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House of Representatives

The House met at noon and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. ESPAILLAT).

DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,
February 5, 2019.

I hereby appoint the Honorable ADRIANO ESPAILLAT to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

MORNING-HOUR DEBATE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 3, 2019, the Chair will now recognize Members from lists submitted by the majority and minority leaders for morning-hour debate.

The Chair will alternate recognition between the parties. All time shall be equally allocated between the parties, and in no event shall debate continue beyond 1:50 p.m. Each Member, other than the majority and minority leaders and the minority whip, shall be limited to 5 minutes.

ABORTION AND INFANTICIDE ARE NOT WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. FOXX) for 5 minutes.

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, abortion and infanticide are not examples of women's healthcare.

Abortion advocates used to say they wanted abortion to be safe, legal, and rare. Today, they want abortion to be free, casual, and for newborns.

It is distressing to see the new levels of disregard they hold for new human

lives and how their language has fostered such numbness to the moral evil of abortion that there is now space in society to openly promote infanticide.

The Reproductive Healthcare Act, RHA, law being celebrated by pro-abortion activists in New York and Virginia's Repeal Act bill, which is supported by pro-abortion activists, legislators, and Governor Northam, are horrifying indicators of that attitude and the spreading culture of death.

This time, pro-abortionists have gone farther than ever before, by their own admission. Their actions fly in the face of the limits of abortion that most Americans support and lay bare the extreme agenda of the pro-abortion movement. Not only are they bent on the systematic removal of any protections for the unborn that exist in law, now they admit that they support infanticide.

The sponsor of Virginia's bill said that a baby could be "aborted," i.e., murdered, as he or she is being born. This should be a moment for reflection on the reality of the atrocities being committed in the name of so-called women's healthcare.

These extreme and disgusting advances by abortion advocates expose the reality of our culture's view of human dignity writ large. Society can't allow these actions to go unchallenged and still believe that the culture supports human dignity.

With their language, abortion advocates have been successful at dehumanizing the unborn and devaluing human life itself. The Repeal Act would further ensure that the life of a child remains unseen by repealing ultrasound requirements and the State's 24-hour waiting period before an abortion. It is as though society's "ignorance is bliss" mentality is a requisite for abortion advocates' agenda to strip unborn life of protection.

Thanks to the tragic decision of Roe v. Wade, abortion can be performed in

the U.S. in all 9 months of pregnancy for any reason related to a mother's health. The RHA preserves and expands Roe v. Wade's guarantees of access to abortion.

In New York, an abortionist no longer need be a licensed physician, and if an abortion is not successful and the child is born alive, the law has an absolutely barbaric provision that ensures the child still dies.

The RHA repeals section 4164 of New York's public health law. That section required abortions after 12 weeks of pregnancy be performed in a hospital and that abortions performed after 20 weeks have a separate physician ready to provide medical care for any infant born alive during the procedure.

This repealed section also protected children born after a botched abortion and required records to be kept of the infant's medical treatment. Without section 4164, infants who survive in an attempt to kill them in the womb have no legal right to life and could be denied the care they need to live.

It is clear that the value of life has eroded in our culture. Without a society that questions "what are the rights of the unborn?" New York and Virginia legislators can use their power to eliminate the right to life and promote the idea that life is dispensable, even in the case where a child is viable and the mother's life is not in danger.

Nothing warrants the evil of infanticide, yet calling abortion healthcare has become a widespread and acceptable justification for a woman to choose abortion over life. Meanwhile, supporting unborn life has come to mean being against women's choices.

As a woman and proud pro-lifer, I reject this deceptive language and the false narrative it perpetuates. I also encourage proponents of the New York and Virginia legislation to ask whether these policies reflect a society where women are truly valued or where unwanted babies are indefensible.

This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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Finally, in a culture where aborted babies are collateral damage in so-called women's healthcare, we should all fear that, following unborn children and newborns, there will soon be new targets for disposal.

PROTECT THE INNOCENT CHILDREN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. MARSHALL) for 5 minutes.

Mr. MARSHALL. Mr. Speaker, as an obstetrician, I have delivered thousands of babies and helped moms through pregnancies for 25 years.

I stand before the House today disgusted by the murderous, barbarous legislation pushed by Democrats in New York legalizing abortions for any reason, all the way until the due date of the baby. This extremist antilife abortion measure is literally nauseating to me.

How sad it is that we live in a time when extremists are legalizing the murder of innocent, defenseless children. The legalization of these late-term procedures that amount to infanticide are the worst thing I have heard in my entire professional lifetime.

I call on my obstetricians and other physicians who deliver babies. I call on the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and all physician associations to openly denounce and refuse these murderous procedures. Legal or not, this is morally reprehensible.

As a father, a grandfather, a physician, and a human being who loves people, I cannot sit here in good conscience while this is going on, regardless of it being on a State level. I will do everything in my power to combat this position from spreading and protect these innocent children.

THE IMPACT OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION ON FAMILIES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. LAMALFA) for 5 minutes.

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, yet another instance of illegal immigration impacting real families has occurred in the western States, Nevada and California.

I thank President Trump and First Lady Melania Trump for honoring three people from my district tonight as guests for the State of the Union Address.

Sadly, Debra Bissell, Heather Armstrong, and Madison Armstrong will be here as guests because of the tragedy that happened in their life. They are the daughter, granddaughter, and great-granddaughter of Gerald and Sharon David, who were murdered in their home in Reno, Nevada, just this last month.

The murderer? An illegal immigrant from El Salvador who had been living in Carson City for over a year. No mo-

tive has been released, but, then, does the motive really matter to this family, to yet another loss of life due to illegal immigration and the sieve we have of a border in this country?

But Gerald and Sharon were two of four people who this man, whose name I will not mention, shot dead in their homes over the course of a week. The other two victims were Connie Koontz and Sophia Renken, from Reno, Nevada.

These brutal murders will have a tremendous impact on the families of each of these victims, including Debra, Heather, and Madison, whom we will meet tonight.

When we talk about border security, when the President speaks about it tonight, these three faces should serve as a reminder of the real-life consequences of our open border policy that this country seems to have.

This is not just a talking point or political football to be tossed around. Real people are being hurt—the ones left behind—lives are being ruined, as well as the lives being taken, time after time, because the Congress can't get its act together to get a bipartisan solution for border security, for a border barrier, and a combination of things that it will take to effectively run the border, to patrol our border, and to give our personnel down there all the tools they need to do it effectively, safely for the American citizens and safely for themselves.

It doesn't matter if you want to call it a wall, a fence, a physical barrier, or anything else. It is long past time to do something about the crime, violence, drugs, and human trafficking.

The human trafficking, we don't talk about that enough, what is really happening to the people who are being brought across who do want to come seek something better in America but are subject to the coyotes who take advantage of them, extracting dollars from them and unspeakable things from the women whom they bring across the border and the kids. It is long past time to do something about all those subjects that are currently moving fairly freely in our country.

For Debra, Heather, and Madison from Redding, California, they represent three generations in their family that has been devastated by the status quo of our border situation.

I am grateful that President Trump is shining a bright, unmistakable light on this issue and the urgency with which we must address it. Every single day we do nothing is another day that another family is being potentially harmed in some way by the inaction and inability on both sides of the aisle to come together to get something effective done.

I wish it wasn't under these circumstances that Debra, Heather, and Madison will have to be here tonight. Their grief must be immense. But tonight, their story will be front and center for all America to see. It is certainly no consolation, nothing to as-

suage the pain they must feel, but I hope their presence might help spark some positive change in this country that is long overdue.

