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House of Representatives

The House met at 10:30 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. RASKIN).

DESIGNATION OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,
January 18, 2019.

I hereby appoint the Honorable JAMIE RASKIN to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

PRAYER

Reverend Alisa Lasater Wailoo, Capitol Hill United Methodist Church, Washington, D.C., offered the following prayer:

God of love and truth, thank You for each servant in the people's House, Members and staff alike, and all they sacrifice to serve.

On the eve of Dr. King's holiday, fill us with the faith of Your servant Martin when he proclaimed, ''I believe that unarmed truth and unconditional love will have the final word. . . .''

So Lord, disarm us today. Help us hand over our weapons of word and action that intend to wound our perceived opponents. Then help us hear the deep truths of all our constituents, especially the most vulnerable among us, and of Your children in need around the world.

Remove the conditions we impose on what we believe is possible so that today Your unconditional love will lead us not only to a just resolution of the shutdown and the end of the pain it is causing, but to becoming a country and a globe that looks more like Your kingdom, so that we, like Dr. King, leave this world better because of our courageous actions today.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentlewoman from California (Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 4 of rule I, the following enrolled bill was signed by the Speaker on January 17, 2019:

H.R. 251, to extend by 15 months the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, January 17, 2019.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on January 17, 2019, at 4:55 p.m.:

Appointments:

United States Senate Caucus on International Narcotics Control

Board of Trustees of the John C. Stennis Center for Public Service Training and Development for a six-year term

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

PERMISSION TO INSERT EXPLANATORY MATERIAL ON H.R. 648, CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the chairwoman of the Committee on Appropriations may insert in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, not later than today, such material as she may deem explanatory of H.R. 648.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT SUBMITTED BY MRS. LOWEY OF NEW YORK, CHAIRWOMAN OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, REGARDING H.R. 648, CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

The following is an explanation of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2019.

This Act includes 6 regular appropriations bills for fiscal year 2019. The divisions contained in the Act are as follows:

- Division A—Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2019
- Division B—Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2019
- Division C—Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2019

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• Division D—Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2019

• Division E—Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2019

• Division F—Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2019

• Division G—Other Matter

Section 1 of the Act is the short title of the bill.

Section 2 of the Act displays a table of contents.

Section 3 of the Act states that, unless expressly provided otherwise, any reference to ''this Act'' contained in any division shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of that division.

Section 4 of the Act states that this explanatory statement shall have the same effect with respect to the allocation of funds and implementation of this legislation as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

Section 5 of the Act provides a statement of appropriations.

Section 6 of the Act states that each amount designated by Congress as being for Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism (OCO/GWOT) is contingent on the President so designating all such OCO/GWOT amounts and transmitting such designations to Congress. The provision is consistent with the requirements in the Budget Control Act of 2011.

The Act includes language in Division G to provide departments and agencies funded in the Act with the necessary authorities to provide backpay to employees as soon as practicable in accordance with section 1341(c) of title 31, United States Code (as added by the Government Employee Fair Treatment Act of 2019). It is the Committee's intent to cover all required obligations for Federal employees for the period which began on or about December 22, 2018 during which there occurred a lapse in appropriations. In addition, Division G includes language to reimburse State, or other Federal grantees consistent with prior precedent following a lapse in appropriations.

The Act does not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined by clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

DIVISION A—AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTIVES

The statement is silent on provisions that were in both the House Report (H.Rpt. 115–706) and Senate Report (S.Rpt. 115–259) that remain unchanged, except as noted herein.

The statement notes that executive branch wishes cannot substitute for Congress's own statements as to the best evidence of congressional intentions, which are the official reports of the Congress. The statement further points out that funds in this Act must be used for the purposes for which appropriated, as required by section 1301 of title 31 of the United States Code, which provides: ''Appropriations shall be applied only to the objects for which the appropriations were made except as otherwise provided by law.''

The House and Senate report language that is not changed by the statement is approved and indicates congressional intentions. This statement, while repeating some report language for emphasis, does not intend to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

In cases in which the House or the Senate have directed the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, unless otherwise directed.

Hereafter, in division A of this statement, the term the Committees' refers to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

For the appropriations provided by this Act and previous Acts, the departments and agencies funded by this bill are reminded that the Committees use the definitions for transfer, reprogramming, and program, project, and activity as defined by the Government Accountability Office (GAO) in GAO–04–261SP Appropriations Law—Vol. I and GAO–05–734SP Budget Glossary.

A transfer is the shifting of funds between appropriations. It applies to (1) transfers from one agency to another, (2) transfers from one account to another within the same agency, and (3) transfers to an interagency or intra-agency working fund. In each instance, statutory authority is required.

Reprogramming is the utilization of funds in an appropriation account for purposes other than those contemplated at the time of appropriation. It is the shifting of funds from one object to another within an appropriation.

A program, project, or activity (PPA) is an element within a budget account. PPAs are identified by reference to include the most specific level of budget items identified in the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Act, 2019, accompanying Committee reports, explanatory statements, the Statement of Managers, and budget justifications. Program activity structures are intended to provide a meaningful representation of the operations financed by a specific budget account by project, activity, or organization.

For fiscal year 2019, the Committees continue to include bill language requiring advanced notification of certain agency actions. Notification will be required at least 30 days in advance of any action if (1) a major capital investment is modified; (2) an office is realigned or reorganized; and (3) activities are carried out that were not described in the budget request.

The statement directs the Office of Budget and Program Analysis (OBPA) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to provide an organizational chart for each agency funded by this Act to the division and subdivision level, as appropriate, by March 1, 2019.

The statement also directs the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Farm Credit Administration (FCA) to provide an organizational chart of each agency respectively to the division and subdivision level, as appropriate, by March 1, 2019.

Further, USDA and FDA should be mindful of Congressional authority to determine and set final funding levels for fiscal year 2020. Therefore, the agencies should not presuppose program funding outcomes and prematurely initiate action to redirect staffing prior to knowing final outcomes on fiscal year 2020 program funding. The statement directs OBPA to provide the Committees with the number of staff years and employees on board for each agency funded by this Act on a quarterly basis.

TITLE I

AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

PROCESSING, RESEARCH AND MARKETING

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $46,603,000 for the Office of the Secretary.

In addition to updates provided to the Committees, the Department is directed to include in its fiscal year 2020 Congressional Justification, as a single exhibit, a table listing all deliverables, with a column for due dates if applicable.

The bill includes continued investment towards providing access to high-speed broadband infrastructure and services to rural areas of the United States. The bill continues to provide resources for broadband deployment through the Broadband Loan program, Community Connect grant program, Distance Learning and Telemedicine program and an additional $550,000,000 for the broadband pilot program established in section 779 of division A of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (Public Law 115–141). To ensure these investments are maximized, the Department is reminded to avoid efforts that could duplicate existing networks built by private investment or those built leveraging and utilizing other federal programs; the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to coordinate with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and the National Telecommunications Information Administration (NTIA) to ensure wherever possible that broadband loans and grants issued under the broadband programs are targeted to areas that are currently unserved. In particular, USDA is directed to utilize the NTIA's assessment of the current state of broadband access nationwide, which includes the identification of existing infrastructure, gaps, and opportunities for more efficient deployment.

In implementing a strategy for broadband deployment to unserved communities, the Department shall explore utilizing all technologies, including but not limited to, fiber, cable modem, fixed wireless, and television white space as a means of building sustainable rural infrastructure for the modern economy. The amounts made available for the broadband pilot program, as with the Rural Economic Development Loan Program shall remain available until expended.

The Secretary is encouraged to work with stakeholders to develop accepted remediation protocols that will allow for the repurposing of poultry growing facilities into controlled environment agriculture facilities safe for food production.

There is bill language authorizing a law enforcement protection operation for the Secretary and other officials of the Department, reflecting a finding that the Department has a bona fide security concern relative to providing a law enforcement protection operation, including secure transportation for both official and personal purposes.

There is concern about the unknown costs associated with the proposed move of the National Institutes of Food and Agriculture and the Economic Research Service to a new location outside of the National Capital Region. In submitting the fiscal year 2020 budget justification, the Department is directed to include all cost estimates for the proposed move of the two agencies, as well as a detailed analysis of any research benefits of their relocation. There is an expectation that this process will be followed in the future for any other potential proposed agency relocations by the Department.

The Department is directed to delay indefinitely the proposed transfer of ERS to the Office of the Chief Economist. At this time, it is appropriate for ERS to remain under the Research, Education and Economics mission area, as several questions remain about the merits of the proposed transfer as well as the proposed relocation of ERS outside of the National Capital Region. Insufficient information and justification relating to the reorganization and relocation make moving forward on these proposals premature at this time.

The cost-benefit analysis of the National Finance Center and accompanying sufficiency review by the Comptroller General of the United States, as directed in P.L. 115–141, is awaited. The Department is reminded of enacted language prohibiting the initiating, planning, developing, implementing, or making of any changes to remove or relocate any systems, missions, or functions of the offices of the Chief Financial Officer or any personnel from the National Finance Center prior to written notification to and prior approval of the Committee on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

The following table reflects the bill:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(Dollars in Thousands)

Office of the Secretary	$5,051
Assistant to the Secretary for Rural Development	800
Office of Homeland Security	1,496
Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement	4,711
Office of Assistant Secretary for Administration	875
Departmental Administration	22,301
Office of Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations	3,869
Office of Communications	7,500
Total, Office of the Secretary	$46,603

EXECUTIVE OPERATIONS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ECONOMIST

The bill provides $21,286,000 for the Office of the Chief Economist.

There is an increase of $1,000,000 for policy research under 7 U.S.C. 3155 as well as an increase of $500,000 to support the growing needs of economic and policy analysis required for multilateral and bilateral trade initiatives.

The amount includes $2,869,000 for the Office of Pest Management Policy.

OFFICE OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS

The bill provides $15,222,000 for the Office of Hearings and Appeals.

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS

The bill provides $9,525,000 for the Office of Budget and Program Analysis.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

The bill provides $55,630,000 for the Office of the Chief Information Officer, including $38,000,000 for cybersecurity activities.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The bill provides $6,028,000 for the Office of the Chief Financial Officer.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

The bill provides $901,000 for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights.

OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS

The bill provides $24,206,000 for the Office of Civil Rights.

AGRICULTURE BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $59,967,000 for Agriculture Buildings and Facilities.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $3,503,000 for Hazardous Materials Management.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $98,208,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

The bill provides $45,146,000 for the Office of General Counsel.

The bill provides an increase of $600,000 for international trade activities.

OFFICE OF ETHICS

The bill provides $4,136,000 for the Office of Ethics.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND ECONOMICS

The bill provides $800,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education, and Economics.

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

The bill provides $86,757,000 for the Economic Research Service.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

The bill provides $174,517,000 for the National Agricultural Statistics Service, including up to $45,300,000 for the Census of Agriculture.

An additional $600,000 is provided for the Geospatial Improvement Initiative and an increase of $500,000 for the Floriculture Crops Report.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $1,303,266,000 for the Agricultural Research Service (ARS), Salaries and Expenses.

The President's budget request regarding the termination of research programs, redirections of research programs, or closure of research locations is not accepted. Extramural research shall be funded at no less than the fiscal year 2018 levels. There are funding increases for cotton ginning, alfalfa, small grains genomics, postharvest dairy research, marine aquaculture seedstock, sugarcane, high performance computing, sugar beets, salmonella, the Pollinator Center, warmwater aquaculture, poultry, fruit fly and exotic pest control, chronic wasting disease, the Pulse Crop Health Initiative, coffee germplasm, citrus germplasm, feed enhancement, food systems at land-grant institutions, greenhouse technology, long-term agro-ecosystem research, hops research, resilient dryland research, wheat and sorghum, shellfish genetics, sudden oak death, industrial hemp, oats, cranberry and blueberry research, whitefly research, and human nutrition.

It is recognized that the Department proposes to transfer the responsibility for operational planning, and future operations of the National Bio and Agro-Defense Facility (NBAF) to USDA and support the fiscal year 2019 funding request to allow NBAF to be fully operational by December 31, 2022. The efforts of the joint DHS/USDA transition team working to identify and outline transition activities to address all requirements for the timely operational stand-up of NBAF are appreciated. The bill provides $10,600,000 to address one-time costs associated with the transfer of the science program from the Plum Island Animal Disease Center to NBAF and $42,000,000 to address stand-up activities and other initial costs to operate and maintain the facility.

NBAF will provide the U.S. with expanded capacity to implement a comprehensive biodefense research program to protect against foreign animal diseases that pose the greatest threats to animal agriculture and public health. The bill provides an additional $5,000,000 for ARS to increase research efforts on foreign animal diseases and emerging diseases with high consequence to animal and public health.

The Committees have read the quarterly reports on animal welfare issues submitted by ARS. While providing helpful information, on some issues, ARS did not report a single specific negative finding by APHIS inspectors, despite the fact that numerous violations have been found involving the death of numerous animals and serious health issues of many more. The failure to report these problems to the Committees is unacceptable. ARS is directed to submit a single report covering all violations found by APHIS to date and the specific actions taken to prevent them from recurring within 60 days of enactment. It is also directed to continue to submit quarterly reports that include all violations found by APHIS during that quarter and the specific actions that will be taken to prevent their recurrence. The quarterly reports shall also include each issue found by APHIS inspectors at the precompliance inspections of newly-covered research activities and the remedial actions taken.

The need for advancements in dryland production practices, cropping, and equipment to increase profitability, conserve the soil, enhance soil water storage, promote soil health, and decrease reliance on herbicides is recognized. The bill provides an additional $2,000,000 to expand research focused on resilient dryland farming.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The bill provides $381,200,000 for ARS Buildings and Facilities for the next highest priorities identified on the 2012 USDA ARS Capital Investment Strategy and 2015 ARS Co-located Cooperator Facility Report.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

The bill provides $927,649,000 for the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, Research and Education Activities.

There is bill language providing $5,000,000 for grants to the three Centers of Excellence established at the 1890 Land Grant Universities on the occasion of the 125th anniversary of the Second Morrill Act of 1890.

The following table reflects the bill:

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

(Dollars in Thousands)

Hatch Act	7 U.S.C. 361a–i	$259,000
McIntire-Stennis Cooperative Forestry Act	16 U.S.C. 582a through a–7	36,000
Research at 1890 Institutions (Evans-Allen Program)	7 U.S.C. 3222	58,000
Payments to the 1994 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 301 note	3,439
Education Grants for 1890 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 3152(b)	19,336
Education Grants for Hispanic-Serving Institutions	7 U.S.C. 3241	9,219
Education Grants for Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian- Serving Institutions	7 U.S.C. 3156	3,194
Research Grants for 1994 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 301 note	3,801
Capacity Building for Non Land-Grant Colleges of Agriculture	7 U.S.C. 3319i	5,000
Grants for Insular Areas	7 U.S.C. 3222b–2, 3362 and 3363	2,000
Agriculture and Food Research Initiative	7 U.S.C. 450i(b)	415,000
Veterinary Medicine Loan Repayment	7 U.S.C. 3151a	8,000
Veterinary Services Grant Program	7 U.S.C. 3151b	3,000
Continuing Animal Health and Disease Research Program	7 U.S.C. 3195	4,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES—Continued

(Dollars in Thousands)

Supplemental and Alternative Crops	7 U.S.C. 3319d	1,000
Multicultural Scholars, Graduate Fellowship and Institution Challenge Grants	7 U.S.C. 3152(b)	9,000
Secondary and 2–year Post-Secondary Education	7 U.S.C. 3152(j)	900
Aquaculture Centers	7 U.S.C. 3322	5,000
Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	7 U.S.C. 5811, 5812, 5831, and 5832	37,000
Farm Business Management	7 U.S.C. 5925f	2,000
Sun Grant Program	7 U.S.C. 8114	3,000
Alfalfa and Forage Research Program	7 U.S.C. 5925	3,000
Minor Crop Pest Management (IR–4)	7 U.S.C. 450i(c)	11,913
Special Research Grants:	7 U.S.C. 450i(c).	
Global Change/UV Monitoring		1,405
Potato Research		2,750
Aquaculture Research		2,000
Total, Special Research Grants		6,155
Necessary Expenses of Research and Education Activities:		
Grants Management System		7,830
Federal Administration—Other Necessary Expenses for Research and Education Activities		11,862
Total, Necessary Expenses		19,692
Total, Research and Education Activities		$927,649

NATIVE AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS ENDOWMENT FUND

The bill provides $11,880,000 for the Native American Institutions Endowment Fund.

EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

The bill provides $505,692,000 for the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, Extension Activities.

The bill provides $3,000,000 for the Rural Health and Safety Education Program to address the opioid abuse epidemic and to combat opioid abuse in rural communities.

The following table reflects the bill:

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

(Dollars in Thousands)

Smith-Lever, Section 3(b) and (c) programs and Cooperative Extension	7 U.S.C. 343(b) and (c) and 208(c) of P.L. 93–471	$315,000
Extension Services at 1890 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 3221	48,620
Extension Services at 1994 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 343(b)(3)	6,446
Facility Improvements at 1890 Institutions	7 U.S.C. 3222b	19,730
Renewable Resources Extension Act	16 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.	4,060
Rural Health and Safety Education Programs	7 U.S.C. 2662(i)	3,000
Food Animal Residue Avoidance Database Program	7 U.S.C. 7642	2,500
Women and Minorities in STEM Fields	7 U.S.C. 5925	400
Food Safety Outreach Program	7 U.S.C. 7625	8,000
Food & Ag Service Learning	7 U.S.C. 7633	1,000
Farmer Stress Assistance Network		2,000
Smith-Lever, Section 3(d):	7 U.S.C. 343(d).	
Food and Nutrition Education		69,000
Farm Safety and Youth Farm Safety Education Programs		4,610
New Technologies for Agricultural Extension		1,550
Children, Youth, and Families at Risk		8,395
Federally Recognized Tribes Extension Program		3,039
Total, Section 3(d)		86,594
Necessary Expenses of Extension Activities:		
Agriculture in the K–12 Classroom	7 U.S.C. 3152(j)	552
Federal Administration—Other Necessary Expenses for Extension Activities		7,790
Total, Necessary Expenses		8,342
Total, Extension Activities		$505,692

INTEGRATED ACTIVITIES

The bill provides $38,000,000 for the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, Integrated Activities.

The following table reflects the amounts provided by the bill:

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE INTEGRATED ACTIVITIES

(Dollars in Thousands)

Methyl Bromide Transition Program	7 U.S.C. 7626	$2,000
Organic Transition Program	7 U.S.C. 7626	6,000
Regional Rural Development Centers	7 U.S.C. 450i(c)	2,000
Food and Agriculture Defense Initiative	7 U.S.C. 3351	8,000
Crop Protection/Pest Management Program	7 U.S.C. 7626	20,000
Total, Integrated Activities		$38,000

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR MARKETING AND REGULATORY PROGRAMS

The bill provides $901,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Marketing and Regulatory Programs.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $1,011,136,000 for the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Salaries and Expenses.

There is a net increase of $34,243,000 for high priority initiatives in order to protect the plant and animal resources of the Nation from pests and diseases. Within the increase total, the following is provided: $800,000 for the Equine, Cervid, and Small Ruminant Health program to help address chronic wasting disease and support for the National Scrapie Eradication Program; $10,600,000 for the Veterinary Diagnostics program to carry out the science program at the National Bio- and Agro-defense Facility program; $1,000,000 for Agricultural Quarantine Inspection in support of pre-departure and interline inspection efforts; $2,500,000 for Field Crop and Rangeland Ecosystems Pests in order to control or eradicate pests destroying Roseau cane in wetlands near the Mississippi River Delta as well as funds for APHIS to partner with states in the control and eradication of the cogongrass weed; $12,843,000 for Specialty Crop Pests, including $12,000,000 for the control or eradication of the spotted lanternfly; $4,000,000 for Tree and Wood Pests; $500,000 for Animal Welfare; and, $2,000,000 for the Overseas Technical and Trade Operations Program to assist U.S. producers whose agricultural exports are blocked due to unfair sanitary and phytosanitary issues.

APHIS is directed to send copies of all inspection reports for current ARS facilities

and newly covered ARS facilities, including pre-compliance reports, to the Committees.

No less than $4,000,000 for cervid health activities is provided. Within the funds provided, APHIS should give consideration to indemnity payments if warranted.

Efforts to address potential gaps in farm-specific antimicrobial resistance data are supported. At the same time, the Agency is reminded that any information collected on-farm should be done through the National Animal Health Monitoring System (NAHMS), keeping respondents anonymous and ensuring that all information collected is protected from release or distribution in a manner that could identify an individual respondent.

There is concern about the invasive species scale insect pest that is destroying Roseau cane in the Mississippi River's Delta region along the Gulf of Mexico. APHIS is directed to continue work with the Agricultural Research Service (ARS) and stakeholders and provide an additional $500,000 to further develop an integrated management program for control of the Roseau cane scale insect pest infestation.

The bill includes $28,000,000 under Wildlife Damage Management for national rabies management, surveillance, and eradication efforts and $2,000,000 for Wildlife Services education and training. It also provides $1,600,000 for combatting wildlife depredation to catfish production and maintain fiscal year 2018 funding levels for feral swine surveillance. Additionally, no less than $250,000 should be available for the agency to reduce blackbird depredation in the Northern Great Plains.

The bill provides provide $2,000,000 for APHIS to partner with state departments of agriculture and forestry commissions in states considered to be the epicenter of infestations, to assist with control and treatment of cogongrass in order to slow the advancing front of this invasive plant-pest species and its impact on forest productivity, wildlife habitat, and private landowners.

The following table reflects the bill:

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

(Dollars in Thousands)

Animal Health Technical Services	$37,857
Aquatic Animal Health	2,253
Avian Health	62,840
Cattle Health	96,500
Equine, Cervid & Small Ruminant Health	20,800
National Veterinary Stockpile	5,725
Swine Health	24,800
Veterinary Biologics	16,417
Veterinary Diagnostics	50,140
Zoonotic Disease Management	16,523
Subtotal, Animal Health	333,855
Agricultural Quarantine Inspection (Appropriated)	32,330
Cotton Pests	11,520
Field Crop & Rangeland Ecosystems Pests	11,826
Pest Detection	27,446
Plant Protection Methods Development	20,686
Specialty Crop Pests	186,013
Tree & Wood Pests	60,000
Subtotal, Plant Health	349,821
Wildlife Damage Management	108,376
Wildlife Services Methods Development	18,856
Subtotal, Wildlife Services	127,232
Animal & Plant Health Regulatory Enforcement	16,224
Biotechnology Regulatory Services	18,875
Subtotal, Regulatory Services	35,099
Contingency Fund	470
Emergency Preparedness & Response	40,966
Subtotal, Emergency Management	41,436
Agriculture Import/Export	15,599
Overseas Technical & Trade Operations	24,115
Subtotal, Safe Trade	39,714
Animal Welfare	31,310
Horse Protection	705

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE—Continued

(Dollars in Thousands)

Subtotal, Animal Welfare	32,015
APHIS Information Technology Infrastructure	4,251
Physical/Operational Security	5,146
Rent and DHS Security Payments	42,567
Subtotal, Agency Management	51,964
Total, Direct Appropriation	$1,011,136

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The bill provides $3,175,000 for APHIS Buildings and Facilities.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

The bill provides $159,095,000 for Agricultural Marketing Service.

The bill includes $4,000,000 for the Acer Access and Development Program; $1,500,000 for marketing activities relating to dairy products; $2,000,000 for the continued implementation of the National Bioengineered Food Disclosure Standard; an increase of $2,000,000 for the National Organic Program; and $1,000,000 for rural infrastructure.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The bill includes a limitation on administrative expenses of $61,227,000.

FUNDS FOR STRENGTHENING MARKETS, INCOME, AND SUPPLY (SECTION 32)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $20,705,000 for Funds for Strengthening Markets, Income, and Supply.

The following table reflects the status of this fund for fiscal year 2019:

ESTIMATED TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE AND BALANCE CARRIED FORWARD

(Dollars in Thousands)

Appropriation (30% of Customs Receipts)	$10,624,198
Less Transfers:	
Food and Nutrition Service	−9,092,218
Commerce Department	−157,980
Total, Transfers	−9,250,198
Budget Authority, Farm Bill	1,374,000
Appropriations Temporarily Reduced—Sequestration	−74,400
Budget Authority, Appropriations Act	1,299,600
Less Obligations:	
Child Nutrition Programs (Entitlement Commodities)	485,000
State Option Contract	5,000
Removal of Defective Commodities	2,500
Disaster Relief	5,000
Additional Fruits, Vegetables, and Nuts Purchases	206,000
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	174,000
Estimated Future Needs	365,542
Total, Commodity Procurement	1,243,042
Administrative Funds:	
Commodity Purchase Support	35,853
Marketing Agreements and Orders	20,705
Total, Administrative Funds	*56,558*
Total Obligations	$1,299,600

PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POSSESSIONS

The bill provides $1,235,000 for Payments to States and Possessions.

LIMITATION ON INSPECTION AND WEIGHING SERVICES EXPENSES

The bill includes a limitation on inspection and weighing services expenses of $55,000,000.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOOD SAFETY

The bill provides $800,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety.

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

The bill provides $1,049,344,000 for the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS).

The following table reflects the bill:

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

(Dollars in Thousands)

Federal	$936,324
State	61,682
International	16,758
Public Health Data Communications Infrastructure System	34,580
Total, Food Safety and Inspection Service	$1,049,344

TITLE II

FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION

The bill provides $901,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Farm Production and Conservation.

FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION BUSINESS CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $216,350,000 for the Farm Production and Conservation (FPAC) Business Center. In addition, $16,081,000 is transferred from the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund and $60,228,000 is transferred from the Commodity Credit Corporation.

The streamlined efficiencies of the Farm Production and Conservation (FPAC) mission area and the Department's submission of a detailed plan on August 28, 2018, that illustrates the consolidated services and human resources under the FPAC Business Center are appreciated. As such, the requested funding for the FPAC Business Center is provided, with corresponding reductions in administrative funding for each of the three agencies under the FPAC mission area. Funding shifts are as follows: $128,491,000 from the Farm Service Agency, $70,801,000 from the Natural Resources and Conservation Service, and $17,058,000 from the Risk Management Agency. In order to maintain equity of service across the respective agencies and demonstrate improved performance of services, FPAC is directed to establish results-oriented performance agreements with each of the three agencies.

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $1,081,655,000 for Farm Service Agency, Salaries and Expenses.

Shifts in funding for the FSA Salaries and Expenses account are provided as reflected by the President's Budget request to fund the FPAC Business Center. Funding for the FPAC Information Portal is provided. Additionally, not less than $20,000,000 is for the hiring of farm loan officers and county office trainees and county office staff and not less than $8,000,000 shall be for the hiring of farm loan officers.

The following table reflects the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Salaries and expenses	$1,081,655
Transfer from P.L. 480	142
Transfer from export loans	2,463
Transfer from ACIF	290,917
Total, FSA Salaries and expenses	$1,375,177

STATE MEDIATION GRANTS

The bill provides $3,904,000 for State Mediation Grants.

GRASSROOTS SOURCE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

The bill provides $6,500,000 for the Grassroots Source Water Protection Program.

DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $500,000 for the Dairy Indemnity Program.

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $7,987,668,000 for the ACIF program account. The following table reflects the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan Authorizations:	
Farm Ownership Loans:	
Direct	$1,500,000
Guaranteed	2,750,000
Subtotal, Farm Ownership Loans	4,250,000
Farm Operating Loans:	
Direct	1,530,000
Unsubsidized Guaranteed	1,960,000
Subtotal, Farm Operating Loans	3,490,000
Emergency Loans	37,668
Indian Tribe Land Acquisition Loans	20,000
Conservation Loans-Guaranteed	150,000
Indian Highly Fractionated Land	10,000
Boll Weevil Eradication	30,000
Total, Loan Authorizations	7,987,668
Loan Subsidies:	
Farm Operating Loan Subsidies:	
Direct	59,670
Unsubsidized Guaranteed	21,168
Subtotal, Farm Operating Subsidies	80,838
Emergency Loans	1,567
Indian Highly Fractionated Land	2,134
Total, Loan Subsidies	84,539
ACIF Expenses:	
Salaries and Expenses	290,917
Administrative Expenses	10,070
Transfer to FPAC Business Center	16,081
Total, ACIF Expenses	$317,068

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $58,361,000 for the Risk Management Agency (RMA), Salaries and Expenses.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

The bill provides $819,492,000 for Conservation Operations.

The bill provides $9,400,000 for the Snow Survey and Water Forecasting Program; $9,481,000 for the Plant Materials Centers; $74,685,000 for the Soil Surveys Program; and $725,926,000 for Conservation Technical Assistance.

NRCS' ongoing work to prevent soil erosion leading to harmful algal blooms through the introduction of cover crops is appreciated and NRCSA is encouraged to continue targeting of watersheds where harmful algal blooms pose a threat. In addition, no less than $5,000,000 shall be provided to support cooperative agreements focused on innovative phosphorus removal strategies where agricultural runoff has contributed nutrients to a waterbody. Such work shall be conducted in consultation with the National Institute for Food and Agriculture and the Agricultural Research Service.

In carrying out the programs under section 524(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, the Secretary is encouraged to establish multi-year pilot projects to provide financial and technical assistance to farms regulated under the FSMA Produce Safety Rule for capital improvements to address on-farm agricultural water concerns, including irrigation systems and other conservation practices to improve water quality and soil health. Payment limits and other provisions of the AMA program will apply.

There is concern about the number of staff vacancies at NRCS, as unfilled state-level positions are creating delays in application approval and the deployment of important conservation funding. NRCS is directed to provide a report no later than 90 days after enactment of this Act updating the Committees on staffing levels at each NRCS office across the country, by location, including vacancies that have remained unfilled for more than 6 months, plan to fill those vacancies, and the workload analysis that demonstrates the total number of employees needed compared to the national staffing cap.

Support is indicated for irrigation agriculture and NRCS is encouraged to leverage all possible funding streams to support the expansion of on-farm irrigation in regions that have previously not had widespread irrigation systems, specifically in the Southeast United States. NRCS is directed to focus efforts on the development of conservation and irrigation techniques to reduce water usage in agriculture production while maintaining crop quality and yield in rural America.

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

The bill provides $150,000,000 for Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations.

WATERSHED REHABILITATION PROGRAM

The bill provides $10,000,000 for the Watershed Rehabilitation Program.

CORPORATIONS

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

The bill provides such sums as may be necessary for the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Fund.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION FUND

REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides such sums as may be necessary for Reimbursement for Net Realized Losses of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

(LIMITATION ON EXPENSES)

The bill provides a limitation of $5,000,000 for Hazardous Waste Management.

TITLE III

RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

RURAL DEVELOPMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $236,835,000 for Rural Development, Salaries and Expenses, including $6,000,000 for information technology investments.

RURAL HOUSING SERVICE

RURAL HOUSING INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total subsidy of $510,317,000 for activities under the Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account.

The following table indicates loan, subsidy, and grant levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan authorizations:	
Single family housing (sec. 502)	
Direct	$1,000,000
Unsubsidized guaranteed	24,000,000
Housing repair (sec. 504)	28,000
Rental housing (sec. 515)	40,000
Multi-family guaranteed (sec. 538)	230,000
Site development loans (sec. 524)	5,000
Credit sales of acquired property	10,000
Self-help housing land development (sec. 523)	5,000
Farm labor housing	27,500
Total, Loan authorizations	$25,345,500
Loan subsidies, grants & administrative expenses:	
Single family housing (sec. 502)	
Direct	$67,700
Housing repair (sec. 504)	3,419
Rental housing (sec. 515)	9,484
Farm labor housing (sec. 514)	6,853
Site development loans (sec. 524)	176
Self-help land development (sec. 523)	431
Total, loan subsidies	88,063
Farm labor housing grants	10,000
Total, loan subsidies and grants	98,063
Administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	412,254
Total, Loan subsidies, grants, and administrative expenses	$510,317

RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The bill provides $1,331,400,000 for the Rental Assistance Program.

MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING REVITALIZATION PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides $51,500,000 for the Multi-Family Housing Revitalization Program Account.

MUTUAL AND SELF-HELP HOUSING GRANTS

The bill provides $30,000,000 for Mutual and Self-Help Housing Grants.

RURAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The bill provides $45,000,000 for Rural Housing Assistance Grants. The following table reflects the grant levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Very low income housing repair grants	$30,000
Housing preservation grants	15,000
Total, grant program	$45,000

RURAL COMMUNITY FACILITIES PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $50,063,000 for the Rural Community Facilities Program Account.

The following table reflects the loan, subsidy, and grant amounts provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan authorizations:	
CF direct loans	$2,800,000
CF guaranteed loans	148,287
Loan subsidies and grants:	
CF guaranteed loans	4,285
CF grants	30,000
Rural Community Development Initiative	6,000
Economic Impact Initiative	5,778
Tribal college grants	4,000
Total, subsidy and grants	$50,063

RURAL BUSINESS—COOPERATIVE SERVICE

RURAL BUSINESS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $65,040,000 for the Rural Business Program Account.

The following table reflects the loan, subsidy, and grant levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan level:	
Business and industry guaranteed loans	$950,000
Loan subsidy and grants:	
Business and industry guaranteed loans	22,040
Rural business development grants	35,000
Delta Regional Authority/Appalachian Regional Commission/Northern Border Regional Commission	8,000
Total, Rural Business Program subsidy and grants	$65,040

INTERMEDIARY RELENDING PROGRAM FUND ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $8,625,000 for the Intermediary Relending Program Fund Account.

The following table reflects the loan and subsidy levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan level:	
Estimated loan level	$18,889
Subsidies and administrative expenses:	
Direct loan subsidy level	4,157
Administrative expenses	4,468
Subtotal, subsidies and administrative expenses	$8,625

RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides $50,000,000 for the Rural Economic Development Loans Program Account.

RURAL COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

The bill provides $29,100,000 for Rural Cooperative Development Grants.

RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM

The bill provides $334,500 for the Rural Energy for America Program.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

RURAL WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $548,690,000 for the Rural Utilities Service Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program Account.

The following table reflects the loan, subsidy, and grant levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan authorizations:	
Water and waste direct loans	$1,400,000
Water and waste guaranteed loans	50,000
Subsidies and grants:	
Guaranteed loan subsidy	190
Water and waste revolving fund	1,000
Water well system grants	1,500
Grants for Colonias, Native Americans, and Alaska	68,000
Water and waste technical assistance grants	30,000
Circuit Rider program	19,000
Solid waste management grants	4,000
High energy cost grants	10,000
Water and waste disposal grants	400,000
306A(i)(2) grants	15,000
Total, subsidies and grants	$548,690

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $34,995,000 for activities under the Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account.

The following table indicates loan levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan authorizations:	
Electric:	
Direct, FFB	$5,500,000
Guaranteed underwriting	750,000
Subtotal, electric	6,250,000
Telecommunications:	
Direct, treasury rate	345,000
Direct, FFB	345,000
Subtotal, telecommunications	690,000
Loan subsidy:	
Direct, treasury rate	1,725
Total, loan authorizations	6,940,000
Administrative expenses	33,270
Total, budget authority	$34,995

DISTANCE LEARNING, TELEMEDICINE, AND BROADBAND PROGRAM

The bill provides $69,830,000 for the Distance Learning, Telemedicine, and Broadband Program.

The following table indicates loan levels provided by the bill:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Loan authorization:	
Broadband telecommunications	$29,851
Total, loan authorization	29,851
Subsidy and grants:	
Distance learning and telemedicine grants	34,000
Broadband telecommunications program:	
Direct (treasury rate loans)	5,830
Grants	30,000
Total, subsidies and grants	$69,830

TITLE IV

DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOOD, NUTRITION, AND CONSUMER SERVICES

The bill provides $800,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services.

The marketplace continues to develop innovative technologies, such as third-party mobile applications, which can assist nutrition program participants in managing their benefits. USDA is encouraged to ensure that these new technologies have a secure system in place to protect personal account information; do not sell, distribute or make available personal account information for commercial marketing purposes; and that participants have consistent access to their account information regardless of the means in which they choose to access it.

Retailer SNAP sales data should be treated as proprietary and confidential information. Should such information be made publicly available, USDA is directed to make every effort to protect confidential business information likely to cause harm to the competitive position in the retail industry, especially small grocery stores and small grocery stores in rural areas. Personal information about individual SNAP participants should also remain confidential.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $23,140,781,000 for Child Nutrition Programs. The bill provides the following for Child Nutrition Programs:

Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

School lunch program	$12,091,834
School breakfast program	4,816,238
Child and adult care food program	3,815,328
Summer food service program	519,456
Special milk program	8,065
State administrative expenses	302,571
Commodity procurement	1,436,458
Food safety education	2,929
Coordinated review	10,000
Computer support and processing	12,124
CACFP training and technical assistance	13,935
Child Nutrition Program studies and evaluations	21,639
Child Nutrition payment accuracy	11,203
Farm to school tactical team	3,997
Team Nutrition	17,004
School meals equipment grants	30,000
Summer EBT demonstration	28,000
Total	$23,140,781

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS, AND CHILDREN (WIC)

The bill provides $6,075,000,000 for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

The bill recommends full funding for WIC that will meet estimated participation in fiscal year 2019. The recommendation includes $60,000,000 for breastfeeding support initiatives and $19,000,000 for infrastructure. New technologies, including telemedicine, that support breastfeeding mothers through access to professional breastfeeding and nutrition consultants are recognized. The bill provides $5,000,000 for telehealth competitive grants to supplement the nutrition education and breastfeeding support offered in the WIC clinic, and to decrease barriers to access to WIC services, particularly in rural communities. Funding can be used to support a variety of telehealth interventions, including but not limited to the use of telehealth tools by WIC staff as well as clinical services and technologies provided by third-party vendors.

The work of the National Academies of Science (NAS) to review and make recommendations for updating the WIC food packages to reflect current science and cultural factors is recognized. It is noted, however, that while all revised packages now allow some fish, the amounts remain low compared to the recommendations of other authoritative health agencies. The Department is strongly encouraged to consider the health and cultural benefits of fish consumption as the NAS recommendations are reviewed and used to inform the Department's next course of action. The Department is strongly encouraged to continue to allow states to submit cultural food package proposals to respond to the cultural preferences of WIC participants in states like Alaska.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The bill provides $73,476,921,000 for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).

The bill provides the following for SNAP:

TOTAL OBLIGATIONAL AUTHORITY

(Dollars in Thousands)

Benefits	$62,299,422
Contingency reserve	3,000,000
Administrative costs:	
State administrative costs	4,617,913
Nutrition Education and Obesity Prevention Grant Program	433,000
Employment and Training	487,707
Mandatory other program costs	190,504
Discretionary other program costs	998
Administrative subtotal	5,730,122
Nutrition Assistance for Puerto Rico (NAP)	1,965,834
American Samoa	7,895
Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations	153,000
TEFAP commodities	294,500
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	12,148
Community Food Projects	9,000
Program access	5,000
Subtotal	2,447,377
Total	$73,476,921

COMMODITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The bill provides $322,139,000 for the Commodity Assistance Program.

The following amounts are provided: $222,891,000 for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program; $18,548,000 for the Farmers' Market Nutrition Program; and $79,630,000 for administrative funds for the Emergency Food Assistance Program.

NUTRITION PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides $164,688,000 for Nutrition Programs Administration.

TITLE V

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR TRADE AND FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL AFFAIRS

The bill provides $875,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs.

OFFICE OF CODEX ALIMENTARIUS

The bill provides $3,976,000 for the Office of Codex Alimentarius.

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $213,890,000 for the Foreign Agricultural Service, Salaries and Expenses and a transfer of $6,382,000.

The bill includes increases of $3,187,000 for Capital Security Cost Sharing; $1,537,000 for International Cooperative Administrative Support Services; $1,500,000 for pay costs for locally employed staff; $3,000,000 for the Country Strategy Support Fund; $10,000,000 for trade activities; and a decrease of $5,000,000 for administrative support services.

FOOD FOR PEACE TITLE I DIRECT CREDIT AND FOOD FOR PROGRESS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $142,000 for administrative expenses for the Food for Peace Title I Direct Credit and Food for Progress Program Account to be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for ''Farm Service Agency, Salaries and Expenses''.

The bill includes a one-time, $16,000,000 increase in funding for the Food for Progress program as authorized. This increase is a restoration of funding from reductions occurring in prior years and does not indicate support for expanding or continuing the practice of monetization in food aid programs.

FOOD FOR PEACE TITLE II GRANTS

The bill provides $1,500,000,000 for Food for Peace Title II Grants.

The Administrator of the U.S. Agency for International Development is directed to maintain the funding level for the non-emergency set-aside in the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1736f(e)(2). If the Administrator deems it necessary to notwithstand such provision as provided in 7 U.S.C. 1722(a) to meet emergency food aid needs, the Administrator shall notify the Committees within 15 days of such action.

MCGOVERN-DOLE INTERNATIONAL FOOD FOR EDUCATION AND CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM GRANTS

The bill provides $210,255,000 for the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION EXPORT (LOANS)

CREDIT GUARANTEE PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $8,845,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation Export Loans Credit Guarantee Program Account.

TITLE VI

RELATED AGENCY AND FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides specific amounts by Food and Drug Administration activity as reflected in the following table:

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION—SALARIES & EXPENSES

(Dollars in Thousands)

Budget Authority:	
Foods	$1,059,980
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition	327,962
Field Activities	732,018
Human Drugs	662,907
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research	524,738
Field Activities	138,169
Biologics	240,138
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research	198,132
Field Activities	42,006
Animal Drugs and Feeds	178,934
Center for Veterinary Medicine	113,419
Field Activities	65,515
Devices and Radiological Products	386,743
Center for Devices and Radiological Health	301,738
Field Activities	85,005
National Center for Toxicological Research	66,712
Other Activities/Office of the Commissioner	188,069
White Oak Consolidation	114,987
Other Rent and Rent Related Activities	71,943
GSA Rent	170,208
Subtotal, Budget Authority	3,068,678
User Fees:	
Prescription Drug User Fee Act	1,010,323
Medical Device User Fee and Modernization Act	204,730
Human Generic Drug User Fee Act	501,721
Biosimilar User Fee Act	38,847
Animal Drug User Fee Act	30,331

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION—SALARIES & EXPENSES—Continued

(Dollars in Thousands)

Animal Generic Drug User Fee Act	18,335
Tobacco Product User Fees	712,000
Subtotal, User Fees	2,516,287
Total, FDA Program Level	$5,584,965

The bill provides $3,068,678,000 in discretionary budget authority and $2,516,287,000 in definite user fees for a total of $5,584,965,000 for Food and Drug Administration, Salaries and Expenses. This total does not include permanent, indefinite user fees for: the Mammography Quality Standards Act; Color Certification; Export Certification; Priority Review Vouchers Pediatric Disease; Food and Feed Recall; Food Reinspection; Voluntary Qualified Importer Program; the Third Party Auditor Program; Outsourcing Facility; and Medical Countermeasure Priority Review Vouchers.

FDA is expected to continue all projects, activities, laboratories, and programs as included in fiscal year 2018 unless otherwise specified. Proposed funding reductions for: Consumer Education and outreach regarding biotechnology; Foreign High Risk Inspections; the funds made available to the Health and Human Services' Inspector General for its audit and oversight work involving the FDA; the produce safety cooperative agreement funds with states; the Critical Path Initiative; and compounding bulk drug substances are not accepted.

The bill provides an increase of $271,400,000 for medical product and food safety activities, and accepts $2,800,000 in proposed savings, resulting in a net increase of $268,600,000.

The following increases are provided for medical products safety: $47,000,000 to combat the Opioid Epidemic, $38,500,000 to Promote Domestic Manufacturing; $12,000,000 for a New Domestic Drug Industry; $6,000,000 for MedTech Manufacturing; $50,700,000 for New Medical Data Enterprise; $25,000,000 for the Growth and Transformation of Digital Health; $43,300,000 for New Platform for Drug Development, including a $5,000,000 increase to fully fund FDA's Oncology Center for Excellence; $25,100,000 for Modernizing Generic Drug Development and Review; and $10,000,000 for Investment and Innovation for Rare Diseases.

Included in the increases provided for food safety activities are $2,000,000 for FSMA Cooperative Agreements, $2,800,000 for Food Import safety, $5,000,000 to address Food Safety Outbreaks; $500,000 to test Antibiotic Resistance in Imported Seafood, $2,000,000 for Standard of Identity and Product labeling; and a $1,500,000 increase for consumer education and outreach regarding biotechnology.

The additional funding provided to combat the opioid epidemic should be used for regulatory science, enforcement, and innovation activities. Within these funds, $20,000,000 is provided to create a large-scale data warehouse and perform data analytics to better assess vulnerability points in the population, anticipate changes in the crisis.

The Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition is expected to fund, at least at the 2018 level, those agreements on outreach to farmers that are continued in 2019.

FDA is directed to submit a report no later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, that includes the number of enforcement actions FDA brought against dietary supplement manufacturers and marketers, as well as manufacturers and marketers of products claiming to be dietary supplements, the number of dietary supplement good manufacturing practice inspections FDA conducted in 2018 and the number of FTEs dedicated to dietary supplement inspections and the number of serious adverse events that were reported to FDA from 2015 to 2018.

FDA's commitment to complete a separate section of regulations for medical gas current good manufacturing practices is supported. Therefore, the FDA shall issue final regulations required by the fiscal year 2017 Consolidated Appropriations Act no later than March 31, 2019.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The bill provides $11,788,000 for the Food and Drug Administration Buildings and Facilities.

FDA INNOVATION ACCOUNT, CURES ACT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $70,000,000 for the FDA as authorized in the 21st Century Cures Act.

INDEPENDENT AGENCY

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The bill includes a limitation of $74,600,000 on administrative expenses of the Farm Credit Administration.

TITLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS AND TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 701.—The bill includes language regarding motor vehicles.

Section 702.—The bill includes language regarding the Working Capital Fund of the Department of Agriculture.

Section 703.—The bill includes language limiting funding provided in the bill to one year unless otherwise specified.

Section 704.—The bill includes language regarding nonprofit institutions.

Section 705.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 706.—The bill includes language regarding information technology systems.

Section 707.—The bill includes language regarding fund availability.

Section 708.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Utilities Service program eligibility.

Section 709.—The bill includes language regarding funds for information technology expenses.

Section 710.—The bill includes language prohibiting first-class airline travel.

Section 711.—The bill includes language regarding the availability of certain funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Section 712.—The bill includes language regarding funding for advisory committees.

Section 713.—The bill includes language regarding NIFA grants.

Section 714.—The bill includes language regarding IT system regulations.

Section 715.—The bill includes language regarding Section 32 activities.

Section 716.—The bill includes language regarding user fee proposals without offsets.

Section 717.—The bill includes language regarding the reprogramming of funds and notification requirements.

Section 718.—The bill includes language regarding fees for the guaranteed business and industry loan program.

Section 719.—The bill includes language regarding the appropriations hearing process.

Section 720.—The bill includes language regarding government-sponsored news stories.

Section 721.—The bill includes language regarding details and assignments of Department of Agriculture employees.

Section 722.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 723.—The bill includes language requiring spend plans.

Section 724.—The bill includes language regarding nutrition programs.

Section 725.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 726.—The bill includes language regarding USDA loan programs.

Section 727.—The bill includes language regarding the Working Capital Fund.

Section 728.—The bill includes language regarding SNAP variety.

Section 729.—The bill includes language regarding industrial hemp.

Section 730.—The bill includes language regarding the Agriculture and Food Research Initiative.

Section 731.—The bill includes language regarding loan programs.

Section 732.—The bill includes language regarding consumer information.

Section 733.—The bill includes language regarding FDA regulations.

Section 734.—The bill includes language regarding FDA regulations.

Section 735.—The bill includes language regarding the Rural Utilities Service.

Section 736.—The bill includes language regarding Food for Peace.

Section 737.—The bill includes language regarding research programs.

Section 738.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 739.—The bill includes language regarding USDA regulations.

Section 740.—The bill includes language regarding FDA regulations.

Section 741.—The bill includes language regarding research facilities.

Section 742.—The bill includes language regarding conservation programs.

Section 743.—The bill includes language regarding the Water Bank Act.

Section 744.—The bill includes language regarding geographically disadvantaged farmers.

Section 745.—The bill includes language regarding animal welfare.

Section 746.—The bill includes language regarding Food for Progress.

Section 747.—The bill includes language regarding United States iron and steel products.

Section 748.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development program assistance.

Section 749.—The bill includes language regarding multi-family housing programs.

Section 750.—The bill includes language regarding lobbying.

Section 751.—The bill includes language regarding the Agriculture Risk Coverage program.

Section 752.—The bill includes language regarding rural housing programs.

Section 753.—The bill includes language regarding poultry products.

Section 754.—The bill includes language regarding water supplies.

Section 755.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 756.—The bill includes language regarding poultry products.

Section 757.—The bill includes language regarding child nutrition programs.

Section 758.—The bill includes language regarding nutritional guidelines.

Section 759.—The bill includes language regarding low-income communities.

Section 760.—The bill includes language regarding citrus greening.

Section 761.—The bill includes language regarding grape varietals.

Section 762.—The bill includes language regarding grain inspection agreements.

Section 763.—The bill includes language regarding school lunch programs.

Section 764.—The bill includes language regarding opioids.

Section 765.—The bill includes language regarding rural broadband.

Section 766.—The bill includes language regarding water and waste programs.

Section 767.—The bill includes language regarding the National Institute of Food and Agriculture.

Section 768.—The bill includes language regarding FDA regulations.

Section 769.—The bill includes language regarding dietary guidelines.

Section 770.—The bill includes language regarding added sugars.

Section 771.—The bill includes language regarding land-grant universities.

Section 772.—The bill includes language regarding school breakfast programs.

Section 773.—The bill includes language regarding emergency assistance.

Section 774.—The bill includes language regarding research programs.

Section 775.—The bill includes language regarding conservation programs.

Section 776.—The bill includes language regarding rural housing programs.

Section 777.—The bill includes language regarding FDA regulations.

Section 778.—The bill includes language regarding Centers of Excellence.

Section 779.—The bill includes language regarding child nutrition programs.

Section 780.—The bill includes language regarding the Food and Drug Administration.

Section 781.—The bill includes language regarding Food for Peace.

Section 782.—The bill includes language regarding internships.

Section 783.—The bill includes language regarding the Farm Service Agency.

Section 784.—The bill includes language regarding rural broadband.

Section 785.—The bill includes language regarding Rural Development programs.

Section 786.—The bill includes language regarding certain inspection activities.

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS					
Processing, Research, and Marketing					
Office of the Secretary					
Office of the Secretary	5,051	4,850	5,051	---	+201
Assistant to the Secretary for Rural Development	800	800	800	---	---
Office of Homeland Security	1,496	1,448	1,496	---	+48
Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement	4,711	1,672	4,711	---	+3,039
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration	804	875	875	+71	---
Departmental Administration	22,301	22,501	22,301	---	-200
Subtotal, Departmental Administration	23,105	23,376	23,176	+71	-200
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations	3,869	3,091	3,869	---	+778
Office of Communications	7,500	7,261	7,500	---	+239
Total, Office of the Secretary	46,532	42,498	46,603	+71	+4,105
Executive Operations					
Office of the Chief Economist	19,786	19,487	21,286	+1,500	+1,799
Office of Hearings and Appeals	15,222	14,183	15,222	---	+1,039
Office of Budget and Program Analysis	9,525	8,631	9,525	---	+894
Subtotal, Executive Operations	44,533	42,301	46,033	+1,500	+3,732

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of the Chief Information Officer	58,950	62,524	55,630	-3,320	-6,894
Office of the Chief Financial Officer	6,028	5,536	6,028	---	+492
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights	901	800	901	---	+101
Office of Civil Rights	24,206	22,345	24,206	---	+1,861
Building and Facilities					
Agriculture Buildings and Facilities	64,414	58,330	59,967	-4,447	+1,637
Hazardous materials management	3,503	3,463	3,503	---	+40
Office of Inspector General	98,208	87,436	98,208	---	+10,772
Office of the General Counsel	44,546	41,717	45,146	+600	+3,429
Office of Ethics	4,136	2,897	4,136	---	+1,239
Total, Departmental Administration	395,957	369,847	390,361	-5,596	+20,514
Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education, and Economics	800	800	800	---	---
Economic Research Service	86,757	45,000	86,757	---	+41,757
National Agricultural Statistics Service	191,717	165,000	174,517	-17,200	+9,517
Census of Agriculture	(63,350)	(45,300)	(45,300)	(-18,050)	---
Agricultural Research Service:					
Salaries and expenses	1,202,766	1,018,991	1,303,266	+100,500	+284,275
Buildings and facilities	140,600	---	381,200	+240,600	+381,200
Total, Agricultural Research Service	1,343,366	1,018,991	1,684,466	+341,100	+665,475

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Institute of Food and Agriculture:					
Research and education activities	887,171	794,479	927,649	+40,478	+133,170
Native American Institutions Endowment Fund	(11,880)	(11,857)	(11,880)	---	(+23)
Extension activities	483,626	450,185	505,692	+22,066	+55,507
Integrated activities	37,000	13,037	38,000	+1,000	+24,963
Total, National Institute of Food and Agriculture	1,407,797	1,257,701	1,471,341	+63,544	+213,640
Office of the Under Secretary for Marketing and Regulatory Programs	901	800	901	---	+101
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service:					
Salaries and expenses	981,893	739,151	1,011,136	+29,243	+271,985
Buildings and facilities	3,175	2,852	3,175	---	+323
Total, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	985,068	742,003	1,014,311	+29,243	+272,308
Agricultural Marketing Service:					
Marketing Services	151,595	118,617	159,095	+7,500	+40,478
Standardization activities (user fees)	(65,000)	---	---	(-65,000)	---
(Limitation on administrative expenses, from fees collected)	(61,227)	(60,982)	(61,227)	---	(+245)
Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply (Section 32):					
Permanent, Section 32	1,344,000	1,374,000	1,374,000	+30,000	---

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Marketing agreements and orders (transfer from section 32)	(20,705)	(20,489)	(20,705)	---	(+216)
Payments to States and Possessions	1,235	1,109	1,235	---	+126
Limitation on inspection and weighing services	(55,000)	(80,000)	(55,000)	---	(-25,000)
Total, Agricultural Marketing Service program	1,613,057	1,634,708	1,650,557	+37,500	+15,849
Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety	800	800	800	---	---
Food Safety and Inspection Service	1,056,844	1,032,273	1,049,344	-7,500	+17,071
Lab accreditation fees	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	---	---
Total, Processing, Research, and Marketing	6,966,837	6,126,941	7,407,928	+441,091	+1,280,987
Total, title I, Agricultural Programs	6,966,837	6,126,941	7,407,928	+441,091	+1,280,987
(By transfer)	(20,705)	(20,489)	(20,705)	0	(+216)
(Loan authorization)	---	---	---	---	---
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	(116,227)	(140,982)	(116,227)	---	(-24,755)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE II - Farm Production and Conservation Programs					
Farm Production Programs					
Office of the Under Secretary for Farm Production and Conservation	901	875	901	---	+26
Farm Production and Conservation Business Center	1,028	196,402	216,350	+215,322	+19,948
(Transfer from CCC)	---	---	(60,228)	(+60,228)	(+60,228)
(Transfer from ACIF)	---	(16,081)	(16,081)	(+16,081)	---
Total, FPAC Business Center	(1,028)	(212,483)	(292,659)	(+291,631)	(+80,176)
Farm Service Agency:					
Salaries and expenses	1,202,146	920,490	1,081,655	-120,491	+161,165
(Transfer from Food for Peace (P.L. 480))	(149)	(142)	(142)	(-7)	---
(Transfer from export loans)	(2,463)	(335)	(2,463)	---	(+2,128)
(Transfer from ACIF)	(314,998)	(266,436)	(290,917)	(-24,081)	(+24,481)
Subtotal, transfers from program accounts	(317,610)	(266,913)	(293,522)	(-24,088)	(+26,609)
Total, Salaries and expenses	(1,519,756)	(1,187,403)	(1,375,177)	(-144,579)	(+187,774)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State mediation grants	3,904	3,228	3,904	---	+676
Grassroots source water protection program	6,500	---	6,500	---	+6,500
Dairy indemnity program	500	500	500	---	---
Subtotal, Farm Service Agency	1,213,050	924,218	1,092,559	-120,491	+168,341
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund (ACIF) Program Account:					
Loan authorizations:					
Farm ownership loans:					
Direct	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	---	---
Guaranteed	(2,750,000)	(2,750,000)	(2,750,000)	---	---
Subtotal	(4,250,000)	(4,250,000)	(4,250,000)	---	---
Farm operating loans:					
Direct	(1,530,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,530,000)	---	(+30,000)
Unsubsidized guaranteed	(1,960,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,960,000)	---	(+360,000)
Subtotal	(3,490,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,490,000)	---	(+390,000)

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Emergency loans	(25,610)	(37,668)	(37,668)	(+12,058)	---
Indian tribe land acquisition loans	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	---	---
Conservation loans:					
Guaranteed	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	---	---
Indian Highly Fractionated Land Loans	(10,000)	---	(10,000)	---	(+10,000)
Boll weevil eradication loans	(60,000)	(60,000)	(30,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)
Total, Loan authorizations	(8,005,610)	(7,617,668)	(7,987,668)	(-17,942)	(+370,000)
Loan subsidies:					
Farm operating loans:					
Direct	61,812	58,500	59,670	-2,142	+1,170
Unsubsidized guaranteed	21,756	17,280	21,168	-588	+3,888
Subtotal	83,568	75,780	80,838	-2,730	+5,058
Emergency Loans	1,260	1,567	1,567	+307	---
Indian Highly Fractionated Land Loans	2,272	---	2,134	-138	+2,134
Total, Loan subsidies and grants	87,100	77,347	84,539	-2,561	+7,192

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
ACIF administrative expenses:					
Salaries and Expenses (transfer to FSA)	314,998	266,436	290,917	-24,081	+24,481
Administrative Expenses	10,070	10,070	10,070	---	---
Administrative Expenses (transfer to FPAC Business Center)	---	16,081	16,081	+16,081	---
Total, ACIF expenses	325,068	292,587	317,068	-8,000	+24,481
Total, Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund	412,168	369,934	401,607	-10,561	+31,673
(Loan authorization)	(8,005,610)	(7,617,668)	(7,987,668)	(-17,942)	(+370,000)
Total, Farm Service Agency	1,627,147	1,491,429	1,711,417	+84,270	+219,988
Risk Management Agency:					
RMA Salaries and Expenses	74,829	37,942	58,361	-16,468	+20,419
Subtotal, Risk Management Agency	74,829	37,942	58,361	-16,468	+20,419
Total, Farm Production Programs	1,701,976	1,529,371	1,769,778	+67,802	+240,407

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Natural Resources Conservation Service:					
Private Lands Conservation Operations	874,107	669,033	819,492	-54,615	+150,459
Farm Security and Rural Investment program (transfer authority)	---	(850,200)	---	---	(-850,200)
Total, Conservation operations	874,107	669,033	819,492	-54,615	+150,459
Watershed flood and prevention operations	150,000	---	150,000	---	+150,000
Watershed rehabilitation program	10,000	---	10,000	---	+10,000
Total, Natural Resources Conservation Service	1,034,107	669,033	979,492	-54,615	+310,459
Corporations					
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:					
Federal crop insurance corporation fund	8,913,000	8,687,000	15,410,629	+6,497,629	+6,723,629
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund:					
Reimbursement for net realized losses	14,284,847	15,410,000	15,410,000	+1,125,153	---
Hazardous waste management (limitation on expenses)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	---	---
Total, Corporations	23,197,847	24,097,000	30,820,629	+7,622,782	+6,723,629
Total, title II, Farm Production and Conservation Programs	25,933,930	26,295,404	33,569,899	+7,635,969	+7,274,495

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE III - RURAL DEVELOPMENT					
Rural Development:					
Rural development expenses:					
Salaries and expenses	230,835	156,054	236,835	+6,000	+80,781
(Transfer from RHIF)	(412,254)	(244,249)	(412,254)	---	(+168,005)
(Transfer from RCFP)	---	(147,591)	---	---	(-147,591)
(Transfer from RDLFP)	(4,468)	---	(4,468)	---	(+4,468)
(Transfer from RETLP)	(33,270)	(38,027)	(33,270)	---	(-4,757)
(Transfer from DLTBP)	---	(8,057)	---	---	(-8,057)
(Transfer from RWWDP)	---	(18,149)	---	---	(-18,149)
Subtotal, Transfers from program accounts	(449,992)	(456,073)	(449,992)	---	(-6,081)
Total, Rural development expenses	(680,827)	(612,127)	(686,827)	(+6,000)	(+74,700)

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rural Housing Service:					
Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account:					
Loan authorizations:					
Single family direct (Sec. 502)	(1,100,000)	---	(1,000,000)	(-100,000)	(+1,000,000)
Unsubsidized guaranteed	(24,000,000)	(24,000,000)	(24,000,000)	---	---
Subtotal, Single family	(25,100,000)	(24,000,000)	(25,000,000)	(-100,000)	(+1,000,000)
Housing repair (Sec. 504)	(28,000)	---	(28,000)	---	(+28,000)
Rental housing (Sec. 515)	(40,000)	---	(40,000)	---	(+40,000)
Multi-family housing guarantees (Sec. 538)	(230,000)	(250,000)	(230,000)	---	(-20,000)
Site development loans (Sec. 524)	(5,000)	---	(5,000)	---	(+5,000)
Single family housing credit sales	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	---	---
Self-help housing land development housng loans (Sec. 523)	(5,000)	---	(5,000)	---	(+5,000)
Farm Labor Housing (Sec.514)	(23,855)	---	(27,500)	(+3,645)	(+27,500)
Total, Loan authorizations	(25,441,855)	(24,260,000)	(25,345,500)	(-96,355)	(+1,085,500)

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Loan subsidies:					
Single Family Direct (Sec. 502).....	42,350	---	67,700	+25,350	+67,700
Housing repair (Sec. 504).....	3,452	---	3,419	-33	+3,419
Rental housing (Sec. 515).....	10,524	---	9,484	-1,040	+9,484
Farm labor housing (Sec.514).....	6,374	---	6,853	+479	+6,853
Self-Help Land Devleopment Housing Loans (Sec.523).....	368	---	431	+63	+431
Site Development Loans (Sec.524).....	58	---	176	+118	+176
Total, Loan subsidies.....	63,126	---	88,063	+24,937	+88,063

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Farm labor housing grants	8,336	---	10,000	+1,664	+10,000
RHIF administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	412,254	244,249	412,254	---	+168,005
Total, Rural Housing Insurance Fund program	483,716	244,249	510,317	+26,601	+266,068
(Loan authorization)	(25,441,855)	(24,260,000)	(25,345,500)	(-96,355)	(+1,085,500)
Rental assistance program:					
Rental assistance (Sec. 521)	1,345,293	1,331,400	1,331,400	-13,893	---
Multi-Family Housing Revitalization Program Account:					
Rural housing voucher program	25,000	20,000	27,000	+2,000	+7,000
Multi-family housing revitalization program	22,000	---	24,500	+2,500	+24,500
Total, Multi-family housing revitalization	47,000	20,000	51,500	+4,500	+31,500
Mutual and self-help housing grants	30,000	---	30,000	---	+30,000
Rural housing assistance grants	40,000	---	45,000	+5,000	+45,000
Rural community facilities program account:					
Loan authorizations:					
Community facility:					
Direct	(2,800,000)	(3,500,000)	(2,800,000)	---	(-700,000)
Guaranteed	(148,287)	---	(148,287)	---	(+148,287)
Total, Loan authorizations	(2,948,287)	(3,500,000)	(2,948,287)	---	(-551,713)

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Loan subsidies and grants:					
Community facility:					
Guaranteed	4,849	---	4,285	-564	+4,285
Grants	30,000	---	30,000	---	+30,000
Rural community development initiative	4,000	---	6,000	+2,000	+6,000
Economic impact initiative grants	5,778	---	5,778	---	+5,778
Tribal college grants	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
RCFP administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	---	147,591	---	---	-147,591
Subtotal, Loan subsidies and grants	48,627	147,591	50,063	+1,436	-97,528
Total, grants and payments	118,627	147,591	125,063	+6,436	-22,528
Total, Rural Housing Service	1,994,636	1,743,240	2,018,280	+23,644	+275,040
(Loan authorization)	(28,390,142)	(27,760,000)	(28,293,787)	(-96,355)	(+533,787)
Rural Business--Cooperative Service:					
Rural Business Program Account:					
(Guaranteed business and industry loans)	(919,765)	---	(950,000)	(+30,235)	(+950,000)
Loan subsidies and grants:					
Guaranteed business and industry subsidy	37,342	---	22,040	-15,302	+22,040
Rural business development grants	34,000	---	35,000	+1,000	+35,000
Delta Regional Authority and Appalachian Regional Commission	6,000	---	8,000	+2,000	+8,000
Total, RBP loan subsidies and grants	77,342	---	65,040	-12,302	+65,040

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Intermediary Relending Program Fund Account:					
(Loan authorization)	(18,889)	---	(18,889)	---	(+18,889)
Loan subsidy	4,361	---	4,157	-204	+4,157
Administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	4,468	---	4,468	---	+4,468
Total, IRP Fund	8,829	---	8,625	-204	+8,625
Rural Economic Development Loans Program Account:					
(Loan authorization)	(45,000)	---	(50,000)	(+5,000)	(+50,000)
Limit cushion of credit interest spending	---	(225,000)	(50,000)	(+50,000)	(-175,000)
(Rescission)	---	-225,000	---	---	+225,000

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rural Cooperative Development Grants:					
Cooperative development	5,800	---	5,800	---	+5,800
Appropriate Technology Transfer for Rural Areas	2,750	---	2,800	+50	+2,800
Grants to assist minority producers	3,000	---	3,000	---	+3,000
Value-added agricultural product market development	16,000	---	17,500	+1,500	+17,500
Total, Rural Cooperative development grants	27,550	---	29,100	+1,550	+29,100
Rural Energy for America Program					
(Loan authorization)	(7,576)	---	(7,500)	(-76)	(+7,500)
Loan subsidy and grants	293	---	335	+42	+335
Total, Rural Energy for America Program	293	---	335	+42	+335
Total, Rural Business-Cooperative Service	114,014	-225,000	103,100	-10,914	+328,100
(Loan authorization)	(991,230)	---	(1,026,389)	(+35,159)	(+1,026,389)
Rural Utilities Service:					
Rural water and waste disposal program account:					
Loan authorizations:					
Direct	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	(1,400,000)	(+200,000)	(+200,000)
Guaranteed	(50,000)	---	(50,000)	---	(+50,000)
Total, Loan authorization	1,250,000	1,200,000	1,450,000	+200,000	+250,000

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Loan subsidies and grants:					
Direct subsidy	2,040	---	---	-2,040	---
Guaranteed subsidy	230	---	190	-40	+190
Water and waste revolving fund	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Water well system grants	993	---	1,500	+507	+1,500
Colonias and AK/HI grants	68,000	---	68,000	---	+68,000
Water and waste technical assistance	40,000	---	30,000	-10,000	+30,000
Circuit rider program	19,000	---	19,000	---	+19,000
Solid waste management grants	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
High energy cost grants	10,000	---	10,000	---	+10,000
Water and waste disposal grants	400,000	---	400,000	---	+400,000
306A(i)(2) grants	15,000	---	15,000	---	+15,000
WWDP Administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	---	18,149	---	---	-18,149
Total, Loan subsidies and grants	560,263	18,149	548,690	-11,573	+530,541
Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account:					
Loan authorizations:					
Electric:					
Direct, FFB	(5,500,000)	(5,500,000)	(5,500,000)	---	---
Guaranteed underwriting	(750,000)	---	(750,000)	---	(+750,000)
Subtotal, Electric	(6,250,000)	(5,500,000)	(6,250,000)	---	(+750,000)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Telecommunications:					
Direct, Treasury rate	(345,000)	(172,600)	(345,000)	---	(+172,400)
Direct, FFB	(345,000)	(517,400)	(345,000)	---	(-172,400)
Subtotal, Telecommunications	(690,000)	(690,000)	(690,000)	---	---
Total, Loan authorizations	(6,940,000)	(6,190,000)	(6,940,000)	---	(+750,000)
Loan Subsidy:					
Telecommunications Direct, Treasury Rate	863	863	1,725	+862	+862
Total, Loan subsidies	863	863	1,725	+862	+862
RETLP administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	33,270	38,027	33,270	---	-4,757
Total, Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account.	34,133	38,890	34,995	+862	-3,895
(Loan authorization)	(6,940,000)	(6,190,000)	(6,940,000)	---	(+750,000)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Broadband Program:					
Loan authorizations:					
Broadband telecommunications	(29,851)	(23,149)	(29,851)	---	(+6,702)
Total, Loan authorizations	(29,851)	(23,149)	(29,851)	---	(+6,702)
Loan subsidies and grants:					
Distance learning and telemedicine:					
Grants	32,000	23,600	34,000	+2,000	+10,400
Broadband telecommunications:					
Direct	5,000	4,521	5,830	+830	+1,309
Grants	30,000	30,000	30,000	---	---
Total, Loan subsidies and grants	67,000	58,121	69,830	+2,830	+11,709
DLTBP administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	---	8,057	---	---	-8,057
Total, Rural Utilities Service	661,396	123,217	653,515	-7,881	+530,298
(Loan authorization)	(8,219,851)	(7,413,149)	(8,419,851)	(+200,000)	(+1,006,702)
Total, title III, Rural Development Programs	3,000,881	1,797,511	3,011,730	+10,849	+1,214,219
(By transfer)	(449,992)	(456,073)	(449,992)	---	(-6,081)
(Loan authorization)	(37,601,223)	(35,173,149)	(37,740,027)	(+138,804)	(+2,566,878)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE IV - DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS					
Office of the Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services	800	800	800	---	---
Food and Nutrition Service:					
Child nutrition programs	24,196,139	23,123,983	23,082,781	-1,113,358	-41,202
School breakfast program equipment grants	30,000	---	30,000	---	+30,000
Demonstration projects (Summer EBT)	28,000	22,957	28,000	---	+5,043
Total, Child nutrition programs	24,254,139	23,146,940	23,140,781	-1,113,358	-6,159
Special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children (WIC)	6,175,000	5,750,000	6,075,000	-100,000	+325,000
Supplemental nutrition assistance program:					
(Food stamp program)	71,012,501	70,218,276	70,475,923	-536,578	+257,647
Reserve	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	---	---
FDPIR nutrition education services	998	---	998	---	+998
Total, Food stamp program	74,013,499	73,218,276	73,476,921	-536,578	+258,645
FY 2018	(74,013,499)	(73,218,276)	(73,476,921)	(-536,578)	(+258,645)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Commodity assistance program:					
Commodity supplemental food program	238,120	---	222,891	-15,229	+222,891
Farmers market nutrition program	18,548	---	18,548	---	+18,548
Emergency food assistance program	64,401	54,401	79,630	+15,229	+25,229
Pacific island and disaster assistance	1,070	1,070	1,070	---	---
Total, Commodity assistance program	322,139	55,471	322,139	---	+266,668
Nutrition programs administration	153,841	160,838	164,688	+10,847	+3,850
Total, Food and Nutrition Service	104,918,618	102,331,525	103,179,529	-1,739,089	+848,004
FY 2018	(104,918,618)	(102,331,525)	(103,179,529)	(-1,739,089)	(+848,004)
Total, title IV, Domestic Food Programs	104,919,418	102,332,325	103,180,329	-1,739,089	+848,004
FY 2018	(104,918,618)	(102,331,525)	(103,179,529)	(-1,739,089)	(+848,004)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE V - FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS					
Office of the Under Secretary for Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs	875	875	875	---	---
Office Codex Alimentarius	3,796	3,796	3,976	+180	+180
Foreign Agricultural Service					
Salaries and expenses	199,666	193,085	213,890	+14,224	+20,805
(Transfer from export loans)	(6,382)	(6,717)	(6,382)	---	(-335)
Total, Salaries and expenses	206,048	199,802	220,272	+14,224	+20,470
Food for Peace Title I Direct Credit and Food for Progress Program Account, Administrative Expenses					
Farm Service Agency, Salaries and expenses (transfer to FSA)	149	142	142	-7	---
Food for Peace Title II Grants:					
Expenses	1,600,000	---	1,500,000	-100,000	+1,500,000

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Commodity Credit Corporation Export Loans Program Account (administrative expenses):					
Salaries and expenses (Export Loans):					
Foreign Agriculture Service, S&E (transfer to FAS)	6,382	6,717	6,382	---	-335
Farm Service Agency S&E (transfer to FSA)	2,463	335	2,463	---	+2,128
Total, CCC Export Loans Program Account	8,845	7,052	8,845	---	+1,793
McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition program grants	207,626	---	210,255	+2,629	+210,255
Total, title V, Foreign Assistance and Related Programs	2,020,957	204,950	1,937,983	-82,974	+1,733,033
(By transfer)	(6,382)	(6,717)	(6,382)	---	(-335)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE VI - RELATED AGENCIES AND FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION					
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Food and Drug Administration					
Salaries and expenses, direct appropriation	2,800,078	3,171,920	3,068,678	+268,600	-103,242
Prescription drug user fees	(911,346)	(960,568)	(1,010,323)	(+98,977)	(+49,755)
Medical device user fees	(193,291)	(196,668)	(204,730)	(+11,439)	(+8,062)
Human generic drug user fees	(493,600)	(501,396)	(501,721)	(+8,121)	(+325)
Biosimilar biological products user fees	(40,214)	(40,922)	(38,847)	(-1,367)	(-2,075)
Animal drug user fees	(18,093)	(30,331)	(30,331)	(+12,238)	---
Animal generic drug user fees	(9,419)	(18,336)	(18,335)	(+8,916)	(-1)
Tobacco product user fees	(672,000)	(712,000)	(712,000)	(+40,000)	---
Subtotal, user fees, enacted and definite	(2,337,963)	(2,460,221)	(2,516,287)	(+178,324)	(+56,066)
Subtotal (including user fees)	(5,138,041)	(5,632,141)	(5,584,965)	(+446,924)	(-47,176)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Mammography user fees	(20,522)	(20,522)	(20,522)	---	---
Export user fees	(4,696)	(4,696)	(4,696)	---	---
Color certification user fees	(10,125)	(10,062)	(10,062)	(-63)	---
Food and Feed Recall user fees	(1,434)	(1,434)	(1,434)	---	---
Food Reinspection fees	(6,414)	(6,414)	(6,414)	---	---
Voluntary qualified importer program fees	(5,300)	(5,300)	(5,300)	---	---
Pharmacy compounding fees	(1,446)	(1,520)	(1,446)	---	(-74)
Priority review vouchers (PRV) pediatric disease	(7,686)	(7,686)	(7,686)	---	---
Third party auditor	(1,400)	(712)	(712)	(-688)	---
Over-the-Counter Monograph fees	---	(22,000)	(22,000)	(+22,000)	---
Increased export certification fees	---	(4,280)	---	---	(-4,280)
Subtotal, FDA user fees	(2,396,986)	(2,544,847)	(2,596,559)	(+199,573)	(+51,712)
Subtotal, FDA (including user fees)	(5,197,064)	(5,716,767)	(5,665,237)	(+468,173)	(-51,530)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Buildings and facilities	11,788	11,788	11,788	---	---
FDA Innovation account	60,000	70,000	70,000	+10,000	---
Offset of appropriation pursuant to Section 1002 (b)(3)(B) of the 21st Century Cures Act (P.L. 114-255)	-60,000	-70,000	-70,000	-10,000	---
Spending of FDA innovation account (transfer)	---	70,000	70,000	+70,000	---
Total, FDA (w/user fees, including proposals)	(5,208,852)	(5,728,555)	(5,677,025)	(+468,173)	(-51,530)
Total, FDA (w/enacted user fees only)	(5,208,852)	(5,728,555)	(5,677,025)	(+468,173)	(-51,530)
Total, FDA (excluding user fees)	2,811,866	3,183,708	3,080,466	+268,600	-103,242
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES					
Commodity Futures Trading Commission 1/	249,000	---	---	-249,000	---
Farm Credit Administration (limitation on administrative expenses)	(70,600)	(74,600)	(74,600)	(+4,000)	---
Total, title VI, Food and Drug Administration	3,060,866	3,183,708	3,080,466	+19,600	-103,242

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE VII - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Limit Dam Rehab	---	-46,150	---	---	+46,150
Limit Environmental Quality Incentives Program	---	-136,260	---	---	+136,260
Limit Biomass Crop Assistance Program	-21,000	---	---	+21,000	---
Centers of Excellence	---	---	5,000	+5,000	+5,000
Limit Ag Management Assistance	---	-9,380	---	---	+9,380
RMAP	---	---	3,000	+3,000	+3,000
Food for Progress	---	---	10,000	+10,000	+10,000
Food for Progress	---	---	6,000	+6,000	+6,000
Limit fruit and vegetable program	---	-125,000	---	---	+125,000
Section 32 (rescission)	---	-342,000	---	---	+342,000
WIC (rescission)	-800,000	-215,000	-500,000	+300,000	-285,000
Limit CSP	---	-27,000	---	---	+27,000
Rural Water Waste Disposal	---	-51,000	---	---	+51,000
RCFP	---	-3,046	---	---	+3,046
FAS S&E	---	-18,000	---	---	+18,000
Water and Waste	500,000	---	75,000	-425,000	+75,000
Citrus Greening	7,500	---	8,500	+1,000	+8,500
Healthy Food Financing Initiative	1,000	---	2,000	+1,000	+2,000
Hardwood Trees (Reforestation Pilot Program)	600	---	---	-600	---
Water Bank program	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
Geographic Disadvantaged farmers	1,996	---	1,996	---	+1,996
Food for Peace	116,000	---	216,000	+100,000	+216,000
Rural Energy Savings Program	8,000	---	10,000	+2,000	+10,000
Maturing mortgage pilot	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
FSA ARC pilot	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
NIFA Military Veteran Grants	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Conservation Reserve Program Pilot	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Child Nutrition Training pilot	2,000	---	---	-2,000	---
Broadband Pilot	600,000	---	125,000	-475,000	+125,000
Opioid Enforcement and Surveillance	94,000	---	---	-94,000	---
Electric Loan Refinancing	5,000	---	---	-5,000	---
Distance Learning Telemedicine	20,000	---	16,000	-4,000	+16,000
Farm to School	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
NIFA Lease	6,000	---	---	-6,000	---
Tree Assistance Program	15,000	---	---	-15,000	---
Fruit Fly Quarantine	---	---	9,000	+9,000	+9,000
Treasury symbol 128/90600 (rescission)	---	---	-5,000	-5,000	-5,000
Total, title VII, General Provisions	577,096	-972,836	3,496	-573,600	+976,332

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF REQUIREMENTS ACT. 2017					
Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (emergency)	1,270,000	---	---	-1,270,000	---
Total, Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act (P.L. 115-72))	1,270,000	---	---	-1,270,000	---
BIPARTISAN BUDGET ACT(P.L. 115-123)					
Office of the Secretary (emergency)	2,360,000	---	---	-2,360,000	---
Office of Inspector General (emergency)	3,000	---	---	-3,000	---
ARS, Buildings and Facilities (emergency)	22,000	---	---	-22,000	---
Emergency Conservation Program (emergency)	400,000	---	---	-400,000	---
Watershed and Flood and Prevention Operations (emergency)	541,000	---	---	-541,000	---
Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account (emergency)	19,000	---	---	-19,000	---
Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program Account (emergency)	165,000	---	---	-165,000	---
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) (emergency)	14,000	---	---	-14,000	---
Commodity Assistance Program (emergency)	24,000	---	---	-24,000	---
FDA, Buildings and Facilities (emergency)	8,000	---	---	-8,000	---

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Sec. 20101 (a) LIP (emergency)	3,000	---	---	-3,000	---
Sec. 20101 (b) ELAP (emergency)	30,000	---	---	-30,000	---
Sec. 20101(c) TAP (emergency)	7,000	---	---	-7,000	---
AGI Payment Limitations (emergency)	2,000	---	---	-2,000	---
Total, Bipartisan Budget Act (P.L. 115-123)	3,598,000	---	---	-3,598,000	---
Total, OTHER APPROPRIATIONS	4,868,000	---	---	-4,868,000	---
(emergency)	4,868,000	---	---	-4,868,000	---
Grand total	151,347,985	138,968,003	152,191,831	+843,846	+13,223,828
Appropriations	(147,279,985)	(139,750,003)	(152,696,831)	(+5,416,846)	(+12,946,828)
Emergency appropriations	(4,868,000)	---	---	(-4,868,000)	---
Rescissions	(-800,000)	(-782,000)	(-505,000)	(+295,000)	(+277,000)
(By transfer)	(794,689)	(766,273)	(846,910)	(+52,221)	(+80,637)
(Loan authorization)	(45,606,833)	(42,790,817)	(45,727,695)	(+120,862)	(+2,936,878)
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	(191,827)	(220,582)	(195,827)	(+4,000)	(-24,755)

/1 The FY19 budget year request for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission is reflected on the bill report for the Financial Services subcommittee

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF REQUIREMENTS ACT. 2017					
Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (emergency)	1,270,000	---	---	-1,270,000	---
Total, Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act (P.L. 115-72))	1,270,000	---	---	-1,270,000	---
BIPARTISAN BUDGET ACT(P.L. 115-123)					
Office of the Secretary (emergency)	2,360,000	---	---	-2,360,000	---
Office of Inspector General (emergency)	3,000	---	---	-3,000	---
ARS, Buildings and Facilities (emergency)	22,000	---	---	-22,000	---
Emergency Conservation Program (emergency)	400,000	---	---	-400,000	---
Watershed and Flood and Prevention Operations (emergency)	541,000	---	---	-541,000	---
Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account (emergency)	19,000	---	---	-19,000	---
Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program Account (emergency)	165,000	---	---	-165,000	---
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) (emergency)	14,000	---	---	-14,000	---
Commodity Assistance Program (emergency)	24,000	---	---	-24,000	---
FDA, Buildings and Facilities (emergency)	8,000	---	---	-8,000	---

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Sec. 20101 (a) LIP (emergency)	3,000	---	---	-3,000	---
Sec. 20101 (b) ELAP (emergency)	30,000	---	---	-30,000	---
Sec. 20101(c) TAP (emergency)	7,000	---	---	-7,000	---
AGI Payment Limitations (emergency)	2,000	---	---	-2,000	---
Total, Bipartisan Budget Act (P.L. 115-123)	3,598,000	---	---	-3,598,000	---
Total, OTHER APPROPRIATIONS	4,868,000	---	---	-4,868,000	---
(emergency)	4,868,000	---	---	-4,868,000	---
Grand total	151,347,985	138,968,003	152,191,831	+843,846	+13,223,828
Appropriations	(147,279,985)	(139,750,003)	(152,696,831)	(+5,416,846)	(+12,946,828)
Emergency appropriations	(4,868,000)	---	---	(-4,868,000)	---
Rescissions	(-800,000)	(-782,000)	(-505,000)	(+295,000)	(+277,000)
(By transfer)	(794,689)	(766,273)	(846,910)	(+52,221)	(+80,637)
(Loan authorization)	(45,606,833)	(42,790,817)	(45,727,695)	(+120,862)	(+2,936,878)
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	(191,827)	(220,582)	(195,827)	(+4,000)	(-24,755)

/1 The FY19 budget year request for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission is reflected on the bill report for the Financial Services subcommittee

DIVISION B—COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

Report language included in House Report 115–704 (''the House report'') or Senate Report 115–275 (''the Senate report'') that is not changed by this explanatory statement or the Act is approved. The explanatory statement, while repeating some language for emphasis, is not intended to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein. In cases where both the House report and the Senate report address a particular issue not specifically addressed in the explanatory statement, the House report and the Senate report should be read as consistent and are to be interpreted accordingly. In cases where the House report or the Senate report directs the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations (''the Committees'').

