

116TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 4184

To require States to meet assisted living facility reporting requirements to qualify for future COVID–19 response funds.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 2, 2020

Ms. WARREN (for herself and Mr. MARKEY) introduced the following bill;
which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To require States to meet assisted living facility reporting requirements to qualify for future COVID–19 response funds.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Assisted Living Facil-
5 ity Coronavirus Reporting Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

7 In this Act:

8 (1) **ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY.**—The term
9 “assisted living facility” means—

10 (A) an adult care facility that—

1 (i) is licensed and regulated by the
2 State in which the facility is located (or, if
3 there is no State law providing for such li-
4 censing and regulation by the State, by the
5 municipality or other political subdivision
6 in which the facility is located);

7 (ii) makes available to residents sup-
8 portive services to assist the residents in
9 carrying out activities of daily living, such
10 as bathing, dressing, eating, getting in and
11 out of bed or chairs, walking, going out-
12 doors, using the toilet, laundry, home man-
13 agement, preparing meals, shopping for
14 personal items, obtaining and taking medi-
15 cation, managing money, using the tele-
16 phone, or performing light or heavy house-
17 work, and which may make available to
18 residents home health care services, such
19 as nursing and therapy; and

20 (iii) provides dwelling units for resi-
21 dents, each of which may contain a full
22 kitchen and bathroom, and which includes
23 common rooms and other facilities appro-
24 priate for the provision of supportive serv-
25 ices to the residents of the facility;

1 (B) an adult care facility that—

2 (i) is—

3 (I) licensed and regulated by the
4 State in which the facility is located
5 (or, if there is no State law providing
6 for such licensing and regulation by
7 the State, by the municipality or other
8 political subdivision in which the facil-
9 ity is located); and

10 (II) similar to a skilled nursing
11 facility, (as defined in section 1819(a)
12 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
13 1395i–3(a))), a nursing facility (as
14 defined in section 1919(a) of the So-
15 cial Security Act (42 U.S.C.
16 1396r(a))), or a board and care facil-
17 ity (as defined in section 1616(e) of
18 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
19 1382e(e))); or

20 (ii) is subject to the identification, in-
21 vestigation, and resolution of complaints
22 by, or otherwise subject to the activities of,
23 a State Long-Term Care Ombudsman pro-
24 gram established under section 712 of the

1 Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C.
2 3058g); or

3 (C) an adult care facility receiving Federal
4 funds through a State Medicaid program under
5 title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6 1396 et seq.), including through any waiver re-
7 lating to such a program granted under such
8 title or title XI of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1301 et
9 seq.).

10 (2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
11 the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

12 **SEC. 3. STATE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR ASSISTED**
13 **LIVING FACILITIES AND COVID-19.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of receiving fund-
15 ing to combat the coronavirus pandemic under Federal
16 legislation enacted on or after the date of enactment of
17 this Act which designates such funding as being for emer-
18 gency requirements pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of
19 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
20 of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(A)(i)), a State shall do the
21 following:

22 (1) Within 30 days of the passage of this Act,
23 begin weekly reporting of the following information
24 for each assisted living facility located in the State
25 to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,

1 disaggregated by race, ethnicity, primary language,
2 sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, and dis-
3 ability status:

4 (A) The number of suspected and con-
5 firmed active cases of Coronavirus Disease
6 2019 (COVID–19) among residents and the
7 number of suspected and confirmed active cases
8 of COVID–19 among staff of the facility.

9 (B) The number of residents and staff of
10 the facility, respectively, who, since the last re-
11 port under this paragraph, contracted severe
12 respiratory infections related to COVID–19
13 that resulted in hospitalization and the number
14 that resulted in death, including deaths that oc-
15 curred outside of the facility.

16 (C) The number of COVID–19 diagnostic
17 tests conducted weekly on residents and staff of
18 the facility, respectively, and the percentage of
19 those tests that are positive among residents
20 and staff of the facility, respectively.

21 (D) The average time between testing a
22 resident and receiving the results of the test.

23 (E) The personal protective equipment,
24 hand hygiene supplies, ventilators, and medical
25 supplies in the facility.

1 (F) The total number of resident beds at,
2 residents living in, and staff employed by the
3 facility.

4 (G) Other information specified by the
5 Secretary.

