

116TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 7956

To amend title 17, United States Code, to address circumvention of copyright protection systems with respect to the maintenance or repair of critical medical infrastructure, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

AUGUST 7, 2020

Ms. CLARKE of New York (for herself and Mr. MCNERNEY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To amend title 17, United States Code, to address circumvention of copyright protection systems with respect to the maintenance or repair of critical medical infrastructure, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Critical Medical Infra-  
5 structure Right-to-Repair Act of 2020”.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2 In this Act—

3 (1) the term “commerce” has the meaning  
4 given the term in section 4 of the Federal Trade  
5 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 44);

6 (2) the terms “covered emergency”, “covered  
7 service provider”, “critical medical infrastructure”,  
8 “repair”, and “service material” have the meanings  
9 given those terms in section 123(a) of title 17,  
10 United States Code, as added by section 3(a)(1) of  
11 this Act;

12 (3) the term “covered healthcare provider” has  
13 the meaning given the term in section 1201(l)(1) of  
14 title 17, United States Code, as added by section  
15 3(a)(2) of this Act;

16 (4) the term “critical medical infrastructure  
17 contract” means a contract relating to the purchase,  
18 licensing, repair, or maintenance (including periodic  
19 maintenance) of critical medical infrastructure;

20 (5) the term “service provider” means any per-  
21 son engaged in the diagnosis of problems with re-  
22 spect to, or the service, maintenance, or repair of,  
23 critical medical infrastructure; and

24 (6) the term “trade secret” has the meaning  
25 given the term in section 1839 of title 18, United  
26 States Code.

1 **SEC. 3. COPYRIGHTS.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title 17, United States Code, is  
3 amended—

4 (1) in chapter 1, by adding at the end the fol-  
5 lowing:

6 **“§ 123. Limitation on exclusive rights: incidental cop-  
7 ies of service materials made during  
8 maintenance or repair of critical medical  
9 infrastructure**

10 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

11 “(1) the term ‘covered emergency’ means the  
12 public health emergency declared by the Secretary of  
13 Health and Human Services under section 319 of  
14 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d) on  
15 January 31, 2020, with respect to the Coronavirus  
16 Disease 2019 (COVID–19), including any renewal of  
17 that declaration;

18 “(2) the term ‘covered service provider’  
19 means—

20 “(A) the owner or licensee of a copy of  
21 service materials; or

22 “(B) the agent of a person described in  
23 subparagraph (A);

24 “(3) the term ‘critical medical infrastructure’  
25 means a device, computer program, or other product  
26 or equipment used to provide medical services;

1           “(4) the term ‘repair’, when used with respect  
2           to critical medical infrastructure, means to restore  
3           that critical medical infrastructure to a state that is  
4           in accordance with the original specifications of that  
5           critical medical infrastructure, including any  
6           changes to those original specifications that are  
7           issued by the manufacturer of the critical medical  
8           infrastructure; and

9           “(5) the term ‘service material’, when used with  
10          respect to critical medical infrastructure—

11           “(A) means any information or material  
12          that the manufacturer of that infrastructure  
13          provides directly, indirectly, or wirelessly to—

14           “(i) technicians of the manufacturer;

15           or

16           “(ii) repair facilities that are author-  
17          ized by the manufacturer; and

18          “(B) includes—

19           “(i) schematics, wiring diagrams, me-  
20          chanical layouts, and other pertinent data  
21          with respect to that critical medical infra-  
22          structure;

23           “(ii) computer programs used in diag-  
24          nosing problems with respect to that crit-  
25          ical medical infrastructure or in cali-

1 brating, repairing, or maintaining that  
2 critical medical infrastructure;

3 “(iii) service keys that are required to  
4 access diagnostic information, and other-  
5 wise authorize repairs, with respect to that  
6 critical medical infrastructure;

7 “(iv) access to error logs that are re-  
8 quired to diagnose required repairs with  
9 respect to that critical medical infrastruc-  
10 ture;