Each department and agency funded in this Act shall follow the directions set forth in this Act and the accompanying explanatory statement, and shall not reallocate resources or reorganize activities except as provided herein. Reprogramming procedures shall apply to: funds provided in this Act; unobligated balances from previous appropriations Acts that are available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal year 2019; and non-appropriated resources such as fee collections that are used to meet program requirements in fiscal year 2019. These procedures are specified in section 505 of this Act.

Any reprogramming request shall include any out-year budgetary impacts and a separate accounting of program or mission impacts on estimated carryover funds. Any program, project, or activity cited in this explanatory statement, or in the House report or the Senate report and not changed by this Act, shall be construed as the position of the Congress and shall not be subject to reductions or reprogramming without prior approval of the Committees. Further, any department or agency funded in this Act that plans a reduction-in-force shall notify the Committees by letter no later than 30 days in advance of the date of any such planned personnel action.

When a department or agency submits a reprogramming or transfer request to the Committees and does not receive identical responses, it shall be the responsibility of the department or agency seeking the reprogramming to reconcile the differences between the two bodies before proceeding. If reconciliation is not possible, the items in disagreement in the reprogramming or transfer request shall be considered unapproved. Departments and agencies shall not submit reprogramming notifications after July 1, 2019, except in extraordinary circumstances. Any such notification shall include a description of the extraordinary circumstances.

In compliance with section 533 of this Act, each department and agency funded in this Act shall submit spending plans, signed by the respective department or agency head, for the Committees' review not later than 45 days after enactment.

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

The agreement includes $495,000,000 in total resources for the International Trade Administration (ITA). This amount is offset by $11,000,000 in estimated fee collections, resulting in a direct appropriation of $484,000,000. The agreement provides no less than $88,500,000 for Enforcement and Compliance and no less than $320,000,000 for Global Markets. The agreement adopts Senate report language regarding SelectUSA.

U.S. and Foreign Commercial Service (US&FCS).—The agreement rejects the proposed cuts to the US&FCS and provides no less than the amount provided in fiscal year 2018. ITA shall submit quarterly reports to the Committees, due not later than 30 days after the end of each quarter, detailing staffing levels within the US&FCS, including a breakout of Foreign Service Officers, Locally Engaged Staff, and U.S. field staff. These reports shall also include obligations by object class for the US&FCS for the given quarter, and shall include a comparison of staffing and obligation levels for the same quarter in the past three fiscal years along with an explanation of any significant variances compared to the prior year quarters. The first such report shall include a discussion of the reasons for ITA not maintaining Foreign Service Officer staffing within the funding provided for the US&FCS over the last three fiscal years.

BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $118,050,000 for the Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS).

The agreement does not adopt House report language relating to the division of funds between Export Administration, Export Enforcement, and Management and Policy Coordination. Instead, the agreement includes bill language to ensure that the additional resources above enacted for BIS are devoted to an effective Section 232 exclusion process. The Department shall provide quarterly reports to the Committees, due not later than 15 days after the end of each quarter, on the implementation of the exclusion process, which shall include: (a) the number of exclusion requests received; (b) the number of exclusion requests approved and denied; (c) the status of efforts to assist small- and medium-sized businesses in navigating the exclusion process; (d) Department-wide staffing levels for the exclusion process, including information on any staff detailed to complete this task; and (e) Department-wide funding by source appropriation and object class for costs undertaken to process the exclusions.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

The agreement includes $304,000,000 for the programs and administrative expenses of the Economic Development Administration (EDA). Section 523 of the agreement includes a rescission of $10,000,000 in Economic Development Assistance Program balances. The funds shall be derived from recoveries and unobligated grant funds that were not appropriated with emergency or disaster relief designations.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The agreement includes $265,000,000 for Economic Development Assistance Programs. Funds are to be distributed as follows; any deviation of funds shall be subject to the procedures set forth in section 505 of this Act:

Public Works	$117,500,000
Partnership Planning	$33,000,000
Technical Assistance	$9,500,000
Research and Evaluation	$1,500,000
Trade Adjustment Assistance	$13,000,000
Economic Adjustment Assistance	$37,000,000
Assistance to Coal Communities	$30,000,000
Section 27 Regional Innovation Program Grants	$23,500,000
Total	$265,000,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $39,000,000 for EDA salaries and expenses.

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

The agreement includes $40,000,000 for the Minority Business Development Agency (MBDA), an increase of $1,000,000 above fiscal year 2018. MBDA is directed to allocate the majority of its total appropriation, including the entire increase above fiscal year 2018, toward cooperative agreements, external awards, and grants, including not less than $10,400,000 to continue MBDA's traditional Business Center program and Specialty Project Center program. The agreement does not approve of the Department's recent proposal to transform MBDA's service delivery model, but transformation proposals can be considered if proposed as part of the Department's fiscal year 2020 budget request. While the agreement is supportive of MBDA and its programs, MBDA is encouraged to obtain an independent external evaluation of its various programs.

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $101,000,000 for Economic and Statistical Analysis. Senate and House language regarding the Outdoor Recreation Satellite Account is adopted, and the agreement provides $1,500,000 to continue this work in fiscal year 2019.

Income Growth Indicators.—The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) is encouraged to work with the relevant additional agencies to develop and begin reporting on income growth indicators. In these indicators, BEA is encouraged to report at least annually on how incomes grow in each decile of the income distribution, no later than 2020. BEA is encouraged to include the latest available estimates of these measures with each report or update issued by the agency on the Gross Domestic Product of the United States.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

The agreement includes $3,821,388,000 for the Bureau of the Census.

CURRENT SURVEYS AND PROGRAMS

The agreement includes $270,000,000 for the Current Surveys and Programs account of the Bureau of the Census.

PERIODIC CENSUSES AND PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $3,551,388,000 for the Periodic Censuses and Programs account of the Bureau of the Census.

In October 2017, the Secretary of Commerce delivered a new life-cycle cost estimate for the 2020 Decennial Census totaling $15,625,000,000. In addition to reliance on a new independent cost estimate, the Secretary's estimate includes additional assumptions to enhance the robustness and reliability of the program. For example, the new estimate assumes the need for additional in-person follow-up visits due to fewer households expected to initially respond to the Census. In addition, the Census Bureau is directed to provide the Committees with notification 15 days before any spending it intends to incur in fiscal year 2019 that is above the amounts included in the October 2017 life-cycle cost estimate for fiscal year 2019.

2020 Census Partnership and Communications Activities.—The agreement reiterates House and Senate language regarding the Bureau's partnership and communications efforts aimed at maximizing self-response to the 2020 Decennial Census. Additionally, the Bureau shall devote funding to expand targeted communications activities as well as to open local questionnaire assistance centers in hard-to-count communities.

NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $39,500,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA). The agreement provides up to $7,500,000 to continue the broadband mapping effort started in fiscal year 2018 and adopts Senate report language regarding rural and tribal communities. The agreement modifies Senate language regarding a standardized process, to direct NTIA to work with the Federal Communications Commission to improve the collection of broadband data.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes language making available to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) $3,370,000,000, the full amount of offsetting fee collections estimated for fiscal year 2019 by the Congressional Budget Office. The agreement transfers $1,500,000 to the Office of Inspector General to continue oversight and audits of USPTO operations and budget transparency.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY

The agreement includes $985,500,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement provides $724,500,000 for NIST's Scientific and Technical Research and Services (STRS) account. The agreement rejects the proposed terminations and reductions for all STRS programs and provides not less than fiscal year 2018 funding for: Cybersecurity and Privacy; Advanced Manufacturing and Material Measurements; Quantum Science; Advanced Communications, Networks, and Scientific Data Systems; Biological Science and Health Measurements; Environmental Measurements; Time and Fundamental Measurement Dissemination; Physical Infrastructure and Resilience; the Special Programs Office; the Standards Coordination Office; the Baldrige Performance Excellence Program; NIST Center of Excellence Program; and NIST User Facilities. The Senate report language regarding forensic sciences is adopted by reference.

INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

The agreement includes $155,000,000 in total for Industrial Technology Services, including $140,000,000 for the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership and $15,000,000 for the National Network for Manufacturing Innovation, to include funding for center establishment and up to $5,000,000 for coordination activities.

CONSTRUCTION OF RESEARCH FACILITIES

The agreement includes $106,000,000 for Construction of Research Facilities.

Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs (SCMMR).—Within the amount provided for Construction of Research Facilities, the agreement includes no less than $75,000,000 for NIST to address its most pressing SCMMR projects.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Judgment Fund Repayment.—The agreement does not provide funding for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) to make payments to the Department of Treasury Judgment Fund. NOAA is directed to request all future Judgment Fund payments through the regular budget process.

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes a total program level of $3,772,477,000 under this account for the coastal, fisheries, marine, weather, satellite, and other programs of NOAA. This total funding level includes $3,596,997,000 in direct appropriations; a transfer of $157,980,000 from balances in the ''Promote and Develop Fishery Products and Research Pertaining to American Fisheries'' fund; and $17,500,000 derived from recoveries of prior year obligations.

The following narrative descriptions and tables identify the specific activities and funding levels included in this Act.

National Ocean Service (NOS).—$581,567,000 is for NOS Operations, Research, and Facilities.

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

Operations, Research, and Facilities

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Navigation, Observations and Positioning	
Navigation, Observations and Positioning	$256,467
Integrated Ocean Observing System Regional Observations	38,500
Hydrographic Survey Priorities/Contracts	32,000
Navigation, Observations and Positioning	226,967
Coastal Science and Assessment	
Coastal Science, Assessment, Response and Restoration	77,500
Competitive External Research	18,000
Coastal Science and Assessment	95,500
Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	43,500
Coastal Zone Management and Services	43,500
Coast Zone Management Grants	75,500
Title IX Fund	30,000
Coral Reef Program	27,600
Sanctuaries and Marine Protected Areas	55,500
National Estuarine Research Reserve System	27,000
Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	259,100
Total, National Ocean Service, Operations, Research, and Facilities	$581,567

Coastal Science, Assessment, Response and Restoration.—The agreement provides $2,372,000 for the operations and staffing of the Gulf of Mexico Disaster Response Center. Additionally, in lieu of Senate language regarding emergency preparedness training, the agreement supports the requested increase for the Disaster Preparedness Program to bolster NOS's emergency response to coastal storms and other disasters.

National Geodetic Survey.—The agreement provides $500,000 above the request to support continued development and advancement of geospatial analytical and mapping techniques to precisely update shorelines in a common data format.

Regional Data Portals.—Within funding for Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS) Regional Observations, $1,500,000 is for the regional ocean partnerships, or their equivalent, to enhance their capacity for sharing and integration of Federal and non-Federal data to support regional coastal, ocean, and Great Lakes management priorities as outlined in Executive Order 13840. The IOOS Program Office shall coordinate with the Office of Coastal Management on the implementation of these funds. This effort is not intended to detract from the existing work of IOOS, but to enhance collaboration and coordination in the regions. Additionally, Senate language regarding IOOS is adopted.

Harmful Algal Blooms.—The agreement adopts House and Senate language regarding Harmful Algal Blooms. Within the funds available for Coastal Science and Assessment, a $5,000,000 increase is for additional Competitive External Research to determine and mitigate the impact of Harmful Algal Blooms in marine and freshwater habitats.

Hydrographic Surveys and Contracts.—The agreement adopts House and Senate report language regarding the backlog in hydrographic survey work and charting in the Arctic. In addition, NOAA is directed to make navigationally significant waters impacted by disasters a priority.

Marine Debris.—The agreement adopts Senate report language regarding Marine Debris

and provides the program $500,000 above the enacted level.

Coastal Observing Assets.—The agreement includes $1,500,000 within Navigation, Observation and Positioning to replace or repair degraded or unreliable coastal, ocean, and Great Lakes observing assets.

National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS).—$908,832,000 is for NMFS Operations, Research, and Facilities.

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

Operations, Research, and Facilities
(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Protected Resources Science and Management	
Marine Mammals, Sea Turtles and Other Species	$118,348
Species Recovery Grants	7,000
Atlantic Salmon	6,500
Pacific Salmon	65,000
Protected Resources Science and Management	196,848
Fisheries Science and Management	
Fisheries and Ecosystem Science Programs and Services	147,107
Fisheries Data Collections, Surveys and Assessments	168,086
Observers and Training	53,955
Fisheries Management Programs and Services	121,116
Aquaculture	15,000
Salmon Management Activities	37,000
Regional Councils and Fisheries Commissions	40,175
Interjurisductional Fisheries Grants	3,365
Fisheries Science and Management	585,804
Enforcement	69,796
Habitat Conservation and Restoration	56,384
Total, National Marine Fisheries Service, Operations, Research, and Facilities	$908,832

Consultation and Permitting Capacity.—Senate guidance under NMFS for addressing Endangered Species Act and Essential Fish Habitat consultation backlogs is adopted. The agreement provides increases of $3,000,000 in Protected Resources Science and Management, and $3,000,000 in Habitat Conservation and Restoration for these purposes.

Economic Impact of Turtle Excluder Devices (TEDs).—The agreement adopts House and Senate language regarding the economic impact of TEDs but clarifies that the House and Senate require only a single report on the specific steps NMFS would consider taking to eliminate the negative economic impact of any rule requiring TEDs. NMFS is directed to deliver the report as soon as possible, but not later than 90 days prior to the release of any rule.

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper.—Senate guidance on stock assessments used for management of reef fish in the Gulf of Mexico is adopted. Within the level of funding provided for Fisheries Data Collections, Surveys and Assessments, NMFS shall work on development, implementation, and validation of electronic logbooks for the Federally permitted charter-for-hire sector, as described in the House report, and continue to provide technical support to the Gulf States, as described in the Senate report.

Oyster Restoration.—The agreement provides $1,500,000 within Habitat Conservation and Restoration for oyster restoration, as described in House report language.

Salmon Management Activities.—The agreement recognizes the importance of implementing the newly renewed Pacific Salmon Treaty Agreement and includes up to $1,500,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level for these purposes.

Offshore Wind.—The agreement does not adopt House or Senate language regarding offshore wind.

Highly Migratory Species.—In lieu of House and Senate language, direction is provided for this activity under Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, National Sea Grant College Program.

California Operations.—House report language regarding California operations is not adopted.

Biological Opinion Prioritization.—House report language regarding Biological Opinion Prioritization is not adopted.

Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research (OAR).—$525,060,000 is for OAR Operations, Research, and Facilities.

OFFICE OF OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH

Operations, Research, and Facilities
(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Climate Research	
Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	$61,000
Regional Climate Data and Information	38,000
Climate Competitive Research, Sustained Observations and Regional Information	60,000
Climate Research	159,000
Weather and Air Chemistry Research	
Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	85,758
U.S. Weather Research Program	17,000
Tornado Severe Storm Research/Phased Array Radar	12,622
Joint Technology Transfer Initiative	20,000
Weather and Air Chemistry Research	135,380
Ocean, Coastal and Great Lakes Research	
Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	36,000
National Sea Grant College Program	68,000
Marine Aquaculture Program	12,000
Ocean Exploration and Research	42,000
Integrated Ocean Acidification	12,000

OFFICE OF OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH—Continued

Operations, Research, and Facilities
(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Sustained Ocean Observations and Monitoring	43,000
Oceanographic Research Partnership Program	5,500
Ocean, Coastal and Great Lakes Research	218,500
High Performance Computing Initiatives	12,180
Total, Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, Operations, Research, and Facilities	$525,060

National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS).—The agreement provides $13,500,000 for NIDIS activities.

Ocean Exploration and Research.—The agreement adopts House and Senate report language regarding ocean exploration and research. The agreement supports the use of existing tele-presence technology, and applied exploration, to map critically important mineral deposits within America's exclusive economic zone and sites of submerged human history, particularly in the Pacific.

Multi-Function Phased Array Radar (MPAR) Program.—The fiscal year 2018 appropriations Act directed NOAA to maintain its leadership in the Spectrum Efficient National Surveillance Radar (SENSR) Program. There is frustration with the decision to de-scope the SENSR program by removing the high-resolution weather sensing requirements, and concern that NOAA is unprepared to execute a weather radar follow-on program. In lieu of Senate language, the agreement directs OAR, in coordination with the National Weather Service, to develop and submit to the Committees, within 90 days of enactment of this Act, a weather radar follow-on research-to-operations transition plan, in accordance with the requirements for agency transition plans set forth under NOAA Administrative Order 216–105B, section 3.06.

Oceanographic Research Partnership Program.—$5,500,000 is for NOAA to advance ocean science research through the program established under 10 U.S.C. 7901. Senate guidance for this funding and support for Ocean Joint Technology Transfer Initiative projects funded in fiscal year 2018 is adopted.

Joint Technology Transfer Initiative (JTTI).—House language regarding JTTI is adopted. Of the amount provided for JTTI, up to $5,000,000 shall be available to pursue innovative, modern techniques to accelerate the transition of weather research to operations.

Highly Migratory Species.—In lieu of House and Senate language under NMFS, the agreement provides up to $2,000,000 within OAR for the Sea Grant program to partner with State agencies, academia, and the fishing industry to research highly migratory fish species in the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic. This should include examining the impact of offshore oil platforms on the biology of highly migratory species, such as yellow fin tuna. Highly migratory species, and the coastal communities that rely on the health of these stocks, could greatly benefit from improved, science-based management and conservation.

National Weather Service (NWS).—$1,020,719,000 is for NWS Operations, Research, and Facilities.

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

Operations, Research, and Facilities
(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Observations	$224,363
Central Processing	97,890
Analyze, Forecast and Support	505,438
Dissemination	50,028
Science and Technology Integration	143,000
Total, National Weather Service, Operations, Research, and Facilities	$1,020,719

Quarterly Briefings.—The fiscal year 2018 appropriations Act directed the NWS to provide quarterly briefings to the Committees on all NWS management and budget issues. The agreement adopts House and Senate language regarding such reporting. However, there is frustration and disappointment that the NWS was unable to provide any quarterly briefings during fiscal year 2018. The American people entrust the NWS with more than $1,000,000,000 each year to provide accurate weather forecasting. It is unacceptable that the NWS is unwilling or unable to report to the Committees on its operations. The leadership of the Department of Commerce and NOAA shall ensure NWS improves the transparency of its operations and provides quarterly briefings on management and budget issues to the Committees.

National Mesonet Program.—The agreement adopts Senate report language on the National Mesonet Program and provides $19,000,000 for these activities.

Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System (AWIPS).—Within the increased funding for Central Processing, the agreement fully funds the request for the AWIPS Cyclical Refreshment.

Facilities Maintenance.—Within funding for Analyze, Forecast, and Support, the agreement provides $8,000,000 for the National Weather Service's highest priority facilities repair and deferred maintenance requirements at Weather Forecast Offices. Thirty days prior to obligating any of these additional facilities repair and deferred maintenance funds, NWS shall submit a report providing: (1) a prioritized list of NWS deferred facilities maintenance needs, based on the facilities condition assessment; and (2) an estimate of the total amount and composition of deferred facilities maintenance. In subsequent fiscal years, NOAA shall request resources in line with the September 2017 NWS Facilities Strategic Plan.

Dissemination.—House report language regarding the Integrated Dissemination Program system is not adopted.

National Water Center (NWC) Operations.—The agreement adopts Senate language under NWS for the NWC and provides an additional $1,500,000 within Analyze, Forecast, and Support to expedite hiring within the NWC Water Prediction Operations Division. The increasing prevalence and severity of flooding events results in loss of life and billions of dollars of property damage. While NOAA has made progress in developing next-generation water modeling capabilities, such as the National Water Model, it is imperative that these technologies be transitioned into operations to enable more accurate and longer range flood forecasts. Objective 3.3 of the Department of Commerce's Strategic Plan directs NOAA to begin demonstrating these capabilities. Therefore, NWS should also simultaneously be preparing to operationalize these capabilities. NWS is directed to develop and make public, by the end of fiscal year 2019, an operations and services policy directive that defines national instructions on operations at the NWC, and the content and provision of NWC products and services. Further, such policy should establish the NWC as the operational center of excellence for water prediction and related decision support services within NOAA.

National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service (NESDIS).—$242,666,000 is for National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service Operations, Research, and Facilities.

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL SATELLITE, DATA AND INFORMATION SERVICE

Operations, Research, and Facilities

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Office of Satellite and Product Operations	$146,924
Product Development, Readiness and Application	31,000
Commercial Remote Sensing Regulatory Affairs	1,800
Office of Space Commerce	1,800
Group on Earth Observations	500
Environmental Satellite Observing Systems	182,024
National Centers for Environmental Information	60,642
Total, National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service, Operations, Research, and Facilities	$242,666

Mission Support.—$267,213,000 is for Mission Support Operations, Research, and Facilities.

MISSION SUPPORT

Operations, Research, and Facilities

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Mission Support	
Executive Leadership	$27,078
Mission Services and Management	148,000
IT Security	10,050
Payment to DOC Working Capital Fund	53,585
Mission Support Services	238,713
Office of Education	
BWET Regional Programs	7,500
Education Partnership Program/Minority Serving Institutions	16,000
NOAA Education Program Base	5,000
Office of Education	28,500
Total, Mission Support, Operations, Research and Facilities	$267,213

Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (OMAO).—$226,420,000 is for OMAO Operations, Research, and Facilities.

OFFICE OF MARINE AND AVIATION OPERATIONS

Operations, Research, and Facilities

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Office of Marine and Aviation Operations	
Marine Operations and Maintenance	$190,670
Aviation Operations and Aircraft Services	35,750
Total, Office of Marine and Aviation Operations	$226,420

Monitoring of Atmospheric Rivers.—Improving understanding of atmospheric rivers is critical to preparing for concentrated rain storms and flooding along the U.S. West Coast. Therefore, the agreement provides $1,000,000 for use of airborne assets to conduct increased winter storm observations to better observe and predict these extreme weather events.

Fleet Deferred Maintenance.—The agreement provides $9,500,000 above the request in OMAO's Operations, Research, and Facilities account, and $11,500,000 above the request in OMAO's Procurement, Acquisition and Construction account to address deferred maintenance and technological refresh of NOAA's fleet. Within 120 days of enactment of this Act, NOAA shall update the Committees on the remaining deferred maintenance needs and the fleet maintenance strategy going forward.

PROCUREMENT, ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes a total program level of $1,768,349,000 in direct obligations for NOAA Procurement, Acquisition and Construction (PAC), of which $1,755,349,000 is appropriated from the general fund and $13,000,000 is derived from recoveries of prior year obligations. The following narrative and table identify the specific activities and funding levels included in this Act:

PROCUREMENT, ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
National Ocean Service	
National Estuarine Research Reserve Construction	$1,900
Marine Sanctuaries Construction	2,000
Total, NOS–PAC	3,900
Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research	
Systems Acquisition	
Research Supercomputing/CCRI	41,000
National Weather Service	
Systems Acquisition	
Observations	21,129
Central Processing	66,761
Dissemination	35,000
Subtotal, NWS, Systems Acquisition	122,890

PROCUREMENT, ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION—Continued

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Weather Forecast Office Construction	19,000
Total, NWS–PAC	141,890
National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service	
GOES R	408,380
Space Weather Follow-on	27,000
Joint Polar Satellite System	548,035
Polar Follow-on	329,956
CDARS	26,539
COSMIC 2/GNSS RO	5,892
Satellite Ground Services	58,000
System Architecture and Advanced Planning	4,929
Projects, Planning, and Analysis	40,000
Commercial Weather Data Pilot	6,000
Subtotal, NESDIS Systems Acquisition	1,454,731
Satellite COA Facility	2,450
Total, NESDIS–PAC	1,457,181
Mission Support	
NOAA Construction	25,000
Office of Marine and Aviation Operations	
Fleet Capital Improvements and Technology Infusion	24,378
New Vessel Construction	75,000
Total, OMAO–PAC	99,378
Total, Procurement, Acquisition, and Construction	$1,768,349

NWS Construction and Major Repair.—The agreement includes $19,000,000 for NWS Facilities Construction and Major Repair, and, within the amount provided, not less than $11,000,000 is to address NWS's most pressing major construction needs among the Weather Forecast Offices.

Polar Weather Satellites.—Senate language regarding Polar Weather Satellites is not adopted. The agreement maintains separate funding for the Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) and the Polar Weather Follow-on (PFO) Program and includes $548,035,000 and $329,956,000 for those programs, respectively. NOAA's proposal to combine the JPSS and PFO programs will continue to be considered, and NOAA is encouraged to provide the Committees, concurrent with the submission of its fiscal year 2020 budget request, a revised proposal that clearly identifies the cost and programmatic efficiencies that would be gained by combining these programs into one funding line.

NOAA Construction.—House and Senate reporting requirements regarding deferred facilities maintenance needs are adopted. Additionally, the agreement retains Senate language regarding Mission Support, facilities initiative.

Space Weather Follow-on.—The agreement includes $27,000,000 for Space Weather Follow-on. NOAA shall continue development and construction of two compact coronagraphs. Further, NOAA shall begin preparations to integrate a compact coronagraph on Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite–U and coordinate with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to launch a compact coronagraph as a ride-share with the Interstellar Mapping and Acceleration Program mission to ensure continuation of Federal space weather sentinel and forecasting capabilities.

NOAA Marine Operations Facilities.—As a result of the submission of the report required in fiscal year 2018 regarding the facility to accommodate the NOAA fisheries research vessel Henry B. Bigelow, the agreement does not adopt the Senate report language withholding certain funding. NOAA Construction funding may be used to implement the recommendations of the report. In the future, the NOAA is expected to meet its reporting deadlines.

PACIFIC COASTAL SALMON RECOVERY

The agreement includes $65,000,000 for Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery. The agreement adopts the House approach to the allocation of funds to eligible grantees.

FISHERMEN'S CONTINGENCY FUND

The agreement includes $349,000 for the Fishermen's Contingency Fund.

FISHERY DISASTER ASSISTANCE

The agreement includes $15,000,000 for fishery disaster assistance.

FISHERIES FINANCE PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The agreement includes language under this heading limiting obligations of direct loans to $24,000,000 for Individual Fishing Quota loans and $100,000,000 for traditional direct loans.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $63,000,000 for Departmental Management salaries and expenses.

Space Commerce.—The Department transmitted a legislative proposal to create, within the Department, a Bureau of Space Commerce in response to Presidential Space Directive–2, Streamlining Regulations on Commercial Use of Space. The mission of the proposed Bureau of Space Commerce would be to encourage commercial space activity, streamline regulations, and consolidate Department of Commerce space commerce functions. The Department shall work with appropriations and authorizing committees on any future implementation of this legislative proposal. Until such time that a Bureau of Space Commerce is established in law, the agreement provides sufficient funds to support the Office of Space Commerce, within NOAA NESDIS, and directs the Department to fully utilize its current offices and authorities to encourage the commercial use of space.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The agreement includes a total of $41,102,000 for the Office of Inspector General. This amount includes $32,744,000 in direct appropriations, a $1,500,000 transfer from USPTO, a transfer of $3,556,000 from the Bureau of the Census, Periodic Censuses and Programs, and $1,302,000 from NOAA PAC for audits and reviews of those programs. In addition, $2,000,000 is derived from the Public Safety Trust Fund for oversight of FirstNet.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes the following general provisions for the Department of Commerce:

Section 101 makes funds available for advanced payments only upon certification of officials, designated by the Secretary, that such payments are considered to be in the public interest.

Section 102 makes appropriations for Department salaries and expenses available for hire of passenger motor vehicles, for services, and for uniforms and allowances as authorized by law.

Section 103 provides the authority to transfer funds between Department of Commerce appropriation accounts and requires 15 days advance notification to the Committees on Appropriations for certain actions.

Section 104 provides congressional notification requirements for NOAA satellite programs and includes life cycle cost estimates for certain weather satellite programs.

Section 105 provides for reimbursement for services within Department of Commerce buildings.

Section 106 clarifies that grant recipients under the Department of Commerce may continue to deter child pornography, copyright infringement, or any other unlawful activity over their networks.

Section 107 provides the NOAA Administrator with the authority to avail NOAA of resources, with the consent of those supplying the resources, to carry out responsibilities of any statute administered by NOAA.

Section 108 prohibits the National Technical Information Service from charging for certain services.

Section 109 allows NOAA to be reimbursed by Federal and non-Federal entities for performing certain activities.

Section 110 provides the Economics and Statistics Administration certain authority to enter into cooperative agreements.

Section 111 provides for certain joint enforcement agreement activities.

Section 112 amends Public Law 115–123 regarding NOAA facilities.

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $113,000,000 for General Administration, Salaries and Expenses. This reduction of $1,000,000 from the fiscal year 2018 level reflects dissatisfaction with continued poor responsiveness to congressional inquiries. The Department shall comply with Senate Report 114–239 direction regarding timely responses to the Committees.

Fighting the Opioid Epidemic.—The agreement includes significant increases in both law enforcement and grant resources for the Department of Justice (DOJ) to continue combating the rising threat to public health and safety from opioid and heroin use and drug trafficking. This includes a total of $468,000,000, an increase of $21,500,000 more than fiscal year 2018, in DOJ grant funding to help State, local, and tribal communities respond to the opioid crisis. The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) is also funded at $2,687,703,000, an increase of $77,803,000 more than fiscal year 2018, to help fight drug trafficking, including heroin and fentanyl. Funding for DEA will also expand interdiction and intervention programs including the addition of at least four new heroin enforcement teams and DEA 360 Strategy programming.

Working Capital Fund and Non-appropriated Fund Budget Requests and Expenditure Plans.—DOJ shall include a detailed breakout of its non-appropriated funding sources in its future budget requests, as specified in the House report. DOJ shall include in its fiscal year 2019 spending plans for DOJ components details on non-appropriated funds with regard to the Working Capital Fund, retained earnings and unobligated transfers, and civil debt collection proceeds, as specified in the House and Senate reports.

The spending plans should include reports specified in the Senate report regarding Working Capital Fund carryover funds and Three Percent Fund collections and expenditures. In addition, DOJ shall continue to provide the Committees quarterly reports on the collections, balances, and obligations of these funds, as specified in the House and Senate reports.

The agreement does not adopt section 539 of the House reported bill regarding civil settlement agreements. The Attorney General's June 5, 2017, memorandum, ''Prohibition on Settlement Payments to Third Parties'' addresses the treatment of such settlements.

JUSTICE INFORMATION SHARING TECHNOLOGY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $32,000,000 for Justice Information Sharing Technology.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $563,407,000 for the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR), of which $4,000,000 is derived by transfer from fee collection. Within the funding provided, $11,400,000 is provided for the Legal Orientation Program (LOP). Senate report language regarding LOP and technology improvements is adopted.

In fiscal year 2018, Congress provided funding for 484 Immigration Judge (IJ) teams. Despite Departmental actions to accelerate the recruitment and hiring of immigration judges, only 395 IJ teams were on-board at the end of fiscal year 2018. The agreement provides funding for 534 IJ teams, including associated space and technology requirements.

Immigration Adjudication Performance and Reducing Case Backlog.—The Department shall continue efforts to accelerate the hiring and deployment of IJ teams, giving priority to the highest workload areas, and improving coordination with the Department of Homeland Security to institute fair and efficient court proceedings in detention facilities and ensure court appearances by non-detained individuals. The Department should continue to hire the most qualified IJs from a diverse pool of candidates to ensure the adjudication process is impartial and consistent with due process.

EOIR shall continue to submit monthly reports on performance and IJ hiring in the format and detail provided in fiscal year 2018, to include statistics available on the number of cases where visa overstay is a relevant factor and the median days pending for both detained and non-detained cases. The reports shall also list IJs who are temporarily deployed away from their permanent courtrooms, noting the permanent and temporary duty stations of each IJ and the length of such temporary duty assignments. To the extent EOIR has adopted new performance measures related to the efficient and timely completion of cases and motions, statistics reflecting those measures should be included in the report.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The agreement includes $101,000,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $13,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Parole Commission.

LEGAL ACTIVITIES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

The agreement includes $904,000,000 for General Legal Activities, which supports the Department's full request for the Criminal Division (CRM) to sustain the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty reform process, and provides increased funding for CRM and its Office of International Affairs for this purpose.

VACCINE INJURY COMPENSATION TRUST FUND

The agreement includes a reimbursement of $10,000,000 for DOJ expenses associated with litigating cases under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–660).

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

The agreement includes $164,977,000 for the Antitrust Division. This appropriation is offset by an estimated $136,000,000 in pre-merger filing fee collections, resulting in a direct appropriation of $28,977,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS

The agreement includes $2,212,000,000 for the Executive Office for United States Attorneys and the 94 United States Attorneys' offices, of which $25,000,000 shall remain available until expended.

UNITED STATES TRUSTEE SYSTEM FUND

The agreement includes $226,000,000 for the United States Trustee Program.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

The agreement includes $2,409,000 for the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

The agreement includes $270,000,000 for Fees and Expenses of Witnesses.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $15,500,000 for the Community Relations Service.

ASSETS FORFEITURE FUND

The agreement includes $20,514,000 for the Assets Forfeiture Fund.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $1,358,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Marshals Service (USMS).

CONSTRUCTION

The agreement includes $15,000,000 for construction and related expenses in space controlled, occupied, or utilized by the USMS for prisoner holding and related support.

FEDERAL PRISONER DETENTION

The agreement includes $1,552,397,000 for Federal Prisoner Detention.

NATIONAL SECURITY DIVISION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $101,369,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Security Division.

INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT

INTERAGENCY CRIME AND DRUG ENFORCEMENT

The agreement includes $560,000,000 for the Organized Crime and Drug Enforcement Task Forces, of which $389,000,000 is for investigations and $171,000,000 is for prosecutions.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $9,192,137,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), including $1,771,000,000 for Intelligence, $3,750,000,000 for Counterterrorism and Counterintelligence, $3,122,000,000 for Criminal Enterprises and Federal Crimes, and $549,137,000 for Criminal Justice Services. Within funding provided, the FBI is expected to enhance its efforts regarding human trafficking investigations.

Terrorist Explosive Device Analytical Center (TEDAC).—The Terrorist Explosive Device Analytical Center laboratory at Redstone Arsenal has been accredited for forensic testing, including explosives, by the American National Standards Institute-American Society for Quality (ANSI–ASQ) National Accreditation Board. Accreditation represents a significant milestone for TEDAC and its staff and further cements the laboratory's role in performing forensic and technical exploitation of terrorist IEDs and explosives, both nationally and internationally.

Cyber-stalking and threat crimes investigations and prosecutions.—The FBI is expected to submit to the Committees the report as directed in House Report 115–231, and codified in Public Law 115–141, regarding increased instances of cyber-stalking and threats, including the need for additional resources. Both the FBI and US Attorneys are directed to investigate and prosecute cyber-stalking and other internet threat crimes to the fullest extent of the law.

CONSTRUCTION

The agreement includes $385,000,000 for FBI construction, which supports the Senate's language on 21st Century Facilities and provides additional funding above the requested level for the FBI to address its highest priorities outside of the immediate national capital area.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes a direct appropriation of $2,267,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the DEA. In addition, DEA expects to derive $420,703,000 from fees deposited in the Diversion Control Fund to carry out the Diversion Control Program, resulting in $2,687,703,000 in total spending authority for DEA. Funding flexibility is provided to DEA to make improvements at its training academy.

BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $1,316,678,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $7,250,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Prison System. House and Senate report language on treatment programming is adopted.

Residential Reentry Centers (RRCs).—Senate report language on RRCs is adopted for RRCs in compliance with Federal law.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The agreement includes $264,000,000 for the construction, acquisition, modernization, maintenance, and repair of prison and detention facilities housing Federal inmates, of which $175,000,000 is included for construction of new facilities. The Bureau of Prisons shall provide a list of planned Maintenance and Repair (M&R) projects to be carried out, with estimated costs and completion dates, with the fiscal year 2019 spending plan provided to the Committees, as well as an updated listing of remaining unfunded M&R projects.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

The agreement includes a limitation on administrative expenses of $2,700,000 for Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated.

STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES

In total, the agreement includes $3,019,800,000 for State and local law enforcement and crime prevention programs. This amount includes $2,915,800,000 in discretionary budget authority, of which $497,500,000 is derived by transfer from the Crime Victims Fund. This amount also includes $104,000,000 scored as mandatory for Public Safety Officer Benefits.

House and Senate report language regarding management and administration expenses is adopted by reference, and it is clarified that the Department's methodology for assessing these costs should be both fair and equitable across all grant programs.

The agreement does not adopt House language regarding streamlining of grant administration.

OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN PREVENTION AND PROSECUTION PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $497,500,000 for the Office on Violence Against Women. These funds are distributed as follows:

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN PREVENTION AND PROSECUTION PROGRAMS

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
STOP Grants	$215,000
Transitional Housing Assistance	36,000
Research and Evaluation on Violence Against Women	3,000
Consolidated Youth-Oriented Program	11,000
Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies	53,000
Homicide Reduction Initiative	(4,000)
Sexual Assault Victims Services	37,500
Rural Domestic Violence and Child Abuse Enforcement	42,000
Violence on College Campuses	20,000
Civil Legal Assistance	45,000
Edler Abuse Grant Program	5,000
Family Civil Justice	16,000
Education and Training for Disabled Female Victims	6,000
National Resource Center on Workplace Responses	1,000
Research on Violence Against Indian Women	1,000
Indian Country—Sexual Assault Clearinghouse	500
Tribal Special Domestic Violence Criminal Jurisdiction	4,000
Rape Survivor Child Custody Act	1,500
TOTAL, Violence Against Women Prevention and Prosecution Programs	$497,500

OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

RESEARCH, EVALUATION AND STATISTICS

The agreement provides $80,000,000 for the Research, Evaluation and Statistics account. These funds are distributed as follows:

RESEARCH, EVALUATION AND STATISTICS

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Bureau of Justice Statistics	$43,000
NCS–X Implementation Program	(5,000)
National Institute of Justice	37,000
Domestic Radicalization Research	(4,000)
Research on School Safety	(1,000)
Juvenile Online Victimization Survey	(1,000)
National Center for Restorative Justice	(3,000)
TOTAL, Research, Evaluation and Statistics	$80,000

STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $1,723,000,000 for State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance programs. These funds are distributed as follows:

STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants	$423,500
Officer Robert Wilson III VALOR Initiative	(12,000)
Smart Policing	(7,500)
Smart Prosecution	(8,000)
Juvenile Indigent Defense	(2,000)
NamUS	(2,400)
Academic Based Training Program to improve Police-Based Responses to People with Mental Illness	(2,500)
Project Safe Neighborhoods	(20,000)
John R. Justice Grant Program	(2,000)
Capital Litigation and Wrongful Conviction Review	(5,000)
Prison Rape Prevention and Prosecution	(15,500)
Emergency Federal Law Enforcement Assistance	(2,000)
Managed access systems	(2,000)
Kevin and Avonte's Law	(2,000)
Regional Law Enforcement Technology Initiative	(3,000)
Community Based Violence Prevention	(8,000)
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	243,500
Victims of Trafficking Grants	85,000
Economic, High-tech, White Collar and Cybercrime Prevention	14,000
Intellectual Property Enforcement Program	(2,500)
Digital Investigation Education Program	(2,000)
Adam Walsh Act Implementation	20,000
Bulletproof Vests Partnerships	25,000
Transfer to NIST/OLES	(1,500)
National Sex Offender Public Website	1,000

STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE—Continued

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) Initiative	75,000
NICS Act Record Improvement Program	(25,000)
Paul Coverdell Forensic Science	30,000
DNA Initiative	130,000
Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grants	(120,000)
Kirk Bloodsworth Post-Conviction DNA Testing Grants	(6,000)
Sexual Assault Forensic Exam Program Grants	(4,000)
Community Teams to Reduce the Sexual Assault Kit (SAK) Backlog	48,000
CASA—Special Advocates	12,000
Tribal Assistance	37,500
Second Chance Act/Offender Reentry	87,500
Smart Probation	(6,000)
Children of Incarcerated Parents Demo Grants	(5,000)
Pay for Success	(7,500)
Pay for Success (Permanent Supportive Housing Model)	(5,000)
Project HOPE Opportunity Probation with Enforcement	(4,000)
STOP School Violence Act	75,000
Community trust initiative	66,500
Body Worn Camera Partnership Program	(22,500)
Justice Reinvestment Initiative	(27,000)
Byrne Criminal Justice Innovation Program	(17,000)
Opioid initiative	347,000
Drug Courts	(77,000)
Veterans Treatment Courts	(22,000)
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment	(30,000)
Prescription Drug Monitoring	(30,000)
Mentally Ill Offender Act	(31,000)
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Program (COAP)	(157,000)
Keep Young Athletes Safe Act of 2018	2,500
TOTAL, State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance	$1,723,000

Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA) programs.—The agreement provides a total of $347,000,000 for DOJ's CARA programs, an increase of $17,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level, including $12,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level for the Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Program (COAP). It is expected that the Bureau of Justice Assistance will be able to continue to make additional site-based program awards under the existing COAP structure including no less than: $5,000,000 for Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD) programs; $10,000,000 for drug collection programs as described under Chapter 6 of Public Law 115–271; $3,000,000 for forensics services for rural law enforcement to address drug court backlogs; $5,000,000 for education and prevention programs to connect law enforcement agencies with K–12 students; and $10,000,000 for embedding social services with law enforcement to respond to opioid overdoses where children are impacted.

The agreement does not adopt House report language on extreme risk protection orders.

Emergency Federal Law Enforcement Assistance.—In addition to the funding provided in the agreement, as of the end of fiscal year 2018 the Emergency Federal Law Enforcement Assistance Program had unobligated balances of $11,800,000. These funds remain available to address exigent law enforcement needs in fiscal year 2019.

JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS

The agreement includes $287,000,000 for Juvenile Justice programs. These funds are distributed as follows:

JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Part B—State Formula Grants	$60,000
Emergency Planning—Juvenile Detention Facilities	(500)
Youth Mentoring Grants	95,000
Title V—Delinquency Prevention Incentive Grants	24,500
Tribal Youth	(5,000)
Children of Incarcerated Parents Web Portal	(500)
Girls in the Justice System	(2,000)
Opioid Affected Youth Initiative	(9,000)
Children Exposed to Violence	(8,000)
Victims of Child Abuse Programs	22,500
Missing and Exploited Children Programs	82,000
Training for Judicial Personnel	3,000
TOTAL, Juvenile Justice	$287,000

Missing and Exploited Children Programs.—The Department is directed that the increased amount provided above the fiscal year 2018 level shall be divided proportionally among Missing and Exploited Children Programs excluding research and technical assistance activities.

PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER BENEFITS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $128,800,000 for the Public Safety Officer Benefits program for fiscal year 2019. Within the funds provided, $104,000,000 is for death benefits for survivors, an amount estimated by the Congressional Budget Office that is considered mandatory for scorekeeping purposes. In addition, $24,800,000 is provided for disability benefits for public safety officers permanently and totally disabled as a result of a catastrophic injury and for education benefits for the spouses and children of officers killed in the line of duty or permanently and totally disabled as a result of a catastrophic injury sustained in the line of duty.

COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES

COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $303,500,000 for Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) programs, as follows:

COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES PROGRAMS

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
COPS Hiring Grants	$228,500
Tribal Resources Grant Program	(27,000)
Tribal Access Program	(3,000)
Community Policing Development/Training and Technical Assistance	(6,500)
Regional Information Sharing Activities	(37,000)
Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act	(2,000)
Police Act	10,000
Anti-Methamphetamine Task Forces	8,000
Anti-Heroin Task Forces	32,000
STOP School Violence Act	25,000
TOTAL, Community Oriented Policing Services	$303,500

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes the following general provisions for the Department of Justice:

Section 201 makes available additional reception and representation funding for the Attorney General from the amounts provided in this title.

Section 202 prohibits the use of funds to pay for an abortion, except in the case of rape or incest, or to preserve the life of the mother.

Section 203 prohibits the use of funds to require any person to perform or facilitate the performance of an abortion.

Section 204 establishes that the Director of the Bureau of Prisons (BOP) is obliged to provide escort services to an inmate receiving an abortion outside of a Federal facility, except where this obligation conflicts with the preceding section.

Section 205 establishes requirements and procedures for transfer proposals.

Section 206 prohibits the use of funds for transporting prisoners classified as maximum or high security, other than to a facility certified by the BOP as appropriately secure.

Section 207 prohibits the use of funds for the purchase or rental by Federal prisons of audiovisual or electronic media or equipment, services and materials used primarily for recreational purposes, except for those items and services needed for inmate training, religious, or educational purposes.

Section 208 requires review by the Deputy Attorney General and the Department Investment Review Board prior to the obligation or expenditure of funds for major information technology projects.

Section 209 requires the Department to follow reprogramming procedures prior to any deviation from the program amounts specified in this title or the reuse of specified deobligated funds provided in previous years.

Section 210 prohibits the use of funds for A–76 competitions for work performed by employees of BOP or Federal Prison Industries, Inc.

Section 211 prohibits U.S. Attorneys from holding additional responsibilities that exempt U.S. Attorneys from statutory residency requirements.

Section 212 permits up to 3 percent of grant and reimbursement program funds made available to the Office of Justice Programs to be used for training and technical assistance, and permits up to 2.5 percent of grant funds made available to that office to be used for criminal justice research, evaluation and statistics by the National Institute of Justice and the Bureau of Justice Statistics.

Section 213 gives the Attorney General the authority to waive matching requirements for Second Chance Act adult and juvenile reentry demonstration projects; State, Tribal, and local reentry courts; and drug treatment programs.

Section 214 waives the requirement that the Attorney General reserve certain funds from amounts provided for offender incarceration.

Section 215 prohibits funds, other than funds for the national instant criminal background check system established under the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, from being used to facilitate the transfer of an operable firearm to a known or suspected agent of a drug cartel where law enforcement personnel do not continuously monitor or control such firearm.

Section 216 places limitations on the obligation of funds from certain Department of Justice accounts and funding sources.

Section 217 allows certain funding to be made available for use in Performance Partnership Pilots.

TITLE III

SCIENCE

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

The agreement includes $5,544,000 for the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP).

Emerging Contaminants.—OSTP submitted the ''Plan for Addressing Critical Research Gaps Related to Emerging Contaminants in Drinking Water'' in October 2018. Within 90 days of the enactment of this agreement, OSTP shall update the implementation plan included in that report, including identifying budgetary resources required, by agency, for fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021.

NATIONAL SPACE COUNCIL

The agreement includes $1,965,000 for the activities of the National Space Council.

Execution of Space Programs.—Under Executive Order 13803, the National Space Council (the Council) is directed to, among other duties, ''develop recommendations for the President on space policy and space-related issues'' and ''foster close coordination, cooperation, and technology and information exchange among the civil, national security, and commercial space sectors.'' In executing these duties, the Council is reminded that, in recent years, poor workmanship, poor oversight, and poor performance (e.g., flawed welding techniques, component tube contamination, incorrect cleaning methods, using the wrong voltage in testing, unreliable launch vehicle bolt cutter assembly, mishandling of rocket stages during transport, and substandard strut components) have led to costly delays and even loss of mission. Overly ambitious technology development, optimistic scheduling, and poor cost estimation have become common. No type of contract vehicle seems immune, whether traditional cost-plus contracts or firm, fixed-price contracts are used. These are inherent, systemic problems that cannot continue. National security, technology development, scientific discoveries, and improved weather forecasting are too important to the future of the Nation and require the Council to address these issues.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

The agreement includes $21,500,000,000 for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). The agreement includes substantial new resources for activities related to Moon exploration and retains language regarding submission of a detailed report prior to obligating certain funds. As noted elsewhere in this statement, the lack of progress across science and exploration programs despite continued significant and sustained investments in these programs is dismaying. Reports by the NASA Inspector General (IG), the Government Accountability Office (GAO), and independent experts point to a number of deficiencies that NASA and its private sector partners must address. During fiscal year 2019, NASA is expected to show marked success in addressing the myriad deficiencies identified by oversight bodies.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

(in thousands of dollars)

Program	Amount
Science:	
Earth Science	$1,931,000
Planetary Science	2,758,500
Astrophysics	1,191,600
James Webb Space Telescope	304,600
Heliophysics	720,000
Total, Science	6,905,700
Aeronautics	725,000
Space Technology	926,900
Exploration:	
Orion Multi-purpose Crew Vehicle	1,350,000
Space Launch System (SLS) Vehicle Development	2,150,000
Exploration Ground Systems	592,800
Exploration R&D	958,000
Total, Exploration	5,050,800
Space Operations	4,639,100
STEM Engagement	110,000
Safety, Security and Mission Service	2,755,000
Construction and Environmental Compliance and Restoration	348,200
Office of Inspector General	39,300
Total, NASA	$21,500,000

SCIENCE

The agreement includes $6,905,700,000 for Science.

Earth Science.—The agreement includes $1,931,000,000 for Earth Science and adopts all funding levels designated by the House and the Senate.

Planetary Science.—The agreement includes $2,758,500,000 for Planetary Science. The agreement adopts House language regarding the Europa Clipper and Lander missions modified to reflect launch dates of 2023 for the Clipper and 2025 for the Lander. The agreement includes $97,000,000 for the Double Asteroid Redirection Test and no less than the fiscal year 2018 level for NEOcam. The agreement includes up to $218,000,000 for the Lunar Discovery and Exploration program, including $21,000,000 for the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter. The agreement adopts Senate language regarding the helicopter technology demonstration planned for Mars 2020.

Astrophysics.—The agreement includes $1,191,600,000 for Astrophysics, including $98,300,000 for Hubble Space Telescope operations and $45,000,000 for Education and Public Outreach activities. The agreement does not adopt House language regarding certain work with private sector or philanthropic organizations.

Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope (WFIRST).—The agreement includes no less than $312,200,000 for WFIRST. The agreement emphasizes and reiterates House and Senate language regarding cost overruns, schedule delays, and adherence to the $3,200,000,000 cost cap. The agreement also includes $10,000,000 for starshade technology development and $10,000,000 for search for life technology development.

James Webb Space Telescope (JWST).—The agreement includes $304,600,000 for JWST. There is profound disappointment with both NASA and its contractors regarding mismanagement, complete lack of careful oversight, and overall poor basic workmanship on JWST, which has undergone two significant reviews because of failures on the part of NASA and its commercial sector partner. NASA and its commercial partners seem to believe that congressional funding for this project and other development efforts is an entitlement, unaffected by failures to stay on schedule or within budget. This attitude ignores the opportunity cost to other NASA activities that must be sacrificed or delayed. The agreement includes a general provision to adjust the cap for JWST to $8,802,700,000, an increase of $802,700,000 above the previous cap. NASA should strictly adhere to this cap or, under this agreement, JWST will have to find cost savings or cancel the mission. NASA and its contractors are expected to implement the recommendations of both the most recent independent review and the previous Casani report and to continue cooperation with JWST's standing review board. The agreement does not adopt the reorganization of JWST into Astrophysics, and the JWST Program Office shall continue the reporting structure adopted after the Casani report and reiterated by the recent Webb Independent Review Board.

Heliophysics.—The agreement includes $720,000,000 for Heliophysics, including $15,000,000 for a Space Weather Science Applications Project.

AERONAUTICS

The agreement includes $725,000,000 for Aeronautics, including no less than $35,000,000 for hypersonic research activities as directed by the House. The agreement modifies House language regarding air mobility and automation and directs that this report be submitted within 90 days of enactment of this agreement.

SPACE TECHNOLOGY

The agreement includes $926,900,000 for Space Technology. The agreement reiterates House and Senate language regarding the need to maintain an independent research and technology portfolio to support both science and human exploration programs. It is understood that NASA has further refined internal oversight responsibility for programs within this account and the Exploration account and directs NASA to make adjustments as necessary in the fiscal year 2019 spending plan. The agreement includes $180,000,000 for RESTORE-L; $20,000,000 for the Flight Opportunities Program; $35,000,000 for additive manufacturing; $48,100,000 for solar electric propulsion activities; $5,000,000 for NASA's regional economic development program; $5,000,000 for innovative use of nanomaterials; $2,000,000 to address challenges associated with high-speed crosslink and downlink communications for low Earth orbit small satellite constellations; and not less than $100,000,000 for the development of nuclear thermal propulsion, of which not less than $70,000,000 shall be for the design of a flight demonstration by 2024 for which a multi-year plan is required by both the House and the Senate within 180 days of enactment of this agreement.

EXPLORATION

The agreement includes $5,050,800,000 for Exploration. The recommendation includes $2,150,000,000 for the Space Launch System, including no less than $150,000,000 to ensure continued work developing the Exploration Upper Stage (EUS). The bill also provides $48,000,000 for launch capabilities and infrastructure associated with constructing a second mobile launch platform. There is strong support for the development of the EUS in order to ensure that NASA has sufficient heavy lift capabilities to support a regular cadence of heavy lift science and human exploration missions. NASA shall allocate sufficient funding to ensure that both the EUS and the second mobile launch platform will be ready for flight no later than 2024. The agreement provides not less than $145,000,000 for the Human Research Program; $176,200,000 for habitation, airlock for docking vehicles and other logistics activities as requested; adopts House and Senate direction regarding lunar lander-related language and provides up to $116,500,000 for Advanced Cislunar and Surface Capabilities; and $450,000,000 for the Lunar Orbital Platform.

SPACE OPERATIONS

The agreement provides $4,639,100,000 for Space Operations, and includes $40,000,000 for commercial low Earth orbit (LEO) development, as recommended by the Senate, for LEO port implementation analysis and other activities to enable future commercial activities at the International Space Station. The agreement maintains 21st Century Space Launch Complex language as directed by the Senate. The agreement includes up to $60,000,000 for test facilities as directed by the House. In lieu of House or Senate direction regarding launch vehicles for small payloads, the agreement encourages NASA to work as appropriate to increase opportunities for improved access to space.

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND MATHEMATICS ENGAGEMENT

The agreement includes $110,000,000 for Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Engagement, including $21,000,000 for the Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research; $44,000,000 for Space Grant; $33,000,000 for the Minority University Research and Education Project; and no less than $5,000,000 for the Competitive Program for Science Museums, Planetariums, and NASA Visitor Centers within the STEM Education and Accountability Projects. The agreement reiterates House and Senate direction regarding administrative costs.

SAFETY, SECURITY AND MISSION SERVICES

The agreement includes $2,755,000,000 for Safety, Security and Mission Services. The agreement modifies House language regarding submission of reports from NASA pursuant to National Academy of Public Administration, GAO, and NASA IG reviews of NASA security compliance protocols and foreign national access management and directs that these reports be provided annually. The agreement adopts House language in this account and Senate language from the Science account regarding cloud computing services and directs that this report be submitted within 90 days of enactment of this agreement.

CONSTRUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE AND RESTORATION

The agreement includes $348,200,000 for Construction and Environmental Compliance and Restoration. NASA is expected to continue to work with communities to resolve water contamination issues. The agreement adopts Senate report language regarding access to Kennedy Space Center and clarifies that in-kind contributions be directly related to bridge repairs.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The agreement includes $39,300,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes the following administrative provisions for NASA: a provision that makes funds for announced prizes available without fiscal year limitation until the prize is claimed or the offer is withdrawn; a provision that establishes terms and conditions for the transfer of funds; a provision that subjects the NASA spending plan and specified changes to that spending plan to the reprogramming procedures under section 505 of this agreement; a provision regarding remaining balances in the ''Education'' account; and a provision regarding the obligation of certain lunar program funds.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

The agreement includes $8,075,000,000 for the National Science Foundation (NSF).

RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The agreement includes $6,520,000,000 for Research and Related Activities (R&RA), including $175,689,000 for the Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research. The agreement reiterates House and Senate language regarding support for existing NSF research infrastructure and clarifies that this language excludes funding allocated in fiscal year 2018 for one-time upgrades or refurbishments. The agreement includes no less than the fiscal year 2018 level for the Innovation Corps program.

MAJOR RESEARCH EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

The agreement includes $295,740,000 for Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction (MREFC), including $127,090,000 for continuing construction of three Regional Class Research Vessels; $16,130,000 for the Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope; $48,820,000 for the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope; and $103,700,000 for the Antarctic Infrastructure Modernization for Science (AIMS) project. It is noted that the request and the House bill provided funds for AIMS under the R&RA account. The agreement adopts the Senate approach to fund this activity under the MREFC account. The agreement also includes $1,000,000 for enhanced oversight of MREFC projects.

EDUCATION AND HUMAN RESOURCES

The agreement includes $910,000,000 for Education and Human Resources, including no less than $66,000,000 for the Advanced Technological Education program; no less than $35,000,000 for the Historically Black

Colleges and Universities Undergraduate Program; $46,000,000 for Louis Stokes Alliance for Minority Participation; $15,000,000 for the Tribal Colleges and Universities Program; and $64,500,000 for the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program.

Hispanic-Serving Institutions (HSIs).—The agreement provides $40,000,000 for the HSI program and adopts Senate language regarding capacity building at institutions of higher education that typically do not receive high levels of NSF funding.

AGENCY OPERATIONS AND AWARD MANAGEMENT

The agreement includes $329,540,000 for Agency Operations and Award Management.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE BOARD

The agreement includes $4,370,000 for the National Science Board.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The agreement includes $15,350,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes a provision that describes terms and conditions for the transfer of funds and a provision requiring notification at least 30 days in advance of the divestment of certain assets.

TITLE IV

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $10,065,000 for the Commission on Civil Rights.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $379,500,000 for the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC). Up to $29,500,000 shall be for payments to State and local enforcement agencies to ensure that the EEOC provides adequate resources to its State and local partners.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $95,000,000 for the International Trade Commission.

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

The agreement includes $415,000,000 for the Legal Services Corporation.

MARINE MAMMAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $3,516,000 for the Marine Mammal Commission.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

The agreement includes a total of $68,000,000 for the Office of the U.S. Trade Representative (USTR).

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $53,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of USTR.

Section 301 Exclusion Process.—USTR has finalized tariffs on goods from China under Section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 in three separate rounds, and provided an exclusion process that allows U.S. businesses to obtain relief from the Section 301 tariffs for goods subject to tariffs in rounds 1 and 2. It is concerning that there is no exclusion process for goods subject to tariffs in round 3 of the Section 301 proceedings, as was done in the first two rounds. USTR shall establish an exclusion process for tariffs imposed on goods subject to Section 301 tariffs in round 3. This process should be initiated by January 1, 2019, following the same procedures as those in rounds 1 and 2, allowing stakeholders to request that particular products classified within a tariff subheading subject to new round 3 tariffs be excluded from the Section 301 tariffs. USTR shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance regarding the nature and timing of the exclusion process. USTR shall also report to such committees not later than 30 days after enactment of this Act on the status of the exclusion process.

TRADE ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes $15,000,000, which is to be derived from the Trade Enforcement Trust Fund, for trade enforcement activities and transfers authorized by the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015.

STATE JUSTICE INSTITUTE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The agreement includes $5,971,000 for the State Justice Institute. The additional funding above the enacted level shall be for addressing the opioid epidemic as described in the House and Senate reports.

TITLE V

GENERAL PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS)

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The agreement includes the following general provisions:

Section 501 prohibits the use of funds for publicity or propaganda purposes unless expressly authorized by law.

Section 502 prohibits any appropriation contained in this Act from remaining available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly provided.

Section 503 provides that the expenditure of any appropriation contained in this Act for any consulting service through procurement contracts shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law or existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Section 504 provides that if any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Act and the application of other provisions shall not be affected.

Section 505 prohibits a reprogramming of funds that: (1) creates or initiates a new program, project or activity; (2) eliminates a program, project or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employee; (5) reorganizes or renames offices, programs or activities; (6) contracts out or privatizes any function or activity presently performed by Federal employees; (7) augments funds for existing programs, projects or activities in excess of $500,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less, or reduces by 10 percent funding for any existing program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 percent; or (8) results from any general savings, including savings from a reduction in personnel, which would result in a change in existing programs, projects or activities as approved by Congress; unless the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations are notified 15 days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.

Section 506 provides that if it is determined that any person intentionally affixes a ''Made in America'' label to any product that was not made in America that person shall not be eligible to receive any contract or subcontract with funds made available in this Act. The section further provides that to the extent practicable, with respect to purchases of promotional items, funds made available under this Act shall be used to purchase items manufactured, produced, or assembled in the United States or its territories or possessions.

Section 507 requires quarterly reporting to Congress on the status of balances of appropriations.

Section 508 provides that any costs incurred by a department or agency funded under this Act resulting from, or to prevent, personnel actions taken in response to funding reductions in this Act, or, for the Department of Commerce, from actions taken for the care and protection of loan collateral or grant property, shall be absorbed within the budgetary resources available to the department or agency, and provides transfer authority between appropriation accounts to carry out this provision, subject to reprogramming procedures.

Section 509 prohibits funds made available in this Act from being used to promote the sale or export of tobacco or tobacco products or to seek the reduction or removal of foreign restrictions on the marketing of tobacco products, except for restrictions which are not applied equally to all tobacco or tobacco products of the same type. This provision is not intended to impact routine international trade services to all U.S. citizens, including the processing of applications to establish foreign trade zones.

Section 510 stipulates the obligations of certain receipts deposited into the Crime Victims Fund.

Section 511 prohibits the use of Department of Justice funds for programs that discriminate against or denigrate the religious or moral beliefs of students participating in such programs.

Section 512 prohibits the transfer of funds in this agreement to any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government, except for transfers made by, or pursuant to authorities provided in, this agreement or any other appropriations Act.

Section 513 requires certain timetables of audits performed by Inspectors General of the Departments of Commerce and Justice, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the National Science Foundation and the Legal Services Corporation and sets limits and restrictions on the awarding and use of grants or contracts funded by amounts appropriated by this Act.

Section 514 prohibits funds for acquisition of certain information systems unless the acquiring department or agency has reviewed and assessed certain risks. Any acquisition of such an information system is contingent upon the development of a risk mitigation strategy and a determination that the acquisition is in the national interest. Each department or agency covered under section 514 shall submit a quarterly report to the Committees on Appropriations describing reviews and assessments of risk made pursuant to this section and any associated findings or determinations.

Section 515 prohibits the use of funds in this Act to support or justify the use of torture by any official or contract employee of the United States Government.

Section 516 prohibits the use of funds in this Act to require certain export licenses.

Section 517 prohibits the use of funds in this Act to deny certain import applications regarding ''curios or relics'' firearms, parts, or ammunition.

Section 518 prohibits the use of funds to include certain language in trade agreements.

Section 519 prohibits the use of funds in this Act to authorize or issue a National Security Letter (NSL) in contravention of certain laws authorizing the Federal Bureau of Investigation to issue NSLs.

Section 520 requires congressional notification for any project within the Departments of Commerce or Justice, the National Science Foundation, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration totaling more than $75,000,000 that has cost increases of 10 percent or more.

Section 521 deems funds for intelligence or intelligence-related activities as authorized by the Congress until the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 2019.

Section 522 prohibits contracts or grant awards in excess of $5,000,000 unless the prospective contractor or grantee certifies that the organization has filed all Federal tax returns, has not been convicted of a criminal offense under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and has no unpaid Federal tax assessment.

(RESCISSIONS)

Section 523 provides for rescissions of unobligated balances. Subsection (c) requires the Departments of Commerce and Justice to submit a report on the amount of each rescission. These reports shall include the distribution of such rescissions among decision units, or, in the case of rescissions from grant accounts, the distribution of such rescissions among specific grant programs, and whether such rescissions were taken from recoveries and deobligations, or from funds that were never obligated. Rescissions shall be applied to discretionary budget authority balances that were not appropriated with emergency or disaster relief designations.

Section 524 provides for rescission from defunct NASA accounts.

Section 525 prohibits the use of funds in this Act for the purchase of first class or premium air travel in contravention of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Section 526 prohibits the use of funds to pay for the attendance of more than 50 department or agency employees, who are stationed in the United States, at any single conference outside the United States, unless the conference is a law enforcement training or operational event where the majority of Federal attendees are law enforcement personnel stationed outside the United States.

Section 527 includes language regarding detainees held at Guantanamo Bay.

Section 528 includes language regarding facilities for housing detainees held at Guantanamo Bay.

Section 529 requires any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government receiving funds appropriated under this Act to track and report on undisbursed balances in expired grant accounts.

Section 530 prohibits the use of funds by NASA, OSTP, or the National Space Council (NSC) to engage in bilateral activities with China or a Chinese-owned company or effectuate the hosting of official Chinese visitors at certain facilities unless the activities are authorized by subsequent legislation or NASA, OSTP, or NSC have made a certification pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

Section 531 prohibits funds from being used to deny the importation of shotgun models if no application for the importation of such models, in the same configuration, had been denied prior to January 1, 2011, on the basis that the shotgun was not particularly suitable for or readily adaptable to sporting purposes.

Section 532 prohibits the use of funds to establish or maintain a computer network that does not block pornography, except for law enforcement and victim assistance purposes.

Section 533 requires the departments and agencies funded in this Act to submit spending plans.

Section 534 prohibits the use of funds to implement the Arms Trade Treaty until the Senate approves a resolution of ratification for the Treaty.

Section 535 prohibits funds to pay for award or incentive fees for contractors with below satisfactory performance or performance that fails to meet the basic requirements of the contract.

Section 536 prohibits the use of funds by the Department of Justice or the Drug Enforcement Administration in contravention of a certain section of the Agricultural Act of 2014.

Section 537 prohibits the Department of Justice from preventing certain States from implementing State laws regarding the use of medical marijuana.

Section 538 requires quarterly reports from the Department of Commerce, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the National Science Foundation of travel to China.

Section 539 requires 10 percent of the funds for certain programs be allocated for assistance in persistent poverty counties.

Section 540 limits formulation and development costs for the James Webb Space Telescope.

Section 541 prohibits funds to prepare for the shutdown of the Stratospheric Observatory for Infrared Astronomy.

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE					
International Trade Administration					
Operations and administration	495,000	451,147	495,000	---	+43,853
Offsetting fee collections	-13,000	-11,000	-11,000	+2,000	---
Direct appropriation	482,000	440,147	484,000	+2,000	+43,853
Bureau of Industry and Security					
Operations and administration	75,500	81,647	79,050	+3,550	-2,597
Defense function	38,000	39,000	39,000	+1,000	---
Total, Bureau of Industry and Security	113,500	120,647	118,050	+4,550	-2,597
Economic Development Administration					
Economic Development Assistance Programs	262,500	---	265,000	+2,500	+265,000
Salaries and expenses	39,000	14,937	39,000	---	+24,063
Total, Economic Development Administration	301,500	14,937	304,000	+2,500	+289,063
Minority Business Development Agency					
Minority Business Development	39,000	10,000	40,000	+1,000	+30,000

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Economic and Statistical Analysis					
Salaries and expenses	99,000	100,987	101,000	+2,000	+13
Bureau of the Census					
Current Surveys and Programs	270,000	249,125	270,000	---	+20,875
Periodic censuses and programs	2,544,000	3,551,388	3,551,388	+1,007,388	---
Total, Bureau of the Census	2,814,000	3,800,513	3,821,388	+1,007,388	+20,875
National Telecommunications and Information Administration					
Salaries and expenses	39,500	33,646	39,500	---	+5,854
United States Patent and Trademark Office					
Salaries and expenses, current year fee funding	3,500,000	3,370,000	3,370,000	-130,000	---
Offsetting fee collections	-3,500,000	-3,370,000	-3,370,000	+130,000	---
Total, United States Patent and Trademark Office	---	---	---	---	---
National Institute of Standards and Technology					
Scientific and Technical Research and Services	724,500	573,429	724,500	---	+151,071
(transfer out)	(-9,000)	(-9,000)	(-9,000)	---	---

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Industrial Technology Services	155,000	15,094	155,000	---	+139,906
Manufacturing extension partnerships	(140,000)	---	(140,000)	---	(+140,000)
National Network for Manufacturing Innovation	(15,000)	---	(15,000)	---	(+15,000)
Construction of research facilities	319,000	40,549	106,000	-213,000	+65,451
Working Capital Fund (by transfer)	(9,000)	(9,000)	(9,000)	---	---
Total, National Institute of Standards and Technology	1,198,500	629,072	985,500	-213,000	+356,428
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration					
Operations, Research, and Facilities	3,536,331	2,937,753	3,596,997	+60,666	+659,244
(by transfer)	(144,000)	(144,000)	(157,980)	(+13,980)	(+13,980)
Promote and Develop Fund (transfer out)	(-144,000)	(-144,000)	(-157,980)	(-13,980)	(-13,980)
Subtotal	3,536,331	2,937,753	3,596,997	+60,666	+659,244
Procurement, Acquisition and Construction	2,290,684	1,623,006	1,755,349	-535,335	+132,343
Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery	65,000	---	65,000	---	+65,000
Fishermen's Contingency Fund	349	349	349	---	---
Fishery Disaster Assistance	20,000	---	15,000	-5,000	+15,000
Fisheries Finance Program Account	-3,000	-8,000	-8,000	-5,000	---
Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	5,909,364	4,553,108	5,424,695	-484,669	+871,587

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Departmental Management					
Salaries and expenses	63,000	58,994	63,000	---	+4,006
Renovation and Modernization	45,130	2,796	---	-45,130	-2,796
Office of Inspector General	32,744	32,030	32,744	---	+714
Total, Departmental Management	140,874	93,820	95,744	-45,130	+1,924
Total, title I, Department of Commerce	11,137,238	9,796,877	11,413,877	+276,639	+1,617,000
(by transfer)	153,000	153,000	166,980	+13,980	+13,980
(transfer out)	-153,000	-153,000	-166,980	-13,980	-13,980
TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
General Administration					
Salaries and expenses	114,000	114,207	113,000	-1,000	-1,207
Justice Information Sharing Technology	35,000	31,713	32,000	-3,000	+287
Total, General Administration	149,000	145,920	145,000	-4,000	-920
Executive Office for Immigration Review	504,500	563,407	563,407	+58,907	---
Transfer from immigration examinations fee account	-4,000	-4,000	-4,000	---	---
Direct appropriation	500,500	559,407	559,407	+58,907	---

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Inspector General	97,250	95,866	101,000	+3,750	+5,134
United States Parole Commission					
Salaries and expenses	13,308	12,672	13,000	-308	+328
Legal Activities					
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities	897,500	891,836	904,000	+6,500	+12,164
Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund	10,000	9,340	10,000	---	+660
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	164,977	164,663	164,977	---	+314
Offsetting fee collections - current year	-126,000	-136,000	-136,000	-10,000	---
Direct appropriation	38,977	28,663	28,977	-10,000	+314
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys	2,136,750	2,105,182	2,212,000	+75,250	+106,818
United States Trustee System Fund	225,908	223,221	226,000	+92	+2,779
Offsetting fee collections	-135,000	-360,000	-360,000	-225,000	---
New fees (Sec. 3004, P.L. 115-72)	-96,000	---	---	+96,000	---
Direct appropriation	-5,092	-136,779	-134,000	-128,908	+2,779
Salaries and expenses, Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	2,409	2,409	2,409	---	---
Fees and expenses of witnesses	270,000	270,000	270,000	---	---
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	15,500	---	15,500	---	+15,500

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Assets Forfeiture Fund	20,514	20,514	20,514	---	---
Total, Legal Activities	3,386,558	3,191,165	3,329,400	-57,158	+138,235
United States Marshals Service					
Salaries and expenses	1,311,492	1,270,371	1,358,000	+46,508	+87,629
Construction	53,400	14,971	15,000	-38,400	+29
Federal Prisoner Detention	1,536,000	1,536,000	1,552,397	+16,397	+16,397
Total, United States Marshals Service	2,900,892	2,821,342	2,925,397	+24,505	+104,055
National Security Division					
Salaries and expenses	101,031	101,369	101,369	+338	---
Interagency Law Enforcement					
Interagency Crime and Drug Enforcement	542,850	521,563	560,000	+17,150	+38,437
Federal Bureau of Investigation					
Salaries and expenses	3,663,553	3,599,403	3,729,250	+65,697	+129,847
Counterintelligence and national security	5,366,649	5,272,677	5,462,887	+96,238	+190,210
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses	9,030,202	8,872,080	9,192,137	+161,935	+320,057

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Construction	370,000	51,895	385,000	+15,000	+333,105
Total, Federal Bureau of Investigation	9,400,202	8,923,975	9,577,137	+176,935	+653,162
Drug Enforcement Administration					
Salaries and expenses	2,609,900	2,608,162	2,687,703	+77,803	+79,541
Diversion control fund	-419,574	-420,703	-420,703	-1,129	---
Total, Drug Enforcement Administration	2,190,326	2,187,459	2,267,000	+76,674	+79,541
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	---	254,000	---	---	-254,000
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives					
Salaries and expenses	1,293,776	1,316,678	1,316,678	+22,902	---
Federal Prison System					
Salaries and expenses	7,114,000	7,042,328	7,250,000	+136,000	+207,672
Buildings and facilities	161,571	99,000	264,000	+102,429	+165,000
Limitation on administrative expenses, Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated	2,700	2,700	2,700	---	---
Total, Federal Prison System	7,278,271	7,144,028	7,516,700	+238,429	+372,672

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State and Local Law Enforcement Activities					
Office on Violence Against Women:					
Prevention and prosecution programs	---	---	---	---	---
(by transfer)	(492,000)	---	(497,500)	(+5,500)	(+497,500)
Crime Victims Fund (transfer out)	(-492,000)	---	(-497,500)	(-5,500)	(-497,500)
Office of Justice Programs:					
Research, evaluation and statistics	90,000	77,000	80,000	-10,000	+3,000
State and local law enforcement assistance	1,677,500	1,132,500	1,723,000	+45,500	+590,500
Juvenile justice programs	282,500	229,500	287,000	+4,500	+57,500
Public safety officer benefits:					
Death benefits	92,000	104,000	104,000	+12,000	---
Disability and education benefits	24,800	16,300	24,800	---	+8,500
Subtotal	116,800	120,300	128,800	+12,000	+8,500
Total, Office of Justice Programs	2,166,800	1,559,300	2,218,800	+52,000	+659,500

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Community Oriented Policing Services:					
COPS programs	275,500	---	303,500	+28,000	+303,500
Total, State and Local Law Enforcement Activities	2,442,300	1,559,300	2,522,300	+80,000	+963,000
Total, title II, Department of Justice	30,296,264	28,834,744	30,934,388	+638,124	+2,099,644
TITLE III - SCIENCE					
Office of Science and Technology Policy	5,544	5,544	5,544	---	---
National Space Council	1,965	1,965	1,965	---	---
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Science	6,221,500	5,895,000	6,905,700	+684,200	+1,010,700
Aeronautics	685,000	633,900	725,000	+40,000	+91,100
Space Technology	760,000	---	926,900	+166,900	+926,900
Exploration Research and Technology	---	1,002,700	---	---	-1,002,700
Exploration	4,790,000	---	5,050,800	+260,800	+5,050,800
Deep Space Exploration Systems	---	4,558,800	---	---	-4,558,800
Space Operations	4,751,500	---	4,639,100	-112,400	+4,639,100
LEO and Spaceflight Operations	---	4,624,600	---	---	-4,624,600
Education	100,000	---	---	-100,000	---
Science, Technology Engineering, and Mathematics Engagement	---	---	110,000	+110,000	+110,000

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Safety, Security and Mission Services	2,826,900	2,749,700	2,755,000	-71,900	+5,300
Construction and environmental compliance and restoration	562,240	388,200	348,200	-214,040	-40,000
Office of Inspector General	39,000	39,300	39,300	+300	---
Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration	20,736,140	19,892,200	21,500,000	+763,860	+1,607,800
National Science Foundation					
Research and related activities	6,263,476	6,079,680	6,449,000	+185,524	+369,320
Defense function	71,000	71,000	71,000	---	---
Subtotal	6,334,476	6,150,680	6,520,000	+185,524	+369,320
Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction	182,800	94,650	295,740	+112,940	+201,090
Education and Human Resources	902,000	873,370	910,000	+8,000	+36,630
Agency Operations and Award Management	328,510	333,630	329,540	+1,030	-4,090
Office of the National Science Board	4,370	4,320	4,370	---	+50
Office of Inspector General	15,200	15,350	15,350	+150	---
Total, National Science Foundation	7,767,356	7,472,000	8,075,000	+307,644	+603,000
Total, title III, Science	28,511,005	27,371,709	29,582,509	+1,071,504	+2,210,800

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE IV - RELATED AGENCIES					
Commission on Civil Rights					
Salaries and expenses	9,700	9,200	10,065	+365	+865
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission					
Salaries and expenses	379,500	363,807	379,500	---	+15,693
International Trade Commission					
Salaries and expenses	93,700	87,615	95,000	+1,300	+7,385
Legal Services Corporation					
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation	410,000	18,200	415,000	+5,000	+396,800
Marine Mammal Commission					
Salaries and expenses	3,431	2,449	3,516	+85	+1,067
Office of the U.S. Trade Representative					
Salaries and expenses	57,600	63,000	53,000	-4,600	-10,000
Trade Enforcement Trust Fund	15,000	---	15,000	---	+15,000

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State Justice Institute					
Salaries and expenses	5,121	6,921	5,971	+850	-950
Total, title IV, Related Agencies	974,052	551,192	977,052	+3,000	+425,860
TITLE V - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
DOC National Institute of Standards and Technology, Technology Innovation Program (rescission)	---	-2,000	-2,000	-2,000	---
DOC National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Operations, Research and Facilities (rescission)	---	---	---	---	---
DOC National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Procurement Acquisition and Construction (rescission)	---	---	---	---	---
Economic Development Assistance Programs (rescission)	-10,000	---	-10,000	---	-10,000
Rescission of emergency funding	---	-40,000	---	---	+40,000
DOJ, Working Capital Fund (rescission)	-154,768	-69,768	-151,000	+3,768	-81,232
DOJ, Assets Forfeiture Fund (rescission, temporary)	---	---	---	---	---
DOJ, Assets Forfeiture Fund (rescission, permanent)	-304,000	---	-674,000	-370,000	-674,000
FBI, Salaries and Expenses:					
nondefense (rescission)	-51,642	-60,044	-50,439	+1,203	+9,605
defense (rescission)	-75,649	-87,956	-73,887	+1,762	+14,069
Federal Prisoner Detention (rescission)	---	-71,000	---	---	+71,000

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
DOJ, Federal Prison System, Buildings and Facilities (rescission)	---	-50,000	---	---	+50,000
Violence against women prevention and prosecution programs (rescission)	-15,000	---	-10,000	+5,000	-10,000
Office of Justice programs (rescission)	-40,000	-85,000	-70,000	-30,000	+15,000
COPS (rescission)	-10,000	---	-16,500	-6,500	-16,500
Keeping Young Athletes Safe	2,500	---	---	-2,500	---
NASA closeouts (rescission)	---	-4,000	-3,000	-3,000	+1,000
Total, title V, General Provisions	-658,559	-469,768	-1,060,826	-402,267	-591,058
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
FURTHER ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF ACT, 2018 (P.L. 115-123)					
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE					
Economic Development Administration					
Economic Development Assistance Programs (emergency)	600,000	---	---	-600,000	---
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration					
Operations, Research, and Facilities (emergency)	120,904	---	---	-120,904	---

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Procurement, Acquisition and Construction (emergency)	79,232	---	---	-79,232	---
Fisheries Disaster Assistance (emergency)	200,000	---	---	-200,000	---
Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	400,136	---	---	-400,136	---
Total, Department of Commerce	1,000,136	---	---	-1,000,136	---
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
United States Marshals Service					
Salaries and Expenses (emergency)	2,500	---	---	-2,500	---
Federal Bureau of Investigation					
Salaries and Expenses (emergency)	8,601	---	---	-8,601	---
Counterintelligence and national security (emergency)	12,599	---	---	-12,599	---
Total, Federal Bureau of Investigation	21,200	---	---	-21,200	---
Drug Enforcement Administration					
Salaries and Expenses (emergency)	11,500	---	---	-11,500	---

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Federal Prison System					
Salaries and Expenses (emergency)	16,000	---	---	-16,000	---
Buildings and Facilities (emergency)	34,000	---	---	-34,000	---
Total, Federal Prison System	50,000	---	---	-50,000	---
Total, Department of Justice	85,200	---	---	-85,200	---
SCIENCE					
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Construction and Environmental Compliance and Restoration (emergency)	81,300	---	---	-81,300	---
National Science Foundation					
Research and Related Activities (emergency)	16,300	---	---	-16,300	---
Total, Science	97,600	---	---	-97,600	---

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
RELATED AGENCIES					
Legal Services Corporation					
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation (emergency).	15,000	---	---	-15,000	---
Total, Further Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2018	1,197,936	---	---	-1,197,936	---
Grand total	71,457,936	66,084,754	71,847,000	+389,064	+5,762,246
Appropriations	(70,921,059)	(66,554,522)	(72,907,826)	(+1,986,767)	(+6,353,304)
Rescissions	(-661,059)	(-429,768)	(-1,060,826)	(-399,767)	(-631,058)
Emergency appropriations	(1,197,936)	---	---	(-1,197,936)	---
Rescissions of emergency funding	---	(-40,000)	---	---	(+40,000)
(by transfer)	645,000	153,000	664,480	+19,480	+511,480
(transfer out)	-645,000	-153,000	-664,480	-19,480	-511,480

DIVISION C—FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

The explanatory statement accompanying this division is approved and indicates congressional intent. Unless otherwise noted, the language set forth in House Report 115–792 and Senate Report 115–281 carries the same weight as language included in this explanatory statement and should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary in this explanatory statement. While some language is repeated for emphasis, it is not intended to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

Reports.—Where the House or Senate has directed submission of a report, that report is to be submitted to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate. Agencies funded by this Act that currently provide separate copies of periodic reports and correspondence to the chairs and ranking members of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees and Subcommittees on Financial Services and General Government are directed to use a single cover letter jointly addressed to the chairs and ranking members of the Committees and Subcommittees of both the House and the Senate. To the greatest extent feasible, agencies should include in the cover letter a reference or hyperlink to facilitate electronic access to the report and provide the documents by electronic mail delivery. These measures will help reduce costs, conserve paper, expedite agency processing, and ensure that consistent information is conveyed concurrently to the majority and minority committee offices of both chambers of Congress.