I thank the President and First Lady, again, for inviting them. I thank Debra, Heather, and Madison for their courage in having to share this tragedy and go through the pain in order to help advance a cause of sovereign borders and safety for other American citizens who will, hopefully, not have to go through this.

I ask the American people to join us in praying for Gerald and Sharon David, for their family that will join us here tonight, for other victims and family members who have been taken by the senseless killing, and to pray that a solution happens so we don't have any more of this in this great land.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 13 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1400

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. ESPAILLAT) at 2 p.m.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer: Loving God, thank You for giving us another day.

The people's House prepares to welcome the President of the United States this day, and other governmental, judicial, and military leadership of our Nation. The world watches as America's great experiment in civilian self-government is in high relief.

May all who populate these hallways this day be possessed of goodwill and a shared commitment to guarantee the freedoms and responsibilities inspired by the soaring rhetoric and subsequent actions of our American ancestors.

May all that is said and done in this Chamber today rebound to the benefit of our Nation and the glory of Your holy name. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from California (Mr.

LAMALFA) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. LAMALFA led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

DEMOCRACY FOR VENEZUELA

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, the people of Venezuela have taken to the streets to demand an end to 20 years of dictatorship and repression. I am grateful that President Donald Trump is supporting the democratic aspirations of the Venezuelan people.

The people of Venezuela deserve to prosper. They are fortunate to hold the world's largest supply of crude oil, but decades of socialist corruption and mismanagement, first under Hugo Chavez and then Nicolas Maduro, have impoverished Venezuela.

Then came the sham 2018 Presidential elections. That is why the National Assembly President Juan Guaido implemented their constitution by declaring himself interim President and called for new elections.

We must continue to support hope in Venezuela. Free and fair elections must be held. The people of Venezuela deserve freedom and democracy.

In conclusion, God bless our troops and we will never forget September the 11th in the global war on terrorism.

HONORING THE MEMORY OF JOHN LEE

(Mr. MALINOWSKI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MALINOWSKI. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to honor the memory of John Lee, a resident of New Jersey's Seventh Congressional District who passed away on January 25 after waging a courageous battle with cancer.

Mr. Lee immigrated to America in 1987 and worked day and night to build a better life for himself and his family. In 2000, he became a citizen, and like many immigrants, he understood the meaning of civic duty and the importance of a single person's vote better than many of us whose families have been here for generations.

So when he was faced with a cancer diagnosis, his first thought was not to sink into despair. He simply asked: "What's next?"

As his diagnosis progressed, Mr. Lee began to understand the pressing need for legislation to protect people with preexisting conditions, and the question of, "What's next?" was answered.

He spent his remaining time fighting to help make our healthcare system more just and to make America, as he put it, a Nation of us, not of me.

Today, I am truly honored to be joined at the State of the Union by his siblings. Mr. Speaker, John Lee has already helped to shape our understanding of what must be done to make healthcare a human right for all Americans. May his legacy be that we have finally done it.

HONORING DICK TRAMMEL

(Mr. WOMACK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. WOMACK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the retirement of a pillar of my community, an exemplary businessman, dedicated public servant, dear friend, and an all-around great American, Dick Trammel of Rogers, Arkansas.

Most know him as Mr. Northwest Arkansas. No one I know of has loved, served, and promoted northwest Arkansas more than Dick Trammel.

A native of Pocahontas, Arkansas, Dick was recruited to the northwest part of our State by Walmart founder, Sam Walton. Since moving to the area in 1975, he has been the area's most avid cheerleader. Cheerleading came natural for Dick, who was a University of Arkansas cheerleader back in the 1950s.

Nothing of importance in our area has happened in the last 40-plus years that doesn't have Dick Trammel's fingerprints on it. He was the only man to lead the Arkansas State Highway Commission for 4 years. He has been a mainstay in Rotary International, higher education, programs serving our youth, Mercy Hospital Northwest Arkansas, and dozens of other charitable causes.

Dickey Ray, congratulations on a terrific career and a life of serving your fellow man.

CONGRATULATING ACTING SECRETARY DAVID BERNHARDT

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Acting Secretary David Bernhardt for being nominated to serve as the next Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

President Trump announced that news on Monday after Acting Secretary Bernhardt has led the Department in a temporary capacity since December. I applaud this decision by the President. He has chosen a nominee that brings a strong background of industry experience and expertise to the table.

Under this administration, I have worked with the Department of the Interior to improve stewardship of our public's lands, to increase water storage, and improve forest management policies in California, as well as the West, and to help prevent more wildfire damage.

I know that will continue under the leadership of Secretary Bernhardt as it has since he has led the Department. I intend to invite him out to my district in California to see firsthand the issues that we face with our forests and public lands, including the ongoing Camp fire cleanup in Paradise, as well as the Carr fire in Redding from last summer, and the conditions that helped create these fires to begin with.

Until then, congratulations, and I urge the Senate to quickly move on the confirmation process.

STATE OF THE UNION ADDRESS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today just hours before our 45th President, Donald Trump, will deliver the State of the Union Address.

Members of Congress and guests will fill the Chamber tonight to hear the President speak about a host of issues impacting America: from economic growth to trade deals, and infrastructure investments to immigration reform.

I look forward to hearing about the administration's successes and the plans for the future. I know that we all want to find commonsense, bipartisan solutions to the challenges before us.

Mr. Speaker, many distinguished guests will be here tonight, each with a story to tell and each representing the very best of America.

I will host Mr. Bill Jones, president of Penn United Technologies. Headquartered in Cabot, Pennsylvania in Butler County, Penn United Technologies provides high-quality, high-precision manufacturing solutions in various markets and employs more than 500 individuals.

Since 1971, Penn United Technologies has provided quality products and has established itself as an industry leader. It is an honor to have Mr. Jones here this evening, and I look forward to the President's address.

HONORING MEN AND WOMEN IN UNIFORM

(Mr. KELLY of Mississippi asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, today I would just like to give thanks to be able to be here at this State of the Union to hear about what our wonderful Nation is doing.

It is such an honor to be here, and to have the opportunity to be present during one of these State of the Unions. But, Mr. Speaker, most importantly, I want to recognize the men and women who are down range today serving this great Nation, and who can't be here and probably will never be afforded the opportunity to stand here in this great House and hear the State of the Union.

Without those men and women in uniform who defend this Nation every day, this Nation cannot exist and because of them, we will always be the greatest Nation on the face of the Earth.

God bless you.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 5, 2019.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on February 5, 2019, at 9:28 a.m.:

That the Senate agreed to without amendment H. Con. Res. 9.

With best wishes, I am,
Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER TO COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces the Speaker's appointment, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 3003, and the order of the House of January 3, 2019, of the following Member on the part of the House to the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe.

Mr. HASTINGS, Florida, Chair

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. After consultation among the Speaker and the majority and minority leaders, and with their consent, the Chair announces that, when the two Houses meet tonight in joint session to hear an address by the President of the United States, only the doors immediately opposite the Speaker and those immediately to his left and right will be open.

No one will be allowed on the floor of the House who does not have the privilege of the floor of the House. Due to the large attendance that is anticipated, the rule regarding the privilege of the floor must be strictly enforced. Children of Members will not be permitted on the floor. The cooperation of all Members is requested.

The practice of purporting to reserve seats prior to the joint session by placement of placards or personal items will not be allowed. Chamber Security may remove these items from the seats. Members may reserve their seats only by physical presence following the security sweep of the Chamber.