11 “(v) preventative and corrective main-  
12 tenance, inspection, and repair procedures  
13 with respect to that critical medical infra-  
14 structure;

15 “(vi) information regarding safety  
16 alerts, recalls, service bulletins, specifica-  
17 tion updates, and the need for adjustments  
18 to maintain efficiency, safety, and conven-  
19 ience with respect to that critical medical  
20 infrastructure; and

21 “(vii) any other information provided  
22 to diagnose problems with respect to, or to  
23 service, maintain, repair, activate, certify,  
24 or install, that critical medical infrastruc-  
25 ture, including—

1                   “(I) with respect to any replace-  
2                   ment part or equipment relating to  
3                   that piece of critical medical infra-  
4                   structure; and

5                   “(II) training materials with re-  
6                   spect to that critical medical infra-  
7                   structure.

8           “(b) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding the provisions  
9 of section 106, it is not an infringement of copyright for  
10 a covered service provider to make, or to authorize the  
11 making, of a separate copy of service materials with re-  
12 spect to the covered service provider, if—

13                   “(1) making that separate copy is incidental to  
14                   the repair or maintenance of critical medical infra-  
15                   structure; and

16                   “(2) the repair or maintenance described in  
17                   paragraph (1) is part of a response to the covered  
18                   emergency.

19           “(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
20 tion may be construed to imply that the actions explicitly  
21 authorized under this section may not also be permitted  
22 under another provision of this title.”; and

23                   (2) in section 1201, by adding at the end the  
24                   following:

1       “(1) REPAIR OF CRITICAL MEDICAL INFRASTRUC-  
2 TURE RELATING TO COVID-19.—

3               “(1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-  
4 section—

5                       “(A) the terms ‘covered emergency’, ‘crit-  
6 ical medical infrastructure’, and ‘repair’ have  
7 the meanings given those terms in section  
8 123(a); and

9                       “(B) the term ‘covered healthcare provider’  
10 means—

11                               “(i) a healthcare provider who is the  
12 owner, lessee, or licensee of critical medical  
13 infrastructure; or

14                               “(ii) the agent of a person described  
15 in clause (i).

16               “(2) PERMISSIBLE CIRCUMVENTION.—Notwith-  
17 standing the provisions of subsection (a)(1)(A), it is  
18 not a violation of that subsection for a covered  
19 healthcare provider to circumvent a technological  
20 measure that effectively controls access to a work  
21 protected under this title, if—

22                               “(A) the purpose of the act of circumven-  
23 tion is to repair or maintain critical medical in-  
24 frastructure with respect to that covered  
25 healthcare provider; and

1           “(B) the repair or maintenance described  
2           in subparagraph (A) is part of preparation for,  
3           or a response to, the covered emergency.

4           “(3) ENABLING CIRCUMVENTION.—Notwith-  
5           standing the provisions of subsections (a)(2) and  
6           (b), it is not a violation of either such provision for  
7           a covered healthcare provider to manufacture, im-  
8           port, offer to the public, provide, or otherwise traffic  
9           in technological means to circumvent a technological  
10          measure that effectively controls access to a work  
11          protected under this title, or to circumvent protec-  
12          tion afforded by a technological measure that effec-  
13          tively controls access to a work protected under this  
14          title, if that action by that covered healthcare pro-  
15          vider enables a repair or maintenance permitted  
16          under paragraph (2).

17          “(4) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in  
18          this subsection may be construed to—

19                 “(A) exempt a covered healthcare provider  
20                 from compliance with any other applicable law  
21                 or regulation relating to the repair or mainte-  
22                 nance of critical medical infrastructure, except  
23                 as explicitly provided in this subsection; or

24                 “(B) prevent the Librarian of Congress  
25                 from determining, under the applicable sub-



1 paragraphs of subsection (a)(1), that subpara-  
 2 graph (A) of such subsection (a)(1) shall not  
 3 apply to a covered healthcare provider relating  
 4 to the circumvention of a technological measure  
 5 that effectively controls access to a work pro-  
 6 tected under this title.”.

