9 cer of the debtor, or any of the 20 highest compensated
10 employees of the debtor who are not insiders or senior ex-
11 ecutive officers shall be assumed if a defined benefit plan
12 for employees of the debtor has been terminated pursuant
13 to section 4041 or 4042 of the Employee Retirement In-
14 come Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1341, 1342), on
15 or after the date that is 1 year before the date of the com-
16 mencement of the case.

17 “(r) No plan, fund, program, or contract to provide
18 retiree benefits for insiders of the debtor, senior executive
19 officers of the debtor, or the 20 highest compensated em-
20 ployees of the debtor who are not insiders or senior execu-
21 tive officers shall be assumed if the debtor has obtained
22 relief under subsection (g) or (h) of section 1114 to impose
23 reductions in retiree benefits or under subsection (d) or
24 (e) of section 1113 to impose reductions in the health ben-
25 efits of active employees of the debtor, or has otherwise
26 reduced or eliminated health benefits for employees or re-

1 tirees of the debtor on are after the date that is 1 year
2 before the date of the commencement of the case.”.

3 **SEC. 305. RECOVERY OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 5 of
5 title 11, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
6 section 562 the following:

“563. Recovery of executive compensation.

7 “(a) If a debtor has obtained relief under section
8 1113(d) or section 1114(g), by which the debtor reduces
9 the cost of its obligations under a collective bargaining
10 agreement or a plan, fund, or program for retiree benefits
11 (as defined in section 1114(a)), the court, in granting re-
12 lief, shall determine the percentage diminution in the value
13 of the obligations when compared to the obligations of the
14 debtor under the collective bargaining agreement, or with
15 respect to retiree benefits, as of the date of the commence-
16 ment of the case under this title before granting such re-
17 lief. In making its determination, the court shall include
18 reductions in benefits, if any, as a result of the termi-
19 nation pursuant to section 4041 or 4042 of the Employee
20 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1341,
21 1342), of a defined benefit plan administered by the debt-
22 or, or for which the debtor is a contributing employer, ef-
23 fective at any time on or after 180 days before the date
24 of the commencement of a case under this title. The court

1 shall not take into account pension benefits paid or pay-
2 able under that Act as a result of any such termination.

3 “(b) If a defined benefit pension plan administered
4 by the debtor, or for which the debtor is a contributing
5 employer, has been terminated pursuant to section 4041
6 or 4042 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
7 of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1341, 1342), effective at any time on
8 or after 180 days before the date of the commencement
9 of a case under this title, but a debtor has not obtained
10 relief under section 1113(d), or section 1114(g), the court,
11 upon motion of a party in interest, shall determine the
12 percentage diminution in the value of benefit obligations
13 when compared to the total benefit liabilities before such
14 termination. The court shall not take into account pension
15 benefits paid or payable under title IV of the Employee
16 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1301
17 et seq.) as a result of any such termination.

18 “(c) Upon the determination of the percentage dimi-
19 nution in value under subsection (a) or (b), the estate shall
20 have a claim for the return of the same percentage of the
21 compensation paid, directly or indirectly (including any
22 transfer to a self-settled trust or similar device, or to a
23 nonqualified deferred compensation plan under section
24 409A(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) to any
25 officer of the debtor serving as member of the board of

1 directors of the debtor within the year before the date of
2 the commencement of the case, and any individual serving
3 as chairman or lead director of the board of directors at
4 the time of the granting of relief under section 1113 or
5 1114 or, if no such relief has been granted, the termi-
6 nation of the defined benefit plan.

7 “(d) The trustee or a committee appointed pursuant
8 to section 1102 may commence an action to recover such
9 claims, except that if neither the trustee nor such com-
10 mittee commences an action to recover such claim by the
11 first date set for the hearing on the confirmation of plan
12 under section 1129, any party in interest may apply to
13 the court for authority to recover such claim for the ben-
14 efit of the estate. The costs of recovery shall be borne by
15 the estate.

16 “(e) The court shall not award postpetition com-
17 pensation under section 503(c) or otherwise to any person
18 subject to subsection (c) of this section if there is a reason-
19 able likelihood that such compensation is intended to reim-
20 burse or replace compensation recovered by the estate
21 under this section.”.

22 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
23 The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 11, United
24 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
25 ing to section 562 the following:

“563. Recovery of executive compensation.”.

1 TITLE IV—OTHER PROVISIONS

2 SEC. 401. UNION PROOF OF CLAIM.

3 Section 501(a) of title 11, United States Code, is
4 amended by inserting “, including a labor organization,”
5 after “A creditor”.

6 SEC. 402. EXCEPTION FROM AUTOMATIC STAY.

7 Section 362(b) of title 11, United States Code, is
8 amended—

15 “(29) of the commencement or continuation of
16 a grievance, arbitration, or similar dispute resolution
17 proceeding established by a collective bargaining
18 agreement that was or could have been commenced
19 against the debtor before the filing of a case under
20 this title, or the payment or enforcement of an
21 award or settlement under such proceeding.”.

22 SEC. 403. EFFECT ON COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS
23 MENTS UNDER THE RAILWAY LABOR ACT.

24 Section 103 of title 11, United States Code, is
25 amended by adding at the end the following:

1 “(m) Notwithstanding sections 365, 1113, or 1114,
2 neither the court nor the trustee may change the wages,
3 working conditions, or retirement benefits of an employee
4 or a retiree of the debtor established by a collective bar-
5 gaining agreement that is subject to the Railway Labor
6 Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), except in accordance with
7 section 6 of that Act (45 U.S.C. 156).”.

○