^{116TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 7718

AN ACT

To address the health needs of incarcerated women related to pregnancy and childbirth, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Protecting the Health3 and Wellness of Babies and Pregnant Women in Custody4 Act".

5 SEC. 2. DATA COLLECTION.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 1 year 7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, pursuant to 8 the authority under section 302 of the Omnibus Crime 9 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10132), the Director of the Bureau of Justice Statistics shall in-10 11 clude in the National Prisoner Statistics Program and An-12 nual Survey of Jails statistics relating to the health needs 13 of incarcerated pregnant women in the criminal justice system at the Federal, State, tribal, and local levels, in-14 15 cluding—

- (1) demographic and other information about
 incarcerated women who are pregnant, in labor, or
 in postpartum recovery, including the race, ethnicity,
 and age of the pregnant woman;
- 20 (2) the provision of pregnancy care and services
 21 provided for such women, including—
- (A) whether prenatal, delivery, and postdelivery check-up visits were scheduled and provided;
- 25 (B) whether a social worker, psychologist,
 26 doula or other support person, or pregnancy or

| 1 | parenting program was offered and provided |
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| 2 | during pregnancy and delivery; |
| 3 | (C) whether a nursery or residential pro- |
| 4 | gram to keep mothers and infants together |
| 5 | post-delivery was offered and whether such a |
| 6 | nursery or residential program was provided; |
| 7 | (D) the number of days the mother stayed |
| 8 | in the hospital post-delivery; |
| 9 | (E) the number of days the infant re- |
| 10 | mained with the mother post-delivery; and |
| 11 | (F) the number of days the infant re- |
| 12 | mained in the hospital after the mother was |
| 13 | discharged; |
| 14 | (3) the location of the nearest hospital with a |
| 15 | licensed obstetrician-gynecologist in proximity to |
| 16 | where the inmate is housed and the length of travel |
| 17 | required to transport the inmate; |
| 18 | (4) whether a written policy or protocol is in |
| 19 | place to respond to unexpected childbirth, labor, de- |
| 20 | liveries, and medical complications related to the |
| 21 | pregnancies of incarcerated pregnant women and for |
| 22 | incarcerated pregnant women experiencing labor or |
| 23 | medical complications related to pregnancy outside |
| 24 | of a hospital; |

| 1 | (5) the number of incarcerated women who are |
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| 2 | determined by a health care professional to have a |
| 3 | high-risk pregnancy; |
| 4 | (6) the total number of incarcerated pregnant |
| 5 | women and the number of incarcerated women who |
| 6 | became pregnant while incarcerated; |
| 7 | (7) the number of incidents in which an incar- |
| 8 | cerated woman who is pregnant, in labor, or in |
| 9 | postpartum recovery is placed in restrictive housing, |
| 10 | the reason for such restriction or placement, and the |
| 11 | circumstances under which each incident occurred, |
| 12 | including the duration of time in restrictive housing, |
| 13 | during— |
| 14 | (A) pregnancy; |
| 15 | (B) labor; |
| 16 | (C) delivery; |
| 17 | (D) postpartum recovery; and |
| 18 | (E) the 6-month period after delivery; and |
| 19 | (8) the disposition of the custody of the infant |
| 20 | post-delivery. |
| 21 | (b) Personally Identifiable Information.— |
| 22 | Data collected under this paragraph may not contain any |
| 23 | personally identifiable information of any incarcerated |
| 24 | pregnant woman. |

1 SEC. 3. CARE FOR FEDERALLY INCARCERATED WOMEN RE-

LATED TO PREGNANCY AND CHILDBIRTH.

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3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that appropriate services and pro-4 5 grams are provided to women in custody, to address the health and safety needs of such women related to preg-6 nancy and childbirth. The warden of each Bureau of Pris-7 8 ons facility that houses women shall ensure that these 9 services and programs are implemented for women in cus-10 tody at that facility.

(b) SERVICES AND PROGRAMS PROVIDED.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that the following services and programs are available to women in
custody:

15 (1)ACCESS TO COMPLETE APPROPRIATE 16 HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE LIFE CYCLE OF WOMEN.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons 17 18 shall provide to each woman in custody who is of re-19 productive age pregnancy testing, contraception, and 20 testing for sexually transmitted diseases and provide 21 each woman with the option to decline such services.

(2) COMPLIANCE WITH PROTOCOLS RELATING
TO HEALTH OF A PREGNANT WOMAN.—On confirmation of the pregnancy of a woman in custody by clinical diagnostics and assessment, the chief health
care professional of a Bureau of Prisons facility that

| 1 | houses women shall ensure that a summary of all |
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| 2 | appropriate protocols directly pertaining to the safe- |
| 3 | ty and well-being of the woman are provided to the |
| 4 | woman and that such protocols are complied with, |
| 5 | including an assessment of undue safety risks and |
| 6 | necessary changes to accommodate the woman where |
| 7 | and when appropriate, as it relates to— |
| 8 | (A) housing or transfer to a lower bunk for |
| 9 | safety reasons; |
| 10 | (B) appropriate bedding or clothing to re- |
| 11 | spond to a woman's changing physical require- |
| 12 | ments and the temperature in housing units; |
| 13 | (C) regular access to water and bathrooms; |
| 14 | (D) a diet that complies with the nutri- |
| 15 | tional standards established by the Secretary of |
| 16 | Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and |
| 17 | Human Services in the Dietary Guidelines for |
| 18 | Americans report published pursuant to section |
| 19 | 301 of the National Nutrition Monitoring and |
| 20 | Related Research Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. |
| 21 | 5341(a)(3)), and that includes— |
| 22 | (i) any appropriate dietary supple- |
| 23 | ment, including prenatal vitamins; |
| 24 | (ii) timely and regular nutritious |
| 25 | meals; |