7 (b) **TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—  
 8 The table of sections for chapter 1 of title 17, United  
 9 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
 10 lowing:

“123. Limitation on exclusive rights: incidental copies of service materials made  
 during maintenance or repair of critical medical infrastruc-  
 ture.”.

11 **SEC. 4. PATENTS.**

12 Section 271 of title 35, United States Code, is  
 13 amended—

14 (1) by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as  
 15 subsections (i) and (j), respectively; and

16 (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-  
 17 lowing:

18 “(h) **DESIGN PATENTS.**—

19 “(1) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this subsection—

20 “(A) the terms ‘covered emergency’, ‘crit-  
 21 ical medical infrastructure’, and ‘repair’ have  
 22 the meanings given the terms in section 123(a)  
 23 of title 17; and

1           “(B) the term ‘covered healthcare provider’  
2           has the meaning given the term in section  
3           1201(l) of title 17.

4           “(2) NON-INFRINGEMENT.—It shall not be an  
5           act of infringement with respect to a patent for de-  
6           sign obtained under section 171 for a covered  
7           healthcare provider to fabricate a part on a non-  
8           commercial basis, and as needed, for the repair or  
9           maintenance of critical medical infrastructure with  
10          respect to that covered healthcare provider, if the re-  
11          pair or maintenance is part of a response to the cov-  
12          ered emergency.

13          “(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in  
14          this subsection may be construed to exempt a cov-  
15          ered healthcare provider from compliance with any  
16          other applicable law or regulation relating to a part  
17          or critical medical infrastructure described in para-  
18          graph (2).”.

19 **SEC. 5. CONTRACTS.**

20          Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regula-  
21          tion, a provision of a critical medical infrastructure con-  
22          tract is null and void if that provision of the critical med-  
23          ical infrastructure contract prohibits or restricts the abil-  
24          ity of a covered healthcare provider that is a party to the  
25          contract to, in response to the covered emergency, repair

1 or maintain critical medical infrastructure with respect to  
2 the covered healthcare provider.

3 **SEC. 6. MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS.**

4 (a) DEFINITION.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), in  
6 this section, the term “fair and reasonable terms”  
7 means, with respect to a manufacturer of critical  
8 medical infrastructure, that the manufacturer pro-  
9 vides access to service materials, or offers for sale a  
10 tool, with respect to the critical medical infrastruc-  
11 ture at costs and terms that are equivalent to the  
12 most favorable costs and terms offered by that man-  
13 ufacturer to repair facilities that are authorized by  
14 that manufacturer—

15 (A) using the net costs that would be in-  
16 curred by that repair facility in obtaining an  
17 equivalent part, tool, or documentation; and

18 (B) taking into consideration any discount,  
19 rebate, or other incentive offered by the manu-  
20 facturer.

21 (2) DOCUMENTATION.—For the purposes of  
22 paragraph (1), if a manufacturer described in that  
23 paragraph provides access to service materials that  
24 are in the form of documentation, the term “fair  
25 and reasonable terms” with respect to that provision

1 of access means at no charge, except that if the ap-  
2 plicable service provider requests documentation in  
3 physical printed form, the term “fair and reasonable  
4 terms” includes a charge imposed by the manufac-  
5 turer for the reasonable actual costs of preparing  
6 and sending the documentation.

7 (b) DUTY TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION.—The manu-  
8 facturer of a piece of critical medical infrastructure sold,  
9 leased, or otherwise introduced into commerce in the  
10 United States shall provide owners, lessees, or service pro-  
11 viders with respect to that piece of infrastructure with ac-  
12 cess to, on fair and reasonable terms, service materials  
13 that are required to—

14 (1) diagnose problems with respect to that crit-  
15 ical medical infrastructure; and

16 (2) service, maintain, or repair that critical  
17 medical infrastructure.

