

the government. And while I supported S. 24 for this reason, I have serious concerns about the legislation's funding structure.

Though federal employees are generally paid through discretionary accounts, as written and passed, the Government Employee Fair Treatment Act of 2019 does not require salaries for furloughed and excepted staff to be funded with annual appropriations during a shutdown. This opens the door for the creation of new entitlement spending. I do not believe this was the legislation's intent, and in the future, I will work with my colleagues to provide for these salaries through their appropriate discretionary accounts.

I have consistently expressed concerns about the growth of autopilot mandatory spending and its impact on our nation's debts and deficits. Rather than perpetuating this problem, we should resolve ourselves to fixing the budget and appropriations process to ensure that Congress fulfills its duty and government shutdowns and pay for federal employees are taken off the table.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of S. 24, the "Government Employees Fair Treatment Act," which provides for retroactive pay for nearly 800,000 federal workers who have been furloughed as a result of the government shutdown proudly caused by the President of the United States.

I support this bill because it is the right thing to do.

The men and women who have been furloughed because of this manufactured crisis are not responsible for the 'Trump Shutdown'.

They did not vote to reject the clean continuing resolution passed by the Republican Senate but rejected by the President that would have resolved the crisis and made this legislation unnecessary.

The dedicated men and women of the federal civilian workforce, like those who serve in the Armed Forces, have not spent their professional lives trying to sabotage the Affordable Care Act or conjuring an imaginary crisis on the southern border or pursuing policy initiatives that harm America's allies and benefit its adversaries, especially Russia.

Instead, these loyal and committed public servants are motivated by their paramount interest in serving the American public without fear or favor and, for the last 20 days, without any guarantee that they would be compensated for their labor.

And yet, they gladly and willingly serve, some risking their lives to keep us safe.

Others stand watch monitoring weather systems and providing information necessary to protect the public from hurricanes and tornadoes and wildfires or conducting research to find cures for disease or that will yield technological innovations or help us mark and measure the far reaches of space.

Others work to secure the borders and homeland, ensure the safety of our food and water, serve our seniors and children, provide training and support for those looking for work, and protecting our environment and keeping watch over our treasures—our national parks and monuments, including this magnificent Capitol where the people have sent us to their business.

Madam Speaker, the men and women of the federal workforce do the people's business.

They serve everyone equally.

They do not single out some persons to serve and ignore others.

We should follow their example and the best way to do that is for the Senate to pass and the President sign into law the clean continuing resolution passed by the House on January 3, 2019; legislation that is identical to bill the Senate passed 98–0 in the last Congress.

That is the best way to keep faith with all persons who serve the American people as employees of the federal government, and those who depend upon the services they provide.

Madam Speaker, holding harmless the federal employees who have been furloughed by this unnecessary government shutdown is a matter of simple justice.

I urge all Members to join me in voting for S. 24.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. CUMMINGS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 24.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. CUMMINGS. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will now resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

The motion to recommit on H.R. 266; Passage of H.R. 266;

The motion to suspend the rules and pass S. 24; and

The motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 221.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to recommit on the bill (H.R. 266) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior, environment, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes, offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. CALVERT), on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the motion.

The Clerk redesignated the motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 190, nays 229, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 26]

YEAS—190

Aderholt	Granger	Palmer
Allen	Graves (GA)	Pence
Amodei	Graves (LA)	Perry
Armstrong	Graves (MO)	Posey
Arrington	Green (TN)	Ratcliffe
Babin	Grothman	Reed
Bacon	Guest	Reschenthaler
Baird	Guthrie	Rice (SC)
Balderson	Hagedorn	Riggleman
Banks	Harris	Roby
Barr	Hartzler	Rodgers (WA)
Bergman	Hern, Kevin	Roe, David P.
Biggs	Herrera Beutler	Rogers (AL)
Bilirakis	Hice (GA)	Rogers (KY)
Bishop (UT)	Higgins (LA)	Rooney (FL)
Bost	Hill (AR)	Rose, John W.
Brady	Holding	Rouda
Brooks (AL)	Hollingsworth	Rouzer
Brooks (IN)	Hudson	Roy
Buchanan	Huizenga	Rutherford
Buck	Hunter	Scalise
Budd	Hurd (TX)	Schweikert
Burchett	Johnson (LA)	Scott, Austin
Burgess	Johnson (OH)	Shimkus
Byrne	Johnson (SD)	Simpson
Calvert	Jordan	Smith (MO)
Carter (GA)	Joyce (OH)	Smith (NE)
Chabot	Joyce (PA)	Smith (NJ)
Cheney	Katko	Smucker
Cisneros	Kelly (MS)	Spano
Cline	Kelly (PA)	Stauber
Cloud	King (IA)	Stefanik
Cole	King (NY)	Steil
Collins (GA)	Kinzinger	Steube
Collins (NY)	Kustoff (TN)	Stewart
Comer	LaHood	Stivers
Conaway	LaMalfa	Taylor
Cook	Lamborn	Thompson (PA)
Crawford	Latta	Thornberry
Crenshaw	Lesko	Timmons
Curtis	Long	Tipton
Davis, Rodney	Loudermilk	Turner
DesJarlais	Lucas	Upton
Diaz-Balart	Luetkemeyer	Walberg
Duffy	Marchant	Walden
Duncan	Marshall	Walker
Dunn	Massie	Walorski
Emmer	McCarthy	Waltz
Estes	McCaul	Watkins
Ferguson	McClintock	Weber (TX)
Fitzpatrick	McHenry	Webster (FL)
Fleischmann	McKinley	Wenstrup
Flores	Meadows	Westerman
Fortenberry	Meuser	Williams
Fox (NC)	Miller	Wilson (SC)
Fulcher	Mitchell	Wittman
Gaetz	Moolenaar	Womack
Gallagher	Mooney (WV)	Woodall
Gianforte	Mullin	Wright
Gibbs	Newhouse	Yoho
Gohmert	Norman	Young
Gonzalez (OH)	Nunes	Zeldin
Gooden	Olson	
Gosar	Palazzo	

NAYS—229

Adams	Cicilline	Deutch
Aguilar	Clark (MA)	Dingell
Allred	Clarke (NY)	Doggett
Amash	Clay	Doyle, Michael F.
Axne	Cleaver	Engel
Barragán	Clyburn	Escobar
Bass	Cohen	Eshoo
Beatty	Connolly	Español
Bera	Cooper	Evans
Beyer	Correa	Finkenauer
Bishop (GA)	Costa	Fletcher
Blumenauer	Courtney	Foster
Blunt Rochester	Cox (CA)	Fudge
Bonamici	Craig	Galleo
Boyle, Brendan F.	Crist	Garamendi
Brindisi	Crow	Garcia (IL)
Brown (MD)	Cuellar	Garcia (TX)
Brownley (CA)	Cummings	Golden
Bustos	Cunningham	Gomez
Butterfield	Davis (CA)	Gonzalez (TX)
Carbajal	Davis, Danny K.	Gottheimer
Cárdenas	Dean	Green (TX)
Carson (IN)	DeFazio	Grijalva
Cartwright	DeGette	Haaland
Case	DeLauro	Harder (CA)
Casten (IL)	DelBene	Hastings
Castor (FL)	Delgado	Hayes
Castro (TX)	Demings	Heck
Chu, Judy	DeSaulnier	Higgins (NY)