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $214,576,000 for departmental offices salaries and expenses.

Puerto Rico.—Within 90 days of the date of enactment of this Act, the Department is directed to provide a report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate describing how the Department has used its authority to provide technical assistance to Puerto Rico in fiscal year 2018 and how it plans to use its authority for such purpose in fiscal year 2019.

Pyrrhotite Study.—The Comptroller General of the United States, in consultation with relevant regulators, is directed to conduct a study that examines the financial impact of the mineral pyrrhotite in concrete home foundations. The study shall provide recommendations on the regulatory and legislative actions needed to help mitigate the impact on banks, mortgage lenders, homeowners, and tax revenue.

OFFICE OF TERRORISM AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $159,000,000 for the Office of Terrorism and Financial Intelligence (TFI).

Opioids.—Beginning in 2013, the number of deaths involving synthetic opioids, dominated by fentanyl, rose precipitously. According to the Drug Enforcement Administration, most illicit fentanyl that reached the United States was produced in China. The bill includes funds for TFI to investigate the illicit trade of synthetic opioids, particularly fentanyl, originating from China.

CYBERSECURITY ENHANCEMENT ACCOUNT

The bill provides $25,208,000 for the Cybersecurity Enhancement Account.

DEPARTMENT-WIDE SYSTEMS AND CAPITAL INVESTMENTS PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $4,000,000 for the Department-Wide Systems and Capital Investments Programs.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $37,044,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Inspector General.

TREASURY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR TAX ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $170,250,000 for salaries and expenses of the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration.

SPECIAL INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE TROUBLED ASSET RELIEF PROGRAM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $23,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program.

FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes $117,800,000 for salaries and expenses for the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN).

Geographic Targeting Orders.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, FinCEN and the appropriate divisions of the Department of the Treasury are directed to submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate a report on any Geographic Targeting Orders issued since 2016, including (1) the type of data collected; (2) how FinCEN uses the data; (3) whether FinCEN needs more authority to combat money laundering through high-end real estate; and (4) how a record of beneficial ownership would improve and assist law enforcement efforts to investigate and prosecute criminal activity and prevent the use of shell companies to facilitate money laundering, tax evasion, terrorism financing, election fraud, and other illegal activity.

TREASURY FORFEITURE FUND

(RESCISSION)

The bill includes a permanent rescission of $175,000,000 from the unobligated balances in the Treasury Forfeiture Fund.

BUREAU OF THE FISCAL SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $338,280,000 for salaries and expenses of the Bureau of the Fiscal Service.

ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX AND TRADE BUREAU

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $119,600,000 for salaries and expenses of the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

UNITED STATES MINT

UNITED STATES MINT PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FUND

The bill specifies that not more than $30,000,000 in new liabilities and obligations may be incurred during fiscal year 2019 for circulating coinage and protective service capital investments of the U.S. Mint.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides $250,000,000 for the Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) Fund program. Within this amount, not less than $160,000,000 is for financial and technical assistance grants, of which up to $3,000,000 may be used to provide technical and financial assistance to CDFIs that fund projects to help individuals with disabilities; not less than $16,000,000 is for technical assistance and other purposes for Native American, Native Hawaiian, and Alaska Native communities; not less than $25,000,000 is for the Bank Enterprise Award program; not less than $22,000,000 is for the Healthy Food Financing Initiative; and up to $27,000,000 is for administrative expenses, of which $1,000,000 is for the development of information technology tools to better measure and assess CDFI investment performance, improve data quality, and enable more efficient allocation of CDFI Fund resources. The bill limits the total loan principal for the Bond Guarantee program to $500,000,000.

Capacity Building.—he bill provides funds to offer training to CDFIs and other organizations dedicated to serving distressed and underserved communities to increase their expertise and capacity to undertake community development finance activities. The CDFI Fund is directed to submit a report not later than the end of calendar year 2019 to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate to include expenditures on capacity building initiatives, parameters of the CDFI Fund's capacity building initiatives, metrics used to track the outcomes of trainings, and measures to assess participating CDFIs and non-CDFIs increased impact on serving distressed and underserved communities.

CDFI Program Integration for Individuals with Disabilities.—In lieu of the direction included in the House and Senate reports on individuals with disabilities, the CDFI Fund is directed to summarize the progress made toward developing a competitive application pool of CDFIs to compete for funds for individuals with disabilities. Additionally, the CDFI Fund is directed to submit a report every six months until all the funds are obligated with the first report due six months after enactment of this Act to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate. The report should include the number of awards, amount of each award, types of programs, impact the funding has made on the number of CDFIs serving the disability community, and findings and recommendations to improve upon the implementation of these activities.

The bill does not adopt Senate report language on tribal activities. The CDFI Fund is expected to ensure funding is not allocated to entities that support activities in contradiction of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) and report to the Committee on any CDFI award recipient who uses Federal funds in contradiction of the Controlled Substances Act.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

TAXPAYER SERVICES

The bill provides $2,491,554,000 for IRS Taxpayer Services. Within the overall amount, not less than $9,890,000 is for the Tax Counseling for the Elderly Program, not less than $12,000,000 is for low-income taxpayer clinic grants, and not less than $207,000,000 is provided for operating expenses of the IRS Taxpayer Advocate Service, of which not less than $5,500,000 is for identity theft casework.

In addition, within the overall amount provided, not less than $18,000,000 is available until September 30, 2020, for the Community Volunteer Income Tax Assistance matching grants program.

ENFORCEMENT

The bill provides $4,860,000,000 for Enforcement.

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

The bill provides $3,724,000,000 for Operations Support.

BUSINESS SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION

The bill provides $150,000,000 for Business Systems Modernization.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill includes the following provisions:

Section 101 provides transfer authority.

Section 102 requires the IRS to maintain an employee training program on topics such as taxpayers' rights.

Section 103 requires the IRS to safeguard taxpayer information and to protect taxpayers against identity theft.

Section 104 permits funding for 1–800 help line services for taxpayers and directs the Commissioner to make improving phone service a priority and to enhance response times.

Section 105 requires the IRS to issue notices to employers of any address change request and to give special consideration to offers in compromise for taxpayers who have been victims of payroll tax preparer fraud.

Section 106 prohibits the use of funds by the IRS to target United States citizens for exercising any right guaranteed under the First Amendment to the Constitution.

Section 107 prohibits the use of funds by the IRS to target groups for regulatory scrutiny based on their ideological beliefs.

Section 108 requires the IRS to comply with procedures and policies on conference spending in accordance with IRS policies issued as a result of Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration recommendations.

Section 109 prohibits funds for giving bonuses to employees or hiring former employees without considering conduct and compliance with Federal tax law.

Section 110 prohibits the IRS from using funds made available by this Act to contravene a provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 related to the confidentiality and disclosure of returns and return information.

Section 111 prohibits funds for pre-populated returns.

Section 112 provides $77,000,000 to be used solely for carrying out Public Law 115–97. The IRS is directed to provide the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate no later than 30 days after the enactment of this Act a detailed spending plan by account and object class for the funds provided. Additionally, the IRS is directed to submit quarterly spending plans broken out by account, and include, at minimum, quarterly obligations and total obligations to date, actual and projected staffing levels, and updated timetables.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 113 allows Treasury to use funds for certain specified expenses.

Section 114 allows for the transfer of up to 2 percent of funds among various Treasury bureaus and offices.

Section 115 allows for the transfer of up to 2 percent from the IRS accounts to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration.

Section 116 prohibits funding to redesign the $1 note.

Section 117 allows for the transfer of funds from the Bureau of the Fiscal Service-Salaries and Expenses to the Debt Collection Fund conditional on future reimbursement.

Section 118 prohibits funds to build a United States Mint museum without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate and the authorizing committees of jurisdiction.

Section 119 prohibits funding for consolidating the functions of the United States Mint and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing without the approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate and the authorizing committees of jurisdiction.

Section 120 specifies that funds for Treasury intelligence activities are deemed to be specifically authorized until enactment of the fiscal year 2019 Intelligence Authorization Act.

Section 121 permits the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to use up to $5,000 from the Industrial Revolving Fund for reception and representation expenses.

Section 122 requires the Secretary to submit a Capital Investment Plan.

Section 123 requires a Franchise Fund report.

Section 124 prohibits the Department from finalizing any regulation related to the standards used to determine the tax-exempt status of a 501(c)(4) organization.

Section 125 requires the Office of Financial Research and Office of Financial Stability to submit quarterly reports.

Section 126 provides for the reimbursement of certain expenses in fiscal year 2019.

Section 127 allows the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to utilize its revolving fund to construct a replacement currency production facility.

TITLE II

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $55,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the White House.

EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

OPERATING EXPENSES

The bill provides $13,081,000 for the Executive Residence at the White House.

WHITE HOUSE REPAIR AND RESTORATION

The bill provides $750,000 for repair, alteration, and improvement of the Executive Residence at the White House.

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $4,187,000 for salaries and expenses of the Council of Economic Advisers.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL AND HOMELAND SECURITY COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $12,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the National Security Council and Homeland Security Council.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $100,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Administration, of which not more than $12,800,000 is for information technology modernization.

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $102,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). In addition to the amount provided, $1,000,000 is provided to increase the base funding for the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA). The additional funds may not be used to backfill vacancies and are to be in addition to the fiscal year 2018 base level for OIRA.

Conferences.—OMB is directed to ensure agencies report on conferences in a manner consistent with the terms of section 738 of this Act.

OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $18,400,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of National Drug Control Policy.

FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMS

HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAFFICKING AREAS PROGRAM

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $280,000,000 for the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) Program.

OTHER FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $118,327,000 for other Federal drug control programs. The bill allocates funds among specific programs as follows:

Drug-Free Communities Program	$100,000,000
(Training)	(2,000,000)
Drug court training and technical assistance	2,000,000
Anti-Doping activities	9,500,000
World Anti-Doping Agency (U.S. membership dues)	2,577,000
Discretionary Grants as authorized by P.L. 109–469, section 1105	1,250,000
Activities authorized by Section 103 of P.L. 114–198, section 103	3,000,000

UNANTICIPATED NEEDS

The bill provides $1,000,000 for unanticipated needs of the President. Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the Office of Administration is directed to report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the use of funds appropriated under this heading.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OVERSIGHT AND REFORM

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $28,500,000 for information technology oversight and reform activities.

OMB is expected to utilize the funding provided to continue oversight of Federal IT activities and investments, including the management of the IT Dashboard, the OMB Policy Library, and IT policy compliance tracking.

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $4,288,000 for salaries and expenses to enable the Vice President to provide special assistance to the President.

OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

OPERATING EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $302,000 for operating expenses for the official residence of the Vice President.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 201 provides transfer authority among various Executive Office of the President accounts.

Section 202 requires the Director of the OMB to include a statement of budgetary impact with any Executive Order issued or revoked during fiscal year 2019 and for Presidential memoranda estimated to have a regulatory cost in excess of $100,000,000.

TITLE III

THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $84,703,000 for salaries and expenses of the Supreme Court. In addition, the bill provides mandatory costs as authorized by current law for the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the court.

CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

The bill provides $15,999,000 for the care of the Supreme Court building and grounds.

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $32,016,000 for salaries and expenses of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In addition, the bill provides mandatory costs as authorized by current law for the salaries of the chief judge and judges of the court.

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $18,882,000 for salaries and expenses of the United States Court of International Trade. In addition, the bill provides mandatory costs as authorized by current law for the salaries of the chief judge and judges of the court.

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $5,144,383,000 for salaries and expenses of the Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services. In addition, the bill provides mandatory costs as authorized by current law for the salaries of circuit and district judges (including judges of the territorial courts of the United States), bankruptcy judges, and justices and judges retired from office or from regular active service. The bill also provides $8,475,000 from the Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund.

DEFENDER SERVICES

The bill provides $1,150,450,000 for Defender Services. The bill includes a $6 increase to the hourly non-capital panel attorney rate above the COLA-adjusted level.

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

The bill provides $49,750,000 for Fees of Jurors and Commissioners.

COURT SECURITY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $607,110,000 for Court Security.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $92,413,000 for salaries and expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $29,819,000 for salaries and expenses of the Federal Judicial Center.

UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $18,953,000 for salaries and expenses of the United States Sentencing Commission.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—THE JUDICIARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill includes the following administrative provisions:

Section 301 makes funds appropriated for salaries and expenses available for services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Section 302 provides transfer authority among Judiciary appropriations.

Section 303 permits not more than $11,000 to be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Judicial Conference.

Section 304 extends through fiscal year 2019 the delegation of authority to the Judiciary for contracts for repairs of less than $100,000.

Section 305 continues a pilot program where the United States Marshals Service provides perimeter security services at selected courthouses.

Section 306 extends temporary judgeships in the eastern district of Missouri, Kansas, Arizona, the central district of California, the northern district of Alabama, the southern district of Florida, New Mexico, the western district of North Carolina, the eastern district of Texas, and Hawaii.

TITLE IV

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

FEDERAL FUNDS

Individual Mandate.—As a part of the Health Insurance Requirement Act of 2018 (subtitle A of title V of the Fiscal Year 2019 Budget Support Act of 2018; D.C. Law 22–753), the District of Columbia moves forward with the requirement for District of Columbia residents to purchase medical insurance. The local Act sets forth penalties for not complying with the individual mandate, including property seizure to satisfy fines. The District of Columbia Chief Financial Officer is directed to notify annually the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the number of instances where the local government seized property to satisfy a penalty as a result of non-compliance with the individual mandate and the type of property seized. The District must not include personally identifiable information in the report.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR RESIDENT TUITION SUPPORT

The bill provides $40,000,000 for District of Columbia resident tuition support.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING AND SECURITY COSTS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The bill provides $12,000,000 for emergency planning and security costs in the District of Columbia to remain available until expended.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURTS

The bill provides $258,394,000 for the District of Columbia courts, of which $14,594,000 is for the D.C. Court of Appeals, $124,400,000 is for the Superior Court, $74,400,000 is for the D.C. Court System, and $45,000,000 is for capital improvements to courthouse facilities. The bill provides sufficient funds to complete the Moultrie Courthouse addition.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR DEFENDER SERVICES IN DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURTS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $46,005,000 for defender services in the District of Columbia.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE COURT SERVICES AND OFFENDER SUPERVISION AGENCY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The bill provides $256,724,000 for court services and offender supervision in the District of Columbia.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICE

The bill provides $45,858,000 for public defender services in the District of Columbia.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL

The bill provides $2,150,000 for the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR JUDICIAL COMMISSIONS

The bill provides $565,000 for Judicial Commissions. Within the amount provided, $295,000 is for the Commission on Judicial Disabilities and Tenure and $270,000 is for the Judicial Nomination Commission.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT

The bill provides $52,500,000 for school improvement in the District of Columbia to be distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Scholarships for Opportunity and Results Act (SOAR Act). The funds are to be allocated evenly between District of Columbia public schools, charter schools, and opportunity scholarships as authorized by law. Of the funds allocated for the SOAR Act, $1,200,000 is for administrative expenses and $500,000 is for evaluation costs.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA NATIONAL GUARD

The bill provides $435,000 for the Major General David F. Wherley, Jr. District of Columbia National Guard Retention and College Access Program.

FEDERAL PAYMENT FOR TESTING AND TREATMENT OF HIV/AIDS

The bill provides $3,000,000 for the purpose of HIV/AIDS testing and treatment.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS

The bill provides authority for the District of Columbia to spend its local funds in accordance with the Fiscal Year 2019 Budget Request Act of 2018.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

The bill provides $8,000,000 for the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority.

TITLE V

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $3,100,000, to remain available until September 30, 2020, for the Administrative Conference of the United States.

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

The bill provides $268,000,000 for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC). Within the amount provided, $50,000,000 is available until September 30, 2020, for the purchase of information technology.

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes $127,000,000 for the Consumer Product Safety Commission. Within the amount provided, $800,000 is available until expended, for the pool and spa safety grants program established by the Virginia Graeme Baker Pool and Spa Safety Act.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION—CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

Section 501 prohibits the use of Federal funds in fiscal year 2019 for the adoption or implementation of the proposed rule on Recreational Off-Highway Vehicles (ROVs) until a study by the National Academy of Sciences is completed.

ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $9,200,000 for salaries and expenses of the Election Assistance Commission (EAC). This includes $1,250,000 to be transferred to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $339,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). The bill provides that $339,000,000 be derived from offsetting collections, resulting in no net appropriation.

Oversight Monitoring and Rating System.—In lieu of Senate report language on oversight monitoring and rating system, the FCC is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate within 90 days of enactment of this Act on the extent to which the rating system matches the video content that is being shown and the ability of the TV Parental Guidelines Oversight Monitoring Board to address public concerns.

Transmissions of Local Television Programming.—In lieu of House report language, the

bill notes that the bipartisan Satellite Television Extension and Localism Reauthorization (STELAR) Act of 2014 was enacted to promote consumers' access to television broadcast station signals that originate in their state of residence, with an emphasis on localism and the cultural and economic importance of local programming. Congress's intent was to ensure Americans have access to local broadcast and media content. The bill notes that many broadcast stations do not neatly conform to Nielsen-measured designated market area boundaries, preventing many satellite television viewers from accessing local news, politics, sports, and emergency programming. The bill notes that despite the reforms made in STELAR, many communities continue to struggle with market modification petitions. The FCC should provide a full analysis to ensure decisions on market modification are comprehensively reviewed and STELAR's intent to promote localism is retained. The FCC is directed to adhere to statutory requirements and congressional intent when taking administrative action under STELAR.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION—FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Section 510 prohibits the FCC from changing rules governing the Universal Service Fund regarding single connection or primary line restrictions.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides a transfer of $42,982,000 to fund the Office of Inspector General (OIG) for the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The OIG's appropriations are derived from the Deposit Insurance Fund and the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation Resolution Fund.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $71,250,000 for salaries and expenses of the Federal Election Commission.

Online Campaign Advertisements.—In lieu of the House report language, the Commission is directed to brief the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on its rulemaking proposals related to disclaimers on public communications on the internet within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $26,200,000 for the Federal Labor Relations Authority.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $309,700,000 for salaries and expenses of the Federal Trade Commission (FTC). This appropriation is partially offset by premerger filing and Telemarketing Sales Rule fees estimated at $136,000,000 and $17,000,000, respectively.

Contact Lenses.—In lieu of the Senate report language on the FTC's draft contact lens rule, the FTC is directed to keep the Committees informed on its progress in reviewing public comments and providing a recommendation on the rule by the beginning of 2019.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

REAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides resources from the General Services Administration (GSA) Federal Buildings Fund totaling $9,847,304,000.

Rental Rates.—GSA is directed to provide the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate a report describing GSA's methodology for calculating rental rates for Congressional offices located in Federal Courthouses within 90 days of the date of enactment of this Act.

Energy Efficiency.—The Administrator is directed to report, no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, on the number and value of Energy Savings Performance Contracts entered into by GSA annually for 2014–2018 and their projections for 2019 and 2020.

FBI Headquarters.—Due to concerns about the FBI Headquarters Revised Nationally-Focused Consolidation Plan which was submitted to Congress by GSA on February 12, 2018, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (Public Law 115–141) included no funding for this project. No funds were requested for the project for fiscal year 2019 and no funds are provided in this bill.

There is reluctance to appropriate any additional funds for this project due to the unanswered questions regarding the new plan, including the revision of longstanding mission and security requirements. GSA is encouraged to work with the FBI to submit a prospectus for a new, fully-consolidated headquarters building, including at one of the three previously vetted sites, that complies with prior Congressional directives and actions and meets Interagency Security Committee Level V security standards.

Construction and Acquisition.—The bill provides $1,521,122,000 for construction and acquisition.

CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION

State	Description	Amount
DC	Washington, Department of Transportation Lease, Exercise of Purchase Option	$767,900,000
DC	Washington, DHS Consolidation at St. Elizabeths	$229,000,000
CA	Calexico, United States Land Port of Entry	$275,900,000
AZ	San Luis, United States Land Port of Entry	$248,322,000

Repairs and Alterations.—The bill provides $663,219,000 for repairs and alterations. Funds are provided in the amounts indicated:

Major Repairs and Alterations	$276,837,000
Basic Repairs and Alterations	$356,382,000
Special Emphasis Programs for Fire and Life Safety	$30,000,000

For Major Repairs and Alterations, GSA is directed to submit a spending plan, by project, as specified in Section 526 of this Act to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate (Committees) and to provide notification to the Committees 15 days prior to any changes in the use of these funds.

Rental of Space.—The bill provides $5,418,845,000 for rental of space.

Building Operations.—The bill provides $2,244,118,000 for building operations.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENT-WIDE POLICY

The bill provides $60,000,000 for GSA government-wide policy activities.

OPERATING EXPENSES

The bill provides $49,440,000 for operating expenses.

CIVILIAN BOARD OF CONTRACT APPEALS

The bill provides $9,301,000 for the Civilian Board of Contract Appeals.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $65,000,000 for the Office of Inspector General. The bill notes that no-year funds remain available for fiscal year 2019 needs, including funding to strengthen capabilities in data analysis and IT audits.

ALLOWANCES AND OFFICE STAFF FOR FORMER PRESIDENTS

The bill provides $4,796,000 for allowances and office staff for former Presidents.

FEDERAL CITIZEN SERVICES FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $55,000,000 for deposit into the Federal Citizen Services Fund (the Fund) and authorizes use of appropriations, revenues, and collections in the Fund in an aggregate amount not to exceed $100,000,000.

TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION FUND

The bill provides $25,000,000 for the Technology Modernization Fund.

ASSET PROCEEDS AND SPACE MANAGEMENT FUND

The bill provides $25,000,000 for the Asset Proceeds and Space Management Fund.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW IMPROVEMENT FUND

The bill provides $6,070,000 for the Environmental Review Improvement Fund.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 520 specifies that funds are available for hire of motor vehicles.

Section 521 authorizes transfers within the Federal Buildings Fund, with advance approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

Section 522 requires transmittal of a fiscal year 2020 request for courthouse construction that meets design guide standards, reflects the priorities in the Judicial Conference's 5-year construction plan, and includes a standardized courtroom utilization study.

Section 523 specifies that funds in this Act may not be used to increase the amount of occupiable space or provide services such as cleaning or security for any agency that does not pay the rental charges assessed by GSA.

Section 524 permits GSA to pay certain construction-related claims against the Federal Government from savings achieved in other projects.

Section 525 requires that the delineated area of procurement for leased space match the approved prospectus, unless the Administrator provides an explanatory statement to the appropriate congressional committees.

Section 526 requires a spending plan for certain accounts and programs.

Section 527 requires the Administrator to submit a report on the implementation of Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act for fiscal year 2018.

HARRY S TRUMAN SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $1,000,000 for payment to the Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation Trust Fund.

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $46,835,000, to remain available until September 30, 2020, for the salaries and expenses of the Merit Systems Protection Board. Within the amount provided, $44,490,000 is a direct appropriation and $2,345,000 is a transfer from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund to adjudicate retirement appeals.

MORRIS K. UDALL AND STEWART L. UDALL FOUNDATION

MORRIS K. UDALL AND STEWART L. UDALL TRUST FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $1,875,000 for payment to the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Trust Fund, of which $200,000 is transferred to the Office of Inspector General of the Department of the Interior to conduct audits and investigations.

ENVIRONMENTAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION FUND

The bill provides $3,200,000 for payment to the Environmental Dispute Resolution Fund.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

OPERATING EXPENSES

The bill provides $373,000,000 for the operating expenses of the National Archives and Records Administration.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $4,823,000 for the Office of Inspector General of the National Archives and Records Administration.

REPAIRS AND RESTORATION

The bill provides $7,500,000 for repairs and restoration.

NATIONAL HISTORICAL PUBLICATIONS AND RECORDS COMMISSION

GRANTS PROGRAM

The bill provides $6,000,000 for the National Historical Publications and Records Commission grants program.

NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING LOAN FUND

The bill provides $2,000,000 for the Community Development Revolving Loan Fund.

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT ETHICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $17,019,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Government Ethics.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

The bill provides $265,655,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM). Within the amount provided, $132,172,000 is a direct appropriation and $133,483,000 is a transfer from OPM trust funds.

The bill provides $14,000,000 for OPM to improve information technology (IT) security and infrastructure.

Relocation of Human Resources Solutions (HRS).—OPM is directed to submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate (Committees) no later than 30 days after enactment of this Act that includes the budgetary implications of moving HRS to GSA and the legal authority under which it proposes to transfer the HRS function within the OPM Revolving Fund established by 5 U.S.C. 1304(e)(1) to GSA. Further, OPM is directed to provide quarterly updates to the Committees on the status of the HRS program relocation and any other OPM program and office relocations.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

The bill provides $30,265,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Inspector General. Within the amount provided, $5,000,000 is a direct appropriation and $25,265,000 is a transfer from OPM trust funds.

OFFICE OF SPECIAL COUNSEL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes $26,535,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Special Counsel.

POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $15,200,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Postal Regulatory Commission.

PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OVERSIGHT BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $5,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS REFORM BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill supports the Public Buildings Reform Board's efforts to reduce Federal real property costs by consolidating and selling underutilized and vacant Federal buildings and other civilian real property. The fiscal year 2018 budget request for the Board was $2,000,000, while the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2018 provided $5,000,000. As a result, the Board has sufficient resources to meet expected obligations in fiscal year 2019. The President has announced his intent to appoint individuals to the Board, and the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate will continue to monitor steps being taken to stand up the Board to ensure sufficient resources are available to meet program needs.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $1,674,902,000 for the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Of that amount, the bill allocates $75,081,000 for the Division of Economic and Risk Analysis, and no less than $15,206,000 for the SEC Office of Inspector General. In addition, another $37,189,000 is provided for costs associated with relocating the New York regional office. All funds are derived from $1,712,091,000 in offsetting collections, resulting in no net appropriation.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $26,000,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Selective Service System.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $267,500,000 for salaries and expenses of the Small Business Administration (SBA).

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).—In lieu of the direction included in the House and Senate reports on the NAICS, SBA is directed to report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate on the impact and feasibility of using the preceding five years of receipts to determine the average for purposes of size determination, instead of the current three years.

Federal and State Technology Partnership Program.—The bill provides $3,000,000 for the Federal and State Technology (FAST) Partnership Program in fiscal year 2019. The bill supports the FAST program's efforts to reach innovative, technology-driven small businesses and to leverage the Small Business Innovation Research and Small Business Technology Transfer program to stimulate economic development. Of the amount provided, $1,000,000 shall be for FAST awards to Small Business and Technology Development Centers fully accredited for technology designation as of December 31, 2018.

Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization's Compliance Efforts.—SBA is directed to work with Federal agencies to review each Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization's efforts to comply with the requirements under section 15(k) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(k)). SBA is directed, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate, the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate, and the Committee on Small Business of the House, a report on Federal agency compliance with the requirements under such section 15(k) and a report detailing the status of issuance by the SBA of detailed guidance for the peer review process of the Small Business Procurement Advisory Council in order to facilitate a more in depth review of Federal agency compliance with the requirements under such section 15(k).

ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

The bill provides $247,700,000 for SBA Entrepreneurial Development Programs. The SBA shall not reduce these amounts and shall not merge any of the entrepreneurial development programs without the advance written approval from the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

Program	($000)
7(j) Technical Assistance Program (Contracting Assistance)	2,800
Entrepreneurship Education	3,500
Growth Accelerators	2,000
HUBZone Program	3,000
Microloan Technical Assistance	31,000
National Women's Business Council	1,500
Native American Outreach	2,000
PRIME Technical Assistance	5,000
Regional Innovation Clusters	5,000
SCORE	11,700
Small Business Development Centers (SBDC)	131,000
State Trade Expansion Program (STEP)	18,000
Veterans Outreach	12,700
Women's Business Centers (WBC)	18,500
Total, Entrepreneurial Development Programs	247,700

Veteran Entrepreneurs.—SBA is directed, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to conduct a study on whether the provision of matchmaking services that, using data collected through outside entities such as local chambers of commerce, link veteran entrepreneurs to business leads in given industry sectors or geographic regions would enhance the existing veterans entrepreneurship programs of the Administration.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $21,900,000 for the Office of Inspector General of the Small Business Administration.

OFFICE OF ADVOCACY

The bill provides $9,120,000 for the Office of Advocacy.

BUSINESS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $159,150,000 for the Business Loans Program Account. Of the amount provided, $4,000,000 is for the cost of direct loans in the microloan program, and $155,150,000 is for administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs, which may be transferred to and merged with Salaries and Expenses. The bill provides a $30,000,000,000 cap for SBA 7(a) loans and $7,500,000,000 for 504 refinance authority.

DISASTER LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $10,000,000 for the administrative costs of the Disaster Loans Program Account.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION AND TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 530 provides transfer authority and availability of funds.

Section 531 rescinds $50,000,000 in prior year unobligated balances from the Business Loans Program Account.

Section 532 repeals section 12085 of Public Law 110–246, Expedited Disaster Loan Program.

Section 533 establishes an SBA Information Technology System Modernization and Working Capital Fund (IT WCF) that would allow not more than 3 percent of SBA funding under the Salaries and Expenses and the Business Loans Program Accounts to be transferred to the IT WCF.

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

PAYMENT TO THE POSTAL SERVICE FUND

The bill provides $55,235,000 for a payment to the Postal Service Fund.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $250,000,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

UNITED STATES TAX COURT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $51,515,000 for salaries and expenses of the United States Tax Court.

TITLE VI

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS ACT

Section 601 prohibits pay and other expenses of non-Federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

Section 602 prohibits obligations beyond the current fiscal year and prohibits transfers of funds unless expressly provided.

Section 603 limits expenditures for any consulting service through procurement contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection.

Section 604 prohibits funds in this Act from being transferred without express authority.

Section 605 prohibits the use of funds to engage in activities that would prohibit the enforcement of section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (46 Stat. 590).

Section 606 prohibits the use of funds unless the recipient agrees to comply with the Buy American Act.

Section 607 prohibits funding for any person or entity convicted of violating the Buy American Act.

Section 608 authorizes the reprogramming of funds and specifies the reprogramming procedures for agencies funded by this Act.

Section 609 ensures that 50 percent of unobligated balances may remain available for certain purposes.

Section 610 restricts the use of funds for the Executive Office of the President to request official background reports from the Federal Bureau of Investigation without the written consent of the individual who is the subject of the report.

Section 611 ensures that the cost accounting standards shall not apply with respect to a contract under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

Section 612 allows the use of certain funds relating to nonforeign area cost of living allowances.

Section 613 prohibits the expenditure of funds for abortions under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

Section 614 provides an exemption from section 613 if the life of the mother is in danger or the pregnancy is a result of an act of rape or incest.

Section 615 waives restrictions on the purchase of nondomestic articles, materials, and supplies in the case of acquisition by the Federal Government of information technology.

Section 616 is a provision on the acceptance by agencies or commissions funded by this Act, or by their officers or employees, of payment or reimbursement for travel, subsistence, or related expenses from any person or entity (or their representative) that engages in activities regulated by such agencies or commissions.

Section 617 permits the SEC and the CFTC to fund a joint advisory committee to advise on emerging regulatory issues, notwithstanding section 708 of this Act.

Section 618 requires agencies covered by this Act with independent leasing authority to consult with the GSA before seeking new office space or making alterations to existing office space.

Section 619 provides for several appropriated mandatory accounts, where authorizing language requires the payment of funds for Compensation of the President, the Judicial Retirement Funds (Judicial Officers' Retirement Fund, Judicial Survivors' Annuities Fund, and the United States Court of Federal Claims Judges' Retirement Fund), the Government Payment for Annuitants for Employee Health Benefits and Employee Life Insurance, and the Payment to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund. In addition, language is included for certain retirement, healthcare, and survivor benefits required by 3 U.S.C. 102 note.

Section 620 allows the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board to obligate funds collected in fiscal year 2019 from monetary penalties for the purpose of funding scholarships for accounting students, as authorized by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–204).

Section 621 prohibits funds for the FTC to complete the draft report on food marketed to children unless certain requirements are met.

Section 622 addresses conflicts of interest by preventing contractor security clearance-related background investigators from undertaking final Federal reviews of their own work.

Section 623 provides authority for Chief Information Officers over information technology spending.

Section 624 prohibits funds from being used in contravention of the Federal Records Act.

Section 625 relates to electronic communications.

Section 626 relates to Universal Service Fund payments for wireless providers.

Section 627 relates to inspectors general.

Section 628 relates to pornography and computer networks.

Section 629 prohibits funds for the SEC to finalize, issue, or implement any rule, regulation, or order requiring the disclosure of political contributions, contributions to tax-exempt organizations, or dues paid to trade associations in SEC filings.

Section 630 prohibits funds to pay for award or incentive fees for contractors with below satisfactory performance.

Section 631 relates to conference expenditures.

Section 632 relates to Federal travel.

Section 633 provides $2,000,000 for the Inspectors General Council Fund for expenses related to www.oversight.gov.

TITLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS—GOVERNMENT-WIDE

DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, AND CORPORATIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Section 701 requires agencies to administer a policy designed to ensure that all of its workplaces are free from the illegal use of controlled substances.

Section 702 sets specific limits on the cost of passenger vehicles purchased by the Federal Government with exceptions for police, heavy duty, electric hybrid, and clean fuels vehicles and with an exception for commercial vehicles that operate on emerging motor vehicle technology.

Section 703 allows funds made available to agencies for travel to also be used for quarters allowances and cost-of-living allowances.

Section 704 prohibits the Government, with certain specified exceptions, from employing non-U.S. citizens whose posts of duty would be in the continental United States.

Section 705 ensures that agencies will have authority to pay the GSA for space renovation and other services.

Section 706 allows agencies to use receipts from the sale of materials for acquisition, waste reduction and prevention, environmental management programs, and other Federal employee programs.

Section 707 provides that funds for administrative expenses may be used to pay rent and other service costs in the District of Columbia.

Section 708 precludes interagency financing of groups absent prior statutory approval.

Section 709 prohibits the use of appropriated funds for enforcing regulations disapproved in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

Section 710 limits the amount that can be used for redecoration of offices under certain circumstances.

Section 711 permits interagency funding of national security and emergency preparedness telecommunications initiatives, which benefit multiple Federal departments, agencies, and entities.

Section 712 requires agencies to certify that a schedule C appointment was not created solely or primarily to detail the employee to the White House.

Section 713 prohibits the use of funds to prevent Federal employees from communicating with Congress or to take disciplinary or personnel actions against employees for such communication.

Section 714 prohibits Federal training not directly related to the performance of official duties.

Section 715 prohibits the use of appropriated funds for publicity or propaganda designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress.

Section 716 prohibits the use of appropriated funds by an agency to provide home addresses of Federal employees to labor organizations, absent employee authorization or court order.

Section 717 prohibits the use of appropriated funds to provide nonpublic information such as mailing or telephone lists to any person or organization outside of the Government without approval of the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 718 prohibits the use of appropriated funds for publicity or propaganda purposes within the United States not authorized by Congress.

Section 719 directs agencies' employees to use official time in an honest effort to perform official duties.

Section 720 authorizes the use of current fiscal year funds to finance an appropriate share of the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board administrative costs.

Section 721 authorizes the transfer of funds to the GSA to finance an appropriate share of various Government-wide boards and councils under certain conditions.

Section 722 authorizes breastfeeding at any location in a Federal building or on Federal property.

Section 723 permits interagency funding of the National Science and Technology Council, and requires an OMB report on the budget and resources of the Council.

Section 724 requires identification of the Federal agencies providing Federal funds and the amount provided for all proposals, solicitations, grant applications, forms, notifications, press releases, or other publications related to the distribution of funding to a State.

Section 725 prohibits the use of funds to monitor personal information relating to the use of Federal internet sites.

Section 726 regards contraceptive coverage under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Plan.

Section 727 recognizes that the United States is committed to ensuring the health of the Olympic, Pan American, and Paralympic athletes, and supports the strict adherence to anti-doping in sport activities.

Section 728 allows departments and agencies to use official travel funds to participate in the fractional aircraft ownership pilot programs.

Section 729 prohibits funds for implementation of OPM regulations limiting detailees

to the legislative branch and placing certain limitations on the Coast Guard Congressional Fellowship program.

Section 730 restricts the use of funds for Federal law enforcement training facilities with an exception for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center.

Section 731 prohibits executive branch agencies from creating or funding prepackaged news stories that are broadcast or distributed in the United States unless specific notification conditions are met.

Section 732 prohibits funds used in contravention of the Privacy Act, section 552a of title 5, United States Code or section 522.224 of title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Section 733 prohibits funds in this or any other Act from being used for Federal contracts with inverted domestic corporations or other corporations using similar inverted structures, unless the contract preceded this Act or the Secretary grants a waiver in the interest of national security.

Section 734 requires agencies to remit to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund an amount equal to the OPM's average unit cost of processing a retirement claim for the preceding fiscal year to be available to the OPM for the cost of processing retirements of employees who separate under Voluntary Early Retirement Authority or who receive Voluntary Separation Incentive Payments.

Section 735 prohibits funds to require any entity submitting an offer for a Federal contract to disclose political contributions.

Section 736 prohibits funds for the painting of a portrait of an employee of the Federal Government including the President, the Vice President, a Member of Congress, the head of an executive branch agency, or the head of an office of the legislative branch.

Section 737 limits the pay increases of certain prevailing rate employees.

Section 738 requires reports to Inspectors General concerning expenditures for agency conferences.

Section 739 prohibits the use of funds to increase, eliminate, or reduce a program or project unless such change is made pursuant to reprogramming or transfer provisions.

Section 740 prohibits the OPM or any other agency from using funds to implement regulations changing the competitive areas under reductions-in-force for Federal employees.

Section 741 prohibits the use of funds to begin or announce a study or a public-private competition regarding the conversion to contractor performance of any function performed by civilian Federal employees pursuant to OMBudget Circular A–76 or any other administrative regulation, directive, or policy.

Section 742 ensures that contractors are not prevented from reporting waste, fraud, or abuse by signing confidentiality agreements that would prohibit such disclosure.

Section 743 prohibits the expenditure of funds for the implementation of agreements in certain nondisclosure policies unless certain provisions are included in the policies.

Section 744 prohibits funds to any corporation with certain unpaid Federal tax liabilities unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this further action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

Section 745 prohibits funds to any corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation within the preceding 24 months unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and has made a determination that this further action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

Section 746 relates to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. Given the need for transparency and accountability in the Federal budgeting process, the Bureau is directed to provide an informal, nonpublic full briefing at least annually before the relevant Appropriations subcommittee on the Bureau's finances and expenditures.

Section 747 addresses possible technical scorekeeping differences for fiscal year 2019 between the OMB and the Congressional Budget Office.

Section 748 provides adjustments in rates of basic pay for Federal employees, to be paid for by appropriations.

Section 749 limits pay increases for the Vice President and certain senior political appointees to 1.9 percent.

Section 750 declares the inapplicability of these general provisions to title IV and title VIII.

TITLE VIII

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Section 801 allows the use of local funds for making refunds or paying judgments against the District of Columbia government.

Section 802 prohibits the use of Federal funds for publicity or propaganda designed to support or defeat legislation before Congress or any State legislature.

Section 803 establishes reprogramming procedures for Federal funds.

Section 804 prohibits the use of Federal funds for the salaries and expenses of a shadow U.S. Senator or U.S. Representative.

Section 805 places restrictions on the use of District of Columbia government vehicles.

Section 806 prohibits the use of Federal funds for a petition or civil action which seeks to require voting rights for the District of Columbia in Congress.

Section 807 prohibits the use of Federal funds in this Act to distribute, for the purpose of preventing the spread of blood borne pathogens, sterile needles or syringes in any location that has been determined by local public health officials or local law enforcement authorities to be inappropriate for such distribution.

Section 808 concerns a ''conscience clause'' on legislation that pertains to contraceptive coverage by health insurance plans.

Section 809 prohibits Federal funds to enact or carry out any law, rule, or regulation to legalize or reduce penalties associated with the possession, use, or distribution of any schedule I substance under the Controlled Substances Act or any tetrahydrocannabinols derivative. In addition, section 809 prohibits Federal and local funds to enact any law, rule, or regulation to legalize or reduce penalties associated with the possession, use, or distribution of any schedule I substance under the Controlled Substances Act or any tetrahydrocannabinols derivative for recreational purposes.

Section 810 prohibits the use of funds for abortion except in the cases of rape or incest or if necessary to save the life of the mother.

Section 811 requires the CFO to submit a revised operating budget no later than 30 calendar days after the enactment of this Act for agencies the CFO certifies as requiring a reallocation in order to address unanticipated program needs.

Section 812 requires the CFO to submit a revised operating budget for the District of Columbia Public Schools, no later than 30 calendar days after the enactment of this Act, that aligns schools budgets to actual enrollment.

Section 813 allows for transfers of local funds between operating funds and capital and enterprise funds.

Section 814 prohibits the obligation of Federal funds beyond the current fiscal year and transfers of funds unless expressly provided herein.

Section 815 provides that not to exceed 50 percent of unobligated balances from Federal appropriations for salaries and expenses may remain available for certain purposes. This provision will apply to the District of Columbia Courts, the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency, and the District of Columbia Public Defender Service.

Section 816 appropriates local funds during fiscal year 2020 if there is an absence of a continuing resolution or regular appropriation for the District of Columbia. Funds are provided under the same authorities and conditions and in the same manner and extent as provided for in fiscal year 2019.

Section 817 reduces the income threshold for the District of Columbia Tuition Assistance Grant Program to $500,000 for individuals who begin a course of study in or after school year 2019–2020. The income threshold is adjusted for inflation thereafter.

Section 818 specifies that references to ''this Act'' in this title or title IV are treated as referring only to the provisions of this title and title IV.

This division may be cited as ''Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2019.''

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY					
Departmental Offices					
Salaries and Expenses	201,751	201,751	214,576	+12,825	+12,825
Office of Terrorism and Financial Intelligence	141,778	159,000	159,000	+17,222	---
Cybersecurity Enhancement Account	24,000	25,208	25,208	+1,208	---
Department-wide Systems and Capital Investments Programs	4,426	4,000	4,000	-426	---
Office of Inspector General	37,044	36,000	37,044	---	+1,044
Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration	169,634	161,113	170,250	+616	+9,137
Special Inspector General for TARP	34,000	17,500	23,000	-11,000	+5,500
Financial Crimes Enforcement Network	115,003	117,800	117,800	+2,797	---
Subtotal, Departmental Offices	727,636	722,372	750,878	+23,242	+28,506
Treasury Forfeiture Fund (rescission)	-702,000	---	-175,000	+527,000	-175,000
Total, Departmental Offices	25,636	722,372	575,878	+550,242	-146,494
Bureau of the Fiscal Service	338,280	330,837	338,280	---	+7,443
Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau	111,439	114,427	119,600	+8,161	+5,173
Community Development Financial Institutions Fund Program Account	250,000	14,000	250,000	---	+236,000
Total, Department of the Treasury, non-IRS	725,355	1,181,636	1,283,758	+558,403	+102,122

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Internal Revenue Service					
Taxpayer Services	2,506,554	2,241,000	2,491,554	-15,000	+250,554
Enforcement	4,860,000	4,628,000	4,860,000	---	+232,000
Program Integrity	---	204,643	---	---	-204,643
Subtotal	4,860,000	4,832,643	4,860,000	---	+27,357
Operations Support	3,634,000	4,155,796	3,724,000	+90,000	-431,796
Program Integrity	---	156,928	---	---	-156,928
Subtotal	3,634,000	4,312,724	3,724,000	+90,000	-588,724
Business Systems Modernization	110,000	110,000	150,000	+40,000	+40,000
General provision (sec. 112)	320,000	---	77,000	-243,000	+77,000
Total, Internal Revenue Service	11,430,554	11,496,367	11,302,554	-128,000	-193,813
Total, title I, Department of the Treasury	12,155,909	12,678,003	12,586,312	+430,403	-91,691
Appropriations	(12,857,909)	(12,316,432)	(12,761,312)	(-96,597)	(+444,880)
Rescissions	(-702,000)	---	(-175,000)	(+527,000)	(-175,000)

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE II - EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT					
The White House					
Salaries and Expenses	55,000	55,000	55,000	---	---
Executive Residence at the White House:					
Operating Expenses	12,917	13,081	13,081	+164	---
White House Repair and Restoration	750	750	750	---	---
Subtotal	13,667	13,831	13,831	+164	---
Council of Economic Advisers	4,187	4,187	4,187	---	---
National Security Council and Homeland Security Council	11,800	13,500	12,000	+200	-1,500
Office of Administration	100,000	100,000	100,000	---	---
Total, The White House	184,654	186,518	185,018	+364	-1,500
Office of Management and Budget	101,000	103,000	103,000	+2,000	---

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of National Drug Control Policy					
Salaries and Expenses	18,400	17,400	18,400	---	+1,000
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	280,000	---	280,000	---	+280,000
Other Federal Drug Control Programs	117,093	11,843	118,327	+1,234	+106,484
Total, Office of National Drug Control Policy	415,493	29,243	416,727	+1,234	+387,484
Unanticipated Needs	798	1,000	1,000	+202	---
Information Technology Oversight and Reform	19,000	25,000	28,500	+9,500	+3,500
Special Assistance to the President and Official Residence of the Vice President:					
Salaries and Expenses	4,288	4,288	4,288	---	---
Operating Expenses	302	302	302	---	---
Subtotal	4,590	4,590	4,590	---	---
Total, title II, Executive Office of the President and Funds Appropriated to the President	725,535	349,351	738,835	+13,300	+389,484

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE III - THE JUDICIARY					
Supreme Court of the United States					
Salaries and Expenses:					
Salaries of Justices	3,000	3,000	3,000	---	---
Other salaries and expenses	82,028	84,359	84,703	+2,675	+344
Subtotal	85,028	87,359	87,703	+2,675	+344
Care of the Building and Grounds	16,153	15,999	15,999	-154	---
Total, Supreme Court of the United States	101,181	103,358	103,702	+2,521	+344
United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit					
Salaries and Expenses:					
Salaries of judges	3,000	4,000	4,000	+1,000	---
Other salaries and expenses	31,291	31,274	32,016	+725	+742
Total, United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit	34,291	35,274	36,016	+1,725	+742

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
United States Court of International Trade					
Salaries and Expenses:					
Salaries of judges	1,000	2,000	2,000	+1,000	---
Other salaries and expenses	18,889	19,070	18,882	-7	-188
Total, U.S. Court of International Trade	19,889	21,070	20,882	+993	-188
Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services					
Salaries and Expenses:					
Salaries of judges and bankruptcy judges	435,000	429,000	429,000	-6,000	---
Other salaries and expenses	5,099,061	5,132,543	5,144,383	+45,322	+11,840
Subtotal	5,534,061	5,561,543	5,573,383	+39,322	+11,840
Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund	8,230	8,475	8,475	+245	---
Defender Services	1,078,713	1,141,489	1,150,450	+71,737	+8,961
Fees of Jurors and Commissioners	50,944	51,233	49,750	-1,194	-1,483
Court Security	586,999	602,309	607,110	+20,111	+4,801
Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services	7,258,947	7,365,049	7,389,168	+130,221	+24,119

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Office of the United States Courts					
Salaries and Expenses	90,423	89,867	92,413	+1,990	+2,546
Federal Judicial Center					
Salaries and Expenses	29,265	29,064	29,819	+554	+755
United States Sentencing Commission					
Salaries and Expenses	18,699	18,548	18,953	+254	+405
Total, title III, the Judiciary	7,552,695	7,662,230	7,690,953	+138,258	+28,723
(Mandatory)	(442,000)	(438,000)	(438,000)	(-4,000)	---
(Discretionary)	(7,110,695)	(7,224,230)	(7,252,953)	(+142,258)	(+28,723)

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE IV - DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA					
Federal Payment for Resident Tuition Support	40,000	---	40,000	---	+40,000
Federal Payment for Emergency Planning and Security Costs in the District of Columbia	13,000	12,000	12,000	-1,000	---
Federal Payment to the District of Columbia Courts	265,400	244,939	258,394	-7,006	+13,455
Federal Payment for Defender Services in District of Columbia Courts	49,890	46,005	46,005	-3,885	---
Federal Payment to the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia	244,298	256,724	256,724	+12,426	---
Federal Payment to the District of Columbia Public Defender Service	41,829	45,858	45,858	+4,029	---
Federal Payment to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council	2,000	1,900	2,150	+150	+250
Federal Payment for Judicial Commissions	565	565	565	---	---
Federal Payment for School Improvement	45,000	45,000	52,500	+7,500	+7,500
Federal Payment for the D.C. National Guard	435	435	435	---	---
Federal Payment for Testing and Treatment of HIV/AIDS	5,000	5,000	3,000	-2,000	-2,000
Federal Payment to the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority	14,000	---	8,000	-6,000	+8,000
Total, title IV, District of Columbia	721,417	658,426	725,631	+4,214	+67,205

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE V - OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES					
Administrative Conference of the United States	3,100	3,100	3,100	---	---
Commodity Futures Trading Commission /1	---	250,000	268,000	+268,000	+18,000
CFTC Fee Spending (legislative proposal) /1	---	31,500	---	---	-31,500
Consumer Product Safety Commission	126,000	123,450	127,000	+1,000	+3,550
Election Assistance Commission	10,100	9,200	9,200	-900	---
Election Reform Program	380,000	---	---	-380,000	---
Federal Communications Commission					
Salaries and Expenses	322,035	333,118	339,000	+16,965	+5,882
Offsetting fee collections	-322,035	-333,118	-339,000	-16,965	-5,882
Direct appropriation	---	---	---	---	---
General provision (sec. 511)	600,000	---	---	-600,000	---

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation					
Office of Inspector General (by transfer)	(39,136)	(42,982)	(42,982)	(+3,846)	---
Deposit Insurance Fund (transfer)	(-39,136)	(-42,982)	(-42,982)	(-3,846)	---
Federal Election Commission	71,250	71,250	71,250	---	---
Federal Labor Relations Authority	26,200	26,200	26,200	---	---
Federal Trade Commission					
Salaries and Expenses	306,317	309,700	309,700	+3,383	---
Offsetting fee collections (mergers)	-126,000	-136,000	-136,000	-10,000	---
Offsetting fee collections (telephone)	-16,000	-17,000	-17,000	-1,000	---
Direct appropriation	164,317	156,700	156,700	-7,617	---

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
General Services Administration					
Federal Buildings Fund					
Limitations on Availability of Revenue:					
Construction and acquisition of facilities	692,069	1,338,387	1,521,122	+829,053	+182,735
Repairs and alterations	666,335	909,746	663,219	-3,116	-246,527
Rental of space	5,493,768	5,430,345	5,418,845	-74,923	-11,500
Building operations	2,221,766	2,253,195	2,244,118	+22,352	-9,077
Installment Acquisition Payments	---	200,000	---	---	-200,000
Subtotal, Limitations on Availability of Revenue	9,073,938	10,131,673	9,847,304	+773,366	-284,369
Rental income to fund	-9,950,519	-10,131,673	-10,131,673	-181,154	---
Total, Federal Buildings Fund	-876,581	---	-284,369	+592,212	-284,369
Government-wide Policy	53,499	65,835	60,000	+6,501	-5,835
Operating Expenses	45,645	49,440	49,440	+3,795	---
Civilian Board of Contract Appeals	8,795	9,301	9,301	+506	---
Office of Inspector General	65,000	67,000	65,000	---	-2,000
Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents	4,754	4,796	4,796	+42	---
Federal Citizen Services Fund	50,000	58,400	55,000	+5,000	-3,400

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Technology Modernization Fund	100,000	210,000	25,000	-75,000	-185,000
Asset Proceeds and Space Management Fund	5,000	31,000	25,000	+20,000	-6,000
Environmental Review Improvement Fund	1,000	6,070	6,070	+5,070	---
GSA - President's Management Council Workforce Fund	---	50,000	---	---	-50,000
Total, General Services Administration	-542,888	551,842	15,238	+558,126	-536,604
Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Merit Systems Protection Board					
Salaries and Expenses	44,490	42,145	44,490	---	+2,345
Limitation on administrative expenses	2,345	2,345	2,345	---	---
Total, Merit Systems Protection Board	46,835	44,490	46,835	---	+2,345
Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation					
Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Trust Fund	1,975	1,875	1,875	-100	---
Environmental Dispute Resolution Fund	3,366	3,200	3,200	-166	---
Total, Morris K. Udall and Stewart L Udall Foundation	5,341	5,075	5,075	-266	---

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Archives and Records Administration					
Operating Expenses	384,911	365,105	373,000	-11,911	+7,895
Reduction of debt	-25,050	-27,224	-27,224	-2,174	---
Subtotal	359,861	337,881	345,776	-14,085	+7,895
Office of Inspector General	4,801	4,241	4,823	+22	+582
Repairs and Restoration	7,500	7,500	7,500	---	---
National Historical Publications and Records Commission Grants Program	6,000	---	6,000	---	+6,000
Total, National Archives and Records Administration	378,162	349,622	364,099	-14,063	+14,477
NCUA Community Development Revolving Loan Fund	2,000	---	2,000	---	+2,000
Office of Government Ethics	16,439	16,294	17,019	+580	+725

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Personnel Management					
Salaries and Expenses	129,341	132,172	132,172	+2,831	---
Limitation on administrative expenses	131,414	133,483	133,483	+2,069	---
Subtotal, Salaries and Expenses	260,755	265,655	265,655	+4,900	---
Office of Inspector General	5,000	5,000	5,000	---	---
Limitation on administrative expenses	25,000	25,265	25,265	+265	---
Subtotal, Office of Inspector General	30,000	30,265	30,265	+265	---
Total, Office of Personnel Management	290,755	295,920	295,920	+5,165	---
Office of Special Counsel	26,535	26,252	26,535	---	+283
Postal Regulatory Commission	15,200	15,100	15,200	---	+100
Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board	8,000	5,000	5,000	-3,000	---
Public Buildings Reform Board	5,000	2,000	---	-5,000	-2,000
Securities and Exchange Commission					
Salaries and Expenses	1,652,000	1,658,302	1,674,902	+22,902	+16,600
SEC NYC Regional Office	---	40,750	37,189	+37,189	-3,561
Headquarters Lease	244,507	---	---	-244,507	---
Subtotal, Securities and Exchange Commission	1,896,507	1,699,052	1,712,091	-184,416	+13,039
SEC fees	-1,896,507	-1,699,052	-1,712,091	+184,416	-13,039

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
SEC Reserve Fund (rescission)	---	-25,000	---	---	+25,000
Selective Service System	22,900	26,400	26,000	+3,100	-400
Small Business Administration					
Salaries and expenses	268,500	265,000	267,500	-1,000	+2,500
Entrepreneurial Development Programs	247,100	192,450	247,700	+600	+55,250
Office of Inspector General	19,900	21,900	21,900	+2,000	---
Office of Advocacy	9,120	9,120	9,120	---	---
Business Loans Program Account:					
Direct loans subsidy	3,438	4,000	4,000	+562	---
Guaranteed Loan Subsidy	---	-155,150	---	---	+155,150
Administrative expenses	152,782	155,150	155,150	+2,368	---
Total, Business loans program account	156,220	4,000	159,150	+2,930	+155,150
Disaster Loans Program Account:					
Administrative expenses	---	186,458	10,000	+10,000	-176,458
Total, Small Business Administration	700,840	678,928	715,370	+14,530	+36,442
General provision (rescission) (sec. 531)	-2,600	-50,000	-50,000	-47,400	---
United States Postal Service					
Payment to the Postal Service Fund	58,118	55,235	55,235	-2,883	---

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Inspector General	245,000	234,650	250,000	+5,000	+15,350
Total, United States Postal Service	303,118	289,885	305,235	+2,117	+15,350
United States Tax Court	50,740	55,563	51,515	+775	-4,048
Total, title V, Independent Agencies	2,708,344	2,958,771	2,503,491	-204,853	-455,280
Appropriations	(2,710,944)	(3,033,771)	(2,553,491)	(-157,453)	(-480,280)
Rescissions	(-2,600)	(-75,000)	(-50,000)	(-47,400)	(+25,000)
(by transfer)	(39,136)	(42,982)	(42,982)	(+3,846)	---
(Discretionary)	(2,708,344)	(2,958,771)	(2,503,491)	(-204,853)	(-455,280)

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE VI - GENERAL PROVISIONS (BILL-WIDE)					
Mandatory appropriations (sec. 619)	21,800,000	21,818,000	21,818,000	+18,000	---
PCA Oversight Board scholarships (sec. 620)	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Oversight.gov Website Enhancements (sec. 633)	---	---	2,000	+2,000	+2,000
Total, title VI, General Provisions	21,801,000	21,818,000	21,821,000	+20,000	+3,000
TITLE VII - GENERAL PROVISIONS (GOVERNMENT-WIDE)					
Government-wide transfers (sec. 737)	---	3,000,000	---	---	-3,000,000
Total, title VII, General Provisions	---	3,000,000	---	---	-3,000,000

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
BIPARTISAN BUDGET ACT OF 2018 (P.L. 115-123)					
GSA, Federal Buildings Fund (emergency)	126,951	---	---	-126,951	---
SBA, Office of Inspector General (emergency)	7,000	---	---	-7,000	---
SBA, Disaster Loans Program Account (emergency)	1,652,000	---	---	-1,652,000	---
Total, Other Appropriations (emergency)	1,785,951	---	---	-1,785,951	---
Grand total	47,450,851	49,124,781	46,066,222	-1,384,629	-3,058,559
Appropriations	(46,369,500)	(48,838,210)	(46,291,222)	(-78,278)	(-2,546,988)
Rescissions	(-704,600)	(-75,000)	(-225,000)	(+479,600)	(-150,000)
Emergency	(1,785,951)	---	---	(-1,785,951)	---
Discretionary total (non-emergency)	23,422,900	26,868,781	23,810,222	+387,322	-3,058,559

Note: FY2018 funds for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission were provided in the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration and Relaged Agences Appropriations Act, 2018

DIVISION D—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

The following statement is an explanation of the effects of Division D, which provides appropriations for the Department of the Interior, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Forest Service, the Indian Health Service, and related agencies for fiscal year 2019.

The explanatory statement accompanying this Act is approved and indicates congressional intent. Report language contained in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276 providing specific guidance to agencies regarding the administration of appropriated funds and any corresponding reporting requirements carries the same emphasis as the language included in this explanatory statement and should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary herein. This explanatory statement, while repeating some language for emphasis, is not intended to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

In cases where the House report, Senate report, or this explanatory statement direct the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. Where this explanatory statement refers to the Committees or the Committees on Appropriations, unless otherwise noted, this reference is to the House Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies and the Senate Subcommittee on Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies.

Each department and agency funded in this Act is directed to follow the directions set forth in this Act and the accompanying statement and to not reallocate resources or reorganize activities except as provided herein or otherwise approved by the House and Senate Appropriations Committees through the reprogramming process as referenced in this explanatory statement. This explanatory statement addresses only those agencies and accounts for which there is a need for greater explanation than provided in the Act itself. Funding levels for appropriations by account, program, and activity, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and the fiscal year 2019 budget request, can be found in the table at the end of this division.

Unless expressly stated otherwise, any reference to ''this Act'' or ''at the end of this statement'' shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of this division.

Arts and Humanities Advocacy.—The decades of arts and humanities advocacy by the late Rep. Louise M. Slaughter is acknowledged and appreciated. In her memory, the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities are encouraged to expand grant-making activities in a manner that honors her advocacy, especially in rural and under-served areas, so more Americans are able to benefit from the economic, social, and educational effects of the arts and humanities.

Delivery of Reports and Correspondence.—All reports, correspondence, and reprogramming requests from the agencies to the Committees shall be provided in both physical and electronic formats.

Directives.—The Department of the Interior and Forest Service are directed to continue the directions included in the explanatory statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (P.L. 115–31) relating to Vacant Grazing Allotments; State Wildlife Data; Bighorn Sheep; Land Grants, Acequias, and Community Ditches; and Public Access.

Harassment-Free Workplace.—It is the expectation that all Federal employees, especially those in leadership positions, at the agencies funded by this Act will create and maintain harassment-free workplaces and remind the agencies of the directives in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276.

Making Litigation Costs Transparent.—The Department of the Interior, EPA, and the Forest Service are directed to provide to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, and to make publicly available no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, detailed Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) fee information as specified in the explanatory statement accompanying Division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Public Law 115–31).

Multi-Agency Transparency.—Increasing transparency within all agencies of the Department of the Interior, the Forest Service, and EPA is supported. These agencies are encouraged to disclose costs associated with analyses required by the National Environmental Policy Act.

Paper Reduction Efforts.—The Department of the Interior, EPA, Forest Service, and Indian Health Service are urged to work with the Office of Management and Budget to reduce printing and reproduction costs and each agency is directed to report to the Committees within 90 days of enactment of this Act on steps being undertaken to achieve this goal and how much each agency expects to save by implementing these measures.

Recreation Fee Authority.—A one-year extension of recreation fee authority for the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service was included in Public Law 115–245.

Twenty-first Century Conservation Service Corps.—Consistent with the direction in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are expected to continue conservation partnerships with the 21st Century Conservation Service Corps and Public Lands Corps.

Water Rights.—The Department of the Interior and the Forest Service are reminded of the States' jurisdiction over water law and expect that all applicable laws will be followed when considering a request for a permit or permit renewal.

White Nose Syndrome.—The agencies funded by this Act are reminded of the directive included in Senate Report 115–276.

Land and Water Conservation Fund.—The bill includes $435,000,000 derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) for programs consistent with chapter 2003 of title 54 of the United States Code, as identified in the table below.

	FY 2018 Enacted	Budget Request	This Bill
Land and Water Conservation Fund	$425,000,000	−$12,867,000	$435,000,000
State, Local and Forest Legacy Programs	224,731,000	0	237,293,000
National Park Service State Assistance	124,006,000	0	124,006,000
Coop. Endangered Species Conservation Fund	19,638,000	0	30,800,000
American Battlefield Protection Act	10,000,000	0	10,000,000
Highlands Conservation Act	10,000,000	0	20,000,000
Forest Legacy Program	67,025,000	0	63,990,000
Rescission	−5,938,000	−4,000,000	−1,503,000
Federal Land Acquisition	200,269,000	−8,867,000	187,707,000
Bureau of Land Management	24,916,000	3,392,000	28,316,000
Fish and Wildlife Service	53,839,000	11,953,000	45,189,000
National Park Service	46,935,000	8,788,000	34,438,000
Forest Service	64,337,000	0	72,564,000
Department of the Interior Valuation Services	10,242,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
Rescissions	0	−42,000,000	−1,800,000

The agencies are expected to move forward with all projects specifically identified and funded through this bill; to utilize funding in a timely manner; and to seek congressional approval for reprogramming unobligated balances if applicable. It is expected that the agencies will provide timely information on project status and available balances. Agencies are directed to continue their longstanding process of identifying and prioritizing potential Federal land acquisition projects in anticipation of program appropriations as consistent with previous years. Within 30 days of the submission of the fiscal year 2020 budget or by March 1, 2019, whichever comes first, each agency is directed to submit to the Committees a prioritized list of projects for fiscal year 2020 consideration.

Increasing access to our public lands for hunting, fishing, and other recreational activities is important and this bill includes funding for these projects. The agencies are expected to work with their respective regions, State offices, and/or management units to identify potential recreation access projects and to inform the Committees on project selections prior to proceeding.

REPROGRAMMING GUIDELINES

The following are the procedures governing reprogramming actions for programs and activities funded in the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act. The agencies funded in this Act are reminded that these reprogramming guidelines are in effect, and must be complied with, until such time as the Committees modify them through bill or report language.

Definitions.—''Reprogramming,'' as defined in these procedures, includes the reallocation of funds from one budget activity, budget line-item, or program area, to another within any appropriation funded in this Act. In cases where either the House or Senate Committee report displays an allocation of an appropriation below that level, that more detailed level shall be the basis for reprogramming.

For construction, land acquisition, and forest legacy accounts, a reprogramming constitutes the reallocation of funds, including unobligated balances, from one construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project to another such project.

A reprogramming shall also consist of any significant departure from the program described in the agency's budget justifications. This includes proposed reorganizations, especially those of significant national or regional importance, even without a change in funding. Any change to the organization table presented in the budget justification shall be subject to this requirement.

The agencies funded by this Act have indicated that they are currently working to implement Executive Order 13781, a Comprehensive Plan for Reorganizing the Executive Branch, and have included in the fiscal year 2019 budget request a number of significant reorganization proposals for the Committees' consideration. There have been reports that agencies funded by this Act may be weighing additional organizational changes during the remainder of this fiscal year. Agencies are reminded that this bill continues longstanding General Guidelines for Reprogramming that require agencies funded by this Act to submit reorganization proposals for Committee review prior to their implementation. It is noted that such reprogramming guidelines apply to proposed reorganizations, workforce restructure, reshaping or transfer of functions presented in the budget justifications, or bureau-wide downsizing, especially those of significant national or regional importance, and include closures, consolidations, and relocations of offices, facilities, and laboratories presented in the budget justifications. In addition, no agency shall implement any part of a reorganization that modifies regional or State boundaries for agencies or bureaus that were in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act unless approved consistent with the General Guidelines for Reprogramming procedures specified herein. Any such reprogramming request submitted to the Committees on Appropriations shall include a description of anticipated benefits, including anticipated efficiencies and cost-savings, as well as a description of anticipated personnel impacts and funding changes anticipated to implement the proposal.

General Guidelines for Reprogramming.—

(a) A reprogramming should be made only when an unforeseen situation arises, and then only if postponement of the project or the activity until the next appropriation year would result in actual loss or damage.

(b) Any project or activity, which may be deferred through reprogramming, shall not later be accomplished by means of further reprogramming, but instead, funds should again be sought for the deferred project or activity through the regular appropriations process.

(c) Except under the most urgent situations, reprogramming should not be employed to initiate new programs or increase allocations specifically denied or limited by Congress, or to decrease allocations specifically increased by the Congress.

(d) Reprogramming proposals submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations for approval shall be considered approved 30 calendar days after receipt if the Committees have posed no objection. However, agencies will be expected to extend the approval deadline if specifically requested by either Committee.

Criteria and Exceptions.—A reprogramming must be submitted to the Committees in writing prior to implementation if it exceeds $1,000,000 annually or results in an increase or decrease of more than 10 percent annually in affected programs or projects, whichever amount is less, with the following exceptions:

(a) With regard to the tribal priority allocations of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and Bureau of Indian Education (BIE), there is no restriction on reprogrammings among these programs. However, the Bureaus shall report on all reprogrammings made during a given fiscal year no later than 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

(b) With regard to the EPA, reprogramming requests associated with the States and Tribes Partnership Grants, or up to a cumulative total of $30,000,000 from carryover balances among the individual program areas delineated in the Environmental Programs and Management account are not required. No funds, however, shall be reallocated from individual Geographic Programs.

Assessments.—''Assessment'' as defined in these procedures shall refer to any charges, reserves, or holdbacks applied to a budget activity or budget line item for costs associated with general agency administrative costs, overhead costs, working capital expenses, or contingencies.

(a) No assessment shall be levied against any program, budget activity, subactivity, budget line item, or project funded by the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act unless such assessment and the basis therefor are presented to the Committees on Appropriations in the budget justifications and are subsequently approved by the Committees. The explanation for any assessment in the budget justification shall show the amount of the assessment, the activities assessed, and the purpose of the funds.

(b) Proposed changes to estimated assessments, as such estimates were presented in annual budget justifications, shall be submitted through the reprogramming process and shall be subject to the same dollar and reporting criteria as any other reprogramming.

(c) Each agency or bureau which utilizes assessments shall submit an annual report to the Committees which provides details on the use of all funds assessed from any other budget activity, line item, subactivity, or project.

(d) In no case shall contingency funds or assessments be used to finance projects and activities disapproved or limited by Congress, or to finance programs or activities that could be foreseen and included in the normal budget review process.

(e) New programs requested in the budget should not be initiated before enactment of the bill without notification to, and the approval of, the Committees on Appropriations. This restriction applies to all such actions regardless of whether a formal reprogramming of funds is required to begin the program.

Quarterly Reports.—All reprogrammings between budget activities, budget line-items, program areas, or the more detailed activity levels shown in this explanatory statement, including those below the monetary thresholds established above, shall be reported to the Committees within 60 days of the end of each quarter and shall include cumulative totals for each budget activity, budget line item, or construction, land acquisition, or forest legacy project.

Land Acquisitions, Easements, and Forest Legacy.—Lands shall not be acquired for more than the approved appraised value (as addressed in section 301(3) of Public Law 91–646), unless such acquisitions are submitted to the Committees on Appropriations for approval in compliance with these procedures.

Land Exchanges.—Land exchanges, wherein the estimated value of the Federal lands to be exchanged is greater than $1,000,000, shall not be consummated until the Committees have had a 30-day period in which to examine the proposed exchange. In addition, the Committees shall be provided advance notification of exchanges valued between $500,000 and $1,000,000.

Budget Structure.—The budget activity or line item structure for any agency appropriation account shall not be altered without advance approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

Bureau of Land Management Directives.—The Bureau is reminded of the importance of the directives included in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276 not addressed herein, as well as the new directives in this explanatory statement, including the front matter. The innovative use of technology to improve the timeliness and accuracy of permitting decisions is supported and the Bureau is directed to provide a report within 90 days of enactment as directed by House Report 115–765. The direction related to Chaco Canyon included in Senate Report 115–276 is reiterated.

Management of Lands and Resources (MLR).—The bill provides $1,198,000,000 for MLR. Within this amount, the Colorado Basin Salinity Control Program is funded at $2,000,000. Unless noted herein, the bill does not accept the proposed funding decreases; specific funding allocation information is located at the end of this explanatory statement.

MLR Budget Restructuring.—The Bureau's request to restructure several budget line items to increase efficiency in the delivery of programs is accepted. In fiscal year 2019, Soil, Water and Air Management moves into Rangeland Management. Riparian Management moves into Wildlife and Aquatic Habitat Management. Within the new Wildlife and Aquatic Management budget line item, the specific funding for Threatened and Endangered Species is maintained to ensure transparency of funding for these activities and it is expected these changes will improve the Bureau's ability to report expenditures and performance as required by the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The proposal to consolidate Hazardous Materials and Abandoned Mine Lands is also accepted.

Budget Restructuring Report Requirement.—It is expected that the restructuring will improve program delivery and provide better on-the-ground results for Burea-managed lands and direct the Bureau to provide a report with evidence of this improvement within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Wild Horse and Burro Management.—The bill provides $80,555,000 for wild horse and burro management. The financial and political challenges of controlling wild horse and burro populations are fully recognized and it is noted that significant management changes need to be made within the near future in order to control costs, improve range conditions, and humanely manage wild horse and burro populations. As such, appreciation for the Bureau's April 26, 2018, report titled ''Management Options for a Sustainable Wild Horse and Burro Program'' is noted, but it is believed that additional analysis is needed as directed by House Report 115–765. This analysis should be provided to Congress no later than 180 days after enactment of this Act. The Bureau is expected to continue evaluating its internal policies, procedures, and regulations to reduce costs and administrative burdens, as well as researching and developing appropriate, humane protocols for fertility control methods, including sterilization, and improve its contracting for off-range holdings. It is incumbent upon the Bureau to request the funding necessary to address this growing problem; better management of this program now will result in fewer dollars necessary in the future to restore the lands that wild horses, burros, and other wildlife depend upon. Therefore, the Bureau is expected to include in its fiscal year 2020 budget request a proposal that outlines its proposed strategy and the funding necessary for implementation, including anticipated out-year estimates. Current prohibitions on destruction and sale authority contained in the bill are continued.

LAND ACQUISITION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $28,316,000 for Land Acquisition and includes a rescission of

$1,800,000 from previously appropriated Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings funding. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. It is understood that projects on that list, such as the Upper Snake/South Fork River Special Recreation Management Area, meet the criteria for recreational access funding and should receive full consideration from the amounts included for recreational access. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project		This Bill
ID	Little Salmon River Recreation Area		$800,000
MT	Everson Bench		400,000
CO	Gold Belt Access		2,400,000
CA	Headwaters National Forest Reserve		1,500,000
WY	Fortification Creek Wilderness Study Area		100,000
AL	Rebel Road		400,000
UT	Red Cliffs National Conservation Area		4,000,000
ID	Ridge to Rivers		300,000
NM	Sabinoso Area of Critical Environmental Concern		600,000
CA	Sand to Snow National Monument		1,000,000
NM	Fort Stanto-Snowy River Cave National Conservation Area		1,900,000
CA	Elkhorn Ridge		400,000
WY	Sheep Mountain ACEC		1,500,000
CO	Dolores River		400,000
	Subtotal, Line Item Projects		15,700,000
		Budget Request	This Bill
	Acquisition Management	1,996,000	2,000,000
	Recreational Access	0	9,000,000
	Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	1,396,000	1,616,000
	Rescission of Funds	−10,000,000	−1,800,000
	Total, BLM Land Acquisition	−6,608,000	−26,516,000

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

The bill provides $106,985,000 for Oregon and California Grant Lands to be distributed as displayed in the funding allocation table at the end of this explanatory statement.

RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

The bill provides $10,000,000 to be derived from public lands receipts and Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act lands grazing receipts.

SERVICE CHARGES, DEPOSITS, AND FORFEITURES

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be $25,850,000 for Service Charges, Deposits, and Forfeitures.

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation estimated to be $24,000,000 for Miscellaneous Trust Funds.

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The bill provides $1,292,078,000 for Resource Management. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below or in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. For this and all other Service accounts funded in this bill, the Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Planning and Consultation.—The bill includes $3,000,000 to avoid permitting delays and to achieve compliance with other statutes, which should be apportioned in accordance with workload needs nationwide rather than by region. In addition, $4,000,000 is provided for Gulf Coast Restoration activities to ensure that the Service has the resources necessary to avoid delays in projects related to the Deepwater Horizon incident. This is consistent with the amount provided in fiscal year 2018. Because substantial resources are provided to the Service for Gulf Coast Restoration, the Service is expected to move forward with project reviews in a timely manner.

Lesser Prairie Chicken.—There is concern that by listing the lesser prairie chicken (LPC) under the ESA in spite of the unprecedented level of voluntary conservation efforts in the habitat area, the Service significantly reduced the incentive for stakeholders to pursue future initiatives to preserve the LPC and other species. It is noted that if the listing of a species is viewed as inevitable, stakeholders lose the incentive to invest in private, voluntary conservation efforts. Therefore, the Service is directed to collaborate with local and regional stakeholders on improving voluntary solutions to conserve the species with the goal of avoiding the necessity of listing the LPC under the ESA.

Recovery.—The bill includes: a $2,000,000 general program increase; $1,000,000 to implement the Prescott Grant Program as authorized by section 408(e) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1421f–1(e)); and $6,000,000 for Recovery Challenge matching grants to enhance and increase partnerships with agencies and organizations implementing highest priority recovery actions as prescribed in recovery plans, and in particular for genetically-sound breeding, rearing, and reintroduction programs. Longstanding partnerships, including for the northern aplomado falcon, California condor, and Steller's eider, should be funded at not less than $2,500,000, and partner contributions should be not less than their current amounts. The remaining funds should be dedicated to new partnerships and should require a 50:50 match, which may include in-kind services. Unless an affected State is a partner on the project, none of the funds may be awarded to a project until the project partners have consulted with such State. The Service is expected to explore entering into an agreement with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (NFWF) for the purpose of administering the program and leveraging the funds with corporate and nonprofit contributions, in full consultation with the Service, and to brief the Committee within 60 days of enactment of this Act. None of the funds may be used for indirect costs.

Five-Year Reviews.—The Service is directed to complete all five-year reviews within the period required by law, and, for any determination on the basis of such review whether a species should be delisted, downlisted, or uplisted, promulgate an associated regulation and complete the rulemaking process prior to initiating the next status review for such species.

Gray Wolf.—The Service's recent commitment to work closely with Federal, State, Tribal and local partners to assess the currently listed gray wolf entities in the Lower 48 States using the best available scientific information, and if appropriate, to publish a proposal to revise the wolf's status in the Federal Register by the end of the calendar year, is recognized.