18 (c) DUTY TO MAKE TOOLS AVAILABLE.—The manu-  
19 facturer of critical medical infrastructure sold, leased, or  
20 otherwise introduced into commerce in the United States  
21 shall—

22 (1) offer for sale to the owner or lessee of the  
23 critical medical infrastructure, and to all service pro-  
24 viders with respect to the critical medical infrastruc-  
25 ture, on fair and reasonable terms, any tool (includ-

1 ing software) for the diagnosis, service, maintenance,  
2 or repair of the critical medical infrastructure; and

3 (2) provide all information that enables after-  
4 market tool companies to manufacture tools with the  
5 same functional characteristics as those tools made  
6 available by the manufacturers to authorized dealers.

7 (d) EQUIPMENT.—The manufacturer of critical med-  
8 ical infrastructure sold, leased, or otherwise introduced  
9 into commerce in the United States shall offer for sale  
10 to the owner or lessee of the critical medical infrastruc-  
11 ture, and to all service providers with respect to the crit-  
12 ical medical infrastructure, on fair and reasonable terms,  
13 all equipment for diagnosis of problems with respect to,  
14 service, maintenance, or repair of the critical medical in-  
15 frastructure.

16 (e) PROTECTION OF TRADE SECRETS.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a  
18 manufacturer of critical medical infrastructure may  
19 not be required to publicly disclose information that,  
20 if made public, would divulge methods or processes  
21 entitled to protection as trade secrets under chapter  
22 90 of title 18, United States Code.

23 (2) PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO DEALERS  
24 OR SERVICE PROVIDERS.—A manufacturer of critical  
25 medical infrastructure may not withhold information

1 under paragraph (1) on the ground that disclosing  
2 the information would divulge methods or processes  
3 entitled to protection as trade secrets under chapter  
4 90 of title 18, United States Code, if that informa-  
5 tion is provided directly or indirectly to authorized  
6 dealers or service providers.

7 (f) ENFORCEMENT BY THE FEDERAL TRADE COM-  
8 MISSION.—

9 (1) UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRAC-  
10 TICES.—A violation of this section, or a regulation  
11 promulgated under this section, shall be treated as  
12 a violation of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive  
13 act or practice prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B)  
14 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.  
15 57a(a)(1)(B)).

16 (2) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—The Federal  
17 Trade Commission (referred to in this subsection as  
18 the “Commission”) shall enforce this section and  
19 any regulation promulgated under this section in the  
20 same manner, by the same means, and with the  
21 same jurisdiction, powers, and duties as though all  
22 applicable terms and provisions of the Federal Trade  
23 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incor-  
24 porated into and made a part of this section. Any  
25 person who violates this section or a regulation pro-

1       mulgated under this section shall be subject to the  
2       penalties and entitled to the privileges and immuni-  
3       ties provided in the Federal Trade Commission Act.  
4       Enforcement by the Commission shall be the exclu-  
5       sive means of enforcing compliance with this section  
6       and any regulation promulgated under this section.

7               (3) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The Commis-  
8       sion shall have authority under section 553 of title  
9       5, United States Code, to promulgate any regula-  
10      tions necessary to implement this section.

11 **SEC. 7. STUDY AND REPORT.**

12       (a) STUDY.—The Chairman of the Federal Trade  
13      Commission, in consultation with the Register of Copy-  
14      rights and the Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellec-  
15      tual Property and Director of the United States Patent  
16      and Trademark Office, shall conduct a study regarding  
17      the impact and effectiveness of this Act, and the amend-  
18      ments made by this Act, with respect to innovation and  
19      anticompetitive practices in the market for critical medical  
20      infrastructure, including enforcement with respect to those  
21      practices.

22       (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year  
23      after the date of enactment of this Act, the Chairman of  
24      the Federal Trade Commission shall—

1           (1) submit to Congress a report that contains  
2           the results of the study conducted under subsection  
3           (a); and

4           (2) make publicly available on the website of  
5           the Federal Trade Commission the report submitted  
6           under paragraph (1).

○