

116TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 987

To implement the recommendations of the U.S.–China Economic and Security Review Commission, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 2, 2019

Mr. COONS (for himself, Mr. ROMNEY, and Mr. Kaine) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To implement the recommendations of the U.S.–China Economic and Security Review Commission, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “U.S.–China Economic
5 and Security Review Act of 2019”.

1 **SEC. 2. ANNUAL REPORT ON SUPPLY CHAIN**
2 **VULNERABILITIES RELATED TO THE PEO-**
3 **PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

4 Section 3603 of title 44, United States Code, is
5 amended by adding at the end the following:

6 “(g)(1) In this subsection, the term ‘Internet of
7 Things’ means physical devices embedded with sensors
8 that can collect data and connect to each other and the
9 broader internet.

10 “(2) Not later than 180 days after the date of the
11 enactment of this subsection, and not less frequently than
12 annually thereafter, the Chief Information Officers Coun-
13 cil shall submit to Congress a report on supply chain
14 vulnerabilities related to the People’s Republic of China
15 that includes the following:

16 “(A) An assessment of the supply chain risk
17 posed by the People’s Republic of China to each
18 Federal agency.

19 “(B) A description of how each Federal agency
20 is mitigating the supply chain risk posed by the Peo-
21 ple’s Republic of China.

22 “(C) An assessment of the existing procurement
23 and security policies and guidance of each Federal
24 agency with respect to cybersecurity, operations se-
25 curity, physical security, information security, and
26 data security that may affect information and com-

1 communications technology, fifth generation mobile net-
2 works (commonly known as ‘5G networks’), and the
3 Internet of Things, that describes the following:

4 “(i) Areas for which new policies and guid-
5 ance may be needed, including for specific in-
6 formation and communications technology, 5G
7 networks, and the Internet of Things, including
8 applications or procedures related to the Inter-
9 net of Things.

10 “(ii) Areas for which existing security poli-
11 cies and guidance can be updated to address
12 vulnerabilities with respect to supply chain se-
13 curity, cybersecurity, operations security, phys-
14 ical security, information security, and data se-
15 curity.”.

16 **SEC. 3. REPORT ON WTO PROCEEDINGS.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
18 date of the enactment of this Act, the United States Trade
19 Representative shall submit to Congress a report assessing
20 whether it is in the national interests of the United States
21 to file, in coordination with allies and partners of the
22 United States, a complaint against the People’s Republic
23 of China at the World Trade Organization under section
24 1 of Article XXIII of GATT 1994 alleging that the Peo-
25 ple’s Republic of China has—

1 (1) nullified or impaired a benefit accruing to
2 the United States under the WTO Agreement with-
3 out violating that Agreement; and

4 (2) committed other specific violations of com-
5 mitments under that Agreement.

6 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “GATT
7 1994” and “WTO Agreement” have the meanings given
8 those terms in section 2 of the Uruguay Round Agree-
9 ments Act (19 U.S.C. 3501).

10 **SEC. 4. REPORT ON INTIMIDATION OF UNITED STATES**

11 **RESIDENTS.**

12 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
13 ment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to
14 Congress a report explaining whether, and if so, how, the
15 Department of Justice is utilizing Federal criminal law,
16 including section 241 of title 18, United States Code (re-
17 lating to conspiracy against rights), to prosecute affiliates
18 of the Chinese Communist Party who threaten, coerce, or
19 otherwise intimidate United States residents.

20 **SEC. 5. CLEAR LABELING FOR INFORMATIONAL MATE-**

21 **RIALS DISTRIBUTED ON BEHALF OF FOREIGN**

22 **PRINCIPALS.**

23 Section 4(b) of the Foreign Agents Registration Act
24 of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 614(b)) is amended by adding at the
25 end the following: “Informational materials which are re-

1 quired to be labeled under this subsection and which are
2 in the form of prints shall be marked or stamped conspicu-
3 ously at the top of the first page of such materials with
4 a statement in the language or languages used therein,
5 setting forth such information as is required under this
6 subsection.”.

7 **SEC. 6. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE ON ACCESS**
8 **AND BASING FACILITIES OF THE PEOPLE’S**
9 **REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
11 date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National
12 Intelligence shall submit to Congress a National Intel-
13 ligence Estimate on the access and basing facilities of the
14 People’s Republic of China.

15 (b) CONTENTS.—The National Intelligence Estimate
16 submitted under subsection (a) shall include a description
17 of the effect of existing and potential access and basing
18 facilities of the People’s Republic of China along the Silk
19 Road Economic Belt and the New Maritime Silk Road on
20 the following:

21 (1) Freedom of navigation and sea control, in
22 peacetime and during periods of conflict.

23 (2) The regional political and security interests
24 of the United States and allies of the United States.

1 (c) FORM.—The National Intelligence Estimate sub-
2 mitted under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassi-
3 fied form, but may include a classified annex.

4 **SEC. 7. ANNUAL REPORT ON INFLUENCE AND PROPAGA-**
5 **GANDA ACTIVITIES OF THE CHINESE COM-**
6 **MUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title IX of the Intelligence Au-
8 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–
9 306) is amended by adding at the end the following:

10 **“SEC. 905. ANNUAL REPORT ON INFLUENCE AND PROPAGA-**
11 **GANDA ACTIVITIES OF THE CHINESE COM-**
12 **MUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES.**

13 “(a) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than
14 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section,
15 and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the Di-
16 rector of the National Counterintelligence and Security
17 Center shall submit to Congress a report on the influence
18 and propaganda activities of the Chinese Communist
19 Party in the United States.