Grizzly Bear.—The Service is directed to work with ranchers, conservation groups, local governments, and other local partners to reduce conflicts between grizzly bears and livestock. These efforts should draw upon lessons learned with the Wolf Livestock Loss Demonstration Program to improve conservation outcomes while limiting effects to agricultural producers. Not less than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and for a duration of not less than 90 days, the Service and the National Park Service are directed to re-open the public comment period regarding the draft environmental impact statement with proposed alternatives for the restoration of grizzly bears to the North Cascades Ecosystem. Any member of the public in attendance at any of the associated public forums and wishing to voice their opinion must be afforded the opportunity to do so.

Preble's Meadow Jumping Mouse.—The Service is urged to address consultations and permitting of public and private projects related to the Preble's meadow jumping mouse as one of the highest priorities.

Marbled Murrelet.—There is concern that the draft Long Term Conservation Strategy for the marbled murrelet is focused primarily on inland nesting habitat when more than 90 percent of the life cycle of this species is spent in the marine environment. It is also recognized that while the relationship between nesting habitat and marbled murrelet abundance is well documented, there is comparatively little known about factors linked to the marine environment, including environmental conditions, prey availability and bycatch mortality, that may be contributing to recent population declines in Washington, Oregon, and California. Therefore, the Service is urged to partner with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to pursue additional studies to determine the full range of factors linked to the marine environment that may affect marbled murrelet populations and to develop a comprehensive set of recommendations to address those factors. In addition, the Service is directed to work collaboratively with local communities, elected officials, and other stakeholders in the development of the final Long Term Conservation Strategy for the marbled murrelet.

National Wildlife Refuge System.—The bill includes a general program increase of $1,000,000 for Wildlife and Habitat Management, and the Service is encouraged to prioritize invasive species eradication activities. The subsistence program is continued

at $2,835,000. In addition, $55,000,000 is provided for Refuge Maintenance Support.

Refuge Law Enforcement.—Adequate refuge law enforcement is critical to protect our natural resources, staff, and more than 53 million visitors at refuges. The Service should request adequate funding so no refuge is without law enforcement at any time.

Trapping on Refuges.—The Service website includes information on trapping on refuges at https://www.fws.gov/refuges/visitors/trapping.html and has instituted signage at those refuges. Trapping information for individual refuges can be found on their web pages under Resource Management.

Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is expected to follow the directive from fiscal year 2018 that prohibits a caribou hunt on Kagalaska Island and efforts to remove cattle on Chirikof and Wosnesenski Islands in the State of Alaska.

Urban Wildlife Refuges.—Funding has been provided to continue the Urban Wildlife Refuge Partnership program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and to support efforts to promote conservation in urban areas.

Green River National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is reminded of the direction included in Senate Report 115–276 to establish the Green River National Wildlife Refuge.

Rio Mora National Wildlife Refuge.—The Service is expected to continue to support staffing and educational programming at Rio Mora National Wildlife Refuge and to continue dialogue with nonprofit and Tribal partners on the Service's plan for long-term operations of the refuge. The Service shall brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act on the status of the operations plan.

Migratory Bird Management.—The bill provides $3,237,000 as requested for aviation management, which is transferred to the General Operations activity to more accurately reflect the program's responsibilities across the Service.

Law Enforcement.—The bill includes $2,000,000 for combating violations of the Indian Arts and Crafts Act, and the Service is directed to brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act on the proposed distribution of the funds.

International Affairs.—The bill provides $15,816,000 for International Affairs with the expectation that the Service will spend above the fiscal year 2018 enacted funding level for Wildlife Trafficking. Arctic Council Support is continued at $550,000.

National Fish Hatchery System Operations.—The bill provides $4,000,000 for Klamath Basin Restoration Agreement activities, of which at least $3,500,000 is to support rearing and population monitoring, and of which $3,000,000 is transferred from Habitat Assessment and Restoration. None of the funds may be used to terminate operations or to close any facility of the National Fish Hatchery System. None of the production programs listed in the March 2013 National Fish Hatchery System Strategic Hatchery and Workforce Planning Report may be reduced or terminated without advance, informal consultation with affected States and Tribes.

Aquatic Habitat and Species Conservation.—The bill includes $6,000,000 to implement the Delaware River Basin Conservation Act, $9,554,000 for the subsistence program, and $500,000 for the Lake Champlain sea lamprey program.

Asian Carp.—The importance of the work conducted by the Service to combat the serious threat of Asian carp is recognized and $11,000,000 is provided for Asian carp activities, of which $2,000,000 is for contract fishing and deterrents to extirpate Asian carp, including grass carp. Funding should be used to control Asian carp in the Mississippi and Ohio River Basins, including in Kentucky Lake, Lake Barkley, Tennessee river systems, and the Ohio River, and to prevent Asian carp from entering and establishing in the Great Lakes. The Service should consider the utility of creating a dedicated funding source to increase the intensity and geographic scope of efforts to prevent entry into the Great Lakes.

Cooperative Landscape Conservation.—The bill provides $12,500,000 for Cooperative Landscape Conservation to support partnerships of Federal, State, Tribal, and other organizations to develop shared conservation priorities as outlined in the congressional budget justifications provided to the Committees on Appropriations. Any deviation from that justification must be transparent and officially presented to the Committees on Appropriations, and there must be opportunities for public review and comment before any changes are instituted. Funding for Gulf Coast Restoration is continued at $1,000,000.

General Operations.—The bill includes $5,516,000 for annual maintenance needs of the National Conservation Training Center (NCTC).

CONSTRUCTION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $55,613,000 for Construction, including $39,873,000 for the backlog of deferred maintenance principally at national fish hatcheries and national wildlife refuges, and rescinds $1,500,000 from prior year unobligated balances, of which $300,000 was made available by Public Law 111–8. The Service is directed to provide a spend plan to the Committees within 120 days of enactment of this Act for the deferred maintenance funding. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. For line-item construction, the Service is expected to follow the project priority list in the table below. When a construction project is completed or terminated and appropriated funds remain, the Service may use those balances to respond to unforeseen reconstruction, replacement, or repair of facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by storms, floods, fires, and similar unanticipated events.

State	Refuge, Hatchery, or Other Unit	Budget Request	This Bill
IL	Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (NWR)	$1,000,000	$1,000,000
AK	Alaska Maritime NWR	2,675,000	2,675,000
NM	Valle de Oro NWR	1,000,000	1,000,000
MI	Pendills Creek National Fish Hatchery (NFH)	700,000	700,000
N/A	Branch of Dam Safety (Newly acquired dams)	250,000	250,000
N/A	Branch of Dam Safety (Seismic safety)	200,000	200,000
TX	San Marcos Aquatic Resources Center	1,608,000	1,608,000
AZ	Alchesay NFH	150,000	150,000
N/A	Information Resources & Technology Management	250,000	250,000
AK	Yukon Delta NWR	400,000	400,000
MI	Sullivan Creek NFH	60,000	60,000

LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides $65,189,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

In a time when budgetary constraints allow for only a limited number of new land acquisition projects, the Committees are encouraged by programs that leverage public/private partnerships for land conservation like the Highlands Conservation Act, which has a record of more than a 2 to 1 ratio in non-Federal matching funds. Therefore, the bill includes $20,000,000 for the Highlands Conservation Act Grants and the Service is directed to work with the Highlands States regarding priority projects for fiscal year 2019.

Revised bill language is included that provides appropriations for land acquisition and removes unnecessary language regarding the use of funding for Highlands Conservation Act activities. The language included in this bill provides sufficient authority to enable the use of funds appropriated in the Service's land acquisition account to meet the requirements of the Highlands Conservation Act (P.L. 108–421).

State	Project	This Bill
MT	Montana National Wildlife Refuges and Conservation Areas	$4,000,000
FL	Everglades Headwaters NWR and CA	2,000,000
SD	Dakota Grassland Conservation Area	4,000,000
AR	Cache River NWR	3,100,000
MD	Blackwater NWR	1,000,000
IA/MN	Northern Tallgrass Prairie NWR	500,000
FL	St. Marks NWR	2,000,000
ID/UT/WY	Bear River Watershed CA	1,500,000
TX	Laguna Atascosa NWR	1,000,000
CO/NM	San Luis Valley CA	2,000,000
CT/MA/ NH/ VT	Silvio O. Conte NF&WR	1,000,000
NJ	Edwin B. Forsythe NWR	500,000
	Subtotal, Line Item Projects	22,600,000

	Budget Request	This Bill
Acquisition Management	9,615,000	12,773,000
Recreational Access	0	2,500,000
Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	1,641,000	5,351,000
Exchanges	697,000	1,500,000
Land Protection Planning	0	465,000
Highlands Conservation Act Grants	0	20,000,000
Rescission of Funds	−5,000,000	0
Total, FWS Land Acquisition	6,953,000	65,189,000

COOPERATIVE ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $53,495,000 to carry out section 6 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, of which $22,695,000 is to be derived from the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund and $30,800,000 is to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. In addition, the bill includes a rescission of $7,500,000 from unobligated balances of appropriations made prior to fiscal year 2014 for HCP Planning Assistance and Grants to States.

NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE FUND

The bill provides $13,228,000 for payments to counties from the National Wildlife Refuge Fund.

NORTH AMERICAN WETLANDS CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides $42,000,000 for the North American Wetlands Conservation Fund.

NEOTROPICAL MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides $3,910,000 for the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Fund.

MULTINATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND

The bill provides $11,561,000 for the Multinational Species Conservation Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

STATE AND TRIBAL WILDLIFE GRANTS

The bill provides $64,571,000 for State and Tribal Wildlife Grants. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

The bill provides $2,502,711,000 for the Operation of the National Park System. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels, unless otherwise specified below.

For this and all other Service accounts funded in this bill, the Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, unless otherwise specified below. The Service is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, an operating plan for the Operation of the National Park System appropriation that includes any necessary adjustments to the amounts provided to maintain park operations of all units budgeted in the fiscal year 2019 request. Such plan shall be subject to the reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Resource Stewardship.—The bill includes: $3,000,000 for zebra mussel and quagga mussel containment, prevention, and enforcement; $10,032,000 for Everglades restoration; $1,500,000 to continue landscape restoration at newly authorized national parks, as provided by Public Law 114–113; and a total of $800,000 to continue cave and karst ecosystem research.

Visitor Services.—The bill rejects all of the reductions proposed in the budget request. The Service is reminded of the directive in House Report 115–765 with regard to maintaining fiscal year 2018 funding levels.

Park Protection.—The bill does not include a one-time increase provided in fiscal year 2018 for the replacement of Park Police aircraft. Annual funding related to new aircraft is provided under Park Support and includes a program increase of $1,200,000 to return the Service to a standard aircraft replacement cycle.

Facility Operations and Maintenance.—The bill includes $135,980,000 for repair and rehabilitation projects and $151,575,000 for cyclic maintenance.

Park Support.—The bill includes $10,535,000 of increases requested in the budget addendum, including: $6,225,000 for additional park rangers; $830,000 for increased law enforcement training costs; $1,200,000 for the U.S. Park Police helicopter replacement; $1,300,000 for public health officers; $150,000 for unmanned aircraft services expertise; $400,000 for Katahdin Woods and Waters; $965,000 for new parks such as Ste. Genevieve, Birmingham Civil Rights, and Freedom Riders; and $400,000 for Captain John Smith National Heritage Trail to manage the new land acquisition of Werowocomoco. The bill also includes $500,000 for the Semiquincentennial Commission to be expended in accordance with the United States Semiquincentennial Commission Act of 2016. Funding for the Roosevelt-Campobello International Park is maintained at the fiscal year 2018 level. Funding requested for the agency's reorganization efforts is provided subject to the guidance included at the front of this explanatory statement.

It is noted there are concerns regarding the Service's current inventory of hand-held equipment supporting global positioning systems. These systems are at end-of-life and have operating systems that are no longer supported by the developer. The Service is directed to brief the Committees on these issues within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

External Administrative Costs.—The bill includes $184,925,000 for external administrative costs, including required fixed costs.

Quagga and Zebra Mussel Control.—Concern remains about the spread of quagga and zebra mussels in the West and $3,000,000 is provided for continued containment, prevention, and enforcement efforts, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Blackstone River Valley National Historical Park.—The bill includes requested funding for the Blackstone River Valley National Historical Park with the expectation that the Service will continue to make funds available to the local coordinating entity to maintain staffing and capacity to assist in management of the park as authorized in Public Law 113–291.

Captain John Smith National Historic Trail.—There is strong disagreement with the Service's decision to proceed with management changes that affect the Service's Chesapeake Bay Office, the Captain John Smith Chesapeake National Historic Trail, and the Werowocomoco site despite congressional concerns. The Service is directed to produce the report required by Senate Report 115–276 that details the Service's legal authorities to make the change and the steps it plans to take to ensure that the management changes do not weaken the Service's commitment to Chesapeake Bay Program partnerships.

Denali National Park Road.—There is particular concern regarding the condition of the Denali National Park road and the Service is directed to follow the guidance contained in Senate Report 115–276 concerning the road.

Everglades Restoration.—The progress made toward restoration of the Everglades ecosystem is noted and support is continued for this multi-year effort to preserve one of the great ecological treasures of the United States.

Oklahoma City National Memorial & Museum.—The Service's submission of the report required by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 concerning Federal funds allocated for the Oklahoma City Memorial is acknowledged. The Service should continue to work with all interested stakeholders to determine options for providing the fully authorized level of $5,000,000 for the memorial.

Point Reyes National Seashore.—It is noted that multi-generational ranching and dairying is important both ecologically and economically for the Point Reyes National Seashore and the surrounding community. These historic activities are also fully consistent with Congress's intent for the management of Point Reyes National Seashore. There is awareness that the Service is conducting a public process to comply with a multi-party settlement agreement that includes the preparation of an environmental impact statement to study the effects of dairying and ranching on the park. The inclusion of alternatives that continue ranching and dairying is strongly supported, including the Service's Initial Proposal to allow existing ranch families to continue ranching and dairying operations under agricultural lease/permits with 20-year terms, and expect the Service to make every effort to finalize a General Management Plan Amendment that continues these historic activities.

Trestles Historic District.—It is recognized that Trestles Beach plays a vital role in the training and readiness of the United States Marine Corps and note that amendments to the National Historic Preservation Act included in National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114–289) modified the nomination and approval process for the listing of Federal properties on the National Register of Historic Places. It is also noted that the Department has taken the position that it does not have jurisdiction to hear an appeal alleging a failure of the Department of the Navy to nominate the Trestles Historic District to the National Register and do not expect the Department to take any further action on this issue.

NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

The bill provides $64,138,000 for national recreation and preservation programs and includes the following additional instructions.

Heritage Partnership Program.—The bill includes $20,321,000 for the Heritage Partnership Program. Individual heritage areas are encouraged to develop plans for long-term sufficiency. The Alliance of National Heritage Areas is commended, in response to congressional direction, for developing an allocation model that maintains core services of more established areas while proposing additional resources to newer areas. This progress is noted and the Service is directed to work with heritage areas to further develop consensus toward a sustainable funding distribution. As this effort continues, the Service is expected to distribute funds in the same manner as fiscal year 2017 with the increase above the enacted level to be equally distributed to Tier I areas or Tier 2 areas currently receiving the minimum funding levels of $150,000 and $300,000 respectively.

Natural Programs.—The bill maintains funding for Natural Programs, including the Chesapeake Gateways and Trails program and Rivers, Trails, and Conservation, at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Cultural Programs.—The bill includes $25,562,000 for cultural programs, an increase of $500,000 above the enacted level. The increase above the enacted level is provided pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 4451(b) for grants to nonprofit organizations or institutions for the purpose of supporting programs for Native Hawaiian or Alaska Native culture and arts development at a total program level of $1,000,000 to be utilized consistent with the

direction outlined in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141. This program is a good example of a multi-state, multi-organizational collaboration as envisioned under the American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Culture and Art Development Act. Other cultural programs, including grants to preserve and interpret Japanese American Confinement Sites, are continued at their fiscal year 2018 levels.

Grants Administration.—The bill does not include the proposed transfer of grants administration to cultural programs as proposed in the request.

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Grants.—The bill supports the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Grant Program and maintains funding at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

American Battlefield Protection Program Assistance Grants.—Funding is provided at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The importance of public-private partnerships to maintain the preservation of America's battlefields is recognized and the Service is urged to give priority to projects with broad partner support. The timely review and processing of grants continues to be encouraged.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

The bill provides $102,660,000 for the Historic Preservation Fund. Within this amount, $49,675,000 is provided for grants to States and $11,735,000 is provided for grants to Tribes. The bill also includes $15,250,000 for competitive grants, of which $750,000 is for grants to underserved communities and $14,500,000 is for competitive grants to document, interpret, and preserve historical sites associated with the Civil Rights Movement. The bill also includes $8,000,000 for competitive grants to Historically Black Colleges and Universities and $13,000,000 for the Save America's Treasures competitive grant program for the preservation of nationally significant sites, structures, and artifacts.

The bill continues $5,000,000 for preservation grants to revitalize historic properties of national, State, and local significance in order to restore, protect, and foster economic development of rural villages and downtown areas. Grants shall be made available to States, local governments, Tribes, or community or statewide non-profit organizations for the purpose of making sub-grants to eligible projects. Priority shall be given to applicants with a demonstrated capacity for allocating similar awards for preservation of such sites. To ensure that limited funds are targeted in the most effective manner, it is recommended that the Service give priority to applicants that cap their administrative costs at no more than five percent. The Service shall confer with the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations prior to finalizing a grant announcement for these funds and shall distribute grants expeditiously.

CONSTRUCTION

The bill provides $364,704,000 for Construction and includes a general program increase of $127,151,000 above the request to address longstanding deferred maintenance and major construction related requirements of the Service. The Service is directed to provide, no later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, an operating plan for the allocation of funds, including Line Item Construction projects. Requests for reprogramming will be considered pursuant to the guidelines included at the beginning of this explanatory statement. No funds are provided for project number 16, entitled ''Rehabilitate Historic Main Parade Ground Barracks'' at the Fort Vancouver National Historic Site. It has been indicated that the proposed project is intended as part of a future plan to relocate the Service's Pacific West Regional Office from its current location in California. However, the budget request does not indicate any such plans, and the Department subsequently implemented new regional boundaries for the Service as of August, 2018. Therefore, it is premature to fund this project during fiscal year 2019. It is further noted with concern that the Service decided to move the current regional office without first consulting stakeholders and Congress. The Service is reminded that major organizational proposals like this should be disclosed as part of the annual budget proposal so that Congress and the public have the opportunity to vet them.

Gustavus Intertie, Glacier NP.—The Service is directed to consult regularly with the City of Gustavus as it issues the RFP, prospectus, and design/build contracts for the intertie at Glacier Bay National Park.

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

The bill provides $168,444,000 for Land Acquisition and State Assistance. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project	This Bill
LA	Jean Lafitte National Historical Park and Preserve.	$1,456,000
AL	Little River Canyon National Preserve	985,000
WY	Grand Teton National Park	5,250,000
VA	Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park.	1,556,000
TN	Obed Wild and Scenic River	962,000
NC/SC/TN/VA	Overmountain Victory National Historic Trail	185,000
AR	Buffalo National River	246,000
MI	Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore	2,308,000
KY, TN	Big South Fork National River & Recreation Area.	398,000
MD	Antietam National Battlefield	557,000
	Subtotal, Line Item Projects	13,903,000

	Budget Request	This Bill
Acquisition Management	8,788,000	9,679,000
Recreational Access	0	2,000,000
Emergencies, Hardships, Relocations, and Deficiencies	0	3,928,000
Inholdings, Donations, and Exchanges	0	4,928,000
American Battlefield Protection Program	0	10,000,000
Rescission of Funds	−10,000,000	0
Total, NPS Land Acquisition	−1,212,000	44,438,000
Assistance to States:		
State conservation grants (formula)	0	100,000,000
State conservation grants (competitive)	0	20,000,000
Administrative expenses	0	4,006,000
Total, Assistance to States	0	124,006,000
Total, NPS Land Acquisition and State Assistance	−1,212,000	168,444,000

CENTENNIAL CHALLENGE

The bill provides $20,000,000 for the Centennial Challenge matching grant program. The program provides dedicated Federal funding to leverage partnerships for signature projects and programs for the national park system. The Service is expected to use these funds to address projects that have a deferred maintenance component in order to alleviate the sizeable deferred maintenance backlog within the national park system. A one-to-one match is required for projects to qualify for these funds. The Service is urged to give preference to projects that demonstrate additional leveraging capacity from its partners. From amounts in the Centennial Challenge account, the Department is encouraged to make $5,000,000 available for critical programs and projects, pursuant to 54 U.S.C. 1011 Subchapter II, subject to terms and conditions outlined in Title VI of Public Law 114–289. It is noted that amounts appropriated for the Centennial Challenge are now supplemented by additional mandatory revenues from sales of Federal Recreational Lands Senior Passes, as authorized by the National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114–289).

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

The bill provides $1,160,596,000 for Surveys, Investigations, and Research of the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS, or the Survey). The detailed allocation of funding by program area and activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The Survey is reminded of the guidance and reporting requirements contained in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276 that should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary herein, as explained in the front matter of this explanatory statement.

Ecosystems.—The bill provides $156,882,000, including a $2,000,000 reduction for land and water management research activities within the status and trends and fisheries program subactivities. The Survey provides critical scientific research and data to land and water managers in priority landscapes such as the Arctic, Puget Sound, California Bay Delta, Everglades, Great Lakes, Columbia River, and the Chesapeake Bay, and this work is expected to continue at the enacted levels. The bill includes $8,800,000 to maintain the current funding level at the Great Lakes Science Center.

The bill maintains the Senate funding level and direction on white nose syndrome, as well as $300,000 for whooping crane research and $200,000 for research on coral disease.

The bill includes $7,600,000 for Asian carp, of which a total of $2,000,000 is for research on containing and eradicating grass carp.

The bill provides a $1,000,000 increase for Cooperative Research Unit (CRUs) vacancies, including $250,000 for research as directed in Senate Report 115–276.

The bill includes $500,000 for the continued research transferred from curation activities.

Land Resources.—The bill provides $158,299,000 for the Land Resources program. Within these funds, Landsat 9 is fully funded at $32,000,000 and the AmericaView State grant program receives $1,215,000. The bill continues funding for the eight regional science centers at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health.—The bill provides $111,736,000 for Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health, with $9,598,000 included for the new critical mapping initiative, Three Dimensional mapping, and Economic Empowerment Program. The bill includes $3,800,000 for the implementation of Secretarial Order 3352 and the Survey is encouraged to continue to work on the U.S. domestic mineral base survey, which would be a complementary tool for the new critical minerals initiative. The Survey is reminded to follow the Senate direction on mapping in the Arctic mineral belt.

The bill includes $100,000 within funds for Mineral Resources to develop a map showing pyrrhotite occurrences across the United States.

The bill provides $12,598,000 for toxic substances hydrology with increased funding to understand cyanobacteria and toxins in stream and wetland ecosystems and to expedite the development and deployment of remote sensing tools to assist with early event warning. It is also directed that $200,000 be used for activities to better understand mechanisms that result in toxins being present in harmful algal blooms.

Natural Hazards.—The bill provides $166,258,000 for the Natural Hazards Program, including $83,403,000 for earthquake hazards. Within this funding, $16,100,000 is provided for continued development of an earthquake early warning (EEW) system and $5,000,000 is provided for capital costs associated with the buildout of the EEW. Additionally, $5,000,000 is provided for Advanced National Seismic System (ANSS) infrastructure and $1,200,000 is provided to address base staffing needs necessary to support the ANSS.

The Committees have not yet received an updated Technical Implementation Plan for the ShakeAlert Production System, including revised cost estimates and timelines, as directed in the statement accompanying P.L. 115–141. Completion and review of this report is encouraged and its receipt is expected as quickly as practicable.

The bill includes the continuation of the $800,000 for the Central and Eastern U.S. Seismic Network (CEUSN). The bill also continues the $1,000,000 for regional seismic networks and the Survey is expected to allocate funds according to the same methodology used in fiscal year 2018. The bill includes $2,000,000 for the Earthscope USArray project.

Within volcano hazards, the bill provides $1,540,000 for operations at high-threat volcanoes as a result of the one-time infrastructure funding provided in fiscal year 2018; $1,000,000 for next generation lahar detection operations; and a total of $3,145,000 for new next-generation lahar detection system infrastructure on very high-threat volcanoes.

Water Resources.—The bill provides $226,308,000 for Water Resources, with $61,746,000 directed to activities associated with the Cooperative Matching Funds, including a $1,000,000 increase for integrated water assessments and a $819,000 increase for harmful algal bloom work as directed in House Report 115–765. The bill maintains funding at the enacted level for the Mississippi River Alluvial Plain, the U.S.—Mexico aquifer project, and shallow and fractured bedrock terrain.

The bill includes $10,000,000 in streamgage infrastructure investments, with a total of $8,500,000 for deployment and operation of NextGen water observing equipment and $1,500,000 for streamgages on transboundary rivers. The bill maintains funding for the streamgage on the Unuk River at $120,000.

The groundwater monitoring network is to be maintained at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Core Science Systems.—The bill provides $117,902,000 for Core Science Systems, which includes an increase of $1,500,000 for 3D Elevation Program (3DEP) National Enhancement and a total of $7,722,000 for Alaska Mapping and Map Modernization. The bill includes $16,580,000 for the US Topo program to continue shifting map production toward dynamic product-on-demand mapping.

It is understood there are multiple advanced lidar technologies and the Survey is encouraged to utilize advanced technologies as long as such technology is in accordance with the Survey's guidelines.

Facilities.—The bill includes $120,383,000 for facilities, deferred maintenance, and capital improvement. Within these amounts, $12,454,000 is included for the Menlo Park facility transition. The infrastructure funding provided in fiscal year 2018 for deferred maintenance has been continued. Of the amount provided, $4,800,000 shall be available for interim office and laboratory space, equipment, and other needs due to the destruction of the Hawaiian Volcano Observatory and the continuing volcanic activity at Kilauea.

BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT

OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT

The bill provides $179,266,000 for Ocean Energy Management to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts and cost recovery fees totaling $49,816,000, for a net discretionary appropriation of $129,450,000. The following additional guidance is included:

Five-year lease plan.—The request for the Bureau's efforts to initiate a new five year offshore leasing program is fully funded, and the Bureau is encouraged to conduct an expeditious and thorough review.

Offshore Revenues.—The Department is directed to distribute revenues from Gulf of Mexico operations in a manner consistent with the Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act of 2006 (P.L. 109–432).

Offshore Wind Energy Development.—It is understood that the Bureau is continuing to work in North Carolina with local stakeholders, industry, and State task forces, and that there will be no lease sales for offshore areas in North Carolina during fiscal year 2019.

Renewable Energy.—The Bureau should continue to follow the direction under this heading in Senate Report 115–276 concerning offshore wind energy and working cooperatively with the Department of Energy and coastal States.

BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT

OFFSHORE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT

The bill provides $187,240,000 for Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement to be partially offset with the collection of rental receipts, cost recovery fees, and inspection fees totaling $65,889,000 for a net discretionary appropriation of $121,351,000.

OIL SPILL RESEARCH

The bill provides $14,899,000 for Oil Spill Research.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides $115,804,000 for the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE) Regulation and Technology account and includes $2,300,000 in the form of grant payments to States preparing to assume primacy. Regulatory grants shall be funded at $70,890,000, with $68,590,000, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level, provided in the bill. OSMRE is directed to apply $2,300,000 in fiscal year 2018 carryover to the State regulatory grant program to maintain fiscal year 2018 funding levels for States with primacy.

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

The bill provides $139,672,000 for the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund. Of the funds provided, $24,672,000 shall be derived from the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund and $115,000,000 shall be derived from the General Fund.The $115,000,000 in grants to States and Indian tribes for the reclamation of abandoned mine lands in conjunction with economic and community development and reuse goals shall be distributed in accordance with the same goals, intent, and direction as in fiscal year 2018.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $2,414,577,000 for Operation of Indian Programs. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels, except for requested fixed cost increases and transfers, or unless otherwise specified below. For this and all other Bureau accounts funded in this bill, Indian Affairs is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division. Indian Affairs is reminded of the importance of meeting reporting requirement deadlines so that the Committees can properly evaluate programs. Failure to do so could negatively impact future budgets.

Tribal Government.—The bill provides $320,973,000 for Tribal government programs, and includes $2,000,000 to improve the condition of unpaved roads and bridges used by school buses transporting students. Funds to implement the Native American Tourism Improvement and Visitor Experience Act of 2016 continue at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Human Services.—The bill provides $161,416,000 for human services programs and includes $300,000 to support women and children's shelters that are serving the needs of multiple Tribes or Alaska Native Villages in the areas served by the Tiwahe pilot sites.

Trust-Natural Resources Management.—The bill provides $206,870,000 for natural resources management programs, including a $500,000 program increase for forestry Tribal priority allocations. The bill provides $1,500,000 to implement section 7(b) of Public Law 102–495, the Elwha River Ecosystem and Fisheries Act, and the Bureau is directed to follow the related guidance contained in House Report 115–765.

It is understood that the Pacific Salmon Commission is close to reaching an agreement to amend Annex IV of the Pacific Salmon Treaty to replace management terms that expired on December 31, 2018; therefore, the Bureau is directed to report back within 90 days of enactment of this Act with a detailed cost estimate of the responsibilities under the Pacific Salmon Treaty and, specifically, Annex IV of the Treaty as proposed to be amended.

Trust—Real Estate Services.—The bill provides $130,680,000 for real estate services, of which $1,500,000 is for rights protection litigation support and $450,000 is for certification of historical places and cultural sites, including Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.

Bureau of Indian Education.—The bill includes $904,557,000 for the Bureau of Indian Education and partially retains and redistributes a one-time forward funding increase provided in fiscal year 2018. A program increase of $1,000,000 is included for Tribal colleges and universities. Tribal grant support costs continue to be fully funded. Within education program enhancements, funding for Native language immersion grants continues at the fiscal year 2018 level of $2,000,000.

There is awareness of the Department's efforts to pursue alternative financing options to address the significant need for replacement school construction at Bureau of Indian Education funded schools and an increase of $2,000,000 is included within Facility Operations to implement a pilot program to meet these needs. Before obligating these funds, the Department shall provide an expenditure plan for these funds to the Committees that includes details regarding how these funds will be used in fiscal year 2019, potential out-year impacts and demand for the program, and additional recommendations for legislative authority or other considerations for future program management.

Public Safety and Justice.—The bill provides $411,517,000 for public safety and justice programs, of which: $1,000,000 is to implement the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act; $8,250,000 is for patrol officers in areas hit hardest by the opioid epidemic; $3,033,000 is to reduce recidivism

through the Tiwahe initiative; $2,000,000 is for Tribal detention facility staffing needs, including addressing the needs of newly funded Tribal detention facilities; $13,000,000 is to address the needs of Tribes affected by Public Law 83–280; and $2,000,000 is to implement the Violence Against Women Act for both training and specific Tribal court needs.

Community and Economic Development.—The bill provides $47,579,000 for community and economic development programs, including $3,400,000 to implement the Native American Tourism Improvement and Visitor Experience Act of 2016 and $1,000,000 for the modernization of oil and gas records.

A program increase of $1,000,000 is included for the Office of Indian Energy and Economic Development to provide assistance to Tribes to enhance economic development and improve access to private financing of development projects. The Office should assist with feasibility studies and provide technical assistance to Tribes to establish commercial codes, courts and other business structures. Further, the Office should undertake efforts to build Tribal capacity to lease Tribal lands and manage economic and energy resource development. Finally, the Office should explore opportunities to foster incubators of Tribal-owned and other Native American-owned businesses. The Office is expected to track accomplishments for each of these purposes and to report them annually in its budget justification.

Executive Direction and Administrative Services.—The bill includes $230,985,000 for executive direction and administrative services, of which: $10,155,000 is for Assistant Secretary Support; $20,251,000 is for Executive Direction; and $48,019,000 is for Administrative Services.

Tribal Sovereignty.—It is understood that the authorizing committees of jurisdiction are actively working to expeditiously address issues raised by 25 U.S.C. section 251. The Bureau is expected to work cooperatively with Tribes and the relevant committees on such efforts.

CONTRACT SUPPORT COSTS

The bill provides an indefinite appropriation for contract support costs, consistent with fiscal year 2018 and estimated to be $247,000,000.

CONSTRUCTION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $358,719,000 for Construction. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 levels except for requested fixed cost increases and transfers, or unless otherwise specified below.

Education Construction.—The bill provides $238,250,000 for schools and related facilities within the Bureau of Indian Education system and includes the following: $105,504,000 for replacement school campus construction; $23,935,000 for replacement facility construction; $13,576,000 for employee housing repair; and $95,235,000 for facilities improvement and repair.

Public Safety and Justice Construction.—The bill provides $35,310,000 for public safety and justice construction and includes the following: $18,000,000 for facilities replacement and new construction program; $4,494,000 for employee housing; $9,372,000 for facilities improvement and repair; $170,000 for fire safety coordination; and $3,274,000 for fire protection.

Resources Management Construction.—The bill provides $71,231,000 for resources management construction programs and includes the following: $28,695,000 for irrigation project construction, of which $10,000,000 is for projects authorized by the WIIN Act; $2,605,000 for engineering and supervision; $1,016,000 for survey and design; $650,000 for Federal power compliance; and $38,265,000 for dam safety and maintenance. The Bureau is directed to report back to the Committees on Appropriations within 90 days of enactment of this Act outlining the execution strategy for those funds provided under section 3211 of the WIIN Act (P.L. 114–322).

Other Program Construction.—The bill provides $13,928,000 for other programs and includes the following: $1,419,000 for telecommunications, including $300,000 to improve officer safety by eliminating radio communications dead zones; $3,919,000 for facilities and quarters; and $8,590,000 for program management, including $2,634,000 to continue the project at Fort Peck.

INDIAN LAND AND WATER CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO INDIANS

The bill provides $50,057,000 for Indian Land and Water Claims Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians, ensuring that Indian Affairs will meet the statutory deadlines of all authorized settlement agreements to date. The detailed allocation of funding by settlement is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

INDIAN GUARANTEED LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides $10,779,000 for the Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account to facilitate business investments in Indian Country.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $124,673,000 for Departmental Offices, Office of the Secretary, Departmental Operations. Programs are expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276. The bill maintains the staff and funding associated with the office of Native Hawaiian Relations in the office of the Assistant Secretary for Policy, Management and Budget. The bill provides funding for the Alyce Spotted Bear and Walter Soboleff Commission on Native Children.

Department of the Interior Reorganization.—It is noted that the Department moved forward with the first phase of its planned reorganization on August 22, 2018, when it established new regional boundaries for all of its bureaus except for those which fall under the leadership of the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs. Recognizing that many of the specific details of the reorganization are still in development, it is reiterated that the Department must develop a concrete plan for how it will reshape its essential functions, taking into account its relationships with the Tribes, State and local governments, private and nonprofit partners, the public, and the Department's workforce. Transparency must be an essential element of the reorganization process, and the Department is expected to continue engaging external stakeholders and conducting robust Tribal consultation as it develops its expected organizational changes.

The commitment of Departmental leadership, through an exchange of formal letters, to regularly consult with the Committees throughout the ongoing reorganization process and to adhere to the reprogramming guidelines set forth in the explanatory statement accompanying this Act, which require the Department to submit certain organizational changes for Committee review, including workforce restructure, reshaping, or transfer of functions is appreciated. It is also noted that the bill includes a total of $14,100,000 in new funding to implement the reorganization within the budgets of the Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Park Service, U.S. Geological Survey, and Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Department is expected to provide a report on the planned use of these funds to the Committees 30 days prior to obligating these funds.

Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT).—The bill includes funding for PILT for fiscal year 2019 in Section 116 of Title I General Provisions.

ANSEP.—There is awareness that the Alaska Native Science & Engineering Program (ANSEP) at the University of Alaska Anchorage would like to become a ''Designated Partner Organization'' under the Direct Hire Authority for Resource Assistant Internship Program, as identified in the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2012; PL 112–74; H.R. 2055 Division E Title I Section 121; 16 U.S.C. 1725(a), and the Department is encouraged to facilitate this partnership.

Volcanic Eruption.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on all Department facilities damaged by a volcanic eruption covered by a Presidential Disaster Declaration made in calendar year 2018. The report shall include: (1) an inventory of all Department facilities that were damaged; (2) a full description of facilities closures, and the estimated impact on visitation to National Park Service facilities; and (3) a plan to restore or replace damaged facilities and restore historic visitation levels which includes associated cost estimates. In preparing the plan, the Secretary shall engage with the host community, including State and local governments. The Secretary is also encouraged to consider collocating damaged U.S. Geological Survey facilities in a lower risk area as part of the plan.

INSULAR AFFAIRS

ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES

The bill provides $100,688,000 for Assistance to Territories. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

The Department is reminded of the directives contained in Senate Report 115–276 regarding U.S. Virgin Islands Hurricane Impacts, American Samoa, compact impact, and civic education programs for Insular Area students.

COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

The bill provides $3,413,000 for Compact of Free Association, $123,774,000 below the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and $304,000 above the budget request. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (P.L. 115–141) provided $123,824,000 in necessary funds to finalize the 2010 Compact Review Agreement with Palau and bring it into force. A detailed table of funding recommendations below the account level is provided at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $65,674,000 for the Office of the Solicitor. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $52,486,000 for the Office of Inspector General. The detailed allocation of funding is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL TRUSTEE FOR AMERICAN INDIANS

FEDERAL TRUST PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $111,540,000 for the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians and includes the requested transfer to the

Office of Valuation for Appraisal Services. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS

WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of $941,211,000 for Department of the Interior Wildland Fire Management. Of the funds provided, $388,135,000 is for suppression operations, which fully funds wildland fire suppression at the 10-year average, and $189,000,000 is for fuels management activities. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

CENTRAL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FUND

The billl provides $10,010,000 for the Central Hazardous Materials Fund.

NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION

NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT FUND

The bill provides $7,767,000 for the Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund. The detailed allocation of funding by activity is included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The bill provides $55,735,000 for the Department of the Interior, Working Capital Fund. Funds previously appropriated for the Service First initiative that are available for obligation as of the date of enactment of this Act should be utilized for needs identified in the fiscal year 2019 budget request.

OFFICE OF NATURAL RESOURCES REVENUE

The bill provides $137,505,000 for the Office of Natural Resources Revenue.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill includes various legislative provisions affecting the Department in Title I of the bill, ''General Provisions, Department of the Interior.'' The provisions are:

Section 101 provides Secretarial authority for the intra-bureau transfer of program funds for expenditures in cases of emergencies when all other emergency funds are exhausted.

Section 102 provides for the Department-wide expenditure or transfer of funds by the Secretary in the event of actual or potential emergencies including forest fires, range fires, earthquakes, floods, volcanic eruptions, storms, oil spills, grasshopper and Mormon cricket outbreaks, and surface mine reclamation emergencies.

Section 103 provides for the use of appropriated funds by the Secretary for contracts, rental cars and aircraft, telephone expenses, and other certain services.

Section 104 provides for the expenditure or transfer of funds from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education, and the Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians, for Indian trust management and reform activities.

Section 105 permits the redistribution of Tribal priority allocation and Tribal base funds to alleviate funding inequities.

Section 106 authorizes the acquisition of lands for the purpose of operating and maintaining facilities that support visitors to Ellis, Governors, and Liberty Islands.

Section 107 continues Outer Continental Shelf inspection fees to be collected by the Secretary of the Interior.

Section 108 authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to continue the reorganization of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation, and Enforcement in conformance with Committee reprogramming guidelines.

Section 109 provides the Secretary of the Interior with authority to enter into multi-year cooperative agreements with non-profit organizations for long-term care of wild horses and burros.

Section 110 addresses the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's responsibilities for mass marking of salmonid stocks.

Section 111 allows the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Bureau of Indian Education to more efficiently and effectively perform reimbursable work.

Section 112 addresses the humane transfer of excess wild horses and burros.

Section 113 provides for the establishment of a Department of the Interior Experienced Services Program.

Section 114 extends the authority for the Secretary to accept public and private contributions for the orderly development and exploration of Outer Continental Shelf resources.

Section 115 retitles the Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore and re-designates the Paul H. Douglas Trail.

Section 116 provides funding for the Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT) program.

Section 117 provides a technical correction.

Section 118 provides for the designation of the Peter B. Webster III Memorial Area.

Section 119 requires funds to be available for obligation and expenditure not later than 60 days after the date of enactment.

Section 120 addresses the issuance of rules for sage-grouse.

TITLE II—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The bill provides $8,058,488,000 for the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The bill does not support reductions proposed in the budget request unless explicitly noted in the explanatory statement.

Congressional Budget Justification.—The Agency is directed to continue to include the information requested in House Report 112–331 and any proposals to change State allocation formulas that affect the distribution of appropriated funds in future budget justifications.

Reprogramming and Workforce Reshaping.—The bill does not include any of the requested funds for workforce reshaping. Further, it is expected that the Agency will not consolidate or close any regional offices in fiscal year 2019. The Agency is held to the reprogramming limitation of $1,000,000 and should continue to follow the reprogramming directives as provided in the front of this explanatory statement. It is noted that such reprogramming directives apply to proposed reorganizations, workforce restructure, reshaping, transfer of functions, or downsizing, especially those of significant national or regional importance, and include closures, consolidations, and relocations of offices, facilities, and laboratories.

Further, the Agency may not use any amount of de-obligated funds to initiate a new program, office, or initiative, without the prior approval of the Committees. Within 30 days of enactment of this Act, the Agency is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations its annual operating plan for fiscal year 2019, which shall detail how the Agency plans to allocate funds at the program project level.

Other.—It is noted that the current workforce is below the prior year levels, therefore, the bill includes rescissions in the Science and Technology and Environmental Programs and Management accounts that capture expected savings associated with such changes. The Agency is directed to apply the rescissions to reflect efficiency savings in a manner that seeks, to the extent practicable, to be proportional among program project areas. Amounts provided in this Act are sufficient to fully fund Agency payroll estimates, and the Agency's fiscal year 2019 FTE target is expected to be no less than the fiscal year 2018 levels. It is understood that the Agency routinely makes funding payroll requirements a top priority and it is expected that the Agency will continue to do so as it executes its fiscal year 2019 appropriation and applies the rescissions.

It is not expected that the Agency will undertake adverse personnel actions or incentive programs to comply with the rescissions, nor is it expected that the Agency will undertake large-scale adverse personnel actions or incentive programs in fiscal year 2019. As specified in the bill language, the rescissions shall not apply to the Geographic Programs, the National Estuary Program, and the National Priorities funding in the Science and Technology and Environmental Programs and Management accounts. The Agency is directed to submit, as part of the operating plan, details on the application of such rescissions at the program project level.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

For Science and Technology programs, the bill provides $717,723,000 to be partially offset by a $11,250,000 rescission for a net discretionary appropriation of $706,473,000. The bill transfers $15,496,000 from the Hazardous Substance Superfund account to this account. The bill provides the following specific funding levels and direction:

Indoor Air and Radiation.—The bill provides $5,997,000 and funding for the radon program is maintained at not less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Research: Air and Energy.—The bill provides $94,906,000 for Research: Air and Energy. The Agency is directed to allocate up to $3,000,000 to continue supporting the Partnership Research as outlined in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141. This jointly funded, multi-year government-industry research initiative should be used to produce credible science of national scope on such development, including review of existing exposure and health studies already underway, and future research. The Agency is encouraged to submit a report updating the Committees on the implementation of this partnership within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

Research: Chemical Safety and Sustainability.—The bill provides $126,930,000 for Research: Chemical Safety and Sustainability. Following guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141 and House Report 115–765, EPA also is directed to include advancement of methods to better separately evaluate chemical hazards and exposures and that take into consideration harm to potentially exposed and susceptible subpopulations.

Research: National Priorities.—The bill provides $5,000,000, which shall be used for extramural research grants, independent of the Science to Achieve Results (STAR) grant program, to fund high-priority water quality and availability research by not-for-profit organizations that often partner with the Agency. The Agency shall continue to allocate the grants in accordance with the direction provided in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141.

Additional Guidance.—The following additional guidance is included:

Alternatives Testing.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in House Report 115–765 and to ensure that any future plans identify and address potential barriers or limitations on the use of alternative test methods, particularly as they relate to susceptible populations.

Enhanced Aquifer Use.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance

contained in Senate Report 114–281 in addition to the guidance contained in House Report 115–765 directing the Agency to coordinate with other Federal research efforts in this area.

Harmful Algal Blooms.—It is recognized that there are increasing challenges many communities face from harmful algal blooms (HABs) in freshwater and coastal ecosystems. The Agency is encouraged to fund research grants that help promote scientific progress towards preventing and controlling HABs, including research to: (1) determine the effectiveness of existing nutrient treatment technologies; (2) evaluate the scale-up of emerging nutrient treatment technologies and develop new technologies; and (3) develop best management practices to help both rural and urban communities control nutrients in their watersheds. Additionally, $5,000,000 is made available to investigate health effects from exposure to HABs and cyanobacteria toxins and to develop methods to monitor, characterize, and predict blooms for early action.

STAR Grants.—The bill provides funds to continue the Science to Achieve Results (STAR) program, and the Agency is directed to distribute grants consistent with fiscal year 2018.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS AND MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

For Environmental Programs and Management, the bill provides $2,658,200,000 to be partially offset by a $60,201,000 rescission for a net discretionary appropriation of $2,597,999,000. The bill provides the following specific funding levels and direction:

Clean Air.—The bill provides $273,108,000 for Clean Air. There is continued support for the EnergySTAR program for both appliances and buildings at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level and the proposed shift to fee-based funding, is not recommended. There is concern that litigation over non-compliance of voluntary EnergySTAR efficiency standards, which can be the result of a standard that has changed, may lead some participants to avoid participating in the program. There is Committees also awareness of the need for products carrying the EnergySTAR label to achieve the required efficiency levels to best benefit consumers. The Agency is directed to evaluate how the Agency may balance these interests to ensure that the EnergySTAR program is both fair to voluntary participants and reliable for consumers and to report back to the Committees within 180 days of the enactment of this Act. The bill also funds both program areas related to stratospheric ozone at not less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Environmental Protection: National Priorities.—The bill provides $15,000,000 for a competitive grant program for qualified nonprofit organizations, excluding institutions of higher education, to provide technical assistance for improved water quality or safe drinking water and adequate waste water to small systems or individual private well owners. The Agency shall provide $12,300,000 for Grassroots Rural and Small Community Water Systems Assistance Act, for activities specified under section 1442(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–1(e)(8)). The Agency also is directed to provide $1,700,000 for grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations for technical assistance for individual private well owners, with priority given to organizations that currently provide technical and educational assistance to individual private well owners. The Agency is directed to provide, on a national and multi-State regional basis, $1,000,000 for grants to qualified organizations for the sole purpose of providing on-site training and technical assistance for wastewater systems. The Agency shall require each grantee to provide a minimum 10 percent match, including in-kind contributions. The Agency is directed to allocate funds to grantees within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Concern remains that the Agency made a decision to put out a multi-year Request for Applications for fiscal year 2017 and 2018 without the expressed approval of the Committees. The Agency is directed to obtain approval from the Committees for any similar activity in the future.

Geographic Programs.—The bill provides $456,958,000, as described in the table at the end of this division, and includes the following direction:

Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.—The bill provides $300,000,000. The Agency shall continue to follow the direction as provided in House Report 112–589 and in Senate Report 115–276 related to the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.

Chesapeake Bay.—The bill provides $73,000,000 for the Chesapeake Bay program. From within the amount provided, $6,000,000 is for nutrient and sediment removal grants and $6,000,000 is for small watershed grants to control polluted runoff from urban, suburban, and agricultural lands.

Gulf of Mexico.—The bill provides $14,542,000 for the Gulf of Mexico Geographic Program where hypoxia is a growing cause for concern. The Agency is directed to coordinate with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Gulf States, and State, local, and private partners to leverage additional resources for conservation projects on working lands within the Gulf Region and Mississippi River Basin. The Agency is directed to distribute funds in the same manner as fiscal year 2018.

Lake Champlain.—The bill provides $11,000,000 for the Lake Champlain program. From within the amount provided, $4,399,000 shall be allocated in the same manner as fiscal year 2017. Funds appropriated above $4,399,000 shall be for otherwise unmet needs necessary to implement the EPA's 2016 Phosphorus Total Maximum Daily Load Plan for Lake Champlain for projects and work identified in the State implementation plan.

Puget Sound.—The bill provides $28,000,000. The Agency shall follow the direction under this heading in House Report 115–765.

Northwest Forest Program.—The bill maintains funding to support the Northwest Forest program at not less than the fiscal year 2018 funding level.

South Florida Program.—The bill provides $3,204,000 for the South Florida program, an increase of $1,500,000 above the enacted level. Within the increase, the bill provides $500,000 to monitor coral health in South Florida; $500,000 to enhance water quality and seagrass monitoring in the Caloosahatchee Estuary and Indian River Lagoon, especially with respect to assessing the impact of Lake Okeechobee discharges; and $500,000 to enhance water quality and seagrass monitoring in Florida Bay and Biscayne Bay, especially with respect to assessing the impact of Everglades Restoration projects.

Columbia River Basin Restoration Program.—The bill provides $1,000,000 for the purpose of commencing implementation of the Columbia River Basin Restoration Program, which was authorized in Public Law 114–322.

Indoor Air and Radiation.—The bill maintains funding for the radon program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. Funds have been included for the Radiation Protection and Reduce Risks from Indoor Air programs.

Information Exchange/Outreach.—The bill includes funding for Tribal capacity building equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The Agency is directed to use environmental education funds for the smart skin care program, similar to prior years. The bill also provides for the Small Minority Business Assistance program to be continued.

International Programs.—The bill provides $15,400,000 for International Programs, which includes funds for the U.S.-Mexico Border program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.—The bill provides $112,377,000, an increase of $3,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. Of the funds provided under this section, not less than $8,000,0000 should be allocated for the purpose of developing and implementing a Federal permit program for the regulation of coal combustion residuals in nonparticipating States, as authorized under section 4005(d)(2)(B) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6945(d)(2)(B)).

Additionally, the bill continues the Waste Minimization and Recycling program and have provided $1,000,000 to help public entities demonstrate community anaerobic digester applications to municipal solid waste streams and farm needs, such as capturing excess phosphorus.

Toxics Risk Review and Prevention.—The bill provides $92,521,000 for toxics risk review and prevention activities and maintains funding for the Pollution Prevention program and the Lead Risk Reduction program.

Water: Ecosystems.—The bill provides $47,788,000. Within the amount provided, $26,723,000 has been provided for National Estuary Program (NEP) grants as authorized by section 320 of the Clean Water Act. This amount is sufficient to provide each of the 28 national estuaries in the program with a grant of at least $600,000.

Further, in the Administrative Provisions section, the bill directs that $1,000,000 in competitive grants be made available for additional projects and encourage the Agency to work in consultation with the NEP directors to identify worthy projects and activities. In particular, the Agency is encouraged to utilize a portion of these funds to address harmful algal blooms along the Gulf Coast of Florida.

Water Quality Protection.—The bill provides $210,917,000 for Water Quality Protection and maintains funding for the WaterSENSE program and the Urban Waters program at the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. In addition, an increase of $500,000 is provided for the Agency to carry out the Clean Watershed Needs Survey. The Agency is expected to request annual funding for the Clean Watershed Needs Survey and the Drinking Water Infrastructure Needs Survey, alternating fiscal years as appropriate.

Additional Guidance.—The following additional guidance is included:

Chesapeake Bay.—The Agency is encouraged to maintain a cooperative relationship with relevant States to ensure best practices are used to promote the continued health and preservation of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed.

Community Affordability Study.—There is concern about the Environmental Protection Agency's continued emphasis on the metric of 2 percent of median house income for determining community affordability and encourage the Agency to continue ongoing efforts to publish a new affordability methodology for use in updating all relevant EPA guidance.

Diesel Generators in Remote Alaska Villages.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141.

Exempt Aquifers.—For fiscal year 2019, it is anticipated that the Agency will continue to receive exempt aquifer applications from the

State of California for processing and approval. Support continues for protecting underground sources of drinking water and promoting robust economic development. Accordingly, the Agency is urged to work expeditiously to process exempt aquifer applications and use the existing regulatory framework to process these applications as provided in House Report 114–170 and House Report 114–632.

Fish Grinding.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141.

Great Lakes Advisory Board.—The Agency is encouraged to reestablish the Great Lakes Advisory Board without significantly restructuring the member composition or objectives of the Great Lakes Advisory Board, as described in the Great Lakes Advisory Board charter dated June 13, 2016. If the Advisory Board is not reestablished within 60 days of enactment this Act, the Agency shall provide the House and Senate Interior Appropriations Subcommittees with a report that explains the reason for the delay and a timeline for reestablishing the Advisory Board.

IG Recommendations on Flint Water Crisis.—The Agency is directed to implement the recommendations described in the report of the Office of Inspector General of the Environmental Protection Agency entitled ''Management Weakness Delayed Response to Flint Water Crisis'', numbered 18–P–0221, and dated July 19, 2018, to ensure clean and safe water compliance under the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.). If the Agency does not implement one or more of such recommendations, it is required to submit to the Committees on Appropriations and Environment and Public Works of the Senate and the Committees on Appropriations and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report explaining why the Agency did not implement the recommendation, as well as identifying specific actions the Agency is implementing to address the concerns raised in the report.

Lead and Other Hazardous Materials.—The Agency is directed to follow directives included in Senate Report 115–276 regarding standards for the identification of lead hazards. In addition, within 180 days after enactment, the Comptroller General of the United States shall issue a report on efforts by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and EPA relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials. The report must include: (1) a description of direct removal efforts by HUD and EPA; (2) a description of education provided by HUD and EPA to other Federal agencies, local governments, communities, recipients of grants made by either entity, and the general public relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials; (3) a description of assistance received from other Federal agencies relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials; and (4) any best practices developed or provided by HUD and EPA relating to the removal of lead-based paint and other hazardous materials.

Pesticide Registration Improvement Act.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in Senate Report 115–276.

PFOA/PFAS.—There is awareness that the Agency has announced plans to take the next step under the Safe Drinking Water Act process to evaluate the need for a maximum contaminant level for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances. This action is supported and the Agency is urged to act expeditiously on this matter. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees within 60 days of enactment of this Act about its plans for this action.

Regulation of Groundwater.—The Agency is directed to continue following the guidance contained in the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141. It is reiterated that, since enactment in 1972, the Clean Water Act (CWA) has regulated effects to navigable waters, while regulation of groundwater has remained outside of the Act's jurisdiction. Instead, legislative history surrounding the CWA indicates that Congress intended for groundwater pollution to be regulated through the CWA's nonpoint source program and other Federal and State laws.

Small Refinery Relief.—The directive contained in Senate Report 114–281 related to small refinery relief is continued. The Agency is reminded that, regardless of the Department of Energy's recommendation, additional relief may be granted if the Agency believes it is warranted.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Modernization.—The bill includes language that will enable EPA to collect and spend new fees to conduct additional chemical reviews, consistent with TSCA modernization legislation. Those fees are expected to be $27,000,000 per year once the program is fully implemented. The Congressional Budget Office estimates that in fiscal year 2019 fee collections will begin several months after the beginning of the fiscal year and will total $5,000,000.

Transparency of Public Calendars.—It is appreciated that the EPA has recently taken steps to improve transparency of the daily calendars of the Agency's senior leaders. The Agency is directed to continue to take all necessary steps to comply with Senate Report 115–276 as it relates to the transparency of public calendars.

Vehicle Idling Training.—It is noted that diesel vehicle operators and businesses in the private sector have reduced their vehicle fleet costs and improved air quality by participating in programs that offer certifications for idle reduction and fuel efficient driving programs. The Agency is directed to conduct a cross-agency analysis to determine which branches of government could achieve savings and improve air quality by engaging in external programs, including university extension programs that offer this training.

Water Quality Certification.—The Administrator is encouraged to finalize guidance on the implementation of Clean Water Act Section 401 (33 U.S.C. 1341).

HAZARDOUS WASTE ELECTRONIC MANIFEST SYSTEM FUND

The bill provides $8,000,000, which is expected to be fully offset by fees for a net appropriation of $0.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $41,489,000 for the Office of Inspector General.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The bill provides $34,467,000 for Buildings and Facilities.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SUPERFUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $1,091,947,000 for the Hazardous Substance Superfund account and includes bill language to transfer $8,778,000 to the Office of Inspector General account and $15,496,000 to the Science and Technology account. When combined with an additional $60,000,000 for the Superfund Remedial program and an additional $8,000,000 for the Superfund Emergency Response and Removal program in a general provision in Title IV, the bill provides a total of $1,159,947,000 for the Hazardous Substance Superfund. The bill provides the following additional direction:

Enforcement.—The bill provides $166,375,000 for Superfund enforcement, equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The Agency is directed to continue financial support for the Department of Justice (DOJ) in fiscal year 2019 at a level that will ensure DOJ can continue to initiate and prosecute civil, judicial, and administrative site remediation cases and ensure that responsible parties perform cleanup actions at sites where they are liable.

Superfund Cleanup.—The bill provides $721,740,000, which is equal to the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. When combined with an additional $68,000,000 in funds for the Remedial Program and Emergency Response and Removal activities, included in a Title IV general provision, the bill provides a total of $789,740,000 for Superfund cleanup.

The Agency is also directed, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, to submit a report on the status of each time-critical removal action for which Federal funds greater than $1,000,000 have been expended since January 1, 2017, along with information on the Federal cost of clean-up efforts, whether responsible parties have faced criminal charges, and the amount of recovered Federal dollars.

Sediment Guidance.—The Agency is directed to follow the guidance contained under this heading in Senate Report 115–276.

LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TRUST FUND PROGRAM

The bill provides $91,941,000 for the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Program.

INLAND OIL SPILL PROGRAMS

The bill provides $18,209,000 for Inland Oil Spill Programs.

STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The bill provides $3,605,041,000 for the State and Tribal Assistance Grants program and includes the following specific funding levels and direction:

Infrastructure Assistance.—The bill provides $2,528,000,000 in base funds for infrastructure assistance. When combined with an additional $665,000,000 included in a Title IV general provision, the bill provides a total of $3,193,000,000 for infrastructure assistance. The amount provided increases funding for the State Revolving Loan Funds $880,000 above the fiscal year 2018 enacted level. The bill includes a total of $1,694,000,000 for the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund and $1,164,000,000 for the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund.

Assistance to Small and Disadvantaged Communities.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides $25,000,000 to continue a grant program to help small and disadvantaged communities develop and maintain adequate water infrastructure. The program was created in section 2104 of Public Law 114 322. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications for this new grant program.

Reducing Lead in Drinking Water.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides $15,000,000 to continue a grant program, created in section 2105 of Public Law 114–322, to provide assistance to eligible entities for lead reduction projects. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications related to this new grant program.

Lead Testing.—Within a Title IV general provision, the bill provides $25,000,000 to continue a grant program for voluntary testing of drinking water for lead contaminants at schools and child care facilities, as authorized in section 2107 of Public Law 114–322. The Agency is directed to brief the Committees prior to publishing its request for applications related to this new grant program.

Brownfields Program.—The bill provides $87,000,000 for Brownfields grants and directs that at least 10 percent of such grants be provided to areas in which at least 20 percent of the population has lived under the poverty level over the past 30 years as determined by censuses and the most recent Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates.

Use of Iron and Steel.—The bill includes language in Title IV General Provisions that stipulates requirements for the use of iron and steel in State Revolving Fund projects. The bill includes only the following guidance. It is acknowledged that EPA may issue a waiver of said requirements for *de minimis* amounts of iron and steel building materials. It is emphasized that any coating processes that are applied to the external surface of iron and steel components that otherwise qualify under the procurement preference shall not render such products ineligible for the procurement preference regardless of where the coating processes occur, provided that final assembly of the products occurs in the United States.

Diesel Emission Reductions Grants (DERA).—The bill provides $87,000,000 for DERA grants. For fiscal year 2019, the Agency is directed to continue to make at least 70 percent of DERA grants available to improve air quality in non-attainment areas.

Targeted Airshed Grants.—The bill provides $52,000,000 for Targeted Airshed Grants. These grants shall be distributed on a competitive basis to non-attainment areas that EPA determines are ranked as the top five most polluted areas relative to annual ozone or particulate matter 2.5 standards, as well as the top five areas based on the 24–hour particulate matter 2.5 standard where the design values exceed the 35 mg/m3 standard. To determine these areas, the Agency shall use the most recent design values calculated from validated air quality data. It is noted that these funds are available for emission reduction activities deemed necessary for compliance with national ambient air quality standards and included in a State Implementation Plan submitted to EPA. Not later than the end of fiscal year 2019, EPA should provide a report to the Committees that includes a table showing how fiscal year 2017 and 2018 funds were allocated. The table also should include grant recipients and metrics for anticipated or actual results.

Animas River Spill.—EPA is directed to follow directives included in Senate Report 115–276 related to the Animas River and the Gold King Mine spill. In addition, the bill provides $4,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 for long-term water quality monitoring of the Animas River.

Categorical Grants.—The bill provides $1,077,041,000 for Categorical Grants. Funding levels are specified in the table at the end of this division. Within this amount, the Beaches Protection program and Radon program are both maintained at the fiscal year 2018 enacted levels. The Agency shall continue to allocate radon grants in fiscal year 2019 following the direction in House Report 114–632.

Categorical Grant: State and Local Air Quality Management.—The bill provides $228,219,000. The Agency is directed to allocate funding follow the guidance contained in Senate Report 115–276.

WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AND INNOVATION PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides a total of $68,000,000 for the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) program. Within base funding in Title II, the bill provides $10,000,000 for the WIFIA program, and a Title IV general provision provides an additional $58,000,000 for the program. By utilizing $5,000,000 in base funds and $3,000,000 in Title IV funds, the Agency may use up to a total of $8,000,000 to assist with the administrative expenses for the program. The remaining $60,000,000 in WIFIA funds is provided to subsidize direct loans, which may translate into a potential loan capacity greater than $7,000,000,000 for eligible entities for water infrastructure projects.

The Agency is encouraged to prioritize applications for WIFIA financing for projects that address lead and emerging contaminants, including PFOA and PFAS.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS AND RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill continues several administrative provisions from previous years.

Rescission.—The bill rescinds $139,078,000 in unobligated balances from the State and Tribal Assistance Grants account. The Agency shall calculate the requisite percent reduction necessary to rescind such amounts from new obligational authority provided to this account, both from the direct appropriation and from amounts provided in a general provision in Title IV, and apply it across program project areas by formula. The Agency is directed to submit, as part of the operating plan, detail on the application of such rescissions by program project area.

TITLE III—RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

The bill provides $875,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment.

Forest Service Accounting, Budgeting, and Management.—The Service's efforts to improve its accounting, budgeting, and management practices are appreciated and ongoing work with the Service, Office of Budget and Program Analysis, Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment, and Secretary of Agriculture to continue these improvements is expected. There is particular interest in the Service's plan to transition away from Cost Pools and remind the Service that a plan is required within 180 days of enactment of P.L. 115–141.

Forest Service Directives.—The Forest Service is reminded of the importance of the directives included in the explanatory statement to accompany P.L. 115–141, House Report 115–765, and Senate Report 115–276 that are not specifically addressed herein, as well as the new directives in this statement, including the front matter.

Wildland Fire Management.—The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (P.L. 115–141) provided a budget cap adjustment for wildfire suppression costs and included forest management reforms. The Service and the Secretary of Agriculture are reminded of the multi-year effort to achieve these budget and legislative changes and expect that all authorities will be appropriately used to improve the condition of the Nation's forests, as well as the ability of the Service to proactively manage and sustain them for future generations. The Service is also reminded of expectations for more accurate accounting for wildfire suppression costs, especially in light of the availability of the cap adjustment in fiscal year 2020. There is hope that the Secretary's Shared Stewardship initiative will result in better forest management, healthier forests, and an increase in the number of fire-adapted communities.

Report on Partnerships.—Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, a detailed report on the funding the Service has provided to the National Forest Foundation and National Fish and Wildlife Foundation for each of the past 10 fiscal years is requested. The report also should include information on the specific projects and activities, other partners involved, and the Foundations' administrative operations that were supported by these funds.

Conservation Finance.—The Service is encouraged to continue conservation finance efforts to leverage non-Federal investments in outcome-focused projects, promote collaboration with public and private sector partners, and utilize new tools to accelerate the pace and scale forest management activities.

Reprogramming.—The Service is reminded to follow the letter and spirit of the reprogramming requirements in this explanatory statement and direct the Service to submit requests through the Office of Budget and Program Analysis.

FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides $300,000,000 for Forest and Rangeland Research. This includes $223,000,000 for base research activities and $77,000,000 for Forest Inventory and Analysis. The Service is directed to provide $3,000,000 to the Joint Fire Science Program for fiscal year 2019.

The interest of Members of Congress, States, forestry and research associations, industry, and researchers in the Service's various research programs, projects, and activities is noted. It is believed that Congress should broadly define the highest priority research goals, and that the Service should formulate the specific programs, projects, and activities to achieve them. The Service is expected to complete the review and restructuring of the research program, as directed by House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, prior to the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2019. There is interest in reviewing the Service's plan for strengthening its research program and note that they will adjust the directions regarding forestry research as needed in the future.

The Service is directed to prioritize data collection and analysis on U.S. forests; research to support land affected by wildland fire; post-fire analysis; research to support the National Forest System; and research related to forest products for fiscal year 2019.

The Service is directed to provide information to the Committees regarding the mission of the Southern Research Station Pineville Research Facility and the viability of continued wood utilization research at that site within 60 days of enactment of this Act.

The Service is directed to provide a report regarding its current and planned research on issues and risks related to firefighter health and safety in wildlands and wildland urban interface within 90 days of enactment of this Act. The report should include detailed budget information and identify gaps in knowledge and potential remedies to address them.

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $335,487,000 for State and Private Forestry.

Cooperative Forestry Activities.—The Service is directed to continue focus on spruce beetle, Emerald Ash Borer, and bark beetle infestations, which affect forests throughout the Nation.

The Service is expected to follow the Senate direction on wood energy technical assistance, herein.

Forest Legacy.—The bill provides $63,990,000 for the Forest Legacy program. This includes $6,400,000 for program administration and $57,590,000 for projects. The Service should fund projects in priority order according to the updated, competitively selected national priority list submitted to the Committees and the directive contained in Division G of

the explanatory statement accompanying Public Law 115–141, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018. The bill includes a rescission of $1,503,000 in Forest Legacy funds. This funding rescission is from cost savings of some projects and funds returned from failed or partially failed projects.

There is concern with the Service's ability to provide timely information on project status and available balances and expect the Service to be able to provide this information expeditiously moving forward. Ensuring project recordkeeping is accurate must be a top priority in fiscal year 2019.

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

The bill provides $1,938,000,000 for the National Forest System.

Hazardous Fuels.—The bill provides $435,000,000 for hazardous fuels management activities within the National Forest System account. Included in this amount is $3,000,000 for the Southwest Ecological Restoration Institutes.

Ouachita National Forest.—The Service is directed to conduct an inventory and evaluation of land generally depicted on the map entitled ''Flatside Wilderness Adjacent Inventory Area'', dated November 30, 2017, to determine the suitability of that land for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

Gifford Pinchot National Forest.—In lieu of the directive in House Report 115–765, the Service and all interested parties are encouraged to work together regarding the use of all-terrain vehicles in the forest.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND MAINTENANCE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $446,000,000 for Capital Improvement and Maintenance programs.

Legacy Roads and Trails.—While these projects are to be addressed as they rank in priority along with other infrastructure needs, the Service is directed to continue to track Legacy Roads and Trails accomplishments, including miles of roads and trails improved, miles of streams restored, number of bridges and culverts constructed, and miles of road decommissioned.

Requested Reports.—A report is requested regarding options to improve parking and access to the Cleveland National Forest within 180 days of enactment of this Act. The Service should consult with the State of California, communities surrounding the forest, and private partners for their input and recommendations. Also requested, is a report on its efforts to address road construction and maintenance issues in the Uwharrie National Forest within 30 days of enactment of this Act.

Comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan.—The Service is reminded of the directive included in the explanatory statement accompanying P.L. 115–141 that required the development of a long-term, multi-year plan to guide needed investments in buildings, facilities, transportation systems, and other infrastructure by December 30, 2018. There is interest in reviewing the plan and it is expected that the Service will utilize the plan in formulating future budget requests. The annual budget justification documents should detail the amounts requested for new construction, maintenance, decommissioning, and other activities for the Facilities, Roads and Trails programs.

LAND ACQUISITION

The bill provides $72,564,000 for Land Acquisition. The amounts provided by this bill for projects are shown in the table below, listed in priority order pursuant to the project list received for fiscal year 2019. The bill supports the continuation of Forest Service and nonprofit partner efforts to resolve Superior National Forest school trust land management using the private forestland alternative. Further instructions are contained under the Land and Water Conservation Fund heading in the front of this explanatory statement.

State	Project	Forest Unit	This Bill
MT	Beavertail to Bearmouth	Lolo	$3,800,000
CA	Sierra Nevada Checkerboard	Tahoe/El Dorado	2,500,000
OR	Wasson Creek	Siuslaw	3,422,000
MN	MN School Trust Lands	Superior	5,000,000
OH	Appalachian Foothills	Wayne	1,800,000
CA	Trinity Divide-Pacific Crest NST	Shasta-Trinity	3,200,000
AK	Cube Cove	Tongass	5,200,000
WA	Washington Cascades/Yakima River	Okanogan-Wenatchee	4,000,000
MT	Swan Range	Lolo	4,000,000
VT	Rolston Rest	Green	2,700,000
SD	Spring Creek	Black Hills	1,410,000
CO	Union Creek	Grand Mesa/Uncompahgre/Gunnison	2,000,000
AZ	Verde River String of Pearls	Coconino/Prescott	3,430,000
NC	North Carolina Threatened Treasures	Nanatahala/Pisgah/Uwharrie	750,000
TN	Tennessee Mountain Trails and Waters	Cherokee	850,000
MT	Clearwater-Blackfoot Project	Lolo	5,000,000
VA/WV	George Washington and Jefferson NF	George Washington and Jefferson	1,000,000
CA	Sanhedrin	Mendocino	3,900,000
SC	Promise of the Piedmont	Sumter	2,000,000
AL	Alabama's Wild Wonders	National Forests of Alabama	2,000,000
	Subtotal, FS Land Acquisitions		57,962,000
		Budget Request	This Bill
	Acquisition Management	0	7,352,000
	Recreational Access	0	5,000,000
	Critical Inholdings/Wilderness	0	2,000,000
	Cash Equalization	0	250
	Rescission of Funds	−17,000,000	0
Total, FS Land Acquisition		−17,000,000	72,564,000

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS SPECIAL ACTS

The bill provides $700,000 for the Acquisition of Lands for National Forests Special Acts.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS TO COMPLETE LAND EXCHANGES

The bill provides $150,000 for the Acquisition of Lands to Complete Land Exchanges.

RANGE BETTERMENT FUND

The bill provides $1,700,000 for the Range Betterment Fund.

GIFTS, DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS FOR FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The bill provides $45,000 for Gifts, Donations and Bequests for Forest and Rangeland Research.

MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL FOREST LANDS FOR SUBSISTENCE USES

The bill provides $2,500,000 for the Management of National Forest Lands for Subsistence Uses.

WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of $3,004,986,000 for Forest Service Wildland Fire Management. Of the funds provided, $1,665,366,000 is for suppression operations, which includes an additional $500,000,000 above the 10-year average.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

The bill provides a total of $5,804,223,000 for the Indian Health Service (IHS), of which $4,103,190,000 is for the Services account as detailed below. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below. The Service is expected to comply with the instructions and requirements at the beginning of this division and in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276, unless otherwise specified below. Additional details, instructions, and requirements follow below and in the table at the end of this division.

Staffing for New Facilities.—The bill includes $103,931,000 for staffing newly opened health facilities, which is the full amount based upon updated estimates provided to the Committees. Funds for the staffing of new facilities are limited to facilities funded through the Health Care Facilities Construction Priority System or the Joint Venture Construction Program that have opened in fiscal year 2018 or will open in fiscal year 2019. None of these funds may be allocated to a facility until such facility has achieved beneficial occupancy status.

Hospitals and Health Clinics.—The bill provides $2,147,343,000 for hospitals and health clinics, and includes $36,000,000 for operations and maintenance of village built and tribally leased clinics, and $4,000,000 for domestic violence prevention. There is awareness of ongoing litigation between the Cherokee Nation and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians. The bill is neutral on this matter and provides the requested $1,969,000 for new Tribes. The agency is expected to consult with both parties before disbursing funds.

Dental Health.—The bill provides $204,672,000 for dental health and includes the requested transfer of $800,000 from direct operations. The Service is directed to backfill vacant dental health positions in headquarters.

Mental Health.—The bill provides $105,281,000 for mental health programs and includes $6,946,000 to continue behavioral health integration and $3,600,000 to continue the suicide prevention initiative.

Alcohol and Substance Abuse.—The bill provides $245,566,000 for alcohol and substance abuse programs and includes: $6,500,000 for the Generation Indigenous initiative;

$1,800,000 for the youth pilot project; and $2,000,000 to fund essential detoxification and related services provided by the Service's public and private partners to IHS beneficiaries. The Service is expected to continue its partnership with the Na' Nizhoozhi Center in Gallup, New Mexico, as directed by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, and to distribute funds provided for detoxification services in the same manner as in fiscal year 2017. It is believed that Service and Tribally operated facility participation in state prescription drug monitoring programs can help to combat the abuse of drugs like opioids and direct the agency to provide the report required by Senate Report 115–276 on this issue.

Opioid Grants.—To better combat the opioid epidemic, the bill includes an increase of $10,000,000 and instruct the Service, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, to use the additional funds provided above the fiscal year 2018 level to create a Special Behavioral Health Pilot Program modeled after the Special Diabetes Program for Indians. This Special Behavioral Health Pilot Program for Indians shall be developed after appropriate Tribal consultation and should support the development, documentation, and sharing of more locally-designed and culturally appropriate prevention, treatment, and aftercare services for mental health and substance use disorders in Tribal and urban Indian communities. The Director of the Indian Health Service, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, shall award grants for providing services, and provide technical assistance to grantees under this section to collect and evaluate performance of the program.

Purchased/Referred Care.—It is recognized that there is a strong need for Purchased/Referred Care funding across Indian Country, particularly in areas that lack Indian Health Service facilities. The Service's continued pro rata allocation of any increases provided for population growth and inflation, regardless of any population growth or cost-of-living differences among areas, as documented by the Government Accountability Office (GAO–12–466) is further recognized. Consistent with GAO recommendations, the Service is encouraged to consider allocating any future budget increases using the allocation formula established in consultation with the Tribes.

Urban Indian Health.—The bill provides $51,315,000 for urban Indian health and includes a $2,000,000 general program increase. The Service is expected to continue to include current services estimates for urban Indian health in future budget requests.

Indian Health Professions.—The bill provides $57,363,000 for Indian health professions and includes bill language allowing up to $44,000,000 for the loan repayment program. The bill provides an increase of $195,000 to expand the Indians into Medicine program to four sites. Funding for the Quentin N. Burdick American Indians into Nursing Program and the American Indians into Psychology Program is continued at no less than the fiscal year 2018 enacted levels.

Maternal and Child Health.—The hiring of a national maternal/child health coordinator as a top priority for the Office of Clinical and Preventive Services and await the report required in House Report 115–765 is supported.

CONTRACT SUPPORT COSTS

The bill continues language from fiscal year 2018 establishing an indefinite appropriation for contract support costs estimated to be $822,227,000, which is equal to the request. By retaining an indefinite appropriation for this account, additional funds may be provided by the agency if its budget estimate proves to be lower than necessary to meet the legal obligation to pay the full amount due to Tribes. It is believed that fully funding these costs will ensure Tribes have the necessary resources they need to deliver program services efficiently and effectively.

INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

The bill provides $878,806,000 for Indian Health Facilities. All programs, projects, and activities are maintained at fiscal year 2018 enacted levels unless otherwise specified below.

Staffing for New Facilities.—The bill includes $11,302,000 for staffing newly opened health facilities, which is the full amount based upon updated estimates provided to the Committees. The stipulations included in the ''Indian Health Services'' account regarding the allocation of funds pertain to this account as well.

Health Care Facilities.—There is continued dedication to providing access to health care for IHS patients across the system. IHS is expected to aggressively work down the current Health Facilities Construction Priority System list. In addition, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the Service is directed to publish the gap analysis directed by House Report 115–238 so that the Committees can more accurately determine facilities needs across the IHS system.

Indian Health Care Improvement Act Demonstration Authorities.—The Service is directed to provide a report within 180 days of enactment of this Act identifying the criteria the agency will use for ranking projects funded through demonstration authorities provided in the most recent reauthorization of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act should funds become available in future fiscal years. The Service is encouraged to consider as one factor the location of existing or proposed facilities and the distance that patients must travel to receive the same or similar services.

Health Facilities Requirements in Alaska.—The Service is directed to work with appropriate Tribal organizations and submit a report to the Committees within 180 days of this Act that includes an assessment of updated facilities needs in the State of Alaska as well as recommendations for alternative financing options which could address the need for additional health care facilities space suitable to meet the current and future health care needs of IHS beneficiaries in the State.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

The bill provides $79,000,000 for the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences. This includes an increase of $1,500,000 for the Superfund Research Program and $151,000 for the Worker Training Program.

AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY

TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH

The bill provides $74,691,000 for the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

The Agency is directed to focus on its core mission of assessing hazardous exposures and understand the Agency does not consider the presence or absence of litigation when evaluating the need for a public health assessment. The Agency is encouraged to maintain professional and scientific independence regarding its selection of sites for assessment while following its statutory mandate to work with communities.

Areas with High Incidence of Pediatric Cancer.—Within 180 days of enactment, ATSDR, in consultation with other components of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), is directed to submit to the Senate Appropriations and Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committees and House Appropriations and Energy and Commerce Committees a report that provides details on the geographic variation in pediatric cancer incidence in the United States. Such report must include: (1) the types of pediatric cancer within each of the 10 States with the highest age-adjusted incidence rate of cancer among persons less than 20 years old; (2) geographic distribution of pediatric cancer types within each such State, in accordance with Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines; and (3) an update on current activities related to pediatric cancer, including with respect to carrying out section 399V–6 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g–17). In addition, HHS is encouraged to conduct public outreach, in collaboration with State departments of health, particularly in the 10 States with the highest age-adjusted incidence rate of cancer among persons aged less than 20 years old, to improve awareness by residents, clinicians, and others, as appropriate, of possible contributing factors to pediatric cancer, including environmental exposures, in a manner that is complementary of, and does not conflict with, ongoing pediatric cancer-related activities supported by HHS. Finally, the Secretary of HHS is directed to ensure that all information with respect to patients that is contained in the reports under this section is de-identified and protects personal privacy of such patients in accordance with applicable Federal and State privacy law.

OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

The bill provides $2,994,000 for the Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality.

CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $12,000,000 for the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board.

OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $8,750,000 for the Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation (ONHIR), of which $1,000,000 is to be transferred to the Department of the Interior, Office of Inspector General, for a comprehensive audit of ONHIR's finances and any related investigations that are necessary in preparation for the eventual transfer of responsibilities to the Department when ONHIR closes.

The bill continues the direction provided in the explanatory statement accompanying Division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, P.L. 115–31. There is continued commitment to bringing the relocation process to an orderly conclusion and ensuring all eligible relocatees receive the relocation benefits to which they are entitled. Consultation with all affected parties and agencies is the key to a transparent, orderly closeout. The statute provides for termination of ONHIR when the President determines its functions have been fully discharged. That determination requires development of a comprehensive plan. Receipt of a progress report on development of this plan within 90 days of enactment of this Act is expected.

INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT

PAYMENT TO THE INSTITUTE

The bill provides $9,960,000 for fixed costs and academic program requirements of the Institute of American Indian Arts.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides a total of $1,043,497,000 for all Smithsonian Institution accounts, of which $739,994,000 is provided for salaries and expenses. The longstanding commitment to the preservation of priceless, irreplaceable Smithsonian collections continues and funds have been provided for collections care and preservation. The longstanding support for the National Museum of African American History and Culture (NMAAHC) also continues. Within amounts provided for salaries and expenses, the NMAAHC is fully funded. The bill provides funds for the Institution's Latino initiatives and support the Smithsonian Latino Center's goal of promoting the inclusion of Latino contributions in Smithsonian Institution programs, exhibitions, collections, and public outreach. Collaboration between the Smithsonian Latino Center and appropriate Federal and local organizations continues to be urged in order to advance these goals and expand the American Latino presence at the Institution. Further, the bill provides funds for the Institution's Asian Pacific American initiatives and continue to support the Institution's efforts of developing programs and expanding outreach to promote a better understanding of the Asian Pacific American experience. Additionally, the bill provides $2,000,000 for the American Women's History Initiative within Institution-wide programs.

