

**Calendar No. 469**116<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION**S. RES. 511**

Supporting the role of the United States in helping save the lives of children and protecting the health of people in developing countries with vaccines and immunization through GAVI, the Vaccine Alliance.

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**IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES**

FEBRUARY 27, 2020

Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. KAINE, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. CANTWELL, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. WYDEN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. DURBIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JUNE 3, 2020

Reported by Mr. RISCH, with an amendment and an amendment to the preamble

[Strike out all after the resolving clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[Strike the preamble and insert the part printed in italic]

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**RESOLUTION**

Supporting the role of the United States in helping save the lives of children and protecting the health of people in developing countries with vaccines and immunization through GAVI, the Vaccine Alliance.

~~Whereas access to vaccines and routine immunizations can protect children from deadly but preventable diseases, reduce poverty, and contribute to economic growth by ena-~~

bling people to live longer, healthier, and more productive lives;

Whereas investments in the development and deployment of vaccines and immunizations can also help enhance global health security by reducing the incidence of deadly and debilitating diseases and containing the spread of infectious diseases before they become pandemic health threats;

Whereas, prior to 2000, resources for and access to vaccines for children in the developing world were declining, immunization rates were stagnant or decreasing, and nearly 10,000,000 children were dying each year before reaching their fifth birthday;

Whereas, prior to 2000, it was common for new life-saving vaccines to take up to 15 years to be introduced in the world's least developed countries;

Whereas, in 2000, the United States Government joined forces with the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), the World Health Organization, the World Bank, other donor governments, and representatives of developing countries, faith-based organizations, civil society, and the private sector, including the vaccine industry, to create the Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (now known as GAVI or GAVI, the Vaccine Alliance), a public-private partnership to expand access to new and underused vaccines, reduce the incidence of deadly and debilitating diseases, prevent epidemics, and save lives;

Whereas GAVI, the Vaccine Alliance has since supported country-led vaccine initiatives in 73 countries, enabled immunizations for more than 760,000,000 of the world's

most vulnerable children, helped avert an estimated 13,000,000 deaths, and contributed to a 70-percent reduction in the number of deaths due to vaccine-preventable diseases;

Whereas country ownership and sustainability are at the core of the GAVI model, which requires each eligible country to commit their own domestic resources to vaccination and immunization programs;

Whereas 15 countries have transitioned from GAVI support and are now self-financing their own vaccination and immunization programs, three more are expected to transition by the end of 2020, and an additional 10 countries are expected to transition by 2025 (in total, 40 percent of the original set of GAVI-eligible countries);

Whereas GAVI has transformed the market for vaccines by pooling demand from developing countries, securing predictable financing, expanding the global supplier base, enhancing the competitiveness and security of supply chains, and creating efficiencies that are expected to generate an estimated \$900,000,000 in savings between 2021–2025;

Whereas, in addition to its current portfolio of vaccines, GAVI is working to support the roll-out and scale-up of newly approved vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) boosters, hepatitis B birth dose, multivalent meningococcal, respiratory syncytia (RSV), routine oral cholera, and rabies;

Whereas GAVI also collaborates with the Global Polio Eradication Initiative to bring polio vaccines into routine immunization programs, strengthen health systems, and implement additional polio protections;

Whereas GAVI has made significant progress in supporting the development and stockpiling of an effective vaccine to combat Ebola;

Whereas GAVI is participating in efforts to test and implement an effective vaccine to prevent malaria, a disease that kills more than 270,000 children a year;

Whereas, in June 2020, the United Kingdom will host GAVI's third replenishment conference, with an ambitious goal to raise \$7,400,000,000 in new donor commitments;

Whereas, with these additional resources, GAVI plans to support the immunization of 300,000,000 children against potentially fatal diseases and save an additional 7,000,000 to 8,000,000 lives between 2021 and 2025; and

Whereas the United States has been a leading supporter of GAVI since its inception, and its continued commitment will be essential to the achievement of the alliance's goals for 2021–2025: Now, therefore, be it

*Whereas access to vaccines and routine immunizations can protect children from deadly but preventable diseases, reduce poverty, and contribute to economic growth by enabling people to live longer, healthier, and more productive lives;*

*Whereas investments in the development and deployment of vaccines and immunizations can also help enhance global health security by reducing the incidence of deadly and debilitating diseases and containing the spread of infectious diseases before they become pandemic health threats;*

*Whereas, prior to 2000, resources for and access to vaccines for children in the developing world were declining, immuni-*

*zation rates were stagnant or decreasing, and nearly 10,000,000 children were dying each year before reaching their 5th birthday;*

*Whereas, prior to 2000, it was common for new life-saving vaccines to take up to 15 years to be introduced in the world's least developed countries;*

*Whereas, in 2000, the United States Government joined forces with the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), the World Health Organization, the World Bank, other donor governments, and representatives of developing countries, faith-based organizations, civil society, and the private sector, including the vaccine industry, to create the Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (now known as GAVI or GAVI, the Vaccine Alliance), a public-private partnership to expand access to new and underused vaccines, reduce the incidence of deadly and debilitating diseases, prevent epidemics, and save lives;*

*Whereas GAVI has since supported country-led vaccine initiatives in 73 countries, enabled immunizations for more than 760,000,000 of the world's most vulnerable children, helped avert an estimated 13,000,000 deaths, and contributed to a 70-percent reduction in the number of deaths due to vaccine-preventable diseases;*

*Whereas country ownership and sustainability are at the core of the GAVI model, which requires each eligible country to commit their own domestic resources to vaccination and immunization programs;*

*Whereas 15 countries have transitioned from GAVI support and are now self-financing their own vaccination and immunization programs, 3 more are expected to transition by*

