116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.477

To authorize the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to establish a Climate Change Education Program, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 13, 2019

Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Ms. HARRIS, Ms. WARREN, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. MERKLEY, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. WYDEN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. SAND-ERS, Mr. CARDIN, Ms. HIRONO, and Mr. LEAHY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To authorize the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to establish a Climate Change Education Program, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Climate Change Edu-
- 5 cation Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The evidence for human-induced climate
 change is overwhelming and undeniable.

3 (2) Atmospheric carbon can be significantly re4 duced through conservation, by shifting to renewable
5 energy sources such as solar, wind, tidal, and geo6 thermal, and by increasing the efficiency of build7 ings, including domiciles, and transportation.

8 (3) Providing clear information about climate 9 change, in a variety of forms, can remove the fear 10 and the sense of helplessness, and encourage individ-11 uals and communities to take action.

(4) Implementation of measures that promote
energy efficiency, conservation, and renewable energy will greatly reduce human impact on the environment.

16 (5) Informing people of new technologies and
17 programs as they become available will ensure max18 imum understanding and maximum effect of those
19 measures.

20 (6) More than 3,000,000 students graduate
21 from high schools and colleges each year, armed
22 with attitudes, skills, and knowledge about the cli23 mate that inform their actions.

 $\mathbf{2}$

(7) The effect on the climate, positive or nega tive, of each of those 3,000,000 students lasts be yond a lifetime.

4 (8) Those students need to be prepared to im-5 plement changes in professional and personal prac-6 tices, to support and help develop new technology 7 and policy, and to address the coming social and 8 economic challenges and opportunities arising from a 9 changing climate.

(9) It has been demonstrated that the people of
the United States overwhelmingly support teaching
students about the causes, consequences, and potential solutions to climate change in all 50 States and
more than 3,000 counties across the United States.

(10) Only 30 percent of middle school and 45
percent of high school science teachers understand
the extent of the scientific consensus on climate
change.

19 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

20 In this Act:

(1) CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION.—The term
"climate change education" means informal and formal interdisciplinary learning at all age levels
about—

3

1	(A) climate change, climate adaptation and
2	mitigation, and climate resilience; and
3	(B) the effects of climate change, climate
4	adaptation and mitigation, and climate resil-
5	ience on the environmental, energy, social, and
6	economic systems of the United States.
7	(2) GREEN COLLAR JOB.—The term "green col-
8	lar job" means a job—
9	(A) in a business that produces goods or
10	provides services that benefit the environment
11	or conserve natural resources; or
12	(B) in which the duties of the worker in-
13	volve making the production processes of the
14	employer more environmentally friendly or use
15	fewer natural resources.
16	(3) GREEN ECONOMY.—The term "green econ-
17	omy" means an economy that results in improved
18	human well-being and social equity by significantly
19	reducing environmental risks and ecological scar-
20	cities.
21	(4) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
22	term "institution of higher education" has the
23	meaning given the term in section 102 of the Higher
24	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).

(5) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY; STATE EDU CATIONAL AGENCY.—The terms "local educational agency" and "State educational agency" have the
 meanings given those terms in section 8101 of the
 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

7 (6) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term
8 "nonprofit organization" means an organization de9 scribed in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under
11 501(a) of that Code.

12 SEC. 4. CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION PROGRAM.

13 The Administrator of the National Oceanic and At14 mospheric Administration shall establish a Climate
15 Change Education Program to—

(1) increase the climate literacy of the United
States by broadening the understanding of climate
change, including possible long-term and short-term
consequences and potential solutions;

(2) apply the latest scientific and technological
discoveries, including through the use of the scientific assets of the Administration, to provide formal and informal learning opportunities to individuals of all ages, including individuals of diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds; and

1 (3) emphasize actionable information to help 2 people understand and promote implementation of 3 new technologies, programs, and incentives related 4 to climate change, climate adaptation and mitiga-5 tion, and climate resilience.

6 SEC. 5. GRANT PROGRAM.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the Climate Change 8 Education Program established under section 4, the Ad-9 ministrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-10 ministration shall establish a program to make grants— (1) to States to encourage and support plans 11 12 and programs for kindergarten through grade 12 13 formal and informal climate change education— 14 (A) to ensure that students graduate from 15 high school with high climate literacy, includ-16 ing-17 (i) relevant teacher training and pro-18 fessional development; 19 (ii) science, technology, engineering, 20 arts and design, and mathematics edu-21 cation; and 22 (iii) interdisciplinary studies; and 23 (B) with a particular focus on programs 24 that advance widespread State and local edu-

25 cational agency adoption of climate change edu-

1	cation, including funding for State educational
2	agencies in partnership with local educational
3	agencies and local nonprofit organizations to—
4	(i) integrate key principles of climate
5	change education into existing kinder-
6	garten through grade 12 State academic
7	content standards, student academic
8	achievement standards, or State cur-
9	riculum frameworks;
10	(ii) create model State climate change
11	curricula;
12	(iii) develop and implement State
13	teacher training programs; and
14	(iv) support secondary school prepara-
15	tion or work-based experiences in green
16	collar jobs; and
17	(2) to institutions of higher education to—
18	(A) improve the quality of and access to
19	training, certification, and higher education for
20	green collar jobs in the future green economy,
21	such as green construction, design, technology,
22	health, engineering, business, and policy stud-
23	ies, including sustainability science, and with a
24	particular focus on programs that address re-
25	structuring institutional incentives and reducing

1	institutional barriers to widespread faculty
2	adoption of interdisciplinary teaching of climate
3	change education; and
4	(B) engage teams of faculty and students
5	to develop applied climate research and deliver
6	to local communities direct services related to
7	local climate mitigation and adaptation issues,
8	with a priority focus on communities impacted
9	by climate change; and
10	(3) to professional associations for projects that
11	build capacity at the State and national levels for
12	continuing education by practicing professionals and
13	the general public in green economy fields.
14	(b) CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION OFFICE.—There
15	shall be, within the Office of Education of the National
16	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, a Climate
17	Change Education Office to administer the grant program
18	required by subsection (a).
19	SEC. 6. REPORT.
20	Not later than one year after the date of the enact-

20 From factor than one year after the date of the effect
21 ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Adminis22 trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis23 tration shall submit to Congress a report that evaluates
24 the scientific merits, educational effectiveness, and broad25 er effects of activities carried out under this Act.

1 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Na3 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
4 \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2025
5 to carry out this Act.

 \bigcirc