It is understood that over the last few years several museums have been closed due to renovations and the Institution has shifted resources to address certain needs; however, today these museums have reopened resulting in increased costs that were not accounted for in the budget request. The bill provides $2,500,000 above the budget request for facilities security and remind the Institution that if funding priorities change, there is the opportunity to request the reprogramming of funds as outlined in the reprogramming guidelines contained at the front of this explanatory statement. The bill also provides $2,500,000 in new funding for facilities maintenance requirements.

FACILITIES CAPITAL

The bill provides $303,503,000 for the Facilities Capital account, with $286,503,000 provided for revitalization and $17,000,000, as requested, provided for facilities planning and design. The bill includes $210,000,000 for the National Air and Space Museum revitalization effort and $76,503,000 for major revitalization projects included in the budget request.

National Air and Space Museum Revitalization.—The multi-year, multi-phase renovation of the National Air and Space Museum (NASM) is supported and include $210,000,000 for this critical revitalization effort. The Institution is directed to follow the reprogramming guidelines contained in this explanatory statement and may not redirect the use of these funds for other capital projects without prior approval of the Committees. Given the scale of the project, the Institution is directed to make available to the Committees on a timely basis the most updated and comprehensive information on project and funding requirements. The Government Accountability Office is directed to continue its review and analysis of the project's cost estimates, as directed in the Consolidated Appropriation Act, 2017 (P.L. 115–31). The Institution is directed to submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, a detailed list and description of projects funded within the Facilities Capital account.

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $144,202,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account of the National Gallery of Art, of which not to exceed $3,640,000 is for the special exhibition program.

REPAIR, RESTORATION, AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

The bill provides $24,203,000 for the Repair, Restoration, and Renovation of Buildings account and includes funds to complete the repairs of the East Building atrium skylights.

JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

The bill provides $24,490,000 for the Operations and Maintenance account.

CAPITAL REPAIR AND RESTORATION

The bill provides $16,800,000 for the Capital Repair and Restoration account. Funds provided above the request are to address critical safety, security, and capital repair and restoration needs.

WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $12,000,000 for the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides $155,000,000 for the National Endowment for the Arts (NEA) to continue the important work of the Endowment. Changes to the enacted level are included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The agency is strongly encouraged to use the increases provided for direct grants to expand its Creative Forces: Military Healing Arts Network and to increase grants made available to Tribes and to rural and underserved areas. Support continues for the expansion of this successful program to assist service members and their families in their recovery, reintegration, and transition to civilian life. The NEA is reminded of the directives included in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276 regarding the collaborative relationship among NEA and the States, priorities, and allocation to State arts agencies.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES

GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

The bill provides $155,000,000 for the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) to continue the important work of the Endowment. Changes to the enacted level are included in the table at the end of this explanatory statement. The agency is expected to use increases provided to expand its work with Tribes to preserve Native languages and culture as detailed below as well as to support other local history preservation initiatives. The NEH is reminded of the directives contained in House Report 115–765 and Senate Report 115–276 regarding support for veterans, American Indian and Alaska Native programs, the collaborative relationship among NEH and the States and Territories, and work with State humanities councils.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $2,771,000 for the Commission of Fine Arts.

NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

The bill provides $2,750,000 for the National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs program.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $6,890,000 for the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $8,099,000 for the National Capital Planning Commission.

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM

HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM

The bill provides $59,000,000 for the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum. Within the amount provided, $2,000,000 is included to build upon the capital improvement initiative begun in fiscal year 2018.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $1,800,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes $1,000,000 for the Women's Suffrage Centennial Commission. It is noted that Congress has supported funding for three fiscal years so that the Commission can plan, execute, and coordinate programs and activities in honor of the 100th anniversary of the passage and ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, which guaranteed women the right to vote. However, the Commission has not yet been established with the necessary quorum of seven members to select a chair, hire an executive director, and begin operations. There is concern that further delay will hinder the development and execution of programs and activities to remember the August 18, 1920, ratification and all Members and Offices, including those in the Executive Branch, are strongly urged to appoint their nominees to the Commission as soon as possible.

WORLD WAR I CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $7,000,000 for the Salaries and Expenses account of the World War I Centennial Commission.

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The bill includes various legislative provisions in Title IV of the bill. The provisions are:

Section 401 continues a provision providing that appropriations available in the bill shall not be used to produce literature or otherwise promote public support of a legislative proposal on which legislative action is not complete.

Section 402 continues a provision providing for annual appropriations unless expressly provided otherwise in this Act.

Section 403 continues a provision providing restrictions on departmental assessments unless approved by the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 404 continues a limitation on accepting and processing applications for patents and on the patenting of Federal lands.

Section 405 continues a provision regarding the payment of contract support costs.

Section 406 addresses the payment of contract support costs for fiscal year 2019.

Section 407 continues a provision providing that the Secretary of Agriculture shall not be considered in violation of certain provisions of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act solely because more than 15 years have passed without revision of

a forest plan, provided that the Secretary is working in good faith to complete the plan revision.

Section 408 continues a provision limiting preleasing, leasing, and related activities within the boundaries of National Monuments.

Section 409 restricts funding appropriated for acquisition of land or interests in land from being used for declarations of taking or complaints in condemnation.

Section 410 continues a provision addressing timber sales involving Alaska western red and yellow cedar.

Section 411 continues a provision which prohibits no-bid contracts.

Section 412 continues a provision which requires public disclosure of certain reports.

Section 413 continues a provision which delineates the grant guidelines for the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 414 continues a provision which delineates the program priorities for the programs managed by the National Endowment for the Arts.

Section 415 requires the Department of the Interior, Environmental Protection Agency, Forest Service and Indian Health Service to provide the Committees on Appropriations quarterly reports on the status of balances of appropriations.

Section 416 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to promulgate or implement any regulation requiring the issuance of permits under Title V of the Clean Air Act for carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, water vapor, or methane emissions.

Section 417 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to implement any provision in a rule if that provision requires mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems.

Section 418 continues a provision prohibiting the use of funds to regulate the lead content of ammunition or fishing tackle.

Section 419 continues a provision through fiscal year 2020 authorizing the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to consider local contractors when awarding contracts for certain activities on public lands.

Section 420 extends certain authorities through fiscal year 2019 allowing the Forest Service to renew grazing permits.

Section 421 prohibits the use of funds to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network is designed to block access to pornography websites.

Section 422 extends the authority of the Forest Service Facility Realignment and Enhancement Act.

Section 423 sets requirements for the use of American iron and steel for certain loans and grants.

Section 424 prohibits the use of funds to destroy any building or structures on Midway Island that have been recommended by the U.S. Navy for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

Section 425 reauthorizes funding for one year for the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.

Section 426 provides authority for the Secretary of the Interior to enter into training agreements and to transfer excess equipment and supplies for wildfires.

Section 427 addresses carbon emissions from forest biomass.

Section 428 makes additional investments in water infrastructure priorities and Superfund emergency response, removal, and long-term cleanup remediation.

Section 429 addresses the use of small remote incinerators in the State of Alaska.

Section 430 addresses section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT					
Management of Lands and Resources					
Land Resources:					
Soil, water and air management	43,609	---	---	-43,609	---
Rangeland management	81,000	82,116	103,921	+22,921	+21,805
Forestry management	10,135	9,527	10,135	---	+608
Riparian management	21,321	---	---	-21,321	---
Cultural resources management	17,131	15,383	17,131	---	+1,748
Wild horse and burro management	75,000	66,719	80,555	+5,555	+13,836
Subtotal	248,196	173,745	211,742	-36,454	+37,997
Wildlife and Fisheries:					
Wildlife management	103,281	---	---	-103,281	---
Fisheries management	12,530	---	---	-12,530	---
Subtotal	115,811	---	---	-115,811	---
Threatened and endangered species	21,567	---	---	-21,567	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Wildlife and Aquatic Habitat Management:					
Wildlife habitat management	---	81,753	126,848	+126,848	+45,095
Threatened and endangered species	---	---	(21,567)	(+21,567)	(+21,567)
Aquatic habitat management	---	37,664	55,656	+55,656	+17,992
Subtotal	---	119,417	182,504	+182,504	+63,087
Recreation Management:					
Wilderness management	18,264	11,871	18,264	---	+6,393
Recreation resources management	54,465	53,234	55,465	+1,000	+2,231
Subtotal	72,729	65,105	73,729	+1,000	+8,624
Energy and Minerals:					
Oil and gas management	85,947	83,101	88,947	+3,000	+5,846
Oil and gas permit processing	7,365	5,737	5,737	-1,628	---
Oil and gas inspection and enforcement	48,385	48,385	48,385	---	---
Subtotal, Oil and gas	141,697	137,223	143,069	+1,372	+5,846
Coal management	11,868	19,533	14,868	+3,000	-4,665
Other mineral resources	12,043	12,167	12,167	+124	---
Renewable energy	28,320	16,043	24,320	-4,000	+8,277
Subtotal, Energy and Minerals	193,928	184,966	194,424	+496	+9,458

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Realty and Ownership Management:					
Alaska conveyance	22,000	13,580	22,000	---	+8,420
Cadastral, lands, and realty management	52,480	48,290	48,290	-4,190	---
Subtotal	74,480	61,870	70,290	-4,190	+8,420
Resource Protection and Maintenance:					
Resource management planning	60,125	36,131	63,125	+3,000	+26,994
Abandoned mine lands	20,036	---	---	-20,036	---
Resource protection and law enforcement	27,616	24,166	27,616	---	+3,450
Hazardous materials management	15,463	---	---	-15,463	---
Abandoned minelands and hazardous materials management	---	13,260	38,500	+38,500	+25,240
Subtotal	123,240	73,557	129,241	+6,001	+55,684
Transportation and Facilities Maintenance:					
Annual maintenance	39,125	33,613	40,000	+875	+6,387
Deferred maintenance	79,201	24,886	75,000	-4,201	+50,114
Subtotal	118,326	58,499	115,000	-3,326	+56,501
Workforce and Organizational Support:					
Administrative support	58,694	47,072	58,694	---	+11,622
Bureauwide fixed costs	93,176	96,480	96,480	+3,304	---
Information technology management	26,077	23,653	26,077	---	+2,424
Subtotal	177,947	167,205	181,251	+3,304	+14,046

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National landscape conservation system, base program..	36,819	26,260	39,819	+3,000	+13,559
Communication site management.....	2,000	2,000	2,000	---	---
Offsetting collections.....	-2,000	-2,000	-2,000	---	---
Subtotal, Management of lands and resources.....	1,183,043	930,624	1,198,000	+14,957	+267,376
Mining Law Administration:					
Administration.....	39,696	39,696	39,696	---	---
Offsetting collections.....	-56,696	-59,000	-59,000	-2,304	---
Subtotal, Mining Law Administration.....	-17,000	-19,304	-19,304	-2,304	---
Total, Management of Lands and Resources.....	1,166,043	911,320	1,178,696	+12,653	+267,376
Construction					
Rescission.....	---	-5,465	---	---	+5,465
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions.....	13,300	---	15,700	+2,400	+15,700
Acquisition Management.....	2,000	1,996	2,000	---	+4
Recreational Access.....	8,000	---	9,000	+1,000	+9,000
Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings.....	1,616	1,396	1,616	---	+220
Subtotal.....	24,916	3,392	28,316	+3,400	+24,924

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rescission	---	-10,000	-1,800	-1,800	+8,200
Total, Land Acquisition	24,916	-6,608	26,516	+1,600	+33,124
Oregon and California Grant Lands					
Western Oregon resources management	94,445	---	94,445	---	+94,445
Oregon and California grant lands management	---	82,222	---	---	-82,222
Western Oregon information and resource data systems	1,798	1,327	1,798	---	+471
Western Oregon transportation & facilities maintenance	9,628	6,118	9,628	---	+3,510
Western Oregon construction and acquisition	335	364	335	---	-29
Western Oregon national monument	779	---	779	---	+779
Total, Oregon and California Grant Lands	106,985	90,031	106,985	---	+16,954
Range Improvements					
Current appropriations	10,000	10,000	10,000	---	---
Service Charges, Deposits, and Forfeitures					
Service charges, deposits, and forfeitures	24,595	25,850	25,850	+1,255	---
Offsetting fees	-24,595	-25,850	-25,850	-1,255	---
Total, Service Charges, Deposits & Forfeitures	---	---	---	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Miscellaneous Trust Funds and Permanent Operating Funds					
Current appropriations	24,000	24,000	24,000	---	---
TOTAL, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	1,331,944	1,023,278	1,346,197	+14,253	+322,919
(Mandatory)	(34,000)	(34,000)	(34,000)	---	---
(Discretionary)	(1,297,944)	(989,278)	(1,312,197)	(+14,253)	(+322,919)
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE					
Resource Management					
Ecological Services:					
Listing	18,818	10,941	18,318	-500	+7,377
Planning and consultation	105,579	98,828	106,079	+500	+7,251
Conservation and restoration	32,396	21,187	32,396	---	+11,209
(National Wetlands Inventory)	(3,471)	(3,447)	(3,471)	---	(+24)
(Coastal Barrier Resources Act)	(1,390)	(1,381)	(1,390)	---	(+9)
Recovery	91,032	80,820	95,032	+4,000	+14,212
Subtotal	247,825	211,776	251,825	+4,000	+40,049

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Habitat conservation:					
Partners for fish and wildlife	51,633	35,765	51,633	---	+15,868
Coastal programs	13,375	6,512	13,375	---	+6,863
Subtotal	65,008	42,277	65,008	---	+22,731
National Wildlife Refuge System:					
Wildlife and habitat management	233,392	228,332	234,467	+1,075	+6,135
Visitor services	73,319	71,267	73,319	---	+2,052
Refuge law enforcement	38,054	37,983	38,054	---	+71
Conservation planning	2,523	---	2,523	---	+2,523
Refuge maintenance	139,469	135,487	139,888	+419	+4,401
Subtotal	486,757	473,069	488,251	+1,494	+15,182
Conservation and Enforcement:					
Migratory bird management	48,421	46,290	46,421	-2,000	+131
Law enforcement	77,053	69,453	79,053	+2,000	+9,600
International affairs	15,816	14,484	15,816	---	+1,332
Subtotal	141,290	130,227	141,290	---	+11,063
Fish and Aquatic Conservation:					
National fish hatchery system operations	55,822	49,979	59,822	+4,000	+9,843
Maintenance and equipment	22,920	19,808	22,920	---	+3,112
Aquatic habitat and species conservation	85,885	64,106	84,485	-1,400	+20,379
Subtotal	164,627	133,893	167,227	+2,600	+33,334

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Cooperative landscape conservation	12,988	---	12,500	-488	+12,500
Science Support:					
Adaptive science	10,517	---	10,517	---	+10,517
Service science	6,750	---	6,750	---	+6,750
Subtotal	17,267	---	17,267	---	+17,267
General Operations:					
Central office operations	36,965	43,049	43,049	+6,084	---
Regional office operations	33,574	32,860	32,860	-714	---
Servicewide bill paying	36,365	36,528	36,528	+163	---
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation	7,022	5,009	7,022	---	+2,013
National Conservation Training Center	29,314	21,956	26,014	-3,300	+4,058
Aviation Management	---	---	3,237	+3,237	+3,237
Subtotal	143,240	139,402	148,710	+5,470	+9,308
Total, Resource Management	1,279,002	1,130,644	1,292,078	+13,076	+161,434
Construction					
Construction and rehabilitation:					
Line item construction projects	9,093	9,093	8,293	-800	-800
Bridge and dam safety programs	1,972	1,232	1,972	---	+740

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Nationwide engineering service	5,475	5,421	5,475	---	+54
Deferred maintenance	50,000	---	39,873	-10,127	+39,873
Subtotal	66,540	15,746	55,613	-10,927	+39,867
Rescission	---	-2,000	-1,500	-1,500	+500
Total, Construction	66,540	13,746	54,113	-12,427	+40,367
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions	31,250	---	22,600	-8,650	+22,600
Acquisition Management	12,773	9,615	12,773	---	+3,158
Recreational Access	2,500	---	2,500	---	+2,500
Emergencies, Hardships, and Inholdings	5,351	1,641	5,351	---	+3,710
Exchanges	1,500	697	1,500	---	+803
Land Protection Planning	465	---	465	---	+465
Highlands Conservation Act Grants	10,000	---	20,000	+10,000	+20,000
Subtotal	63,839	11,953	65,189	+1,350	+53,236
Rescission	---	-5,000	---	---	+5,000
Total, Land Acquisition	63,839	6,953	65,189	+1,350	+58,236

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund					
Grants and Administration:					
Conservation grants	12,508	---	12,508	---	+12,508
HCP assistance grants	7,485	---	7,485	---	+7,485
Administration	2,702	---	2,702	---	+2,702
Subtotal	22,695	---	22,695	---	+22,695
Land Acquisition:					
Species recovery land acquisition	11,162	---	11,162	---	+11,162
HCP land acquisition grants to states	19,638	---	19,638	---	+19,638
Subtotal	30,800	---	30,800	---	+30,800
Subtotal, Cooperatiave Endangered Species Conservation Fund	53,495	---	53,495	---	+53,495
Rescission	---	---	-7,500	-7,500	-7,500
Total, Cooperative Endangered Species Fund	53,495	---	45,995	-7,500	+45,995
National Wildlife Refuge Fund					
Payments in lieu of taxes	13,228	---	13,228	---	+13,228

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund					
North American Wetlands Conservation Fund	40,000	33,600	42,000	+2,000	+8,400
Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation					
Migratory bird grants	3,910	3,900	3,910	---	+10
Multinational Species Conservation Fund					
African elephant conservation fund	2,582	1,401	2,682	+100	+1,281
Asian elephant conservation fund	1,557	845	1,657	+100	+812
Rhinoceros and tiger conservation fund	3,440	1,865	3,540	+100	+1,675
Great ape conservation fund	1,975	1,071	2,075	+100	+1,004
Marine turtle conservation fund	1,507	818	1,607	+100	+789
Total, Multinational Species Conservation Fund	11,061	6,000	11,561	+500	+5,561
State and Tribal Wildlife Grants					
State wildlife grants (formula)	53,000	31,286	54,000	+1,000	+22,714
State wildlife grants (competitive)	6,362	---	6,362	---	+6,362
Tribal wildlife grants	4,209	---	4,209	---	+4,209
Total, State and tribal wildlife grants	63,571	31,286	64,571	+1,000	+33,285

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Provision					
Coastal impact assistance program grants (rescission).	---	---	-15,000	-15,000	-15,000
TOTAL, U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE.....	1,594,646	1,226,129	1,577,645	-17,001	+351,516
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE					
Operation of the National Park System					
Park Management:					
Resource stewardship.....	334,437	327,223	334,437	---	+7,214
Visitor services.....	255,683	258,115	255,683	---	-2,432
Park protection.....	362,226	365,766	357,226	-5,000	-8,540
Facility operations and maintenance.....	810,019	781,963	821,538	+11,519	+39,575
Park support.....	536,032	506,617	548,902	+12,870	+42,285
Subtotal.....	2,298,397	2,239,684	2,317,786	+19,389	+78,102
External administrative costs.....	179,572	185,433	184,925	+5,353	-508
Total, Operation of the National Park System....	2,477,969	2,425,117	2,502,711	+24,742	+77,594

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Recreation and Preservation					
Natural programs	14,170	11,139	14,170	---	+3,031
Cultural programs	25,062	19,333	25,562	+500	+6,229
International park affairs	1,648	970	1,648	---	+678
Environmental and compliance review	433	387	433	---	+46
Grant administration	2,004	---	2,004	---	+2,004
Heritage Partnership Programs	20,321	370	20,321	---	+19,951
Total, National Recreation and Preservation	63,638	32,199	64,138	+500	+31,939
Historic Preservation Fund					
State historic preservation offices	48,925	26,934	49,675	+750	+22,741
Tribal grants	11,485	5,738	11,735	+250	+5,997
Competitive grants	13,500	---	15,250	+1,750	+15,250
Save America's Treasures grants	13,000	---	13,000	---	+13,000
Historic Revitalization grants	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
Grants to Historically Black Colleges and Universities	5,000	---	8,000	+3,000	+8,000
Total, Historic Preservation Fund	96,910	32,672	102,660	+5,750	+69,988
Construction					
General Program:					
Line item construction and maintenance	137,011	157,011	147,011	+10,000	-10,000
Emergency and unscheduled	3,848	3,829	3,848	---	+19
Housing	2,200	2,187	2,200	---	+13

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Dam safety	1,247	1,240	1,247	---	+7
Equipment replacement	13,474	8,408	13,474	---	+5,066
Planning, construction	12,711	17,453	17,453	+4,742	---
Construction program management	38,713	41,000	42,115	+3,402	+1,115
General management plans	12,500	10,205	10,205	-2,295	---
General program increase	138,000	---	127,151	-10,849	+127,151
Total, Construction	359,704	241,333	364,704	+5,000	+123,371
Land and Water Conservation Fund (rescission of contract authority)	---	-28,140	---	---	+28,140
Land Acquisition and State Assistance					
Assistance to States:					
State conservation grants (formula)	100,000	---	100,000	---	+100,000
State conservation grants (competitive)	20,000	---	20,000	---	+20,000
Administrative expenses	4,006	---	4,006	---	+4,006
Subtotal	124,006	---	124,006	---	+124,006
National Park Service:					
Acquisitions	26,400	---	13,903	-12,497	+13,903
Acquisition Management	9,679	8,788	9,679	---	+891
Recreational Access	2,000	---	2,000	---	+2,000
Emergencies, Hardships, Relocations, and Deficiencies	3,928	---	3,928	---	+3,928

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Inholdings, Donations, and Exchanges	4,928	---	4,928	---	+4,928
American Battlefield Protection Program	10,000	---	10,000	---	+10,000
Subtotal	56,935	8,788	44,438	-12,497	+35,650
Subtotal, Land Acquisition and State Assistance	180,941	8,788	168,444	-12,497	+159,656
Rescission	---	-10,000	---	---	+10,000
Total, Land Acquisition and State Assistance	180,941	-1,212	168,444	-12,497	+169,656
Centennial Challenge	23,000	---	20,000	-3,000	+20,000
TOTAL, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	3,202,162	2,701,969	3,222,657	+20,495	+520,688

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY					
Surveys, Investigations, and Research					
Ecosystems:					
Status and trends	20,473	11,325	18,373	-2,100	+7,048
Fisheries: Aquatic and endangered resources	20,136	9,701	19,136	-1,000	+9,435
Wildlife: Terrestrial and endangered resources	46,007	33,440	45,257	-750	+11,817
Terrestrial, freshwater and marine environments	36,415	24,569	36,415	---	+11,846
Invasive species	17,330	17,096	19,330	+2,000	+2,234
Cooperative research units	17,371	---	18,371	+1,000	+18,371
Total, Ecosystems	157,732	96,131	156,882	-850	+60,751
Land Resources:					
National Land Imaging	93,094	75,514	98,894	+5,800	+23,380
Land change science	34,070	14,739	34,070	---	+19,331
National and regional climate adaptation science centers	25,335	12,989	25,335	---	+12,346
Total, Land Resources	152,499	103,242	158,299	+5,800	+55,057
Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health:					
Mineral and Energy Resources:					
Mineral resources	49,371	58,226	58,969	+9,598	+743
Energy resources	30,872	25,879	29,972	-900	+4,093
Subtotal	80,243	84,105	88,941	+8,698	+4,836

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Environmental Health:					
Contaminant biology	10,197	---	10,197	---	+10,197
Toxic substances hydrology	12,398	---	12,598	+200	+12,598
Subtotal	22,595	---	22,795	+200	+22,795
Total, Energy, Minerals, and Environmental Health	102,838	84,105	111,736	+8,898	+27,631
Natural Hazards:					
Earthquake hazards	83,403	50,999	83,403	---	+32,404
Volcano hazards	42,621	22,306	30,266	-12,355	+7,960
Landslide hazards	3,538	3,511	3,538	---	+27
Global seismographic network	6,653	4,937	6,653	---	+1,716
Geomagnetism	1,888	---	1,888	---	+1,888
Coastal/Marine hazards and resources	40,510	35,549	40,510	---	+4,961
Total, Natural Hazards	178,613	117,302	166,258	-12,355	+48,956
Water Resources:					
Water Availability and Use Science Program	46,052	30,351	45,487	-565	+15,136
Groundwater and Streamflow Information Program	74,173	64,915	82,673	+8,500	+17,758
National Water Quality Program	90,829	69,656	91,648	+819	+21,992
Water Resources Research Act Program	6,500	---	6,500	---	+6,500
Total, Water Resources	217,554	164,922	226,308	+8,754	+61,386

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Core Science Systems:					
Science, synthesis, analysis, and research	24,051	19,010	24,051	---	+5,041
National cooperative geological mapping	24,397	22,390	24,397	---	+2,007
National Geospatial Program	67,854	50,878	69,454	+1,600	+18,576
Total, Core Science Systems	116,302	92,278	117,902	+1,600	+25,624
Science Support:					
Administration and Management	80,881	69,534	80,881	---	+11,347
Information Services	21,947	19,716	21,947	---	+2,231
Total, Science Support	102,828	89,250	102,828	---	+13,578
Facilities:					
Rental payments and operations & maintenance	104,927	105,219	105,219	+292	---
Deferred maintenance and capital improvement	15,164	7,231	15,164	---	+7,933
Total, Facilities	120,091	112,450	120,383	+292	+7,933
TOTAL, UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	1,148,457	859,680	1,160,596	+12,139	+300,916

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT					
Ocean Energy Management					
Renewable energy	21,676	20,720	20,720	-956	---
Conventional energy	58,123	61,799	61,799	+3,676	---
Environmental assessment	73,834	79,774	79,774	+5,940	---
Executive direction	17,367	16,973	16,973	-394	---
Subtotal	171,000	179,266	179,266	+8,266	---
Offsetting rental receipts	-55,374	-47,455	-47,455	+7,919	---
Cost recovery fees	-1,460	-2,361	-2,361	-901	---
Subtotal, offsetting collections	-56,834	-49,816	-49,816	+7,018	---
TOTAL, BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT	114,166	129,450	129,450	+15,284	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT					
Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement					
Environmental enforcement	4,453	4,674	4,674	+221	---
Operations, safety and regulation	148,454	146,340	146,340	-2,114	---
Administrative operations	16,768	18,129	18,129	+1,361	---
Executive direction	16,736	18,097	18,097	+1,361	---
Subtotal	186,411	187,240	187,240	+829	---
Offsetting rental receipts	-23,732	-20,338	-20,338	+3,394	---
Inspection fees	-50,000	-43,765	-41,765	+8,235	+2,000
Cost recovery fees	-4,139	-3,786	-3,786	+353	---
Subtotal, offsetting collections	-77,871	-67,889	-65,889	+11,982	+2,000
Total, Offshore Safety and Environmental Enforcement	108,540	119,351	121,351	+12,811	+2,000
Oil Spill Research					
Oil spill research	14,899	12,700	14,899	---	+2,199
TOTAL, BUREAU OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT	123,439	132,051	136,250	+12,811	+4,199

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT					
Regulation and Technology					
Environmental protection	88,562	73,877	88,562	---	+14,685
Permit fees	40	40	40	---	---
Offsetting collections	-40	-40	-40	---	---
Technology development and transfer	12,801	13,232	12,801	---	-431
Financial management	505	495	505	---	+10
Executive direction	13,936	13,694	13,936	---	+242
Civil penalties (indefinite)	100	100	100	---	---
Subtotal	115,904	101,398	115,904	---	+14,506
Civil penalties (offsetting collections)	-100	-100	-100	---	---
Total, Regulation and Technology	115,804	101,298	115,804	---	+14,506
Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund					
Environmental restoration	9,480	6,383	9,480	---	+3,097
Technology development and transfer	3,544	2,508	3,544	---	+1,036
Financial management	5,182	5,144	5,182	---	+38
Executive direction	6,466	6,340	6,466	---	+126
Subtotal	24,672	20,375	24,672	---	+4,297

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State grants	115,000	---	115,000	---	+115,000
Total, Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund	139,672	20,375	139,672	---	+119,297
TOTAL, OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT	255,476	121,673	255,476	---	+133,803
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION					
Operation of Indian Programs					
Tribal Government:					
Aid to tribal government	28,698	24,326	28,902	+204	+4,576
Consolidated tribal government program	75,429	72,634	75,839	+410	+3,205
Self governance compacts	165,069	157,790	166,225	+1,156	+8,435
New tribes	1,120	1,120	1,120	---	---
Small and needy tribes	4,448	---	4,448	---	+4,448
Road maintenance	34,653	28,318	35,823	+1,170	+7,505
Tribal government program oversight	8,550	7,326	8,616	+66	+1,290
Subtotal	317,967	291,514	320,973	+3,006	+29,459

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Human Services:					
Social services	52,832	32,864	53,084	+252	+20,220
Welfare assistance	76,000	65,794	76,000	---	+10,206
Indian child welfare act	19,080	13,696	19,154	+74	+5,458
Housing improvement program	9,708	---	9,708	---	+9,708
Human services tribal design	263	259	270	+7	+11
Human services program oversight	3,180	2,745	3,200	+20	+455
Subtotal	161,063	115,358	161,416	+353	+46,058
Trust - Natural Resources Management:					
Natural resources, general	4,882	4,866	6,419	+1,537	+1,553
Irrigation operations and maintenance	14,009	9,134	14,023	+14	+4,889
Rights protection implementation	40,161	24,737	40,273	+112	+15,536
Tribal management/development program	11,652	8,660	11,681	+29	+3,021
Endangered species	2,693	1,306	2,697	+4	+1,391
Cooperative landscape conservation	9,956	---	9,956	---	+9,956
Integrated resource information program	2,971	2,576	2,974	+3	+398
Agriculture and range	31,096	27,977	31,251	+155	+3,274
Forestry	54,877	48,872	55,591	+714	+6,719
Water resources	10,581	8,567	10,614	+33	+2,047
Fish, wildlife and parks	15,260	11,436	15,287	+27	+3,851
Resource management program oversight	6,064	5,293	6,104	+40	+811
Subtotal	204,202	153,424	206,870	+2,668	+53,446
Trust - Real Estate Services	129,841	105,484	130,680	+839	+25,196

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Education:					
Elementary and secondary programs (forward funded):					
ISEP formula funds	402,906	378,055	404,165	+1,259	+26,110
ISEP program adjustments	5,457	2,617	5,479	+22	+2,862
Education program enhancements	12,248	6,341	12,278	+30	+5,937
Tribal education departments	2,500	---	2,500	---	+2,500
Student transportation	56,285	50,802	56,413	+128	+5,611
Early child and family development	18,810	---	18,810	---	+18,810
Tribal grant support costs	81,036	73,973	82,935	+1,899	+8,962
Subtotal	579,242	511,788	582,580	+3,338	+70,792
Post secondary programs (forward funded):					
Tribal colleges and universities	69,793	65,664	70,793	+1,000	+5,129
Tribal technical colleges	7,505	6,464	7,505	---	+1,041
Haskell & SIPI	16,885	---	22,694	+5,809	+22,694
Subtotal	94,183	72,128	100,992	+6,809	+28,864
Subtotal, forward funded education	673,425	583,916	683,572	+10,147	+99,656
Elementary and secondary programs:					
Facilities operations	66,608	60,405	68,795	+2,187	+8,390
Facilities maintenance	59,552	53,723	59,774	+222	+6,051
Juvenile detention center education	500	---	500	---	+500
Johnson O'Malley assistance grants	14,903	---	14,903	---	+14,903
Subtotal	141,563	114,128	143,972	+2,409	+29,844

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Post secondary programs:					
Haskell & SIPI	22,513	19,376	---	-22,513	-19,376
Tribal colleges and universities supplements	1,220	1,148	1,220	---	+72
Scholarships & adult education	34,996	---	34,996	---	+34,996
Special higher education scholarships	2,992	---	2,992	---	+2,992
Science post graduate scholarship fund	2,450	---	2,450	---	+2,450
Subtotal	64,171	20,524	41,658	-22,513	+21,134
Education management:					
Education program management	24,957	15,575	25,053	+96	+9,478
Education IT	10,297	7,707	10,302	+5	+2,595
Subtotal	35,254	23,282	35,355	+101	+12,073
Subtotal, Education	914,413	741,850	904,557	-9,856	+162,707
Public Safety and Justice:					
Law enforcement:					
Criminal investigations and police services	211,632	190,753	213,309	+1,677	+22,556
Detention/corrections	100,456	94,027	102,982	+2,526	+8,955
Inspections/internal affairs	3,510	3,335	3,528	+18	+193
Law enforcement special initiatives	10,368	8,659	10,412	+44	+1,753
Indian police academy	4,902	4,665	4,925	+23	+260
Tribal justice support	22,264	7,233	22,271	+7	+15,038
VAWA	(2,000)	---	(2,000)	---	(+2,000)
PL 280 courts	(13,000)	---	(13,000)	---	(+13,000)

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Law enforcement program management	6,530	5,381	6,555	+25	+1,174
Facilities operations and maintenance	13,657	12,596	13,701	+44	+1,105
Tribal courts	30,618	22,110	32,244	+1,626	+10,134
Fire protection	1,583	1,372	1,590	+7	+218
Subtotal	405,520	350,131	411,517	+5,997	+61,386
Community and economic development	46,447	35,826	47,579	+1,132	+11,753
Executive direction and administrative services	231,747	209,409	230,985	-762	+21,576
(Amounts available until expended, account-wide)	(53,991)	(35,598)	(55,174)	(+1,183)	(+19,576)
Total, Operation of Indian Programs	2,411,200	2,002,996	2,414,577	+3,377	+411,581
Contract Support Costs					
Contract support costs	236,600	242,000	242,000	+5,400	---
Indian self-determination fund	5,000	5,000	5,000	---	---
Total, Contract Support Costs	241,600	247,000	247,000	+5,400	---
Construction					
Education	238,245	72,851	238,250	+5	+165,399
Public safety and justice	35,309	10,421	35,310	+1	+24,889
Resources management	67,192	38,026	71,231	+4,039	+33,205
General administration	13,367	11,990	13,928	+561	+1,938
Subtotal	354,113	133,288	358,719	+4,606	+225,431

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rescission	---	-21,367	---	---	+21,367
Total, Construction	354,113	111,921	358,719	+4,606	+246,798
Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians					
Land Settlements:					
White Earth Land Settlement Act (Admin) (P.L.99-264)	625	---	625	---	+625
Hoopa-Yurok Settlement Act (P.L.100-580)	250	---	---	-250	---
Water Settlements:					
Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement (P.L.101-618)	142	---	142	---	+142
Navajo Water Resources Development Trust Fund (P.L.111-11)	4,011	---	4,011	---	+4,011
Navajo-Gallup Water Supply Project (P.L.111-11)	21,720	---	21,720	---	+21,720
Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians Water Rights Settlement Act (P.L.114-322)	9,192	---	9,192	---	+9,192
Blackfeet Water Rights Settlement (P.L. 114-322)	19,517	---	14,367	-5,150	+14,367
Unallocated	---	45,644	---	---	-45,644
Total, Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians	55,457	45,644	50,057	-5,400	+4,413

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account					
Indian guaranteed loan program account	9,272	6,699	10,779	+1,507	+4,080
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission	-8,000	---	---	+8,000	---
TOTAL, BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION	3,063,642	2,414,260	3,081,132	+17,490	+666,872
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES					
Office of the Secretary					
Leadership and administration	105,405	107,368	107,368	+1,963	---
Management services	18,777	27,305	27,305	+8,528	---
General reduction	---	---	-10,000	-10,000	-10,000
Total, Office of the Secretary	124,182	134,673	124,673	+491	-10,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Insular Affairs					
Assistance to Territories					
Territorial Assistance:					
Office of Insular Affairs	9,448	9,430	9,448	---	+18
Technical assistance	18,000	14,671	20,800	+2,800	+6,129
Maintenance assistance fund	4,000	1,023	4,000	---	+2,977
Brown tree snake	3,500	2,837	3,500	---	+663
Coral reef initiative and Natural Resources	2,200	946	2,500	+300	+1,554
Empowering Insular Communities	5,000	2,811	5,000	---	+2,189
Compact impact	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
Subtotal, Territorial Assistance	46,148	31,718	49,248	+3,100	+17,530
American Samoa operations grants	23,002	21,529	23,720	+718	+2,191
Northern Marianas covenant grants	27,720	27,720	27,720	---	---
General increase	---	---	---	---	---
Total, Assistance to Territories	96,870	80,967	100,688	+3,818	+19,721
(discretionary)	(69,150)	(53,247)	(72,968)	(+3,818)	(+19,721)
(mandatory)	(27,720)	(27,720)	(27,720)	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Compact of Free Association					
Compact of Free Association - Federal services	2,813	2,636	2,813	---	+177
Enewetak support	550	473	600	+50	+127
Subtotal, Compact of Free Association	3,363	3,109	3,413	+50	+304
Compact payments, Palau (Title I, General Provision)	123,824	---	---	-123,824	---
Total, Compact of Free Association	127,187	3,109	3,413	-123,774	+304
Total, Insular Affairs	224,057	84,076	104,101	-119,956	+20,025
(discretionary)	(196,337)	(56,356)	(76,381)	(-119,956)	(+20,025)
(mandatory)	(27,720)	(27,720)	(27,720)	---	---
Office of the Solicitor					
Legal services	59,951	58,996	58,996	-955	---
General administration	4,982	4,940	4,940	-42	---
Ethics	1,742	1,738	1,738	-4	---
Total, Office of the Solicitor	66,675	65,674	65,674	-1,001	---
Office of Inspector General					
Audit and investigations	38,538	39,522	39,522	+984	---
Administrative services and information management	12,485	12,964	12,964	+479	---
Total, Office of Inspector General	51,023	52,486	52,486	+1,463	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Special Trustee for American Indians					
Federal Trust Programs					
Program operations, support, and improvements	117,712	102,370	109,843	-7,869	+7,473
(Office of Historical Accounting)	(18,990)	(18,587)	(19,016)	(+26)	(+429)
Executive direction	1,688	1,697	1,697	+9	---
Total, Federal Trust Programs	119,400	104,067	111,540	-7,860	+7,473
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation					
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation	---	3,000	---	---	-3,000
Total, Office of Special Trustee for American Indians	119,400	107,067	111,540	-7,860	+4,473
TOTAL, DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES	585,337	443,976	458,474	-126,863	+14,498
(Discretionary)	(557,617)	(416,256)	(430,754)	(-126,863)	(+14,498)
(Mandatory)	(27,720)	(27,720)	(27,720)	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS					
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire Operations:					
Preparedness	332,784	322,179	322,179	-10,605	---
Fire suppression	389,406	388,135	388,135	-1,271	---
Subtotal	389,406	388,135	388,135	-1,271	---
Subtotal, Fire operations	722,190	710,314	710,314	-11,876	---
Other Operations:					
Fuels Management	184,000	150,603	189,000	+5,000	+38,397
Burned area rehabilitation	20,470	9,467	20,470	---	+11,003
Fire facilities	18,427	---	18,427	---	+18,427
Joint fire science	3,000	---	3,000	---	+3,000
Subtotal, Other operations	225,897	160,070	230,897	+5,000	+70,827
Total, Wildland fire management	948,087	870,384	941,211	-6,876	+70,827

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Central Hazardous Materials Fund					
Central hazardous materials fund	10,010	2,000	10,010	---	+8,010
Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund					
Damage assessments	2,000	1,500	2,000	---	+500
Program management	2,192	1,000	2,100	-92	+1,100
Restoration support	2,575	1,900	2,667	+92	+767
Oil Spill Preparedness	1,000	200	1,000	---	+800
Total, Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund	7,767	4,600	7,767	---	+3,167
Working Capital Fund	62,370	56,735	55,735	-6,635	-1,000
Office of Natural Resources Revenue					
Natural Resources Revenue	137,757	137,505	137,505	-252	---
Payment in Lieu of Taxes					
Payments to local governments in lieu of taxes	---	465,000	---	---	-465,000
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT-WIDE PROGRAMS	1,165,991	1,536,224	1,152,228	-13,763	-383,996

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Payments to local governments in lieu of taxes (PILT) (Sec. 116)	530,000	---	500,000	-30,000	+500,000
TOTAL, TITLE I, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR	13,115,260	10,588,690	13,020,105	-95,155	+2,431,415
Appropriations	(13,123,260)	(10,670,662)	(13,045,905)	(-77,355)	(+2,375,243)
Rescissions	(-8,000)	(-53,832)	(-25,800)	(-17,800)	(+28,032)
Rescissions of contract authority	---	(-28,140)	---	---	(+28,140)
(Mandatory)	(61,720)	(61,720)	(61,720)	---	---
(Discretionary)	(13,053,540)	(10,526,970)	(12,958,385)	(-95,155)	(+2,431,415)
TITLE II - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY					
Science and Technology					
Clean Air	116,541	84,905	116,541	---	+31,636
(Atmospheric Protection Program)	(8,018)	---	(8,018)	---	(+8,018)
Enforcement	13,669	10,486	13,669	---	+3,183
Homeland security	33,122	28,177	33,122	---	+4,945
Indoor air and Radiation	5,997	4,666	5,997	---	+1,331
IT / Data management / Security	3,089	2,725	3,089	---	+364
Operations and administration	68,339	74,828	68,339	---	-6,489

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Pesticide licensing	6,027	5,058	6,027	---	+969
Research, Air and energy	91,906	30,711	94,906	+3,000	+64,195
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability	126,930	84,004	126,930	---	+42,926
(Research: Computational toxicology)	(21,409)	(17,213)	(21,409)	---	(+4,196)
(Research: Endocrine disruptor)	(16,253)	(10,006)	(16,253)	---	(+6,247)
Research: National priorities	4,100	---	5,000	+900	+5,000
Research: Safe and sustainable water resources	106,257	67,261	106,257	---	+38,996
Research: Sustainable and healthy communities	134,327	52,549	134,327	---	+81,778
Water: Human health protection	3,519	3,595	3,519	---	-76
Subtotal, Science and Technology	713,823	448,965	717,723	+3,900	+268,758
Rescission	-7,350	---	-11,250	-3,900	-11,250
Total, Science and Technology	706,473	448,965	706,473	---	+257,508
(by transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund)	(15,496)	(17,398)	(15,496)	---	(-1,902)
Environmental Programs and Management					
Brownfields	25,593	16,082	25,593	---	+9,511
Clean air	273,108	142,901	273,108	---	+130,207
(Atmospheric Protection Program)	(95,436)	(13,542)	(95,436)	---	(+81,894)
Compliance	101,665	86,374	101,665	---	+15,291

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Enforcement	240,637	197,280	240,637	---	+43,357
(Environmental justice)	(6,737)	(2,000)	(6,737)	---	(+4,737)
Environmental protection: National priorities	12,700	---	15,000	+2,300	+15,000
Geographic programs:					
Great Lakes Restoration Initiative	300,000	30,000	300,000	---	+270,000
Chesapeake Bay	73,000	7,300	73,000	---	+65,700
San Francisco Bay	4,819	---	4,819	---	+4,819
Puget Sound	28,000	---	28,000	---	+28,000
Long Island Sound	12,000	---	14,000	+2,000	+14,000
Gulf of Mexico	12,542	---	14,542	+2,000	+14,542
South Florida	1,704	---	3,204	+1,500	+3,204
Lake Champlain	8,399	---	11,000	+2,601	+11,000
Lake Pontchartrain	948	---	948	---	+948
Southern New England Estuaries	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
Columbia River Basin	---	---	1,000	+1,000	+1,000
Other geographic activities	1,445	---	1,445	---	+1,445
Subtotal	447,857	37,300	456,958	+9,101	+419,658
Homeland security	10,195	9,760	10,195	---	+435
Indoor air and radiation	27,637	4,221	27,637	---	+23,416
Information exchange / Outreach	126,538	85,586	126,538	---	+40,952
(Children and other sensitive populations: Agency coordination)	(6,548)	(2,018)	(6,548)	---	(+4,530)
(Environmental education)	(8,702)	---	(8,702)	---	(+8,702)

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
International programs	15,400	4,188	15,400	---	+11,212
IT / Data management / Security	90,536	83,019	90,536	---	+7,517
Legal/science/regulatory/economic review	111,414	100,652	111,414	---	+10,762
Operations and administration	480,751	480,206	480,751	---	+545
Pesticide licensing	109,363	79,760	109,363	---	+29,603
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)	109,377	73,851	112,377	+3,000	+38,526
Toxics risk review and prevention	92,521	58,626	92,521	---	+33,895
(Endocrine disruptors)	(7,553)	---	(7,553)	---	(+7,553)
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST)	11,295	5,615	11,295	---	+5,680
Water: Ecosystems:					
National estuary program / Coastal waterways	26,723	---	26,723	---	+26,723
Wetlands	21,065	17,913	21,065	---	+3,152
Subtotal	47,788	17,913	47,788	---	+29,875
Water: Human health protection	98,507	80,543	98,507	---	+17,964
Water quality protection	210,417	174,975	210,917	+500	+35,942
General reduction	---	---	---	---	---
Subtotal, Environmental Programs and Management	2,643,299	1,738,852	2,658,200	+14,901	+919,348

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Energy Star (legislative proposal)	---	46,000	---	---	-46,000
Offsetting collections, Energy Star (legislative proposal)	---	---	---	---	---
Rescission	-45,300	---	-60,201	-14,901	-60,201
Total, Environmental Programs and Management	2,597,999	1,784,852	2,597,999	---	+813,147
Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund					
E-Manifest System Fund	3,674	---	8,000	+4,326	+8,000
Offsetting Collections	-3,674	---	-8,000	-4,326	-8,000
Total, Hazardous Waste Electronic Manifest System Fund	---	---	---	---	---
Office of Inspector General					
Audits, evaluations, and investigations	41,489	37,475	41,489	---	+4,014
(by transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund)	(8,778)	(8,718)	(8,778)	---	(+60)
Buildings and Facilities					
Homeland security: Protection of EPA personnel and infrastructure	6,676	6,176	6,676	---	+500
Operations and administration	27,791	33,377	27,791	---	-5,586
Total, Buildings and Facilities	34,467	39,553	34,467	---	-5,086

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Hazardous Substance Superfund					
Audits, evaluations, and investigations	8,778	8,718	8,778	---	+60
Compliance	995	988	995	---	+7
Enforcement	166,375	164,691	166,375	---	+1,684
Homeland security	32,616	32,686	32,616	---	-70
Indoor air and radiation	1,985	1,972	1,985	---	+13
Information exchange / Outreach	1,328	1,319	1,328	---	+9
IT /data management/security	14,485	18,906	14,485	---	-4,421
Legal/science/regulatory/economic review	1,253	577	1,253	---	+676
Operations and administration	128,105	124,700	128,105	---	+3,405
Research: Chemical safety and sustainability	2,824	5,021	2,824	---	-2,197
Research: Sustainable communities	11,463	10,885	11,463	---	+578
Superfund cleanup:					
Superfund: Emergency response and removal	181,306	181,306	181,306	---	---
Superfund: Emergency preparedness	7,636	7,584	7,636	---	+52
Superfund: Federal facilities	21,125	20,982	21,125	---	+143
Superfund: Remedial	511,673	508,495	511,673	---	+3,178
Subtotal	721,740	718,367	721,740	---	+3,373
Total, Hazardous Substance Superfund	1,091,947	1,088,830	1,091,947	---	+3,117
(transfer out to Inspector General)	(-8,778)	(-8,718)	(-8,778)	---	(-60)
(transfer out to Science and Technology)	(-15,496)	(-17,398)	(-15,496)	---	(+1,902)

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund (LUST)					
Enforcement	620	589	620	---	+31
Operations and administration	1,352	1,331	1,352	---	+21
Research: Sustainable communities	320	320	320	---	---
Underground storage tanks (LUST / UST)	89,649	45,292	89,649	---	+44,357
(LUST/UST)	(9,240)	(6,452)	(9,240)	---	(+2,788)
(LUST cooperative agreements)	(55,040)	(38,840)	(55,040)	---	(+16,200)
(Energy Policy Act grants)	(25,369)	---	(25,369)	---	(+25,369)
Total, Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund	91,941	47,532	91,941	---	+44,409
Inland Oil Spill Program					
Compliance	139	---	139	---	+139
Enforcement	2,413	2,219	2,413	---	+194
Oil	14,409	12,273	14,409	---	+2,136
Operations and administration	584	665	584	---	-81
Research: Sustainable communities	664	516	664	---	+148
Total, Inland Oil Spill Program	18,209	15,673	18,209	---	+2,536

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG)					
Alaska Native villages	20,000	3,000	25,000	+5,000	+22,000
Brownfields projects	80,000	62,000	87,000	+7,000	+25,000
Clean water state revolving fund (SRF)	1,393,887	1,393,887	1,394,000	+113	+113
Diesel emissions grants	75,000	10,000	87,000	+12,000	+77,000
Drinking water state revolving fund (SRF)	863,233	863,233	864,000	+767	+767
Mexico border	10,000	---	15,000	+5,000	+15,000
Targeted airshed grants	40,000	---	52,000	+12,000	+52,000
Water quality monitoring (P.L. 114-322)	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
Subtotal, Infrastructure assistance grants	2,486,120	2,332,120	2,528,000	+41,880	+195,880
Categorical grants:					
Beaches protection	9,549	---	9,549	---	+9,549
Brownfields	47,745	31,791	47,745	---	+15,954
Environmental information	9,646	6,422	9,646	---	+3,224
Hazardous waste financial assistance	99,693	66,381	99,693	---	+33,312
Lead	14,049	---	14,049	---	+14,049
Nonpoint source (Sec. 319)	170,915	---	170,915	---	+170,915
Pesticides enforcement	18,050	10,531	18,050	---	+7,519
Pesticides program implementation	12,701	8,457	12,701	---	+4,244
Pollution control (Sec. 106)	230,806	153,683	230,806	---	+77,123
(Water quality monitoring)	(17,848)	(11,884)	(17,848)	---	(+5,964)
Pollution prevention	4,765	---	4,765	---	+4,765
Public water system supervision	101,963	67,892	101,963	---	+34,071
Radon	8,051	---	8,051	---	+8,051
State and local air quality management	228,219	151,961	228,219	---	+76,258

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Toxic substances compliance	4,919	3,276	4,919	---	+1,643
Tribal air quality management	12,829	8,963	12,829	---	+3,866
Tribal general assistance program	65,476	44,233	65,476	---	+21,243
Underground injection control (UIC)	10,506	6,995	10,506	---	+3,511
Underground storage tanks	1,498	---	1,498	---	+1,498
Wetlands program development	14,661	9,762	14,661	---	+4,899
Multipurpose grants	10,000	27,000	11,000	+1,000	-16,000
Subtotal, Categorical grants	1,076,041	597,347	1,077,041	+1,000	+479,694
Total, State and Tribal Assistance Grants	3,562,161	2,929,467	3,605,041	+42,880	+675,574
Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program					
Administrative Expenses	5,000	3,000	5,000	---	+2,000
Direct Loan Subsidy	5,000	17,000	5,000	---	-12,000
Total, Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program	10,000	20,000	10,000	---	-10,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission	-96,198	-220,460	-139,078	-42,880	+81,382
TOTAL, TITLE II, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	8,058,488	6,191,887	8,058,488	---	+1,866,601
Appropriations	(8,207,336)	(6,412,347)	(8,269,017)	(+61,681)	(+1,856,670)
Rescissions	(-148,848)	(-220,460)	(-210,529)	(-61,681)	(+9,931)
(By transfer)	(24,274)	(26,116)	(24,274)	---	(-1,842)
(Transfer out)	(-24,274)	(-26,116)	(-24,274)	---	(+1,842)
TITLE III - RELATED AGENCIES					
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Under Secretary for Natural Resources and the Environment	875	875	875	---	---
FOREST SERVICE					
Forest and Rangeland Research					
Forest inventory and analysis	77,000	75,000	77,000	---	+2,000
Research and development programs	220,000	171,050	223,000	+3,000	+51,950
Fire plan research and development	---	14,750	---	---	-14,750

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Subtotal, Forest and Rangeland Research	297,000	260,800	300,000	+3,000	+39,200
Unobligated balances (rescission)	---	-2,000	---	---	+2,000
Total, Forest and rangeland research	297,000	258,800	300,000	+3,000	+41,200
State and Private Forestry					
Landscape scale restoration	14,000	---	14,000	---	+14,000
Forest Health Management:					
Federal lands forest health management	55,500	51,495	56,000	+500	+4,505
Cooperative lands forest health management	41,000	34,376	42,000	+1,000	+7,624
Subtotal	96,500	85,871	98,000	+1,500	+12,129
Cooperative Fire Assistance:					
State fire assistance (National Fire Capacity)	80,000	65,930	81,000	+1,000	+15,070
Volunteer fire assistance (Rural Fire Capacity)	16,000	11,020	17,000	+1,000	+5,980
Subtotal	96,000	76,950	98,000	+2,000	+21,050
Cooperative Forestry:					
Forest stewardship (Working Forest Lands)	20,500	19,475	20,500	---	+1,025
Forest legacy	67,025	---	63,990	-3,035	+63,990

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Community forest and open space conservation	4,000	---	4,000	---	+4,000
Urban and community forestry	28,500	---	29,500	+1,000	+29,500
Subtotal	120,025	19,475	117,990	-2,035	+98,515
International forestry	9,000	---	9,000	---	+9,000
Subtotal, State and Private Forestry	335,525	182,296	336,990	+1,465	+154,694
Unobligated balances: Forest legacy (rescission)	-5,938	-4,000	-1,503	+4,435	+2,497
Unobligated balances (rescission)	---	-6,000	---	---	+6,000
Subtotal	-5,938	-10,000	-1,503	+4,435	+8,497
General increase	---	---	---	---	---
Total, State and Private Forestry	329,587	172,296	335,487	+5,900	+163,191
National Forest System					
Land management planning, assessment and monitoring	179,263	156,750	180,000	+737	+23,250
Recreation, heritage and wilderness	257,848	240,236	260,000	+2,152	+19,764
Grazing management	56,856	48,070	57,000	+144	+8,930
Hazardous Fuels	430,000	390,000	435,000	+5,000	+45,000
Forest products	366,000	341,165	368,000	+2,000	+26,835
Vegetation and watershed management	180,000	165,680	180,000	---	+14,320
Wildlife and fish habitat management	136,430	118,750	137,000	+570	+18,250
Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Fund	40,000	---	40,000	---	+40,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Minerals and geology management	74,200	64,600	75,000	+800	+10,400
Landownership management (Land Use Authorization and Access)	74,000	65,550	75,000	+1,000	+9,450
Law enforcement operations	129,153	129,153	131,000	+1,847	+1,847
Total, National Forest System	1,923,750	1,719,954	1,938,000	+14,250	+218,046
Capital Improvement and Maintenance					
Facilities	151,000	11,162	148,000	-3,000	+136,838
Roads	218,000	71,481	218,000	---	+146,519
Trails	80,000	12,065	80,000	---	+67,935
Subtotal, Capital improvement and maintenance	449,000	94,708	446,000	-3,000	+351,292
Deferral of road and trail fund payment	-15,000	-15,000	-15,000	---	---
Total, Capital improvement and maintenance	434,000	79,708	431,000	-3,000	+351,292
Land Acquisition					
Acquisitions	50,035	---	57,962	+7,927	+57,962
Acquisition Management	7,352	---	7,352	---	+7,352
Recreational Access	4,700	---	5,000	+300	+5,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Critical Inholdings/Wilderness	2,000	---	2,000	---	+2,000
Cash Equalization	250	---	250	---	+250
Subtotal	64,337	---	72,564	+8,227	+72,564
Unobligated balances (rescission)	---	-17,000	---	---	+17,000
Total, Land Acquisition	64,337	-17,000	72,564	+8,227	+89,564
Acquisition of land for national forests, special acts	850	700	700	-150	---
Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges	192	150	150	-42	---
Range betterment fund	2,065	1,700	1,700	-365	---
Gifts, donations and bequests for forest and rangeland research	45	45	45	---	---
Management of national forest lands for subsistence uses	2,500	1,850	2,500	---	+650
Wildland Fire Management					
Fire operations:					
Wildland fire preparedness	1,323,520	1,339,620	1,339,620	+16,100	---
Wildland fire suppression operations	1,056,818	1,165,366	1,165,366	+108,548	---
Additional suppression funding	500,000	---	500,000	---	+500,000
Subtotal, Fire operations	2,880,338	2,504,986	3,004,986	+124,648	+500,000
Subtotal, Wildland Fire Management	2,880,338	2,504,986	3,004,986	+124,648	+500,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rescission	---	-65,000	---	---	+65,000
Total, all wildland fire accounts	2,880,338	2,439,986	3,004,986	+124,648	+565,000
Total, Forest Service without Wildland Fire Management	3,054,326	2,218,203	3,082,146	+27,820	+863,943
TOTAL, FOREST SERVICE	5,934,664	4,658,189	6,087,132	+152,468	+1,428,943
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE					
Indian Health Services					
Clinical Services:					
Hospital and health clinics	2,045,128	2,189,688	2,147,343	+102,215	-42,345
Dental health	195,283	203,783	204,672	+9,389	+889
Mental health	99,900	105,169	105,281	+5,381	+112
Alcohol and substance abuse	227,788	235,286	245,566	+17,778	+10,280
Purchased/referred care	962,695	954,957	964,819	+2,124	+9,862
Indian Health Care Improvement Fund	72,280	---	72,280	---	+72,280
Subtotal	3,603,074	3,688,883	3,739,961	+136,887	+51,078

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Preventive Health:					
Public health nursing	85,043	87,023	89,159	+4,116	+2,136
Health education	19,871	---	20,568	+697	+20,568
Community health representatives	62,888	---	62,888	---	+62,888
Immunization (Alaska)	2,127	2,035	2,127	---	+92
Subtotal	169,929	89,058	174,742	+4,813	+85,684
Other services:					
Urban Indian health	49,315	46,422	51,315	+2,000	+4,893
Indian health professions	49,363	43,394	57,363	+8,000	+13,969
Tribal management grant program	2,465	---	2,465	---	+2,465
Direct operations	72,338	73,431	71,538	-800	-1,893
Self-governance	5,806	4,787	5,806	---	+1,019
Subtotal	179,287	168,034	188,487	+9,200	+20,453
Total, Indian Health Services	3,952,290	3,945,975	4,103,190	+150,900	+157,215
Special Diabetes Program for Indians					
Program costs (legislative proposal)	---	150,000	---	---	-150,000
Contract Support Costs					
Contract support	717,970	822,227	822,227	+104,257	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Indian Health Facilities					
Maintenance and improvement	167,527	75,745	167,527	---	+91,782
Sanitation facilities construction	192,033	101,772	192,033	---	+90,261
Health care facilities construction	243,480	79,500	243,480	---	+163,980
Facilities and environmental health support	240,758	228,852	252,060	+11,302	+23,208
Equipment	23,706	19,952	23,706	---	+3,754
Total, Indian Health Facilities	867,504	505,821	878,806	+11,302	+372,985
TOTAL, INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE	5,537,764	5,424,023	5,804,223	+266,459	+380,200
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH					
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences	77,349	53,967	79,000	+1,651	+25,033
AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY					
Toxic substances and environmental public health	74,691	62,000	74,691	---	+12,691
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	5,689,804	5,539,990	5,957,914	+268,110	+417,924

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES					
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT					
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	3,000	2,994	2,994	-6	---
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND HAZARD INVESTIGATION BOARD					
Salaries and expenses	11,000	9,500	12,000	+1,000	+2,500
OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION					
Salaries and expenses	15,431	4,400	8,750	-6,681	+4,350
INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT					
Payment to the Institute	9,835	9,960	9,960	+125	---
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION					
Salaries and Expenses					
Museum and Research Institutes:					
National Air and Space Museum	20,110	20,110	20,110	---	---
Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory	24,593	24,593	24,593	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Major scientific instrumentation	4,118	4,118	4,118	---	---
Universe Center	184	184	184	---	---
National Museum of Natural History	49,789	49,789	49,789	---	---
National Zoological Park	27,566	27,566	27,566	---	---
Smithsonian Environmental Research Center	4,227	4,227	4,227	---	---
Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute	14,486	14,486	14,486	---	---
Biodiversity Center	1,543	1,543	1,543	---	---
Arthur M. Sackler Gallery/Freer Gallery of Art	6,273	6,273	6,273	---	---
Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage	3,084	3,184	3,184	+100	---
Cooper-Hewitt, National Design Museum	5,061	5,086	5,086	+25	---
Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden	4,687	4,544	4,544	-143	---
National Museum of African Art	4,654	4,654	4,654	---	---
World Cultures Center	792	792	792	---	---
Anacostia Community Museum	2,355	2,405	2,405	+50	---
Archives of American Art	1,933	1,933	1,933	---	---
National Museum of African American History and Culture	33,079	33,079	33,079	---	---
National Museum of American History	26,504	26,704	26,704	+200	---
National Museum of the American Indian	32,671	33,242	33,242	+571	---
National Portrait Gallery	6,556	6,556	6,556	---	---
Smithsonian American Art Museum	10,239	10,239	10,239	---	---
American Experience Center	600	550	600	---	+50
Subtotal, Museums and Research Institutes	285,104	285,857	285,907	+803	+50
Mission enabling:					
Program support and outreach:					
Outreach	9,333	9,333	9,333	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Communications	2,663	2,839	2,839	+176	---
Institution-wide programs	16,784	14,784	16,784	---	+2,000
Office of Exhibits Central	3,154	3,169	3,169	+15	---
Museum Support Center	1,906	1,906	1,906	---	---
Museum Conservation Institute	3,359	3,359	3,359	---	---
Smithsonian Institution Archives	2,408	2,423	2,423	+15	---
Smithsonian Institution Libraries	11,273	11,373	11,373	+100	---
Subtotal, Program support and outreach	50,880	49,186	51,186	+306	+2,000
Office of Chief Information Officer	51,967	52,509	52,509	+542	---
Administration	36,314	36,405	36,405	+91	---
Inspector General	3,538	3,538	3,538	---	---
Facilities services:					
Facilities maintenance	77,045	82,045	79,545	+2,500	-2,500
Facilities operations, security and support	226,596	228,404	230,904	+4,308	+2,500
Subtotal, Facilities services	303,641	310,449	310,449	+6,808	---
Subtotal, Mission enabling	446,340	452,087	454,087	+7,747	+2,000
Total, Salaries and expenses	731,444	737,944	739,994	+8,550	+2,050

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Facilities Capital					
Revitalization	281,603	202,500	286,503	+4,900	+84,003
Facilities planning and design	20,300	17,000	17,000	-3,300	---
Construction	10,000	---	---	-10,000	---
Total, Facilities Capital	311,903	219,500	303,503	-8,400	+84,003
TOTAL, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	1,043,347	957,444	1,043,497	+150	+86,053
NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART					
Salaries and Expenses					
Care and utilization of art collections	46,368	44,954	48,871	+2,503	+3,917
Operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds	35,854	35,091	36,154	+300	+1,063
Protection of buildings, grounds and contents	26,558	27,283	26,958	+400	-325
General administration	33,010	31,396	32,219	-791	+823
Total, Salaries and Expenses	141,790	138,724	144,202	+2,412	+5,478

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Repair, Restoration and Renovation of Buildings					
Base program	24,203	8,176	24,203	---	+16,027
TOTAL, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART	165,993	146,900	168,405	+2,412	+21,505
JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS					
Operations and maintenance	23,740	24,490	24,490	+750	---
Capital repair and restoration	16,775	13,000	16,800	+25	+3,800
TOTAL, JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS	40,515	37,490	41,290	+775	+3,800
WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS					
Salaries and expenses	12,000	7,474	12,000	---	+4,526

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES					
National Endowment for the Arts					
Grants and Administration					
Grants:					
Direct grants	64,819	---	66,110	+1,291	+66,110
Challenge America grants	7,600	---	7,600	---	+7,600
Subtotal	72,419	---	73,710	+1,291	+73,710
State partnerships:					
State and regional	37,996	---	38,673	+677	+38,673
Underserved set-aside	10,284	---	10,467	+183	+10,467
Subtotal	48,280	---	49,140	+860	+49,140
Subtotal, Grants	120,699	---	122,850	+2,151	+122,850
Program support	1,950	---	1,950	---	+1,950
Administration	30,200	28,949	30,200	---	+1,251
Total, Arts	152,849	28,949	155,000	+2,151	+126,051

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Endowment for the Humanities					
Grants and Administration					
Grants:					
Federal/State partnership	47,200	---	48,000	+800	+48,000
Preservation and access	19,000	---	19,000	---	+19,000
Public programs	14,000	---	13,500	-500	+13,500
Research programs	15,000	---	14,500	-500	+14,500
Education programs	12,750	---	12,250	-500	+12,250
Program development	850	---	1,200	+350	+1,200
Digital humanities initiatives	4,600	---	4,600	---	+4,600
Subtotal, Grants	113,400	---	113,050	-350	+113,050
Matching Grants:					
Treasury funds	2,200	---	2,000	-200	+2,000
Challenge grants	9,100	13,537	11,250	+2,150	-2,287
Subtotal, Matching grants	11,300	13,537	13,250	+1,950	-287
Administration	28,148	28,770	28,700	+552	-70
Total, Humanities	152,848	42,307	155,000	+2,152	+112,693
TOTAL, NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES	305,697	71,256	310,000	+4,303	+238,744

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS					
Salaries and expenses	2,762	2,771	2,771	+9	---
NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS					
Grants	2,750	---	2,750	---	+2,750
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION					
Salaries and expenses	6,400	6,440	6,890	+490	+450
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	8,099	7,948	8,099	---	+151
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL MUSEUM					
Holocaust Memorial Museum	59,000	56,602	59,000	---	+2,398
DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	1,800	1,800	1,800	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Construction	45,000	30,000	---	-45,000	-30,000
Total, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MEMORIAL COMMISSION	46,800	31,800	1,800	-45,000	-30,000
WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CENTENNIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
WORLD WAR I CENTENNIAL COMMISSION					
Salaries and expenses	7,000	6,000	7,000	---	+1,000
TOTAL, TITLE III, RELATED AGENCIES	13,365,972	11,558,033	13,744,127	+378,155	+2,186,094
Appropriations	(13,371,910)	(11,652,033)	(13,745,630)	(+373,720)	(+2,093,597)
Rescissions	(-5,938)	(-94,000)	(-1,503)	(+4,435)	(+92,497)
Emergency appropriations	---	---	---	---	---
TITLE IV - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Treatment of certain hospitals	8,000	---	---	-8,000	---
Infrastructure (Sec. 429)	766,000	---	791,000	+25,000	+791,000
TOTAL, TITLE IV, GENERAL PROVISIONS	774,000	---	791,000	+17,000	+791,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF REQUIREMENTS ACT OF 2017 (P.L. 115-72)					
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Forest Service					
Wildland Fire Management (emergency).....	184,500	---	---	-184,500	---
FLAME Wildfire Suppression Reserve Fund (emergency)...	342,000	---	---	-342,000	---
Total, Department of Agriculture.....	526,500	---	---	-526,500	---
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
Department-Wide Programs					
Wildland Fire Management (emergency).....	50,000	---	---	-50,000	---
Total, Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements, 2017.....	576,500	---	---	-576,500	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
FURTHER ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF ACT, 2018 (P.L. 115-123)					
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
United States Fish and Wildlife Service					
Construction (emergency)	210,629	---	---	-210,629	---
National Park Service					
Historic Preservation Fund (emergency)	50,000	---	---	-50,000	---
Construction (emergency)	207,600	---	---	-207,600	---
Total, National Park Service	257,600	---	---	-257,600	---
United States Geological Survey					
Surveys, Investigations, and Research (emergency)	42,246	---	---	-42,246	---
Departmental Offices					
Insular Affairs:					
Assistance to Territories (emergency)	3,000	---	---	-3,000	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Inspector General (emergency)	2,500	---	---	-2,500	---
Total, Departmental Offices	5,500	---	---	-5,500	---
Total, Department of the Interior	515,975	---	---	-515,975	---
Environmental Protection Agency					
Hazardous Substance Superfund (emergency)	6,200	---	---	-6,200	---
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund (emergency)	7,000	---	---	-7,000	---
State and Tribal Assistance Grants (emergency)	50,000	---	---	-50,000	---
Total, Environmental Protection Agency	63,200	---	---	-63,200	---
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Forest Service					
State and Private Forestry (emergency)	7,500	---	---	-7,500	---
National Forest System (emergency)	20,652	---	---	-20,652	---

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Capital Improvement and Maintenance (emergency)	91,600	---	---	-91,600	---
Total, Department of Agriculture	119,752	---	---	-119,752	---
Total, Further Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief, 2018	698,927	---	---	-698,927	---
TOTAL, OTHER APPROPRIATIONS	1,275,427	---	---	-1,275,427	---
GRAND TOTAL	36,589,147	28,338,610	35,613,720	-975,427	+7,275,110
Appropriations	(35,476,506)	(28,735,042)	(35,851,552)	(+375,046)	(+7,116,510)
Rescissions	(-162,786)	(-368,292)	(-237,832)	(-75,046)	(+130,460)
Rescissions of contract authority	---	(-28,140)	---	---	(+28,140)
Emergency appropriations	(1,275,427)	---	---	(-1,275,427)	---
(By transfer)	(24,274)	(26,116)	(24,274)	---	(-1,842)
(Transfer out)	(-24,274)	(-26,116)	(-24,274)	---	(+1,842)
(Discretionary total)	(35,252,000)	(28,276,890)	(35,552,000)	(+300,000)	(+7,275,110)

DIVISION E—DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

In implementing this bill, Federal departments, agencies, commissions, and other entities are directed to comply with the directives, reporting requirements, and instructions contained in H. Rept. 115–829 (House report) accompanying H.R. 6385 (House bill) and S. Rept. 115–282 (Senate report) accompanying S. 3108 (Senate bill) as though stated in this explanatory statement, unless specifically directed to the contrary.

This explanatory statement, while repeating some House and Senate report language for emphasis or clarification, does not negate language in such reports unless expressly provided herein. Language expressing an opinion or making an observation in the House or Senate reports represents the view of the respective committee unless specifically endorsed in this explanatory statement. In cases in which the House and Senate reports provide contradictory directives or contradictory instructions that are not addressed in this explanatory statement, such directives or instructions are negated.

Reports required to be submitted pursuant to the Act, including reports required by this explanatory statement and the House and Senate reports, may not be consolidated to include responses to multiple requirements in a single report, except following consultation with the Committees on Appropriations.

In lieu of the tables and allocations of funding contained in the House and Senate reports, the tables and such allocations contained in this explanatory statement shall guide departments, agencies, commissions, and other entities when allocating funds.

Section 7019 of the Act requires that amounts designated in the respective tables referenced in this explanatory statement for funds appropriated in titles III through V, including tables in title VII, shall be made available in such designated amounts, unless otherwise provided for in the Act, and shall be the basis of the report required by section 653(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (FAA) (the 653(a) report), where applicable. The section also includes limited authority to deviate from such specified amounts and continues language similar to prior years including exceptions to the application of the requirements of such section for amounts designated in tables included in this explanatory statement for International Military Education and Training, Global Health Programs, and Economic Support Fund/Global Programs, funds for which the initial period of availability has expired, amounts designated by the Act as minimum funding requirements, and funds made available for a country pursuant to sections 7043(c), 7047(d), and 7071(b) of the Act.

Proposed deviations from tables in titles I and II in this explanatory statement are subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, unless an exception or deviation authority is specifically provided herein.

For the purposes of this explanatory statement, the term ''prior Acts'' means prior Acts making appropriations for the Department of State, foreign operations, and related programs. In addition, any reference to ''division K of Public Law 115–141'' means the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2018, and any reference to ''division J of Public Law 115–31'' means the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2017.

For purposes of the Act and explanatory statement, the term ''regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations'' means such Committees are notified not less than 15 days in advance of the obligation of funds. The Secretary of State and USAID Administrator are directed to submit notifications for the obligation of funds made available by the Act and prior Acts not later than 60 days prior to the expiration of such funds.

Congressional notifications submitted by the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator for funds that are being reallocated prior to initial obligation, reprogrammed, or reobligated after deobligation, shall, to the maximum extent practicable, contain detailed information about the sources of the funds and why such funds are no longer intended to be used as previously justified.

For purposes of the Act, the term ''prior consultation'' means a pre-decisional engagement between a relevant Federal agency and the Committees on Appropriations during which the Committees are provided a meaningful opportunity to provide facts and opinions to inform: (1) the use of funds; (2) the development, content, or conduct of a program or activity; or (3) a decision to be taken. Direction to consult with the ''Committee'' in either the House or Senate reports shall mean to consult with the Committees on Appropriations.

In the Act, the term ''stabilization assistance'' has the same meaning as defined by the Stabilization Assistance Review in ''A Framework for Maximizing the Effectiveness of U.S. Government Efforts to Stabilize Conflict-Affected Areas, 2018.''

As in prior fiscal years, additional funding designated as Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism (OCO/GWOT) pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (BBEDCA) is contained in title VIII of the Act. Such funds are intended to address the extraordinary costs of operations and assistance in countries in conflict and areas of instability and violence, particularly in the Middle East, South Asia, and Africa; security, stabilization, and peacekeeping programs; humanitarian activities; and counterterrorism and counterinsurgency efforts.

The Secretary of State shall comply with the directive under section 7015 in the House report regarding the transfer or release of any individuals detained at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba in the manner described.

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCY

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

The Act provides $9,047,657,000 for Administration of Foreign Affairs in this title, and an additional $3,280,871,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. The Act includes a total of $6,071,348,000 for embassy security in this title and title VIII, as contained in the table below:

EMBASSY SECURITY

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Worldwide Security Protection	4,095,899
Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance	1,975,449
Total	6,071,348

DIPLOMATIC PROGRAMS

The Act provides $5,947,952,000 for Diplomatic Programs in this title, and an additional $3,225,971,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Within the total provided under this heading in this title, up to $1,469,777,000 is for Worldwide Security Protection (WSP) and may remain available until expended; and $4,478,175,000 is for operations, of which $671,726,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020.

Funds appropriated by the Act for activities, bureaus, and offices under this heading in this title are allocated according to the following table:

DIPLOMATIC PROGRAMS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Category	Budget Authority
Human Resources	2,871,794
Worldwide Security Protection	*[528,000]*
Overseas Programs	1,338,227
Diplomatic Policy and Support	773,847
Security Programs	964,084
Worldwide Security Protection	*[941,777]*
Total	5,947,952

BUREAU/OFFICE

(includes salary and bureau-managed funds)

Bureau of Administration	
Freedom of Information Act	*[33,960]*
Ambassadors Fund for Cultural Preservation	6,250
Cultural Antiquities Task Force	1,000
Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor	42,020
Human Rights Vetting	*[10,000]*
Office of International Religious Freedom	*[6,500]*
of which, religious freedom curriculum development	*[500]*
Special Envoy to Promote Religious Freedom of Religious Minorities in the Near East and South Central Asia	*[2,000]*
Atrocities Prevention Training	*[500]*
Special Advisor for International Disability Rights	*[445]*
Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs	
Office of the Special Envoy for Holocaust Issues	*[750]*
Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs	
Office of Terrorism Financing and Economic Sanctions Policy	*[6,100]*
Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs	41,859
Office of the Legal Advisor	
Document Review Unit	*[2,889]*
Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons	13,822
Bureau of Political-Military Affairs	
Office of Weapons Removal and Abatement	[3,609]
Office of the Secretary	
Office of Global Women's Issues	*[6,766]*
Office of the Coordinator for Cyber Issues	*[5,497]*
Undersecretary for Civilian Security, Democracy, and Human Rights	*[2,695]*
Special Coordinator for Tibetan Issues	*[1,000]*
Ambassador at Large for Global Criminal Justice	*[3,750]*
Office to Monitor and Combat Anti-Semitism	*[350]*

Funds allocated for offices and programs under the bureaus listed in the table under this heading that exceed the 2019 congressional budget justification levels for such offices and programs are in addition to funds otherwise made available for such bureaus.

Bureau of Diplomatic Security Staffing.—The bill includes $528,000,000 for salaries for the Bureau of Diplomatic Security (DS). Such funds are available to support the fiscal year 2019 DS hiring plan and for staffing enhancements in fiscal years 2019 and 2020. In conjunction with the operating plan submitted pursuant to section 7070(a) of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a plan for the use of such funds for DS staffing enhancements.

Bureau of International Organization Affairs Personnel Levels.—To provide for the proper oversight of funds, facilitate reform at the United Nations and other international organizations, and comply with congressional reporting requirements, the Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations with respect to the personnel levels of the Bureau of International Organization Affairs prior to submitting the operating plan required under section 7070(a) of the Act.

Combating Anti-Semitism.—Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the

Committees on Appropriations on the status of the appointment of a Special Envoy to Monitor and Combat Anti-Semitism.

Emergency Evacuations Reserve.—The bill includes an additional $250,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level within the amounts designated for WSP, to be available until expended, as a reserve for costs related to evacuations of United States Government personnel and United States citizens from extraordinary overseas emergencies. Additionally, section 7004(f) of the Act is modified to include Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service to the transfer authority to facilitate such evacuations.

Expanded Professional Associates Program.—The bill provides funds under this heading for the Expanded Professional Associates Program (EPAP). The Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the planned funding and personnel levels for EPAP for fiscal year 2019 prior to submitting the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act.

Foreign Affairs Security Training Center.—Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a progress report on the Foreign Affairs Security Training Center project, which shall be updated semi-annually until the completion of the project. The report shall include the requirements described under this heading in the House and Senate reports.

Global Engagement Center.—The bill includes up to $55,400,000 for the Global Engagement Center (GEC), including up to $20,000,000 to counter state propaganda and disinformation. The operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act shall include the staffing requirements and on-board staffing levels of the GEC, including the use of detailees, personal service contracts, and direct hires, as well as their foreign language proficiency. The Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the intended use of any funds transferred or requested to be transferred to the GEC by the Department of Defense prior to submitting the notifications required by sections 7015(d)(2) and 7015(h)(2)(A) of the Act.

Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons.—The bill includes $13,822,000 for the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons for support of activities and directives described in the House and Senate reports, including additional staff to address the increased workload of regional analysts and improve expertise of in-country personnel.

Public Diplomacy.—The bill includes sufficient funds to support public diplomacy programs at not less than the fiscal year 2018 level. In addition, the Secretary of State shall include projected funding levels for public diplomacy in the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act.

United States Special Envoy for Sudan and South Sudan.—The bill includes funds for the United States Special Envoy for Sudan and South Sudan. Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on the timing of the appointment of an individual to such position, and the costs associated with the office of such Envoy.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUND

The Act provides $92,770,000 for Capital Investment Fund.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Act provides $90,829,000 for Office of Inspector General in this title, of which $13,624,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020, and an additional $54,900,000 in title VIII under this heading is for the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction (SIGAR) and is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. The Act waives the requirement of section 209(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as included in prior fiscal years.

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

The Act provides $700,946,000 for Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs, of which not less than $271,500,000 is for the Fulbright Program and $111,860,000 is for the Citizen Exchange Program. Funds under this heading are allocated according to the following table:

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Program/Activity	Budget Authority
Academic Programs	
Fulbright Program	271,500
Global Academic Exchanges	63,461
Special Academic Exchanges	22,875
Benjamin Gilman International Scholarship Program	*[16,000]*
Subtotal	357,836
Professional and Cultural Exchanges	
International Visitor Program	104,000
Citizen Exchange Program	111,860
Congress-Bundestag Youth Exchange	*[4,125]*
Special Professional and Cultural Exchanges	5,600
Subtotal	221,460
Special Initiatives	
Young Leaders Initiatives	31,250
Countering State Disinformation and Pressure	12,000
Subtotal	43,250
Program and Performance	8,400
Exchanges Support	70,000
Total	700,946

The Secretary of State shall include in the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act the information listed under this heading in the House and Senate reports.

Countering State Disinformation and Pressure.—The bill includes $12,000,000 under this heading to counter state-sponsored disinformation and hybrid threats, promote democracy, and support exchanges with countries facing state-sponsored disinformation and pressure campaigns, particularly in Europe and Eurasia. A portion of the funds shall be made available through a process whereby the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State (ECA), solicits proposals from posts located in affected countries.

Citizen Exchange Program.—Funds made available for the Citizen Exchange Program are intended for the purposes described under this heading in the House report.

