

116TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 4735

To address recommendations made to Congress by the Government Accountability Office as detailed in its annual report on duplication, fragmentation, and overlap, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 24, 2020

Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Mr. PAUL) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

A BILL

To address recommendations made to Congress by the Government Accountability Office as detailed in its annual report on duplication, fragmentation, and overlap, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Acting on the Annual
5 Duplication Report Act of 2020”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
8 ings:

1 (1) The annual reports prepared by the Comp-
2 troller General of the United States under section 21
3 of the Joint Resolution entitled “Joint Resolution
4 increasing the statutory limit on the public debt”,
5 approved February 12, 2010 (13 U.S.C. 712 note),
6 have produced approximately \$429,000,000,000 in
7 financial benefits for the Federal Government.

8 (2) 2020 marks the tenth year that the Comp-
9 troller General has prepared this valuable report,
10 and during that time, agencies have made significant
11 progress fully or partially addressing the over 900
12 actions identified by the Comptroller General in the
13 past decade.

14 (3) The 2020 report entitled “Additional Op-
15 portunities to Reduce Fragmentation, Overlap, and
16 Duplication and Achieve Billions in Financial Bene-
17 fits” (GAO–20–2440SP) identified 168 new actions
18 that Congress or the executive branch can take to
19 improve efficiency and effectiveness across the Fed-
20 eral Government, and potentially to save tens of bil-
21 lions of dollars.

22 (4) Those financial benefits cannot be realized
23 without full implementation of the actions and rec-
24 ommendations set forth by the Comptroller General.

1 (5) Of the 168 new actions, several require leg-
2 islation to be fully implemented, including—

3 (A) requiring the Secretary of the Treas-
4 ury to set cybersecurity standards for third-
5 party tax preparation companies to better pro-
6 tect taxpayer information, as well as requiring
7 the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Serv-
8 ice to organize and coordinate all aspects of the
9 Service’s efforts to protect taxpayer information
10 received from third-party preparers;

11 (B) requiring the Secretary of the Depart-
12 ment of Housing and Urban Development to
13 evaluate and report to Congress on the ade-
14 quacy of the Government National Mortgage
15 Association’s guaranty fee for single-family
16 mortgage-backed securities to provide capital
17 reserves to endure losses, as well as the Govern-
18 ment National Mortgage Association’s reliance
19 on contractors and their associated costs; and

20 (C) requiring the Secretary of the Navy to
21 submit reports to Congress if a critical cost es-
22 timate breach occurs within the major defense
23 ship acquisition program.

24 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
25 gress that—

1 (1) it is the responsibility of Congress and the
2 executive branch to take action to implement rec-
3 ommendations made in the annual reports of the
4 Government Accountability Office on reducing dupli-
5 cation, fragmentation, and overlap in Federal pro-
6 grams to be good stewards of taxpayer dollars by
7 achieving significant savings and avoiding wasteful
8 spending; and

9 (2) legislation and adequate resources are need-
10 ed to ensure that all potential financial benefits are
11 realized from the implementation of those rec-
12 ommendations.

13 **SEC. 3. PROTECTING THE SECURITY OF TAXPAYER INFOR-**
14 **MATION HELD BY THIRD-PARTY PROVIDERS**
15 **BY IMPROVING COORDINATION AND ESTAB-**
16 **LISHING MINIMUM SECURITY REQUIRE-**
17 **MENTS TO REDUCE FRAGMENTATION.**

18 (a) REGULATION OF SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR
19 TAX RETURN PREPARERS AND AUTHORIZED E-FILE
20 PROVIDERS.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
22 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
23 retary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate)
24 shall prescribe standards for the security of return
25 information and information technology systems that

1 are consistent with security standards issued by the
2 National Institute for Standards and Technology.

3 (2) PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO SECURE INFOR-
4 MATION.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 6695 of the In-
6 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by re-
7 designating subsection (h) as subsection (i) and
8 by inserting after subsection (g) the following
9 new subsection:

10 “(h) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ELECTRONIC RE-
11 TURN SECURITY STANDARDS.—Any person who is author-
12 ized by the Secretary to provide electronic filing services
13 and who fails to secure return information and informa-
14 tion technology standards in such manner as prescribed
15 by the Secretary shall pay a penalty of \$500 for each such
16 failure. The maximum penalty imposed under this sub-
17 section on any person with respect to any calendar year
18 shall not exceed \$25,000.”.

19 (B) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—Section
20 6695(i) of such Code, as redesignated by sub-
21 paragraph (A), is amended—

22 (i) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
23 paragraph (3);

24 (ii) by inserting after paragraph (1)
25 the following new paragraph:

1 “(2) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH SECURITY
2 STANDARDS.—In the case of any failure described in
3 subsection (h) in a calendar year beginning after
4 2021, each of the dollar amounts under subsection
5 (h) shall be increased by an amount equal to such
6 dollar amount multiplied by the cost-of-living adjust-
7 ment determined under section 1(f)(3) for the cal-
8 endar year determined by substituting ‘calendar year
9 2020’ for ‘calendar year 2016’ in subparagraph
10 (A)(ii) thereof.”; and

11 (iii) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated
12 by clause (i)), by striking “paragraph (1)”
13 and inserting “paragraph (1) or (2)”.