6 (2) Within 30 days of the passage of this Act,
7 report for each assisted living facility in the State to
8 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the
9 information specified in subparagraphs (A) through
10 (G) of paragraph (1) for the period of time between
11 January 1, 2020, and the passage of this Act,
12 disaggregated by race, ethnicity, primary language,
13 sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, and dis-
14 ability status.

15 (3) Within 30 days of the passage of this Act,
16 require each assisted living facility in the State to
17 inform the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Serv-
18 ices, the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
19 tion, State and local health officials, residents, their
20 representatives, and families of those residing in fa-
21 cilities by 5 p.m. the next calendar day following the
22 occurrence of either a single confirmed infection of
23 COVID–19 among the residents or staff of the facil-
24 ity or 3 or more residents or staff of the facility pre-

1 senting new-onset of respiratory symptoms within 72
2 hours of each other. This information shall—

3 (A) not include personally identifiable in-
4 formation;

5 (B) include information on mitigating ac-
6 tions implemented to prevent or reduce the risk
7 of transmission, including if normal operations
8 of the facility will be altered; and

9 (C) include any cumulative updates for
10 residents, their representatives, and families at
11 least weekly or by 5 p.m. the next calendar day
12 following the subsequent occurrence of—

13 (i) the identification of a confirmed
14 infection of COVID–19 among the resi-
15 dents or staff of the facility; or

16 (ii) 3 or more residents or staff pre-
17 senting new onset of respiratory symptoms
18 within 72 hours of each other.

19 (b) SUNSET.—The requirements of subsection (a)
20 shall terminate if and when the circumstances which led
21 to the public health emergency period described in section
22 1135(g)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
23 1320b–5(g)(1)(B)) (relating to the coronavirus pandemic)
24 cease to exist and are unlikely to recur.

1 (c) GUIDANCE.—Within 15 days of the date of enact-
2 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue guidance to
3 States to ensure the information reported in (a) is re-
4 ported in an electronic, standardized format that matches,
5 to the extent practicable, the format applicable to informa-
6 tion reported to the Department of Health and Human
7 Services by skilled nursing facilities and nursing facilities
8 on COVID–19 under section 483.30(g) of title 42, Code
9 of Federal Regulations (as amended by the interim final
10 rule of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services pub-
11 lished on May 8, 2020 (85 Fed. Reg. 27550)), to enable
12 the comparison of COVID–19 outbreaks across congregate
13 care settings.

14 (d) PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary
15 shall publicly post on the website of the Department of
16 Health and Human Services, the information received by
17 the Department under section (a), and shall update such
18 information on a weekly basis.

19 (e) EXTENSIONS.—The Secretary may grant, at the
20 request of a State, a 30-day extension for the State report
21 the information required under paragraphs (1) and (2) of
22 subsection (a) to allow the State to develop the reporting
23 infrastructure necessary to gather such information from
24 assisted living facilities.

1 **SEC. 4. APPLICATION OF NURSING FACILITY REPORTING**
2 **REQUIREMENTS TO ASSISTED LIVING FACILI-**
3 **TIES.**

4 The Secretary shall provide that any COVID–19 re-
5 porting requirement that applies to skilled nursing facili-
6 ties (as defined in section 1819(a) of the Social Security
7 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395i–3(a))) or nursing facilities (as de-
8 fined in section 1919(a) of the Social Security Act (42
9 U.S.C. 1396r(a))) and is imposed on or after the date of
10 enactment of this Act under title XVIII or XIX of the
11 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., 1396 et seq.)
12 or under a regulation promulgated under such title shall
13 apply in the same manner to assisted living facilities,
14 which shall report such information through the States
15 unless complying with such reporting requirement is not
16 practicable in the assisted living facility setting.

17 **SEC. 5. GAO REPORT.**

18 Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
19 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
20 shall conduct an evaluation, and submit to Congress, a
21 report including—

22 (1) what is known about how required reporting
23 of COVID–19 data on residents in nursing homes
24 during the pandemic was used to prevent or control
25 COVID–19 cases or deaths, and how this compares

1 to the experience of other congregate care facilities
2 without required reporting of this data; and

3 (2) any lessons learned from required reporting
4 of COVID–19 cases or deaths in nursing homes that
5 could be applied to other congregate care facilities
6 during the COVID–19 pandemic, if it continues, and
7 similar public health emergencies in the future.

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