1 (iii) additional caloric content in 2 meals provided; (iv) a prohibition on withholding food 3 4 from an incarcerated pregnant woman or 5 serving any food that is used as a punish-6 ment, including nutraloaf or any food simi-7 lar to nutraloaf that is not considered a 8 nutritious meal; and (v) such other modifications to the 9 10 diet of the woman as the Director of the 11 Bureau of Prisons determines to be nec-12 essary after consultation with the Sec-13 retary of Health and Human Services and 14 consideration of such recommendations as 15 the Secretary may provide; 16 (\mathbf{E}) modified recreation and transpor-17 tation, in accordance with standards within the 18 obstetrical and gynecological care community, 19 to prevent overexertion or prolonged periods of 20 inactivity; and 21 (F) such other changes to living conditions 22 as the Director of the Bureau of Prisons may 23 require after consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and consideration 24

| 1 | of such recommendations as the Secretary may |
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| 2 | provide. |
| 3 | (3) Education and support services.— |
| 4 | (A) PREGNANCY IN CUSTODY.—In the case |
| 5 | of a woman who is pregnant at intake or who |
| 6 | becomes pregnant while in custody, that woman |
| 7 | shall, at intake or not later than 48 hours after |
| 8 | pregnancy is confirmed, as appropriate, receive |
| 9 | prenatal education, counseling, and birth sup- |
| 10 | port services provided by a provider trained to |
| 11 | provide such services, including— |
| 12 | (i) information about the parental |
| 13 | rights of the woman, including the right to |
| 14 | place the child in kinship care, and notice |
| 15 | of the rights of the child; |
| 16 | (ii) information about family preserva- |
| 17 | tion support services that are available to |
| 18 | the woman; |
| 19 | (iii) information about the nutritional |
| 20 | standards referred to in paragraph $(2)(D)$; |
| 21 | (iv) information pertaining to the |
| 22 | health and safety risks of pregnancy, child- |
| 23 | birth, and parenting, including postpartum |
| 24 | depression; |

| 1 | (v) information on breastfeeding, lac- |
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| 2 | tation, and breast health; |
| 3 | (vi) appropriate educational materials, |
| 4 | resources, and services related to preg- |
| 5 | nancy, childbirth, and parenting; |
| 6 | (vii) information and notification serv- |
| 7 | ices for incarcerated parents regarding the |
| 8 | risk of debt repayment obligations associ- |
| 9 | ated with their child's participation in so- |
| 10 | cial welfare programs, including assistance |
| 11 | under any State program funded under |
| 12 | part A of title IV of the Social Security |
| 13 | Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) or benefits |
| 14 | under the supplemental nutrition assist- |
| 15 | ance program, as defined in section 3 of |
| 16 | the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 |
| 17 | U.S.C. 2012), or any State program car- |
| 18 | ried out under that Act; and |
| 19 | (viii) information from the Office of |
| 20 | Child Support Enforcement of the Depart- |
| 21 | ment of Health and Human Services re- |
| 22 | garding seeking or modifying child support |
| 23 | while incarcerated, including how to par- |
| 24 | ticipate in the Bureau of Prison's Inmate |
| 25 | Financial Responsibility Program under |

| 1 | subpart B of title 28, Code of Federal |
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| 2 | Regulations (or any successor program). |
| 3 | (B) BIRTH WHILE IN CUSTODY OR PRIOR |
| 4 | TO CUSTODY.—In the case of a woman who |
| 5 | gave birth in custody or who experienced any |
| 6 | other pregnancy outcome during the 6-month |
| 7 | period immediately preceding intake, that |
| 8 | woman shall receive counseling provided by a li- |
| 9 | censed or certified provider trained to provide |
| 10 | such services, including— |
| 11 | (i) information about the parental |
| 12 | rights of the woman, including the right to |
| 13 | place the child in kinship care, and notice |
| 14 | of the rights of the child; and |
| 15 | (ii) information about family preserva- |
| 16 | tion support services that are available to |
| 17 | the woman. |
| 18 | (4) TESTING.—Not later than 1 day after an |
| 19 | incarcerated woman notifies an employee of the Bu- |
| 20 | reau of Prisons that the woman may be pregnant, |
| 21 | a Bureau of Prisons healthcare care professional |
| 22 | shall administer a pregnancy test to determine |
| 23 | whether the woman is pregnant. |
| 24 | (5) EVALUATIONS.—Each woman in custody |
| 25 | who is pregnant or whose pregnancy results in a |