14 (C) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments
15 made by this paragraph shall apply to failures
16 described in section 6695(h) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by subpara-
18 graph (A)) after the date that is 60 days after
19 the date the Secretary prescribes the standards
20 required under paragraph (1).

21 (b) COORDINATION OF TAXPAYER INFORMATION SE-
22 CURITY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
23 ment of this Act, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue
24 shall develop an organizational plan to create a centralized
25 body or other governance structure to coordinate all as-

1 pects of the Internal Revenue Service’s efforts to protect
2 return information while being held or transmitted by
3 those authorized by the Internal Revenue Service to pro-
4 vide electronic filing services. The Commissioner shall
5 transmit the organizational plan to the Committee on Fi-
6 nance of the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security
7 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee
8 on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, and
9 the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of
10 Representatives.

11 **SEC. 4. OPTIMIZING REVENUE INTAKE AND SAVING TAX-**
12 **PAYER DOLLARS AT GINNIE MAE BY ASSESS-**
13 **ING CURRENT PRACTICES AND EXPLORING**
14 **ALTERNATIVE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES**
15 **TO PROVIDE BETTER OVERSIGHT.**

16 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

17 (1) the term “appropriate congressional com-
18 mittees” means—

19 (A) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
20 and Urban Affairs of the Senate;

21 (B) the Committee on Homeland Security
22 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

23 (C) the Committee on Financial Services of
24 the House of Representatives; and

1 (D) the Committee on Oversight and Re-
2 form of the House of Representatives;

3 (2) the term “Association” means the Govern-
4 ment National Mortgage Association; and

5 (3) the term “Secretary” means the Secretary
6 of Housing and Urban Development.

7 (b) GUARANTY FEE STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later
8 than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
9 Secretary shall conduct a study and submit to the appro-
10 priate congressional committees and the Comptroller Gen-
11 eral of the United States a report on the adequacy of the
12 guaranty fee of the Association for single-family mort-
13 gage-backed securities, which shall—

14 (1) evaluate the extent to which the level of the
15 guaranty fee for single-family mortgage-backed secu-
16 rities provides the Association with sufficient re-
17 serves to cover potential losses under different eco-
18 nomic scenarios, including adverse scenarios, based
19 on an actuarial or similar analysis;

20 (2) identify the types of standards that the As-
21 sociation could use to set the guaranty fee for single-
22 family mortgage-backed securities and evaluate
23 which standard or standards would enable the Asso-
24 ciation to set the guaranty fee at an appropriate
25 level in line with the mission of the Association;

1 (3) assess the benefits and costs of adopting a
2 risk-based guaranty fee for single-family mortgage-
3 backed securities that imposes a higher fee on higher
4 risk issuers;

5 (4) analyze how and to what extent an increase
6 in the guaranty fee (for all issuers and a subset of
7 riskier issuers) would affect borrowers' financing,
8 closing, and other related costs for federally insured
9 mortgage loans; and

10 (5) if warranted, include recommendations for
11 any necessary amendments to the National Housing
12 Act (12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to change the guaranty
13 fee for single-family mortgage-backed securities, in-
14 cluding for establishing a standard under which the
15 Association can determine the level of the guaranty
16 fee for single-family mortgage-backed securities.

17 (c) RELIANCE ON CONTRACTORS STUDY AND RE-
18 PORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
19 of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a study and submit
20 to the appropriate congressional committees and the
21 Comptroller General of the United States a report evalu-
22 ating the workforce composition of the Association in con-
23 sideration of the critical functions of the Association,
24 which shall—

25 (1) analyze—

1 (A) the number of Federal employees and
2 contractors by type of role or position that the
3 Association uses to perform compliance, risk
4 management, and other critical functions, and
5 the cost of a full-time equivalent Federal em-
6 ployee versus a contractor for comparable roles
7 or positions;

8 (B) the extent to which the Association
9 could use Federal employees instead of contrac-
10 tors by role or position to perform critical func-
11 tions;

12 (C) the types and amounts of costs that
13 the Association could save by using Federal em-
14 ployees instead of contractors, where possible,
15 to perform critical functions, such as savings
16 from differences in pay and not having to over-
17 see contractors;

18 (D) whether the Association would face
19 any legal or other obstacles in using Federal
20 employees instead of contractors to perform
21 critical functions; and

22 (E) the potential negative and positive ef-
23 fects of using Federal employees instead of con-
24 tractors on the ability of the Association to
25 achieve the mission of the Association; and

1 (2) if warranted, include recommendations for
2 any necessary amendments to the National Housing
3 Act (12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to change the funding
4 structure of the Association.

