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House of Representatives

The House met at noon and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. GOMEZ).

DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,

April 1, 2019.

I hereby appoint the Honorable JIMMY GOMEZ to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NANCY PELOSI,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Ms. Mariel Ridgway, one of his secretaries.

MORNING-HOUR DEBATE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 3, 2019, the Chair will now recognize Members from lists submitted by the majority and minority leaders for morning-hour debate.

The Chair will alternate recognition between the parties. All time shall be equally allocated between the parties, and in no event shall debate continue beyond 1:50 p.m. Each Member, other than the majority and minority leaders and the minority whip, shall be limited to 5 minutes.

REMEMBERING MIKE FALCONITE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. COMER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of my good friend, Mike Falconite of Kentucky, who passed away on Friday, March 29, 2019, at the age of 62.

Mike was born to the late Joe Falconite and Betty Lou Falconite and

grew up in Cairo, Illinois. Mike's father owned and operated a heavy equipment company, which Mike took control of and moved to Paducah with his family in the 1980s.

Mike was a great friend of mine who will be remembered for his work ethic, generosity, big heart, and passion for the outdoors.

Mike expanded his company to multiple States and employed hundreds of people before selling it in 1995 and setting his sights on real estate in Paducah, starting up Falconite Development. I admired Mike's vision for Paducah and his enthusiasm for developing and expanding the community.

Mike's motto was, "The more you build, the more you learn." He lived that motto in many aspects of his life.

When Mike was not looking for the next real estate venture, he enjoyed boating at Kentucky Lake and hunting, which took him on many adventures across the United States and other countries in search of prized game.

He loved spending time with his family, including his two children, Nicki Roof and Joe Falconite, plus seven grandchildren.

Mike was a humble, fair, and passionate man who was always willing to help others in need. Giving the benefit of the doubt to anyone he encountered, he will, undoubtedly, be remembered by those who loved him as hard-working, charitable, and incredibly passionate. I join with all of Mike's friends and family today in honoring his life, legacy, and love for others.

CONGRATULATING BRANDON GARNETT

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to congratulate Brandon Garnett of Christian County for recently receiving the 2019 Friend of Agriculture award.

Brandon Garnett has proved to be a strong advocate for agriculture and the farmers of western Kentucky. He has facilitated a number of important ag-related activities in the community, including the Christian County Cattle-men's rodeo scholarships for local

youth and the soon-to-be ag expo center. Brandon is regional vice president for Farm Credit of Mid-America and serves on several boards throughout the city of Hopkinsville.

In receiving the Friend of Agriculture award, Brandon shared the role his father played in shaping his outlook on being a friend to agriculture and how "to always know that agriculture was a way of life and something that would always provide well if you put your heart into it."

I am proud to know we have individuals like Brandon who work tirelessly to advocate on behalf of our agriculture community, serving, teaching, and always offering a helping hand.

Again, I congratulate my good friend, Brandon Garnett, on being named the 2019 Friend of Agriculture, and I look forward to his continued success in Christian County and beyond.

CONGRATULATING CASEY DITTRICH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. SMITH) for 5 minutes.

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, I rise to highlight the efforts of Casey Dittrich, road superintendent of Antelope County, Nebraska, to repair the many roads damaged by the storms and flooding that battered our State and much of the Midwest last month.

Even before the floodwaters had crested, Casey was actively formulating plans to repair the roads, having contracted outside employees and a large fleet of equipment to commence repairs as soon as possible.

Through his efforts, Antelope County has made steps toward reopening its more than 1,000 miles of gravel roads and 180 miles of paved roads for students to attend schools and livestock producers to continue their daily business, as well as many others.

In his 3 years working for Antelope County, Casey's efforts have garnered respect from his coworkers, and his work throughout this flood has greatly

□ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., □ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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helped the county along its long way to recovery.

Please join me in thanking Casey Dittrich for his proactive and diligent service to Antelope County, Nebraska.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 6 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1215

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY) at 2 p.m.)

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer: Dear Lord, we give You thanks for giving us another day.

We use this moment to be reminded of Your presence and to tap the resources needed by the men and women of this assembly to do their work as well as it can be done.

May they be led by Your holy spirit in the decisions they make. May they possess Your power as they steady themselves amid the pressures of persistent problems.

The issues facing our Nation this week are monumental to us but a part of the long history of political and policy debate that have created a great narrative of participative democracy.

Send Your spirit of wisdom to the justices and upon the Members who serve in this people's House, that the bills that lead forward might prove to be beneficial to our Nation and its people.

And may all that is done this day be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 1, rule I, I demand a vote on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8, rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Texas (Mr. VELA) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. VELA led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

GERALDINE PENA CELEBRATES 100TH BIRTHDAY

(Mr. VELA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. VELA. Mr. Speaker, it is an honor to recognize Geraldine Pena of La Feria, Texas, as she celebrates her centennial birthday today. She was born on April 1, 1919, in Tucson, Arizona.

Geraldine, affectionately called Gerry, dropped out of high school to support her single mother and four younger siblings. After marrying her husband, Ralph, the couple relocated to his hometown of La Feria. There, she devoted her time to raising six children.

As her children grew older, Mrs. Pena was able to become more actively involved in the community, always lending a hand when possible. She was also an active member of the American Legion Auxiliary Post 409, and her involvement included local, State, and national conventions in Texas and Hawaii.

She is the proud grandmother of 13 grandchildren and 13 great-grandchildren, with more expected in the coming years.

I am pleased to honor Geraldine Pena for her legacy of unselfishness and generosity. Her devotion to her family and community is admirable, and I hope her 100th birthday celebration is filled with love and happiness. She is joined by family traveling from California, Illinois, Arizona, and across Texas.

I ask my colleagues to join me in wishing Geraldine Pena a happy birthday and wishing her good health and prosperity.

RECOGNIZING LINCOLN HEIGHTS AS A NATIONAL HISTORIC PLACE

(Ms. FOXX of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize an historic moment for North Carolina's Fifth District last week, when Lincoln Heights School in Wilkesboro joined the National Register of Historic Places.

From 1913 to 1927, Julius Rosenwald and Booker T. Washington built nearly 5,000 schools in African American communities by matching seed funds provided by public and private entities. Lincoln Heights is among the few of these schools remaining. Constructed in 1924, students attended from six surrounding counties after facing discrimination and lacking educational opportunities near their homes.

As a National Historic Place, Lincoln Heights reminds us of the disgraceful history of segregation in our country, but our country is not defined by this injustice. Rather, as a nation, we are shaped by brave men and women who stand for justice when society fails.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MICHAEL KRATSIOS

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, South Carolinians are grateful that President Donald Trump has nominated Michael Kratsios, son of John and Maria Kratsios of Columbia, to be the U.S. Chief Technology Officer. He is a very successful and qualified leader to develop technology initiatives for the White House.

Under Michael's leadership, the White House has been able to develop plans for artificial intelligence, quantum computing, 5G, STEM education, and advanced manufacturing. Michael is a global leader and has proven that he is the best person to serve our country in this position.

Among many accomplishments, Michael led the American Artificial Intelligence Initiative, which secures American leadership and artificial intelligence research and development and opens the door for greater innovation.

Commerce Secretary Wilbur Ross has praised the nomination of Michael Kratsios as putting a "knowledgeable leader at the helm of American technology."

In conclusion, God bless our troops, and we will never forget September the 11th in the global war on terrorism.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, April 1, 2019.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on April 1, 2019, at 11:20 a.m.:

That the Senate passed without amendment H.R. 276.

Appointment:
Board of Visitors of the U.S. Military Academy.
With best wishes, I am
Sincerely,

CHERYL L. JOHNSON.

CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO SOUTH SUDAN—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 116-25)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within 90 days before the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the *Federal Register* and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent to the *Federal Register* for publication the enclosed notice stating that the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13664 of April 3, 2014, with respect to South Sudan, is to continue in effect beyond April 3, 2019.

The situation in and in relation to South Sudan, which has been marked by activities that threaten the peace, security, or stability of South Sudan and the surrounding region, including widespread violence and atrocities, human rights abuses, recruitment and use of child soldiers, attacks on peacekeepers, and obstruction of humanitarian operations, continues to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. For this reason, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13664 with respect to South Sudan.

DONALD J. TRUMP,
THE WHITE HOUSE, April 1, 2019.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 4 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 9 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1605

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SHERMAN) at 4 o'clock and 5 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair

will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or votes objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY MORALE, RECOGNITION, LEARNING AND ENGAGEMENT ACT OF 2019

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1433) to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to improve morale within the Department of Homeland Security workforce by conferring new responsibilities to the Chief Human Capital Officer, establishing an employee engagement steering committee, requiring action plans, and authorizing an annual employee award program, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1433

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Homeland Security Morale, Recognition, Learning and Engagement Act of 2019" or the "DHS MORALE Act".

SEC. 2. CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES.