20 “(b) FORM.—The report submitted under subsection
21 (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may in-
22 clude a classified annex.”.

23 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
24 in section 1(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for
25 Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–306) is amended by

1 inserting after the item relating to section 904 the fol-
2 lowing:

“Sec. 905. Annual report on influence and propaganda activities of the Chinese
Communist Party in the United States.”.

3 **SEC. 8. REPORT ON THE CHINA COAST GUARD.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
5 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense
6 and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall jointly sub-
7 mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
8 on the China Coast Guard (referred to in this section as
9 the “CCG”).

10 (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under sub-
11 section (a) shall include an assessment of the following:

12 (1) How the change in the command structure
13 of the CCG affects the status of the CCG as a law
14 enforcement entity considering that the CCG now re-
15 ports to the Central Military Commission.

16 (2) The implications of the new command
17 structure of the CCG with respect to the use of the
18 CCG as a coercive tool in “gray zone” activity in the
19 East China Sea and the South China Sea.

20 (3) How the change in the command structure
21 of the CCG may affect interactions between the
22 United States Navy and the United States Coast
23 Guard and the China Coast Guard.

1 (4) Whether the China Coast Guard should be
2 designated as a military force by the Secretary of
3 Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security.

4 (c) FORM.—The report submitted under subsection
5 (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may in-
6 clude a classified annex.

7 (d) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
8 DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate con-
9 gressional committees” means—

10 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
11 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on
12 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and
13 the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

14 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
15 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on
16 Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appro-
17 priations of the House of Representatives.

18 **SEC. 9. REPORT ON STEPS TO PROTECT 5G NETWORKS.**

19 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
20 ment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Commerce
21 for Communications and Information and the Federal
22 Communications Commission shall jointly submit to Con-
23 gress a report that includes the following:

24 (1) The steps required to ensure the rapid and
25 secure deployment of fifth generation mobile net-

1 works (commonly known as “5G networks”), with a
2 particular focus on the threat posed by equipment
3 and services designed or manufactured in the Peo-
4 ple’s Republic of China.

5 (2) How the executive branch agencies are im-
6 plementing the steps described in paragraph (1).

7 (3) Any new statutory authorities that may be
8 required to ensure the security of domestic 5G net-
9 works.

10 **SEC. 10. GAO REPORT ON UNITED STATES–CHINA TECH-**
11 **NICAL COOPERATION.**

12 (a) ASSESSMENT.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of
14 the United States shall conduct an assessment of
15 collaborative initiatives between the United States
16 and the People’s Republic of China relating to tech-
17 nical cooperation.

18 (2) DUTIES.—In carrying out the assessment
19 required by paragraph (1), the Comptroller General
20 shall—

21 (A) describe the nature of technical co-
22 operation between the United States and the
23 People’s Republic of China, including funding,
24 participation, and reporting on the outcomes;

1 (B) detail the licensing and regulatory re-
2 gime under which collaborative initiatives de-
3 scribed in paragraph (1) occur;

4 (C) consider whether the intellectual prop-
5 erty rights of researchers and entities of the
6 United States are being adequately protected;

7 (D) examine whether state-owned enter-
8 prises or the military of the People's Republic
9 of China are benefitting from research funded
10 by the taxpayers of the United States;

11 (E) investigate if any researchers of the
12 People's Republic of China participating in col-
13 laborative initiatives described in paragraph (1)
14 have ties to the Government or the military of
15 the People's Republic of China;

16 (F) investigate if any institutions of higher
17 education, laboratories, or other entities of the
18 United States participating in collaboration led
19 by the Government of the United States with
20 the People's Republic of China have been sub-
21 ject to cyber penetration originating in the Peo-
22 ple's Republic of China;

23 (G) evaluate the benefits of the collabora-
24 tion for the United States; and

1 (H) examine redundancies, if any, among
2 various government-led collaborative programs
3 between the United States and the People's Re-
4 public of China, and make suggestions for im-
5 proving technical collaboration.

6 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comp-
8 troller General shall submit to Congress a report on the
9 assessment required by subsection (a)(1).

10 **SEC. 11. REPORT ON CHINESE ENFORCEMENT OF SANC-**
11 **TIONS AGAINST NORTH KOREA.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
13 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
14 Treasury shall submit to Congress a report on the current
15 state of the enforcement by the Government of the Peo-
16 ple's Republic of China of sanctions imposed by the United
17 Nations with respect to the Democratic People's Republic
18 of Korea.

19 (b) FORM.—The report submitted under subsection
20 (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but shall in-
21 clude a classified annex that includes the following:

22 (1) A list of financial institutions, other enti-
23 ties, and officials of the People's Republic of China
24 for which sanctions may be imposed with respect to
25 the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

1 (2) Whether the Government of the United
2 States has imposed sanctions with respect to any in-
3 stitution, entity, or official described paragraph (1)
4 and, if so, an identification of such institution, enti-
5 ty, or official.

6 (3) Whether any foreign country has imposed
7 sanctions with respect to any institution, entity, or
8 official described in paragraph (1) and, if so, an
9 identification of such institution, entity, or official.

10 **SEC. 12. REPORT ON TRADE-DISTORTING PRACTICES OF**
11 **THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

12 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
13 ment of this Act, the United States Trade Representative
14 shall submit to Congress a report that includes the fol-
15 lowing:

16 (1) An identification of the trade-distorting
17 practices of the state-owned enterprises of the Peo-
18 ple's Republic of China.

19 (2) A description of how the Office of the
20 United States Trade Representative is counteracting
21 the anticompetitive impact of the practices described
22 in paragraph (1).

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