| 1 | birth or any other pregnancy outcome during the 6- |
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| 2 | month period immediately preceding intake or any |
| 3 | time in custody thereafter shall be evaluated not |
| 4 | later than 4 days after intake or confirmation of |
| 5 | pregnancy through evidence-based screening and as- |
| 6 | sessment for substance use disorders or mental |
| 7 | health conditions, including postpartum depression |
| 8 | or depression related to a pregnancy outcome or |
| 9 | early child care. Screening shall include identifica- |
| 10 | tion of any of the following risk factors: |
| 11 | (A) An existing mental or physical health |
| 12 | condition or substance use disorder. |
| 13 | (B) Being underweight or overweight. |
| 14 | (C) Multiple births or a previous still birth. |
| 15 | (D) A history of preeclampsia. |
| 16 | (E) A previous Caesarean section. |
| 17 | (F) A previous miscarriage. |
| 18 | (G) Being older than 35 or younger than |
| 19 | 15. |
| 20 | (H) Being diagnosed with the human im- |
| 21 | munodeficiency virus, hepatitis, diabetes, or hy- |
| 22 | pertension. |
| 23 | (I) Such other risk factors as the chief |
| 24 | health care professional of a Bureau of Prisons |

facility that houses women may determine to be appropriate.

3 (6) UNEXPECTED BIRTHS RULEMAKING.—Not 4 later than 180 days after the date of enactment of 5 this Act, the Attorney General shall make rules es-6 tablishing procedures for responding to unexpected 7 childbirth deliveries, labor complications, and med-8 ical complications related to pregnancy if a woman 9 in custody is unable to access a hospital in a timely 10 manner.

(7) TREATMENT.—In the case of any woman in
custody who, after an evaluation under paragraph
(4), is diagnosed as having a substance use disorder
or a mental health disorder, that woman shall be entitled to treatment in accordance with the following:

16 (A) Treatment shall include participation
17 in a support group, including a 12-step pro18 gram, such as Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics
19 Anonymous, and Cocaine Anonymous or a com20 parable nonreligious program.

21 (B) Treatment may include psychosocial22 interventions and medication.

(C) In the case that adequate treatment
cannot be provided to a woman in custody in a
Bureau of Prisons facility, the Director of the

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| 1 | Bureau of Prisons shall transfer the woman to |
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| 2 | a residential reentry program that offers such |
| 3 | treatment pursuant to section 508 of the Public |
| 4 | Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb–1). |
| 5 | (D) To the extent practicable, treatment |
| 6 | for substance use disorders provided pursuant |
| 7 | to this section shall be conducted in a licensed |
| 8 | hospital. |
| 9 | SEC. 4. USE OF RESTRICTIVE HOUSING AND RESTRAINTS |
| 10 | ON INCARCERATED PREGNANT WOMEN DUR- |
| 11 | ING PREGNANCY, LABOR, AND POSTPARTUM |
| 12 | RECOVERY PROHIBITED. |
| 13 | (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4322 of title 18, United |
| 14 | States Code, is amended to read as follows: |
| 15 | "§ 4322. Use of restraints and restrictive housing on |
| 16 | incarcerated women during the period of |
| 17 | pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recov- |
| 18 | ery prohibited and to improve pregnancy |
| 19 | care for women in Federal prisons |
| 20 | "(a) Prohibition.—Except as provided in sub- |
| 21 | section (b), beginning on the date on which pregnancy is |
| 22 | confirmed by a health care professional and ending not |
| 23 | earlier than 12 weeks after delivery, an incarcerated |
| 24 | woman in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons, or in the |
| 25 | custody of the United States Marshals Service pursuant |

to section 4086, shall not be placed in restraints or held
 in restrictive housing.

3 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—

4 "(1) USE OF RESTRAINTS.—The prohibition 5 under subsection (a) shall not apply if the senior 6 Bureau of Prisons official or United States Marshals 7 Service official overseeing women's health and serv-8 ices and a health care professional responsible for 9 the health and safety of the incarcerated woman de-10 termines that the use of restraints is appropriate for 11 the medical safety of the woman, and the health care 12 professional reviews such determination not later 13 than every 6 hours after such use is initially ap-14 proved until such use is terminated.

15 "(2) SITUATIONAL USE.—The individualized de-16 termination described under paragraph (1) shall only 17 apply to a specific situation and must be reaffirmed 18 through the same process to use restraints again in 19 any future situation involving the same woman.

20 "(3) ACCESS TO CARE.—Immediately upon the
21 cessation of the use of restraints or restrictive hous22 ing as outlined in this subsection, the Director of the
23 Bureau of Prisons or the United States Marshal
24 Service shall provide the incarcerated woman with