Section 704 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 344) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1)—
 - (i) by inserting "including with respect to leader development and employee engagement," after "policies";
 - (ii) by striking "and in line" and inserting "in line"; and
 - (iii) by inserting "and informed by best practices within the Federal government and the private sector," after "priorities";
 - (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "develop performance measures to provide a basis for monitoring and evaluating" and inserting "use performance measures to evaluate, on an ongoing basis";
 - (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "that, to the extent practicable, are informed by employee feedback" after "policies";
 - (D) in paragraph (4), by inserting "including leader development and employee engagement programs," before "in coordination";
 - (E) in paragraph (5), by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: "that is informed by an assessment, carried out by the Chief Human Capital Officer, of the learning and developmental needs of employees in supervisory and non-supervisory roles across the Department and appropriate workforce planning initiatives";
 - (F) by redesignating paragraphs (9) and (10) as paragraphs (12) and (13), respectively; and
 - (G) by inserting after paragraph (8) the following new paragraphs:
 - "(9) maintain a catalogue of available employee development opportunities, including the Homeland Security Rotation Program pursuant to section 844, departmental leadership development programs, interagency development programs, and other rotational programs;
 - "(10) ensure that employee discipline and adverse action programs comply with the re-

quirements of all pertinent laws, rules, regulations, and Federal guidance, and ensure due process for employees;

"(11) analyze each Department or Government-wide Federal workforce satisfaction or morale survey not later than 90 days after the date of the publication of each such survey and submit to the Secretary such analysis, including, as appropriate, recommendations to improve workforce satisfaction or morale within the Department;";

(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively;

(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d) CHIEF LEARNING AND ENGAGEMENT OFFICER.—The Chief Human Capital Officer may designate an employee of the Department to serve as a Chief Learning and Engagement Officer to assist the Chief Human Capital Officer in carrying out this section."; and

(4) in subsection (e), as so redesignated—
(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (5), (6), and (7), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraphs:

"(2) information on employee development opportunities catalogued pursuant to paragraph (9) of subsection (b) and any available data on participation rates, attrition rates, and impacts on retention and employee satisfaction;

"(3) information on the progress of Department-wide strategic workforce planning efforts as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection (b);

"(4) information on the activities of the steering committee established pursuant to section 711(a), including the number of meetings, types of materials developed and distributed, and recommendations made to the Secretary;".

SEC. 3. EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT STEERING COMMITTEE AND ACTION PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 341 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 711. EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT.

"(a) STEERING COMMITTEE.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall establish an employee engagement steering committee, including representatives from operational components, headquarters, and field personnel, including supervisory and non-supervisory personnel, and employee labor organizations that represent Department employees, and chaired by the Under Secretary for Management, to carry out the following activities:

"(1) Identify factors that have a negative impact on employee engagement, morale, and communications within the Department, such as perceptions about limitations on career progression, mobility, or development opportunities, collected through employee feedback platforms, including through annual employee surveys, questionnaires, and other communications, as appropriate.

"(2) Identify, develop, and distribute initiatives and best practices to improve employee engagement, morale, and communications within the Department, including through annual employee surveys, questionnaires, and other communications, as appropriate.

"(3) Monitor efforts of each component to address employee engagement, morale, and communications based on employee feedback provided through annual employee surveys, questionnaires, and other communications, as appropriate.

"(4) Advise the Secretary on efforts to improve employee engagement, morale, and

communications within specific components and across the Department.

“(5) Conduct regular meetings and report, not less than once per quarter, to the Under Secretary for Management, the head of each component, and the Secretary on Department-wide efforts to improve employee engagement, morale, and communications.

“(b) ACTION PLAN; REPORTING.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief Human Capital Officer, shall—

“(1) not later than 120 days after the date of the establishment of the employee engagement steering committee under subsection (a), issue a Department-wide employee engagement action plan, reflecting input from the steering committee and employee feedback provided through annual employee surveys, questionnaires, and other communications in accordance with paragraph (1) of such subsection, to execute strategies to improve employee engagement, morale, and communications within the Department; and

“(2) require the head of each component to—

“(A) develop and implement a component-specific employee engagement plan to advance the action plan required under paragraph (1) that includes performance measures and objectives, is informed by employee feedback provided through annual employee surveys, questionnaires, and other communications, as appropriate, and sets forth how employees and, where applicable, their labor representatives are to be integrated in developing programs and initiatives;

“(B) monitor progress on implementation of such action plan; and

“(C) provide to the Chief Human Capital Officer and the steering committee quarterly reports on actions planned and progress made under this paragraph.

“(c) TERMINATION.—This section shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this section.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 710 the following new item:

“Sec. 711. Employee engagement.”.

(c) SUBMISSIONS TO CONGRESS.—

(1) DEPARTMENT-WIDE EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT ACTION PLAN.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Chief Human Capital Officer of the Department of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate the Department-wide employee engagement action plan required under subsection (b)(1) of section 711 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as added by subsection (a) of this section) not later than 30 days after the issuance of such plan under such subsection (b)(1).

(2) COMPONENT-SPECIFIC EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT PLANS.—Each head of a component of the Department of Homeland Security shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate the component-specific employee engagement plan of each such component required under subsection (b)(2) of section 711 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 not later than 30 days after the issuance of each such plan under such subsection (b)(2).

SEC. 4. ANNUAL EMPLOYEE AWARD PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 341 et seq.), as amended by section 3 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 712. ANNUAL EMPLOYEE AWARD PROGRAM.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may establish an annual employee award program to recognize Department employees or groups of employees for significant contributions to the achievement of the Department’s goals and missions. If such a program is established, the Secretary shall—

“(1) establish within such program categories of awards, each with specific criteria, that emphasizes honoring employees who are at the non-supervisory level;

“(2) publicize within the Department how any employee or group of employees may be nominated for an award;

“(3) establish an internal review board comprised of representatives from Department components, headquarters, and field personnel to submit to the Secretary award recommendations regarding specific employees or groups of employees;

“(4) select recipients from the pool of nominees submitted by the internal review board under paragraph (3) and convene a ceremony at which employees or groups of employees receive such awards from the Secretary; and

“(5) publicize such program within the Department.

“(b) INTERNAL REVIEW BOARD.—The internal review board described in subsection (a)(3) shall, when carrying out its function under such subsection, consult with representatives from operational components and headquarters, including supervisory and non-supervisory personnel, and employee labor organizations that represent Department employees.

“(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to authorize additional funds to carry out the requirements of this section or to require the Secretary to provide monetary bonuses to recipients of an award under this section.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as amended by section 3 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 711 the following new item:

“Sec. 712. Annual employee award program.”.

SEC. 5. INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATION AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall investigate whether the application in the Department of Homeland Security of discipline and adverse actions are administered in an equitable and consistent manner that results in the same or substantially similar disciplinary outcomes across the Department for misconduct by a non-supervisory or supervisor employee who engaged in the same or substantially similar misconduct.

(b) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the investigation described in subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall consult with the Under Secretary for Management of the Department of Homeland Security and the employee engagement steering committee established pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of section 711 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as added by section 3(a) of this Act).

(c) ACTION BY UNDER SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT.—Upon completion of the investigation described in subsection (a), the Under Secretary for Management of the Department of Homeland Security shall review the findings and recommendations of such investigation and implement a plan, in consultation with the employee engagement steering committee established pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of section 711 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, to correct any relevant

deficiencies identified by the Comptroller General of the United States in such investigation. The Under Secretary for Management shall direct the employee engagement steering committee to review such plan to inform committee activities and action plans authorized under such section 711.

SEC. 6. IMPACTS OF SHUTDOWN.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall report to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate regarding the direct and indirect impacts of the lapse in appropriations between December 22, 2018, and January 25, 2019, on—

(1) Department of Homeland Security human resources operations;

(2) the Department’s ability to meet hiring benchmarks; and

(3) retention, attrition, and morale of Department personnel.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) and the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. GUEST) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 1433, the DHS MORALE Act.

Mr. Speaker, every day, the Department of Homeland Security’s workforce carries out dozens of critical missions, which are as diverse as preventing terrorism, securing cyberspace, transportation security, and disaster recovery.

These 240,000 men and women deserve to have their contributions to keeping the Nation secure valued by not only the American people but also by DHS itself. Yet, even before the President’s 35-day partial government shutdown earlier this year, morale within DHS was a persistent problem. In fact, for the past 7 years, DHS has ranked dead last among all large Federal agencies in the Partnership for Public Service’s annual “Best Places to Work in the Federal Government” survey.

This is unacceptable. Senior DHS leadership, most especially the Secretary of Homeland Security, needs to prioritize improving morale within the DHS workforce. In the Obama administration, then-DHS Secretary Jeh Johnson began to address this operational imperative through a range of programs under the unity of effort umbrella. Unfortunately, the current administration largely abandoned those promising efforts.

I have long been committed to improving conditions for the DHS workforce. To that end, I reintroduced H.R.

1433, the DHS MORALE Act, a bill that passed the House unanimously and received tremendous support from the labor organizations representing the DHS labor force.

The DHS MORALE Act requires DHS to develop and implement policies related to leadership development, employee engagement, career progression, and employee recommendations.

This Congress, two new provisions were added to the bill. The first directs the DHS Chief Human Capital Officer to analyze government-wide Federal workforce satisfaction or morale surveys to inform efforts to improve morale. The second provision requires a report to Congress on the impact of the recent government shutdown on DHS human resources and morale. Both of these measures would be a step toward fixing the longstanding morale problems at DHS.

Mr. Speaker, I urge the passage of H.R. 1433, and I reserve the balance of my time.

MR. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Today, I rise in support of H.R. 1433, the DHS MORALE Act. The bill seeks to address an issue that has plagued the Department of Homeland Security since its creation: low employee morale.

DHS has consistently reported low employee morale on the "Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey" and today remains dead last out of large agencies in employee satisfaction.

These numbers are troubling. DHS must find ways to improve employee morale. The Department's mission is too important for these issues to be ignored. H.R. 1433 will address the morale problem at DHS by improving leadership development, workforce planning, and employee engagement programs.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 1433 to improve morale throughout DHS and its components, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1433 would help improve morale among the Department's 240,000 employees by creating and cataloging leadership development opportunities, identifying and addressing factors that impact employee engagement, and recognizing employee contributions.