All Members are reminded to refrain from engaging in still photography or

audio or video recording in the Chamber. Taking unofficial photographs detracts from the dignity of the proceedings and presents security and privacy challenges for the House.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 8:35 p.m. for the purpose of receiving in joint session the President of the United States.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 11 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 2035

JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS PURSUANT TO HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 9 TO RE- CEIVE A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker at 8 o'clock and 35 minutes p.m.

The Assistant to the Sergeant at Arms, Ms. Kathleen Joyce, announced the Vice President and Members of the U.S. Senate, who entered the Hall of the House of Representatives, the Vice President taking the chair at the right of the Speaker, and the Members of the Senate the seats reserved for them.

The SPEAKER. The joint session will come to order.

The Chair appoints as members of the committee on the part of the House to escort the President of the United States into the Chamber:

The gentleman from Maryland (Mr. HOYER);

The gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. CLYBURN);

The gentleman from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN);

The gentleman from New York (Mr. JEFFRIES);

The gentleman from Massachusetts (Ms. CLARK);

The gentleman from Illinois (Mrs. BUSTOS);

The gentleman from California (Ms. HILL);

The gentleman from California (Mr. MCCARTHY);

The gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. SCALISE);

The gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. CHENEY);

The gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. EMMER);

The gentleman from Alabama (Mr. PALMER);

The gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WALKER); and

The gentleman from Missouri (Mr. SMITH).

The VICE PRESIDENT. The President of the Senate, at the direction of that body, appoints the following Senators as members of the committee on the part of the Senate to escort the President of the United States into the House Chamber:

The Senator from Kentucky (Mr. MCCONNELL);

The Senator from South Dakota (Mr. THUNE);

The Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY);

The Senator from Wyoming (Mr. BARRASSO);

The Senator from Missouri (Mr. BLUNT);

The Senator from Iowa (Ms. ERNST);

The Senator from Indiana (Mr. YOUNG);

The Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER);

The Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN);

The Senator from Washington (Mrs. MURRAY);

The Senator from Michigan (Ms. STABENOW);

The Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. WARREN);

The Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR); and

The Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN).

The Assistant to the Sergeant at Arms announced the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, His Excellency Hersey Kyota, the Ambassador of the Republic of Palau.

The Dean of the Diplomatic Corps entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seat reserved for him.

The Assistant to the Sergeant at Arms announced the Chief Justice of the United States and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court.

The Chief Justice of the United States and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seats reserved for them in front of the Speaker's rostrum.

The Assistant to the Sergeant at Arms announced the Cabinet of the President of the United States.

The members of the Cabinet of the President of the United States entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and took the seats reserved for them in front of the Speaker's rostrum.

At 9 o'clock and 3 minutes p.m., the Sergeant at Arms, the Honorable Paul D. Irving, announced the President of the United States.

The President of the United States, escorted by the committee of Senators and Representatives, entered the Hall of the House of Representatives and stood at the Clerk's desk.

(Applause, the Members rising.)

The PRESIDENT. Madam Speaker, Mr. Vice President, Members of Congress, the First Lady of the United States, and my fellow Americans:

We meet tonight at a moment of unlimited potential. As we begin a new Congress, I stand here ready to work with you to achieve historic breakthroughs for all Americans.

Millions of our fellow citizens are watching us now, gathered in this great Chamber, hoping that we will govern not as two parties but as one nation.

The agenda I will lay out this evening is not a Republican agenda or

a Democrat agenda. It is the agenda of the American people.

Many of us have campaigned on the same core promises: to defend American jobs and demand fair trade for American workers; to rebuild and revitalize our Nation's infrastructure; to reduce the price of healthcare and prescription drugs; to create an immigration system that is safe, lawful, modern, and secure; and to pursue a foreign policy that puts America's interests first.

There is a new opportunity in American politics, if only we have the courage together to seize it. Victory is not winning for our party. Victory is winning for our country.

This year, America will recognize two important anniversaries that show us the majesty of America's mission and the power of American pride.

In June, we mark 75 years since the start of what General Dwight D. Eisenhower called The Great Crusade—the Allied liberation of Europe in World War II. On D-day, June 6, 1944, 15,000 young American men jumped from the sky and 60,000 more stormed in from the sea to save our civilization from tyranny.

Here with us tonight are three of those incredible heroes: Private First Class Joseph Reilly, Staff Sergeant Irving Locker, and Sergeant Herman Zeitchik. Gentlemen, we salute you.

In 2019, we also celebrate 50 years since brave young pilots flew a quarter of a million miles through space to plant the American flag on the face of the moon. Half a century later, we are joined by one of the Apollo 11 astronauts who planted that flag: Buzz Aldrin. Thank you, Buzz. This year, American astronauts will go back to space on American rockets.

In the 20th century, America saved freedom, transformed science, and redefined the middle class. And, when you get down to it, there is nothing anywhere in the world that can compete with America.

Now we must step boldly and bravely into the next chapter of this great American adventure, and we must create a new standard of living for the 21st century. An amazing quality of life for all of our citizens is within reach.

We can make our communities safer, our families stronger, our culture richer, our faith deeper, and our middle class bigger and more prosperous than ever before.

But we must reject the politics of revenge, resistance, and retribution and embrace the boundless potential of cooperation, compromise, and the common good.

Together, we can break decades of political stalemate. We can bridge old divisions, heal old wounds, build new coalitions, forge new solutions, and unlock the extraordinary promise of America's future. The decision is ours to make.

We must choose between greatness or gridlock, results or resistance, vision or vengeance, incredible progress or pointless destruction.

Tonight, I ask you to choose greatness.

Over the last 2 years, my administration has moved with urgency and historic speed to confront problems neglected by leaders of both parties over many decades.

In just over 2 years since the election, we have launched an unprecedented economic boom, a boom that has rarely been seen before. There has been nothing like it. We have created 5.3 million new jobs and, importantly, added 600,000 new manufacturing jobs—something which almost everyone said was impossible to do, but, the fact is, we are just getting started.

Wages are rising at the fastest pace in decades and growing for blue-collar workers, who I promised to fight for. They are growing faster than anyone else thought possible.

Nearly 5 million Americans have been lifted off food stamps. The U.S. economy is growing almost twice as fast today as when I took office, and we are considered far and away the hottest economy anywhere in the world—not even close.

Unemployment has reached the lowest rate in over half a century. African American, Hispanic American, and Asian American unemployment have all reached their lowest levels ever recorded. Unemployment for Americans with disabilities has also reached an all-time low. More people are working now than at any time in the history of our country—157 million people at work.

We passed a massive tax cut for working families and doubled the child tax credit.

We virtually ended the estate tax, or death tax, as it is often called, on small businesses, for ranches, and also for family farms.

We eliminated the very unpopular ObamaCare individual mandate penalty. And to give critically ill patients access to lifesaving cures, we passed, very importantly, right to try.

My administration has cut more regulations in a short period of time than any other administration during its entire tenure. Companies are coming back to our country in large numbers thanks to our historic reductions in taxes and regulations.

And we have unleashed a revolution in American energy. The United States is now the number one producer of oil and natural gas anywhere in the world. And now, for the first time in 65 years, we are a net exporter of energy.

After 24 months of rapid progress, our economy is the envy of the world; our military is the most powerful on Earth, by far; and America—America—is again winning each and every day. Members of Congress, the state of our Union is strong.

That sounds so good.

Our country is vibrant and our economy is thriving like never before.

On Friday, it was announced that we added another 304,000 jobs last month alone, almost double the number ex-

pected. An economic miracle is taking place in the United States, and the only thing that can stop it are foolish wars, politics, or ridiculous partisan investigations.

If there is going to be peace and legislation, there cannot be war and investigation. It just doesn't work that way. We must be united at home to defeat our adversaries abroad.