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| immediate access to physical and mental health as- |
| sessments and all recommended treatment. |
| "(4) Response to behavioral risks in the |
| BUREAU OF PRISONS.— |
| "(A) RESTRICTIVE HOUSING.—The prohi- |
| bition under subsection (a) relating to restric- |
| tive housing shall not apply if the Director of |
| the Bureau of Prisons or a senior Bureau of |
| Prisons official overseeing women's health and |
| services, in consultation with senior officials in |
| health services, makes an individualized deter- |
| mination that restrictive housing is required as |
| a temporary response to behavior that poses a |
| serious and immediate risk of physical harm. |
| "(B) REVIEW.—The official who makes a |
| determination under subparagraph (A) shall re- |
| view such determination every 4 hours for the |
| purpose of removing an incarcerated woman as |
| quickly as feasible from restrictive housing. |
| "(C) RESTRICTIVE HOUSING PLAN.—The |
| official who makes a determination under sub- |
| paragraph (A) shall develop an individualized |
| plan to move an incarcerated woman to less re- |
| strictive housing within a reasonable amount of |
| time, not to exceed 2 days. |
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| "(D) MONITORING.—An incarcerated |
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| woman who is placed in restrictive housing pur- |
| suant to this paragraph shall be— |
| "(i) monitored every hour; |
| "(ii) placed in a location visible to cor- |
| rectional officers; and |
| "(iii) prohibited from being placed in |
| solitary confinement if the incarcerated |
| woman is in her third trimester. |
| "(c) Reports.— |
| "(1) Report to the director and health |
| CARE PROFESSIONAL AFTER THE USE OF RE- |
| STRAINTS.—If an official identified in subsection |
| (b)(1) or a correctional officer uses restraints on an |
| incarcerated woman under subsection (b), that offi- |
| cial (or an officer or marshal designated by that offi- |
| cial) or correctional officer shall submit, not later |
| than 30 days after placing the woman in restraints, |
| to the Director of the Bureau of Prisons or the Di- |
| rector of the U.S. Marshal Service, as applicable, a |
| written report which describes the facts and cir- |
| cumstances surrounding the use of restraints, and |
| includes each of the following: |
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| 1 | "(A) A description of all attempts to use |
| 2 | alternative interventions and sanctions before |
| 3 | the restraints were used. |
| 4 | "(B) A description of the circumstances |
| 5 | that led to the use of restraints. |
| 6 | "(C) Strategies the facility is putting in |
| 7 | place to identify more appropriate alternative |
| 8 | interventions should a similar situation arise |
| 9 | again. |
| 10 | "(2) Report to congress.—Beginning on the |
| 11 | date that is 6 months after the date of enactment |
| 12 | of the Protecting the Health and Wellness of Babies |
| 13 | and Pregnant Women in Custody Act, and every 6 |
| 14 | months thereafter for a period of 10 years, the At- |
| 15 | torney General shall submit to the Committees on |
| 16 | the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and |
| 17 | the Senate a report on— |
| 18 | "(A) the reasoning upon which the deter- |
| 19 | mination to use restraints was made; |
| 20 | "(B) the details of the use of restraints, |
| 21 | including the type of restraints used and length |
| 22 | of time during which restraints were used; and |
| 23 | "(C) any resulting physical effects on the |
| 24 | prisoner observed by or known to the correc- |
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tions official or United States Marshal, as applicable.

3 "(3) Report to the director and health 4 CARE PROFESSIONAL AFTER PLACEMENT IN RE-STRICTIVE HOUSING.—If an official identified in 5 6 subsection (b)(3), correctional officer, or United 7 States Marshal places or causes an incarcerated 8 woman to be placed in restrictive housing under 9 such subsection, that official, correctional officer, or 10 United States Marshal shall submit, not later than 11 30 days after placing or causing the placement of 12 the incarcerated woman in restrictive housing, to the 13 Director of the Bureau of Prisons or the Director of 14 the United States Marshals Service, as applicable, 15 and to the health care professional responsible for 16 the health and safety of the woman, a written report 17 which describes the facts and circumstances sur-18 rounding the restrictive housing placement, and in-19 cludes the following:

20 "(A) The reasoning upon which the deter21 mination for the placement was made.

"(B) The details of the placement, including length of time of placement and how frequently and how many times the determination
was made subsequent to the initial determina-

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| 1 | tion to continue the restrictive housing place- |
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| 2 | ment. |
| 3 | "(C) A description of all attempts to use |
| 4 | alternative interventions and sanctions before |
| 5 | the restrictive housing was used. |
| 6 | "(D) Any resulting physical effects on the |
| 7 | woman observed by or reported by the health |
| 8 | care professional responsible for the health and |
| 9 | safety of the woman. |
| 10 | "(E) Strategies the facility is putting in |
| 11 | place to identify more appropriate alternative |
| 12 | interventions should a similar situation arise |
| 13 | again. |
| 14 | "(4) Report to congress.—Beginning on the |
| 15 | date that is 6 months after the date of enactment |
| 16 | of the Protecting the Health and Wellness of Babies |
| 17 | and Pregnant Women in Custody Act, and every 6 |
| 18 | months thereafter for a period of 10 years, the At- |
| 19 | torney General shall submit to the Committees on |
| 20 | the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and |
| 21 | the Senate a report on the information described in |
| 22 | paragraph (3). |
| 23 | "(d) NOTICE.—Not later than 24 hours after the con- |
| 24 | firmation of an incarcerated woman's pregnancy by a |

health care professional, that woman shall be notified,

orally and in writing, by an appropriate health care profes sional, correctional officer, or United States Marshal, as
 applicable—

4 "(1) of the restrictions on the use of restraints
5 and restrictive housing placements under this sec6 tion;

7 "(2) of the incarcerated woman's right to make
8 a confidential report of a violation of restrictions on
9 the use of restraints or restrictive housing place10 ment; and

"(3) that the facility staff have been advised of
all rights of the incarcerated woman under subsection (a).