The DHS MORALE Act continues to have the support of the National Border Patrol Council, National Treasury Employees Union, and American Federation of Government Employees. Enactment of the bill will help DHS examine the root cause of the longstanding morale concerns and determine the best strategy to move the Department forward in a positive direction.

Mr. Speaker, I ask for my colleagues' support, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by

the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1433, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

COORDINATING AND LEVERAGING ACTIVITIES FOR SCHOOL SECURITY ACT

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1593) to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to establish a school security coordinating council, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1593

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Coordinating and Leveraging Activities for School Security Act" or the "CLASS Act of 2019".

SEC. 2. SCHOOL SECURITY COORDINATING COUNCIL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 341 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 711. SCHOOL SECURITY COORDINATING COUNCIL.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department a coordinating council to ensure that, to the maximum extent practicable, activities, plans, and policies to enhance the security of an early childhood education program, elementary school, high school, or secondary schools against an act of terrorism are coordinated.

"(b) COMPOSITION.—The members of the council established pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:

"(1) The Under Secretary for Strategy, Policy, and Plans.

"(2) The Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security.

"(3) The Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

"(4) The Director of the Secret Service.

"(5) The Executive Director of the Office of Academic Engagement.

"(6) The Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs.

"(7) Any other official of the Department the Secretary determines appropriate.

"(c) LEADERSHIP.—The Secretary shall designate a member of the council to serve as chair of the council.

"(d) REPORTS.—Not later than January 30, 2021, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report regarding the council's activities during the preceding year, including information on any metrics regarding the efficacy of such activities and any engagement with stakeholders outside of the Federal Government.

"(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'early childhood education program', 'elementary school', 'high school', and 'secondary school' have the meanings given such terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and

Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801)."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 710 the following new item:

"Sec. 711. School security coordinating council."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) and the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. GUEST) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

□ 1615

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 1593, the Coordinating and Leveraging Activities for School Security Act.

Mr. Speaker, school violence continues to devastate communities and take the lives of so many young people. In 2018, we saw a record number of school shootings across the country. In response, Congressman DONALD PAYNE, Jr., introduced H.R. 1593, the Coordinating and Leveraging Activities for School Security Act, known as the CLASS Act.

H.R. 1593 seeks to ensure that the Department of Homeland Security organizes itself to help bolster school security. Specifically, the CLASS Act establishes a standing body within DHS to coordinate the Department's school security initiatives, activities, plans, and policies. Additionally, to help ensure that DHS gives school security adequate attention, H.R. 1593 requires the Department to report to Congress on the work of the council.

Mr. Speaker, this is an important bill. I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 1593, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Today I rise in support of H.R. 1593, the CLASS Act.

While the Department of Homeland Security already coordinates its policies relating to school security and safety across the Department, codifying this council into law will ensure important channels for information sharing and coordination are maintained during changes in administration.

Currently, DHS utilizes a number of tools to assist in the protection of our Nation's children. For example, the United States Secret Service National

Threat Assessment Center has created an operational guide to provide actionable steps that schools can take to develop specific violence prevention plans for their students.

Additionally, DHS' Office of Academic Engagement, or OAE, supports the Department's mission by building, improving, and leveraging relationships with the academic community. OAE's work focuses on outreach, engagement, and resiliency by supporting institutions of higher learning and the K-12 community in preparing for, responding to, and recovering from threats and hazards that pose the greatest risk.

OAE offers a Campus Resilience Program Resource Library, which provides the academic community with access to guidelines, strategies, and resources to address the risks and vulnerabilities on their campus. The library is organized into categories according to a specific threat or hazard as outlined in the Federal Emergency Management Agency's National Preparedness Goal.

While numerous DHS components and agencies provide resources and recommendations with regard to school security, it is imperative that the work be done in unison and there is coordination across all relevant agencies within DHS.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all Members to join me in supporting this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PAYNE), who is the author of this legislation.

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, school shootings are dreadful atrocities that are plaguing our Nation. Nearly 20 years have passed since the horrendous shooting at Columbine High School in Littleton, Colorado, where 13 people lost their lives, yet schools and universities continue to be soft targets for deadly attacks.

Last year, between the months of January and May 2018, there was the Marjory Stoneman Douglas shooting that claimed the lives of 17 individuals, but there were also shootings nearly every week at our Nation's schools.

As history has shown us, there is no profile for a school likely to be targeted. This tragedy can happen at any school.

In 2012, after the horrific shooting at Sandy Hook Elementary School in Newtown, Connecticut, the Department of Homeland Security conducted an internal review of actions that its components were taking to help improve school security. Today, I understand that multiple DHS components currently have programs underway to address school security, but the degree to which there is coordination is unclear.

The Coordinating and Leveraging Activities for School Security, or CLASS, Act will establish a standing council

within the Department of Homeland Security to coordinate school security activities, plans, and policies. The coordinating council would include all the key players in school security at the Department. They include the DHS Under Secretary for Strategy, Policy, and Plans; the Director of Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Protection; the FEMA Administrator; the Secret Service Director; and the heads of DHS' Offices of Academic Engagement and Public Affairs.

This legislation was not developed in a vacuum. Inspiration for this legislation came directly from experiences of those impacted by school violence and from the input of New Jerseyans.

Last July, my subcommittee held a school security field hearing in Newark. At the hearing, the subcommittee heard from the New Jersey State Police, the New Jersey Department of Education, the New Jersey Association of School Resource Officers, and the New Jersey Office of Homeland Security about the security risks the schools face and how Congress can provide support.

At the hearing and subsequently through our outreach and oversight, we came to understand there needs to be better coordination of school security activities within DHS to bolster coordination and minimize fragmentation.

As a leader in developing school security best practices and policies, it is important for DHS to have a formal school security body so that it can provide an example to those on the State and local levels on how to coordinate the protection of schools.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my House colleagues to support this legislation.

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, in closing, I urge adoption of this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, school shootings have claimed the lives of too many young people. Passage of the CLASS Act would ensure that the Department of Homeland Security is positioned to be impactful in its efforts to address the escalating risk to school security.

I commend the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PAYNE) for his leadership on this issue.

Mr. Speaker, I ask for my colleagues' support, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1593, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further pro-

ceedings on this motion will be postponed.

TERRORIST AND FOREIGN FIGHTER TRAVEL EXERCISE ACT OF 2019

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1590) to require an exercise related to terrorist and foreign fighter travel, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1590

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Terrorist and Foreign Fighter Travel Exercise Act of 2019".

SEC. 2. EXERCISE ON TERRORIST AND FOREIGN FIGHTER TRAVEL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to, or as part of exercise programs currently carried out by the Department of Homeland Security, to enhance domestic preparedness for and collective response to terrorism, promote the dissemination of homeland security information, and test the security posture of the United States, the Secretary of Homeland Security, through appropriate offices and components of the Department and in coordination with the heads of appropriate Federal departments and agencies, shall develop and conduct an exercise related to the detection and prevention of terrorist and foreign fighter travel.

(b) EXERCISE REQUIREMENTS.—The exercise required under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) a scenario involving—

(A) persons traveling from the United States to join or provide material support or resources to a terrorist organization abroad; and

(B) terrorist infiltration into the United States, including by United States citizens and foreign nationals;

(2) coordination with appropriate Federal departments and agencies, foreign governments, and State, local, Tribal, and territorial agencies, including law enforcement agencies and representatives from the National Network of Fusion Centers; and

(3) coordination with appropriate private sector and community stakeholders.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the completion of the exercise required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with the protection of classified information, submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate an after-action report presenting the initial findings of such exercise, plans for quickly incorporating lessons learned into future operations of the Department of Homeland Security, and any proposed legislative changes informed by such exercise.

(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "material support or resources" has the meaning given such term in section 2339A of title 18, United States Code.

SEC. 3. EMERGING THREATS IN THE NATIONAL EXERCISE PROGRAM.

Clause (i) of section 648(b)(2)(A) of the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 748(b)(2)) is amended by inserting "and emerging" after "credible".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from

Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) and the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. GUEST) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 1590, the Terrorist and Foreign Fighter Travel Exercise Act of 2019.

Mr. Speaker, in the almost 18 years since the September 11 terrorist attacks, threats to the American public have become increasingly complex and today include threats posed by foreign fighters.

In 2015, the Committee on Homeland Security's Task Force on Combating Terrorism and Foreign Fighter Travel issued a bipartisan report that included a number of recommendations.

H.R. 1590 requires the Department of Homeland Security to develop and conduct a foreign fighter exercise that could be built into existing DHS domestic preparedness exercises. Importantly, after the exercise, DHS is required to submit an after-action report to Congress detailing the initial findings, plans for incorporating lessons learned, and any legislative changes informed by this exercise.

A very similar version of this legislation passed the full House last Congress. I am pleased that, through the markup process, modest modifications were made to improve the measure.

Mr. Speaker, I urge the passage of H.R. 1590, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of my bill, H.R. 1590, the Terrorist and Foreign Fighter Travel Exercise Act of 2019. This legislation seeks to better position the United States Government and relevant State, local, and private-sector agencies to detect and prevent terrorist and foreign fighter travel.

In 2015, the Committee on Homeland Security developed a bipartisan task force to investigate the threat from individuals leaving the United States to join terrorist groups abroad. The task force reported that nearly 4,500 individuals from Western countries, with over 250 from the United States, traveled to join Islamic terrorist groups. It goes on to detail 32 findings and over 50 recommendations to address this national security issue.

During both the 114th Congress and the 115th Congress, former Representative and now Senator MARTHA

MCSALLY introduced this legislation. Both times, the bill passed unanimously in the House.

Senator MCSALLY previously stated: "The abilities of these hardened fighters to return to the United States is a legitimate security concern to the homeland. Catching individuals who are looking to join the ranks and train with ISIS and other terrorist organizations prior to their initial departure is equally important and should be a goal for law enforcement as well."