This new era of cooperation can start with finally confirming the more than 300 highly qualified nominees who are still stuck in the Senate, in some cases, years and years, waiting—not right.

The Senate has failed to act on these nominations, which is unfair to the nominees and very unfair to our country. Now is the time for bipartisan action. Believe it or not, we have already proven that that is possible.

In the last Congress, both parties came together to pass unprecedented legislation to confront the opioid crisis, a sweeping new farm bill, historic VA reforms; and after four decades of rejection, we passed VA Accountability so that we can finally terminate those who mistreat our wonderful veterans.

And just weeks ago, both parties united for groundbreaking criminal justice reform. They said it couldn't be done.

Last year, I heard, through friends, the story of Alice Johnson. I was deeply moved. In 1997, Alice was sentenced to life in prison as a first-time non-violent drug offender. Over the next 22 years, she became a prison minister, inspiring others to choose a better path. She had a big impact on that prison population—and far beyond.

Alice's story underscores the disparities and unfairness that can exist in criminal sentencing and the need to remedy this total injustice. She served almost that 22 years and had expected to be in prison for the remainder of her life.

In June, I commuted Alice's sentence. When I saw Alice's beautiful family greet her at the prison gates, hugging and kissing and crying and laughing, I knew I did something right.

Alice is with us tonight, and she is a terrific woman, terrific.

Alice, please.

Alice, thank you for reminding us that we always have the power to shape our own destiny. Thank you very much, Alice. Thank you very much.

Inspired by stories like Alice's, my administration worked closely with members of both parties to sign the First Step Act into law. Big deal. It is a big deal.

This legislation reformed sentencing laws that have wrongly and disproportionately harmed the African American community. The First Step Act gives nonviolent offenders the chance to reenter society as productive, law-abiding citizens. Now, States across the country are following our lead. America is a nation that believes in redemption.

We are also joined tonight by Matthew Charles from Tennessee. In 1996,

at the age of 30, Matthew was sentenced to 35 years for selling drugs and related offenses. Over the next two decades, he completed more than 30 Bible studies, became a law clerk, and mentored many of his fellow inmates. Now, Matthew is the very first person to be released from prison under the First Step Act.

Matthew, please. Thank you, Matthew. Welcome home.

Now, Republicans and Democrats must join forces again to confront an urgent national crisis. Congress has 10 days left to pass a bill that will fund our government, protect our homeland, and secure our very dangerous southern border.

Now is the time for Congress to show the world that America is committed to ending illegal immigration and putting the ruthless coyotes, cartels, drug dealers, and human traffickers out of business.

As we speak, large, organized caravans are on the march to the United States. We have just heard that Mexican cities, in order to remove the illegal immigrants from their communities, are getting trucks and buses to bring them up to our country in areas where there is little border protection. I have ordered another 3,750 troops to our southern border to prepare for this tremendous onslaught.

This is a moral issue. The lawless state of our southern border is a threat to the safety, security, and financial well-being of all America. We have a moral duty to create an immigration system that protects the lives and jobs of our citizens. This includes our obligation to the millions of immigrants living here today who followed the rules and respected our laws.

Legal immigrants enrich our Nation and strengthen our society in countless ways. I want people to come into our country in the largest numbers ever, but they have to come in legally.

Tonight, I am asking you to defend our very dangerous southern border out of love and devotion to our fellow citizens and to our country.

No issue better illustrates the divide between America's working class and America's political class than illegal immigration. Wealthy politicians and donors push for open borders while living their lives behind walls and gates and guards. Meanwhile, working-class Americans are left to pay the price for mass illegal immigration, reduced jobs, lower wages, overburdened schools, hospitals that are so crowded you can't get in, increased crime, and a depleted social safety net.

Tolerance for illegal immigration is not compassionate. It is actually very cruel. One in three women is sexually assaulted on the long journey north. Smugglers use migrant children as human pawns to exploit our laws and gain access to our country.

Human traffickers and sex traffickers take advantage of the wide-open areas between our ports of entry to smuggle thousands of young girls and women

into the United States and to sell them into prostitution and modern-day slavery.

Tens of thousands of innocent Americans are killed by lethal drugs that cross our border and flood into our cities, including meth, heroin, cocaine, and fentanyl.

The savage gang MS-13 now operates in at least 20 different American States, and they almost all come through our southern border. Just yesterday, an MS-13 gang member was taken into custody for a fatal shooting on a subway platform in New York City. We are removing these gang members by the thousands, but until we secure our border, they are going to keep streaming right back in.

Year after year, countless Americans are murdered by criminal illegal aliens. I have gotten to know many wonderful angel moms and dads and families. No one should ever have to suffer the horrible heartache that they have had to endure.

Here tonight is Debra Bissell. Just 3 weeks ago, Debra's parents, Gerald and Sharon, were burglarized and shot to death in their Reno, Nevada, home by an illegal alien. They were in their 80s, and they are survived by four children, 11 grandchildren, and 20 great-grandchildren. Also here tonight are Gerald and Sharon's granddaughter, Heather, and great-granddaughter, Madison.

To Debra, Heather, Madison, please stand. Few can understand your pain. Thank you, and thank you for being here. Thank you very much.

I will never forget, and I will fight for the memory of Gerald and Sharon, that it should never happen again.

Not one more American life should be lost because our Nation failed to control its very dangerous border.

In the last 2 years, our brave ICE officers made 266,000 arrests of criminal aliens, including those charged or convicted of nearly 100,000 assaults, 30,000 sex crimes, and 4,000 killings or murders.

We are joined tonight by one of those law enforcement heroes, ICE Special Agent Elvin Hernandez. When Elvin was a boy, he and his family legally immigrated to the United States from the Dominican Republic. At the age of 8, Elvin told his dad he wanted to become a special agent. Today, he leads investigations into the scourge of international sex trafficking. Elvin says: "If I can make sure these young girls get their justice, I've really done my job." Thanks to his work and that of his incredible colleagues, more than 300 women and girls have been rescued from the horror of this terrible situation, and more than 1,500 sadistic traffickers have been put behind bars.

Thank you, Elvin.

We will always support the brave men and women of law enforcement, and I pledge to you tonight that I will never abolish our heroes from ICE. Thank you.

My administration has sent to Congress a commonsense proposal to end

the crisis on the southern border. It includes humanitarian assistance, more law enforcement, drug detection at our ports, closing loopholes that enable child smuggling, and plans for a new physical barrier, or wall, to secure the vast areas between our ports of entry.

In the past, most of the people in this room voted for a wall, but the proper wall never got built. I will get it built.

This is a smart, strategic, see-through steel barrier, not just a simple concrete wall. It will be deployed in the areas identified by the border agents as having the greatest need, and these agents will tell you, where walls go up, illegal crossings go way, way down.

San Diego used to have the most illegal border crossings in our country. In response, a strong security wall was put in place. This powerful barrier almost completely ended illegal crossings.

The border city of El Paso, Texas, used to have extremely high rates of violent crime, one of the highest in the entire country, and was considered one of our Nation's most dangerous cities. Now, immediately upon its building, with a powerful barrier in place, El Paso is one of the safest cities in our country.

Simply put, walls work and walls save lives. So let's work together, compromise, and reach a deal that will truly make America safe.

As we work to defend our people's safety, we must also ensure our economic resurgence continues at a rapid pace.

No one has benefited more from our thriving economy than women, who have filled 58 percent of the newly created jobs last year.

You weren't supposed to do that. Thank you very much. Thank you very much.