14 "(e) VIOLATION REPORTING PROCESS.—Not later
15 than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
16 the Director of the Bureau of Prisons and the Director
17 of the United States Marshals Service shall establish proc18 esses through which an incarcerated person may report
19 a violation of this section.

"(f) NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS.—The warden of the
Bureau of Prisons facility where a pregnant woman is in
custody shall notify necessary facility staff of the pregnancy and of the incarcerated pregnant woman's rights
under subsection (a).

"(g) RETALIATION.—It shall be unlawful for any Bu reau of Prisons or United States Marshal Service em ployee to retaliate against an incarcerated person for re porting under the provisions of subsection (e) a violation
 of subsection (a).

6 "(h) EDUCATION.—Not later than 90 days after the 7 date of enactment of the Protecting the Health and 8 Wellness of Babies and Pregnant Women in Custody Act, 9 the Director of the Bureau of Prisons and the Director 10 of the United States Marshals Service shall each develop education guidelines regarding the physical and mental 11 health needs of incarcerated pregnant women, and the use 12 13 of restraints and restrictive housing placements on incarcerated women during the period of pregnancy, labor, and 14 15 postpartum recovery, and shall incorporate such guidelines into appropriate education programs. 16

17 "(i) DEFINITION.—In this section:

18 "(1) RESTRAINTS.—The term 'restraints'
19 means any physical or mechanical device used to
20 control the movement of an incarcerated pregnant
21 woman's body, limbs, or both.

22 "(2) RESTRICTIVE HOUSING.—The term 're23 strictive housing' means any type of detention that
24 involves—

| 1 | "(A) removal from the general inmate pop- |
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| 2 | ulation, whether voluntary or involuntary; |
| 3 | "(B) placement in a locked room or cell, |
| 4 | whether alone or with another inmate; and |
| 5 | "(C) inability to leave the room or cell for |
| 6 | the vast majority of the day.". |
| 7 | (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections |
| 8 | at the beginning of chapter 317 of title 18, United States |
| 9 | Code, is amended by amending the item relating to section |
| 10 | 4322 to read as follows: |
| | "4322. Use of restraints and restrictive housing on incarcerated women during the period of pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recovery pro- hibited and to improve pregnancy care for women in Federal prisons.". |
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| 11 | SEC. 5. TREATMENT OF WOMEN WITH HIGH-RISK PREG- |
| 11 12 | SEC. 5. TREATMENT OF WOMEN WITH HIGH-RISK PREG- NANCIES. |
| | |
| 12 | NANCIES. |
| 12 13 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United |
| 12 13 14 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- |
| 12 13 14 15 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: |
| 12 13 14 15 16 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "§ 4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "§ 4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women "(a) HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY HEALTH CARE.—The |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "§ 4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women "(a) HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY HEALTH CARE.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that each |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "§ 4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women "(a) HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY HEALTH CARE.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that each incarcerated pregnant woman receives health care appro- |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | NANCIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "\$4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women "(a) HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY HEALTH CARE.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that each incarcerated pregnant woman receives health care appro- priate for a high-risk pregnancy, including obstetrical and |

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Bureau
of Prisons shall transfer any incarcerated woman,
who is determined by a health care professional to
have a high-risk pregnancy and who agrees to be
transferred, to a Residential Reentry Center with
adequate health care during her pregnancy and postpartum recovery.

8 "(2) PRIORITY.—The Residential Reentry Cen-9 ter to which an incarcerated pregnant woman is 10 transferred pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be in a 11 geographical location that is close to the family 12 members of the incarcerated pregnant woman. In 13 the case that a Residential Reentry Center is un-14 available, the incarcerated pregnant woman shall be 15 transferred to alternative housing, including housing 16 with a family member.

"(3) TRANSPORTATION.—To transport an incarcerated pregnant woman to a Residential Reentry
Center, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall
provide to the woman a mode of transportation that
has been approved by the woman's health care professional, at no expense to the woman.

23 "(4) MONITORING.—In the case that an incar24 cerated pregnant woman transferred to alternative
25 housing pursuant to this section is monitored elec-

tronically, an ankle monitor may not be used on the
 woman, unless there is no feasible alternative for
 monitoring the woman.

4 "(5) SERVICE OF SENTENCE.—Any time ac5 crued at a Residential Reentry Center or alternative
6 housing as a result of a transfer made pursuant to
7 this section shall be credited toward service of the
8 incarcerated pregnant woman's sentence.

9 "(6) CREDIT FOR PRETRIAL CUSTODY.—In the 10 case of an incarcerated pregnant woman, any time 11 accrued in pretrial custody shall be credited toward 12 service of the woman's sentence.

13 "(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

14 "(1) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term 'family
15 member' means any individual related by blood or
16 affinity whose close association with the incarcerated
17 pregnant woman is the equivalent of a family rela18 tionship, including a parent, sibling, child, or indi19 vidual standing in loco parentis.

20 "(2) RESIDENTIAL REENTRY CENTER.—The
21 term 'Residential Reentry Center' means a Bureau
22 of Prisons contracted residential reentry center.