Mr. Speaker, these words still ring true today. Just last year, an Ohio man was arrested at the John Glenn International Airport trying to fly to Kazakhstan. His intent was to be smuggled into Afghanistan to train with ISIS with the possibility of conducting terrorist projects in the United States.

According to an FBI release on this matter, when the terrorist was asked what sort of training he wished to receive, he allegedly stated that he wanted to receive "weapons experts training, planning, executing, hit and run, capturing high-value targets, ways to break into homes and avoid security."

The ability of these foreign fighters to return to the United States is a legitimate security concern. Preventing their initial departure should be a law enforcement priority as well.

Furthermore, last year, the White House released the National Strategy to Combat Terrorist Travel. It "outlines how the United States Government will expand coordination and maximize the full capabilities of Federal departments and agencies to identify, detect, and deter terrorists from transiting international borders."

One of the Strategy's primary goals is to identify and deter terrorists before they travel, to enhance intelligence gathering and analysis, and to improve the sharing of terrorist-related identity data.

□ 1630

H.R. 1590 complements and supports these efforts.

The bill requires the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the appropriate Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial agencies, foreign governments, and appropriate private-sector entities, to develop and conduct an exercise related to the detection and prevention of terrorist and foreign fighter travel.

The bill also requires the Secretary to produce an after-action report to Congress, presenting the findings of the exercise and to quickly incorporate those lessons learned into future operations of the department.

Finally, it requires that the National Exercise Program be designed to include emerging threats.

I cannot stress enough the importance of H.R. 1590. This bill represents continued action in combating terrorism and ensuring the safety of our Nation. As the threats of terrorism continue to evolve, we must remain vigilant in our resolve to combat our enemies.

Our Nation's law enforcement, of all jurisdictions, whether it be Federal or local, need to have access to the valuable information and resources that this bill would provide so that our communities can be protected from terrorist activity.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all Members to join me in supporting this bipartisan and commonsense bill. I urge the adoption of this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, before I close, let me compliment the gentleman on the passage of this bill. This is, I believe, his maiden bill before the House of Representatives, and, from one Mississippian to another, I want to congratulate him for that.

Mr. Speaker, because terrorists are constantly seeking new ways to cause harm and spread fear, we must continuously work to keep pace with the evolving threat landscape.

H.R. 1590 seeks to strengthen the Nation's abilities to close the gaps in how we identify and assess threats from terrorist foreign fighters. As such, I support it and ask my colleagues to support it as well.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1590, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

CBRN INTELLIGENCE AND INFORMATION SHARING ACT OF 2019

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1589) to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to establish chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear intelligence and information sharing functions of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security and to require dissemination of information analyzed by the Department to entities with responsibilities relating to homeland security, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1589

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "CBRN Intelligence and Information Sharing Act of 2019".

SEC. 2. CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, AND NUCLEAR INTELLIGENCE AND INFORMATION SHARING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 210E the following new section:

“SEC. 210F. CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, AND NUCLEAR INTELLIGENCE AND INFORMATION SHARING.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security shall—

“(1) support homeland security-focused intelligence analysis of terrorist actors, their claims, and their plans to conduct attacks involving chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear materials against the United States, including critical infrastructure;

“(2) support homeland security-focused intelligence analysis of global infectious disease, public health, food, agricultural, and veterinary issues;

“(3) support homeland security-focused risk analysis and risk assessments of the homeland security hazards described in paragraphs (1) and (2), including the transportation of chemical, biological, nuclear, and radiological materials, by providing relevant quantitative and nonquantitative threat information;

“(4) leverage existing and emerging homeland security intelligence capabilities and structures to enhance early detection, prevention, protection, response, and recovery efforts with respect to a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack;

“(5) share information and provide tailored analytical support on such threats to State, local, Tribal, and territorial authorities, and other Federal agencies, as well as relevant national biosecurity and biodefense stakeholders, as appropriate; and

“(6) perform other responsibilities, as assigned by the Secretary.

“(b) COORDINATION.—Where appropriate, the Office of Intelligence and Analysis shall coordinate with other relevant Department components, including the Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction Office and the National Biosurveillance Integration Center, agencies within the intelligence community, including the National Counter Proliferation Center, and other Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial authorities, including officials from high-threat urban areas, State and major urban area fusion centers, and local public health departments, as appropriate, and enable such entities to provide recommendations on optimal information sharing mechanisms, including expeditious sharing of classified information, and on how such entities can provide information to the Department.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term ‘intelligence community’ has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

“(2) NATIONAL BIOSECURITY AND BIODEFENSE STAKEHOLDERS.—The term ‘national biosecurity and biodefense stakeholders’ means officials from Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial authorities and individuals from the private sector who are involved in efforts to prevent, protect against, respond to, and recover from a biological attack or other phenomena that may have serious health consequences for the United States, including infectious disease outbreaks.”

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 201E the following new item:

“Sec. 210F. Chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear intelligence and information sharing.”

(c) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for each of the following four years, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the following:

(A) The intelligence and information sharing activities under section 210F of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as added by subsection (a) of this section) and of all relevant entities within the Department of Homeland Security to counter the threat from attacks using chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear materials.

(B) The Department’s activities in accordance with relevant intelligence strategies.

(2) ASSESSMENT OF IMPLEMENTATION.—The reports required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) An assessment of the progress of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security in implementing such section 210F.

(B) A description of the methods established to carry out such assessment.

(3) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate having legislative jurisdiction under the rules of the House of Representatives or Senate, respectively, over the matter concerned.

SEC. 3. DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION ANALYZED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, TERRITORIAL, AND PRIVATE ENTITIES WITH RESPONSIBILITIES RELATING TO HOMELAND SECURITY.

Paragraph (6) of section 201(d) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121(d)) is amended by striking “and to agencies of State” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “to State, local, tribal, territorial, and private entities with such responsibilities, and, as appropriate, to the public, in order to assist in preventing, deterring, or responding to acts of terrorism against the United States.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) and the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. GUEST) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 1589, the Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Intelligence and Information Sharing Act of 2019.

In the last two Congresses, the Committee on Homeland Security has held

several hearings on Federal, State, and local capabilities to prevent, identify, and respond to a chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear attack.

At those hearings, State and local stakeholders, including public health professionals, emergency managers, and first responders, expressed general awareness of the evolving CBRN threat, but expressed frustration with the level of information sharing about such threats.

H.R. 1589 seeks to facilitate improved CBRN information sharing by directing DHS to analyze CBRN-related terrorist threats and share relevant threat information with Federal, State, and local stakeholders.

These activities could help improve situational awareness at all levels of government and help DHS grant recipients better target their limited resources.

Prior versions of this measure passed the House overwhelmingly in the last two Congresses.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support the measure once again, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 1589. We all know that terrorist groups have long sought to develop capabilities to attack our Nation with chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear materials.

H.R. 1589 would address this threat by requiring the Office of Intelligence and Analysis within the Department of Homeland Security to conduct analysis of terrorist capabilities relating to chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear materials, as well as threats to the homeland from global and infectious diseases.

To improve coordination with local law enforcement, H.R. 1589 requires the Office of Intelligence and Analysis to share threat information not only with Federal entities, but also State, local, Tribal, and territorial agencies.

I commend my colleague, Mr. WALKER of North Carolina, for introducing this important legislation, and I urge all Members to support it.

Mr. Speaker, I urge adoption of the bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, effective information sharing is essential to prevent and respond to threats posed by bad actors. H.R. 1589 will facilitate information sharing in the CBRN space where new threats are constantly emerging.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 1589, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1589, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 39 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. NORCROSS) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

Motions to suspend the rules and pass:

- H.R. 1593 and H.R. 1590; and

Agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, if ordered.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

COORDINATING AND LEVERAGING ACTIVITIES FOR SCHOOL SECURITY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1593) to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to establish a school security coordinating council, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 384, nays 18, not voting 29, as follows:

[Roll No. 137]

YEAS—384

- Adams, Aderholt, Aguilar, Allen, Allred, Amodei, Armstrong, Arrington, Axne, Babin, Bacon, Baird, Balderson, Banks, Barr, Barragan, Bass, Beatty, Bera, Bergman, Beyer, Bilirakis, Bishop (GA), Bishop (UT), Blumenauer, Blunt Rochester, Bonamici, Bost, Brady, Brindisi, Brooks (IN), Brown (MD), Brownley (CA), Buck, Buechson, Budd, Burchett, Bustos, Butterfield, Byrne, Calvert, Carbajal, Garamendi, Garcia (IL), Garcia (TX), Gianforte, Gibbs, Golden, Gomez, Gonzalez (OH), Gooden, Gottheimer, Granger, Graves (GA), Graves (LA), Graves (MO), Green (TN), Green (TX), Grothman, Guest, Maloney, Carolyn B. Maloney, Sean, Marshall, Matsui, McAdams, McBeth, McCarthy, McCaul, McClintock, McCollum, McGovern, McHenry, McKinley, McNeerney, Meadows, Meng, Meuser, Roybal-Allard, Ruiz, Ruppertsberger, Sanchez, Sarbanes, Scalise, Scanlon, Schakowsky, Schiff, Schneider, Schrader, Schriener, Schweikert, Scott (VA), Scott, Austin, Scott, David, Sensenbrenner, Serrano, Sewell (AL), Shalala, Sherman, Sherrill, Simpson, Slotkin, Smith (MO), Smith (NE), Smith (NJ), Smith (WA), Smucker, Soto, Spanberger, Spano, Speier, Stanton, Stauber, Stefanik, Steil, Stevens, Stewart, Stivers, Suozzi, Takano, Taylor, Thompson (CA), Thompson (MS), Thompson (PA), Thornberry, Timmons, Tipton, Titus, Tlaib, Tonko, Torres (CA), Torres Small (NM), Trahan, Turner, Underwood, Upton, Van Drew, Vargas, Veasey, Vela, Velazquez, Vislosky, Wagner, Walberg, Walden, Walker, Walorski, Waltz, Wasserman, Schultz, Waters, Watkins, Watson Coleman, Weber (TX), Webster (FL), Welch, Westrup, Westerman, Wexton, Wild, Williams, Wilson (FL), Wilson (SC), Wittman, Womack, Woodall, Wright, Yarmuth, Young, Zeldin