All Americans can be proud that we have more women in the workforce than ever before—don't sit yet; you are going to like this—and exactly one century after Congress passed the constitutional amendment giving women the right to vote, we also have more women serving in Congress than at any time before.

That is great, very great. And congratulations. That is great.

As part of our commitment to improving opportunity for women everywhere, this Thursday we are launching the first ever governmentwide initiative focused on economic empowerment for women in developing countries.

To build on our incredible economic success, one priority is paramount: reversing decades of calamitous trade policies—so bad.

We are now making it clear to China that after years of targeting our industries and stealing our intellectual property, the theft of American jobs and wealth has come to an end.

Therefore, we recently imposed tariffs on \$250 billion of Chinese goods, and now our Treasury is receiving billions and billions of dollars. But I don't

blame China for taking advantage of us. I blame our leaders and representatives for allowing this travesty to happen.

I have great respect for President Xi, and we are now working on a new trade deal with China, but it must include real structural change to end unfair trade practices, reduce our chronic trade deficit, and protect American jobs.

Thank you.

Another historic trade blunder was the catastrophe known as NAFTA. I have met the men and women of Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, New Hampshire, and many other states whose dreams were shattered by the signing of NAFTA.

For years, politicians promised them they would renegotiate for a better deal, but no one ever tried until now.

Our new U.S.-Mexico-Canada Agreement—the USMCA—will replace NAFTA and deliver for American workers, like they haven't had delivered to for a long time.

I hope you can pass the USMCA into law so that we can bring back our manufacturing jobs in even greater numbers, expand American agriculture, protect intellectual property, and ensure that more cars are proudly stamped with our four beautiful words: Made in the USA.

Tonight, I am also asking you to pass the United States Reciprocal Trade Act, so that if another country places an unfair tariff on an American product, we can charge them the exact same tariff on the exact same product that they sell to us.

Both parties should be able to unite for a great rebuilding of America's crumbling infrastructure.

I know that Congress is eager to pass an infrastructure bill, and I am eager to work with you on legislation to deliver new and important infrastructure investment, including investments in the cutting-edge industries of the future. This is not an option. This is a necessity.

The next major priority for me, and for all of us, should be to lower the cost of healthcare and prescription drugs and to protect patients with pre-existing conditions.

Already, as a result of my administration's efforts, in 2018, drug prices experienced their single largest decline in 46 years. But we must do more. It is unacceptable that Americans pay vastly more than people in other countries for the exact same drugs, often made in the exact same place. This is wrong; this is unfair; and, together, we will stop it, and we will stop it fast.

I am asking Congress to pass legislation that finally takes on the problem of global freeloading and delivers fairness and price transparency for American patients—finally.

We should also require drug companies, insurance companies, and hospitals to disclose real prices to foster competition and bring costs way down.

No force in history has done more to advance the human condition than

American freedom. In recent years, we have made remarkable progress in the fight against HIV and AIDS. Scientific breakthroughs have brought a once-distant dream within reach.

My budget will ask Democrats and Republicans to make the needed commitment to eliminate the HIV epidemic in the United States within 10 years. We have made incredible strides—incredible. Together, we will defeat AIDS in America and beyond.

Tonight, I am also asking you to join me in another fight that all Americans can get behind: The fight against childhood cancer.

Joining Melania in the gallery this evening is a very brave 10-year old girl, Grace Eline.

Hi, Grace.

Every birthday since she was 4, Grace asked her friends to donate to St. Jude Children's Hospital. She did not know that one day she might be a patient herself. That is what happened.

Last year, Grace was diagnosed with brain cancer. Immediately, she began radiation treatment. At the same time, she rallied her community and raised more than \$40,000 for the fight against cancer.

When Grace completed treatment last fall, her doctors and nurses cheered—they loved her; they still love her—with tears in their eyes as she hung up a poster that read: "Last day of chemo."

Thank you very much, Grace. You are a great inspiration to everyone in this room. Thank you very much.

Many childhood cancers have not seen new therapies in decades. My budget will ask Congress for \$500 million over the next 10 years to fund this critical life-saving research.

To help support working parents, the time has come to pass school choice for America's children. I am also proud to be the first President to include in my budget a plan for nationwide paid family leave, so that every new parent has the chance to bond with their newborn child.

There could be no greater contrast to the beautiful image of a mother holding her infant child than the chilling displays our Nation saw in recent days. Lawmakers in New York cheered with delight upon the passage of legislation that would allow a baby to be ripped from the mother's womb moments before birth. These are living, feeling, beautiful babies who will never get the chance to share their love and their dreams with the world. And then, we had the case of the Governor of Virginia where he stated he would execute a baby after birth.

To defend the dignity of every person, I am asking Congress to pass legislation to prohibit the late-term abortion of children who can feel pain in the mother's womb.

Let us work together to build a culture that cherishes innocent life. And let us reaffirm a fundamental truth: All children, born and unborn, are made in the holy image of God.

The final part of my agenda is to protect America's national security. Over the last 2 years, we have begun to fully rebuild the United States military with \$700 billion last year and \$716 billion this year. We are also getting other nations to pay their fair share, finally. Finally.

For years, the United States was being treated very unfairly by friends of ours, members of NATO, but now we have secured, over the last couple of years, more than \$100 billion of increase in defense spending from our NATO allies. They said it couldn't be done.

As part of our military buildup, the United States is developing a state-of-the-art missile defense system. Under my administration, we will never apologize for advancing America's interests.

For example, decades ago, the United States entered into a treaty with Russia in which we agreed to limit and reduce our missile capability. While we followed the agreement and the rules to the letter, Russia repeatedly violated its terms. It has been going on for many years.

That is why I announced that the United States is officially withdrawing from the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty, or INF Treaty. We really have no choice.

Perhaps we can negotiate a different agreement, adding China and others, or perhaps we can't. In which case, we will outspend and out-innovate all others by far.

As part of a bold, new diplomacy, we continue our historic push for peace on the Korean Peninsula. Our hostages have come home; nuclear testing has stopped; and there has not been a missile launch in more than 15 months.

If I had not been elected President of the United States, we would, right now, in my opinion, be in a major war with North Korea. Much work remains to be done, but my relationship with Kim Jong-un is a good one. Chairman KIM and I will meet again on February 27 and 28 in Vietnam.

Two weeks ago, the United States officially recognized the legitimate Government of Venezuela and its new President, Juan Guaido. We stand with the Venezuelan people in their noble quest for freedom, and we condemn the brutality of the Maduro regime, whose socialist policies have turned that nation from being the wealthiest in South America into a state of abject poverty and despair.

Here in the United States, we are alarmed by the new calls to adopt socialism in our country. America was founded on liberty and independence and not government coercion, domination, and control. We are born free, and we will stay free.

Tonight, we renew our resolve that America will never be a Socialist country.

One of the most complex set of challenges we face—and have for many years—is in the Middle East. Our approach is based on principled realism,

not discredited theories that have failed for decades to yield progress. For this reason, my administration recognized the true capital of Israel and proudly opened the American Embassy in Jerusalem.

Our brave troops have now been fighting in the Middle East for almost 19 years. In Afghanistan and Iraq, nearly 7,000 American heroes have given their lives. More than 52,000 Americans have been badly wounded. We have spent more than \$7 trillion in fighting wars in the Middle East.

As a candidate for President, I loudly pledged a new approach. Great nations do not fight endless wars.

When I took office, ISIS controlled more than 20,000 square miles in Iraq and Syria—just 2 years ago. Today, we have liberated virtually all of the territory from the grip of these blood-thirsty monsters.

Now, as we work with our allies to destroy the remnants of ISIS, it is time to give our brave warriors in Syria a warm welcome home.