24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'health care
25 professional' means—

"(3) Health care professional.—

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| 1 | "(i) a doctor of medicine or osteop- |
| 2 | athy who is authorized to practice medicine |
| 3 | or surgery by the State in which the doctor |
| 4 | practices; |
| 5 | "(ii) any physician's assistant or |
| 6 | nurse practitioner who is supervised by a |
| 7 | doctor of medicine or osteopathy described |
| 8 | in clause (i); or |
| 9 | "(iii) any other person determined by |
| 10 | the Secretary to be capable of providing |
| 11 | health care services. |
| 12 | "(B) Other health care services.—A |
| 13 | person is capable of providing health care serv- |
| 14 | ices if the person is— |
| 15 | "(i) a podiatrist, dentist, clinical psy- |
| 16 | chologist, optometrist, or chiropractor (lim- |
| 17 | ited to treatment consisting of manual ma- |
| 18 | nipulation of the spine to correct a sub- |
| 19 | luxation as demonstrated by X-ray to |
| 20 | exist) authorized to practice in the State |
| 21 | and performing within the scope of their |
| 22 | practice as defined under State law; |
| 23 | "(ii) a nurse practitioner, nurse-mid- |
| 24 | wife, clinical social worker, or physician's |
| 25 | assistant who is authorized to practice |
| | |

under State law and who is performing
 within the scope of their practice as de fined under State law; and

4 "(iii) any health care professional
5 from whom an employer or the employer's
6 group health plan's benefits manager will
7 accept certification of the existence of a se8 rious health condition to substantiate a
9 claim for benefits.

10 "(C) AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE IN THE 11 STATE.—The term 'authorized to practice in 12 the State' means that a professional must be 13 authorized to diagnose and treat physical or 14 mental health conditions under the laws of the 15 State in which the professional practices and 16 where the facility is located.

17 "(4) HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY.—The term 'high18 risk pregnancy' means, with respect to an incarcer19 ated woman, that the pregnancy threatens the
20 health or life of the woman or pregnancy, as deter21 mined by a health care professional.

"(5) POST-PARTUM RECOVERY.—The term
"post-partum recovery' means the 3-month period beginning on the date on which an incarcerated pregnant woman gives birth.".

| 1 | (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec- |
|----|---|
| 2 | tions for chapter 303 of title 18, United States Code, is |
| 3 | amended by adding at the end the following: |
| | "4051. Treatment of incarcerated pregnant women.". |
| 4 | SEC. 6. EXEMPTION OF INCARCERATED PREGNANT WOMEN |
| 5 | FROM THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SUITS BY |
| 6 | PRISONERS. |
| 7 | Section 7 of the Civil Rights of Institutionalized Per- |
| 8 | sons Act (42 U.S.C. 1997e) is amended— |
| 9 | (1) in subsection (a), by inserting after the pe- |
| 10 | riod at the end the following: "This subsection shall |
| 11 | not apply with respect to an incarcerated pregnant |
| 12 | woman who brings an action relating to or affecting |
| 13 | the woman's pregnancy."; and |
| 14 | (2) in subsection (d)(1), insert ", except an in- |
| 15 | carcerated pregnant woman," before "who is con- |
| 16 | fined". |
| 17 | SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS. |
| 18 | In this Act: |
| 19 | (1) IN CUSTODY.—The term "in custody" |
| 20 | means, with respect to an individual, that the indi- |
| 21 | vidual is under the supervision of a Federal, State, |
| 22 | tribal or local correctional facility, including pretrial |
| 23 | and contract facilities, and juvenile or medical or |
| 24 | mental health facilities. |

1 (2) OTHER PREGNANCY OUTCOME.—The term 2 "other pregnancy outcome" means a pregnancy that 3 ends in stillbirth, miscarriage, or ectopic pregnancy. (3) POSTPARTUM RECOVERY.—The term "post-4 partum recovery" means the 12-week period, or 5 6 longer as determined by the health care professional 7 responsible for the health and safety of the incarcer-8 ated pregnant woman, following delivery, and shall 9 include the entire period that the incarcerated preg-10 nant woman is in the hospital or infirmary. 11 (4)RESTRAINTS.—The term "restraints" 12 means any physical or mechanical device used to 13 control the movement of an incarcerated pregnant 14 woman's body, limbs, or both. (5) RESTRICTIVE HOUSING.—The term "re-15 strictive housing" means any type of detention that 16 17 involves-18 (A) removal from the general inmate popu-19 lation, whether voluntary or involuntary; 20 (B) placement in a locked room or cell, 21 whether alone or with another inmate; and 22 (C) inability to leave the room or cell for 23 the vast majority of the day.

29

1 SEC. 8. EDUCATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

2 The Director of the National Institute of Corrections 3 shall provide education and technical assistance, in conjunction with the appropriate public agencies, at State and 4 5 local correctional facilities that house women and facilities in which incarcerated women go into labor and give birth, 6 7 in order to educate the employees of such facilities, includ-8 ing health personnel, on the dangers and potential mental 9 health consequences associated with the use of restrictive 10 housing and restraints on incarcerated women during pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recovery, and on alter-11 natives to the use of restraints and restrictive housing 12 13 placement.