- Cardenas, Carson (IN), Carter (GA), Carter (TX), Cartwright, Case, Casten (IL), Castor (FL), Castro (TX), Chabot, Cheney, Chu, Judy, Ciellino, Cisneros, Clark (MA), Clarke (NY), Clay, Cline, Cloud, Clyburn, Cohen, Cole, Collins (NY), Comer, Connolly, Cook, Cooper, Costa, Courtney, Cox (CA), Craig, Crawford, Crenshaw, Crist, Crow, Cuellar, Cummings, Cunningham, Curtis, Davids (KS), Davis (CA), Davis, Rodney, Dean, DeFazio, DeGette, DeLauro, DelBene, Delgado, Demings, DeSaulnier, DesJarlais, Deutch, Diaz-Balart, Dingell, Doggett, Doyle, Michael F., Duffy, Duncan, Dunn, Emmer, Engel, Escobar, Eshoo, Espaillat, Estes, Evans, Ferguson, Finkenauer, Fitzpatrick, Fleischmann, Fletcher, Flores, Fortenberry, Foster, Foxx (NC), Frankel, Fudge, Fulcher, Gallagher, Gallego, Garamendi, Garcia (IL), Garcia (TX), Gianforte, Gibbs, Golden, Gomez, Gonzalez (OH), Gooden, Gottheimer, Granger, Graves (GA), Graves (LA), Graves (MO), Green (TN), Green (TX), Grothman, Guest, Guthrie, Haaland, Hagedorn, Harder (CA), Hartzler, Hastings, Hayes, Heck, Hern, Kevin, Herrera Beutler, Hice (GA), Higgins (LA), Higgins (NY), Hill (AR), Hill (CA), Himes, Holding, Hollingsworth, Horn, Kendra S., Horsford, Houlihan, Hoyer, Hudson, Huffman, Huizenga, Hurd (TX), Jackson Lee, Jayapal, Johnson (GA), Johnson (LA), Johnson (OH), Johnson (SD), Johnson (TX), Jordan, Joyce (OH), Joyce (PA), Kaptur, Katko, Keating, Kelly (IL), Kelly (MS), Kelly (PA), Kennedy, Khanna, Kildee, Kilmer, Kim, Kind, King (IA), King (NY), Kinzinger, Kirkpatrick, Krishnamoorthi, Kuster (NH), Kustoff (TN), LaHood, LaMalfa, Lamb, Lamborn, Langevin, Larsen (WA), Larson (CT), Latta, Lawrence, Lee (CA), Lee (NV), Lesko, Levin (CA), Levin (MI), Lewis, Lieu, Ted, Lipinski, Lofgren, Long, Lowenthal, Loney, Lucas, Luetkemeyer, Luria, Lynch, Malinowski, Maloney, Carolyn B. Maloney, Sean, Marshall, Matsui, McAdams, McBeth, McCarthy, McCaul, McClintock, McCollum, McGovern, McHenry, McKinley, McNeerney, Meadows, Meng, Meuser, Miller, Mitchell, Moolenaar, Mooney (WV), Moore, Morelle, Moulton, Mucarsel-Powell, Mullin, Murphy, Nadler, Napolitano, Neal, Neguse, Newhouse, Norcross, Norman, Nunes, O'Halleran, Ocasio-Cortez, Olson, Omar, Pallone, Palmer, Panetta, Pappas, Pascrell, Payne, Pence, Perlmutter, Perry, Peters, Peterson, Phillips, Pingree, Pocan, Porter, Pressley, Price (NC), Quigley, Raskin, Reschenthaler, Rice (NY), Rice (SC), Richmond, Rigglesman, Roby, Rodgers (WA), Roe, David P., Rogers (AL), Rogers (KY), Rose (NY), Rose, John W., Rouda, Rouzer, Roybal-Allard, Ruiz, Ruppertsberger, Sanchez, Sarbanes, Scalise, Scanlon, Schakowsky, Schiff, Schneider, Schrader, Schriener, Schweikert, Scott (VA), Scott, Austin, Scott, David, Sensenbrenner, Serrano, Sewell (AL), Shalala, Sherman, Sherrill, Simpson, Slotkin, Smith (MO), Smith (NE), Smith (NJ), Smith (WA), Smucker, Soto, Spanberger, Spano, Speier, Stanton, Stauber, Stefanik, Steil, Stevens, Stewart, Stivers, Suozzi, Takano, Taylor, Thompson (CA), Thompson (MS), Thompson (PA), Thornberry, Timmons, Tipton, Titus, Tlaib, Tonko, Torres (CA), Torres Small (NM), Trahan, Turner, Underwood, Upton, Van Drew, Vargas, Veasey, Vela, Velazquez, Vislosky, Wagner, Walberg, Walden, Walker, Walorski, Waltz, Wasserman, Schultz, Waters, Watkins, Watson Coleman, Weber (TX), Webster (FL), Welch, Westrup, Westerman, Wexton, Wild, Williams, Wilson (FL), Wilson (SC), Wittman, Womack, Woodall, Wright, Yarmuth, Young, Zeldin

- Thompson (MS), Veasey, Welch, Thompson (PA), Vela, Westrup, Thornberry, Velazquez, Westerman, Timmons, Vislosky, Wexton, Tipton, Wagner, Wild, Titus, Walberg, Williams, Tlaib, Walden, Wilson (FL), Tonko, Walker, Wilson (SC), Torres (CA), Walorski, Wittman, Torres Small (NM), Waltz, Womack, (NM), Wasserman, Woodall, Trahan, Schultz, Wright, Turner, Waters, Yarmuth, Underwood, Watkins, Young, Upton, Watson Coleman, Zeldin, Van Drew, Weber (TX), Vargas, Webster (FL)

NAYS—18

- Amash, Gaetz, Loudermilk, Biggs, Gohmert, Marchant, Brooks (AL), Gosar, Massie, Burgess, Griffith, Ratcliffe, Conaway, Harris, Roy, Davidson (OH), Hunter, Steube

NOT VOTING—29

- Abraham, Grijalva, Reed, Boyle, Brendan F., Jeffries, Rooney (FL), F., Lawson (FL), Rush, Buchanan, Loeb sack, Rutherford, Cleaver, Lujan, Ryan, Collins (GA), Mast, Shimkus, Correa, McEachin, Sires, Davis, Danny K., Meeks, Swalwell (CA), Gabbard, Palazzo, Trone, Gonzalez (TX), Posey, Yoho

□ 1856

Messrs. GOODEN and PALMER changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

TERRORIST AND FOREIGN FIGHTER TRAVEL EXERCISE ACT OF 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1590) to require an exercise related to terrorist and foreign fighter travel, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. THOMPSON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 394, nays 7, not voting 30, as follows:

[Roll No. 138]

YEAS—394

- Adams, Balderson, Bishop (UT), Aderholt, Banks, Blumenauer, Aguilar, Barr, Blunt Rochester, Allen, Barragan, Bonamici, Allred, Bass, Bost, Amodei, Beatty, Brady, Armstrong, Bera, Brindisi, Arrington, Bergman, Brooks (AL), Axne, Beyer, Brooks (IN), Babin, Biggs, Brown (MD), Bacon, Bilirakis, Brownley (CA), Baird, Bishop (GA), Buck

McKinley	Rogers (AL)	Torres Small
Meng	Rogers (KY)	(NM)
Meuser	Rose (NY)	Turner
Miller	Rose, John W.	Upton
Moulton	Rouda	Van Drew
Mucarsel-Powell	Rouzer	Walberg
Mullin	Roy	Walker
Norman	Scalise	Walorski
Nunes	Schrader	Watson Coleman
Olson	Scott, Austin	Weber (TX)
Palazzo	Sensenbrenner	Westerman
Palmer	Sewell (AL)	Wexton
Pappas	Sherrill	Wild
Pence	Slotkin	Williams
Peters	Smith (MO)	Wittman
Porter	Spanberger	Womack
Ratcliffe	Spano	Woodall
Rice (NY)	Stefanik	Wright
Rice (SC)	Stevens	Young
Riggleman	Thompson (CA)	Zeldin
Roby	Thompson (PA)	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Tonko

NOT VOTING—42

Abraham	Gonzalez (TX)	Reed
Bishop (UT)	Grijalva	Rooney (FL)
Boyle, Brendan	Higgins (NY)	Rush
F.	Jeffries	Rutherford
Buchanan	LaHood	Ryan
Butterfield	Lawson (FL)	Shimkus
Cleaver	Loeb sack	Sires
Collins (GA)	Lujan	Smucker
Correa	Mast	Steube
Davis, Danny K.	McEachin	Swalwell (CA)
Dunn	Meadows	Torres (CA)
Frankel	Meeks	Trone
Fulcher	Mooney (WV)	Yoho
Gabbard	Pingree	
Gohmert	Posey	

□ 1917

So the Journal was approved.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF S.J. RES. 7, DIRECTING THE REMOVAL OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES FROM HOSTILITIES IN THE REPUBLIC OF YEMEN THAT HAVE NOT BEEN AUTHORIZED BY CONGRESS; PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H. RES 271, CONDEMNING THE TRUMP ADMINISTRATION'S LEGAL CAMPAIGN TO TAKE AWAY AMERICANS' HEALTH CARE; AND PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF MOTIONS TO SUSPEND THE RULES

Mr. MCGOVERN, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 116-28) on the resolution (H. Res. 274) providing for consideration of the joint resolution (S.J. Res. 7) to direct the removal of United States Armed Forces from hostilities in the Republic of Yemen that have not been authorized by Congress; providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 271) Condemning the Trump Administration's Legal Campaign to Take Away Americans' Health Care; and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REQUEST TO CONSIDER H.R. 962, BORN-ALIVE ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT

Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota. Mr. Speaker, I rise this evening to request

unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from any further consideration of H.R. 962, the Born-Alive Abortion Survivor Protection Act, and I ask that it be taken up for immediate consideration by this body.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CASE). Under guidelines consistently issued by successive Speakers, as recorded in section 956 of the House Rules and Manual, the Chair is constrained not to entertain the request unless it has been cleared by the bipartisan floor and committee leaderships.

Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota. Mr. Speaker, if the unanimous consent cannot be entertained, I would then urge the Speaker and the majority leader to immediately—

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman has not been recognized for debate.

HONORING ELDER THYSON T. HALLEY

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Elder Thyson T. Halley for his advocacy and service on behalf of the deaf community.

At age 2, Elder Halley was diagnosed with spinal meningitis. Doctors said he would never again walk or talk.

Despite losing his hearing, Elder Halley has dedicated his life to helping the deaf community. Elder Halley got his associates degree in deaf studies, then went on to become a certified deaf interpreter.

His career as a deaf interpreter was inspired by a Biblical Scripture that says "go ye therefore and teach."

Over the years, Elder Halley has led deaf ministries throughout Newark, Jersey City, and across my district. He is the founder of His Hands Deaf and signing language and interpreter ministry of Chosen Generation Ministry in Newark. Through his ministry, Elder Halley has assisted with taking more than 1,500 underprivileged youth and parents to Disney World.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that my colleagues join me in honoring Elder Thyson T. Halley's service to the people of my district.

IN RECOGNITION OF DICK WILLIAMS

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Mr. Dick Williams, who retired last month from Fox 5's "The Georgia Gang" in Atlanta.

The brother of Representative ROGER WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. Dick Williams is truly one of the stalwarts of news in the State of Georgia. He has worked for

53 total years across various types of journalism, including TV, radio, and print. For the last 25 years, he has been the moderator of "The Georgia Gang," Georgia's longest running public affairs broadcast.

Mr. Williams and "The Georgia Gang" covered seemingly every topic imaginable, ranging from local politics, the 1996 Summer Olympics in Atlanta, scandals at city hall, missing children, and so much more.

The final taping of "The Georgia Gang" was March 5, but Mr. Williams will always be remembered as one of the most trusted figures in Georgia journalism.

Thank you, Mr. Williams, for your work in keeping our State informed.

LOTTIE GARCIA'S STORY

(Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise to share Lottie Garcia's story from The Hammocks, Miami.

After 29 radiation treatments and six sessions of chemotherapy, Lottie has beaten cancer. But, sadly, on a day that should be filled with joy and happiness, she felt deflated and petrified.

Why?

Even though Lottie is now living cancer free, she, like more than 300,000 people in my community, has a pre-existing condition. Every day, she and her husband, Richard, battle insurance companies for her care. She hears, every single day, President Trump and the Republican Party's nonstop attacks on the Affordable Care Act and its protections for people with pre-existing conditions.

Last week, Democrats took a stand. We introduced legislation that would prevent the administration from approving short-term health plans that are not required to comply with any of the Affordable Care Act's consumer protections. These are known as junk plans.

I stand here to reaffirm my commitment that I will fight to protect Lottie and every single Floridian who is living today with a preexisting condition.

IN RECOGNITION OF RON EMERSON

(Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Yorkville Village, Ohio, Council Member Ron Emerson for his commitment to the community and for the years he has served as a public servant.

Mr. Emerson has served the people of Yorkville, Ohio, for 56 years. He was first elected to the Yorkville Village Council in 1963 and worked tirelessly to help the people of his hometown.

During his tenure, he has supported many civic improvements, secured new

equipment for the police and fire departments, and even helped secure a World War II cannon for the local war memorial.

When Mr. Emerson is not serving the people of Yorkville, he can often be found at Ohio Stadium cheering on the Ohio State Buckeyes football team.

Yorkville will be better off for generations to come thanks to Mr. Emerson's service, and I am proud to call him not only a constituent, but a friend.

I applaud Mr. Emerson's commitment to making a difference in his community, and I urge my colleagues to join me in acknowledging his service.

JOHN LYNCH OF THUMBSUP4KINDNESS AND THE LUNCH WITH LYNCH FOUNDATION

(Mr. VAN DREW asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. VAN DREW. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor an outstanding member of New Jersey.

John Lynch has made it his life's work to give to the youth of South Jersey, including creating learning experiences in schools and helping children with life-threatening illnesses.

He established the Lunch With Lynch Foundation to help facilitate educational opportunities and learning experiences for the children of Wildwoods, New Jersey. As well, he established a ThumbsUp4Kindness organization to change the world one random act of kindness at a time.

For his outstanding community service, Lynch received the Presidential Community Service Lifetime Achievement Award after 30 years and 4,000 hours of serving his community.

Thank you, Mr. Lynch. Thank you for what you do for our community. South Jersey is honored to have you.

Let's all take a page out of John's book and try to be a little kinder to each other in this House, in this country, and in this world.

□ 1930

WELCOMING ALZHEIMER'S AMBASSADORS TO WASHINGTON

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to welcome Alzheimer's ambassadors to Washington, D.C., for the Alzheimer's Impact Movement Advocacy Forum.

Alzheimer's is the sixth leading cause of death in the United States, and it has reached crisis proportions. There is no effective treatment, no means of prevention, and no method for slowing the progression of the disease. Sadly, one in three seniors will die with the disease.

But this week, more than 1,000 advocates from across the country will gather for the 3-day event to help advance policies to improve the lives of all individuals affected by dementia.

Alzheimer's has a devastating impact upon those who are diagnosed with the disease, their caregivers, and their loved ones. More than 60 million Americans provide unpaid care to family and friends living with Alzheimer's and other dementias.

Mr. Speaker, I look forward to meeting with Alzheimer's ambassadors from my district this week. I admire their advocacy and commitment to raising awareness about Alzheimer's disease and their determination to never stop searching for a cure.

APRIL FOOLS AND THE MUELLER REPORT

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, the American public very much wants to see the full Mueller report. The Congress wants to see the full Mueller report. They want to know what is in there about the Russians interfering with our elections and if there is anything in there that shows obstruction of justice, which Mr. Trump, according to Mr. Mueller, was not exonerated for.

I am here to tell you, President Trump has said he wants the American people to see the entire report unredacted. He thinks the American public deserves to see everything in it about what the Russians did and whether or not he or any people in his administration talked to Russians or knew about Russian activity, whether there was even a scintilla of collusion, and whether there was any possibility of obstruction of justice.

That is President Trump today. April Fools.

EXPRESSING CONCERN OVER HANDLING OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my concerns over the handling of the Violence Against Women Act, known as VAWA, by the Democratic leadership.

A few weeks ago, Democratic leadership intentionally let the Violence Against Women Act expire when negotiating the reopening of the Federal Government during the shutdown rather than simply reauthorizing VAWA. That is because, instead, as we see now, they want to tack on additional partisan provisions, like gun control and many other ideas that have little to do with violence against women and this act.

We need to extend this program. We need to do a clean version of it that

would be noncontroversial and that is respectful to women and respectful to girls who are to be protected by this, which we could have done in the previous spending bill.

They want to use it, instead, to infringe upon our Second Amendment rights and do other things in a social agenda. That is not what that bill is or should be about. Piggybacking inappropriate and nongermane issues onto this bill is harmful to the women and girls we are trying to protect.

This legislation will make it more difficult for women to protect themselves with a firearm, for example. How does that make sense to anybody? We need a clean version of this bill.

HONORING THE LIFE OF JOHNNY KEITH WALLACE

(Mr. TAYLOR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the memory of Johnny Keith Wallace, who passed away on March 30, 2019.

Johnny Wallace was born on July 7, 1950, in Farmersville, Texas, and married his true love, Linda Ann Roland, on May 4, 1973. He valiantly served his country in the United States Army and served in Vietnam.

He returned to Texas and served 26 years as a member of the McKinney Fire Department, ultimately reaching the position of captain.

While I never had the privilege of knowing Johnny, his loved ones remember his commitment to his country, involvement in his community, and dedication to his family.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that the House spend a brief moment of silence in memory of Johnny Keith Wallace and that my colleagues keep his family and loved ones in their prayers during this difficult time.

HOUSE BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

The President notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates he had approved and signed bills and joint resolutions of the following titles:

January 18, 2019:

H.R. 251. An Act to extend by 15 months the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes.

January 24, 2019:

H.R. 259. An Act to extend the Medicaid Money Follows the Person Rebalancing demonstration, to extend protection for Medicaid recipients of home and community-based services against spousal impoverishment, and for other purposes.

H.R. 430. An Act to extend the program of block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families and related programs through June 30, 2019.

January 25, 2019:

H.J. Res. 28. A joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2019, and for other purposes.

February 15, 2019:

H.J. Res. 31. A joint resolution making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes.