I have also accelerated our negotiations to reach, if possible, a political settlement in Afghanistan. The opposing side is also very happy to be negotiating. Our troops have fought with unmatched valor, and thanks to their bravery, we are now able to pursue a possible political solution to this long and bloody conflict.

In Afghanistan, my administration is holding constructive talks with a number of Afghan groups, including the Taliban. As we make progress in these negotiations, we will be able to reduce our troop presence and focus on counterterrorism. We will indeed focus on counterterrorism. We do not know whether we will achieve an agreement, but we do know that after two decades of war, the hour has come to at least try for peace, and the other side would like to do the same thing. It is time.

Above all, friend and foe alike must never doubt this Nation's power and will to defend our people. Eighteen years ago, violent terrorists attacked the USS *Cole*, and last month, American forces killed one of the leaders of that attack.

We are honored to be joined tonight by Tom Wibberley, whose son, Navy Seaman Craig Wibberley, was one of the 17 sailors we tragically lost.

Tom, we vow to always remember the heroes of the USS *Cole*.

My administration has acted decisively to confront the world's leading state sponsor of terror: the radical regime in Iran. It is a radical regime. They do bad, bad things.

To ensure this corrupt dictatorship never acquires nuclear weapons, I withdrew the United States from the disastrous Iran nuclear deal. And last fall, we put in place the toughest sanctions ever imposed by us on a country.

We will not avert our eyes from a regime that chants "death to America" and threatens genocide against the Jewish people. We must never ignore the vile poison of anti-Semitism or those who spread its venomous creed. With one voice, we must confront this hatred anywhere and everywhere it occurs.

Just months ago, 11 Jewish Americans were viciously murdered in an anti-Semitic attack on the Tree of Life synagogue in Pittsburgh. SWAT officer Timothy Matson raced into the gunfire and was shot seven times chasing down the killer. He was very successful. Timothy has just had his 12th surgery. He is going in for many more, but he made the trip to be here with us tonight.

Officer Matson, thank you. We are forever grateful. Thank you very much.

Tonight, we are also joined by Pittsburgh survivor Judah Samet. He arrived at the synagogue as the massacre began. But not only did Judah narrowly escape death last fall, more than seven decades ago he narrowly survived the Nazi concentration camps. Today is Judah's 81st birthday.

They wouldn't do that for me, Judah. Judah says he can still remember the exact moment, nearly 75 years ago, after 10 months in a concentration camp, when he and his family were put on a train and told they were going to another camp. Suddenly, the train screeched to a very strong halt. A soldier appeared. Judah's family braced for the absolute worst. Then his father cried out with joy: "It's the Americans. It's the Americans."

Thank you. A second Holocaust survivor who is here tonight, Joshua Kaufman, was a prisoner at Dachau. He remembers watching through a hole in the wall of a cattle car as American soldiers rolled in with tanks.

"To me," Joshua recalls, "the American soldiers were proof that God exists, and they came down from the sky." They came down from heaven.

I began this evening by honoring three soldiers who fought on D-day in the Second World War. One of them was Herman Zeitchik, but there is more to Herman's story. A year after he stormed the beaches of Normandy, Herman was one of the American soldiers who helped liberate Dachau. He was one of the Americans who helped rescue Joshua from that hell on Earth. Almost 75 years later, Herman and Joshua are both together in the gallery tonight, seated side by side, here in the home of American freedom.

Herman and Joshua, your presence this evening is very much appreciated. Thank you very much. Thank you.

When American soldiers set out beneath the dark skies over the English Channel in the early hours of D-day 1944, they were just young men of 18 and 19, hurtling on fragile landing craft toward the most momentous battle in the history of war. They did not know if they would survive the hour. They did not know if they would grow old. But they knew that America had to prevail. Their cause was this Nation and generations yet unborn.

Why did they do it? They did it for America. They did it for us. Everything that has come since—our triumph over communism, our giant leaps of science and discovery, our unrivaled progress toward equality and justice—all of it is possible thanks to the blood and tears and courage and vision of the Americans who came before.

Think of this Capitol. Think of this very Chamber, where lawmakers before you voted to end slavery, to build the railroads and the highways and defeat fascism, to secure civil rights and to face down evil empires.

Here tonight, we have legislators from across this magnificent Republic. You have come from the rocky shores of Maine and the volcanic peaks of Hawaii, from the snowy woods of Wisconsin and the red deserts of Arizona, from the green farms of Kentucky and the golden beaches of California. Together, we represent the most extraordinary Nation in all of history.

What will we do with this moment? How will we be remembered?

I ask the men and women of this Congress: Look at the opportunities before us. Our most thrilling achievements are still ahead. Our most exciting journeys still await. Our biggest victories are still to come. We have not yet begun to dream.

We must choose whether we are defined by our differences or whether we dare to transcend them. We must choose whether we squander our great inheritance or whether we proudly declare that we are Americans. We do the incredible. We defy the impossible. We conquer the unknown.

This is the time to reignite the American imagination. This is the time to search for the tallest summit and set our sights on the brightest star. This is the time to rekindle the bonds of love and loyalty and memory that link us together as citizens, as neighbors, as patriots.

This is our future—our fate—and our choice to make. I am asking you to choose greatness.

No matter the trials we face, no matter the challenges to come, we must go forward together.

We must keep America first in our hearts. We must keep freedom alive in our souls. And we must always keep faith in America's destiny, that one nation, under God, must be the hope and the promise and the light and the glory among all the nations of the world.

Thank you. God bless you, and God bless America. Thank you very much.

(Applause, the Members rising.)

At 10 o'clock and 34 minutes p.m., the President of the United States, accompanied by the committee of escort, retired from the Hall of the House of Representatives.

The Assistant to the Sergeant at Arms escorted the invited guests from the Chamber in the following order:

The members of the President's Cabinet; the Chief Justice of the United States and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court; the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps.

JOINT SESSION DISSOLVED

The SPEAKER. The Chair declares the joint session of the two Houses now dissolved.

Accordingly, at 10 o'clock and 35 minutes p.m., the joint session of the two Houses was dissolved.

The Members of the Senate retired to their Chamber.

MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE ON THE STATE OF THE UNION

Mr. HOYER. Madam Speaker, I move that the message of the President be referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union and ordered printed.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. HOYER. Madam Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 10 o'clock and 36 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, February 6, 2019, at 10 a.m., for morning-hour debate.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mrs. WAGNER (for herself, Mr. BABIN, Mr. BACON, Mr. BANKS, Mr. BOST, Mr. COLLINS of New York, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. DAVIDSON of Ohio, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. EMMER, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. MOONEY of West Virginia, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. STEWART, Mr. WALKER, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. LATTA, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Mr. GIANFORTE, Mr. ROY, Mr. BARR, Mr. WALBERG, Ms. CHENEY, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. CHABOT, Ms. FOX of North Carolina, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. STAUBER, Mr. FERGUSON, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. HICE of Georgia, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. SCALISE, Mr. MCCARTHY, Mr. JORDAN, Mr. RATCLIFFE, and Mr. TIMMONS):

H.R. 962. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ (for herself, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, and Mr. GREEN of Texas):

H.R. 963. A bill to amend the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 to modify the exemptions from certain disclosure requirements; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. CUMMINGS (for himself, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. NORTON, Mr. CLAY, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. COOPER, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. ROUDA, Ms. HILL of California, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. WELCH, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. GOMEZ, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Ms. PRESSLEY, and Mr. RASKIN):

H.R. 964. A bill to amend the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 to require the development of ethics plans for certain transition teams, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mr. CICILLINE (for himself, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. NADLER, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. WELCH, and Mr. MCKINLEY):