14SEC. 9. BUREAU OF PRISONS STAFF AND U.S. MARSHALS15TRAINING.

(a) BUREAU OF PRISONS TRAINING.—Beginning not
later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
Act, and biannually thereafter, the Director of the Bureau
of Prisons shall train each correctional officer at any Bureau of Prisons women's facility to carry out the requirements of this Act.

(b) NEW HIRES.—Beginning not later than 180 days
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
the Bureau of Prisons shall train any newly hired correctional officer at a Bureau of Prisons facility that houses

women to carry out the requirements of this Act not later 1 2 than 30 days after the date on which the officer is hired. 3 (c) U.S. MARSHAL TRAINING.—Beginning not later 4 than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 5 and biannually thereafter, the Director of the U.S. Marshals Service shall ensure that each Deputy U.S. Marshal 6 7 is trained pursuant to the guidelines described in sub-8 section (d). Newly hired deputies shall receive such train-9 ing not later than 30 days after the date on which such 10 deputy starts employment.

(d) GUIDELINES.—The Director of the Bureau of
Prisons and the United States Marshals Service shall each
develop guidelines on the treatment of incarcerated women
during pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recovery and incorporate such guidelines in the training required under
this section. Such guidelines shall include guidance on—
(1) the transportation of incarcerated pregnant

18 women;

19 (2) housing of incarcerated pregnant women;

20 (3) nutritional requirements for incarcerated21 pregnant women; and

(4) the right of a health care professional to re-quest that restraints not be used.

SEC. 10. GAO STUDY ON STATE AND LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.

3 The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of services and protections provided for 4 5 pregnant incarcerated women in local and State correctional settings, including policies on obstetrical and gyne-6 7 cological care, education on nutrition, health and safety 8 risks associated with pregnancy, mental health and sub-9 stance use treatment, access to prenatal and post-delivery 10 support services and programs, the use of restraints and 11 restrictive housing placement, and the extent to which the 12 intent of such policies are fulfilled.

13 SEC. 11. GAO STUDY ON FEDERAL PRETRIAL DETENTION 14 FACILITIES.

(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
States shall conduct a study of services and protections
provided for pregnant women who are incarcerated in Federal pretrial detention facilities. Specifically, the study
shall examine—

20 (1) what available data indicate about pregnant
21 women detained or held in Federal pretrial detention
22 facilities;

(2) existing U.S. Marshals Service policies and
standards that address the care of pregnant women
in Federal pretrial detention facilities; and

(3) what is known about the care provided to
 pregnant women in Federal pretrial detention facili ties.

4 (b) REPORT AND BEST PRACTICES.—Not later than 5 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report of the results of the 6 7 study conducted under subsection (a) to the Committee 8 on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the 9 Judiciary of the House of Representatives. The report 10 shall identify best practices for ensuring that Federal pretrial detention facilities implement services and protec-11 12 tions for pregnant women consistent with this Act and 13 shall provide recommendations on how to implement these best practices among all Federal pretrial detention facili-14 15 ties.

16 (c) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the
17 term "Federal pretrial detention facilities" includes State,
18 local, private, or other facilities under contract with the
19 U.S. Marshals Service for the purpose of housing Federal
20 pretrial detainees.

21 SEC. 12. PWIC GRANT PROGRAM.

Section 508 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.) is amended
to read as follows:

3 "(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
4 'Pregnant Women in Custody Grant Program of 2020' or
5 the 'PWIC Act of 2020'.

6 "(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Attorney General may 7 make grants to eligible entities that have established a 8 program to promote the health needs of incarcerated preg-9 nant women in the criminal justice system at the State, 10 tribal, and local levels or have declared their intent to es-11 tablish such a program. Eligible entities shall—

12 "(1) promote the safety and wellness of preg-13 nant women in custody;

14 "(2) provide services for obstetrical and gyneco-15 logical care, for women in custody;

16 "(3) facilitate resources and support services
17 for nutrition and physical and mental health, for
18 women in custody;

"(4) establish and maintain policies that are
substantially similar to the limitations imposed
under section 4322 of title 18, United States Code,
limiting the use of restraints on pregnant women in
custody; and

24 "(5) maintain, establish, or build post-delivery
25 lactation and nursery care or residential programs to
26 keep the infant with the mother and to promote and
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| 1 | facilitate bonding skills for incarcerated pregnant |
|----|--|
| 2 | women and women with dependent children. |
| 3 | "(c) GRANT PERIOD.—A grant awarded under this |
| 4 | section shall be for a period of not more than 5 years. |
| 5 | "(d) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—An entity is eligible for a |
| 6 | grant under this section if the entity is— |
| 7 | "(1) a State or territory department of correc- |
| 8 | tions; |
| 9 | ((2) a tribal entity that operates a correctional |
| 10 | facility; or |
| 11 | "(3) a unit of local government that operates a |
| 12 | prison or jail that houses women; or |
| 13 | "(4) a locally-based nonprofit organization, that |
| 14 | has partnered with a State or unit of local govern- |
| 15 | ment that operates a correctional facility, with ex- |
| 16 | pertise in providing health services to incarcerated |
| 17 | pregnant women. |
| 18 | "(e) APPLICATION.—To receive a grant under this |
| 19 | section, an eligible entity shall submit an application to |
| 20 | the Attorney General at such time, in such manner, and |
| 21 | containing such information as the Attorney General may |
| 22 | require, including a detailed description of the need for |
| 23 | the grant and an account of the number of individuals the |
| 24 | grantee expects to benefit from the grant. |

"(f) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Not more than 5 per cent of a grant awarded under this section may be used
 for costs incurred to administer such grant.