Fulbright Program.—The bill includes additional funds under this heading for the Fulbright Program for Afghanistan, Egypt, and Pakistan, which in previous fiscal years were appropriated under Economic Support Fund. The total Fulbright allocations for such countries for fiscal year 2019 shall not be less than the total amounts appropriated under this heading and under Economic Support Fund in prior fiscal years for such purposes.

The bill also includes funding for Fulbright initiatives in Korea, the Baltic Sea region, and Eastern Europe at not less than the amounts allocated in, and in a manner consistent with, fiscal year 2018.

Special Academic and Professional and Cultural Exchanges.—The bill includes funds to continue the Special Academic Exchanges and Special Professional and Cultural Exchanges described in the House and Senate reports, including the Benjamin Gilman International Scholarship Program and the Tibetan exchanges and fellowships.

Personnel.—The bill includes $70,000,000 for Exchanges Support for ECA. Funds made available above the prior fiscal year level are for the purpose of hiring to the authorized personnel level contained in the May 22, 2018 Department of State report to Congress. The operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act shall include details on how such levels will be achieved.

Vietnam Education Foundation Act.—The Act includes $5,000,000 under this heading and $5,000,000 under Development Assistance for grants authorized by section 211 of the Vietnam Education Foundation Act of 2000, as amended.

Young Leaders Initiatives.—The bill includes an additional $1,500,000 for the Young African Leaders Initiative and an additional $1,000,000 for the Young Leaders of the Americas Initiative above the prior fiscal year level.

REPRESENTATION EXPENSES

The Act provides $8,030,000 for Representation Expenses, subject to section 7020 of the Act.

PROTECTION OF FOREIGN MISSIONS AND OFFICIALS

The Act provides $30,890,000 for Protection of Foreign Missions and Officials.

EMBASSY SECURITY, CONSTRUCTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Act provides $1,975,449,000 for Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance, of which $1,198,249,000 is for Worldwide Security Upgrades (WSU) and $777,200,000 is for other construction, operations, and maintenance.

Acceptance of Gifts for Embassy Construction.—The Secretary of State shall notify the Committees on Appropriations not later than 15 days prior to the acceptance of a gift to supplement funds made available under this heading. Such notification shall include the amount, source, and any terms associated with each gift, and the Secretary shall consult with such Committees prior to submitting such notification.

Capital Security Cost Sharing and Maintenance Cost Sharing Programs.—The bill includes not less than $1,025,304,000 for the Department of State share of the Capital Security Cost Sharing (CSCS) and Maintenance Cost Sharing (MCS) Programs, not including additional amounts to be provided from consular revenue.

In addition, Federal agencies funded by the Act are directed to provide contributions to the CSCS and MCS Programs at levels consistent with the Benghazi Accountability Review Board recommended funding level of $2,200,000,000 for CSCS and $400,000,000 for MCS based on shares determined by the Secretary of State.

Value Engineering.—Any notification submitted to the Committees on Appropriations for a new diplomatic facility justified to such Committees in the Congressional Budget Justification, Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs, Fiscal Year 2019, or not previously justified to such Committees, shall include confirmation that the Department of State has completed the requisite value engineering studies required pursuant to OMB Circular A–131, Value Engineering December 31, 2013, and the Bureau of Overseas Building Operations Policy and Procedure Directive, P&PD, Cost 02: Value Engineering.

The reference to ''Enhanced Notification Requirements'' in the House report shall mean ''Notification and reporting requirements'' under this heading in such report.

EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

The Act provides $7,885,000 for Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service.

The Act withholds from obligation $800,000 of the funds made available under this heading until the Secretary of State testifies before the Committees on Appropriations on the fiscal year 2020 budget request. Funds withheld from obligation shall not be from

funds necessary for emergency evacuations and the payment of rewards for information related to international terrorism, narcotics related activities, transnational organized crime, and war crimes as authorized by Section 36 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956. Instead, such withholding should be from funds available under the heading for entertainment, representation, and other related expenses.

REPATRIATION LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The Act provides $1,300,000 for Repatriation Loans Program Account.

PAYMENT TO THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN TAIWAN

The Act provides $31,963,000 for Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan.

If consular fees collected by the American Institute in Taiwan (AIT) are not sufficient to cover the full cost of AIT's consular operations, the Secretary of State shall make available funds from the Consular and Border Security Program (CBSP) in amounts sufficient to cover the difference between such consular fees and the cost of consular operations. The operating plan submitted for AIT pursuant to section 7070(a) of the Act shall include the anticipated costs of AIT consular operations, an estimate of consular fees anticipated to be collected by AIT, and any anticipated transfers from the CBSP.

INTERNATIONAL CENTER, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The Act provides $743,000 for International Center, Washington, District of Columbia.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The Act provides $158,900,000 for Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

The Act provides $1,264,030,000 for Contributions to International Organizations in this title, and an additional $96,240,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Act or another provision of law, and with the exception of organizations from which the United States has withdrawn, the bill assumes the payment of the full United States assessment at each respective organization funded under this heading. The Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations prior to submitting the operating plan required by section 70701(a) of the Act for funds appropriated under this heading, including with respect to any decision not to include in such plan the full assessed amount for any organization funded under this heading.

For each organization, department, or agency funded under this heading that is not subject to section 7048(a)(1) of the Act, the Secretary shall assess whether such organization, department, or agency is meeting the requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (C) of such section and include such information in the report required by such section. The report shall include such information on an organization-by-organization basis.

The Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the availability of additional funds for the International Civil Aviation Organization for a contribution to the 40th Triennial Assembly and 75th anniversary events in 2019.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

The Act provides $562,344,000 for Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities in this title, and an additional $988,656,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Sufficient funds are provided in the bill for United States contributions to peacekeeping missions at the statutory level of 25 percent. Funding for the United States share of the United Nations Support Office in Somalia is provided under Peacekeeping Operations in title VIII instead of under this heading.

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $48,134,000 for Salaries and Expenses.

CONSTRUCTION

The Act provides $29,400,000 for Construction.

AMERICAN SECTIONS, INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

The Act provides $13,258,000 for American Sections, International Commissions, including $8,052,000 for the International Joint Commission, $2,304,000 for the International Boundary Commission, and $2,902,000 for the Border Environment Cooperation Commission, in the amounts and for the purposes specified under this heading in the Senate report.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

The Act provides $50,651,000 for International Fisheries Commissions. The bill provides funding for the purposes specified under this heading in the Senate report and such funds are allocated according to the following table:

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Commission/Activity	Budget Authority
Great Lakes Fishery Commission	37,290
Lake Champlain Basin	*[7,000]*
Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission	1,750
Pacific Salmon Commission	3,685
International Pacific Halibut Commission	4,395
Other Marine Conservation Organizations	3,531
Total	50,651

RELATED AGENCY

BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS

INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING OPERATIONS

The Act provides $798,196,000 for International Broadcasting Operations.

Section 7034(r)(7) of the Act clarifies the name change of the ''Broadcasting Board of Governors'' (BBG) to the ''United States Agency for Global Media'' (USAGM).

Of the funds made available under this heading, up to $34,508,000 may remain available until expended for satellite transmissions and Internet freedom programs, of which not less than $13,800,000 is for Internet freedom and circumvention programs. In addition, $1,200,000 is included within funds provided for Radio Free Asia (RFA) for the personnel costs associated with Internet freedom activities, bringing the total provided for such programs to not less than $15,000,000. The USAGM shall include amounts planned for Internet freedom in fiscal year 2019 as part of the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act and to describe the planned activities in the Internet freedom spend plan required by section 7065(c) of the Act.

East Asia and the Pacific.—The bill supports the Tibetan language services of the Voice of America (VOA) and RFA.

Latin America.—The bill includes $6,000,000 for the VOA Latin America Division for the purposes specified under this heading in the House report. The USAGM shall submit the report required under this heading in the House report to the Committees on Appropriations in the manner described.

Radio Free Asia.—The bill includes $44,223,000 for RFA. Within such amount, additional funds are to be made available to increase the capacity for translation and social media by the Uyghur service of RFA to address the crisis in Xinjiang, China. USAGM shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on plans to increase this capacity.

Funds under this heading are allocated according to the following table:

INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING OPERATIONS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Entities/Grantees	Budget Authority
Federal Entities	
International Broadcasting Bureau (IBB)	
IBB Operations	58,576
Internet Freedom	*[13,800]*
Office of Technology, Services, and Innovation	181,843
Voice of America	250,060
Office of Cuba Broadcasting	29,144
Subtotal	519,623
Independent Grantee Organizations	
Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty	124,038
Radio Free Asia	44,223
Middle East Broadcasting Networks	110,312
Subtotal	278,573
Total	798,196

BROADCASTING CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

The Act provides $9,700,000 for Broadcasting Capital Improvements.

RELATED PROGRAMS

THE ASIA FOUNDATION

The Act provides $17,000,000 for The Asia Foundation. Such funds shall be apportioned and obligated to the Foundation not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act.

UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE

The Act provides $38,634,000 for United States Institute of Peace.

An additional $750,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level is included in the bill to facilitate the Syria Study Group authorized in division G of Public Law 115–254 to review and make recommendations on a diplomatic and military strategy toward Syria. The President of the United States Institute of Peace shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on its plans to facilitate such Group.

CENTER FOR MIDDLE EASTERN-WESTERN DIALOGUE TRUST FUND

The Act provides $185,000 from interest and earnings from the Center for Middle Eastern-Western Dialogue Trust Fund.

EISENHOWER EXCHANGE FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM

The Act provides $190,000 from interest and earnings from the Eisenhower Exchange Fellowship Program Trust Fund.

ISRAELI ARAB SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

The Act provides $68,000 from interest and earnings from the Israeli Arab Scholarship Endowment Fund.

EAST-WEST CENTER

The Act provides $16,700,000 for East-West Center. Such funds shall be apportioned and obligated to the Center not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

The Act provides $180,000,000 for National Endowment for Democracy. Such funds shall be apportioned and obligated to the National Endowment for Democracy (NED) not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act. Of this amount, $117,500,000 shall be allocated in the traditional and customary manner, including for the core institutes.

A total of $62,500,000 is provided for democracy programs, as well as for the next phase of the NED's mid- to long-term strategic approach and response to immediate and unanticipated challenges or opportunities for the

promotion of democracy abroad. Of the funds provided above the fiscal year 2018 enacted level for such programs, $4,000,000 is for NED discretionary programs for Burma and $6,000,000 is for NED discretionary programs for North Korea.

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the NED President shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations on the proposed uses of funds appropriated under this heading in a manner similar to fiscal year 2018. The NED President should consult with such Committees in advance of any significant deviation from the plans outlined in such report.

Funds appropriated under this heading shall not be subject to prior approval by the Department of State or USAID or to administrative and management surcharges, and minimal expenses, if any, should be charged to general Department of State or USAID operating expenses. The NED shall not be precluded from competitively bidding on other grant solicitations.

OTHER COMMISSIONS

COMMISSION FOR THE PRESERVATION OF AMERICA'S HERITAGE ABROAD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $675,000 for Commission for the Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad.

UNITED STATES COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL RELIGIOUS FREEDOM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $4,500,000 for United States Commission on International Religious Freedom, of which $1,000,000 is withheld from obligation until the Commission consults with the appropriate congressional committees on the steps taken to implement the recommendations of the Independent Review of USCIRF Mission Effectiveness that was conducted pursuant to the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom Reauthorization Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–71). Additionally, the funds withheld are subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $2,579,000 for Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe.

CONGRESSIONAL-EXECUTIVE COMMISSION ON THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $2,000,000 for Congressional-Executive Commission on the People's Republic of China.

UNITED STATES-CHINA ECONOMIC AND SECURITY REVIEW COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $3,500,000 for United States-China Economic and Security Review Commission.

WESTERN HEMISPHERE DRUG POLICY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Act provides $1,500,000 for Western Hemisphere Drug Policy Commission, as authorized by title VI of the Department of State Authorities Act, Fiscal Year 2017.

TITLE II

UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Act provides $1,214,808,000 for Operating Expenses in this title, of which $182,221,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020, and an additional $158,067,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

In lieu of the personnel report directed under this heading in the House report, a modified report on personnel is required under section 7073 of the Act.

Changes in Management.—The USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on any proposed significant or substantive change to USAID guidance or directives related to management services prior to issuing such guidance or directives to USAID posts worldwide.

USAID Overseas Staffing.—The bill includes an additional $25,000,000 above the fiscal year 2018 level for the purpose of increasing overseas staffing. The USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations prior to the submission of the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act with respect to such staffing levels.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUND

The Act provides $225,000,000 for Capital Investment Fund, of which not less than $220,400,000 is for the CSCS and MCS Programs.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Act provides $76,600,000 for Office of Inspector General, of which $11,490,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020.

The Act includes up to $2,000,000 to support Office of Inspector General (OIG) activities in the West Bank and Gaza: $1,000,000 is provided under this heading and up to $1,000,000 is provided pursuant to section 7039 of the Act. In addition, the bill provides funding under this heading to support OIG activities and staffing in Afghanistan.

TITLE III

BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

GLOBAL HEALTH PROGRAMS

The Act provides $8,837,450,000 for Global Health Programs. Funds under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

GLOBAL HEALTH PROGRAMS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Program/Activity	Budget Authority
Maternal and Child Health	835,000
Polio	*[51,500]*
Maternal and Neonatal Tetanus	*[1,000]*
The GAVI Alliance	*[290,000]*
Nutrition (USAID)	145,000
Micronutrients	*[33,000]*
of which, Vitamin A	*[22,500]*
Iodine Deficiency Disorder	*[2,500]*
Vulnerable Children (USAID)	24,000
Blind Children	*[3,500]*
HIV/AIDS (USAID)	330,000
Microbicides	*[45,000]*
HIV/AIDS (Department of State)	5,720,000
The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria	*[1,350,000]*
UNAIDS	*[45,000]*
Family Planning/Reproductive Health (USAID)	523,950
Other Infectious Diseases (USAID)	1,259,500
Global Health Security	*[100,000]*
Malaria	*[755,000]*
Tuberculosis	*[302,000]*
of which, Global TB Drug Facility	*[15,000]*
Neglected Tropical Diseases	*[102,500]*
Total	8,837,450

Consultation.—The USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the specific uses of funds made available at levels above the previous fiscal year for maternal and child health, nutrition, global health security, and tuberculosis, prior to the obligation of such funds.

Global Health Security.—The bill includes $140,000,000 for Global Health Security, of which $40,000,000 is repurposed from title IX of division J of Public Law 113–235. Of such repurposed funds, $2,000,000 is for the Emergency Reserve Fund, bringing the available balance of the Reserve Fund to $100,000,000 to enable the United States and the international public health community to respond rapidly to emerging health threats.

USAID has played an important role in vaccine development for HIV and malaria, and the USAID Administrator shall consider the use of global health security funds for vaccine development efforts to prevent and respond to outbreaks from deadly viruses.

Maternal and Neonatal Tetanus.—Funds provided for Maternal and Neonatal Tetanus are for public-private partnerships specifically focused on providing low-cost vaccines for women of childbearing age to prevent tetanus in newborn children.

DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

The Act provides $3,000,000,000 for Development Assistance. Funds for certain programs under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Country/Program	Budget Authority
Africa:	
Cameroon	3,000
Chad	3,000
Democratic Republic of Congo	37,594
Malawi higher education	10,000
Niger	11,000
The Gambia democracy programs	2,000
East Asia and the Pacific:	
Philippines	70,000
South and Central Asia:	
Bangladesh	89,525
labor programs	*[3,000]*
democracy programs	*[8,000]*
Sri Lanka	30,000
Western Hemisphere:	
Central America	190,000
Haiti	51,000
reforestation	*[8,500]*
Global Programs:	
Bureau for Food Security	*315,960*
Community Development Fund	*[80,000]*
Feed the Future Innovation Labs	*[55,000]*
Global Crop Diversity Trust	*[15,000]*
Combating child marriage	11,000
Development Innovation Ventures	23,000
Leahy War Victims Fund	13,500
Low Cost Eyeglasses Pilot Program	2,500
Mobility Pilot Program	1,000
Ocean Freight Reimbursement Program	1,500
Reconciliation Programs	18,000
Trade capacity building	20,000
USAID Advisor for Indigenous Peoples Issues	3,500
Victims of torture	12,000
Wheelchairs	5,000

Low Cost Eyeglasses Pilot Program.—The bill includes $2,500,000 for a low cost eyeglasses pilot program, which shall be implemented in the manner described in the Senate report. The USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act on a plan to implement such program.

Mobility.—Not later than 120 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations the report required in the House and Senate reports on efforts by USAID to implement a pilot program to increase access to affordable bicycles in developing countries.

Patrick Leahy War Victims Fund.—The bill includes $13,500,000 for the Leahy War Victims Fund which assists disabled civilian victims of armed conflict, with an emphasis on addressing mobility-related injuries. These resources may be used to improve access to quality habilitation and rehabilitation services and expand economic and social opportunities for disabled civilian victims of armed conflict.

Wheelchair Program.—The bill includes $5,000,000 to improve the availability of, and access to, appropriate wheelchairs and trained wheelchair providers in low and middle income countries. Broader efforts to increase global access to assistive technology contribute to improved access to wheelchairs, and these funds may be used to promote such efforts, including through global

partnerships. The USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act on the proposed uses of such funds.

INERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE

The Act provides $3,801,034,000 for International Disaster Assistance in this title, and an additional $584,278,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. Such funds shall be apportioned to USAID not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act.

TRANSITION INITIATIVES

The Act provides $30,000,000 for Transition Initiatives in this title, and an additional $62,043,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

COMPLEX CRISES FUND

The Act provides $30,000,000 for Complex Crises Fund. Congressional notifications submitted for funds made available under this heading shall include the source year of funds being notified. Such funds shall be apportioned to USAID not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act. As in the past, funds appropriated under this heading in this title are the responsibility of the USAID Administrator. The Secretary of State and the USAID Administrator shall provide the Committees on Appropriations semi-annual updates on the status of cumulative unobligated balances and obligated, but unexpended, balances, disaggregated by source year, from funds appropriated under this heading in the Act and prior Acts.

DEVELOPMENT CREDIT AUTHORITY

The Act includes a $55,000,000 limitation on funds that may be transferred from other programs in this title to Development Credit Authority. In addition, $10,000,000 is provided for administrative expenses, which may be transferred to, and merged with, Operating Expenses. A limitation of $1,750,000,000 is included on total loan principal.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

The Act provides $2,545,525,000 for Economic Support Fund in this title, and an additional $1,172,336,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. Funds for certain programs under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Country/Program	Budget Authority
Africa	
Cameroon	1,000
Counter Lord's Resistance Army (sec. 7042(c))	10,000
Democratic Republic of Congo	37,594
Djibouti	9,000
West Africa anti-slavery programs	2,000
East Asia and the Pacific	
North Korea human rights programs	4,000
People's Republic of China	17,040
Middle East and North Africa	
Lebanon	112,500
Scholarships	*[12,000]*
Middle East Partnership Initiative scholarship program	20,000
Middle East Regional Cooperation	5,000
Near East Regional Democracy	52,000
Relief and Recovery Fund.	
Refugee Scholarships Program in Lebanon	*[5,000]*
South and Central Asia	
Afghanistan Civilian Assistance Program	10,000
Nepal	75,000
Pakistan Civilian Assistance Program	10,000
Sri Lanka	10,000
Western Hemisphere	
Central America	100,000
Central America Regional Security Initiative	*[100,000]*
Cuba	20,000
Caribbean Energy Security Initiative	2,000
Global Programs	
Ambassador-at-Large for Global Women's Issues	10,000
Atrocities Prevention (sec. 7034(c))	2,500
Conflict and Stabilization Operations	2,500

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND—Continued

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Country/Program	Budget Authority
Disability Programs	7,500
Family Planning/Reproductive Health (USAID)	51,050
Global Concessional Financing Facility (sec. 7071(f))	25,000
House Democracy Partnership	1,900
Organization of American States	9,000
Polio	7,500
Protection of Civil Society Activists and Journalists (sec. 7032(h))	7,500
Reconciliation Programs	12,000

The bill provides funding to support the first through third organizational pillars of the Organization of American States. Within the total provided under this heading, $4,000,000 is for programs to strengthen democracy, and $5,000,000 is for programs to promote and protect human rights, of which not less than $500,000 is for the Office of the Special Rapporteur for Freedom of Expression. Such funds are subject to prior consultation with the Committees on Appropriations.

In lieu of the directives in the House and Senate bills and reports, the bill includes funds for democracy programs in Cuba.

The bill includes not less than $1,000,000 for programs that provide policy and technical training to information communication technology professionals from developing countries. Such funds should be provided on an open and competitive basis.

The bill continues limitations and conditions on assistance for the West Bank and Gaza from prior fiscal years. Subject to such limitations and conditions in the Act, and the recently enacted Taylor Force Act, the bill includes funds under Economic Support Fund sufficient to meet the level proposed in the President's fiscal year 2019 budget request for programs and activities to foster a resolution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. As described in the Congressional Budget Justification, such funds are intended to promote stability and enhance security, including by providing economic opportunities for the Palestinian people and improving access to water, energy, education and health services.

DEMOCRACY FUND

The Act provides $227,200,000 for Democracy Fund, of which $157,700,000 is for the Department of State Human Rights and Democracy Fund, including $7,500,000 to implement section 7032(h) of the Act, and $69,500,000 is for the USAID Center of Excellence for Democracy, Human Rights, and Governance.

The Assistant Secretary for the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor (DRL), Department of State, shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the uses of funds provided by the Act for the Human Rights and Democracy Fund that are above the fiscal year 2016 level.

Consistent with prior fiscal years, DRL may use funds appropriated under this heading for administrative expenses.

ASSISTANCE FOR EUROPE, EURASIA AND CENTRAL ASIA

The Act provides $760,334,000 for Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia.

The Act includes modified language regarding the use of notwithstanding authority under this heading.

The Secretary of State has not submitted the report required under this heading in the explanatory statement accompanying division J of Public Law 115–31. The Secretary of State shall submit the report not later than 30 days after enactment of the Act.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

The Act provides $2,027,876,000 for Migration and Refugee Assistance in this title, and an additional $1,404,124,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Funds made available under this heading in the Act shall be administered in accordance with the directives in paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 7073(b) of the Act.

The bill includes funding above the fiscal year 2018 level for Migration and Refugee Assistance, including to respond to refugees fleeing economic collapse and repression in Venezuela and to increase support for ongoing efforts to enhance the capacity of the Mexican Commission of Assistance to Refugees to process asylum applications of refugees in Mexico. Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Assistant Secretary for the Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (PRM), Department of State, shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the uses of such funds.

UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND

The Act provides $1,000,000 for United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund. The bill also directs the transfer to Migration and Refugee Assistance of any balances in the Fund that exceed the limitation in paragraph (2) of section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

PEACE CORPS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The Act provides $410,500,000 for Peace Corps.

The Act does not include language on the consultation and notification requirements regarding the closure or downsizing of domestic or overseas offices and notes that these requirements are now contained in Section 203 of the Sam Farr and Nick Castle Peace Corps Reform Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–256). The Director of the Peace Corps shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations, listing all decisions made during the fiscal year to change the status of offices or country programs and the justifications for such decisions, no later than 30 days after the end of the fiscal year.

MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION

The Act provides $905,000,000 for Millennium Challenge Corporation, including up to $105,000,000 for administrative expenses.

Consistent with section 7015(c) of the Act, the reobligation of funds deobligated by the Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC) is subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations. In any notification of reobligation, the MCC shall indicate the Compact or activity that is the source of the deobligation and the year in which the deobligation occurred.

The Act recognizes the authorized funding limitation on the threshold program included in the African Growth and Opportunity Act and Millennium Challenge Act Modernization Act (Public Law 115–167). The Chief Executive Officer of the MCC shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations if a planned threshold program will cause the total amount obligated for purposes of carrying out section 616 of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–199), as amended, to exceed 5 percent in fiscal year 2019.

INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION

The Act provides $22,500,000 for Inter-American Foundation.

UNITED STATES AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

The Act provides $30,000,000 for United States African Development Foundation.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The Act provides $30,000,000 for International Affairs Technical Assistance, of which no more than $6,000,000 is for administrative expenses.

The Department of the Treasury OIG is not required to comply with the directive under this heading in the House report.

TITLE IV

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY ASSISTANCE

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

The Act provides $1,497,469,000 for International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement. Funds for certain programs under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Country/Program/Activity	Budget Authority
Atrocities prevention (sec. 7034(c))	2,500
Argentina	2,500
Central America	190,000
Central America Regional Security Initiative	*[190,000]*
Combating wildlife trafficking	50,000
Critical flight safety program	10,500
Health monitoring systems	*[5,000]*
Cybercrime and intellectual property rights	10,000
Demand reduction	15,000
Haiti prison assistance	1,500
International Law Enforcement Academy	27,000
International organizations	7,000
Pakistan	40,000
Border security	*[15,000]*
Peru	32,000
Programs to end modern slavery	25,000
Security force professionalization (sec. 7049(a)(5))	3,000
Tajikistan	6,000
Border security	*[3,000]*
Trafficking in persons	45,000
Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons	*[36,000]*
Western Hemisphere regional security cooperation	12,500

Combating Wildlife Trafficking.—Funds included to combat wildlife trafficking should be used to strengthen law enforcement capacity, further partnerships through regional and international cooperation, and provide site-based protection of wildlife. The Secretary of State shall continue to consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the use of aircraft for anti-poaching activities.

Critical Flight Safety Program.—Funds provided for the Critical Flight Safety Program shall be implemented in the manner described under this heading in the House report.

International Organized Crime.—The bill includes $68,150,000 for International Organized Crime, of which $37,500,000 is for programs to further the objectives of Executive Order 13773 on Enforcing Federal Law with Respect to Transnational Criminal Organizations and Preventing International Trafficking. The remaining funds are provided for programs to combat wildlife trafficking and are from within the $50,000,000 specified in the table above for such programs.

Opioids.—The bill supports Department of State activities to address the flow of illegal opioids into the United States, including: (1) programs to assist the Government of Mexico in securing its borders and reducing poppy cultivation and heroin and synthetic drug production; (2) programs to thwart transnational criminal organizations involved in the trafficking of heroin and fentanyl; (3) diplomatic efforts to strengthen precursor chemical control and training on international treaty obligations related to opioids; (4) measures to strengthen the security of the international postal system to prevent illegal shipments of opioids from entering the United States, particularly from the People's Republic of China (PRC); and (5) global demand reduction programs.

The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall develop an international diplomatic and assistance strategy to stop the flow of opioids into the United States. The strategy shall contain a clear mission statement, goals and objectives, and shall identify the activities and tools necessary to implement the strategy. The strategy shall also include: (1) a description of the activities supported by the Act and prior Acts, including those enumerated in the preceding paragraph; (2) relevant information on efforts by other Federal agencies implementing programs in foreign countries; and (3) steps taken by countries in which opioids are produced or trafficked. Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act and after consultation with the appropriate congressional committees, the Secretary shall submit such strategy to such committees.

NONPROLIFERATION, ANTI-TERRORISM, DEMINING AND RELATED PROGRAMS

The Act provides $864,550,000 for Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs. Funds for certain programs are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

NONPROLIFERATION, ANTI-TERRORISM, DEMINING AND RELATED PROGRAMS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Program/Activity	Budget Authority
Nonproliferation programs	297,050
Nonproliferation and Disarmament Fund	*[35,000]*
Export Control and Related Border Security	*[60,000]*
Global Threat Reduction	*[70,000]*
International Atomic Energy Agency	*[94,800]*
Anti-terrorism programs	346,000
Anti-terrorism Assistance	*[182,000]*
Terrorist Interdiction Program	*[43,000]*
Counterterrorism financing	*[12,500]*
Counterterrorism Partnerships Fund	*[108,500]*
Airport and aviation security [non-add]	*[20,000]*
Conventional weapons destruction	196,500
Humanitarian demining	*[159,000]*
of which, Laos	*[30,000]*

Airport and Aviation Security.—The bill includes $20,000,000 to strengthen international airport and aviation security, including passenger and baggage screening, and crisis response. Such funds are derived from Anti-terrorism Assistance and Counterterrorism Partnerships Fund. Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a spend plan detailing the proposed uses of such funds by country and program.

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

The Act provides $163,457,000 for Peacekeeping Operations in this title, and an additional $325,213,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. Funds under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

County/Program/Activity	Budget Authority
Africa	301,020
Central African Republic	*[8,000]*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	*[5,000]*
Liberia	*[1,000]*
Somalia	*[222,500]*
South Sudan	*[25,000]*
Africa Regional	*[39,520]*
of which, Partnership for Regional East Africa Counterterrorism	*[10,000]*
of which, Africa Conflict Stabilization and Border Security	*[8,170]*
of which, Africa Military Education Program	*[2,000]*
of which, Africa Maritime Security Initiative	*[1,850]*

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS—Continued

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

County/Program/Activity	Budget Authority
of which, Africa Regional Counterterrorism	*[15,100]*
of which, Program Management	*[2,400]*
Near East	31,000
Multinational Force and Observers	*[31,000]*
Political-Military Affairs	156,650
Security Force Professionalization (sec. 7049(a)(5))	*[3,000]*

The Act provides $71,000,000 for the Global Peace Operations Initiative. Funds provided above the previous fiscal year should be made available to support the Africa Contingency Operations Training and Assistance program, including to support modernization of training infrastructure.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING

The Act provides $110,778,000 for International Military Education and Training.

The bill provides $3,500,000 for Pakistan, an amount equal to the budget request; $1,000,000 for Greece; and not less than the fiscal year 2018 levels for Malta and Portugal.

FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM

The Act provides $5,962,241,000 for Foreign Military Financing Program in this title, and an additional $229,372,000 in title VIII under this heading is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Funds under this heading for certain countries are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Country	Budget Authority
Estonia	8,000
Israel	3,300,000
Latvia	8,000
Lithuania	8,000
Peru	1,800

TITLE V

MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

The Act provides $339,000,000 for International Organizations and Programs. Funds under this heading are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Organizations/Programs	Budget Authority
International Chemicals and Toxins Programs	3,175
International Civil Aviation Organization	1,200
International Conservation Programs	7,000
International Development Law Organization	400
International Maritime Organization	325
Montreal Protocol Multilateral Fund	29,000
Organization of American States Development Assistance Programs	500
Regional Cooperation Agreement on Combating Piracy and Armed Robbery Against Ships in Asia	50
UN Capital Development Fund	1,100
UN Children's Fund	137,500
of which, Combating female genital mutilation programs	*[5,000]*
UN Democracy Fund	3,000
UN Development Program	80,000
UN Environmental Programs	10,000
UN High Commissioner for Human Rights	9,500
of which, Honduras	*[1,000]*
of which, Colombia	*[1,000]*
UN Human Settlements Program	700
UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs	2,500
UN Population Fund	32,500
UN Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Sexual Violence in Conflict	1,750
UN Trust Fund to End Violence Against Women	1,000
UN Voluntary Fund for Technical Cooperation in the Field of Human Rights	1,150
UN Voluntary Fund for Victims of Torture	6,550

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS—Continued

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Organizations/Programs	Budget Authority
UN Women	8,500
World Meteorological Organization	1,000
World Trade Organization Technical Assistance	600

Funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for core contributions for each entity listed in the above table unless: (1) otherwise provided for in the Act or such table; or (2) the Secretary of State justifies the proposed uses of funds other than for core contributions in the congressional notification submitted for funds under this heading. The Secretary shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations prior to submitting such notification, which shall be submitted not later than June 30, 2019.

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY

The Act provides $139,575,000 for Global Environment Facility, including $136,563,000 for the seventh replenishment of the Global Environment Facility, which if annualized over four years would equal $546,252,000. In lieu of the directive under this heading in the Senate report, the Secretary of the Treasury shall follow the reporting requirements included under this heading in the Act.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

The Act provides $1,097,010,000 for Contribution to the International Development Association.

Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations detailing the annual budgets of the Inspection Panel and the Compliance Advisor Ombudsman for each of the past five fiscal years, the caseload of each such entity for each of those years, a description of the priorities of the United States Executive Director for such entities, and specific recommendations, including budget and personnel increases, to enhance the capacity of each such entity to effectively carry out its mission.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

The Act provides $47,395,000 for Contribution to the Asian Development Fund.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

The Act provides $32,417,159 for Contribution to the African Development Bank.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The Act provides $507,860,806 for Limitation on Callable Capital Subscriptions.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

The Act provides $171,300,000 for Contribution to the African Development Fund.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

The Act provides $30,000,000 for Contribution to the International Fund for Agricultural Development, which if annualized over three years would sum to $90,000,000. In lieu of the directive under this heading in the Senate report, the Secretary of the Treasury shall follow the reporting requirements included under this heading in the Act.

TITLE VI

EXPORT AND INVESTMENT ASSISTANCE

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Act provides $5,700,000 for Inspector General for the Export-Import Bank of the United States, of which $855,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020.

The Export-Import Bank OIG is not required to comply with the directive under this heading in the House report.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Act provides $110,000,000 for Administrative Expenses for the Export-Import Bank of the United States, of which $16,500,000 may remain available until September 30, 2020.

RECEIPTS COLLECTED

The Act does not include the authority contained in the Senate bill for the Export-Import Bank to retain collected receipts to fund the Bank's carryover account. Due to the lack of a quorum on its Board of Directors, the Bank was unable to generate enough offsetting collections in fiscal year 2018 to fund its carryover account, and receipts will also not be sufficient in fiscal year 2019. This authority can be reconsidered in fiscal year 2020.

OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION

NONCREDIT ACCOUNT

The Act provides $79,200,000 for Noncredit Account of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation.

Inspector General Oversight.—The President of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC) shall allocate not less than $1,000,000 to reimburse the USAID OIG in support of the long-term inter-agency agreement for continued oversight of OPIC in fiscal year 2019, and shall develop an inter-agency agreement with the USAID OIG to continue oversight, including audits, inspections, and investigations, of the newly established United States International Development Finance Corporation (USIDFC) until the new USIDFC Inspector General is operational, if applicable. The OPIC President and USAID Inspector General shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on such plans. In addition, the reorganization plan required by section 1462 of Public Law 115–254 should include a timeline and milestones for hiring an inspector general and an estimated budget for associated staff and support costs.

PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The Act provides $20,000,000 for Program Account of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation.

TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The Act provides $79,500,000 for Trade and Development Agency, of which no more than $19,000,000 is for administrative expenses.

TITLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The following general provisions are contained in the Act. Each are designated as unchanged or modified from division K of Public Law 115–141:

Section 7001. Allowances and Differentials (unchanged)

Section 7002. Unobligated Balances Report (unchanged)

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations regarding the application of this section to funds appropriated under International Military Education and Training and Foreign Military Financing Program.

Section 7003. Consulting Services (unchanged)

Section 7004. Diplomatic Facilities (modified)

Subsection (h) directs the Secretary of State to submit quarterly reports on certain projects. Such reports shall include the following information concerning each project: (1) a detailed breakout of the project factors that formed the basis of the initial cost estimate used to justify such project to the Committees on Appropriations, as described under Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance in the House report; (2) a comparison of the current project factors as compared to the project factors submitted pursuant to (1), and an explanation of any changes; (3) the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations on project costs; (4) a copy of the most current working estimate that supports the basis for each report; and (5) a project performance assessment as described under this heading.

Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act and every 12 months thereafter until completion of such projects, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations an updated cost estimate, if applicable, and an on-site assessment of progress and performance prepared by a third party on the projects enumerated in subsection (h).

Sufficient funds are made available under title I of the Act for the Department of State to purchase additional property to more fully secure the site of the New Embassy Compound in Kinshasa, Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Section 7005. Personnel Actions (unchanged)

Section 7006. Department of State Management (modified)

Not later than December 31, 2019, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees detailing sole-source awards made by the Department of State during the previous fiscal year in excess of $2,000,000 which shall be posted on the Department website.

Section 7007. Prohibition Against Direct Funding for Certain Countries (unchanged)

Section 7008. Coups d'Ètat (unchanged)

Section 7009. Transfer of Funds Authority (modified)

Section 7010. Prohibition on Certain Operational Expenses (unchanged)

Section 7011. Availability of Funds (modified)

Section 7012. Limitation on Assistance to Countries in Default (unchanged)

Section 7013. Prohibition on Taxation of United States Assistance (unchanged)

Section 7014. Reservations of Funds (unchanged)

Section 7015. Notification Requirements (modified)

Section 7016. Document Requests, Records Management, and Related Cybersecurity Protections (modified)

Any agency receiving funds made available by the Act shall comply with the directives under the Introduction in the Senate report regarding the public posting of reports, which is similar to the directive contained in section 7077(a) of division K of Public Law 115–141.

Section 7017. Use of Funds in Contravention of this Act (unchanged)

Section 7018. Prohibition on Funding for Abortions and Involuntary Sterilization (unchanged)

Section 7019. Allocations and Reports (modified)

The bill continues the requirement, with certain exceptions and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Act, that amounts designated in the respective tables referenced in this explanatory statement shall be made available in such designated amounts and shall be the basis of the 653(a) report, where applicable.

For the purpose of applying subsection (d)(1), the exception in subparagraph (C) concerning minimum funding requirements of amounts designated by the Act shall be construed to include account levels specified in the applicable tables.

Section 7020. Representation and Entertainment Expenses (unchanged)

Section 7021. Prohibition on Assistance to Governments Supporting International Terrorism (unchanged)

Section 7022. Authorization Requirements (unchanged)

Section 7023. Definition of Program, Project, and Activity (unchanged)

Section 7024. Authorities for the Peace Corps, Inter-American Foundation and United States African Development Foundation (unchanged)

Section 7025. Commerce, Trade and Surplus Commodities (unchanged)

Section 7026. Separate Accounts (unchanged)

Section 7027. Eligibility for Assistance (unchanged)

Section 7028. Local Competition (unchanged)

Section 7029. International Financial Institutions (modified)

Section 7030. Debt-for-Development (unchanged)

Section 7031. Financial Management and Budget Transparency (modified)

In determining the requirement of subsection (a)(1)(A)(vi) for direct government-to-government assistance, consideration should be given to whether such government has made progress in publicly disclosing its national budget since the most recent assessment, as applicable.

The waiver authority provided in subsection (c)(3) may only be exercised with respect to an individual.

Section 7032. Democracy Programs (modified)

The Act provides a total of not less than $2,400,000,000 for democracy programs. Such funds are not intended for attribution to other sector or program directives included in the Act.

Subsection (a)(2) designates not less than $89,540,000 for DRL for certain countries and regional programs. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND LABOR, DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	
Libya	3,000
Maldives	500
Middle East Closing Space	2,000
Near East Regional Democracy	15,000
North Korea	4,000
Pakistan	10,000
People's Republic of China	12,040
[of which, Hong Kong]	*[1,000]*
South Sudan	1,000
Sri Lanka	2,000
Sudan	1,000
Syria	11,000
Venezuela	3,000
West Africa Anti-Slavery	2,000
Yemen-Counter ISIS	1,500
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	
Europe and Eurasia Regional	19,500
of which, Internet Freedom	*[4,500]*
Uzbekistan	2,000

For the purpose of subsection (c), programs that otherwise strengthen the capacity of democratic political parties, governments, nongovernmental organizations and institutions, and citizens should directly support the development of democratic states and institutions that are responsive and accountable to citizens.

The Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall follow the directives under this section in the Senate report on program changes, which is similar to language carried in the House bill.

Section 7033. International Religious Freedom (modified)

The Act provides not less than $25,000,000 for international religious freedom programs, including for assistance authorized by the Iraq and Syria Genocide Relief and Accountability Act of 2018. Transitional justice programs should support the efforts of entities, including nongovernmental organizations, to assist in addressing crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity, and war crimes, including in Iraq, Syria, Sri Lanka, and Burma.

Funds provided pursuant to this section are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

INTERNATIONAL RELIGIOUS FREEDOM

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Democracy Fund	
of which, sec. 7033(b)(1) International Religious Freedom Programs	*[10,000]*
Economic Support Fund	
of which, sec. 7033(b)(2) Protection and Investigation Programs	*[10,000]*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	
of which, sec. 7033(b)(4) Transitional Justice, Reconciliation, and Reintegration Programs (from Relief and Recovery Fund)	*[5,000]*

The bill includes not less than $1,000,000 for programs to combat anti-Semitism abroad.

In addition to amounts designated in this section for transitional justice, reconciliation, and reintegration, section 7071(b)(2) of the Act includes $5,000,000 from amounts made available under the Relief and Recovery Fund (RRF) for such programs to promote accountability in Iraq and Syria for genocide, crimes against humanity, and war crimes.

Section 7034. Special Provisions (modified)

For purposes of subsection (a), the bill assumes the term ''victims of war'' includes victims of torture/trauma.

Subsection (e)(7) extends the availability of up to $50,000,000 from funds appropriated under Development Assistance and Economic Support Fund that are made available to support private sector partnerships, with certain requirements. The USAID Administrator shall provide the Committees on Appropriations with quarterly updates on the status of funds made available for such purpose and the development of such partnerships.

The Secretary of State and USAID Administrator should provide a direct vetting option for prime awardees in any partner vetting program as referenced in subsection (f). USAID's partner vetting program shall be considered to meet any other requirement to establish, maintain, or implement a partner vetting or similar program.

In addition to the directives in subsection (1), and with respect to the implementation of section 203(a)(2) of Public Law 110–457, the Secretary of State shall consider the following as sufficient to determine that a diplomatic mission ''tolerated such actions'': the failure to provide a replacement passport within a reasonable period of time to a T-visa recipient; the existence of multiple concurrent civil suits against members of the diplomatic mission; or the failure to satisfy a civil judgment against an employee of the diplomatic mission.

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees on steps taken by the Government of Malawi to ensure full payment of the final judgment rendered in November 2016 in the human trafficking case Lipenga v. Kambalame, United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Case No. 8:14–ev–03980. The report shall also include a description of any steps taken pursuant to section 203 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act (Public Law 110–457).

Local Works.—Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall post on the USAID website: (1) a description, with illustrative examples, of how Local Works is used to promote locally owned and led development efforts that have as their primary goal the sustainability of results; (2) the criteria for qualifying for Local Works funding; (3) simple guidance for submitting proposals for Local Works funding, including unsolicited proposals; and (4) a copy of the report and strategy required under the heading ''Local Sustainability Awards Program'' in Senate Report 115–152, which shall be retitled ''Local Works''.

Section 7035. Arab League Boycott of Israel (unchanged)

Section 7036. Palestinian Statehood (unchanged)

Section 7037. Restrictions Concerning the Palestinian Authority (unchanged)

Section 7038. Prohibition on Assistance to the Palestinian Broadcasting Corporation (unchanged)

Section 7039. Assistance for the West Bank and Gaza (modified)

The bill does not include the statutory reporting requirement carried in section 7039(g) of division K of Public Law 115–141. Such reporting requirement is contained in section 7041 of the Senate report under West Bank and Gaza, and the Secretary of State shall comply with such requirement in the manner described.

Section 7040. Limitation on Assistance for the Palestinian Authority (unchanged)

Section 7041. Middle East and North Africa (modified)

Egypt.—Funds for Egypt are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

EGYPT

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	112,500
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	2,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	3,000
International Military Education and Training	1,800
Foreign Military Financing Program	1,300,000
Total	1,419,300

The Act includes not less than $10,000,000 for scholarships for Egyptian students with high financial need to attend not-for-profit institutions of higher education in Egypt in the manner described under this section in the House and Senate reports. Funds for Fulbright Scholarships are provided under Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs and are not intended to come from funds designated under this heading. Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the intended uses of funds made available for scholarships in Egypt.

For the purpose of the certification required under subsection (a)(3)(A)(v), such cases include the murder of Giulio Regeni.

The bill requires that an assessment of the Government of Egypt's compliance with United Nations Security Council Resolution 2270 and other such resolutions regarding North Korea be included in the report accompanying any waiver exercised by the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection (a)(3)(B). Illicit arms sales and trafficking are a source of significant revenue for the North Korean regime and present an increasing threat to United States national security and global stability.

Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees assessing actions taken by the Government of Egypt to provide fair compensation to American citizen April Corley for injuries and losses sustained during an attack by Egyptian armed forces on September 13, 2015.

Iraq.—Funds for Iraq are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

IRAQ

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	150,000
of which, Stabilization assistance	*[50,000]*
of which, other country programs	*[100,000]*
Marla Ruzicka Iraqi War Victims Fund (non-add)	*[7,500]*
Democracy programs (non-add)	*[60,000]*
Higher education/Scholarships (non-add)	*[10,000]*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	5,601
International Military Education and Training	1,000
Foreign Military Financing Program	250,000

The Secretary of State shall implement the directives in the House and Senate reports regarding support for American-style higher education institutions in Iraq in the respective manners described, except that $10,000,000 shall be made available for such purposes.

The bill includes funds and authority for stabilization and recovery assistance to support the safe return of displaced ethnic and religious minorities to their communities.

Jordan.—In addition to the amounts designated in the Act for Economic Support Fund and Foreign Military Financing Program for assistance for Jordan, the bill includes not less than $13,600,000 under Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs and not less than $4,000,000 under International Military Education and Training for assistance for Jordan. Section 7071(b)(3)(A) of the Act makes an additional $50,000,000 available for assistance for Jordan from prior year RRF.

Lebanon.—$10,000,000 shall be made available for a contribution to the Special Tribunal for Lebanon from no-year Economic Support Fund balances that remain available for obligation. Such funds are in addition to funds otherwise made available by the Act for assistance for Lebanon.

Libya.—The bill includes not less than $30,000,000 under the RRF for stabilization assistance for Libya, including for border security programs.

Section 7015(j) of the Act regarding notification of assistance diverted or destroyed shall apply to funds made available for assistance for Libya.

Morocco.—Funds for Morocco are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

MOROCCO

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	20,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	5,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	1,500
International Military Education and Training	2,000
Foreign Military Financing Program	10,000

Refugee Assistance in North Africa.—In lieu of the statement regarding United Nations Security Council Resolution 2351 in the House report, subsection (h) includes a reporting requirement regarding the delivery of humanitarian assistance to refugees in North Africa.

Syria.—The bill includes $40,000,000 for stabilization assistance for Syria, including for emergency medical and rescue response and chemical weapons use investigation and documentation.

The Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on the areas inside Syria where funds made available pursuant to this section in the Act and prior Acts may be used.

Tunisia.—The Act provides not less than $191,400,000 for assistance for Tunisia. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

TUNISIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	85,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	13,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	6,100
International Military Education and Training	2,300
Foreign Military Financing Program	85,000

Section 7071(b)(3)(B) of the Act makes an additional $50,000,000 available for assistance for Tunisia from prior year RRF.

West Bank and Gaza.—Of the funds appropriated by the Act and prior Acts, up to $50,000,000 may be made available for the purpose of subsection (k)(4) regarding private sector partnership programs, if authorized.

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing assistance for the West Bank and Gaza appropriated in prior Acts by fiscal year, account, and program that are withheld from obligation or disbursement, the specific reason for such withholding, and the impact of such withholding on the welfare of the Palestinian people and the national interests of the United States, Israel, and Jordan. The report shall also include a description of any policy review on assistance for the West Bank and Gaza undertaken by the Department of State, USAID, or any other Federal entity, including the date on which the review was initiated, the participants in the review, any consultations by such participants with foreign or nongovernmental entities, and the findings of the review, if concluded.

Yemen.—Funds in the Act for assistance for Yemen shall be made available for stabilization and humanitarian assistance, including for United Nations stabilization and governance facilities.

Section 7042. Africa (modified)

Africa Counterterrorism.—Similar to prior years, the bill includes $25,730,000 for the Partnership for Regional East Africa Counterterrorism and $90,803,000 for the Trans-Sahara Counterterrorism Partnership.

Democratic Republic of the Congo.—The bill includes a total of $75,188,000 for assistance for the Democratic Republic of the Congo under Development Assistance and Economic Support Fund.

Ethiopia.—Funds in the Act shall not be made available to further policies or activities that would result in forced displacement in Ethiopia. Funds made available by the Act or prior Acts to support activities intended to improve livelihoods shall include prior consultation with, and the participation of, affected communities, including in the South Omo and Gambella regions.

Horn of Africa.—The Department of State and USAID should explore diplomatic and foreign assistance opportunities in furtherance of peace in the Horn of Africa.

Lake Chad Basin Countries.—Funds made available pursuant to subsection (d) shall be made available to support populations at risk from violent attacks and kidnappings by Boko Haram, and to support victims of such attacks and individuals who have escaped captivity, including to meet the unique needs of women and girls.

In order to effectively support implementation and oversight of assistance made available pursuant to subsection (d), the USAID Administrator, after consultation with the appropriate congressional committees, shall increase the number of USAID personnel in Cameroon, Chad, and Niger above fiscal year 2018 levels. Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees detailing steps taken, and steps planned to be taken, to implement such directive.

Power Africa.—The bill includes not less than the fiscal year 2017 funding level for the Power Africa initiative.

South Sudan.—The bill includes not less than $100,154,000 for assistance for South Sudan under Development Assistance and Global Health Programs.

The bill does not include the certification requirement on assistance for the central Government of South Sudan. Such certification has not been made in prior fiscal years, and the conditions necessary for such certification to be made do not exist. Assistance for such government may not be made available except for the specific uses listed in subsection (f).

Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall submit an update to the strategy required in section 7042(i) of division J of Public Law 115–31.

The Secretary of State should encourage the Government of South Sudan to prioritize the identification of a site for a New Embassy Compound in Juba, South Sudan.

Section 7043. East Asia and the Pacific (modified)

Burma.—The bill provides $120,500,000 for assistance for Burma. Funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

BURMA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	86,450
Documentation of human rights violations against Rohingya	*[3,000]*
Documentation of human rights violations in Burma	*[750]*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	3,500

For the purpose of subsection (a)(1)(B)(vi), funds made available for programs to investigate and document allegations of ethnic cleansing and other gross violations of human rights committed against the Rohingya people in Rakhine state shall be made available for civil society organizations in Bangladesh and Burma. Prior to the obligation of any such funds, the Assistant

Secretary for DRL shall ensure the establishment of a standard documentation format and documentation procedures for use by such organizations, and shall identify an appropriate repository for such information.

For the purpose of subsection (a)(1)(B)(vii), funds made available for programs to investigate and document allegations of gross violations of human rights committed in Burma shall be made available for civil society and international organizations, including those in countries bordering Burma.

For the purpose of the certification required in subsection (a)(1)(C)(iv), the Government of Burma's commitments under the Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement include: (1) the regular holding of participatory dialogues among stakeholder communities; (2) a dialogue process that includes all parties to the civil wars; (3) the involvement of international third parties in the Joint Ceasefire Monitoring Committee as observers and technical advisors; and (4) the development of a Union Accord for Peace that will lead to constitutional change and resolution of the causes of the civil wars.

Prior to the obligation of funds appropriated by the Act for assistance for Burma, the Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the planned uses of funds for Rakhine state, including any contributions for implementation of the August 2017 Final Report of the Advisory Commission on Rakhine State entitled ''Towards a Peaceful, Fair and Prosperous Future for the People of Rakhine''.

Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees detailing the extent of military cooperation between Burma and North Korea, and steps taken by the Government of Burma to: (1) respect human rights and the rule of law, including protection of media freedom; (2) revise, update, and repeal colonial-era and other oppressive laws, including the Unlawful Associations Act, that are used in prosecution of journalists and other civil society actors in Burma; and (3) credibly investigate the murder of U Ko Ni.

Cambodia.—No funds are included under International Military Education and Training and Foreign Military Financing Program for assistance for Cambodia.

CAMBODIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	0
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement (bilateral assistance only)	0
International Military Education and Training	0
Foreign Military Financing Program	0

Counter Influence Programs.—The Secretary of State shall incorporate the counter influence strategy regarding the PRC required by section 7043(e)(3) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2014 (division K of Public Law 113–76) into the Indo-Pacific Strategy (IPS), and shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees describing in detail such incorporation, in classified form if necessary, including a summary of funding by fiscal year provided for such counter influence strategy. Funds made available under title I of the Act shall be made available for public diplomacy programs to counter the influence of the PRC globally.

Indonesia.—The bill provides $132,025,000 for assistance for Indonesia. Funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

INDONESIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	63,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	10,625
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	6,000
International Military Education and Training	2,400
Foreign Military Financing Program	14,000

Indo-Pacific Strategy.—The Act provides not less than $160,000,000 for the IPS, of which $65,000,000 is under Development Assistance, $50,000,000 is under Economic Support Fund, $30,000,000 is under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement, and $15,000,000 is under Foreign Military Financing Program.

The Secretary of State shall follow the directives contained in the Senate report regarding the IPS, including submission of the IPS to the appropriate congressional committees prior to the obligation of funds made available for such purposes in the Act.

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a report on the funds made available for the IPS in prior Acts, including through reprogrammings. The report shall specify such funds by fiscal year, amount, and account. The report shall include a brief description of the activity from which funds were reprogrammed.

Laos.—The bill includes $30,000,000 to support the goal of the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic (PDR) to eliminate unexploded ordnance as a barrier to national development. The comprehensive cluster munitions survey funded in prior Acts is expected to help the Lao PDR quantify the contamination and prioritize areas and resources for clearing it. The Act provides notwithstanding authority to ensure that the humanitarian clearance of unexploded ordnance and related activities can continue uninterrupted.

The bill also includes $3,500,000 for nutrition programs for Lao PDR under Global Health Programs.

North Korea.—The bill includes $10,000,000 for the promotion of human rights in North Korea, of which $6,000,000 is under National Endowment for Democracy and $4,000,000 is under Economic Support Fund to be administered by DRL.

People's Republic of China.—The Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall provide no assistance to the central Government of the PRC under Global Health Programs, Development Assistance, and Economic Support Fund, except for assistance to detect, prevent, and treat infectious diseases.

Thailand.—Funds for assistance for Thailand are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

THAILAND

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	2,500
Economic Support Fund	4,000
of which, democracy and reconciliation programs	*4,000*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	2,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	2,000
International Military Education and Training	0

The bill does not include assistance for Thailand under International Military Education and Training, which is prohibited due to the application of section 7008 of the Act. National elections in Thailand are scheduled for February 2019, and the Committees on Appropriations will consider resuming such assistance if a democratically elected government has taken office. The use of section 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to circumvent the restriction on assistance for Thailand contained in section 7008 of prior Acts has not been justified.

Timor-Leste.—Funds for assistance for Timor-Leste are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

TIMOR-LESTE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	16,000
International Military Education and Training	200

Vietnam.—The bill provides $149,250,000 for assistance for Vietnam. Funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

VIETNAM

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	57,750
of which, Vietnam Education Foundation Act of 2000	5,000
Economic Support Fund	27,500
of which, reconciliation programs	1,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	6,000
International Military Education and Training	1,500
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	15,000
humanitarian demining	*[15,000]*
Foreign Military Financing Program	12,000

Subsection (h)(3) provides funds for reconciliation programs in Vietnam to address war legacy issues.

Section 7044. South and Central Asia (modified)

Afghanistan.—Concurrent with submission of the spend plan required by section 7070(b) of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a report detailing the following: (1) goals and benchmarks established by the Governments of the United States and Afghanistan for the use of assistance made available by the Act and the status of achieving such goals and benchmarks; (2) laws and policies implemented by the Government of Afghanistan to govern democratically and protect the rights of individuals, civil society, and the media; (3) an assessment of steps taken by the Government of Afghanistan to protect the rights of women and girls; (4) whether the Government of Afghanistan is effectively implementing a whole-of-government, anti-corruption strategy that has been endorsed by the High Council on Rule of Law and Anti-Corruption, as agreed to at the Brussels Conference on Afghanistan in October 2016, and is prosecuting individuals alleged to be involved in corrupt or illegal activities in Afghanistan; (5) monitoring and oversight frameworks for programs implemented, including in areas under the control of the Taliban or other extremist organizations; and (6) if the Government of Afghanistan is publicly reporting its national budget, including revenues and expenditures.

In preparing the goals and benchmarks for such report, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall review and consolidate the goals and benchmarks contained in the South Asia Strategy, the Revised Strategy for United States Engagement in Afghanistan, the USAID Country Development Cooperation Strategy for Afghanistan, and other relevant United States or bilateral strategies supported by funds made available by the Act and prior Acts. The goals and benchmarks

included in such report should reflect such review and consolidation.

Prior to exercising the authority in subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii), the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator, as appropriate, shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the proposed reconciliation program or disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration activity to be supported with funds appropriated by the Act and made available for assistance for Afghanistan.

Funds appropriated by the Act and prior Acts under Diplomatic Programs and Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance may be made available to establish/reestablish and maintain one or more Embassy Branch Offices in Afghanistan, following consultation with, and subject to the regular notification procedures of, the Committees on Appropriations. Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a report detailing the criteria for the establishment/reestablishment of Embassy Branch Offices in Afghanistan, including the security requirements to establish/reestablish such offices.

The SIGAR shall update the assessment of the implementation of the Afghanistan National Strategy for Combating Corruption by the Government of Afghanistan, including efforts to prosecute individuals alleged to be involved in corrupt or illegal activities.

Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations an assessment of the dollar value of improper taxes or fees levied by the Government of Afghanistan against United States companies and organizations in fiscal year 2018.

India.—The bill provides $112,000,000 for assistance for India. Funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

INDIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	25,000
Environment programs	*[12,750]*
Economic Support Fund	16,500
Technical assistance to India's Development Partnership Administration	*[5,000]*
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	2,800
International Military Education and Training	1,500

Maldives.—Funds for assistance for Maldives are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

MALDIVES

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Development Assistance	1,500
Environment programs	*[1,500]*
Economic Support Fund	2,000
International Military Education and Training	400
Foreign Military Financing Program	400

Pakistan.—In October 2018, Asia Bibi was cleared of blasphemy charges after spending eight years under sentence of death. There is ongoing concern for her safety in Pakistan, and her freedom to exercise her right to seek asylum in another country.

Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the proposed uses of funds for the Afghan Civilian Assistance Program and the Pakistan Civilian Assistance Program to assist civilians who have been harmed as a result of military operations.

The bill includes $5,000,000 under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement for the recruitment, retention, and professionalization of women in the police forces of Pakistan.

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations describing United States security assistance policy toward Pakistan, including: (1) a description of funds made available by the Act and prior Acts that were suspended by such policy (by account and fiscal year); (2) the intended goals and objectives for the suspension of such funds; and (3) progress made toward achieving such goals.

Section 7045. Latin America and the Caribbean (modified)

Central America.—The bill provides assistance for countries in Central America, including to implement the United States Strategy for Engagement in Central America.

Funds for the Central America Regional Security Initiative are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

CENTRAL AMERICA REGIONAL SECURITY INITIATIVE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	100,000
Mission to Support the Fight Against Corruption and Impunity in Honduras	*[3,000]*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	190,000
DNA forensic technology	*[8,000]*
International Commission Against Impunity in Guatemala	*[6,000]*
Mission to Support the Fight Against Corruption and Impunity in Honduras	*[2,000]*

Other funds provided for assistance for countries in Central America are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

OTHER ASSISTANCE FOR CENTRAL AMERICA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Global Health Programs	13,000
Guatemala	*[13,000]*
Development Assistance	190,000
Transfer to Inter-American Foundation	*[10,000]*
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	500
Panama	*[500]*
International Military Education and Training	4,100
Foreign Military Financing Program	30,000

The Act provides the Secretary of State with flexibility to allocate funds among countries in the Northern Triangle. Such funds should be allocated based on the progress made by each country in the areas of prosperity, security, and governance since 2014, including progress made toward meeting the conditions in prior Acts, and the demonstrated commitment to reform by each central government, including reforms that will reduce illegal migration and reduce corruption and impunity. The Secretary shall specify country levels and include a justification for the allocation of funds (based on such progress and demonstrated commitment) in a single spend plan submitted pursuant to section 7070(b) of the Act.

Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act and prior to the submission of the spend plan, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the USAID Administrator, shall issue a progress report based on the existing plan for monitoring and evaluation. The report shall be submitted to the appropriate congressional committees and the information contained in the report shall be posted on the Department of State and USAID websites in a timely manner. The report should inform the justification for the allocation of funds in the spend plan, and congressional notifications submitted for countries in Central America shall describe how programs align with such plan for monitoring and evaluation.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the USAID Administrator, shall establish a cost-matching requirement that leverages from the governments of El Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras $5 for every $1 made available by the Act for each country. Congressional notifications submitted for such countries shall include a detailed description of the implementation of this requirement.

Subsection (a)(1) includes modified language withholding 50 percent of the assistance made available for each of the central governments of El Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras, until the Secretary of State certifies and reports that such government is meeting certain conditions. In making such certification, the Secretary of State shall consider the following: (1) relating to subparagraph (E), whether the autonomous entity operates transparently and is representative of a broad cross section of society; (2) relating to subparagraph (G), whether the government is increasing the capacity and independence of the judiciary and the Office of the Attorney General, including on civil, criminal, and tax matters, and whether the government is implementing international best practices to ensure due process; (3) relating to subparagraph (J), whether such personnel include military and police commanding officers and that they are cooperating in such cases; (4) relating to subparagraph (N), whether the government is protecting the rights of human rights defenders and other civil society activists, trade unionists, and journalists; (5) relating to subparagraph (O), whether the government is implementing tax reforms that increase government revenue and transparency in the tax collection system, and that strengthen customs agencies; and (6) relating to subparagraph (P), whether the government is resolving commercial disputes between United States entities and such government, including the confiscation of real property, and increasing the timeliness of reimbursements to United States businesses. The Secretary shall include such information in the report accompanying the certification.

The bill supports efforts to strengthen the rule of law by combating corruption and impunity in Central America by providing:

(1) $6,000,000 for the International Commission against Impunity in Guatemala; (2) $5,000,000 for the Mission to Support the Fight against Corruption and Impunity in Honduras; and (3) $20,000,000 for the offices of the Attorneys General/Public Ministries of El Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras. In allocating funds for these purposes, the Secretary of State should consider the capacity, record, and commitment to the rule of law of each office. The spend plan shall describe the amounts and proposed uses of funds for these entities.

The bill includes not less than $6,000,000 for programs to address sexual and gender-based violence in the Northern Triangle.

The bill provides $40,725,000 for assistance for Costa Rica. Such funds, which are derived from within the amounts specified in the ''Central America Regional Security Initiative'' and ''Other Assistance for Central America'' tables above, are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

COSTA RICA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	32,500
Central America Regional Security Initiative	*[32,500]*
International Military Education and Training	725
Foreign Military Financing Program	7,500

The bill does not include funding for Nicaragua under title IV. Assistance provided for

Nicaragua should only be for programs that promote democracy and the rule of law, and no funds are included for assistance for the central Government of Nicaragua.

Colombia.—Subsection (b)(1) provides not less than $418,253,000 for assistance for Colombia. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

COLOMBIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	187,328
Afro-Colombian and indigenous communities	*[20,000]*
Human rights	*[9,000]*
Biodiversity	*[5,000]*
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	170,000
Investigations and prosecutions of human rights violations	*[10,000]*
Ivestigations and prosecutions of environmental crimes	*[1,000]*
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	21,000
International Military Education and Training	1,400
Foreign Military Financing Program	38,525

The bill provides resources above the fiscal year 2018 level under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement to bolster Colombia's drug eradication and interdiction efforts and enhance rural security.

The spend plan submitted pursuant to section 7070(b) of the Act for assistance for Colombia shall describe in detail the proposed uses of funds by account and activity, including the activities specified in subsection (b)(1)(A) through (F) of this section, and the amounts made available from prior Acts for such activities.

The report accompanying the certification submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(3) shall include metrics and related information to support such certification.

For the purposes of subsections (b)(4)(B) and (b)(4)(C) respectively, the terms ''those responsible'' and ''senior military officers responsible'' shall include the intellectual authors of such crimes. The Secretary of State should not submit the report directed in the House report under this section regarding justice and rule of law activities.

Haiti.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the USAID Administrator, shall review the sustainability of programs funded by the Act and prior Acts for assistance for Haiti and, not later than 120 days after enactment of the Act, submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations detailing the findings of such review. The review shall examine programs funded since the 2010 earthquake to determine whether such programs were sustained, reasons why such programs were or were not sustained, and recommendations for current and future programing in order to increase program sustainability. The Secretary and USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on this report not later than 30 days after enactment of this Act.

In lieu of the directives in the House and Senate reports under this heading regarding border security and controls, the Secretary of State shall work with the governments of Haiti and the Dominican Republic to develop plans to strengthen border security and control. Such plan should improve security, enhance customs operations, increase transparency, and minimize corruption. Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a report on such efforts, including a description of the uses of funds made available or intended to be made available by the Act and prior Acts to support such plans.

The bill provides $1,500,000 for Haiti prison assistance in the manner described under this heading in the Senate report.

The report required under this heading in the Senate report shall be submitted prior to the obligation of assistance for Haiti, but not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act.

Venezuela.—Subsection (d) provides $17,500,000 under Economic Support Fund for democracy and rule of law programs for Venezuela. The bill does not include funding for Venezuela under title IV or for the central government.

The bill supports assistance for Venezuelan refugees and migrants and the countries and communities impacted by such populations. Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a strategy for assisting such individuals, countries, and communities. The strategy shall describe how funds made available in the Act and prior Acts will support international and host country efforts to provide essential services for Venezuelan refugees and migrants and support host communities. The strategy shall also describe actions taken or planned to be taken by international organizations to support such activities. The Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on such strategy not later than 30 days after enactment of the Act.

Caribbean Basin Security Initiative.—The bill provides $58,000,000 for the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

CARIBBEAN BASIN SECURITY INITIATIVE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	25,250
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	25,250
Foreign Military Financing Program	7,500

Mexico.—The bill provides $162,660,000 for assistance for Mexico. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

MEXICO

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	45,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	110,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	1,160
International Military Education and Training	1,500
Foreign Military Financing Program	5,000

The Secretary of State shall follow the directive under this section in the Senate report regarding Foreign Military Financing Program assistance for Mexico. The Secretary of State should not submit the report directed under this section in the House report regarding Mexico.

Other Assistance for Latin America and the Caribbean.—Funds provided for assistance for Peru should support counternarcotics programs. Additional funds should be made available to expand such programs if the Government of Peru decides to implement them in the Valley of the Apurimac, Ene, and Mantaro Rivers.

Funds provided for Western Hemisphere regional security cooperation are in addition to amounts otherwise provided for bilateral and regional programs under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement.

Section 7046.—Europe and Eurasia (modified)

Georgia.—The Act provides not less than $127,025,000 for assistance for Georgia. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

GEORGIA

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	83,025
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	5,700
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	1,100
International Military Education and Training	2,200
Foreign Military Financing Program	35,000

The Secretary of State shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations prior to submitting the report required under this heading in the House report.

Ukraine.—The Act provides not less than $445,700,000 for assistance for Ukraine. Within this total, funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

UKRAINE

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	250,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	30,000
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs	15,000
International Military Education and Training	2,900
Foreign Military Financing Program	115,000

The bill includes additional assistance under Global Health Programs.

Turkey.—Subsection (d)(2) requires the Secretary of State to update the report required by Public Law 115–232. Such report is in lieu of the report directed in the Senate report regarding the purchase of the S–400 missile defense system.

The report required under this section in the Senate report related to American citizens held under wrongful or unlawful prolonged detention in Turkey shall also include the same information for any case involving such detention of locally employed staff of the Department of State or USAID in Turkey.

Other Assistance for Europe and Eurasia.—The bill includes funding at levels consistent with prior years to further the economic, social development, and reconciliation goals of Public Law 99–415.

Section 7047. Countering Russian Influence and Aggression (modified)

Countering Russian Influence Fund.—The Act provides not less than $275,000,000 for the Countering Russian Influence Fund, which is in addition to amounts made available for bilateral assistance for countries in Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia. Such funds are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

COUNTERING RUSSIAN INFLUENCE FUND

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account	Budget Authority
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	75,000
International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement	62,500
International Military Education and Training	5,000
Foreign Military Financing Program	132,500

In allocating funds for countries that are members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or the European Union, the Secretary of State should consider the degree to which such countries may be vulnerable to influence by the Russian Federation and their economic and technical capability to effectively respond to aggression by the Russian Federation.

In lieu of the directive in the Senate report under this heading concerning Russia reporting requirements, the Secretary of State

shall update the reports required by section 7071(b)(2) and (e) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2014 (division K of Public Law 113–76) not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act.

Section 7048. United Nations (modified)

The Secretary of State shall include information on an organization-by-organization basis in the report submitted pursuant to subsection (a). Such report should also include recommendations for reducing travel costs and improving the oversight of travel at such entities.

Section 7049. Law Enforcement and Security (new)

Section 7049 consolidates a number of provisions carried in prior Acts and contains new provisions related to law enforcement and security.

Security Force Professionalization.—Funds made available under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement pursuant to subsection (a)(5) shall be made available to increase partner capacity to collect, track, and analyze data on arbitrary arrest, abuse of detainees, and harm to civilians resulting from law enforcement operations of the respective government, including to apply lessons learned to future law enforcement activities, and to enhance investigative capacity, transparency, and accountability. Funds made available under Peacekeeping Operations pursuant to such subsection shall be made available to increase partner capacity to collect, track, and analyze data on civilian casualties resulting from military operations of the respective government, including to apply lessons learned to future operations, and to enhance investigative capacity, transparency, and accountability.

International Prison Conditions.—Subsection (b)(3) provides funding for assistance to eliminate inhumane conditions in foreign prisons and other detention facilities, including access to safe drinking water and sanitation, food, and medical care, and to address other basic needs and protect the due process rights of prisoners and detainees. Assistance should be prioritized for countries in Central America and the Caribbean, Africa, the Middle East, and Southeast Asia.

Section 7050. Arms Trade Treaty (unchanged)

Section 7051. International Conferences (unchanged)

Section 7052. Aircraft Transfer, Coordination, and Use (modified)

The Act includes authority permitting the Secretary of State to seek reimbursement for less than the full cost of providing air transport to Federal or non-Federal personnel in Department-owned or leased aircraft, including in Afghanistan. Not later than 180 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations on the cost of providing air transport services in Afghanistan since conception of the program, including a history of annual costs, factors contributing to any growth in cost, and the Department's efforts to seek reimbursement for transporting other Federal and non-Federal personnel.

Section 7053. Parking Fines and Real Property Taxes Owed by Foreign Governments (unchanged)

Section 7054. International Monetary Fund (unchanged)

Section 7055. Prohibition on Publicity or Propaganda (unchanged)

Section 7056. Disability Programs (unchanged)

Section 7057. United States Agency for International Development Management (unchanged)

Section 7058. Global Health Activities (modified)

Subsection (d) repurposes $38,000,000 for USAID to carry out programs to accelerate the capacities of targeted countries to prevent, detect, and respond to infectious disease outbreaks, and $2,000,000 for an additional amount for the Emergency Reserve Fund to enable the United States and the international public health community to respond rapidly to emerging health threats.

The strategy required in this section of the explanatory statement of division K of Public Law 115–141 is more than 60 days overdue and shall be submitted as described and in an expeditious manner.

Section 7059. Gender Equality (unchanged)

Section 7060. Sector Allocations (modified)

Environment Programs.—Subsection (c) includes authority for environment programs, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations. Additionally, subsection (c) states that none of the funds in the Act are appropriated or otherwise made available for a contribution, grant, or other payment to the Green Climate Fund.

Funds for certain bilateral environment programs are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMS

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Programs	Budget Authority
Andean Amazon	20,500
Brazilian Amazon	11,000
Central Africa Regional Program for the Environment	40,000
USAID	*[21,900]*
United States Fish and Wildlife Service	*[18,100]*
Guatemala/Belize	5,000
USAID	*[3,500]*
Department of the Interior	*[1,500]*
Lacey Act	2,500
United States Fish and Wildlife Service	10,900
Great apes	*[5,000]*
Migratory bird conservation	*[750]*
Endangered sea turtles	*[150]*
United States Forest Service	6,000
USAID/Indonesia Orangutan program	2,750
Toxic chemicals	7,000
Waste recycling	7,000

Not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act and prior to the obligation of funds made available pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of State, USAID Administrator, Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), Director of the United States Forest Service (USFS), and Secretary of Interior shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the uses of such funds.

Funds included for USFWS, USFS, and the Department of the Interior (DOI) shall be provided through direct transfers pursuant to section 632(a) of the FAA not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act. Prior to such transfers, the USFWS, USFS, and DOI shall submit spend plans to the Committees on Appropriations and to USAID detailing the planned uses of such funds and expected programmatic results.

The bill includes not less than fiscal year 2017 levels for USAID Great Apes programs.

The Act includes not less than $90,664,000 to combat wildlife poaching and trafficking, of which not less than $10,000,000 shall be made available for programs to combat rhinoceros poaching primarily for site-based, anti-poaching activities to address immediate requirements.

The bill includes $5,000,000 for tropical forest conservation in Guatemala and Belize and the preservation of archaeological sites in the Maya Biosphere Reserve (MBR), of which not less than $1,500,000 shall be provided to the DOI by direct transfer. The bill does not support funding for road construction or logging activities in national parks or the MBR, except for community forest concessions in the MBR.

The bill supports funding for renewable energy and adaptation programs as specified in the table entitled ''Funding for Environment and Energy Programs'' in the Senate report.

Not later than 90 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the USAID Administrator and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations the United States Government strategies in the manner described under section 7060 in the Senate report.

Reconciliation Programs.—In lieu of the directives on reconciliation programs in the House and Senate reports, $30,000,000 is included for people-to-people reconciliation programs to be carried out in a manner consistent with long-standing congressional intent. Not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the proposed uses of such funds and the amounts to be made available for such purposes.

Trafficking in Persons.—The Act includes not less than $80,822,000 for programs and activities to combat trafficking in persons internationally, including $13,822,000 provided under Diplomatic Programs for the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, and not less than $67,000,000 from funds made available under titles III and IV. Of such amounts, not less than $45,000,000 is made available under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement and a total of $22,000,000 is included under Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia, Development Assistance, and Economic Support Fund for these purposes.

Within the amounts made available under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement, $36,000,000 is to be administered by the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons. The bill includes $5,000,000 for child protection compacts, pursuant to the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, as amended by Public Law 113–4, which may be made available following consultation with the appropriate congressional committees.

Funds designated for programs to end modern slavery in the table under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement in title IV are in addition to funds allocated to combat trafficking in persons pursuant to this section and shall be awarded on an open and competitive basis.

Water and Sanitation.—Funds made available for water and sanitation programs shall be implemented in accordance with the Senator Paul Simon Water for the World Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–289). In furtherance of the mandate of the Water for the World Act to provide sustainable access to clean water and sanitation for the world's poorest people and in order to promote transparency and accountability, not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act, the USAID Administrator shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the specific weighting of criteria in the WASH Needs Index and an explanation of how it is used to prioritize funding that is proportionate to the needs of a country for water, sanitation, and hygiene projects.

Section 7061. Enterprise Funds (unchanged)

Section 7062. Impact on Jobs in the United States (unchanged)

Section 7063. Overseas Private Investment Corporation (unchanged)

Section 7064. Inspectors General (unchanged)

Section 7065. Global Internet Freedom (modified)

The Act provides not less than $60,500,000 for programs to promote Internet freedom globally. Funds for such activities appropriated in title III of the Act are allocated according to the following table and subject to section 7019 of the Act:

GLOBAL INTERNET FREEDOM

[Budget authority in thousands of dollars]

Account/Program	Budget Authority
Economic Support Fund	22,025
Near East Regional Democracy	*[16,750]*
Democracy Fund (Department of State)	14,000
Democracy Fund (USAID)	3,500
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	5,975

In addition to funds made available in title III, the bill also includes $15,000,000 for Internet freedom under Broadcasting Board of Governors, including $13,800,000 for International Broadcasting Operations for programs and $1,200,000 for the associated personnel costs of RFA.

Section 7066. Multi-Year Pledges (unchanged)

Section 7067. Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (modified)

Section 7068. Extradition (unchanged)

Section 7069. War Crimes Tribunals (unchanged)

Section 7070. Budget Documents (modified)

Spend Plans.—The Secretary of State or USAID Administrator, as applicable, shall submit each spend plan required by subsection (b) with all planned accounts, countries, programs, and activities. Partial spend plans will not be considered complete for the purposes of this requirement. Any funds notified pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be noted in the subsequent spend plan.

Section 7045 of the Act provides additional guidance for spend plans submitted for assistance for Colombia and the countries in Central America.

Section 7071. Stabilization and Development in Regions Impacted by Extremism and Conflict (modified)

Relief and Recovery Fund.—The Act provides not less than $200,000,000 for the RRF, of which $85,000,000 is under Economic Support Fund, $25,000,000 is under International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement, $25,000,000 is under Nonproliferation, Antiterrorism, Demining and Related Programs, $40,000,000 is under Peacekeeping Operations, and $25,000,000 is under Foreign Military Financing Program.

In addition to prior year funds from the RRF made available by subsection (b)(3) for Jordan and Tunisia, funds appropriated in prior Acts that are made available for the RRF should also be made available for assistance for Lebanon and for countries in East and West Africa, the Sahel, and the Lake Chad Basin region.

Funds made available for the RRF shall be made available, to the maximum extent practicable, on a cost-matching basis from sources other than the United States Government.

Prevention of Failed States Through Public-Private Partnerships.—Subsection (c) makes up to $10,000,000 available to develop and implement a public-private partnerships program to accelerate a coherent approach to development in fragile states and states threatened or adversely impacted by economic and political instability or violent extremism, which shall be in addition to other bilateral assistance for such states.

In implementing such public-private partnership program, the Secretary of State and the USAID Administrator shall: (1) ensure the program is fully integrated and consistent with the development strategy for recipient countries; (2) require the central government to commit to implementation of such program in a transparent and accountable manner; (3) prioritize the participation of local organizations in participating as implementers and provide for the training and mentoring of such organizations; and (4) coordinate and ensure complementarity with other bilateral and regional programs funded by the Act and prior Acts, and with other development and security programs conducted by other Federal agencies and international donors.

Prior to the obligation of funds made available by the Act for such program, the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall jointly submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations detailing: (1) the states potentially eligible for the program; (2) the requirements of the central governments for participation in the program and program conditionality, if any; and (3) benchmarks to measure the effectiveness of such program.

Countering Violent Extremism in Asia.—USAID's Regional Development Mission for Asia shall consult with the Committees on Appropriations on the design and implementation of programs to counter violent extremism in Asia, including within, and among, Buddhist communities in Burma, Cambodia, Laos, Sri Lanka, Tibet, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Section 7072. United Nations Population Fund (unchanged)

Section 7073. Reorganization and Information Technology (modified)

Funds made available by the Act are provided in the amounts necessary for, and for the purposes of, maintaining the on-board Foreign Service and Civil Service staff levels of the Department of State and USAID at not less than the levels as of December 31, 2017. This assumes such levels reflect minimum necessary hiring, and the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator should work with the Committees on Appropriations to increase hiring above such levels, as appropriate. The explanatory statement accompanying division K of Public Law 115–141 contains a similar directive, with which the Department of State and USAID have not complied.

The bill assumes sufficient funding for introductory classes for the Department of State Foreign Service (A–100 classes) at the pre-fiscal year 2017 rate, and the Secretary of State shall continue such classes in such manner. The Secretary shall report to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 45 days after enactment of the Act on the schedule for the A–100 classes.

Pursuant to subsection (a)(1), the notification shall include: (1) a detailed description of, and justification for, the proposed action, including any policies or procedures currently or expected to be used to implement Executive Order 13781; (2) the current organizational chart, showing the operating units of the respective department, agency or organization and a brief description of each operating unit; the number of employees for each operating unit; the proposed new organizational chart with descriptions of each new operating unit; and the number of employees once the proposed reorganization is complete; (3) an assessment of how the proposed action will improve the efficiency, effectiveness, performance, and accountability (including through modernizing information technology platforms and streamlining administrative functions) of the department, agency, or organization; (4) an analysis of the impact of any such change on the ability to advance the national interest of the United States through diplomacy and development, and to conduct adequate monitoring and oversight of foreign assistance programs, and any legislative change necessary to implement such proposals; (5) the estimated cost, including for design, implementation, facilities, and personnel for fiscal years 2019 and 2020; (6) the estimated timeline to complete the proposed action; and (7) an assessment of any cost savings and efficiencies achieved through implementation of each element of the proposed action.

The USAID Administrator shall update, as appropriate and in writing, the Committees on Appropriations if implementing the recommendations and conclusions of the Foreign Assistance Review (FAR) would affect the information or proposed changes in USAID ''Reorg CNs #1–9''.

In addition, not later than 60 days after completion of the FAR, the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations detailing the anticipated impact of the FAR on Department of State and USAID programs and operations in future fiscal year budget requests.

Pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(A), the report shall include the following information on a quarterly basis: (1) actual obligations to date for all implementation costs associated with ''Reorg CNs #1–9'' by the categories detailed in USAID's response to the Committees on Appropriations on October 30, 2018, to include the salaries and benefits of United States Direct Hire employees working directly on implementation of each reorganization and the source of such funding; (2) a project status and projected timeline for each of the reorganizations based on the milestones and timelines provided to the Committees on Appropriations on October 30, 2018; and (3) actual and anticipated United States Direct Hire workforce level changes by bureau and operating unit as a result of the reorganizations, including staffing shifts between functions.

Not later than 60 days after completion of the zero-based budgeting and personnel staffing exercise being conducted in support of USAID's transformation initiative, the USAID Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations a detailed report that includes: (1) a summary of the operating and personnel costs, including such costs that are paid from program funds, of each operating unit, overseas mission, or overseas office prior to transformation; (2) an estimate of such costs for each operating unit, overseas mission, or overseas office after transformation; and (3) a comparison of the total operating cost of the Agency prior to, and after, transformation detailed by Overseas Missions costs, Washington Support costs, and Central Support costs, and their subcategories.

The USAID Administrator shall regularly consult with the appropriate congressional committees and development stakeholders on efforts to transition nations from assistance recipients to enduring diplomatic, economic, and security partners, which shall include any changes to the guiding principles and metrics to support such efforts, and on other matters related to the implementation plan required by section 7069(b) of division K of Public Law 115–141.

Not later than 180 days after enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State and USAID Administrator shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an updated implementation plan on country transitions from assistance, as required by section 7069(b)(2) of division K of Public Law 115–141.

The waiver authority and notification requirement of section 7015(e) of this Act shall apply to the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection.

Section 7074. Rescissions (modified)

Section 7075. John S. McCain Scholars Program (new)

The bill includes $1,600,000 for three scholarship and fellowship programs in honor of the late Senator John S. McCain for the purposes outlined in, and the amounts specified under, Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs in the Senate report.

Section 7076. Afghan Special Immigrant Visas (new)

The Department of State is directed to create and implement a system of prioritization

for the processing of Afghan Special Immigrant Visa applicants based on the threats they face and after reviewing the facts of each case, giving appropriate consideration to those applicants who, during their qualifying service, assisted in combat operations.

Section 7077. Saudi Arabia (new)

The Act does not include the following general provisions from division K of Public Law 115–141: *Section 7056*, *Section 7064*, *Section 7069*, and *Section 7080*.

TITLE VIII

OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS/ GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

DIPLOMATIC PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The Act provides an additional $3,225,971,000 for Diplomatic Programs, of which $2,626,122,000 is for WSP, for the extraordinary costs of operations and security, including in Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iraq, areas of unrest, and high threat and high risk posts, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

Within the total, up to $5,000,000 may be transferred to other agencies to support operations in, and assistance for, Afghanistan. The Secretary of State shall include in the operating plan required by section 7070(a) of the Act a description of any funds transferred to other agencies in support of Afghanistan operations, including projected transfer amounts and the number of staff supported by each agency, and operating levels for Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Iraq.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Act provides an additional $54,900,000 for Office of Inspector General for the SIGAR, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

The Act provides an additional $96,240,000 for Contributions to International Organizations for the extraordinary costs of United Nations missions, including in Afghanistan, Iraq, Libya, and Somalia, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

The Act provides an additional $988,656,000 for Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities for peacekeeping operations, including in the Middle East and Africa, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Act provides an additional $158,067,000 for Operating Expenses for the extraordinary costs of operations in countries in conflict and areas of instability and violence, including in Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Iraq, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE

The Act provides an additional $584,278,000 for International Disaster Assistance for the extraordinary costs of the United States response to international disasters and crises, including those resulting from conflict, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA. Funds appropriated under this heading shall be apportioned to USAID not later than 60 days after enactment of the Act.

TRANSITION INITIATIVES

The Act provides an additional $62,043,000 for Transition Initiatives for the extraordinary costs of assistance for conflict countries and countries emerging from conflict, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

The Act provides an additional $1,172,336,000 for Economic Support Fund for the extraordinary costs of assistance for countries in conflict and areas of instability and violence, including Afghanistan, Pakistan, and countries in the Middle East and Africa, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

The Act provides an additional $1,404,124,000 for Migration and Refugee Assistance for the extraordinary costs to respond to refugee crises overseas, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY ASSISTANCE

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

The Act provides an additional $325,213,000 for Peacekeeping Operations for the extraordinary costs of peacekeeping requirements, including the United States share of the UN Support Office in Somalia, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM

The Act provides an additional $229,372,000 for Foreign Military Financing Program for the extraordinary costs of assistance for countries in conflict and areas of instability and violence, including to counter Russian influence and aggression, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 8001. Additional Appropriations

This section clarifies that amounts appropriated by this title are in addition to amounts appropriated or otherwise made available in the Act for fiscal year 2019.

Section 8002. Extension of Authorities and Conditions

This section requires that the authorities and conditions applicable to funding elsewhere in the Act are applicable to funds in this title.

Section 8003. Transfer of Funds

Subsection (a) provides certain transfer authorities for funds appropriated by this title in the Act.

Subsection (b) provides authority for the Secretary of State to transfer funds appropriated by this title in the Act under Peacekeeping Operations and Foreign Military Financing Program in an amount that shall not exceed $7,500,000 to Global Security Contingency Fund.

Subsection (c) requires that any transfers pursuant to subsection (a) may only be exercised to address contingencies.

Subsection (d) requires that the transfer authority provided by subsections (a) and (b) is subject to prior consultation with, and the regular notification procedures of, the Committees on Appropriations.

Section 8004. Rescission

This section rescinds $301,200,000 from unobligated balances from amounts made available under Diplomatic and Consular Programs in title II of the Security Assistance Appropriations Act, 2017, which is designated for OCO/GWOT pursuant to BBEDCA.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCY					
Department of State					
Administration of Foreign Affairs					
Diplomatic programs	4,363,688	4,415,813	4,478,175	+114,487	+62,362
(Transfer out)	---	---	---	---	---
Worldwide security protection	1,380,752	3,698,124	1,469,777	+89,025	-2,228,347
Total, Diplomatic programs	5,744,440	8,113,937	5,947,952	+203,512	-2,165,985
Capital investment fund	103,400	92,770	92,770	-10,630	---
Office of Inspector General	77,629	142,200	90,829	+13,200	-51,371
Educational and cultural exchange programs	646,143	159,000	700,946	+54,803	+541,946
(By transfer)	---	---	---	---	---
Representation expenses	8,030	7,000	8,030	---	+1,030
Protection of foreign missions and officials	30,890	25,890	30,890	---	+5,000
Embassy security, construction, and maintenance	765,459	738,006	777,200	+11,741	+39,194
Worldwide security upgrades	1,477,237	919,537	1,198,249	-278,988	+278,712
Total, Embassy security	2,242,696	1,657,543	1,975,449	-267,247	+317,906
Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service	7,885	7,885	7,885	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Repatriation Loans Program Account:					
Direct loans subsidy	1,300	1,300	1,300	---	---
Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan	31,963	26,312	31,963	---	+5,651
(By transfer)	---	---	---	---	---
International Chancery Center, Washington, District of Columbia	743	743	743	---	---
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund	158,900	158,900	158,900	---	---
Total, Administration of Foreign Affairs	9,054,019	10,393,480	9,047,657	-6,362	-1,345,823
International Organizations					
Contributions to international organizations, current year assessment	1,371,168	1,095,045	1,264,030	-107,138	+168,985
Contributions for international peacekeeping activities, current year assessment	414,624	1,196,108	562,344	+147,720	-633,764
Total, International Organizations	1,785,792	2,291,153	1,826,374	+40,582	-464,779
International Commissions					
International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico:					
Salaries and expenses	48,134	45,173	48,134	---	+2,961

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Construction	29,400	26,042	29,400	---	+3,358
Total, Boundary and Water Commission	77,534	71,215	77,534	---	+6,319
American sections, international commissions	13,258	12,184	13,258	---	+1,074
International fisheries commissions	46,356	33,906	50,651	+4,295	+16,745
Total, International commissions	137,148	117,305	141,443	+4,295	+24,138
Related Agency					
Broadcasting Board of Governors					
International broadcasting operations	797,986	656,342	798,196	+210	+141,854
(By transfer)	---	---	(2,500)	(+2,500)	(+2,500)
Reappropriation of surge capacity funds	---	3,000	---	---	-3,000
Broadcasting capital improvements	9,700	4,791	9,700	---	+4,909
Total, Broadcasting Board of Governors	807,686	664,133	807,896	+210	+143,763
Related Programs					
The Asia Foundation	17,000	---	17,000	---	+17,000
United States Institute of Peace, Operating expenses	37,884	20,000	38,634	+750	+18,634
Center for Middle Eastern-Western dialogue	140	185	185	+45	---
Eisenhower Exchange Fellowship program	158	190	190	+32	---
Israeli Arab scholarship program	65	68	68	+3	---
East-West Center	16,700	---	16,700	---	+16,700

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
National Endowment for Democracy	170,000	67,275	180,000	+10,000	+112,725
Total, Related programs	241,947	87,718	252,777	+10,830	+165,059
Other Commissions					
Commission for the Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad					
Salaries and expenses	675	675	675	---	---
Commission on International Religious Freedom					
Salaries and expenses	4,500	4,500	4,500	---	---
Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe					
Salaries and expenses	2,579	2,579	2,579	---	---
Congressional-Executive Commission on the People's Republic of China					
Salaries and expenses	2,000	2,000	2,000	---	---
United States - China Economic and Security Review Commission					
Salaries and expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Western Hemisphere Drug Policy Commission	---	---	1,500	+1,500	+1,500
Total, title I, Department of State and Related Agency	12,039,846	13,567,043	12,090,901	+51,055	-1,476,142
TITLE II - UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE					
Funds Appropriated to the President					
Operating expenses, USAID	1,189,609	1,114,920	1,214,808	+25,199	+99,888
Capital Investment Fund	197,100	190,900	225,000	+27,900	+34,100
Office of Inspector General, USAID	72,800	71,500	76,600	+3,800	+5,100
Total, title II, Administration of Foreign Assistance	1,459,509	1,377,320	1,516,408	+56,899	+139,088
TITLE III - BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE					
Funds Appropriated to the President					
Global Health Programs:					
U.S. Agency for International Development	3,020,000	1,927,500	3,117,450	+97,450	+1,189,950

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Department of State	5,670,000	4,775,101	5,720,000	+50,000	+944,899
(Global fund contribution)	(1,350,000)	(925,101)	(1,350,000)	---	(+424,899)
Total, Global Health Programs	8,690,000	6,702,601	8,837,450	+147,450	+2,134,849
Development assistance	3,000,000	---	3,000,000	---	+3,000,000
Transfer out	(-55,000)	---	(-55,000)	---	(-55,000)
Total, Development Assistance	3,000,000	---	3,000,000	---	+3,000,000
International disaster assistance	2,696,534	3,557,412	3,801,034	+1,104,500	+243,622
Transition initiatives	30,000	87,043	30,000	---	-57,043
Complex Crises fund	10,000	---	30,000	+20,000	+30,000
Development Credit Authority:					
(By transfer)	(55,000)	(60,000)	(55,000)	---	(-5,000)
Administrative expenses	10,000	---	10,000	---	+10,000
Economic Support Fund	1,816,731	---	2,545,525	+728,794	+2,545,525
(Transfer out)	---	---	(-23,000)	(-23,000)	(-23,000)
(Transfer out)	---	---	(-2,000)	(-2,000)	(-2,000)
(Transfer out)	---	---	---	---	---
Economic Support and Development Fund	---	5,063,125	---	---	-5,063,125
Democracy Fund:					
Human Rights and Democracy Fund, Department of State	150,375	---	157,700	+7,325	+157,700

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Bureau of Democracy, Conflict, and Humanitarian Assistance, USAID	65,125	---	69,500	+4,375	+69,500
Total, Democracy Fund	215,500	---	227,200	+11,700	+227,200
Assistance for Europe, Eurasia and Central Asia	750,334	---	760,334	+10,000	+760,334
Department of State					
Migration and refugee assistance	927,802	2,800,375	2,027,876	+1,100,074	-772,499
(By transfer)	---	---	---	---	---
United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Total, Department of State	928,802	2,800,375	2,028,876	+1,100,074	-771,499
Independent Agencies					
Peace Corps	410,000	396,200	410,500	+500	+14,300
Millennium Challenge Corporation	905,000	800,000	905,000	---	+105,000
Inter-American Foundation	22,500	3,482	22,500	---	+19,018
United States African Development Foundation	30,000	4,623	30,000	---	+25,377
Total, Independent Agencies	1,367,500	1,204,305	1,368,000	+500	+163,695

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Department of the Treasury					
International Affairs Technical Assistance	30,000	30,000	30,000	---	---
Total, title III, Bilateral economic assistance	19,545,401	19,444,861	22,668,419	+3,123,018	+3,223,558
(By transfer)	(55,000)	(60,000)	(55,000)	---	(-5,000)
(Transfer out)	(-55,000)	---	(-80,000)	(-25,000)	(-80,000)
TITLE IV - INTERNATIONAL SECURITY ASSISTANCE					
Department of State					
International narcotics control and law enforcement	950,845	880,350	1,497,469	+546,624	+617,119
Nonproliferation, anti-terrorism, demining and related programs	655,467	690,306	864,550	+209,083	+174,244
Peacekeeping operations	212,712	291,380	163,457	-49,255	-127,923
Funds Appropriated to the President					
International Military Education and Training	110,875	95,000	110,778	-97	+15,778

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Foreign Military Financing Program:					
Grants:					
Israel	3,100,000	3,300,000	3,300,000	+200,000	---
Egypt	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	---	---
Other	1,271,613	747,000	1,362,241	+90,628	+615,241
Limitation on Administrative Expenses	(75,000)	(70,000)	(75,000)	---	(+5,000)
Total, Foreign Military Financing Program	5,671,613	5,347,000	5,962,241	+290,628	+615,241
Total, title IV, Security assistance	7,601,512	7,304,036	8,598,495	+996,983	+1,294,459

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
TITLE V - MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE					
Multilateral Assistance					
Funds Appropriated to the President					
International Organizations and Programs	339,000	---	339,000	---	+339,000
ESF Resident Coordinator Transfer	---	---	(23,000)	(+23,000)	(+23,000)
ESF Montreal Protocol	---	---	(2,000)	(+2,000)	(+2,000)
International Financial Institutions					
World Bank Group					
Global Environment Facility	139,575	68,300	139,575	---	+71,275

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
International Development Association	1,097,010	1,097,010	1,097,010	---	---
Total, World Bank Group	1,236,585	1,165,310	1,236,585	---	+71,275
Asian Development Bank Group					
Asian Development Fund	47,395	47,395	47,395	---	---
Total, Asian Development Fund	47,395	47,395	47,395	---	---
African Development Bank Group					
African Development Bank Paid in capital	32,418	32,417	32,417	-1	---
(Limitation on callable capital)	(507,861)	(507,861)	(507,861)	---	---
African Development Fund	171,300	171,300	171,300	---	---
Total, African Development Bank	203,718	203,717	203,717	-1	---
International Fund for Agricultural Development	30,000	---	30,000	---	+30,000
Total, International Financial Institutions	1,517,698	1,416,422	1,517,697	-1	+101,275
Total, title V, Multilateral assistance	1,856,698	1,416,422	1,856,697	-1	+440,275
(Limitation on callable capital)	(507,861)	(507,861)	(507,861)	---	---

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
TITLE VI - EXPORT AND INVESTMENT ASSISTANCE					
Export-Import Bank of the United States					
Administrative expenses	110,000	90,000	110,000	---	+20,000
Inspector General	5,700	4,750	5,700	---	+950
Offsetting collections	-254,700	-215,000	-215,000	+39,700	---
Total, Export-Import Bank of the United States	-139,000	-120,250	-99,300	+39,700	+20,950
Overseas Private Investment Corporation					
Noncredit account:					
Administrative expenses	79,200	---	79,200	---	+79,200
Insurance fees and other offsetting collections	-350,000	---	-415,000	-65,000	-415,000
Subtotal	-270,800	---	-335,800	-65,000	-335,800
Program account	20,000	---	20,000	---	+20,000
Total, Overseas Private Investment Corporation	-250,800	---	-315,800	-65,000	-315,800
US Development Finance Institution					
Administrative expenses	---	96,000	---	---	-96,000
Credit subsidy or other programming	---	22,000	---	---	-22,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Offsetting collections	---	-415,000	---	---	+415,000
Total, US Development Finance Institution	---	-297,000	---	---	+297,000
Funds Appropriated to the President					
Trade and Development Agency	79,500	12,105	79,500	---	+67,395
Total, title VI, Export and investment assistance	-310,300	-405,145	-335,600	-25,300	+69,545
TITLE VII - GENERAL PROVISIONS					
Afghanistan SIVs additional (Sec. 7083 (a)) (CHIMP)	---	---	5,000	+5,000	+5,000
Sec. 7074 (a) INCLE Rescission	---	---	-12,420	-12,420	-12,420
Sec. 7074(b) FMS Rescission	---	---	-11,000	-11,000	-11,000
Development Assistance rescission (Sec. 7069(a))	-23,766	---	---	+23,766	---
Unobligated balances of EXIM Carryover receipts (Rescission)	-10,000	-23,412	---	+10,000	+23,412
Sec. 7066 Zika/Ebola Funds Transfer for Sudan Debt Relief	---	50,000	---	---	-50,000
Total, title VII, General Provisions	-33,766	26,588	-18,420	+15,346	-45,008
Rescissions	(-33,766)	(-23,412)	(-23,420)	(+10,346)	(-8)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
TITLE VIII - OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS / GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM (OCO/GWOT)					
Diplomatic programs (OCO/GWOT)	2,975,971	---	3,225,971	+250,000	+3,225,971
(Worldwide security protection) (OCO/GWOT)	(2,376,122)	---	(2,626,122)	(+250,000)	(+2,626,122)
Subtotal	2,975,971	---	3,225,971	+250,000	+3,225,971
Office of Inspector General (OCO/GWOT)	68,100	---	54,900	-13,200	+54,900
Embassy security, construction, and maintenance (OCO/GWOT)	71,778	---	---	-71,778	---
Contributions to int'l organizations (OCO/GWOT)	96,240	---	96,240	---	+96,240
Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities (OCO/GWOT)	967,456	---	988,656	+21,200	+988,656
Operating expenses of USAID (OCO/GWOT)	158,067	---	158,067	---	+158,067
USAID Office of Inspector General:					
OIG (OCO/GWOT)	2,500	---	---	-2,500	---
International Disaster Assistance (OCO/GWOT)	1,588,778	---	584,278	-1,004,500	+584,278
Transition Initiatives (OCO/GWOT)	62,043	---	62,043	---	+62,043
Complex Crises fund (OCO/GWOT)	20,000	---	---	-20,000	---
Economic Support Fund (OCO/GWOT)	2,152,122	---	1,172,336	-979,786	+1,172,336
Migration and Refugee assistance (MRA) (OCO/GWOT)	2,431,198	---	1,404,124	-1,027,074	+1,404,124
International narcotics control and law enforcement (OCO/GWOT)	417,951	---	---	-417,951	---
Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related programs (NADR) (OCO/GWOT)	220,583	---	---	-220,583	---
Peacekeeping Operations (PKO) (OCO/GWOT)	325,213	---	325,213	---	+325,213

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED
PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs FY 2018	This Bill vs Request
Foreign Military Financing program (OCO/GWOT)	460,000	---	229,372	-230,628	+229,372
Rescission, section 8004 (OCO/GWOT)	---	-301,200	-301,200	-301,200	---
Total, Title VIII, OCO/GWOT	12,018,000	-301,200	8,000,000	-4,018,000	+8,301,200
Grand Total	54,176,900	42,429,925	54,376,900	+200,000	+11,946,975
Appropriations	(42,192,666)	(42,754,537)	(46,400,320)	(+4,207,654)	(+3,645,783)
Rescissions	(-33,766)	(-23,412)	(-23,420)	(+10,346)	(-8)
(By transfer)	(55,000)	(60,000)	(82,500)	(+27,500)	(+22,500)
(Transfer out)	(-55,000)	---	(-80,000)	(-25,000)	(-80,000)
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	(75,000)	(70,000)	(75,000)	---	(+5,000)
(Limitation on callable capital)	(507,861)	(507,861)	(507,861)	---	---

DIVISION F—TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTIVES

Unless otherwise noted, the language and allocations set forth in the House report (House Report 115–750) and the Senate report (Senate Report 115–268) carry the same weight as language included in this statement and should be complied with unless specifically addressed to the contrary in this division or statement. House report language and Senate report language, neither of which is changed by this statement, is a result of the 2019 appropriations agreement. This statement, while repeating some report language for emphasis, does not intend to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein. In cases where the House or the Senate has directed the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. The Department of Transportation and the Department of Housing and Urban Development are directed to notify the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations seven days prior to the announcement of a new program, initiative, or authority. Any reprogramming requests must be submitted to the Committees on Appropriations no later than June 30, 2019.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Infrastructure.—No modification of the next Conditions and Performance report required under 23 U.S.C. 503(b)(8) and 49 U.S.C. 308(e) is directed.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $113,910,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Secretary. No specific cap on Full-Time Equivalents (FTE) either in total or by individual office is included.

Service animals.—House direction regarding the review of airline modifications to service animal policies is reiterated, as is direction included in the Senate report within the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Operations account expecting the Department to work with stakeholders regarding regulations defining types of service animals.

Army Corps of Engineers Reorganization.—The Department of Transportation is not provided with resources to undertake any reorganization or planning efforts related to a transfer of functions from the Army Corps of Engineers to the Department of Transportation.

RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides $8,471,000 for research and technology, of which $2,218,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2021.

NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS

The bill provides $900,000,000 for national infrastructure investments, to remain available until September 30, 2021. Not more than 50 percent of funds awarded shall be for projects located in a rural area with a population of less than 200,000 and not more than 50 percent shall be for projects located in an urban or suburban area with a population of more than 200,000. Although still eligible for an award, no minimum amount of funding is directed for projects located in and around major seaports. The criteria to be used for grant awards is not directed to be the same criteria from the fiscal year 2016 Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO); instead, the Secretary is directed to use the same criteria from the fiscal year 2017 NOFO as published in the Federal Register on September 7, 2017 to make award decisions with the exception of the use of Federal share or an applicant's ability to generate non-Federal revenue as a selection criteria in awarding projects. The Secretary is not directed to prioritize multimodal projects and projects on major corridors of the national freight network when awarding projects in urbanized areas. The Secretary is not directed to prioritize applications for bridge replacement and rehabilitation projects, including off-system bridges, or to prioritize applications that demonstrate cost savings by bundling multiple rural bridge projects into a single proposal, when awarding projects in a rural area.

NATIONAL SURFACE TRANSPORTATION AND INNOVATIVE FINANCE BUREAU

The bill provides $5,000,000 for the national surface transportation and innovative finance bureau, to remain available until expended. The bureau is directed to carry out its various responsibilities including administration of grants and loans provided through the Infrastructure for Rebuilding America (INFRA) program within this amount. The bureau is not expected to administer the maritime guaranteed loan (title XI) program.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CAPITAL

The bill provides $2,000,000 for the financial management capital program, to remain available until September 30, 2020. The funding provided is sufficient to carry out Data Act compliance requirements at the Department in fiscal year 2019.

CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVES

The bill provides $15,000,000 for departmental cyber security initiatives, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS

The bill provides $9,470,000 for the office of civil rights.

TRANSPORTATION PLANNING, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The bill provides $7,879,000 for planning, research and development activities, to remain available until expended, of which $1,000,000 is for the Interagency Infrastructure Permitting Improvement Center (IIPIC).

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The bill limits expenditures for working capital fund activities to $319,793,000. The $115,910,000 limitation increase is provided to support the Department's shared services initiative in commodity information technology.

MINORITY BUSINESS RESOURCE CENTER PROGRAM

The bill provides $500,000 for the minority business resource center program.

SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS UTILIZATION AND OUTREACH

The bill provides $3,488,000 for small and disadvantaged business utilization and outreach, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

PAYMENTS TO AIR CARRIERS

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $175,000,000 for payments to air carriers to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION

Section 101 prohibits funds available to the Department of Transportation from being obligated for the Office of the Secretary of Transportation to approve assessments or reimbursable agreements pertaining to funds appropriated to the modal administrations, except for activities underway on the date of enactment of his Act, unless such assessments or agreements have completed the normal reprogramming process for Congressional notification.

Section 102 requires the Secretary of Transportation to post on the internet a schedule of all Council on Credit and Finance meetings, agendas, and meeting minutes.

Section 103 allows the Department of Transportation Working Capital Fund to provide payments in advance to vendors for the Federal transit pass fringe benefit program, and to provide full or partial payments to, and to accept reimbursements from, Federal agencies for transit benefit distribution services.

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $10,410,758,000 for the operations of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), to remain available until September 30, 2020. Of the total amount provided, $9,833,400,000 is to be derived from the airport and airway trust fund. Funds are distributed in the bill by budget activity.

The following table compares the agreement to the levels proposed in the budget request by activity:

	Budget Request	Conference Agreement
Air Traffic Organization	$7,495,690,000	$7,841,720,000
Aviation Safety	1,276,255,000	1,336,969,000
Commercial Space Transportation	21,578,000	24,949,000
Finance and management	771,010,000	816,398,000
NextGen and operations planning	58,536,000	61,258,000
Security and Hazardous Materials Safety	105,558,000	114,165,000
Staff offices	202,685,000	215,299,000
Total	9,931,312,000	10,410,758,000

Unmanned aircraft systems.—The bill provides $56,000,000 for unmanned aircraft systems integration (UAS) activities within the operations account, to be distributed as follows: $27,375,000 for the Air Traffic Organization; $27,375,000 for Aviation Safety; $750,000 for Security and Hazardous Materials Safety; and $500,000 for the Office of Communications within staff offices.

UAS integration pilot program.—The FAA is directed to enter into additional UAS Integration Pilot Program (IPP) agreements with state, local and tribal governments. However, the FAA is directed to undertake these activities without incurring additional costs through grants or cooperative agreements, and is directed to submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the expected annual costs of the program prior to entering into additional IPP agreements. The FAA should prioritize all congressional mandates prior to expanding the IPP program.

NextGen Report.—The FAA is directed to include information on the implementation of NextGen capabilities at commercial service airports when it publishes its annual NextGen Implementation Plan as required under section 208 of Public Law 112–95.

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $3,000,000,000 for facilities and equipment. Of the total amount available, $512,823,000 is available until September 30, 2020; $2,372,127,000 is available until September 30, 2021; and $115,050,000 is available until expended.

The following table provides details by program:

	Budget Request	Conference Agreement
Activity 1—Engineering, Development, Test and Evaluation		
Advanced Technology Development and Prototyping	$33,000,000	$33,000,000
William J. Hughes Technical Center Laboratory Sustainment	21,000,000	21,000,000
William J. Hughes Technical Center Infrastructure Sustainment	12,000,000	15,000,000
Separation Management Portfolio	16,589,000	16,000,000
Traffic Flow Management Portfolio	14,000,000	14,000,000
On Demand NAS Portfolio	20,500,000	21,000,000
NAS Infrastructure Portfolio	13,500,000	20,000,000
NextGen Support Portfolio	12,800,000	12,800,000
Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)	14,000,000	25,000,000
Enterprise, Concept Development, Human Factors, & Demonstrations Portfolio	9,500,000	16,500,000
TOTAL ACTIVITY 1	166,889,000	194,300,000
Activity 2—Air Traffic Control Facilities and Equipment		
a. En Route Programs		
En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM)—System Enhancements and Tech Refresh	102,050,000	115,250,000
En Route Communications Gateway (ECG)	1,650,000	1,650,000
Next Generation Weather Radar (NEXRAD)—Provide	5,500,000	7,500,000
Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC) & Combined Control Facility (CCF) Building Improvements	88,050,000	88,050,000
Air Traffic Management (ATM)	6,200,000	12,055,000
Air/Ground Communications Infrastructure	10,541,000	8,750,000
Air Traffic Control En Route Radar Facilities Improvements	6,600,000	6,600,000
Voice Switching and Control System (VSCS)	11,400,000	11,400,000
Oceanic Automation System	17,500,000	23,100,000
Next Generation Very High Frequency Air/Ground Communications (NEXCOM)	50,000,000	60,000,000
System-Wide Information Management	58,807,000	55,300,000
ADS–B NAS Wide Implementation	123,748,000	139,150,000
Collaborative Air Traffic Management Technologies	17,700,000	17,700,000
Time Based Flow Management Portfolio	21,150,000	28,150,000
NextGen Weather Processors	24,650,000	28,650,000
Airborne Collision Avoidance System X (ACASX)	7,700,000	7,700,000
Data Communications in Support of NG Air Transportation System	113,850,000	118,902,000
Non-Continental United States (Non-CONUS) Automation	14,000,000	14,000,000
Reduced Oceanic Separation		17,500,000
En Route Service Improvements	1,000,000	1,000,000
Commercial Space Integration	7,000,000	9,000,000
Subtotal En Route Programs	689,096,000	771,407,000
b. Terminal Programs		
Airport Surface Detection Equipment—Model X (ASDE–X)		2,500,000
Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR)—Provide	4,500,000	4,500,000
Standard Terminal Automation Replacement System (STARS) (TAMR Phase 1)	66,900,000	66,900,000
Terminal Automation Modernization/Replacement Program (TAMR Phase 3)	9,012,000	8,000,000
Terminal Automation Program	8,500,000	8,500,000
Terminal Air Traffic Control Facilities—Replace	19,200,000	19,200,000
ATCT/Terminal Radar Approach Control (TRACON) Facilities—Improve	95,850,000	95,850,000
Terminal Voice Switch Replacement (TVSR)	9,574,000	10,000,000
NAS Facilities OSHA and Environmental Standards Compliance	41,900,000	41,900,000
Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR–9)	12,800,000	12,800,000
Terminal Digital Radar (ASR–11) Technology Refresh and Mobile Airport Surveillance Radar (MASR)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Runway Status Lights	2,000,000	2,000,000
National Airspace System Voice System (NVS)	43,150,000	43,150,000
Integrated Display System (IDS)	19,459,000	18,000,000
Remote Monitoring and Logging System (RMLS)	18,100,000	18,100,000
Mode S Service Life Extension Program (SLEP)	15,400,000	15,400,000
Terminal Flight Data Manager (TFDM)	119,250,000	119,250,000
National Air Space (NAS) Voice Recorder Program (NVRP)	14,000,000	14,000,000
Integrated Terminal Weather System (ITWS)	2,100,000	2,100,000
Performance Based Navigation & Metroplex Portfolio	20,000,000	20,000,000
Subtotal Terminal Programs	522,695,000	523,150,000
c. Flight Service Programs		
Aviation Surface Observation System (ASOS)	10,976,000	10,000,000
Future Flight Services Program	10,100,000	10,100,000
Alaska Flight Service Facility Modernization (AFSFM)	2,650,000	2,650,000
Weather Camera Program	1,100,000	1,100,000
Juneau Airport Wind System (JAWS)—Technology Refresh	1,000,000	1,000,000
Subtotal Flight Service Programs	25,826,000	24,850,000
d. Landing and Navigational Aids Program		
VHF Omnidirectional Radio Range (VOR) Minimum Operating Network (MON)	15,000,000	20,000,000
Instrument Landing System (ILS)—Establish		25,000,000
Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) for GPS	96,320,000	96,320,000
Instrument Flight Procedures Automation (IFPA)	1,400,000	1,400,000
Runway Safety Areas—Navigational Mitigation	2,000,000	2,000,000
NAVAIDS Monitoring Equipment	3,000,000	3,000,000
Landing and Lighting Portfolio	42,372,000	31,000,000
Subtotal Landing and Navigational Aids Programs	160,092,000	178,720,000
e. Other ATC Facilities Programs		
Fuel Storage Tank Replacement and Management	25,700,000	25,700,000

	Budget Request	Conference Agreement
Unstaffed Infrastructure Sustainment	51,050,000	51,050,000
Aircraft Related Equipment Program	13,000,000	13,000,000
Airport Cable Loop Systems—Sustained Support	10,000,000	10,000,000
Alaskan Satellite Telecommunications Infrastructure (ASTI)	16,300,000	16,300,000
Facilities Decommissioning	9,000,000	9,000,000
Electrical Power Systems—Sustain/Support	140,834,000	140,700,000
Energy Management and Compliance (EMC)	2,400,000	2,400,000
Child Care Center Sustainment	1,000,000	1,000,000
FAA Telecommunications Infrastructure	6,700,000	40,000,000
Data Visualization, Analysis and Reporting System (DVARS)	4,500,000	4,500,000
TDM-to-IP Migration	3,000,000	38,000,000
Subtotal Other ATC Facilities Programs	283,484,000	351,650,000
TOTAL ACTIVITY 2	1,681,193,000	1,849,777,000
Activity 3—Non-Air Traffic Control Facilities and Equipment		
a. Support Equipment		
Hazardous Materials Management	29,800,000	29,800,000
Aviation Safety Analysis System (ASAS)	18,899,000	18,700,000
National Air Space (NAS) Recovery Communications (RCOM)	12,200,000	12,000,000
Facility Security Risk Management	18,608,000	17,800,000
Information Security	16,000,000	20,900,000
System Approach for Safety Oversight (SASO)	25,400,000	25,400,000
Aviation Safety Knowledge Management Environment (ASKME)	6,000,000	6,000,000
Aerospace Medical Equipment Needs (AMEN)	14,078,000	14,000,000
System Safety Management Portfolio	14,700,000	14,200,000
National Test Equipment Program	5,000,000	5,000,000
Mobile Assets Management Program	2,216,000	2,200,000
Aerospace Medicine Safety Information Systems (AMSIS)	16,100,000	16,100,000
Tower Simulation System (TSS) Technology Refresh	500,000	500,000
Logistics Support Systems and Facilities (LSSF)	7,100,000	7,100,000
Subtotal Support Equipment	186,601,000	189,700,000
b. Training, Equipment and Facilities		
Aeronautical Center Infrastructure Modernization	14,298,000	14,000,000
Distance Learning	1,000,000	1,000,000
Subtotal Training, Equipment and Facilities	15,298,000	15,000,000
TOTAL ACTIVITY 3	201,899,000	204,700,000
Activity 4—Facilities and Equipment Mission Support		
a. System Support and Services		
System Engineering and Development Support	38,000,000	39,700,000
Program Support Leases	47,000,000	47,000,000
Logistics and Acquisition Support Services	11,000,000	12,500,000
Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center Leases	20,200,000	20,200,000
Transition Engineering Support	17,000,000	22,000,000
Technical Support Services Contract (TSSC)	23,000,000	28,000,000
Resource Tracking Program (RTP)	6,000,000	6,000,000
Center for Advanced Aviation System Development (CAASD)	57,000,000	57,000,000
Aeronautical Information Management Program	6,819,000	5,000,000
Cross Agency NextGen Management	1,000,000	1,000,000
TOTAL ACTIVITY 4	227,019,000	238,400,000
Activity 5—Personnel and Related Expenses		
Personnel and Related Expenses	489,572,000	512,823,000
TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES	2,766,572,000	3,000,000,000

Enterprise, concept development, human factors, & demonstrations portfolio.—The bill provides $16,500,000 for enterprise concept development, human factors and demonstration portfolio and adopts Senate direction regarding the expansion of remote tower technologies.

Reduced Oceanic Separation.—The bill provides $17,500,000 for reduced oceanic separation and the FAA is encouraged to work with industry partners to explore space-based ADS-B technology-proving activities in the Caribbean airspace.

Next generation very high frequency air/ground communications (NEXCOM).—The bill provides $60,000,000 for NEXCOM, a baseline increase of $10,000,000, and adopts House direction regarding segment 2 radios.

Next generation weather processor.—The bill provides $28,650,000 for next generation weather processor to mitigate the three year gap before the start of the work package 2 development currently in the FAA capital investment plan.

National Airspace System Voice System (NVS).—The bill provides $43,150,000 for NVS program. This funding may be used to add additional capabilities compatible with NextGen technology and ensure sustainment of legacy voice switches at the NVS program continues development.

VHF Omnidirectional Radio Range (VOR) Minimum Operating Network (MON).—The bill provides $20,000,000 is provided for VOR MON, $10,000,000 of which is for VOR with distance measuring equipment (DME) to continue the FAA's efforts to address the aging infrastructure of en route navigational aids through the FAA's acquisition management process.

Telecommunications Infrastructure.—The bill provides $40,000,000 for FAA telecommunications infrastructure, which is $33,300,000 above the budget request. A portion of this additional funding, as well as the funds provided for this budget line item in fiscal year 2018, is to support the replacement of obsolete infrastructure hardware and software.

Time division multiplexing (TDM)-to-Internet Protocol (IP) migration.—The bill provides $38,000,000 for TDM to IP migration, including funds to convert additional locations from TDM to IP ethernet through an open and competitive process for any edge devices.

RESEARCH, ENGINEERING, AND DEVELOPMENT

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $191,100,000 for the FAA's research, engineering, and development activities, to remain available until September 30, 2021.

The agreement provides the following levels for specific programs:

Program	Budget Request	Conference Agreement
Fire Research and Safety	$4,867,000	7,200,000
Propulsion and Fuel Systems	555,000	2,100,000
Advanced Materials/Structural Safety	2,300,000	14,720,000
Aircraft Icing/Digital System Safety	7,684,000	9,253,000
Continued Airworthiness	4,969,000	11,269,000
Aircraft Catastrophic Failure Prevention Research	– – –	1,570,000
Flightdeck/Maintenance/System Integration Human Factors	5,052,000	7,305,000
System Safety Management	799,000	5,500,000
Air Traffic Control/Technical Operations Human Factors	1,436,000	5,800,000
Aeromedical Research	3,875,000	9,080,000
Weather Program	6,580,000	15,476,000
Unmanned Aircraft Systems Research	3,318,000	24,035,000
Alternative Fuels for General Aviation	– – –	1,900,000
Commercial Space	2,500,000	2,500,000
Total Safety	43,935,000	117,708,000
NextGen—Wake Turbulence	3,519,000	6,831,000
NextGen—Air Ground Integration Human Factors	1,336,000	6,757,000
NextGen—Weather Technology in the Cockpit	1,525,000	3,644,000
NextGen—Flight Deck Data Exchange	1,035,000	1,035,000
NextGen—Information Security	1,232,000	1,232,000
Total Economic Competitiveness	8,647,000	19,499,000
Environment and Energy	11,588,000	18,013,000
NextGen—Environmental Research—Aircraft Technologies, Fuels, and Metrics	7,578,000	29,174,000
Total Environmental Sustainability	19,166,000	47,187,000
System Planning and Resource Management	1,480,000	2,135,000
William J. Hughes Technical Center Laboratory Facility	1,178,000	4,571,000
Total Mission Support	2,658,000	6,706,000
TOTAL	74,406,000	191,100,000

Advanced material/structural safety.—The bill provides $14,720,000 for advanced material/structural safety, including $6,000,000 to advance the use of new additive materials (both metallic and non-metallic based additive processes) into the commercial aviation industry, and $4,000,000 to advance the use of fiber reinforced composite material into the commercial aviation industry through the FAA joint advanced materials and structures center of excellence.

Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) research.—The bill provides $24,035,000 for UAS research, including $12,035,000 for the UAS center of excellence in UAS research, $2,000,000 to expand the center's role in transportation disaster preparedness and response, and $10,000,000 to support UAS research activities at the FAA technical center and other FAA facilities.

UAS integration programs.—House and Senate direction regarding the development of an Unmanned Traffic Management (UTM) system, Low Altitude Authorization and Notification Capability (LAANC), and the UTM Pilot Program is reiterated, and the FAA is directed to provide the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations with a report and research plan consistent with House and Senate direction no later than 120 days after enactment of this Act.

Environmental sustainability.—The bill provides a total of $47,187,000 for research related to environmental sustainability that supports the CLEEN program, as well as the center of excellence for alternative jet fuels and environment. Within the total provided, the FAA is directed to use $15,000,000 for the center of excellence.

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR AIRPORTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides an obligation limitation of $3,350,000,000 and a liquidating cash appropriation of $3,000,000,000, to remain available until expended. Within the obligation limitation, the bill provides not more than $112,600,000 for administrative expenses, no less than $15,000,000 for the airport cooperative research program, no less than $33,210,000 for airport technology research, and $10,000,000 for the small community air service development program.

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR AIRPORTS

The bill provides $500,000,000 in new budget authority for additional discretionary grants for airport construction projects.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Section 110 allows no more than 600 technical staff-years at the center for advanced aviation systems development.

Section 111 prohibits funds for adopting guidelines or regulations requiring airport sponsors to provide FAA ''without cost'' building construction or space.

Section 112 allows reimbursement for fees collected and credited under 49 U.S.C. 45303.

Section 113 allows reimbursement of funds for providing technical assistance to foreign aviation authorities to be credited to the operations account.

Section 114 prohibits funds for Sunday premium pay unless work was actually performed on a Sunday.

Section 115 prohibits funds from being used to buy store gift cards with Government issued credit cards.

Section 116 prohibits funds from being obligated or expended for retention bonuses for FAA employees without prior written approval of the DOT Assistant Secretary for Administration.

Section 117 requires the Secretary to block the display of an owner or operator's aircraft registration number in the aircraft situational display to industry program upon the request of an owner or operator.

Section 118 prohibits funds for salaries and expenses of more than eight political and Presidential appointees in the FAA.

Section 119 prohibits funds to increase fees under 49 U.S.C. 44721 until the FAA provides a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations that justifies all fees related to aeronautical navigation products and explains how such fees are consistent with Executive Order 13642.

Section 119A requires the FAA to notify the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations at least 90 days before closing a regional operations center or reducing the services provided.

Section 119B prohibits funds from being used to change weight restrictions or prior permission rules at Teterboro Airport in New Jersey.

Section 119C prohibits funds from being used to withhold from consideration and approval certain application for participation in the contract tower program, or for certain reevaluations of cost-share program participation.

Section 119D requires FAA to take certain actions regarding organization delegation authorization.

Section 119E prohibits funds for construction of shelter for snow equipment in excess of equipment needs unless the airport sponsor certifies conformity with certain requirements.

Section 119F requires the FAA to permit intermittent large cargo air carriers to land in remote areas using alternative meteorological weather reports.

Section 119G allows the transfer of funds from the ''Grants-in-Aid for Airports'' account to reimburse airports affected by temporary flight restrictions for residences of the President.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill limits obligations for the administrative expenses of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to $446,444,304. In addition, the bill provides $3,248,000 for the administrative expenses of the Appalachian Regional Commission.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill limits obligations for the federal-aid highways program to $45,268,596,000 in fiscal year 2019.

Alternative fuel corridors.—The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is directed to deliver the report required under 23 U.S.C. 151(e) to the House and Senate Appropriations Committees when it is completed. No additional reporting on alternative fuel corridors is required.

Infrastructure for Rebuilding America (INFRA) and freight transportation.—The Secretary is expected to prioritize INFRA funding awards to port projects and the intermodal connections that serve those facilities, where eligible under the FAST Act.

Autonomous Vehicles and Pavement Performance.—The Department is directed to consider and evaluate the impact of autonomous vehicles, particularly commercial vehicles, on pavement service life when conducting research on pavement performance.

Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).—The FHWA is directed to publish a schedule for an update to the MUTCD for the safe use of our roadways by both human drivers and automated vehicles.

Rubber modified asphalt usage.—A study of rubber modified asphalt technology within the amount provided for research is not directed: instead the Secretary is directed,

through the academic and scientific community, to consider the performance, longevity, and safety benefits of rubber modified asphalt when conducting research on other topics related to the application of this technology. Such consideration should include state acceptance of and government barriers to the use of rubber modified asphalt. The Secretary is directed to report the Secretary's findings to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the House Energy and Commerce Committee, and the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee as relevant research is completed.

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides a liquidating cash appropriation of $46,007,596,000, which is available until expended, to pay the outstanding obligations of the various highway programs at the levels provided in this Act and prior appropriations acts.

HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAMS

The bill provides $3,250,000,000 from the general fund, of which $2,729,000,000 is for state road and bridge projects, $16,000,000 is for the Puerto Rico highway program, $5,000,000 is for the territorial highway program, $25,000,000 is for the nationally significant federal lands and tribal projects program, and $475,000,000 is for a bridge replacement and rehabilitation program in qualifying states that have a disproportionate percentage of bridge surface that is in poor condition.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

Section 120 distributes the federal-aid highways program obligation limitation.

Section 121 allows funds received by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics from the sale of data products to be credited to the federal-aid highways account.

Section 122 provides requirements for any waiver of Buy America requirements.

Section 123 prohibits funds from being used to provide credit assistance under sections 603 and 604 of title 23, United States Code, unless the Secretary of Transportation notifies the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works, the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs, and the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure at least three days prior to credit application approval.

Section 124 requires 60-day notification to the Committees on Appropriations for any INFRA grants awarded under 23 U.S.C. 117 provided that such notification shall be made no later than 180 days from the date of enactment of this Act.

Section 125 allows state DOTs to repurpose certain highway project funding to be used within 50 miles of its original designation.

FEDERAL MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY OPERATIONS AND PROGRAMS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill includes a liquidation of contract authorization and a limitation on obligations of $284,000,000 for the operations and programs of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA). Of this limitation, $9,073,000 is for the research and technology program and $34,824,000 is for information management, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 2021.

Bus and lease interchange rule.—A provision is included prohibiting funds from being used to implement, enforce, or make effective the May 27, 2015 ''Lease and Interchange of Vehicles'' rule and therefore direction to modify that same rule is not included. However, DOT is not prohibited from proceeding with a new rule that incorporates input from stakeholders.

Pilot program completion.—FMCSA is directed to ensure the safe and timely completion of the flexible sleeper berth pilot program.

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY GRANTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides a liquidating cash appropriation of $382,800,000 and a limitation on obligations of $382,800,000 for motor carrier safety grants.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—FEDERAL MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

Section 130 requires FMCSA to send notice of 49 CFR section 385.308 violations by certified mail, registered mail, or some other manner of delivery which records receipt of the notice by the persons responsible for the violations.

Section 131 prohibits funds from being used to enforce the electronic logging device rule with respect to carriers transporting livestock or insects.

Section 132 prohibits funds from being used to implement, enforce, or otherwise make effective a rule related to the lease and interchange of vehicles by motor carriers of passengers.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

The bill provides $190,000,000 from the general fund for operations and research. Of this amount, $40,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2020.

In addition to salaries and expenses, the bill provides $25,000,000 for rulemaking programs, of which not less than $16,000,000 is for the new car assessment program, $33,000,000 for enforcement programs, of which not less than $20,000,000 is for the Office of Defects Investigation, and $49,000,000 for research and analysis programs, of which not less than $15,000,000 is for vehicle electronics and emerging technologies which includes research of automated vehicle technologies.

OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides a liquidating cash appropriation and an obligation limitation of $152,100,000, to remain available until expended, which reflects the authorized level of contract authority. Consistent with the FAST Act, the bill includes $5,312,000 for in-vehicle alcohol detection device research.

Additional highway safety funding.—The bill provides $14,000,000 in additional highway safety funding through the general fund under section 143 of this title. Of this amount, the bill provides $7,000,000 to support a high visibility enforcement paid-media campaign in the area of highway-rail grade crossing safety. NHTSA is directed to coordinate these resources with other highway safety media campaigns, and to work collaboratively with the Federal Railroad Administration on the campaign's message development. The remaining $7,000,000 is to be used for grants, pilot program activities, and other innovative solutions to reduce impaired-driving fatalities including law enforcement awareness, training, and other countermeasures that improve safety and reduce impaired driving fatalities associated with both drug and alcohol impairment. Countermeasure activities shall include those likely to provide the greatest reductions in impaired driving, that are applicable or transferable broadly within law enforcement, or which promise to increase efficiency in the recognition, enforcement, and processing of impaired drivers on the nation's highways.

HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY GRANTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides a liquidating cash appropriation and an obligation limitation of $610,208,000 for highway traffic safety grants, to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

Section 140 provides funding for travel and related expenses for state management reviews and highway safety core competency development training.

Section 141 exempts obligation authority made available in previous public laws from the obligation limitations set for the current year.

Section 142 prohibits funds from being used to mandate global positioning systems in private vehicles without consideration of privacy concerns.

Section 143 provides additional funding for highway safety programs.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

SAFETY AND OPERATIONS

The bill provides $221,698,000 for safety and operations of the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). Of the funds provided, $18,000,000 is available until expended.

The following priorities are funded:

Safe transportation of energy products	$2,000,000
Automated track inspection program and data analysis	16,500,000
Railroad safety information system and front end interface	4,800,000
Positive train control (PTC) support program	10,000,000
Confidential close call program	3,000,000
Trespasser prevention strategy and risk model	500,000
National bridge system inventory update and model modification	600,000

FRA is required to submit the information detailed in the Senate report on railroad PTC status, enforcement plans, and effects on rail service 30 days after enactment of this Act.

RAILROAD RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The bill provides $40,600,000, to remain available until expended, for railroad research and development. This amount includes $2,500,000 to improve safety practices and training for Class II and Class III freight railroads; $2,000,000 for tank car research related to the safe transportation of energy products in partnership with other Federal agencies; and up to $5,000,000 for partnerships with qualified universities for research on rail system safety, capacity and efficiency, of which $1,000,000 is for research with universities on intelligent railroad systems.

RAILROAD REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT FINANCING PROGRAM

The Secretary is authorized to issue direct loans and loan guarantees pursuant to sections 501 through 504 of P.L. 94–210.

FEDERAL-STATE PARTNERSHIP FOR STATE OF GOOD REPAIR

The bill provides $400,000,000, to remain available until expended, for grants authorized by section 24911 of title 49, United States Code, and allow the Secretary to withhold up to one percent for project management and oversight of these grants. In addition, the Secretary is directed to issue a notice of funding opportunity (NOFO) consistent with

the guidelines from the FAST Act for all funds appropriated in fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019 within 30 days of enactment of this Act, and make awards within 180 days of enactment of this Act. The Federal-State Partnership for State of Good Repair projects eligible under 24911(c) are authorized to include all capital projects to replace or rehabilitate qualified railroad assets, consistent with the requirements of section 24911 of title 49. This program helps protect existing rail infrastructure and funds investments and maintenance that can avoid costly repairs in the future.

CONSOLIDATED RAIL INFRASTRUCTURE AND SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS

The bill provides $255,000,000 to remain available until expended, for consolidated rail infrastructure and safety improvements grants, and direct the Department to prioritize funds for railroads that are most at risk of not meeting the PTC deadline.

RESTORATION AND ENHANCEMENT

The bill provides a total of $5,000,000, to remain available until expended, for restoration and enhancement grants authorized by section 24408 of title 49 U.S.C.

MAGNETIC LEVITATION TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM

The bill provides a total of $10,000,000, to remain available until expended, for deployment of magnetic levitation transportation projects.

THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION (AMTRAK)

The bill provides a total of $1,941,600,000 for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation. Amtrak is directed to provide discounted passenger fares to veterans (as defined in section 101 of title 38, United States Code) consistent with the discounted passenger fares currently provided to active duty military personnel, and to submit with its fiscal year 2020 congressional justification a report that addresses items enumerated in the House and Senate reports on charter, special, and private trains. Amtrak is also directed to evaluate options to address the weekday Northeast Regional Train between Washington and Boston and to submit a report within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

Amtrak is directed to provide a station agent in each Amtrak station that had a ticket agent in fiscal year 2018. Station agents, which include Amtrak ticket agents or caretakers, assist passengers with their intercity rail travel, provide customer service during all hours that a station is open, and perform building maintenance duties. Amtrak is directed to improve communication and collaboration with local partners and take into consideration the unique needs of each community, including impacts to local jobs, when making decisions related to the staffing of Amtrak stations, and to work with stakeholders to maximize the efficiency of these station agents.

NORTHEAST CORRIDOR GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

The bill provides $650,000,000 for the Secretary to make grants for activities associated with the Northeast Corridor (NEC), defined as the main line between Boston, Massachusetts, and the District of Columbia, and the facilities and services used to operate and maintain that line.

The Secretary is allowed to retain up to one-half of one percent of the total provided to Amtrak for project management and oversight costs and require not less than $50,000,000 to bring Amtrak-served facilities and stations into compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. The bill allows up to $5,000,000 of the NEC grants to fund the NEC Commission expenses.

NATIONAL NETWORK GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

The bill provides $1,291,600,000 for the Secretary to make grants for activities associated with the National Network. National Network Grants provide operating and capital funding for expenses on Amtrak's entire network, including long-distance routes that operate on the NEC. Of this amount, the bill allows the Secretary to retain up to $2,000,000 to fund expenses associated with the state-supported route committee, and not less than $50,000,000 shall be for railroad safety technologies on state-supported routes on which PTC systems are not required. Further, no less than $50,000,000 shall be for capital expenses that enable continued passenger rail operation on long-distance routes where Amtrak is the sole operator and PTC systems are not required.

The GAO is not required to submit a report on on-time performance, but the Amtrak OIG is required to submit a similar report.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS-FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Section 150 limits overtime to $35,000 per employee. Amtrak's president is allowed to waive this restriction for specific employees for safety or operational efficiency reasons. Amtrak's president is required to provide an annual report by March 1, 2019 that summarizes Amtrak's total overtime expenses in 2018 and the three prior years, and the number of employees receiving overtime cap waivers and total overtime payments resulting from waivers by month of the 2018 calendar year and the three prior calendar years.

Section 151 expresses the sense of Congress that long distance passenger rail routes should be retained to ensure connectivity throughout the National Network.

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The bill provides $113,165,000 for the administrative expenses of the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), of which up to $1,000,000 shall be available for administrative expenses related to transit asset management.

TRANSIT FORMULA GRANTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

The bill limits obligations from the mass transit account for transit formula grants to $9,939,380,030 as authorized by the FAST Act. Funds are to be distributed as authorized. Further, the bill provides $9,900,000,000 for the liquidation of contract authority.

TRANSIT INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS

The bill provides an additional $700,000,000 in transit infrastructure grants to remain available until expended. Of the funds provided, $350,000,000 is available for grants for buses and bus facilities authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5339, of which $160,000,000 is provided for formula grants, $160,000,000 is provided for competitive grants, and $30,000,000 is provided for low or no emission grants; $263,000,000 is available for state of good repair grants authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5337; $40,000,000 available for formula grants for rural areas authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5311; $40,000,000 is available for high density state apportionments authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5340(d); $1,000,000 is available for the bus testing facility authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5318; and $6,000,000 is available for bus testing facilities authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5312(h). The bill provides funding from the general fund, and the funding is not subject to any limitation on obligations.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING

The bill provides $5,000,000 for research activities under 49 U.S.C. 5314. In addition to the directly appropriated funds, another $9,000,000 is provided through the obligation limitation under the heading ''Transit Formula Grants''. Of the amounts provided, no less than $1,500,000 shall be for cooperative agreements where FTA assists small urban, rural, and tribal public transit recipients and planning organizations, and no less than $5,000,000 shall be available for technical assistance and training to increase mobility for people with disabilities and older adults.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT GRANTS

The bill provides $2,552,687,000 for fixed-guideway projects to remain available until September 30, 2022, and the Secretary is directed to administer the Capital Investment Grants (CIG) program and move projects through the program to construction in accordance with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5309 and section 3005(b) of the FAST Act. Of the funds provided, $1,265,670,000 is available for new starts projects, $635,000,000 is available for core capacity projects, $526,500,000 is available for small starts projects, $100,000,000 is available for the expedited project delivery pilot program, and $25,517,000 is available for oversight activities. The Secretary is directed to obligate $2,169,783,950 of the amount provided for the Capital Investment Grants Program by December 31, 2020.

FTA is directed to carry out the will of Congress and continue to advance eligible projects into project development, engineering, and construction through the CIG evaluation, rating, and approval process. The Secretary is directed to allow projects to enter into project development, advance projects through project development, advance projects into engineering, enter into Full Funding Grant Agreements (FFGA) for new starts or core capacity projects that have met the requirements, and to enter into grant agreements for small starts projects that have met the requirements. FTA is directed to continue to update the Committees on the status of projects in the pipeline, and include a list of all letters of no prejudice and early systems work agreements under review by the FTA in each monthly CIG program update. The list should include the requestor, the date the request was received by FTA, and any status changes since the last update. The Secretary is directed to maintain the Federal government's funding commitments for all existing grant agreements, and identify all projects with a medium or higher rating that anticipate a grant agreement in fiscal year 2019 or 2020. The FTA may allocate funding for projects without an FFGA.

GRANTS TO THE WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY

The bill provides $150,000,000 to carry out section 601 of division B of Public Law 110–432, to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

Section 160 exempts previously made transit obligations from limitations on obligations.

Section 161 allows funds provided in this Act for fixed guideway capital investment projects that remain unobligated by September 30, 2022 to be available for projects to use the funds for the purposes for which they were originally provided.

Section 162 allows for the transfer of appropriations made prior to October 1, 2017 from older accounts to be merged into new accounts with similar current activities.

Section 163 prohibits funds to enter into an FFGA for a project with a New Starts share greater than 51 percent.

Section 164 rescinds $46,560,000 of the unobligated amounts from Transit Formula Grants.

Section 165 prohibits the use of funds to implement or further new CIG policies such as those detailed in the June 29, 2018 FTA ''Dear Colleague'' letter.

SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

(HARBOR MAINTENANCE TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $36,000,000 for the operations, maintenance, and capital asset renewal program activities of the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation (SLSDC). Of that amount, not less than $16,000,000 is provided for capital asset renewal activities. SLSDC is directed to submit an annual report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on its asset renewal program activities by April 30, 2019.

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

MARITIME SECURITY PROGRAM

The bill provides the authorized level of $300,000,000 for the maritime security program, to be available until expended.

OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of $149,442,000 for the Maritime Administration's (MARAD) operations and training account. Of this amount, $60,849,000 is for MARAD headquarters, regional offices, and maritime program expenses, of which $50,849,000 is for headquarter operations, $7,000,000 is for the short sea transportation program (America's Marine Highways), and $3,000,000 is for the maritime environment and technology assistance program.

Within the total amount provided, $88,593,000 is for the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy (USMMA), of which $70,593,000 is for operations, up to $10,000,000 is for the capital improvement program, and not less than $8,000,000 is for maintenance, repairs, and equipment.

The GAO is not required to report on whether USMMA should be subject to additional Title IX requirements, nor is the USMMA directed to provide updates on the status of the implementation of actions plans to address sexual assault and sexual harassment, as similar reports are already required under sections 3508 and 3509 of P.L. 115–232. However, MARAD is directed to provide the reports required under P.L. 115–232 to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriation upon completion and to provide briefings on these subjects immediately upon request.

The Secretary is directed to consult with the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works to identify existing and new authorities needed to leverage funds from DOT for inland waterway projects.

Budget activities are moved and unobligated balances associated with state maritime academy functions and programs are transferred to a new state maritime academy operations account.

STATE MARITIME ACADEMY OPERATIONS

The bill provides a total of $345,200,000 for state maritime academy operations. Of this amount, $25,000,000 is for schoolship maintenance and repair, $8,000,000 to support the cost of sharing training ships, $6,000,000 for direct payments to State Maritime Academies (SMAs), $2,400,000 for the student incentive program, and $3,800,000 for fuel assistance payments.

The bill also provides $300,000,000 for the design and construction of a new common schoolship for the national security multimission vessel program, and MARAD is directed to replace SMA training vessels based on the planned end-of-service-life of existing training vessels, with the vessel with the shortest remaining service life to be replaced first. For ships that have the same end-of-service life, preference shall be based on meeting training capacity needs. The order of replacement based on end-of-service-life dates for the SMA ships is as follows: TS Empire State—SUNY Maritime College; TS Kennedy—Massachusetts Maritime Academy; TS State of Maine—Maine Maritime Academy; TS General Rudder—Texas A&M Maritime Academy; TS Golden Bear—California Maritime Academy; TS State of Michigan—Great Lakes Maritime Academy.

ASSISTANCE TO SMALL SHIPYARDS

The bill provides $20,000,000 for the small shipyard grant program, to remain available until expended.

SHIP DISPOSAL

The bill provides $5,000,000 for the ship disposal program, to remain available until expended.

MARITIME GUARANTEED LOAN (TITLE XI) PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides a total of $3,000,000 for administrative expenses of the Title XI program and directs these funds to be transferred to MARAD's operations and training account. The Department is directed to expeditiously process pending applications that meet the terms, conditions, and financial performance requirements of the program.

PORT INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

The bill provides a total of $292,730,000, to remain available until expended, for the port infrastructure development program authorized under 50302 of title 46, United States Code. MARAD is directed to provide grants for infrastructure improvement projects for coastal seaports that are either within the seaport's boundary, or outside its boundary if the project directly relates to port operations, or to an intermodal connection to a port that improves the safety, efficiency, or reliability of the movement of goods into, out of, or around coastal seaports. Eligible projects include, but are not limited to, highway or rail infrastructure that develops or extends intermodal connectivity, intermodal facilities, marine terminal equipment, wharf construction or redevelopment, vessel alternative fueling access and distribution, fuel efficient cargo handling equipment, freight intelligent transportation systems, and digital infrastructure systems. The Secretary is directed to ensure that any fully-automated cargo-handling equipment procured under this section will not directly result in a net job loss or directly reduce the overall safety, reliability and efficiency of a port.

Of the total, $92,730,000 shall be available for grants to the 15 coastal seaports that handled the greatest number of loaded twenty-foot equivalent units (TEUs) of foreign and domestic containerized cargo in 2016, as reported by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and this set-aside does not preclude eligibility for the remaining amounts made available under this heading.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Section 170 authorizes MARAD to furnish utilities and services and to make necessary repairs in connection with any lease, contract, or occupancy involving government property under control of MARAD and allows payments received to be credited to the Treasury and to remain available until expended.

PIPELINE AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONAL EXPENSES

The bill provides $23,710,000 for the necessary operational expenses of the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA). PHMSA is directed to issue a final rule to require comprehensive oil spill response plans for rail carriers within 90 days of enactment of this Act and institute a fine of $10,000 for each day that such rule has not been issued following the expiration of that period.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY

The bill provides $58,000,000 for PHMSA's hazardous materials safety functions. Of this amount, $7,570,000 shall be available until September 30, 2021, and up to $800,000 in fees collected under 49 U.S.C. 5108(g) shall be deposited in the general fund as offsetting receipts. Funds made available until September 30, 2021, are for long-term research and development contracts.

PIPELINE SAFETY

(PIPELINE SAFETY FUND)

(OIL SPILL LIABILITY TRUST FUND)

The bill provides $165,000,000 for PHMSA's pipeline safety program. Of that amount, $23,000,000 is derived from the oil spill liability trust fund, $134,000,000 is derived from the pipeline safety fund, and $8,000,000 is derived from fees collected under 49 U.S.C. 60302 and deposited in the underground natural gas storage facility safety account. Of the total amount, not less than $53,000,000 shall be for state pipeline safety grants.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS GRANTS

(EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS FUND)

The bill provides an obligation limitation of $28,318,000 for emergency preparedness grants. Prior year recoveries may be used to develop a hazardous materials response training curriculum for emergency responders, to make such training available through an electronic format, and to make grants to train public sector employees and instructors on how to respond to hazardous materials incidents.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $92,600,000 for the salaries and expenses of the office of inspector general (OIG). The OIG is requested to provide the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations a report on the Florida International University bridge collapse, within 180 days, that details: (1) any prior safety violations during construction or structural deficiencies related to design or construction flaws in bridge projects involving any of the firms involved in the design, construction, and inspection of the structure, or their contractors; (2) any criminal conviction of these firms for alleged design or construction deficiencies; (3) a list of all firms which have received Federal funding from the Department and that have a history of accidents, violations, and/or structural deficiencies with frequencies greater than those that would be consistent with construction completed with the appropriate focus on the safety and security of workers and the public requisite for these types of projects.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Section 180 provides authorization for DOT to maintain and operate aircraft, hire passenger motor vehicles and aircraft, purchase liability insurance, buy uniforms, or allowances therefor.

Section 181 limits appropriations for services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 to the rate permitted for an Executive Level IV.

Section 182 prohibits recipients of funds in this Act from disseminating personal information obtained by state DMVs in connection to motor vehicle records with an exception.

Section 183 prohibits funds in this Act for salaries and expenses of more than 125 political and Presidential appointees in the Department of Transportation.

Section 184 stipulates that revenue collected by FHWA and FRA from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources for training be transferred into specific accounts within the agency with an exception.

Section 185 prohibits DOT from using funds to make a grant, loan, loan guarantee, or cooperative agreement unless DOT gives a 3-day advance notice to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations. The provision also requires notice of any ''quick release'' of funds from FHWA's emergency relief program, and prohibits notifications from involving funds not available for obligation. The provision requires DOT to provide a comprehensive list of all loans, loan guarantees, lines of credit, and discretionary grants that will be announced with a 3-day advance notice to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Section 186 allows funds received from rebates, refunds, and similar sources to be credited to appropriations of DOT.

Section 187 allows amounts from improper payments to a third party contractor that are lawfully recovered by DOT to be made available until expended to cover expenses incurred in recovery of such payments.

Section 188 requires that reprogramming actions have to be approved or denied by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, and reprogramming notifications shall be transmitted solely to the Appropriations Committees.

Section 189 allows funds appropriated to modal administrations to be obligated for the Office of the Secretary for costs related to assessments only when such funds provide a direct benefit to that modal administration.

Section 190 authorizes the Secretary to carry out a program that establishes uniform standards for developing and supporting agency transit pass and transit benefits, including distribution of transit benefits.

Section 191 allows the use of funds to assist a contract utilizing geographic, economic, or other hiring preference not otherwise authorized by law, only if certain requirements are met related to availability of local labor, displacement of existing employees, and delays in transportation plans.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is required to continue its efforts to ensure victims of domestic violence and assault are not unlawfully evicted or denied housing, as required by the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013, and to report on these activities within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

EXECUTIVE OFFICES

The bill includes $14,900,000 for the salaries and expenses for executive offices, available until September 30, 2020, which shall be comprised of seven offices including the Offices of the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, Adjudicatory Services, Congressional and Intergovernmental Relations, Public Affairs, Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, and the Center for Faith-Based and Neighborhood Partnerships.

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OFFICES

The bill provides $541,500,000 for the salaries and expenses for administrative support offices, available until September 30, 2020. Funds are provided as follows:

Office of the Chief Financial Officer	$70,400,000
Office of the General Counsel	97,800,000
Office of Administration	206,300,000
Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer	40,400,000
Office of Field Policy and Management	54,300,000
Office of the Chief Procurement Officer	19,100,000
Office of Departmental Equal Employment Opportunity	3,800,000
Office of Business Transformation	4,700,000
Office of the Chief Information Officer	44,700,000
Total	$541,500,000

PROGRAM OFFICE SALARIES AND EXPENSES

PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING

The bill provides $219,800,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Public and Indian Housing, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

The bill provides $112,344,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Community Planning and Development, to remain available until September 30, 2020. HUD is directed to prioritize hiring and backfilling of staff to support grant monitoring and the closeout of open audits and backlog of audits in Regions I and IV. No less than $444,000 is provided for new personnel hires in Region I in order to fulfill mission critical functions, including program oversight and management and the closeout of open audits and backlog in Region I.

HOUSING

The bill provides $382,500,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Housing, to remain available until September 30, 2020. The Department is directed to ensure the Office of Recapitalization is funded at no less than $12,000,000.

POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

The bill provides $26,000,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Policy Development and Research, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

The bill provides $72,900,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

OFFICE OF LEAD HAZARD CONTROL AND HEALTHY HOMES

The bill provides $8,600,000 for the salaries and expenses for the Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides the Secretary with the authority to transfer amounts provided in this title for salaries and expenses, except those for the Office of Inspector General, to this account for the purpose of funding certain approved centralized activities.

PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING

TENANT-BASED RENTAL ASSISTANCE

The bill provides $22,598,000,000 for all tenant-based Section 8 activities under the tenant-based rental assistance account.

The amount of Section 8 administrative fees to be distributed at the discretion of the Secretary is not increased. It is encouraged, but not required, that HUD prioritize the needs of Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) that participate in the mobility demonstration program or that have been impacted by disasters when awarding discretionary administrative fee amounts. The authority to make temporary adjustments to allocations for PHAs in an area for which the President declared a disaster is not included.

Family mobility demonstration.—The bill includes $25,000,000 to implement a family mobility demonstration, including no less than $20,000,000 to support PHA programs designed to empower families to successfully move to, and remain in, lower-poverty areas and up to $5,000,000 for incremental housing vouchers for families with children that participate in the demonstration. Resources are included within the policy development and research account to support a systematic evaluation of the approaches employed under this demonstration.

Public housing assessment system.— Receipt of a HUD report on potential changes to the public housing assessment system for PHAs that operate 550 or fewer units and vouchers combined is acknowledged and HUD is not directed to repeat this reporting requirement in fiscal year 2019.

HOUSING CERTIFICATE FUND

(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS)

The bill includes language allowing unobligated balances in the housing certificate fund to be used for renewal of or amendments to section 8 project-based contracts and for performance-based contract administrators.

PUBLIC HOUSING CAPITAL FUND

The bill provides $2,775,000,000 for the public housing capital fund. The bill provides up to $14,000,000 for public housing financial and physical assessment activities, up to $1,000,000 for administrative and judicial receiverships, not to exceed $30,000,000 for emergency capital needs, of which not less than $10,000,000 is for safety and security measures, up to $35,000,000 for the resident opportunities and self-sufficiency program, $15,000,000 for the jobs-plus pilot initiative, and $25,000,000 for competitive grants to public housing agencies to evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards in public housing. Funding is not included for grants to support demolition of physically obsolete public housing properties.

Emergency call systems.—The Office of Public and Indian Housing is directed to issue the clarifying guidance regarding emergency call systems required under Senate Report 115–268 within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

PUBLIC HOUSING OPERATING FUND

The bill provides $4,653,116,000 for the public housing operating fund, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

CHOICE NEIGHBORHOODS INITIATIVE

The bill provides $150,000,000 for the choice neighborhoods initiative, to remain available until September 30, 2021. The bill includes language requiring that at least $75,000,000 be made available to public housing agencies, and provide up to $5,000,000 for grants to fund comprehensive local implementation plans with community notice and input. The Department is required to issue the notice of funding availability within 60 days of enactment of this Act.

FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY

The bill provides $80,000,000 for the family self-sufficiency (FSS) program to support service coordinators who serve residents in both the public housing and voucher programs, to remain available until September 30, 2020.

NATIVE AMERICAN HOUSING BLOCK GRANTS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The bill provides $755,000,000 for the Native American Housing Block Grants program. Of the total amount, $100,000,000 is provided for competitive grants, to remain available until September 30, 2023 to be awarded through a single national competition based on need and capacity. The remaining $655,000,000 shall be for the formula funding program, to remain available until September 30, 2023. Of this amount, $7,000,000 is set-aside for inspections, contracting expertise, training, and technical assistance related to funding provided for the needs of Native American, including no less than $2,000,000 to be awarded to a national organization as authorized by section 703 of Native

American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (NAHASDA), and $2,000,000 is set-aside for the cost of guaranteed loans as authorized by title VI of NAHASDA provided the principal amount is no greater than $17,761,989.

INDIAN HOUSING LOAN GUARANTEE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill provides $1,440,000, to remain available until expended, to subsidize a total loan level of up to $553,846,154.

NATIVE HAWAIIAN HOUSING BLOCK GRANT

The bill provides $2,000,000 for the Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant program, to remain available until September 30, 2023.

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERSONS WITH AIDS

The bill provides $393,000,000 for the housing opportunities for persons with AIDS program, to remain available until September 30, 2020, except for amounts allocated pursuant to 854(c)(5) which are available until September 30, 2021.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

The bill provides $3,365,000,000 for the community development fund, to remain available until September 30, 2021. Of the total, the bill provides $3,300,000,000 in formula funding and $65,000,000 for Indian tribes, of which up to $4,000,000 is available for imminent health and safety emergencies.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT LOAN GUARANTEES PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill does not provide a credit subsidy for this program, but instead provides the authority to collect fees from borrowers adequate to result in a subsidy cost of zero. The bill also provides an aggregate limitation on commitments of no more than $300,000,000 for loan guarantees under section 108.

HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM

The bill provides $1,250,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for the Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) program.

SELF-HELP AND ASSISTED HOMEOWNERSHIP OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM

The bill provides a total of $54,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021 in the following amounts and for the following purposes: $10,000,000 for the self-help homeownership opportunity program; $35,000,000 for the second, third, and fourth capacity building activities authorized under section 4(a) of the HUD Demonstration Act of 1993, of which not less than $5,000,000 shall be for rural capacity building activities; $5,000,000 for capacity building activities by national organizations with expertise in rural housing development; and $4,000,000 for a program to rehabilitate and modify homes of disabled or low-income veterans as authorized under section 1079 of Public Law 113–291.

HOMELESS ASSISTANCE GRANTS

The bill provides $2,636,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, for homeless assistance grants. Of the amount provided, not less than $280,000,000 shall be for the emergency solutions grants program; not less than $2,219,000,000 shall be for the continuum of care and rural housing stability assistance programs; up to $50,000,000 shall be for rapid re-housing projects and supportive service projects providing coordinated entry, and for eligible activities that are critical in order to assist survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking; up to $7,000,000 shall be for the national homeless data analysis project; and up to $80,000,000 shall be for projects in up to 25 communities, including at least eight communities with substantial rural populations, to demonstrate how a comprehensive approach to serving homeless youth can reduce youth homelessness, of which up to $5,000,000 shall be for technical assistance on youth homelessness, and collection, analysis, and reporting of data and performance measures under the comprehensive approaches to serve homeless youth.

HUD, grantees, and communities are reminded that the emergency solutions grant program is a flexible tool that can prevent evictions and reduce unsheltered homelessness.

HOUSING PROGRAMS

PROJECT-BASED RENTAL ASSISTANCE

The bill provides $11,347,000,000 for project-based rental assistance activities, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $245,000,000 is for performance-based contract administrators. The bill also provides an additional advance appropriation of $400,000,000, to be made available on October 1, 2019, and allows the Secretary to use project funds held in residual receipt accounts, unobligated balances, including recaptures, and carryover for program activities. HUD is encouraged to work with performance-based contract administrators to identify cost savings while ensuring continuation of all necessary tasks.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY

The bill provides $678,000,000 for the Section 202 program, to remain available until September 30, 2022, of which $51,000,000 shall be for new capital advances and project-based rental assistance contracts, up to $90,000,000 shall be for service coordinators and the continuation of existing congregate service grants, and $10,000,000 shall be for the aging in place home modification grant program. The appropriation, plus carryover balances and residual receipts, fully funds all renewals, amendments, and property inspections related to project-based rental assistance contracts, senior preservation rental assistance contracts, service coordinators, and existing congregate service grants.

HOUSING FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

The bill provides $184,155,000 for the Section 811 program, to remain available until September 30, 2022. The appropriation, plus carryover balances and residual receipts, fully funds all project-based rental assistance contract amendments and renewals. The bill includes $30,155,000 for new capital advance and project rental assistance awards, and HUD is directed to prioritize the creation of new unit configurations that help localities comply with the obligations of *Olmstead v. L.C.*, 527 U.S. 581 (1999).

HOUSING COUNSELING ASSISTANCE

The bill provides $50,000,000 for housing counseling assistance, including up to $4,500,000 for administrative contract services, to remain available until September 30, 2020. The Secretary is required to award grants within 180 days of enactment of this Act and allow for the Secretary to enter into multiyear grant agreements, subject to the availability of annual appropriations.

RENTAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE

The bill provides $5,000,000 for the rental housing assistance program and allow for the Department to use funds, including unobligated balances and recaptured amounts, for one-year contract extensions.

PAYMENT TO MANUFACTURED HOUSING FEES TRUST FUND

The bill provides $12,000,000 for the manufactured housing standards programs, of which $12,000,000 is to be derived from fees collected and deposited in the manufactured housing fees trust fund.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

MUTUAL MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill establishes a limitation of $400,000,000,000 on commitments to guarantee single-family loans and $130,000,000 for administrative contract expenses during fiscal year 2019, which shall be available until September 30, 2020. The bill also provides an additional $1,400 for administrative contract expenses, up to $30,000,000, for each $1,000,000 in additional guaranteed loan commitments, if guaranteed loan commitment levels exceed $200,000,000,000 by April 1, 2019. Insurance for new mortgage commitments in fiscal year 2019 under Section 255 of the National Housing Act is required to have a net credit subsidy cost that does not exceed zero. The FHA is prohibited from taking adverse actions against lenders in disaster affected areas based solely on compare ratios.

GENERAL AND SPECIAL RISK PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill establishes a $30,000,000,000 limitation on multifamily and specialized loan guarantees during fiscal year 2019, and provides that such commitment authority shall be available until September 30, 2020. The Secretary is directed to evaluate the impact of, and barriers associated with, including hospitals with more than 50 percent of patients attributable to mental health and substance abuse treatment, in the hospital mortgage insurance program under section 242 of the National Housing Act and expanding the use of healthcare mortgage insurance program under section 232 of the National Housing Act to include residential care facilities that treat individuals with drug and alcohol dependency, and to report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations 120 days after enactment of this Act.

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

GUARANTEES OF MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The bill establishes a limitation of up to $550,000,000,000 for new commitments and provides $27,000,000 for salaries and expenses for the government national mortgage association for fiscal year 2019, which shall be available until September 30, 2020. The bill also provides an increase in salaries and expense funds of $100 for each $1,000,000 in additional guaranteed loan commitments, up to a maximum of $3,000,000, if guaranteed loan commitments exceed $155,000,000,000 by April 1, 2019.

POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

The bill provides $96,000,000 for research and technology activities and technical assistance, to remain available until September 30, 2020. The bill provides $50,000,000 for core research and technology including: market surveys, research support and dissemination, data acquisition, housing finance studies, research partnerships, and housing technology.

The bill provides not less than $29,000,000 under this heading for technical assistance, of which $3,000,000 is for non-profit or private sector organizations with distressed cities or regions with populations under 40,000,000 and that have been impacted by a natural disaster, and up to $1,000,000 for envision center technical assistance.

The bill provides up to $17,000,000 for critical research, demonstrations, and evaluations, including:

- Up to $1,000,000 for an envision center evaluation;
- Up to $4,000,000 for the moving to work expansion demonstration expansion evaluation;
- $3,000,000 for the housing mobility demonstration;

• $2,000,000 for homeless youth research activities authorized under section 345 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act;

• Up to $1,000,000 for the Office of Innovation for innovation awards;

• Continued funding for the choice neighborhood implementation study and the rent reform demonstration; and

• New funding for: the Home Equity Conversion Mortgage (HECM) improvement study; long term tracking of the family self-sufficiency program; a process evaluation of the Section 3 program; administrative data linkages to assess long term outcomes of exit from assisted housing; and research addressing the housing needs of older Americans.

In addition, HUD is directed to compile and publish all research it supported over the prior 5 years relating to the HECM program.

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

FAIR HOUSING ACTIVITIES

The bill provides $65,300,000 for fair housing activities, of which $39,600,000 is for the Fair Housing Initiatives Program (FHIP), $23,900,000 is for the fair housing assistance program, $1,500,000 is for the national fair housing training academy, and $300,000 is for translated materials. Of the funds available for FHIP, not less than $7,450,000 is available for education and outreach programs.

OFFICE OF LEAD HAZARD CONTROL AND HEALTHY HOMES

LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION

The bill provides $279,000,000 for the lead hazard control and healthy homes programs, to remain available until September 30, 2020. Of the amount provided, $45,000,000 is available for the healthy homes initiative. The bill provides $64,000,000 for the implementation of projects to demonstrate how intensive, extended, multi-year interventions can reduce the presence of lead-based paint hazards in low-income, pre-1940 homes by achieving economies of scale that can lower the cost of remediation activities. Seven five-year grants of no less than $6 million per grant are directed to be awarded pursuant to this demonstration program.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND

The bill provides $280,000,000 for the information technology fund, of which $260,000,000 is available until September 30, 2020, and $20,000,000 is available until September 30, 2021.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

The bill provides $128,082,000 for the salaries and expenses of the office of inspector general.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS)

Section 201 splits overpayments evenly between Treasury and State HFAs.

Section 202 prohibits funds from being used to investigate or prosecute lawful activities under the Fair Housing Act.

Section 203 requires any grant or cooperative agreement to be made on a competitive basis, unless otherwise provided, in accordance with Section 102 of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989.