*the end of 2020, and an additional 10 countries are expected to transition by 2025 (in total, 40 percent of the original set of GAVI-eligible countries);*

*Whereas GAVI has transformed the market for vaccines by pooling demand from developing countries, securing predictable financing, expanding the global supplier base, enhancing the competitiveness and security of supply chains, and creating efficiencies that are expected to generate an estimated \$900,000,000 in savings between 2021 and 2025;*

*Whereas, in addition to its current portfolio of vaccines, GAVI is working to support the roll-out and scale-up of newly approved vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) boosters, hepatitis B birth dose, multivalent meningococcal, respiratory syncytia (RSV), routine oral cholera, and rabies;*

*Whereas GAVI also collaborates with the Global Polio Eradication Initiative to bring polio vaccines into routine immunization programs, strengthen health systems, and implement additional polio protections;*

*Whereas GAVI has made significant progress in supporting the development and stockpiling of an effective vaccine to combat Ebola;*

*Whereas GAVI is participating in efforts to test and implement an effective vaccine to prevent malaria, a disease that kills more than 270,000 children a year;*

*Whereas GAVI is already helping countries maintain life-saving immunization programs in the midst of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic to prevent multiple outbreaks and further loss of life from vaccine-preventable diseases;*

*Whereas GAVI also is working to help countries meet the threat of COVID-19 by providing vital resources, training, and*

*supplies to help protect health workers and expand access to diagnostic testing;*

*Whereas GAVI will play a critical role in helping to rebuild immunization systems so that once the immediate crisis is over, catch-up immunization campaigns can begin and COVID–19 vaccines can be introduced;*

*Whereas, in April 2020, GAVI joined the Access to COVID–19 Tools Accelerator, a collaboration of global health organizations aimed at accelerating development, production, and equitable access to new COVID–19 technologies, serving as the co-lead of the vaccines work stream within the initiative;*

*Whereas, on June 4, 2020, the United Kingdom will host an online virtual Global Vaccine Summit, GAVI’s third replenishment conference, with an ambitious goal to raise \$7,400,000,000 in new donor commitments;*

*Whereas, with these additional resources, GAVI plans to support the immunization of 300,000,000 children against potentially fatal diseases and save an additional 7,000,000 to 8,000,000 lives between 2021 and 2025; and*

*Whereas the United States has been a leading supporter of GAVI since its inception, and its continued commitment will be essential to the achievement of the alliance’s goals for 2021 through 2025: Now, therefore, be it*

1       *Resolved, That the Senate—*

2               (1) commends the work of GAVI and its part-  
3       ners for their efforts to expand access vaccines and  
4       immunizations for the most vulnerable men, women,  
5       and children in developing countries;

1           (2) affirms the continued support of the United  
2 States Government for GAVI as an efficient and ef-  
3 fective mechanism to advance global health security  
4 and save lives by—

5           (A) reducing the incidence of deadly and  
6 debilitating diseases;

7           (B) leveraging donor, partner country, and  
8 private sector investments in health systems ca-  
9 pable of sustainably delivering vaccines and im-  
10 munizations; and

11           (C) reducing the cost of vaccines while pro-  
12 moting supply chain security and sustainability;

13           (3) affirms the support of the United States  
14 Government for the goal of securing a minimum of  
15 \$7,400,000,000 in donor commitments for GAVI's  
16 third replenishment, to be held in June 2020 in the  
17 United Kingdom;

18           (4) urges donor countries and private sector  
19 partners to step up the fight and increase their  
20 pledges for the third replenishment;

21           (5) urges GAVI partner countries to continue  
22 to make and meet ambitious co-financing commit-  
23 ments to sustain progress in ending vaccine-prevent-  
24 able deaths; and



1           (6) encourages the United States Agency for  
2 International Development (USAID) and the Cen-  
3 ters for Disease Control and Prevention, in coopera-  
4 tion with GAVI, to continue their work to strengthen  
5 public health capacity to introduce and sustain the  
6 use of new and underused vaccines in routine immu-  
7 nization programs.

8 *That the Senate—*

9           (1) commends the work of GAVI and its partners  
10 for their efforts to expand access to vaccines and im-  
11 munizations for the most vulnerable men, women, and  
12 children in developing countries;

13           (2) affirms the continued support of the United  
14 States Government for GAVI as an efficient and effec-  
15 tive mechanism to advance global health security and  
16 save lives by—

17           (A) reducing the incidence of deadly and  
18 debilitating diseases;

19           (B) leveraging donor, partner country, and  
20 private sector investments in health systems ca-  
21 pable of sustainably delivering vaccines and im-  
22 munizations; and

23           (C) reducing the cost of vaccines while pro-  
24 moting supply chain security and sustainability;

1           (3) affirms the support of the United States Gov-  
2           ernment for the goal of securing at least  
3           \$7,400,000,000 in donor commitments for GAVI's  
4           third replenishment conference, to be held on June 4,  
5           2020, hosted by the United Kingdom;

6           (4) urges donor countries and private sector  
7           partners to step up the fight against vaccine-prevent-  
8           able deaths and increase their pledges for the third re-  
9           plenishment conference;

10          (5) urges GAVI partner countries to continue to  
11          make and meet ambitious co-financing commitments  
12          to sustain progress in ending vaccine-preventable  
13          deaths; and

14          (6) encourages the United States Agency for  
15          International Development (USAID) and the Centers  
16          for Disease Control and Prevention, in cooperation  
17          with GAVI, to continue their work to strengthen pub-  
18          lic health capacity to introduce and sustain the use  
19          of new and underused vaccines in routine immuniza-  
20          tion programs.



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