116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.929

To posthumously award a Congressional Gold Medal to Rabbi Michoel Ber Weissmandl in recognition of his acts of valor during World War II.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 30, 2019

Ms. VELÁZQUEZ (for herself, Mr. MAST, and Mr. VELA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

- To posthumously award a Congressional Gold Medal to Rabbi Michoel Ber Weissmandl in recognition of his acts of valor during World War II.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Rabbi Michoel Ber
- 5 Weissmandl Congressional Gold Medal Act of 2019".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Rabbi Michoel Ber Weissmandl was born in
- 9 Hungary on October 25, 1903, later moving to Slo-

vakia to study under Rabbi Shumel Dvoid Ungar in
 Nitra.

3 (2) During his time in Nitra, he quickly became
4 a senior figure within the local Jewish community
5 and Yeshiva.

6 (3) Weissmandl was responsible for some of the 7 daring efforts to save the Jewish people of Slovakia 8 from the Holocaust, which include the establishment 9 of a "Working Group", an underground organization 10 that raised funds to negotiate ransom with German 11 and Slovakian officials in order to delay mass depor-12 tations.

(4) During the Nazi regime, Weissmandl used
his contacts from England to obtain visas, becoming
one of the first to actively protect people of Jewish
ancestry in Europe.

17 (5) Weissmandl also wrote telegrams to gen18 erate awareness of the Jewish people's plight and
19 encouraged other strategic approaches to stop the
20 Holocaust, including the bombing of railroad tunnels
21 to prevent the transportation of persons to con22 centration camps.

23 (6) Weissmandl established a Working Group—
24 a wide variety of people from different political and

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1	ideological spectrums—whose common goal was to
2	save people from the "Final Solution".
3	(7) The Working Group was one of the first to
4	document in writing the accounts of Auschwitz
5	Escapees in a document widely referred to as the
6	"Auschwitz Protocols".
7	(8) Weissmandl himself later translated the ini-
8	tial documentation from German to Hebrew and in-
9	cluded a widely known addendum that pleaded for
10	action.
11	(9) Weissmandl wrote the first known appeal
12	for the use of Allied air resources to disrupt the Hol-
13	ocaust.
14	(10) In 1942 when Slovakia started deportation
15	for "resettlement", Rabbi Weissmandl was the first
16	to inform the Working Group that people were being
17	murdered and not sent to work as originally claimed.
18	(11) Rabbi Weissmandl also played an instru-
19	mental role in Solomon Schoenfeld Kindertransport
20	rescue, helping save hundreds of lives.
21	(12) Rabbi Weissmandl came to America and in
22	1945 immediately got to work to establish a home
23	and Yeshiva for Holocaust survivors. The Yeshiva of
24	Nitra he established in Mount Kisco, New York, was

the first Yeshiva campus in America and became an
 example that other institutions followed.

3 (13) Rabbi Weissmandl has significantly influ4 enced the flourishing communities of Talmudic
5 scholars in Brooklyn, New York, and generally
6 across the United States.

7 SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

8 (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of 9 the House of Representatives and the President pro tem-10 pore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements 11 for the presentation, on behalf of Congress, of a gold 12 medal of appropriate design, to Rabbi Michoel Ber 13 Weissmandl in recognition of his acts of valor during 14 World War II.

(b) PARTICIPATION BY WEISSMANDL COMMITTEE.—
16 For the purpose of the presentation referred to in sub17 section (a), the Speaker and President pro tempore shall
18 ensure that the Weissmandl Committee may accept the
19 medal on behalf of Michoel Ber Weissmandl.

(c) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purpose of the
presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
of the Treasury (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the
"Secretary") shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the
Secretary.

(d) TRANSFER OF MEDAL AFTER PRESENTATION.—
 Following the presentation of the gold medal in honor of
 Michoel Ber Weissmandl under subsection (a), the gold
 medal shall be given to Samuel Dovid Weissmandl or,
 should he not be present, to Rabbi Menachem Meir
 Weissmandl.

7 SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

8 Under such regulations as the Secretary may pre-9 scribe, the Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in 10 bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 3 at 11 a price sufficient to cover the cost of the bronze medals 12 (including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and 13 overhead expenses) and the cost of the gold medal.

14 SEC. 5. NATIONAL MEDAL.

(a) NATIONAL MEDAL.—The gold medal struck
under this Act is a national medals for purposes of chapter
51 of title 31, United States Code.

(b) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of sections
5134 and 5136 of title 31, United States Code, all medals
struck under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic
items.

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