5 (d) COMPENSATION STRUCTURE STUDY AND RE-
6 PORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
7 of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a study and submit
8 to the appropriate congressional committees and the
9 Comptroller General of the United States a report evalu-
10 ating the workforce challenges of the Association, which
11 shall—

12 (1) analyze, quantitatively to the extent pos-
13 sible, the challenges of the Association in hiring and
14 retaining staff, including compensation, during the
15 3-year period preceding the report;

16 (2) identify and summarize the options that the
17 Association has pursued within existing authorities
18 to address the staffing challenges of the Association,
19 including which agencies or offices were involved,
20 and the key decisions and outcomes of those efforts;

21 (3) identify options that the Association did not
22 pursue within existing authorities to address the
23 staffing challenges of the Association and the rea-
24 sons for not pursuing those options;

1 (4) identify and evaluate options outside of ex-
2 isting authorities that the Association could use to
3 address the staffing challenges of the Association
4 and the potential benefits and costs of those options;
5 and

6 (5) if warranted, include recommendations for
7 any necessary amendments to the National Housing
8 Act (12 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to change how the
9 Government National Mortgage Association sets
10 compensation.

11 (e) REVIEW OF REFORMS TO GINNIE MAE'S ORGANI-
12 ZATIONAL AND OVERSIGHT STRUCTURE.—The Comp-
13 troller General of the United States shall conduct a study
14 and submit to the appropriate congressional committees
15 a report on alternate ways of overseeing the Association
16 to address increasing risks, which shall—

17 (1) review the reports submitted by the Sec-
18 retary under subsections (b), (c), and (d) to deter-
19 mine if the reports addressed the required provisions
20 and assess any recommendations made in those re-
21 ports;

22 (2) identify key challenges or constraints that
23 the Association has faced under the governance and
24 funding structure of the Association as a govern-

1 ment corporation within the Department of Housing
2 and Urban Development;

3 (3) identify alternative models under which the
4 governance and funding structure of the Association
5 could be reorganized to better support housing policy
6 priorities in the United States and to ensure that
7 the Association fulfilling the role of increasing li-
8 quidity in the housing finance market while also
9 minimizing risk to the taxpayer;

10 (4) evaluate the potential positive and negative
11 impacts of the models described in paragraph (3) on
12 the Association, the Department of Housing and
13 Urban Development, and other stakeholders;

14 (5) obtain input from relevant stakeholders,
15 such as Federal entities, lenders, issuers, investors,
16 affordable housing advocates, and researchers, on re-
17 forms to the organizational and oversight structure
18 of the Association;

19 (6) consider the housing finance system and
20 ways in which alternative oversight structures of the
21 Association could impact the system; and

22 (7) review such other information as the Comp-
23 troller General determines relevant.

1 **SEC. 5. CONTROLLING UNANTICIPATED SUSTAINMENT**
2 **COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH NAVY MAJOR DE-**
3 **FENSE SHIP ACQUISITION PROGRAMS**
4 **THROUGH ROBUST OVERSIGHT.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 144 of title 10, United
6 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2433a
7 the following new section:

8 **“§ 2433b. Critical operating and support cost estimate**
9 **growth in Navy shipbuilding programs**

10 “(a) REPORTING.—Not later than 180 days after
11 identifying a critical operating and support cost estimate
12 breach in a Department of the Navy major defense ship
13 acquisition program, the Secretary of the Navy shall sub-
14 mit to the Committee on Armed Services and Committee
15 on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the
16 Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and Com-
17 mittee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Rep-
18 resentatives a report that includes the following:

19 “(1) A determination and documentation of the
20 root cause or causes of the critical operating and
21 support cost estimate growth.

22 “(2) A reassessment of the program’s operating
23 and support cost estimate that includes a new man-
24 power analysis, incorporates available actual cost
25 data, and includes a sensitivity analysis of key as-
26 sumptions.

1 “(3) A plan to reduce the estimated operating
2 and support costs, including the amount that could
3 be reduced and the trade-offs or challenges in mak-
4 ing these reductions.

5 “(4) A reassessment of the program’s ability to
6 meet any changes to the program’s sustainment key
7 performance parameter related to operational avail-
8 ability and materiel availability.

9 “(5) A determination to terminate or modify
10 the program or a certification that the program con-
11 tinues to be essential to national security and that
12 the program will meet its planned requirements.

13 “(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

14 “(1) the term ‘average annual operating and
15 support costs per ship’ means the total operating
16 support costs associated with a program, divided by
17 the number of hulls, multiplied by the years of serv-
18 ice life described in the original Baseline Estimate;

19 “(2) the term ‘critical operating and support
20 cost estimate growth’ means growth that exceeds the
21 operating and support cost estimate thresholds by at
22 least 30 percent, as stated in terms of constant base
23 years dollars, over the average annual operating and
24 support costs per ship as derived from the original
25 Baseline Estimate for the program, during the pe-

1 riod the Navy submits Selected Acquisition Reports
2 or alternatives to the Selected Acquisition Reports in
3 accordance with section 2432 of this title; and

4 “(3) the term ‘major defense ship acquisition
5 program’ means any Department of the Navy ship-
6 building program with estimated costs equivalent to
7 the dollar thresholds for a major defense acquisition
8 program under section 2430 of this title.”.

9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
10 at the beginning of chapter 144 of such title is amended
11 by inserting after the item relating to section 2433a the
12 following new item:

“2433b. Critical operating and support cost estimate growth in Navy ship-
building programs.”.