Section 204 relates to the availability of funds for services and facilities for GSEs and others subject to the Government Corporation Control Act and the Housing Act of 1950.

Section 205 prohibits the use of funds in excess of the budget estimates, unless provided otherwise.

Section 206 relates to the expenditure of funds for corporations and agencies subject to the Government Corporation Control Act.

Section 207 requires the Secretary to provide quarterly reports on uncommitted, unobligated, recaptured, and excess funds in each departmental program and activity.

Section 208 requires the Administration's budget and HUD's budget justifications for fiscal year 2020 to be submitted in the identical account and sub-account structure provided in this Act.

Section 209 exempts GNMA from certain requirements of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990.

Section 210 authorizes HUD to transfer debt and use agreements from an obsolete project to a viable project, provided that no additional costs are incurred and other conditions are met.

Section 211 sets forth requirements for Section 8 voucher assistance eligibility, and includes consideration for persons with disabilities.

Section 212 distributes Native American Housing Block Grants to the same Native Alaskan recipients as in fiscal year 2005.

Section 213 instructs HUD on managing and disposing of any multifamily property that is owned or held by HUD.

Section 214 allows the Section 108 loan guarantee program to guarantee notes or other obligations issued by any State on behalf of non-entitlement communities in the State.

Section 215 allows PHAs that own and operate 400 or fewer units of public housing to be exempt from asset management requirements.

Section 216 restricts the Secretary from imposing any requirements or guidelines relating to asset management that restrict or limit the use of capital funds for central office costs, up to the limits established in law.

Section 217 requires that no employee of the Department shall be designated as an allotment holder unless the CFO determines that such employee has received certain training.

Section 218 requires the Secretary to publish all notices of funding availability that are competitively awarded on the internet for fiscal year 2019.

Section 219 requires attorney fees for programmatic litigation to be paid from the individual program office and Office of General Counsel salaries and expenses appropriations, and requires the Department to submit a spend plan to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Section 220 allows the Secretary to transfer up to 10 percent of funds or $5,000,000, whichever is less, appropriated under the headings ''Administrative Support Offices'' or ''Program Office Salaries and Expenses'' to any other office funded under such headings.

Section 221 requires HUD to take certain actions against owners receiving rental subsidies that do not maintain safe properties.

Section 222 places a salary and bonus limit on public housing agency officials and employees.

Section 223 requires the Secretary to notify the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations at least 3 full business days before grant awards are announced.

Section 224 prohibits funds to be used to require or enforce the Physical Needs Assessment (PNA).

Section 225 prohibits funds for HUD financing of mortgages for properties that have been subject to eminent domain.

Section 226 prohibits the use of funds to terminate the status of a unit of general local government as a metropolitan city with respect to grants under section 106 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Section 227 allows funding for research, evaluation, and statistical purposes that is unexpended at the time of completion of the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement to be reobligated for additional research.

Section 228 prohibits funds for financial awards for employees subject to administrative discipline.

Section 229 authorizes the Secretary on a limited basis to use funds available under the ''Homeless Assistance Grants'' heading to participate in the multiagency Performance Partnership Pilots program for fiscal year 2019.

Section 230 allows program income as an eligible match for 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 continuum of care funds.

Section 231 permits HUD to provide one year transition grants under the continuum of care program with no more than 50 percent of the grant provided for costs of eligible activities of the program component originally funded.

Section 232 prohibits the use of funds to direct a grantee to undertake specific changes to existing zoning laws as part of carrying out the final rule entitled, ''Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing'' or the notice entitled, ''Affirmatively Further Fair Housing Assessment Tool''.

Section 233 prohibits section 218(g) and 231(b) of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act from applying with respect to the right of a jurisdiction to draw funds from its HOME Investment Trust Fund that otherwise expired or would expire in 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, or 2021.

Section 234 rescinds the balance of previously appropriated funds.

Section 235 authorizes a housing choice voucher mobility demonstration program.

Section 236 repeals a reporting requirement.

Section 237 maintains current Promise Zone designations and agreements.

Section 238 prohibits funds from being used to establish review criteria, including rating factors or preference points, for competitive grants programs for EnVision Center participation or coordination.

TITLE III—RELATED AGENCIES

ACCESS BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $8,400,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Access Board.

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $27,490,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Federal Maritime Commission, of which not more than $2,000 may be available for official reception and representation expenses. Of the funds provided, not less than $365,000 is available for the Office of Inspector General.

NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $23,274,000 for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation Office of the Inspector General, and direct the Inspector General to update a 2008 DOT OIG report titled ''Effects of Amtrak's Poor on-time Performance'' no later than 240 days after enactment of this Act.

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $110,400,000 for the salaries and expenses of the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB). The NTSB is not directed to further investigate the recent bridge collapse at Florida International University. Instead, direction is provided on this issue to the Department of Transportation Office of Inspector General.

NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

The bill provides $150,000,000 for the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation, of which

$5,000,000 shall be for a multi-family rental housing program. In addition, the bill provides $2,000,000 for the promotion and development of shared equity housing models.

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides $37,100,000 for salaries and expenses. The collection of up to $1,250,000 in user fees is permitted to be credited to that appropriation and provide that the general fund appropriation be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by the actual amount collected in user fees to result in a final appropriation from the general fund estimated at no more than $35,850,000.

UNITED STATES INTERAGENCY COUNCIL ON HOMELESSNESS

OPERATING EXPENSES

The bill provides $3,600,000 for operating expenses of the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH) and extends authorization for the council until October 1, 2028.

The Government Accountability Office is directed to conduct an evaluation of USICH management and governance structure including the council's ability to effectively oversee the Executive Director and the agency's annual operations, and deliver a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations within one year of enactment of this Act.

TITLE IV

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS ACT

Section 401 prohibits the use of funds for the planning or execution of any program to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, non-Federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings.

Section 402 prohibits the obligation of funds beyond the current fiscal year and the transfer of funds to other appropriations, unless expressly provided.

Section 403 limits consulting service expenditures through procurement contracts to those contracts contained in the public record, except where otherwise provided under existing law.

Section 404 prohibits funds from being used for certain types of employee training.

Section 405 specifies requirements for the reprogramming of funds and requires agencies to submit a report in order to establish the baseline for the application of reprogramming and transfer authorities.

Section 406 provides that not to exceed fifty percent of unobligated balances for salaries and expenses may remain available until September 30, 2020, for each account for the purposes authorized, subject to the approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Section 407 prohibits the use of funds for any project that seeks to use the power of eminent domain, unless eminent domain is employed only for a public use.

Section 408 prohibits funds from being transferred to any department, agency, or instrumentality of the U.S. Government, except where transfer authority is provided in this or any other appropriations Act.

Section 409 prohibits funds from being used to permanently replace an employee intent on returning to his or her past occupation following completion of military service.

Section 410 prohibits funds from being used by an entity unless the expenditure is in compliance with the Buy American Act.

Section 411 prohibits funds from being made available to any person or entity that has been convicted of violating the Buy American Act.

Section 412 prohibits funds from being used for first-class airline accommodations in contravention of sections 301–10.122 and 301–10.123 of title 41 CFR.

Section 413 prohibits funds from being used for the approval of a new foreign air carrier permit or exemption application if that approval would contravene United States law or Article 17 bis of the U.S.-E.U.-Iceland-Norway Air Transport Agreement.

Section 414 restricts the number of employees that agencies may send to international conferences unless such attendance is important to the national interest.

Section 415 caps the amount of fees the Surface Transportation Board can charge or collect for rate or practice complaints filed at the amount authorized for district court civil suit filing fees.

Section 416 prohibits the use of funds to purchase or lease new light-duty vehicles for any executive fleet or fleet inventory, except in accordance with Presidential Memorandum-Federal Fleet Performance, dated May 24, 2011.

Section 417 prohibits funds from being used to maintain or establish computer networks unless such networks block the viewing, downloading, or exchange of pornography.

Section 418 prohibits funds from being used to deny an Inspector General timely access to any records, documents, or other materials available to the department or agency over which that Inspector General has responsibilities, or to prevent or impede that Inspector General's access to such records, documents, or other materials.

Section 419 prohibits funds to be used to pay award or incentive fees for contractors whose performance is below satisfactory, behind schedule, over budget, or failed to meet requirements of the contract, with exceptions.

Section 420 provides a modification cost for credit risk premium repayment for a certain cohort of RRIF loans.

Section 421 modifies title 23 to amend federal truck weight exemptions in the State of Kentucky.

Section 422 modifies title 23 to amend federal truck weight exemptions for commercial motor vehicles powered either by natural gas or electric battery.

Section 423 exempts truck length restrictions for the transportation of sugar beets on specific routes in the State of Oregon.

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
Office of the Secretary					
Salaries and expenses	112,813	113,842	113,910	+1,097	+68
Immediate Office of the Secretary	(3,001)	---	(3,065)	(+64)	(+3,065)
Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary	(1,040)	---	(1,000)	(-40)	(+1,000)
Office of the General Counsel	(20,555)	---	(20,428)	(-127)	(+20,428)
Office of the Under Secretary of Transportation for Policy	(10,331)	---	(10,331)	---	(+10,331)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Budget and Programs	(14,019)	---	(14,300)	(+281)	(+14,300)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Governmental Affairs	(2,546)	---	(2,546)	---	(+2,546)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration	(29,356)	---	(29,244)	(-112)	(+29,244)
Office of Public Affairs	(2,142)	---	(2,142)	---	(+2,142)
Office of the Executive Secretariat	(1,760)	---	(1,859)	(+99)	(+1,859)
Office of Intelligence, Security, and Emergency Response	(11,318)	---	(12,181)	(+863)	(+12,181)
Office of the Chief Information Officer	(16,745)	---	(16,814)	(+69)	(+16,814)
Research and Technology	23,465	6,971	8,471	-14,994	+1,500
National Infrastructure Investments	1,500,000	---	900,000	-600,000	+900,000
Federal-Aid Highways:					
Reduction for TIFIA (Limitation on obligations)	---	---	---	---	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Surface Transportation and Innovative Finance Bureau	3,000	2,987	5,000	+2,000	+2,013
Financial Management Capital	6,000	2,000	2,000	-4,000	---
Cyber Security Initiatives	15,000	10,000	15,000	---	+5,000
Office of Civil Rights	9,500	9,470	9,470	-30	---
Transportation Planning, Research, and Development	14,000	7,879	7,879	-6,121	---
Working Capital Fund	(202,245)	(203,883)	(319,793)	(+117,548)	(+115,910)
Minority Business Resource Center Program	500	249	500	---	+251
Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilizaton and Outreach	4,646	3,488	3,488	-1,158	---
Payments to Air Carriers (Airport & Airway Trust Fund)	155,000	93,000	175,000	+20,000	+82,000
Administrative Provisions					
Working Capital Fund (Sec. 104) (reappropriation)	---	12,000	---	---	-12,000
Total, Office of the Secretary	1,843,924	261,886	1,240,718	-603,206	+978,832
Federal Aviation Administration					
Operations	10,211,754	9,931,312	10,410,758	+199,004	+479,446
Air traffic organization	(7,692,786)	(7,495,690)	(7,841,720)	(+148,934)	(+346,030)
Aviation safety	(1,310,000)	(1,276,255)	(1,336,969)	(+26,969)	(+60,714)
Commercial space transportation	(22,587)	(21,578)	(24,949)	(+2,362)	(+3,371)
Finance and management	(801,506)	(771,010)	(816,398)	(+14,892)	(+45,388)
NextGen	(60,000)	(58,536)	(61,258)	(+1,258)	(+2,722)
Security and Hazardous Materials Safety	(112,622)	(105,558)	(114,165)	(+1,543)	(+8,607)
Staff offices	(212,253)	(202,685)	(215,299)	(+3,046)	(+12,614)

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Facilities and Equipment (Airport & Airway Trust Fund)	3,250,000	2,766,572	3,000,000	-250,000	+233,428
Research, Engineering, and Development (Airport & Airway Trust Fund	188,926	74,406	191,100	+2,174	+116,694
Grants-in-Aid for Airports (Airport and Airway Trust Fund)(Liquidation of contract authorization)	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	---	---
(Limitation on obligations)	(3,350,000)	(3,350,000)	(3,350,000)	---	---
Administration	(111,863)	(112,600)	(112,600)	(+737)	---
Airport cooperative research program	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	---	---
Airport technology research	(33,210)	(33,194)	(33,210)	---	(+16)
Small community air service development program	(10,000)	---	(10,000)	---	(+10,000)
Airport Discretionary Grants (General Fund)	1,000,000	---	500,000	-500,000	+500,000
Total, Federal Aviation Administration	14,650,680	12,772,290	14,101,858	-548,822	+1,329,568
Limitations on obligations	(3,350,000)	(3,350,000)	(3,350,000)	---	---
Total budgetary resources	(18,000,680)	(16,122,290)	(17,451,858)	(-548,822)	(+1,329,568)
Federal Highway Administration					
Limitation on Administrative Expenses	(442,692)	(449,692)	(449,692)	(+7,000)	---
Federal-Aid Highways (Highway Trust Fund):					
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	(44,973,212)	(46,007,596)	(46,007,596)	(+1,034,384)	---
(Limitation on obligations)	(44,234,212)	(45,268,596)	(45,268,596)	(+1,034,384)	---
(Exempt contract authority)	(739,000)	(739,000)	(739,000)	---	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Highway Infrastructure Programs (General Fund).....	2,525,000	---	3,250,000	+725,000	+3,250,000
Administrative Provisions					
Rescission of budget authority (Sec. 126).....	---	-216,951	---	---	+216,951
Total, Federal Highway Administration.....	2,525,000	-216,951	3,250,000	+725,000	+3,466,951
Limitations on obligations.....	(44,234,212)	(45,268,596)	(45,268,596)	(+1,034,384)	---
Exempt contract authority.....	(739,000)	(739,000)	(739,000)	---	---
Total budgetary resources.....	(47,498,212)	(45,790,645)	(49,257,596)	(+1,759,384)	(+3,466,951)
Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration					
Motor Carrier Safety Operations and Programs (Highway Trust Fund)(Liquidation of contract authorization)..	(283,000)	(284,000)	(284,000)	(+1,000)	---
(Limitation on obligations).....	(283,000)	(284,000)	(284,000)	(+1,000)	---
Motor Carrier Safety Grants (Highway Trust Fund) (Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(561,800)	(381,800)	(382,800)	(-179,000)	(+1,000)
(Limitation on obligations).....	(561,800)	(381,800)	(382,800)	(-179,000)	(+1,000)
Total, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.....	---	---	---	---	---
Limitations on obligations.....	(844,800)	(665,800)	(666,800)	(-178,000)	(+1,000)
Total budgetary resources.....	(844,800)	(665,800)	(666,800)	(-178,000)	(+1,000)

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration					
Operations and Research (general fund)	189,075	152,427	190,000	+925	+37,573
Operations and Research (Highway Trust Fund)					
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	(149,000)	(152,100)	(152,100)	(+3,100)	---
(Limitation on obligations)	(149,000)	(152,100)	(152,100)	(+3,100)	---
Subtotal, Operations and Research	338,075	304,527	342,100	+4,025	+37,573
Highway Traffic Safety Grants (Highway Trust Fund)					
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	(597,629)	(610,208)	(610,208)	(+12,579)	---
(Limitation on obligations)	(597,629)	(610,208)	(610,208)	(+12,579)	---
Highway safety programs (23 USC 402)	(261,200)	(270,400)	(270,400)	(+9,200)	---
National priority safety programs (23 USC 405)	(280,200)	(283,000)	(283,000)	(+2,800)	---
High visibility enforcement	(29,900)	(30,200)	(30,200)	(+300)	---
Administrative expenses	(26,329)	(26,608)	(26,608)	(+279)	---
Administrative Provision					
Impaired Driving/Rail-Grade funding (Sec. 143)					
(General Fund)	11,500	---	14,000	+2,500	+14,000
Total, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	200,575	152,427	204,000	+3,425	+51,573
Limitations on obligations	(746,629)	(762,308)	(762,308)	(+15,679)	---
Total budgetary resources	(947,204)	(914,735)	(966,308)	(+19,104)	(+51,573)

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Federal Railroad Administration					
Safety and Operations	221,698	202,304	221,698	---	+19,394
Railroad Research and Development	40,600	19,550	40,600	---	+21,050
Subtotal	262,298	221,854	262,298	---	+40,444
Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Financing Program	25,000	---	---	-25,000	---
Federal State Partnership for State of Good Repair	250,000	---	400,000	+150,000	+400,000
Consolidated Rail Infrastructure and Safety Improvements	592,547	---	255,000	-337,547	+255,000
Restoration and Enhancement Grants	20,000	---	5,000	-15,000	+5,000
Magnetic Levitation Program	---	---	10,000	+10,000	+10,000
Subtotal	862,547	---	670,000	-192,547	+670,000
National Railroad Passenger Corporation:					
Northeast Corridor Grants	650,000	200,000	650,000	---	+450,000
National Network	1,291,600	537,897	1,291,600	---	+753,703
Subtotal	1,941,600	737,897	1,941,600	---	+1,203,703

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Administrative Provisions					
Transportation Technology Center financing (Sec. 151).	---	100,000	---	---	-100,000
Rail unobligated balances (rescission) (Sec. 153).....	---	-55,726	---	---	+55,726
Total, Federal Railroad Administration.....	3,091,445	1,004,025	2,873,898	-217,547	+1,869,873
Federal Transit Administration					
Administrative Expenses.....	113,165	111,742	113,165	---	+1,423
Transit Formula Grants (Hwy Trust Fund, Mass Transit Account (Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(10,300,000)	(9,900,000)	(9,900,000)	(-400,000)	---
(Limitation on obligations).....	(9,733,353)	(9,939,380)	(9,939,380)	(+206,027)	---
Transit Infrastructure Grants.....	834,000	---	700,000	-134,000	+700,000
Technical Assistance and Training.....	5,000	---	5,000	---	+5,000
Capital Investment Grants.....	2,644,960	1,000,000	2,552,687	-92,273	+1,552,687
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority Capital and Preventive Maintenance.....	150,000	120,000	150,000	---	+30,000
Transit Research (rescission) (Sec. 163).....	---	-6,000	---	---	+6,000
Transit Formula Grants (rescission) (Sec. 165).....	---	-46,560	-46,560	-46,560	---
Total, Federal Transit Administration.....	3,747,125	1,179,182	3,474,292	-272,833	+2,295,110
Limitations on obligations.....	(9,733,353)	(9,939,380)	(9,939,380)	(+206,027)	---
Total budgetary resources.....	(13,480,478)	(11,118,562)	(13,413,672)	(-66,806)	(+2,295,110)

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation					
Operations and Maintenance (Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund)	40,000	28,837	36,000	-4,000	+7,163
Maritime Administration					
Maritime Security Program	300,000	214,000	300,000	---	+86,000
Operations and Training	513,642	452,428	149,442	-364,200	-302,986
State Maritime Academy Operations	---	---	345,200	+345,200	+345,200
Assistance to Small Shipyards	20,000	---	20,000	---	+20,000
Ship Disposal	116,000	30,000	5,000	-111,000	-25,000
Maritime Guaranteed Loan (Title XI) Program Account:					
Administrative expenses and guarantees	30,000	---	3,000	-27,000	+3,000
Total, Maritime Administration	979,642	696,428	1,115,372	+135,730	+418,944
Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration					
Operational Expenses:					
General Fund	23,000	23,710	23,710	+710	---
Hazardous Materials Safety:					
General Fund	59,000	52,070	58,000	-1,000	+5,930

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Pipeline Safety:					
Pipeline Safety Fund	131,000	119,200	134,000	+3,000	+14,800
Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund	23,000	23,000	23,000	---	---
Underground Natural Gas Storage Facility Safety Fund	8,000	8,000	8,000	---	---
Subtotal	162,000	150,200	165,000	+3,000	+14,800
Emergency Preparedness Grants:					
Limitation on emergency preparedness fund	(28,318)	(28,318)	(28,318)	---	---
Total, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration	244,000	225,980	246,710	+2,710	+20,730
Limitations on obligations	(28,318)	(28,318)	(28,318)	---	---
Total budgetary resources	(272,318)	(254,298)	(275,028)	(+2,710)	(+20,730)
Pipeline safety user fees	-131,000	-119,200	-134,000	-3,000	-14,800
Underground Natural Gas Storage Facility Safety Fund user fee	-8,000	-8,000	-8,000	---	---
Office of Inspector General					
Salaries and Expenses	92,152	91,500	92,600	+448	+1,100

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
General Provisions - Department of Transportation					
Extending the availability of certain payments (Sec. 186(1))	---	2,000	---	---	-2,000
Total, title I, Department of Transportation	27,275,543	16,070,404	26,493,448	-782,095	+10,423,044
Appropriations	(27,275,543)	(16,395,641)	(26,540,008)	(-735,535)	(+10,144,367)
Rescissions	---	(-325,237)	(-46,560)	(-46,560)	(+278,677)
Limitations on obligations	(58,908,994)	(59,986,084)	(59,987,084)	(+1,078,090)	(+1,000)
Total budgetary resources	(86,184,537)	(76,056,488)	(86,480,532)	(+295,995)	(+10,424,044)
TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT					
Management and Administration					
Executive Offices	14,708	15,583	14,900	+192	-683
Administration Support Offices	518,303	507,372	541,500	+23,197	+34,128
Program Office Salaries and Expenses:					
Public and Indian Housing	216,633	209,473	219,800	+3,167	+10,327
Community Planning and Development	107,554	105,906	112,344	+4,790	+6,438
Housing	383,000	359,448	382,500	-500	+23,052
Policy Development and Research	24,065	25,366	26,000	+1,935	+634
Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity	69,808	71,312	72,900	+3,092	+1,588

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes...	7,600	7,540	8,600	+1,000	+1,060
Subtotal.....	808,660	779,045	822,144	+13,484	+43,099
Total, Management and Administration.....	1,341,671	1,302,000	1,378,544	+36,873	+76,544
Public and Indian Housing					
Tenant-based Rental Assistance:					
Renewals.....	19,600,000	18,748,749	20,313,000	+713,000	+1,564,251
Tenant protection vouchers.....	85,000	140,000	85,000	---	-55,000
Administrative fees.....	1,760,000	1,550,000	1,886,000	+126,000	+336,000
Sec. 811 vouchers, incremental and renewals.....	505,000	107,000	225,000	-280,000	+118,000
Incremental VASH vouchers.....	40,000	---	40,000	---	+40,000
Tribal veterans affairs supportive housing renewals.....	5,000	4,000	4,000	-1,000	---
Incremental family unification vouchers.....	20,000	---	20,000	---	+20,000
Mobility Demonstration.....	---	---	25,000	+25,000	+25,000
Subtotal (available this fiscal year).....	22,015,000	20,549,749	22,598,000	+583,000	+2,048,251
Advance appropriations.....	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	---	---
Less appropriations from prior year advances.....	-4,000,000	-4,000,000	-4,000,000	---	---
Total, Tenant-based Rental Assistance appropriated in this bill.....	22,015,000	20,549,749	22,598,000	+583,000	+2,048,251

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Rental Assistance Demonstration	---	100,000	---	---	-100,000
Public Housing Capital Fund	2,750,000	---	2,775,000	+25,000	+2,775,000
Public Housing Operating Fund	4,550,000	3,279,000	4,653,116	+103,116	+1,374,116
Choice Neighborhoods	150,000	---	150,000	---	+150,000
Family Self-Sufficiency	75,000	75,000	80,000	+5,000	+5,000
Native American Housing Block Grants	755,000	600,000	755,000	---	+155,000
Indian Housing Loan Guarantee Fund Program Account	1,000	---	1,440	+440	+1,440
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(270,270)	---	(553,846)	(+283,576)	(+553,846)
Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant	2,000	---	2,000	---	+2,000
Native Hawaiian Loan Guarantee Fund Program Account (rescission)	---	-5,000	---	---	+5,000
Total, Public and Indian Housing	30,298,000	24,598,749	31,014,556	+716,556	+6,415,807
Community Planning and Development					
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	375,000	330,000	393,000	+18,000	+63,000
Community Development Fund:					
CDBG formula	3,300,000	---	3,300,000	---	+3,300,000
Indian CDBG	65,000	---	65,000	---	+65,000
Subtotal	3,365,000	---	3,365,000	---	+3,365,000
Community Development Loan Guarantees (Section 108):					
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(300,000)	---	(300,000)	---	(+300,000)
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	1,362,000	---	1,250,000	-112,000	+1,250,000

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Self-help and Assisted Homeownership Opportunity Program	54,000	---	54,000	---	+54,000
Homeless Assistance Grants	2,513,000	2,383,000	2,636,000	+123,000	+253,000
Total, Community Planning and Development	7,669,000	2,713,000	7,698,000	+29,000	+4,985,000
Housing Programs					
Project-based Rental Assistance:					
Renewals	11,230,000	10,902,000	11,502,000	+272,000	+600,000
Contract administrators	285,000	245,000	245,000	-40,000	---
Subtotal (available this fiscal year)	11,515,000	11,147,000	11,747,000	+232,000	+600,000
Advance appropriations	400,000	400,000	400,000	---	---
Less appropriations from prior year advances	-400,000	-400,000	-400,000	---	---
Total, Project-based Rental Assistance appropriated in this bill	11,515,000	11,147,000	11,747,000	+232,000	+600,000
Housing for the Elderly	678,000	601,000	678,000	---	+77,000
Housing for Persons with Disabilities	229,600	140,000	184,155	-45,445	+44,155
Housing Counseling Assistance	55,000	45,000	50,000	-5,000	+5,000
Rental Housing Assistance	14,000	5,000	5,000	-9,000	---
Manufactured Housing Fees Trust Fund	11,000	12,000	12,000	+1,000	---
Offsetting collections	-11,000	-12,000	-12,000	-1,000	---
Total, Housing Programs	12,491,600	11,938,000	12,664,155	+172,555	+726,155

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Federal Housing Administration					
Mutual Mortgage Insurance Program Account:					
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(400,000,000)	(400,000,000)	(400,000,000)	---	---
(Limitation on direct loans)	(5,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(-4,000)	---
Offsetting receipts	-7,392,000	-6,930,000	-6,930,000	+462,000	---
Proposed offsetting receipts (HECM)	-309,000	---	---	+309,000	---
Additional offsetting receipts (Sec. 222)	---	-20,000	---	---	+20,000
Administrative contract expenses	130,000	150,000	130,000	---	-20,000
General and Special Risk Program Account:					
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(30,000,000)	(30,000,000)	(30,000,000)	---	---
(Limitation on direct loans)	(5,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(-4,000)	---
Offsetting receipts	-619,000	-620,000	-620,000	-1,000	---
Total, Federal Housing Administration	-8,190,000	-7,420,000	-7,420,000	+770,000	---
Government National Mortgage Association					
Guarantees of Mortgage-backed Securities Loan Guarantee Program Account:					
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(500,000,000)	(550,000,000)	(550,000,000)	(+50,000,000)	---
Administrative expenses	27,000	24,400	27,000	---	+2,600
Offsetting receipts	-116,000	-104,000	-104,000	+12,000	---
Offsetting receipts	-1,560,000	-1,900,000	-1,900,000	-340,000	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Proposed offsetting receipts (HECM)	-59,000	---	---	+59,000	---
Additional contract expenses	1,000	---	1,000	---	+1,000
Total, Gov't National Mortgage Association	-1,707,000	-1,979,600	-1,976,000	-269,000	+3,600
Policy Development and Research					
Research and Technology	89,000	85,000	96,000	+7,000	+11,000
Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity					
Fair Housing Activities	65,300	62,300	65,300	---	+3,000
Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes					
Lead Hazard Reduction	230,000	145,000	279,000	+49,000	+134,000
Information Technology Fund	267,000	260,000	280,000	+13,000	+20,000
Office of Inspector General	128,082	128,082	128,082	---	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
General Provisions--Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Choice Neighborhoods/Hope VI unobligated balances (Sec. 233) (rescission)	---	-138,000	---	---	+138,000
Unobligated balances (Sec. 234) (rescission)	---	---	-99	-99	-99
Total, title II, Department of Housing and Urban Development	42,682,653	31,694,531	44,207,538	+1,524,885	+12,513,007
Appropriations	(48,348,653)	(37,023,531)	(49,373,637)	(+1,024,984)	(+12,350,106)
Advance appropriations	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	---	---
Offsetting receipts	(-10,055,000)	(-9,574,000)	(-9,554,000)	(+501,000)	(+20,000)
Offsetting collections	(-11,000)	(-12,000)	(-12,000)	(-1,000)	---
(Limitation on direct loans)	(10,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(-8,000)	---
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(930,570,270)	(980,000,000)	(980,853,846)	(+50,283,576)	(+853,846)
TITLE III - OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES					
Access Board	8,190	8,400	8,400	+210	---
Federal Maritime Commission	27,490	27,490	27,490	---	---
National Railroad Passenger Corporation Office of Inspector General	23,274	23,274	23,274	---	---
National Transportation Safety Board	110,400	108,000	110,400	---	+2,400
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation	140,000	27,400	152,000	+12,000	+124,600

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Surface Transportation Board	37,100	37,100	37,100	---	---
Offsetting collections	-1,250	-1,250	-1,250	---	---
Subtotal	35,850	35,850	35,850	---	---
United States Interagency Council on Homelessness	3,600	630	3,600	---	+2,970
Total, title III, Other Independent Agencies	348,804	231,044	361,014	+12,210	+129,970
TITLE IV - GENERAL PROVISIONS - THIS ACT					
Unobligated balances (Sec. 417) (rescission)	-7,000	---	---	+7,000	---
Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Financing Subsidy Reimbursement (Sec. 420)	---	---	17,000	+17,000	+17,000
Total, title IV, General Provisions This Act	-7,000	---	17,000	+24,000	+17,000

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS					
FURTHER ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER RELIEF ACT, 2018 (P.L. 115-123)					
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
Federal Aviation Administration					
Operations (Airport and Airway Trust Fund) (emergency)	35,000	---	---	-35,000	---
Facilities and Equipment (Airport and Airway Trust Fund) (emergency)	79,589	---	---	-79,589	---
Total, Federal Aviation Administration	114,589	---	---	-114,589	---
Federal Highway Administration					
Federal-Aid Highways:					
Emergency Relief Program (emergency)	1,374,000	---	---	-1,374,000	---
Federal Transit Administration					
Public Transportation Emergency Relief Program (emergency)	330,000	---	---	-330,000	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Maritime Administration					
Operations and Training (emergency)	10,000	---	---	-10,000	---
Total, Department of Transportation	1,828,589	---	---	-1,828,589	---
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT					
Community Planning and Development					
Community Development Fund (emergency)	28,000,000	---	---	-28,000,000	---
Total, Further Additional Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2018	29,828,589	---	---	-29,828,589	---

TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT,
AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	This Bill	This Bill vs Enacted	This Bill vs Request
Grand total	100,128,589	47,995,979	71,079,000	-29,049,589	+23,083,021
Appropriations	(75,974,250)	(53,651,466)	(76,292,909)	(+318,659)	(+22,641,443)
Rescissions	(-7,000)	(-468,237)	(-46,659)	(-39,659)	(+421,578)
Emergency appropriations	(29,828,589)	---	---	(-29,828,589)	---
Advance appropriations	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	---	---
Offsetting receipts	(-10,055,000)	(-9,574,000)	(-9,554,000)	(+501,000)	(+20,000)
Offsetting collections	(-12,250)	(-13,250)	(-13,250)	(-1,000)	---
(Limitation on obligations)	(58,908,994)	(59,986,084)	(59,987,084)	(+1,078,090)	(+1,000)
Total budgetary resources	(159,037,583)	(107,982,063)	(131,066,084)	(-27,971,499)	(+23,084,021)

ADJOURNMENT FROM FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 2019, TO TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 2019

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon, Tuesday, January 22, 2019, for morning-hour debate and 2 p.m. for legislative business.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Karen L. Haas, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 251. An act to extend by 15 months the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes.

ADJOURNMENT

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 10 o'clock and 36 minutes a.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until Tuesday, January 22, 2019, at noon for morning-hour debate.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania (for himself and Mr. SMITH of New Jersey):

H.R. 689. A bill to amend the Animal Welfare Act to ensure that all dogs and cats used by research facilities are obtained legally; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 690. A bill to amend title 49, United States Code, to limit eligibility for essential air service for certain locations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 691. A bill to amend the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 to authorize insect and disease treatment programs on certain Federal land, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 692. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to prohibit application of pre-existing condition exclusions and to guarantee availability of health insurance coverage in the individual and group market, contingent on the enactment of legislation repealing the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 689.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 3 to the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 690.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 691.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States).

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 692.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 38: Mr. CLINE.

H.R. 141: Mrs. NAPOLITANO.

H.R. 302: Mr. SOTO, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. ROSE of New York, and Ms. WILSON of Florida.

H.R. 394: Ms. HILL of California.

H.R. 397: Ms. MOORE, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. HUIZENGA, and Mr. RYAN.

H.R. 414: Ms. CASTOR of Florida.

H.R. 439: Mr. GIANFORTE and Mr. MARSHALL.

H.R. 522: Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Ms. CLARKE of New York, and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.

H.R. 540: Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. WELCH, Ms. DEGETTE, and Ms. WILSON of Florida.

H.R. 549: Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL.

H.R. 664: Mr. GOSAR.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PRIOR TO SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT OF THE 115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT PRIOR TO SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT

The President, prior to sine die adjournment of the Second Session, 115th Congress, notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates, he had approved and signed bills of the following titles:

December 31, 2018:

H.R. 767. An Act to establish the Stop, Observe, Ask, and Respond to Health and Wellness Training pilot program to address human trafficking in the health care system.

H.R. 2606. An Act to amend the Act of August 4, 1947 (commonly known as the Stigler Act), with respect to restrictions applicable to Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4227. An Act to require the Secretary of Homeland Security to examine what actions the Department of Homeland Security is undertaking to combat the threat of vehicular terrorism, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5075. An Act to encourage, enhance, and integrate Ashanti Alert plans throughout the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5509. An Act to direct the National Science Foundation to provide grants for research about STEM education approaches and the STEM-related workforce, and for other purposes.

January 3, 2018:

H.R. 1660. An Act to direct the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development to submit to Congress a report on the development and use of global health innovations in the programs, projects, and activities of the Agency.

H.R. 3460. An Act to designate the United States courthouse located at 323 East Chapel Hill Street in Durham, North Carolina, as the ''John Hervey Wheeler United States Courthouse''.

H.R. 6287. An Act to provide competitive grants for the operation, security, and maintenance of certain memorials to victims of the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.

SENATE BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT PRIOR TO SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT

The President, prior to sine die adjournment of the Second Session, 115th Congress, notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates, he had approved and signed bills of the Senate of the following titles:

December 31, 2018:

S. 7. An Act to amend title 51, United States Code, to extend the authority of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to enter into leases of non-excess property of the Administration.

S. 943. An Act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct an accurate comprehensive student count for the purposes of calculating formula allocations for programs under the Johnson-O'Malley Act, and for other purposes.

S. 1520. An Act to expand recreational fishing opportunities through enhanced marine fishery conservation and management, and for other purposes.

S. 2076. An Act to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the expansion of activities related to Alzheimer's disease, cognitive decline, and brain health under the Alzheimer's Disease and Healthy Aging Program, and for other purposes.

S. 2248. An Act to amend title 38, United states Code, to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to provide certain burial benefits for spouses and children of veterans who are buried in tribal cemeteries, and for other purposes.

S. 2278. An Act to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide grants to improve health care in rural areas.

S. 2736. An Act to develop a long-term strategic vision and a comprehensive, multifaceted, and principled United States policy for the Indo-Pacific region, and for other purposes.

S. 3530. An Act to reauthorize the Museum and Library Services Act.

January 3, 2018:

S. 2276. An Act to require agencies to submit reports on outstanding recommendations in the annual budget justification submitted to Congress.

S. 2652. An Act to award a Congressional Gold Medal to Stephen Michael Gleason.

S. 2679. An Act to provide access to and manage the distribution of excess or surplus property to veteran-owned small businesses.

S. 2765. An Act to amend the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to exempt investment advisers who solely advise certain rural business investment companies, and for other purposes.

S. 2896. An Act to require disclosure by lobbyists of convictions for bribery, extortion, embezzlement, illegal kickbacks, tax evasion, fraud, conflicts of interest, making false statements, perjury, or money laundering.

S. 3031. An Act to amend chapter 5 of title 40, United States Code, to improve the management of Federal personal property.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AFTER SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT OF THE 115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT AFTER SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT

The President, after sine die adjournment of the Second Session, 115th Congress, notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates, he had approved and signed bills of the following titles:

January 8, 2019:

H.R. 2200. An Act to reauthorize the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, and for other purposes.

January 10, 2019:

H.R. 4689. An Act to authorize early repayment of obligations to the Bureau of Reclamation within the Northport Irrigation District in the State of Nebraska.

H.R. 5636. An Act to designate additions to the Flatside Wilderness on the Ouachita National Forest, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6602. An Act to reauthorize the New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail Route, and for other purposes.

January 14, 2019:

H.R. 672. An Act to require continued and enhanced annual reporting to Congress in the Annual Report on International Religious Freedom on anti-Semitic incidents in Europe, the safety and security of European Jewish communities, and the efforts of the United States to partner with European governments, the European Union, and civil society groups, to combat anti-Semitism, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4174. An Act to amend titles 5 and 44, United States Code, to require Federal evaluation activities, improve Federal data management, and for other purposes.

H.R. 7279. An Act to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to provide for an integrated planning process, to promote green infrastructure, and for other purposes.

H.R. 7318. An Act to amend the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016 to ensure that the Public Buildings Reform Board has adequate time to carry out the responsibilities of the Board, and for other purposes.

H.R. 7319. An Act to amend the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016 to provide flexibility with respect to the leaseback of certain Federal real property, and for other purposes.

SENATE BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT AFTER SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT

The President, after sine die adjournment of the Second Session, 115th Congress, notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates, he had approved and signed bills of the Senate of the following titles:

January 7, 2019:

S. 2200. An Act to reauthorize the National Integrated Drought Information System, and for other purposes.

S. 2961. An Act to reauthorize subtitle A of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990.

January 8, 2019:

S. 3191. An Act to provide for the expeditious disclosure of records related to civil rights cold cases, and for other purposes.

January 9, 2019:

S. 1862. An Act to amend the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 to modify the criteria for determining whether countries are meeting the minimum standards for the elimination of human trafficking, and for other purposes.

S. 3247. An Act to improve programs and activities relating to women's entrepreneurship and economic empowerment that are carried out by the United States Agency for International Development, and for other purposes.

January 10, 2019:

S. 3456. An Act to redesignate Hobe Sound National Wildlife Refuge as the Nathaniel P. Reed Hobe Sound National Wildlife Refuge, and for other purposes.

S. 3661. An Act to provide for a program of the Department of Defense to commemorate the 75th anniversary of World War II.

January 14, 2019:

S. 512. An Act to modernize the regulation of nuclear energy.

S. 1023. An Act to reauthorize the Tropical Forest Conservation Act of 1998 through fiscal year 2021, and for other purposes.

S. 1158. An Act to help prevent acts of genocide and other atrocity crimes, which threaten national and international security, by enhancing United States Government capacities to prevent, mitigate, and respond to such crises.

S. 1580. An Act to enhance the transparency, improve the coordination, and intensify the impact of assistance to support access to primary and secondary education for displaced children and persons, including women and girls, and for other purposes.

United States of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 116th CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Vol. 165 WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 2019 No. 11

Senate

The Senate met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Honorable JOHN BOOZMAN, a Senator from the State of Arkansas.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

Almighty God, the light of understanding, the nobility of diction, and the faith of the brave, our hope is in Your unfailing love and mercy.

As trouble surrounds us and problems pile up high, remind our lawmakers of the words of Jesus of Nazareth in Matthew 12:25: ''Every kingdom divided against itself is brought to desolation; and every city or house divided against itself shall not stand.'' Lord, give our lawmakers constancy and steadiness of purpose that they may work for Your glory. May they not be unfaithful in their service to You and country or procrastinate in confronting evil.

Have mercy upon us, O God, and this land we love.

We pray in Your awesome Name. Amen.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Presiding Officer led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. GRASSLEY).

The senior assistant legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. SENATE,
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE,
Washington, DC, January 18, 2019.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule I, paragraph 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable JOHN BOOZMAN, a Senator from the State of Arkansas, to perform the duties of the Chair.

CHUCK GRASSLEY,
President pro tempore.

Mr. BOOZMAN thereupon assumed the Chair as Acting President pro tempore.

RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.

CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Morning business is closed.

STRENGTHENING AMERICA'S SECURITY IN THE MIDDLE EAST ACT OF 2019—Motion to Proceed

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 1, which the clerk will report.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

Motion to proceed to the consideration of S. 1, a bill to make improvements to certain defense and security assistance provisions and to authorize the appropriation of funds to Israel, to reauthorize the United States-Jordan Defense Cooperation Act of 2015, and to halt the wholesale slaughter of the Syrian people, and for other purposes.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Virginia.

GOVERNMENT FUNDING

Mr. KAINE. Mr. President, I rise today to discuss where we stand as a nation and as a Senate on day 28 of the longest shutdown in the history of the United States. Following my comments, I will offer by UC to pull one of the House bills up, and I understand the Senator from Oklahoma will be here to respond to that.

We were not scheduled to be in session today. We were supposed to adjourn yesterday and then reconvene on Monday, January 28, but I objected to the adjournment, just as I did last weekend, because our government is closed. So we will be in today and tomorrow, off Sunday and Monday in honor of Martin Luther King, Jr., and then return on Tuesday, January 22.

I offer a partial apology to my colleagues and to our professional Senate staff for any inconvenience they experience because we will be in session during a time when there had been a scheduled recess. I have never objected to the normal weekly adjournment before last week, and I cannot imagine doing so under normal circumstances. But my apology is only partial because the inconvenience experienced by anyone in this Chamber—Senate or professional staff—pales in comparison to the pain that this shutdown inflicts upon workers who are not getting paid, citizens who are not being served, and a nation whose reputation is being damaged. We are made to look like a laughing stock by this needless shutdown, and the enemies of America around the world are enjoying this immensely, just as our allies are deeply worried about us.

Despite what some believe and despite the impression that some may draw from recent history in the article I branch, I do not believe the shuttering of the government of the United States is a normal circumstance, and I, for one, will do anything I can to fight against the normalization of the status we find ourselves in today. That is why I am here today. That is why I will be here tomorrow. That is why I will be here all next week. If our government is closed, I will be here trying to open it.

● This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

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I am only one Senator, and I lack the power to compel anyone else to be here with me other than the Presiding Officer. I lack the power to force a floor vote to reopen government. I lack the power to call up any legislative matter for a vote, save the two House bills that we have agreed may be called up pursuant to the UC rules.

I do have the power to talk every day with my colleagues and the administration officials to encourage the reopening of our government, and I do have the power to stand on the floor and describe the circumstances of my constituents and all Americans who are being needlessly hurt.

Only a few will hear me as I describe their pain, but describe it I will, and the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD will record for all history their stories. If you want me to share your story in the days to come as I take the floor, please reach out to my office at kaine.senate.gov, where you will see a way to share your shutdown story, and I will try to share as many of these as I can in the days to come.

Today, before I offer the UC on the homeland security short-term bill, I want to do two things. I want first to elaborate on a point I made briefly yesterday about the cardinal illogic of this shutdown, and, second, I want to share stories just from meetings that I had yesterday with affected Federal employees and veterans.

The cardinal illogic of this shutdown has at least three levels. The cause of the shutdown is clear. President Trump does not believe $1.3 billion for border security funding contained in a bipartisan appropriation bill is sufficient. He says ''I want more,'' and he is willing to shut down massive sections of the American government to get more. President Trump is not only willing to do this; he says that he is proud to do this, even for weeks and months, and he invited cameras into a meeting with congressional leaders and told America that he is the sole responsible party for it.

The first level of illogic to the shutdown is this: Most of the employees and citizens affected by the shutdown have absolutely nothing—nothing—to do with the debate over the right appropriations level for border security. What does the debate about border security have to do with the food stamp program and those who work for it? What does it have to do with the National Park Service? What does it have to do with the Environmental Protection Agency, with the Internal Revenue Service, with the chemical safety board, with national forests, with mental health services, domestic violence programs funded through Department of Justice grants, or with affordable housing programs administered by HUD? Hundreds of thousands of workers and millions of citizens who are served by the affected Agencies are being punished—locked out of their jobs, deprived of paychecks, turned away from services because the President believes that if he punishes enough people, even those unconnected with the legitimate issue at hand, he will get what he wants. This is tyrant behavior, not Presidential behavior.

The illogic of this form of punishment struck me most vividly yesterday, when I moved to reopen these affected Agencies and Leader MCCONNELL objected to my UC request. One of the Agencies covered by my UC request was the Executive Office of the President of the United States. At the White House, many of the President's own chosen staff are furloughed or they are working without pay during the shutdown, so I stood on the floor as a Democrat to ask that the President's own staff be allowed to return to work to serve him, to serve the country, and to be paid.

The majority leader, having previously described his motivation as trying to support the President, stood and objected to the motion that would have returned the President's own staff to work. You can't make this stuff up.

The second level of illogic of this shutdown concerns the core of the policy dispute: the appropriations level for border security. The UC request that I will offer in a few minutes deals with that part of the dispute that is pending before the body. I will offer in a few minutes the UC on the House bill that would reopen for a short term the Homeland Security Agencies that provide security while Congress tries to find a bipartisan deal that can pass both Houses and earn the President's signature, and Senate Republicans, again, in a few minutes—at the request of President Trump, who does not yet want this to happen—will object to that request as well.

If the issue in dispute is border security or, as President Trump often says, ''the safety and security of the American people''—he says that in speeches; he says in tweets that is the issue—then why punish the very people who are providing that safety and security? How does it help promote safety and security to not pay the very Border Patrol agents charged with protecting the border? How does it promote safety and security to not pay FBI agents, DEA agents, Federal prosecutors, ATF agents, and U.S. marshals? How does it promote safety and security to not pay members of the Coast Guard, who help interdict drugs and also rescue Americans endangered at sea? How does it promote safety and security to not pay TSA agents, who keep dangerous people off planes, or air traffic controllers, who keep air traffic safety safely coordinated in American skies?

The President has proudly taken paychecks away from the very professionals whom we ask to guard the safety and security of the American public every day, and in doing so, he has made our citizens and our country less safe and less secure.

The third level of illogic is a consequence of actions that were taken by Congress and the President in the last week. For this, I want to offer thanks to my colleagues. I was able, through use of my adjournment objection last week, to negotiate a successful vote on a bill guaranteeing backpay to all workers affected by this or any future shutdown. I appreciate the cooperation of all my Senate colleagues—the majority leader, the minority leader and others and the House—in this effort and appreciate that President Trump signed the bill in the last few days.

Having guaranteed backpay, we are now faced with an unusual question about continuing the shutdown. Now that we know the Federal Treasury will stroke checks to all affected workers to make them whole at least for the salary they have lost, wouldn't we rather have them at work serving their fellow Americans rather than locked out of their offices and unable to serve them? What sense does it make to guarantee payment or prohibit them from doing the work for which they are paid? These workers want to go back to work because they want to serve their fellow citizens.

That brings me to the second part of my remarks before I offer the UC. I had three meetings yesterday with large groups of Virginians where I listened to them talk about the shutdown. Two of the meetings were actually specifically designed to hear from Federal employees about the shutdown. One was an annual coffee that Senator WARNER and I have for veterans to celebrate their service to the country, and as they were waiting in line and taking pictures, they were talking to us a lot about the shutdown.

In these three instances, I heard an awful lot. Just as I will share stories next week, let me now summarize a few of the things I heard from those I interacted with yesterday and tell you about them.

The mother of a newborn, 6 months old, who works as an air traffic controller and can't afford to pay her babysitter, is working but getting no salary. She started to cry because, she said: I have to go to work and can't pay a babysitter. So the only thing I can do is—I am not calling in sick. The only thing I can do is send my baby to my mother who lives in another State.

She started to cry.

My baby is 6 months old. I have never been away from my baby for more than 8 hours. I don't want to be away from my child. How long is it going to go on? I may be away from my child for weeks.

She teared up as she told us about this.

There was a Federal employee who said: ''I signed up to serve Americans but didn't realize that I was being drafted into a political war I had no interest in being part of,'' a war in which Federal employees are used as hostages.

There was a young married couple, both Federal employees, working without pay, holding their newborn, a tiny baby in their arms, and tearing up as

they talked about their uncertainty over paying their mortgage and other bills.

There was a furloughed Federal employee whose wife is a disabled veteran with PTSD but is postponing her mental health appointments because of her inability to pay copays or pay for medications.

The two Federal-employee couple whose 4- and 6-year-old children, hearing in the background the news on TV and hearing their parents' anxious discussions at night, came up to them the day after Christmas, each holding their piggy banks and giving them to their parents, saying: Maybe you guys need these piggy banks now more than we do.

There was a veteran who has successfully created an entrepreneurial government contracting business and has hundreds of employees who are out of work because of the shutdown.

All of these people express this: their love for public service, their desire to continue public service, and their personal pain at feeling disrespected just because they want to provide public service.

A repeated concern expressed by so many of them about the backlog that is on their desks—they think they will be back at some point, but it was really interesting: Sitting on my desk was this piece of work that I really wanted to get done and how much more is going to be there? It will be hard to serve people, and they will be mad because the backlog is so big.

They are having anxiety about not being able to serve people well because the backlog will grow during the 4 weeks of the shutdown.

Then, a deep concern shared by so many: Why would any young person want to go into public service? Why would any young person, with a heart for public service, want to do that as a Federal employee?

Before I offer the UC—I see my colleague from Oklahoma is here—I want to tell one last story that, for some reason, of all the ones yesterday, this is the one that stuck with me. There were others that might have been more dire, but this one stuck with me because I think it exemplifies a spirit I see in so many of our Federal workers.

There was an employee of the National Park Service who has been with the park service for about 10 years, and his job is to physically maintain the space around the White House: groundskeeping, trash removal, anything, as he says, he can do to make those grounds around the White House look really fantastic. He described why he loves his job, and it wasn't sort of the tasks that he does.

He said: I want schoolchildren visiting Washington, DC, and I want international visitors visiting Washington, DC, when they come to the White House, to be able to look at this and see it and feel impressed with the United States of America. It makes me feel proud when I see the reaction on people's faces as they are there in front of the White House.

That is how he described his work.

He is furloughed and without pay, so he is home. There are news accounts about trash overflowing at national parks and things like that, and that kind of causes him angst, obviously. He is angry about the situation. He didn't mince any words with me as he described it.

Last Sunday morning he got a call. It was: Hey, we need you to come shovel snow.

We had snow last weekend in DC. We had a lot of snow, 10 inches of snow.

You have to come in and shovel snow. You are not being paid. I know you feel the disrespect of being furloughed, and we are not going to be able to pay you for shoveling snow, but can you come in and shovel snow on Sunday so that at least the walkways are clear in front of the White House?

He said: Boy, I really had something I wanted to say on that call. I wanted to say no, but then I thought about this: What if somebody because of the snow, like a kid, falls and breaks their leg or there is an accident or something because the sidewalks aren't clear or there is ice that causes some problem?

He started to think about the people he cares about that he wants to be impressed by the White House because he wants them to be impressed by the country, and he said: Well, I guess I better go shovel the snow.

I kid you not. We were having this conversation about 11:45 yesterday morning, and some of you had seen there is a weather report this weekend that is a little bit iffy in DC. During the middle of his telling me his story, his phone rang, and he looked at it and said: Yeah, that is my boss. I am not going to answer it. I know why he is calling.

I said: Did you just time this for a stage effect because you knew you were meeting with me right now? Did you tell him not to call at 10:30 but to call at 11:30?

He said: No, I know what the call is about. They need me this weekend, even though I am being disrespected, even though I am not being paid, no matter what I want to say, I know what I am going to say. I am going to say: Yes, I will come in and make sure this White House, this Capitol, this country looks as beautiful as it can look for these schoolchildren and these visitors.

I think we have to up our game, all of us. I know we can do this. We owe it to our citizens. We owe it to our workers. We owe it to our Nation's reputation.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST—H.J. RES. 1

With that, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 6, H.J. Res. 1, making further continuing appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security; I further ask that the joint resolution be considered read a third time and passed and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection?

Mr. LANKFORD. On behalf of the majority leader, I object.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The objection is heard.

Mr. KAINE. Mr. President, I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

S. 181

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, today, along with my colleague Senator CARPER, I am introducing the Comprehensive National Mercury Monitoring Act. This bill would ensure that we have accurate, detailed information about the extent of mercury pollution in the United States.

The issue of mercury emissions is growing in importance around the world. In 2013, the United States was the first country to join and sign the Minamata Convention on Mercury, a global agreement to reduce mercury pollution. The Minamata Convention has since been signed by more than 125 countries, demonstrating the widespread concern that mercury poses a global threat to human health. At present, however, scientists must rely on limited information to understand the critical linkages between mercury emissions and environmental response and human health. Successful design, implementation, and assessment of solutions to the mercury pollution problem require a comprehensive long-term solution. It requires much more information. A system for collecting such information, such as we have for acid rain and other pollution, does not currently exist for mercury, a much more toxic pollutant.

Mercury is a potent neurotoxin of significant ecological and public health concern, especially for children and pregnant women. It is estimated that approximately 200,000 children born in our country each year have been exposed to levels of mercury in the womb that are high enough to impair their neurological development. Mercury exposure has gone down as U.S. mercury emissions have declined, and over the last decade coal-fired power plants in the United States have reduced their mercury emissions by nearly 90 percent, but emission levels remain far too high, given how potent a neurotoxin mercury is.

A comprehensive national mercury monitoring network is needed to protect human health, safeguard our fisheries, and track the effect of emissions

reductions. This tracking is important in light of increasing mercury emissions from other countries, including a substantial amount of mercury emissions from China. Mercury can be transported around the globe, meaning emissions and releases can affect human health and environment even in remote locations.

This network is particularly important after the Environmental Protection Agency's recent proposal on the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards. Last month, the EPA released a proposal that determined it is no longer ''appropriate and necessary'' to regulate mercury and toxic air pollution from coal- and oil-fired plants. I just do not understand why EPA would send that signal. While the EPA has not proposed to change the current emission standards on mercury and the toxic air pollutants in this regulation, the EPA's action has put the standards in legal jeopardy and could block future efforts to strengthen this standard that is so important to protecting human health and our environment.

By accurately quantifying regional and national changes in atmospheric deposition, ecosystem contamination, and bioaccumulation of mercury in fish and wildlife in response to changes in mercury emissions, a monitoring network would help policymakers, the EPA, scientists, physicians, and the public to better understand the sources, consequences, and trends in mercury pollution in the United States. We must have more comprehensive information and data. Otherwise, we risk making misguided policy decisions.

Specifically, our legislation would direct the EPA, in conjunction with the Fish and Wildlife Service, the U.S. Geological Survey, the National Park Service, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and other appropriate Federal Agencies to establish a national mercury monitoring program to measure and monitor mercury levels in the air and watersheds, water and soil chemistry, and in marine, freshwater, and terrestrial organisms across the Nation.

Second, it would establish a scientific advisory committee to advise on the establishment, site selection, measurement, recording protocols, and operations of this monitoring program.

Third, our bill would establish a centralized database for existing and newly collected environmental mercury data that can be freely accessed on the internet and is comprised of data that are compatible with similar international efforts.

The bill would also require a report to Congress every 2 years on the program, including trends, and an assessment of the reduction in mercury rates that need to be achieved in order to prevent adverse human and ecological effects, and that report would be required every 4 years.

Finally, the bill authorizes $95 million over 3 years to carry out the Act.

I am pleased to report that this legislation—this bipartisan bill—has earned the endorsement of the American Lung Association, the Biodiversity Research Institute, the Environmental Health Strategy Center, the League of Conservation Voters, and the Natural Resources Defense Council. A comprehensive, robust national monitoring network for mercury would provide the data needed to help make the decisions to protect the people—particularly, pregnant women and babies and children—and the environment of Maine and the entire United States.

Thank you, Mr. President.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. PORTMAN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Ms. COLLINS). Without objection, it is so ordered.

GOVERNMENT FUNDING

Mr. PORTMAN. Madam President, I am here today to talk about the ongoing partial government shutdown, the crisis along the southern border, and how we can resolve this in a responsible way.

We are now on day 28 of the government shutdown, and I am more discouraged now than I have been during this entire impasse. We are better than this. We are stuck. Eight hundred thousand workers have missed a paycheck, and there is no end in sight. NASA workers in Cleveland, TSA employees at our airports across Ohio, Coast Guard officers on Lake Erie—they have all contacted me, as have others. But the harm being done to these families and these workers isn't the only thing that is happening with the shutdown.

I have been through five of these shutdowns since I worked in the White House for the first President Bush. I remember in 1990 when we had a weekend shutdown, and everybody thought that was dramatic. Here we are with the longest shutdown in our history. I don't like government shutdowns. I don't think they are good for taxpayers. Every shutdown, we always end up paying more as taxpayers. I don't think anybody likes them—at least not anybody outside the beltway. Some in both parties seem to like to use shutdowns, but they are not good for families who are affected, and they are not good for the economy. They cost the taxpayers more.

On the economy, we now have a report from the Council of Economic Advisers, who tell us this week that the shutdown is going to reduce quarterly economic growth by 0.13 percent for every week it lasts. In other words, every week the shutdown continues, the economy is hurt more. We have a great economy right now. Thanks to the tax cuts and the regulatory relief and other things this Congress has done, we have record levels of employment. More people are employed than ever in our history. We have historically low unemployment. We are bringing people out of the shadows, back into work, off the sidelines.

There is a lot of positive out there, but this is taking us the wrong way. It is partly the impact on Federal employees, because their purchasing power is less. We are told that of the $312 billion for fiscal year 2019 that hasn't been appropriated by this Congress—and that is what the shutdown is; about 25 percent of government is not being funded. That is hundreds of millions of dollars each workday that are not going out to Federal employees. So part of the economic impact is that people have less spending power, and part of it is that contractors and a lot of small businesses are not getting paid, so it has an impact on the economy in that way. Again, what happens in the end is that everybody gets paid back, but in the meantime, services are disrupted. It is a very inefficient way to run government, and taxpayers end up spending more, not less.

I am not big on shutdowns, having lived through five of them, but I have to say I have never been more frustrated than with this shutdown. I am frustrated for a very simple reason: The solution is right before us. The reason we are in this shutdown is that both sides are unwilling to sit down and talk. That makes this shutdown particularly stupid.

The issue before us is what to do with regard to border security where, in fact, there is a lot of agreement. Border security is one where we don't have these fundamental disagreements, as we might on, let's say, tax cuts or healthcare policy. This is about whether we should be securing our southern border. I think my colleagues on both sides of the aisle, when pressed, will say: Yes, of course we should.

If you look at the specifics, we are not that far apart. That is what is most frustrating to me about this one—that we can bring people together and achieve a result here. I am going to talk about what that might mean.

I have been working with some colleagues, including the Presiding Officer, on trying to figure out a way forward. We haven't been successful yet. There are plenty of folks who want to get to yes in this Chamber, and we have to figure out a way to provide a forum to do that, to make it happen.

I am not here today on the floor to assign blame, to point fingers. There are plenty of people doing that. That is easy to do because there is lots of blame to go all around. I am here to talk about how to find that common ground.

Of course, we have to do more to secure our southern border. I consider it a crisis. Some of my colleagues say it is not a crisis. Some say it is a crisis. Forget the words. We have a problem on the southern border.

Here is some of the data. During September and October of last year, Customs and Border Protection agents apprehended more than 100,000 people trying to enter the country illegally. This has nearly doubled the number from the same months in 2017. In the most recent data we have—October and November, just a couple of months ago—there is double the number of people apprehended between the ports of entry as we had the year before.

The big increase is families and kids. This is a very tough issue. According to the Department of Homeland Security, there has been a 50-percent increase in the number of families coming across the border illegally and a 25-percent increase in the number of unaccompanied children.

Along with that, there has been a 2,000-percent increase in asylum claims over the last 5 years—a 2,000 percent increase in asylum claims over the last 5 years.

The largest growth is coming, as we know, from three Central American countries: Guatemala, El Salvador, and Honduras. While 9 out of 10 of these claims are ultimately rejected by the immigration courts, the applicants have long since been released into the interior of the United States. That is a problem. We should all be working on that.

How do we address this problem? There are some constructive ideas on both sides of the aisle on how to deal with that, but it is a real problem. In fiscal year 2018, Customs and Border Protection referred nearly 50,000 accompanied minors—almost all of whom came across the southern border to seek asylum—to the Department of Health and Human Services for care.

I have done a lot of work on this issue in the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Homeland Security Committee and found out about some of the care these kids have gotten and some of the trauma these kids have gone through. HHS is currently housing more than 11,000 of these children. Many have experienced violence—as I say, serious trauma—on their journey to the United States and need significant help.

Furthermore, the Drug Enforcement Administration has reported that the southwest border ''remains the primary entry point for heroin into the United States.'' There is no disagreement about that. I am told that 90 percent of the heroin that we are experiencing in our communities here comes across the southern border.

Fentanyl comes primarily from China. We made some progress there because it comes primarily through the post office from China. We just passed legislation to deal with that. Fentanyl is the most powerful drug out there—50 times more powerful than heroin on average—causes most of the overdoses in my State of Ohio and around the country.

Guess what. More and more of that fentanyl is coming across the southern border. Last year, seizures of fentanyl—a synthetic heroin that is causing all these deaths and overdoses—increased by 135 percent last year compared to 2017.

Part of what is happening is that it comes from China to Mexico and from Mexico into the United States, we are told by law enforcement. Then, over the last year, we have seen the scientists in Mexico—evil scientists in Mexico—cook up in these ''super labs'' crystal meth—methamphetamines, crystal meth, pure crystal meth—that is coming into our communities.

In the last couple of weeks, I have been at three meetings where I bring together the people on the drug abuse task forces of different parts of our State, and I have talked a lot about the opioid crisis, where I spent a lot of time and effort. What they tell me is that we are making progress on opioids, finally—thank God—for the first time in 7 years.

Guess what the new scourge is—crystal meth. It is more pure than ever, more powerful than ever.

So that is coming from where? It is coming from Mexico. It is a 135-percent increase, as we talked about, from fentanyl. We have also seen a 38-percent increase in methamphetamine trafficking across the southern border just from 2017 to 2018.

This drug issue is a big deal as well, and we need to do more. By the way, my colleagues on the other side of the aisle agree with that. They would like to see more funding immediately for better screening at ports of entry, as an example. Most of these drugs come in through cars and trucks that cross our border.

While we have been paying attention to this China issue with fentanyl, what is happening in our southern border continues with very little interdiction on our part.

I met with the Customs and Border Protection Commissioner last month in my office. I asked him: How many of these drugs are you intercepting?

He had to acknowledge: We don't know, of course, but very few.

They need better equipment. They need better technology. They need more people.

I don't think these numbers are sustainable—the number of families, the number of children coming in, the number of asylum claims, the number of drugs coming across our border—for our Border Patrol, for our judicial system, for our education and health systems, and for our communities.

Because of all these problems, we need a broad solution at the border. Experts tell us that our solutions should include more physical barriers, which the President talks about a lot, but, also, more Border Patrol agents, more technology, more surveillance, more drones, more cameras, more screening at our ports of entry, and more technology there to stop this illegal flow of drugs.

There was a time when all this wasn't all that controversial. In 2006, Congress enacted on a bipartisan basis legislation called the Secure Fence Act. You have probably heard about it. It authorized 700 miles of additional fencing or physical barriers along the border. Then-Senator Barack Obama voted for the Secure Fence Act. Then-Senator Hillary Clinton voted for the Secure Fence Act. Senator CHUCK SCHUMER voted for this bill. It passed by 80 to 19, an overwhelming bipartisan approval.

As recently as 2013, all of the Senate Democrats and two Independents voted for a broader immigration reform plan that called for no fewer than 700 miles of border fencing. That measure ultimately failed in the House. Let me repeat that. Every single Democrat in the Senate voted for that bill. Who was the lead sponsor? Senator CHUCK SCHUMER, the minority leader.

So asking for additional barriers and fencing along the border as part of a broader strategy to make it more secure shouldn't be that controversial. Is it the only answer? No, it is not.

Having said all of that, when you remove the partisan politics and political symbolism, I continue to believe that we are not that far apart. If you look at the January 6 letter the Trump administration sent to the Congress, saying, ''Please fund these priorities,'' you will see that the response to what is happening along our border that they are proposing is not that far from where we are in the Congress.

Yes, it asks for more barriers. I would think from hearing, frankly, from both sides—from the administration and from the Democrats in Congress—that it would be a wall across 2,000 miles of the border. It is not. That is not the proposal. The proposal is—and I am reading from it—234 miles of new barriers and fencing—not 2,000 miles but 234 miles of additional barriers of some kind.

As you know, the President has now made clear that he is prepared to construct these barriers not as a cement wall but as a fence, what he calls a steel barrier. The White House also made clear in their submission that these barriers would be constructed in a manner consistent with the existing language in the Senate committee-passed bipartisan Homeland Security appropriations bill. That means the definition of the border barrier that Republicans and Democrats have long voted for would be the definition used for the construction of these new barriers.

It is $5.7 billion in funding for the construction of additional physical barriers along the southern border, consistent with what the experts say we ought to use—both in terms of the type of barrier and where the barrier ought to be.

Again, based on the 2006 law, more than 500 miles of fencing have already been built in California, in Arizona, and in New Mexico. Based on the data—the actual data—they are making a difference. If you talk to folks in

those communities and you talk to Customs and Border Protection, they like having those barriers. At a minimum, it slows people down, and it keeps vehicles from going across some of that desert landscape. This is part of a broader strategy that is primarily used now in California, Arizona, and New Mexico.

The 2006 law resulted in 105 miles of fencing in California, 211 miles in Arizona, and 107 miles in the sector that spans both Arizona and California. This also includes 166 miles of fencing in a sector that spans New Mexico and Texas, though most of this is in New Mexico. In Texas, in total, there is less than 100 miles of fencing. This is where the priority is now for the Border Patrol, in Texas. Why? Because Texas has 1,200 miles of the 2,000-mile border. Yet they only have 100 miles of barriers.

The new fencing that the administration has requested, as we understand it, is particularly necessary in the most populated parts of the Rio Grande Valley on the Texas-Mexico border. By the way, that is where 40 percent of the crossings occur. You would think it makes sense to have more barriers there.

Again, it is not all about barriers. It has to be an all-of-the-above strategy. The $5.7 billion in barriers, which is about $4 billion more than the bipartisan Senate Homeland Security appropriations bill, is what they are proposing. It is about $4 billion more—$4.1 billion, I think, to be exact—than what is in the bill that has already been agreed to on a bipartisan basis.

In December, Democrats proposed $1.3 billion for the same purpose, which is actually a reduction in the amount they initially proposed in November, the month before, of $1.6 billion.

Folks, there is a way to find common ground here, especially if you include, with this 234 miles of additional barriers to be determined by the experts as to what kind of barrier and where it goes, other immigration policies that many on the other side of the aisle strongly support—and some of us do too—like dealing with DACA. This has been talked about, and it has become a political football. Let's resolve it.

These are young people who came here as children through no fault of their own. Their families brought them here as kids. They were minors. They are not responsible for breaking immigration laws.

Now they are young people. Some of them are working, some of them are in school, and some of them are in the military. They are looking for some certainty.

I think the Congress can provide that. As part of an overall package here, it makes sense to include something on DACA. A lot of Democrats who talked about this over the years strongly agree with that.

The President has also asked, in addition to looking at DACA, that in the context of overall immigration reform, we would look at this issue of Temporary Protected Status, or TPS. This is something that many Democrats feel very strongly about. TPS allows the government to provide protection for individuals who come from particularly trouble-stricken countries. There are now 10 countries on that list. The Secretary of Homeland Security has the ability to provide harbor for those individuals from those 10 countries. Sometimes it is because of a natural disaster. Sometimes it is because of a war. Sometimes it is because of violence in those countries. They simply have to present themselves at ports of entry and begin the application process and go through a legal process to apply. Some of these temporary visas that these individuals under TPS currently have are expiring.

Again, there are a lot of Senators, particularly on the other side of the aisle, who feel strongly about this. Senator KAINE has been a champion for these individuals. There are tens of thousands of them in his State of Virginia. Senators would like to see immediate relief there. I think that could be part of a mix here.

The President has also requested $675 million to help stop drug smuggling at our ports of entry; $211 million to hire another 750 Border Patrol agents; $800 million for humanitarian needs to fund enhanced medical support, transportation, and temporary facilities for those who are detained at our border. The Homeland Security appropriations bill already includes funding for all of those purposes, but the President has requested additional funds to help deal with this influx we talked about—more families, more unaccompanied children, in particular. He has also requested $563 million for 75 additional immigration judges and support staff so that we can help reduce the case backlog of nearly 800,000 pending immigration cases.

Again, a lot of Democrats and Republicans, including me, have talked about the need for this. This backlog is part of our problem because people are typically in the communities, and many of them don't show up for their court cases. Part of the problem is the backlog, the amount of time it takes—months. That can be reduced.

Finally, the President has requested an additional $631 million for counternarcotics and weapons technology. Again, this is one I feel strongly about. I know a lot of my colleagues do. Senator SCHUMER has talked eloquently in the past about needing better screening at ports of entry to try to stop some of these drugs from coming in. I believe these are reasonable requests.

Where there is disagreement, let's have a debate over it, and let's come to a compromise. But we have to have a real adult conversation for that to occur.

The irony for me, for those of us who support a stronger presence on the southern border, is that this shutdown is hurting our efforts to secure the border and to make our immigration system work better.

First, U.S. Border Patrol agents and Customs and Border Protection officers are continuing to work without pay. We want to increase the morale of those brave officers along the border. It is hard to increase morale when they are working without pay.

More than 40,000 immigration hearings have been canceled. Think about that. There are 40,000 immigration hearings that have already been canceled, contributing to this backlog that already totals 800,000 cases.

E-verify, the government system used to verify the immigration status of workers to determine whether they are illegal, to allow employers to reject people who are not legally in this country—that e-verify system is incredibly important because, ultimately, those jobs are the magnet. Right? That is what is pulling people across the border more than anything else. Now that system is shut down because the government is shut down—that part of government—meaning employers across the United States are unable to effectively know who is legal or not. That doesn't help us with regard to the border.

For all of these reasons, we need to come together and negotiate a solution. We are not that far apart.

Last week, out of frustration that no progress was being made, my colleague JERRY MORAN of Kansas and I introduced legislation that would establish a $25 billion border trust fund over the next 5 years to enhance border security across the board—all the things we have talked about.

The legislation would also codify protections for the DACA population we talked about. Again, it is very important to so many in this Chamber, particularly on the other side of the aisle.

In my view, this is a fair and reasonable solution for all sides, and I believe we could get the necessary votes if it were brought to the floor.

Others have better ideas, I am sure. Let's hear them. Let's have a negotiation on all of these issues, but let's get to a resolution.

It has been reported in the media that I have been working with Senator GRAHAM, Senator COLLINS, Senator ALEXANDER, Senator MURKOWSKI, Senator GARDNER, along with Senator COONS, Senator KAINE, Senator CARDIN, Senator MANCHIN, and others. This has been in the press. I am not reporting anything to you today that is not already known. It has been said that we are trying to figure out a way forward, and we are.

Democrats have insisted that there can't be a negotiation until the government shutdown has ended. So a bunch of us have said: Well, what if we do this? One, let's get a commitment from Democrats that they will seriously negotiate based on the President's request. I think it is a reasonable request.

Having received that commitment, then let's have a short-term cessation here of the shutdown—maybe for a few

weeks, maybe for a couple of weeks—to give us the space and the time to be able to work out an agreement.

There are a substantial number of Members from our side and the other side who have agreed to sign a letter along those lines. I am hopeful that can provide at least one opportunity to move forward. It is the only one I see right now.

If there is a better idea, I am eager to hear it, and I know my colleagues are too. More importantly, I know the people I represent are, both those who are directly impacted and those who are watching and saying: Why can't Washington get its act together? This makes no sense.

Yes, we should provide additional security for our southern border. Why can't we agree to that?

We are not that far apart.

Why can't we end the government shutdown in the process and allow the normal operations to go back into place so that families, government workers are not put in this position where, working paycheck to paycheck, they now don't have a paycheck and where taxpayers can get the services they have paid for and not end up paying more money after the fact, which is what typically happens in these shutdowns.

By the way, I do hope we can stop using government shutdowns altogether. I don't like them, as I said, and last week, I introduced legislation, along with eight of my Republican colleagues, that is called the End Government Shutdowns Act. It is pretty straightforward. I have introduced it every single Congress since I was elected in 2010.

What it says is, if you get to the end of the process and the appropriations bill is not funded by Congress—and our fiscal yearend is September 30, so we have been living since then on these continuing resolutions. But if you end up with not getting an appropriations bill done or if you get to the end of a continuing resolution and there is no resolution—you have this impasse—instead of having the government shut down, what you do is just continue the spending from the previous year. Then, after 120 days, you reduce it by 1 percent, and then, after another 90 days, you reduce it by another 1 percent.

Why? To give Congress the incentive to get their act together and to actually fund the government appropriately, to pass these appropriations bills, which should provide not just funding but reforms to government programs. That is the idea. We should every year be looking at all of the government and saying: What is working? What is not working? What are we going to fund more? What are we going to fund less? What are we going to eliminate? What are we going to create? Something new and good for our country and our constituents. So that is what we want to incentivize by the End Government Shutdowns Act.

I hope that Members on both sides of the aisle can support this and that, looking forward, we will not have government shutdowns. We wouldn't be in this mess today if that legislation were law.

The bottom line is, we have the opportunity before us to reach a fair agreement. Both sides are going to have to move some. The President is going to have to negotiate, and he says that he will.

The Speaker of the House is going to have to move some. According to news reports, Speaker PELOSI flat-out told the press she would not support $1 dollar for any new barriers, even if the government were reopened and everything that she asked for was granted. That is not serious. That is not the way to have a successful negotiation, especially when Democrats, as I laid out earlier, have long supported more barriers and fencing along the southern border.

So let's act in good faith. Let's move forward to a responsible resolution. That means, yes, we reopen government, but we also secure the southern border. We are not that far apart. We just need to have the will to get it done.

I yield the floor.

ORDERS FOR SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 2019

Mr. PORTMAN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until 11 a.m., Saturday, January 19; further, that following the prayer and pledge, the morning hour be deemed expired, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, and the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day. I ask that following leader remarks, the Senate resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 1 with Senator KAINE or his designee controlling 2 hours and, upon the use or yielding back of that time, the Senate adjourn until 1 p.m. on Tuesday, January 22; further, that on Tuesday, January 22, following the prayer and pledge, the morning hour be deemed expired, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, and the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day; finally, that following leader remarks, the Senate resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 1.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

At 10:04 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mrs. Cole, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 150. An act to modernize Federal grant reporting, and for other purposes.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

The Acting President pro tempore (Mr. BOOZMAN) announced that on today, January 18, 2019, he had signed the following enrolled bill, which was previously signed by the Speaker of the House:

H.R. 251. An act to extend by 15 months the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes.

MEASURES REFERRED

The following bill was read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

H.R. 150. An act to modernize Federal grant reporting, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself and Mrs. MURRAY):

S. 192. A bill to provide extensions for community health centers, the National Health Service Corps, teaching health centers that operate GME programs, and the special diabetes programs; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Mr. MURPHY):

S. 193. A bill to amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to require the safe storage of firearms, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 11 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that it stand adjourned under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 12:25 p.m., adjourned until Saturday, January 19, 2019, at 11 a.m.

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

HONORING MAYOR JIM WEST

HON. JIMMY PANETTA

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 18, 2019

Mr. PANETTA. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the memory of the late Mayor of San Juan Bautista, Jim West, for his outstanding career in public service and his commitment to the people of the central coast of California. His professional accomplishments and leadership in the community have profoundly touched the lives of many.

Mayor West served his community in San Benito County for over 20 years in multiple capacities. He was appointed to San Benito County Parks and Recreation Commission, served as vice chairman of San Benito County's General Plan Update Committee, served on the United Way Board of Directors, and was the recipient of many honorable awards commemorating his outstanding character. In addition to his heavy involvement in the community, Mayor West also honorably served our country in the United States Marine Corps.

Throughout his ten years in public office, Mayor West served the City of San Juan Bautista as a dynamic and effective leader. Colleagues and friends alike praised his ability to compromise and put community needs at the forefront of his priorities. Mayor West was the recipient of two National Philanthropy Awards, the Gavilan College Community Spirit Award, and the San Benito Community Leadership Award. His presence in the community transformed many lives, and he will be remembered as a distinguished community member, mayor, and friend.

Mayor Jim West's legacy is defined by his invaluable work as a public servant. His dedication to the community and to the people in his life serves as an inspiration to the Central Coast of California. He is survived by his daughter, granddaughter, and great-granddaughter, and his legacy will live on with them and in the memories of those of us who had the honor to know him. Madam Speaker, I ask that my colleagues in the House join me in honoring Mayor Jim West.

Daily Digest

Senate

Chamber Action

Routine Proceedings, pages S299–S305

Measures Introduced: Two bills were introduced, as follows: S. 192–193. **Page S305**

Measures Considered:

Strengthening America's Security in the Middle East Act—Agreement: Senate resumed consideration of the motion to proceed to consideration of S. 1, to make improvements to certain defense and security assistance provisions and to authorize the appropriation of funds to Israel, to reauthorize the United States-Jordan Defense Cooperation Act of 2015, and to halt the wholesale slaughter of the Syrian people. **Page S299**

A unanimous-consent-time agreement was reached providing for further consideration of the motion to proceed to consideration of the bill at approximately 11:00 a.m., on Saturday, January 19, 2019, with Senator Kaine, or his designee controlling two hours, and that upon the use or yielding back of that time, Senate adjourn until 1:00 p.m., on Tuesday, January 22, 2019; and that at approximately 1:00 p.m., on Tuesday, January 22, 2019, Senate resume consideration of the motion to proceed to consideration of the bill. **Page S305**

Messages from the House: **Page S305**

Measures Referred: **Page S305**

Adjournment: Senate convened at 10 a.m. and adjourned at 12:25 p.m., until 11 a.m. on Saturday, January 19, 2019. (For Senate's program, see the remarks of the Acting Majority Leader in today's Record on page S305.)

Committee Meetings

(Committees not listed did not meet)

No committee meetings were held.

House of Representatives

Chamber Action

Public Bills and Resolutions Introduced: 4 public bills, H.R. 689–692, were introduced. **Page H958**

Additional Cosponsors: **Page H958**

Reports Filed: There were no reports filed today.

Speaker: Read a letter from the Speaker wherein she appointed Representative Raskin to act as Speaker pro tempore for today. **Page H723**

Guest Chaplain: The prayer was offered by the Guest Chaplain, Rev. Alisa Lasater Wailoo, Capitol Hill United Methodist Church, Washington, DC. **Page H723**

Meeting Hour: Agreed by unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 12 noon on Tuesday, January 22nd for Morning Hour debate. **Page H958**

Senate Message: Message received from the Senate by the Clerk and subsequently presented to the House today appears on page H723.

Quorum Calls—Votes: There were no yea-and-nay votes, and there were no recorded votes. There were no quorum calls.

Adjournment: The House met at 10:30 a.m. and adjourned at 10:36 a.m.

Committee Meetings

No hearings were held.

Joint Meetings

No joint committee meetings were held.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 2019

(Committee meetings are open unless otherwise indicated)

Senate

No meetings/hearings scheduled.

House

No hearings are scheduled.

CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAM AHEAD

Week of January 21 through January 25, 2019

Senate Chamber

On *Tuesday*, at approximately 1 p.m., Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to consideration of S. 1, Strengthening America's Security in the Middle East Act.

During the balance of the week, Senate may consider any cleared legislative and executive business.

Senate Committees

(Committee meetings are open unless otherwise indicated)

No meetings/hearings scheduled.

House Committees

Committee on Energy and Commerce, January 24, Full Committee, organizational meeting, 10 a.m., 2123 Rayburn.

Committee on Rules, January 22, Full Committee, hearing on H.R. 648, the ''Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2019'', 5 p.m., H–313 Capitol.

Next Meeting of the SENATE

11 a.m., Saturday, January 19

Senate Chamber

Program for Saturday: Senate will continue consideration of the motion to proceed to consideration of S. 1, Strengthening America's Security in the Middle East Act.

Next Meeting of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

12 noon, Tuesday, January 22

House Chamber

Program for Tuesday: To be announced.

Extensions of Remarks, as inserted in this issue

HOUSE

Panetta, Jimmy, Calif., E67

Congressional Record

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