February 21, 2019:

H.R. 439. An Act to amend the charter of the Future Farmers of America, and for other purposes.

SENATE BILLS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

The President notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates he had approved and signed bills of the Senate of the following titles:

January 16, 2019:

S. 24. An Act to provide for the compensation of Federal and other government employees affected by lapses in appropriations.

March 8, 2019:

S. 483. An Act to enact into law a bill by reference.

March 12, 2019:

S. 47. An Act to provide for the management of the natural resources of the United States, and for other purposes.

March 21, 2019:

S. 49. An Act to designate the outstation of the Department of Veterans Affairs in North Ogden, Utah, as the Major Brent Taylor Vet Center Outstation.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois (at the request of Mr. HOYER) for today.

JOINT RESOLUTION PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Cheryl L. Johnson, Clerk of the House, reported that on March 14, 2019, she presented to the President of the United States, for his approval, the following joint resolution:

H.J. Res. 46. Relating to a national emergency declared by the President on February 15, 2019.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 7 o'clock and 34 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, April 2, 2019, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

581. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; Massachusetts; Regional Haze Five-Year Progress Report State Implementation Plan [EPA-R01-OAR-2018-0791; FRL-9991-35-Region 1] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

582. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia; Maryland and Virginia Redesignation Requests and District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia Maintenance Plan for the Washington, DC-MD-VA 2008 Ozone Standard Nonattainment Area [EPA-R03-OAR-2018-0215; FRL-9991-44-Region 3] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

583. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; New York Ozone Section 185 [EPA-R02-OAR-2017-0094; FRL-9991-50-Region 2] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

584. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; Connecticut; Motor Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance Program Certification [EPA-R01-OAR-2016-0168; FRL-9991-34-Region 1] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

585. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Sulfometuron-methyl; Pesticide Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2017-0194; FRL-9989-65] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

586. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; North Dakota; Revisions to Air Pollution Control Rules [EPA-R08-OAR-2018-0026; FRL-9991-25-Region 8] received March 27, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

587. A letter from the Acting Commissioner, Social Security Administration, transmitting the Administration's FY 2018 No FEAR Act report, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 2301 note; Public Law 107-174, 203(a) (as amended by Public Law 109-435, Sec. 604(f)); (120 Stat. 3242); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. MCGOVERN: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 274. Resolution providing for consideration of the joint resolution (S.J. Res. 7) to direct the removal of United States Armed Forces from hostilities in the Republic of Yemen that have not been authorized by Congress; providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 271) Condemning the Trump Administration's Legal Campaign to Take Away Americans' Health Care; and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules (Rept. 116-28). Referred to the House Calendar.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following

titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. JEFFRIES (for himself and Mrs. ROBY):

H.R. 1999. A bill to amend the Trademark Act of 1946 to provide for the registration of marks consisting of the flag, coat of arms, or other official insignia of the United States, any State or municipality of the United States, or any foreign nation; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DELGADO (for himself, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, and Mr. HIGGINS of New York):

H.R. 2000. A bill to establish a public health plan; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. STIVERS (for himself and Mr. LOEBACK):

H.R. 2001. A bill to amend the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act to meet the needs of homeless children, youth, and families, and honor the assessments and priorities of local communities; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. YOHO, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, and Mr. CONNOLLY):

H.R. 2002. A bill to foster security in Taiwan, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. CUMMINGS (for himself, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. MEADOWS, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. YOUNG, and Mr. TAYLOR):

H.R. 2003. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to clarify that during a lapse in appropriations certain services relating to the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program are excepted services under the Anti-Deficiency Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mr. CUMMINGS (for himself, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. MEADOWS, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. YOUNG, and Mr. TAYLOR):

H.R. 2004. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to continue supplemental dental and vision benefits and long-term care insurance coverage for Federal employees affected by a Government shutdown, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Ms. UNDERWOOD (for herself, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. NORCROSS, and Ms. BONAMICI):

H.R. 2005. A bill to amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to provide for greater spousal protection under defined contribution plans, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SHALALA:

H.R. 2006. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide capacity-building assistance to institutions of higher education to examine and address inequities in college student access and success, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. BLUMENAUER (for himself and Mr. MCHENRY):

H.R. 2007. A bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a program for the automated disclosure of taxpayer information for third-party income verification, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BURCHETT:

H.R. 2008. A bill to prohibit the installation or display of art in any United States embassy, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. CLARKE of New York (for herself and Mr. UPTON):

H.R. 2009. A bill to amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act to provide equal coverage of in vitro specific IgE tests and percutaneous tests for allergies under the Medicare and Medicaid programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CONAWAY:

H.R. 2010. A bill to ensure that a woman seeking a chemical abortion is informed that it may be possible to reverse the intended effects of the abortion if the woman changes her mind, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. DEGETTE (for herself, Mr. REED, Ms. SCHRIER, and Mr. GUTHRIE):

H.R. 2011. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to the treatment under section 351(k)(7) of such Act (relating to exclusivity for reference products) of certain products deemed to have a biologics license pursuant to section 7002 of the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. DEGETTE:

H.R. 2012. A bill to amend the Controlled Substances Act to provide that Federal law shall not preempt State law; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. DELBENE (for herself, Miss RICE of New York, and Mr. SUOZZI):

H.R. 2013. A bill to require the Federal Trade Commission to promulgate regulations related to sensitive personal information, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. HARRIS (for himself, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. PALMER, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. SCALISE, Mr. WALKER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. LONG, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. FLORES, Mr. LATTA, Mr. AMASH, Mr. MOONEY of West Virginia, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. BANKS, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. GIANFORTE, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. ROY, Mr. BACON, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. DUFFY, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. BABIN, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, Mr. BARR, Mr. HICE of Georgia, Mr. RATCLIFFE, Mr. JORDAN, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. HILL of Arkansas, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. OLSON, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. MITCHELL, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. BUDD, Mr. KELLY of Pennsyl-

vania, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. COLLINS of New York, Mr. POSEY, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. JOHN W. ROSE of Tennessee, Mr. STEWART, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. MARCHANT, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. BRADY, Mr. COLE, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. WATKINS, Mr. CLOUD, Mr. STEUBE, Mr. YOHO, Mr. RUTHERFORD, and Mr. PALAZZO):

H.R. 2014. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to prohibit governmental discrimination against providers of health services that are not involved in abortion; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee (for himself, Mr. BRINDISI, and Mr. SMUCKER):

H.R. 2015. A bill to deter criminal robocall violations and improve enforcement of section 227(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. TED LIEU of California:

H.R. 2016. A bill to modify the authorized uses of certain property conveyed by the United States in Los Angeles, California; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. O'HALLERAN (for himself, Ms. HAALAND, Mr. COLE, and Mr. MULLIN):

H.R. 2017. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent the Indian employment credit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 2018. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to allow small business concerns, homeowners, or nonprofit entities to use certain Superstorm Sandy grant funds or other disaster assistance received to repay certain disaster assistance provided by the Small Business Administration, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ENGEL (for himself, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. YOHO, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. SIREN, and Mr. DIAZ-BALART):

H. Res. 273. A resolution reaffirming the United States commitment to Taiwan and to the implementation of the Taiwan Relations Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. BEATTY (for herself and Mr. STIVERS):

H. Res. 275. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of "Financial Literacy Month"; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Ms. JUDY CHU of California (for herself, Ms. NORTON, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. SWALWELL of California, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. CORREA, Mr. BEYER, Mr. RYAN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, and Ms. OMAR):

H. Res. 276. A resolution recognizing American Muslims' history and contributions to our Nation; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mrs. LOWEY (for herself and Mr. CHABOT):

H. Res. 277. A resolution affirming the importance of access to safe, quality education, including protection from attacks on education, for children in conflict settings; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. MOORE (for herself, Ms. HAALAND, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Mr. COLE):

H. Res. 278. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives to recognize the crisis of violence against Native women; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD (for herself, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. CISNEROS, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. COX of California, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. HASTINGS, Ms. MOORE, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. SABLAN, and Mr. SCHIFF):

H. Res. 279. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of National Public Health Week; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

14. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the State of Ohio, relative to Senate Resolution No. 41, urging the Congress of the United States, as expeditiously as possible, to enact a Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. JEFFRIES:

H.R. 1999.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause)

By Mr. DELGADO:

H.R. 2000.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I of the Constitution

By Mr. STIVERS:

H.R. 2001.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8, clause 1 (relating to the general welfare of the United States) and clause 3 (relating to the power to regulate interstate commerce).

By Mr. MCCAUL:

H.R. 2002.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. CUMMINGS:

H.R. 2003.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States grants Congress the power to enact this law.

By Mr. CUMMINGS:

H.R. 2004.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States grants Congress the power to enact this law.

By Ms. UNDERWOOD:
H.R. 2005.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. SHALALA:
H.R. 2006.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises, to pay the Debts, and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. BLUMENAUER:
H.R. 2007.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to the Congress under Article I, Section 8, clauses 1 and 18 of the Constitution.