H.R. 965. A bill to promote competition in the market for drugs and biological products by facilitating the timely entry of lower-cost generic and biosimilar versions of those drugs and biological products; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GARAMENDI (for himself and Mr. JONES):

H.R. 966. A bill to repeal the Authorization for Use of Military Force; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GIANFORTE:

H.R. 967. A bill to authorize the construction of the Musselshell-Judith Rural Water System and study of the Dry-Redwater Regional Water Authority System in the States of Montana and North Dakota, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. MOORE (for herself, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. SPEIER, and Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ):

H.R. 968. A bill to prohibit the use of Federal funds to build a wall along the southern border, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BARR (for himself, Mr. HILL of Arkansas, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. ZELDIN, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. POSEY, Mr. DUNN, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. EMMER, Mr. DUFFY, Mr. ROUZER, Mr. DAVIDSON of Ohio, Mr. RIGGLEMAN, Mr. BUDD, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. BABIN, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. JOHN W. ROSE of Tennessee, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. GALLAGHER, and Mr. HICE of Georgia):

H.R. 969. A bill to amend the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 to bring the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection into the regular appropriations process, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. BROWN of Maryland (for himself, Mr. TRONE, and Mr. RASKIN):

H.R. 970. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to develop a plan for the removal of the monument to Robert E. Lee at the Antietam National Battlefield, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts:

H.R. 971. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the possession of a firearm by, or the disposition of a firearm to, a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of animal cruelty; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CLYBURN (for himself and Mr. CUNNINGHAM):

H.R. 972. A bill to redesignate the Reconstruction Era National Monument as the Reconstruction Era National Historical Park,

and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mrs. DINGELL (for herself, Mr. KATKO, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. STEFANIK, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN of Puerto Rico, and Mr. MARSHALL):

H.R. 973. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for additional programs funded by grants to strengthen the healthcare system's response to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. GOTTHEIMER (for himself and Mr. LUCAS):

H.R. 974. A bill to amend the Federal Reserve Act to require the Vice Chairman for Supervision of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to provide a written report, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. KILMER (for himself and Mr. HECK):

H.R. 975. A bill to establish the Maritime Washington National Heritage Area in the State of Washington, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. LYNCH (for himself, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. SHERMAN, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Ms. SPEIER, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. BASS, Ms. NORTON, Mr. SUOZZI, and Miss RICE of New York):

H.R. 976. A bill to direct the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to enter into appropriate arrangements with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to provide for a report on the health impacts of air traffic noise and pollution, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. MAST:

H.R. 977. A bill to require the Corps of Engineers to notify affected communities before releasing water contaminated with cyanobacteria from flood risk management projects, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. MATSUI (for herself, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. RUSH, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. WELCH, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. TONKO, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. LOEBSACK, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. PETERS, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. SOTO, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, and Mr. KENNEDY):

H.R. 978. A bill to preserve appropriate and achievable Federal standards for greenhouse gas emissions and corporate average fuel economy for cars and light trucks through model year 2025, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. POSEY (for himself, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, and Mr. YOHO):

H.R. 979. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to require inclusion of the taxpayers social security number to claim the refundable portion of the child tax credit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RYAN (for himself, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. COHEN, Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas, Mrs. DINGELL, and Ms. MCCOLLUM):

H.R. 980. A bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to all United States nationals

who voluntarily joined the Canadian and British armed forces and their supporting entities during World War Two, in recognition of their dedicated service; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SANCHEZ:

H.R. 981. A bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to create a demonstration project to fund additional secondary school counselors in troubled title I schools to reduce the dropout rate; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Ms. SANCHEZ (for herself and Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee):

H.R. 982. A bill to avoid duplicative annual reporting under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SCHNEIDER (for himself, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. BEYER, and Mr. COOK):

H.R. 983. A bill to amend the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 to provide leave because of the death of a son or daughter; to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Reform, and House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. TRAHAN (for herself and Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire):

H.R. 984. A bill to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Nashua, Squannacook, and Nissitissit Rivers as components of the Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. WELCH (for himself, Mr. MCKINLEY, and Mr. CIGILLINE):

H.R. 985. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to ensure that eligible product developers have competitive access to approved drugs and licensed biological products, so as to enable eligible product developers to develop and test new products, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. SANCHEZ (for herself, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. DINGELL, and Mr. LANGEVIN):

H.J. Res. 42. A joint resolution expressing support for designation of the week of February 4, 2019, through February 8, 2019, as "National School Counseling Week"; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. CLINE (for himself, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. RIGGLEMAN, and Mr. GRIFFITH):

H. Con. Res. 14. Concurrent resolution designating the George C. Marshall Museum and George C. Marshall Research Library in Lexington, Virginia, as the National George C. Marshall Museum and Library; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. BANKS:

H. Res. 99. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that there is a need to rebuild the Navy and ensure that it is prepared to engage with adversaries around the world through an increased investment in the United States naval power; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Ms. KAPTUR (for herself, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Ms. MOORE,

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. LAHOOD, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Miss RICE of New York, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. RYAN, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. TURNER, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. NORTON, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. JOHN W. ROSE of Tennessee, Ms. FUDGE, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. LONG, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. WALDEN):

H. Res. 100. A resolution recognizing the 100th anniversary of Easterseals, a leading advocate and service provider for children and adults with disabilities, veterans, older adults, caregivers, and their families; to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MARSHALL:

H. Res. 101. A resolution honoring the 150th anniversary of the establishment of Lindsborg, Kansas; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mrs. WAGNER:

H.R. 962.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

(1) section 5 of the 14th Amendment, including the power to enforce the prohibition on government action denying equal protection of the laws; and (2) section 8 of article I to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers vested by the Constitution of the United States, including the power to regulate commerce under clause 3 of such section.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ:

H.R. 963.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to . . . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States; . . .

By Mr. CUMMINGS:

H.R. 964.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States grants the Congress the power to enact this law.

By Mr. CIGILLINE:

H.R. 965.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

ARTICLE 1, SECTION 8.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 966.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States. [Page H1355]

By Mr. GIANFORTE:

H.R. 967.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Ms. MOORE:

H.R. 968.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. BARR:

H.R. 969.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

(Article I, Section 9, Clause 7: No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time)

By Mr. BROWN of Maryland:

H.R. 970.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Necessary and Proper Clause (Art. 1, Sec. 8, Cl. 18)

By Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts:

H.R. 971.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. CLYBURN:

H.R. 972.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. DINGELL:

H.R. 973.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. GOTTHEIMER:

H.R. 974.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution states that Congress shall have the power "to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution states the Congress shall have the power "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. KILMER:

H.R. 975.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8, clauses 1 and 18, and Article IV, section 3, clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 976.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution, Congress has the power "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or any Department or Officer thereof".

By Mr. MAST:

H.R. 977.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Necessary and Proper Clause in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. MATSUI:

H.R. 978.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. POSEY:

H.R. 979.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, which grants Congress the "Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises." Authority to enact this legislation is also granted by Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, which grants Congress the authority "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers."

By Mr. RYAN:

H.R. 980.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"The Congress enacts this bill pursuant to Clause 6 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution."

By Ms. SÁNCHEZ:

H.R. 981.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sec. 8

By Ms. SÁNCHEZ:

H.R. 982.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 7

By Mr. SCHNEIDER:

H.R. 983.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mrs. TRAHAN:

H.R. 984.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 985.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof..

By Ms. SÁNCHEZ:

H.J. Res. 42.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sec. 8

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 8: Ms. FINKENAUER.

H.R. 38: Mr. BROOKS of Alabama and Mr. TIMMONS.

H.R. 40: Mr. SMITH of Washington.

H.R. 66: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 120: Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 125: Mr. QUIGLEY and Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 141: Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. GUTHRIE, and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.

H.R. 155: Mrs. WALORSKI.

H.R. 173: Mr. CLINE.

H.R. 276: Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 295: Mr. WEBER of Texas.

H.R. 309: Ms. ESHOO and Mr. SIREs.

H.R. 336: Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. MEADOWS, and Ms. STEFANK.

H.R. 339: Ms. KELLY of Illinois.

H.R. 367: Mr. BOST, Ms. SHERRILL, Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. LAMBORN, Mrs. DEMINGS, and Mrs. AXNE.

H.R. 414: Mr. HASTINGS.

H.R. 427: Mr. MOOLENAAR.

H.R. 437: Mr. ALLEN.

H.R. 450: Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. POSEY, Mrs. AXNE, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. MOONEY of West Virginia, Mr. JONES, Mr. GROTHMAN, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, and Mr. CRIST.

H.R. 465: Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.

H.R. 473: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 489: Mr. RASKIN.

H.R. 494: Mr. CICILLINE.

H.R. 507: Ms. CLARKE of New York.

H.R. 510: Mr. DUFFY, Mr. BUCSBON, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. FRANKEL, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. SENENBRENNER, Mr. FLORES, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. HICE of Georgia, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. LONG.

H.R. 511: Mr. CISNEROS.

H.R. 532: Mr. SOTO, Mr. CISNEROS, and Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 540: Mr. CASTEN of Illinois and Ms. SPEIER.

H.R. 553: Mr. POSEY, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. HOLDING, Mr. RYAN, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. RIGGLEMAN, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. WALDEN, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. ROSE of New York, and Mr. GOSAR.

H.R. 554: Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas and Mr. LAMBORN.

H.R. 555: Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. ROSE of New York, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. NIMES, and Ms. MOORE.

H.R. 575: Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. GOHMERT, and Mr. GROTHMAN.

H.R. 587: Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. BARR, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. SIREs, and Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee.

H.R. 611: Mr. JORDAN, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, and Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 613: Mr. BACON, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. BYRNE, and Mr. MULLIN.

H.R. 628: Mr. LOUDERMILK.

H.R. 638: Mr. FLORES and Mr. BIGGS.

H.R. 641: Mr. SCHRADER.

H.R. 642: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.

H.R. 647: Mr. ESPAILLAT and Ms. GABBARD.

H.R. 651: Ms. STEFANK and Mr. CURTIS.

H.R. 657: Ms. KENDRA S. HORN of Oklahoma and Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 663: Ms. HAALAND, Mr. BEYER, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. ROUDA, Mr. CLEAVER, and Mr. SIREs.

H.R. 678: Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. KENDRA S. HORN of Oklahoma, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, and Mrs. TORRES of California.

H.R. 692: Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. UPTON, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. GIANFORTE, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. KINZINGER, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. CURTIS, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. LONG, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. SIMPSON, Mrs. BROOKS of Indiana, and Mr. KING of New York.

H.R. 714: Mr. BURCHETT.

H.R. 724: Mr. RIGGLEMAN, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. MITCHELL, and Mr. HASTINGS.

H.R. 728: Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mr. TURNER, Mr. DESAULNIER, Ms. PINGREE, and Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio.

H.R. 732: Mr. MORELLE and Mr. WELCH.

H.R. 734: Ms. OMAR.

H.R. 736: Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 748: Mr. BUCSHON, Mrs. BUSTOS, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mr. ENGEL, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. HILL of Arkansas, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mrs. KIRKPATRICK, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Mr. LUTKEMEYER, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. HIMES, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. CUMMINGS, Ms. GABBARD, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. ROSE of New York, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. TONKO, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. CRIST, Ms. OMAR, Mr. GIBBS, and Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee.

H.R. 752: Mr. GIANFORTE and Mr. CICILLINE.

H.R. 762: Mr. DESAULNIER.

H.R. 777: Ms. SPEIER and Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire.

H.R. 780: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 783: Mr. SARBANES, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mr. CROW, and Mr. PHILLIPS.

H.R. 791: Mr. CURTIS.

H.R. 806: Mr. RUSH.

H.R. 809: Ms. CLARKE of New York.

H.R. 810: Mr. MCNERNEY.

H.R. 824: Ms. SHERRILL, Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, Ms. NORTON, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. ROSE of New York, Mr. SABLAN, Mr. POCAN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Ms. HAALAND, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, and Mr. CASTRO of Texas.

H.R. 831: Mr. PAPPAS.

H.R. 836: Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire.

H.R. 845: Mr. MEADOWS.

H.R. 847: Mr. STEWART, Mr. SPANO, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, and Mr. CARTWRIGHT.

H.R. 850: Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma and Mr. LAMALFA.

H.R. 852: Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. CLYBURN, Ms. FUDGE, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. MEEKS, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. HORSFORD, and Ms. JACKSON LEE.

H.R. 865: Mr. ALLRED, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. BASS, and Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL.

H.R. 866: Ms. WILD.

H.R. 872: Mrs. RADEWAGEN, Ms. NORTON, and Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H.R. 876: Ms. BONAMICI.

H.R. 877: Mr. GIANFORTE, Mr. MOONEY of West Virginia, Mr. WILLIAMS, and Mr. HILL of Arkansas.

H.R. 878: Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. VELA, Ms. WILSON of Florida, and Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 897: Mr. MITCHELL, Mr. BUDD, Ms. FOX of North Carolina, Mr. BANKS, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, and Mr. RATCLIFFE.

H.R. 907: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.

H.R. 915: Ms. ESHOO.

H.R. 919: Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. BEYER, and Mr. CASTEN of Illinois.

H.R. 920: Mr. ESPAILLAT.

H.R. 925: Mr. GARAMENDI and Ms. MOORE.

H.R. 929: Mr. HIGGINS of New York and Mr. NADLER.

H.R. 935: Mr. STIVERS and Mr. COOK.

H.R. 950: Ms. BONAMICI and Ms. LEE of California.

H.R. 955: Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. DELBENE, and Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 956: Mr. HICE of Georgia, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, and Mr. FLORES.

H.R. 958: Ms. SEWELL of Alabama and Mr. GALLEGRO.

H.R. 959: Mr. LUETKEMEYER and Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 960: Mr. LUETKEMEYER and Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.J. Res. 20: Mr. MAST, Mr. STEUBE, and Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana.

H.J. Res. 35: Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. FOSTER, Ms. KAPTUR, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. HASTINGS,

Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. SCHRADER, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. RUSH, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. CRIST, Mr. WELCH, and Mr. POCAN.

H.J. Res. 37: Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. RUSH, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. RASKIN, and Ms. ESHOO.

H.J. Res. 38: Ms. HAALAND.

H. Res. 23: Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER, Mr. CROW, Ms. STEFANIK, and Mr. O'HALLERAN.

H. Res. 33: Mr. SCHRADER, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. STANTON, Mr. HECK, Mr. HIMES, Ms. STEFANIK, and Mr. GRAVES of Missouri.

H. Res. 58: Ms. HAALAND.

H. Res. 59: Mr. MAST and Mr. MEUSER.

H. Res. 60: Mr. O'HALLERAN.

H. Res. 75: Mr. CHABOT.

H. Res. 84: Ms. STEFANIK.

H. Res. 90: Mr. RESCHENTHALER.

H. Res. 93: Mr. WILSON of South Carolina.

H. Res. 95: Mr. PAYNE, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, and Ms. NORTON.