4 "(g) CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—Notwithstanding any 5 other provision of this Act, no funds provided under this 6 section may be used, directly or indirectly, for construction 7 projects, other than new construction or upgrade to a fa-8 cility used to provide lactation, nursery, obstetrical, or 9 gynecological services.

10 "(h) PRIORITY FUNDING FOR STATES THAT PRO-VIDE PROGRAMS AND SERVICES FOR INCARCERATED 11 12 Women Related to Pregnancy and Childbirth.— 13 In determining the amount provided to a State or unit of local government under this section, the Attorney Gen-14 15 eral shall give priority to States or units of local government that have enacted laws or policies and implemented 16 17 services or pilot programs for incarcerated pregnant women aimed at enhancing the safety and wellness of 18 pregnant women in custody, including providing services 19 20 for obstetrical and gynecological care, resources and sup-21 port services for nutrition and physical and mental health, 22 and post-delivery lactation and nursery care or residential 23 programs to keep the infant with the mother and to pro-24 mote and facilitate bonding skills for incarcerated preg-25 nant women and women with dependent children.

"(i) SUBGRANT PRIORITY.—A State that receives a
 grant under this section shall prioritize subgrants to a unit
 of local government within the State that has established
 a pilot program that enhances safety and wellness of preg nant women in custody.

6 "(j) FEDERAL SHARE.—

7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of a
8 grant under this section may not exceed 75 percent
9 of the total costs of the projects described in the
10 grant application.

"(2) WAIVER.—The requirement of paragraph
(1) may be waived by the Assistant Attorney General upon a determination that the financial circumstances affecting the applicant warrant a finding
that such a waiver is equitable.

"(k) COMPLIANCE AND REDIRECTION OF FUNDS.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
an eligible entity receives a grant under this section,
such entity shall implement a policy that is substantially similar to the policy under section 3 of Protecting the Health and Wellness of Babies and Pregnant Women in Custody Act.

23 "(2) EXTENSION.—The Attorney General may
24 provide a 120-day extension to an eligible entity that

| 1 | is making good faith efforts to collect the informa- |
|----|--|
| 2 | tion required under paragraph (1). |
| 3 | "(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There |
| 4 | are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, |
| 5 | to remain available until expended— |
| 6 | "(1) for fiscal year 2021, \$5,000,000; |
| 7 | "(2) for fiscal year 2022, \$5,000,000; |
| 8 | "(3) for fiscal year 2023, \$5,000,000; |
| 9 | "(4) for fiscal year 2024, \$6,000,000; and |
| 10 | "(5) for fiscal year 2025, \$6,000,000. |
| 11 | "(m) Funds To Be Supplemental.—To receive a |
| 12 | grant under this section, the eligible entity shall certify |
| 13 | to the Attorney General that the amounts received under |
| 14 | the grant shall be used to supplement, not supplant, non- |
| 15 | Federal funds that would otherwise be available for pro- |
| 16 | grams or services in the prison where funds will be used. |
| 17 | "(n) UNOBLIGATED AND UNSPENT FUNDS.—Funds |
| 18 | made available pursuant to this section that remain unob- |
| 19 | ligated for a period of 6 months after the end of the fiscal |
| 20 | year for which the funds have been appropriated shall be |
| 21 | awarded to other recipients of this grant. |
| 22 | "(o) Civil Rights Obligation.—A recipient of a |

"(o) CIVIL RIGHTS OBLIGATION.—A recipient of a
grant under this section shall be subject to the nondiscrimination requirement under section 40002(b)(13) of

the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C.
 12291(b)(13)).

3 "(p) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the term 'in cus-4 tody' means, with respect to an individual, that the indi-5 vidual is under the supervision of a Federal, State, tribal, 6 or local correctional facility, including pretrial and con-7 tract facilities, and juvenile or medical or mental health 8 facilities.".

9 SEC. 13. PLACEMENT IN PRERELEASE CUSTODY.

10 Section 3624(c)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "Notwith-11 12 standing any other provision of this paragraph, in the case 13 of a pregnant woman in custody, if that woman's due date is within the final year of her term of imprisonment, that 14 15 woman may be placed into prerelease custody beginning not earlier than the date that is 2 months prior to that 16 woman's due date.". 17

18 SEC. 14. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.

19 The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of 20 complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, 21 shall be determined by reference to the latest statement 22 titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" for this 23 Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record 24 by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, pro1 vided that such statement has been submitted prior to the

2 vote on passage.

Passed the House of Representatives October 1, 2020.

Attest:

Clerk.

¹¹⁶TH CONGRESS H. R. 7718

AN ACT

To address the health needs of incarcerated women related to pregnancy and childbirth, and for other purposes.