By Mr. BURCHETT:
H.R. 2008.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article IV,
Section 3, Clause 2. The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

By Ms. CLARKE of New York:
H.R. 2009.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. CONAWAY:
H.R. 2010.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8

By Ms. DEGETTE:
H.R. 2011.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3—Commerce Clause

By Ms. DEGETTE:
H.R. 2012.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Amendment X to the Constitution of the United States of America

By Ms. DELBENE:
H.R. 2013.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. HARRIS:
H.R. 2014.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
This bill makes specific changes to existing law in a manner that provides conscience protection in accord with the 1st Amendment of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee:
H.R. 2015.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Under Article I, Section 8, the Necessary and Proper Clause. Congress shall have power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers and all Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. TED LIEU of California:
H.R. 2016.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8

By Mr. O'HALLERAN:
H.R. 2017.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
—Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:
H.R. 2018.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

- H.R. 6: Mr. LOESACK.
- H.R. 9: Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. DELGADO, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. GOLDEN, Mr. HECK, Ms. SHALALA, Mr. BERA, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. VEASEY, and Mr. GARAMENDI.
- H.R. 38: Mr. KATKO and Mrs. ROBY.
- H.R. 41: Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, and Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ.
- H.R. 101: Mrs. DEMINGS, Mr. ROONEY of Florida, and Mr. MAST.
- H.R. 132: Mr. MCCAUL.
- H.R. 141: Mrs. AXNE.
- H.R. 230: Mr. GALLEGO.
- H.R. 312: Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas and Ms. HAALAND.
- H.R. 333: Mr. KILMER, Mr. COLE, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. VELA, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mrs. DAVIS of California, and Ms. DELBENE.
- H.R. 375: Mr. CALVERT, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, and Mr. CÁRDENAS.
- H.R. 500: Mr. COHEN, Mr. CONAWAY, Mr. WILLIAMS, and Mrs. WAGNER.
- H.R. 511: Mr. SCHNEIDER.
- H.R. 540: Ms. DELBENE and Mr. TAYLOR.
- H.R. 553: Mrs. AXNE, Mr. KING of New York, and Mr. HECK.
- H.R. 600: Mrs. LESKO.
- H.R. 613: Mr. KIM and Mr. DESJARLAIS.
- H.R. 647: Mr. KING of New York.
- H.R. 677: Ms. FRANKEL.
- H.R. 683: Mr. RASKIN and Mr. ESPAILLAT.
- H.R. 689: Ms. JACKSON LEE.
- H.R. 692: Mr. PERRY, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. FLORES.
- H.R. 693: Mr. SCHWEIKERT and Mr. UPTON.
- H.R. 712: Mr. KIM.
- H.R. 721: Mr. MOOLENAAR and Mr. GOLDEN.
- H.R. 729: Mr. LARSEN of Washington.
- H.R. 808: Mr. MEEKS.
- H.R. 827: Mr. TIPTON.
- H.R. 832: Mr. GROTHMAN.
- H.R. 837: Mr. BERGMAN.
- H.R. 838: Mr. VELA, Mr. PALMER, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mr. HUDSON.
- H.R. 864: Mr. UPTON.
- H.R. 865: Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. ROUDA, and Ms. PORTER.
- H.R. 874: Ms. LOFGREN.
- H.R. 921: Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. CISNEROS, and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN.
- H.R. 935: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia and Mr. LUJÁN.
- H.R. 943: Mr. CRENSHAW.
- H.R. 956: Mr. GOODEN.
- H.R. 965: Mr. TONKO, Mr. GOHMERT, and Mr. VAN DREW.
- H.R. 969: Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH.
- H.R. 986: Mr. VAN DREW.
- H.R. 987: Mr. VAN DREW.
- H.R. 989: Mr. COMER and Mr. THOMPSON of California.

- H.R. 997: Mr. BYRNE.
- H.R. 1002: Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. UPTON, and Ms. PORTER.
- H.R. 1018: Mr. SMITH of Washington.
- H.R. 1034: Mr. GOHMERT.
- H.R. 1042: Mr. UPTON.
- H.R. 1044: Mr. HORSFORD.
- H.R. 1058: Mr. ROSE of New York, Mr. POCAN, and Mr. RUPPERSBERGER.
- H.R. 1108: Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. FERGUSON, Mr. MEUSER, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. PETERS, Mr. PRESSLEY, and Mr. SIMPSON.
- H.R. 1154: Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mrs. AXNE, and Mr. HIGGINS of New York.
- H.R. 1174: Mr. KILMER, Ms. HAALAND, Mrs. LURIA, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. SWALWELL of California, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mr. TURNER, and Mr. KIM.
- H.R. 1184: Mr. HUFFMAN.
- H.R. 1236: Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. BERA, Ms. HOULAHAN, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. HIMES, Mr. ROUDA, Ms. SHALALA, Mr. CISNEROS, Mrs. DAVIS of California, and Mr. GARAMENDI.
- H.R. 1237: Mrs. LURIA and Mr. CASE.
- H.R. 1244: Ms. SCANLON and Ms. FRANKEL.
- H.R. 1301: Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. GOLDEN, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, and Mr. KING of Iowa.
- H.R. 1317: Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Mr. CASE.
- H.R. 1322: Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas and Mr. COHEN.
- H.R. 1327: Mrs. FLETCHER and Ms. FINKENAUER.
- H.R. 1342: Mr. GIANFORTE.
- H.R. 1345: Mrs. LURIA.
- H.R. 1364: Mrs. CRAIG, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. KILDEE, and Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia.
- H.R. 1366: Mr. CRENSHAW and Mr. GOTTHEIMER.
- H.R. 1398: Mr. COLE, Mr. ESTES, Mr. CRIST, Mr. GOHMERT, and Mr. HUDSON.
- H.R. 1421: Ms. LOFGREN.
- H.R. 1497: Ms. MOORE, Ms. TITUS, Mrs. CRAIG, and Mr. MALINOWSKI.
- H.R. 1499: Mr. VAN DREW and Ms. CLARKE of New York.
- H.R. 1507: Ms. BROWNLEY of California.
- H.R. 1517: Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. DEAN, and Ms. BROWNLEY of California.
- H.R. 1520: Mr. BURGESS and Ms. MATSUI.
- H.R. 1534: Mr. LOWENTHAL.
- H.R. 1549: Mr. PAPPAS.
- H.R. 1553: Mr. GOHMERT.
- H.R. 1554: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
- H.R. 1557: Ms. FINKENAUER.
- H.R. 1595: Mrs. LURIA.
- H.R. 1597: Mr. RIGGLEMAN, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. WALBERG, and Mr. RYAN.
- H.R. 1605: Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee and Mr. MARSHALL.
- H.R. 1622: Mr. WELCH.
- H.R. 1629: Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. MCKINLEY, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, and Mr. GREEN of Tennessee.
- H.R. 1638: Mr. COLE.
- H.R. 1641: Mr. MEADOWS.
- H.R. 1643: Ms. FRANKEL.
- H.R. 1644: Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. PERLMUTTER, Mr. TED LIEU of California, and Ms. TITUS.
- H.R. 1687: Ms. GABBARD.
- H.R. 1694: Ms. DELAURO.
- H.R. 1695: Mr. KIND and Mrs. CRAIG.
- H.R. 1741: Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Mr. HILL of Arkansas, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. WESTERMAN, Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER, Mr. FLORES, Mr. OLSON, Mr. BACON, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. WOMACK, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. MCCAUL, and Mr. BALDERSON.
- H.R. 1749: Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York and Mr. GOSAR.

H.R. 1753: Mr. LUETKEMEYER.
 H.R. 1769: Mrs. CRAIG and Mr. FULCHER.
 H.R. 1770: Mr. POCAN.
 H.R. 1771: Mr. BEYER.
 H.R. 1777: Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mrs. CRAIG, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, and Mr. QUIGLEY.
 H.R. 1786: Ms. BASS, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. GALLEGO, Ms. SHALALA, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, and Mr. KING of New York.
 H.R. 1826: Ms. DEAN and Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania.
 H.R. 1830: Mr. HORSFORD.
 H.R. 1837: Mr. HARRIS, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. CRENSHAW, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. SARBANES, Mrs. RADEWAGEN, Mr. TRONE, Mr. LONG, Mr. THORNBERRY, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. COLLINS of New York, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. DAVID P. ROE of Tennessee, and Mr. GIANFORTE.
 H.R. 1840: Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. RUSH, and Ms. KELLY of Illinois.
 H.R. 1841: Mr. WATKINS.
 H.R. 1850: Mr. FLORES.
 H.R. 1857: Mrs. CRAIG and Ms. FRANKEL.
 H.R. 1860: Mr. BILIRAKIS.
 H.R. 1863: Mr. BROWN of Maryland and Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire.
 H.R. 1893: Ms. BARRAGÁN.

H.R. 1896: Mr. KIM, Mr. CARTER of Texas, and Mr. CROW.
 H.R. 1899: Ms. MENG.
 H.R. 1921: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
 H.R. 1935: Mr. BACON and Mr. MOOLENAAR.
 H.R. 1943: Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, and Mr. VELA.
 H.R. 1944: Mr. GREEN of Tennessee and Mr. KING of Iowa.
 H.R. 1948: Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, and Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York.
 H. Con. Res. 25: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.
 H. Res. 23: Mrs. CRAIG, Mr. KIM, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. DESAULNIER, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. CLAY, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, and Mr. LEVIN of California.
 H. Res. 60: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mr. STANTON.
 H. Res. 107: Mrs. HARTZLER.
 H. Res. 171: Mr. CARSON of Indiana and Ms. FINKENAUER.
 H. Res. 231: Mr. CISNEROS, Mr. COHEN, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. MOORE, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, and Ms. TITUS.

H. Res. 246: Mr. AMODEI, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. LAMB, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. TRONE, Mr. LONG, Mr. THORNBERRY, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. COHEN, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, and Mr. PANETTA.
 H. Res. 268: Mr. KING of Iowa.
 H. Res. 270: Mr. HIMES and Mr. CARTER of Texas.

CONGRESSIONAL EARMARKS, LIMITED TAX BENEFITS, OR LIMITED TARIFF BENEFITS

Under clause 9 of rule XXI, lists or statements on congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits were submitted as follows:

OFFERED BY MR. ENGEL

The provisions that warranted a referral to the Committee on Foreign Affairs in S.J. Res. 7 do not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI.