



United States
of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 116th CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Vol. 165

WASHINGTON, MONDAY, JUNE 3, 2019

No. 92

House of Representatives

The House met at 2 p.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. GOMEZ).

DESIGNATION OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,
June 3, 2019.

I hereby appoint the Honorable JIMMY GOMEZ to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer: Eternal God, we give You thanks for giving us another day.

We thank You once again that we can come before You and ask guidance for the men and women of this assembly. Send Your spirit of peace, honesty, and fairness during this week that the House has returned.

Bless the people of this great Nation with wisdom, knowledge, and understanding, that they might reasonably participate in our American democracy.

Please keep all who work for the people's House in good health. We thank You for their generosity, and the tremendous job so many did so that millions of Americans could enjoy a wonderful Capitol concert celebrating Memorial Day.

Bless us this day and every day. May all that is done be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the

last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 1, rule I, I demand a vote on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8, rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. WILSON) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

CONGRATULATIONS, PRIME MINISTER MODI

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, congratulations to Prime Minister Narendra Modi for his landslide victory on May 23, as 600 million Indians went to the polls.

After the elections, Prime Minister Modi called for a "strong and inclusive India." According to The Washington

Times, Modi said, "This election has become a movement of social unity," and that his government would work to earn the trust of all Indians, including religious minorities such as Muslims and Christians.

India's rising global standing is due in large part to the leadership of Prime Minister Modi, who has promoted free enterprise to create jobs. His reelection reinforces the strategic partnership between India and the United States.

Best wishes to Prime Minister Modi on his next term. India is appreciated as the world's largest democracy by America, which is the oldest democracy. India is well represented in Washington by Ambassador Harsh Vardhan Shringla.

In conclusion, God bless our troops, and we will never forget September the 11th in the global war on terrorism.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 4 of rule I, the following enrolled bill was signed by Speaker pro tempore RASKIN on Thursday, May 30, 2019:

S. 1693, to reauthorize the National Flood Insurance Program.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 3 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 4 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1500

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. CUELLAR) at 3 p.m.

□ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., □ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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H4183

REPORT ON H.R. 3052, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2020

Ms. MCCOLLUM, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 116-100) on the bill (H.R. 3052) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior, Environment, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, which was referred to the Union Calendar and ordered to be printed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1, rule XXI, all points of order are reserved on the bill.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or votes objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2019

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 2157) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes. The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the Senate amendment is as follows:

Senate amendment:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

The following sums in this Act are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS
PROCESSING, RESEARCH AND MARKETING
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For an additional amount for the "Office of the Secretary", \$3,005,442,000, which shall remain available until December 31, 2020, for necessary expenses related to losses of crops (including milk, on-farm stored commodities, crops prevented from planting in 2019, and harvested adulterated wine grapes), trees, bushes, and vines, as a consequence of Hurricanes Michael and Florence, other hurricanes, floods, tornadoes, typhoons, volcanic activity, snowstorms, and wildfires occurring in calendar years 2018 and 2019 under such terms and conditions as determined by the Secretary: Provided, That the Secretary may provide assistance for such losses in the form of block grants to eligible states and territories and such assistance may include compensation to producers, as determined by the Secretary, for forest restoration and poultry and livestock losses: Provided further, That of the amounts provided under this heading, tree assistance payments may be made under section 1501(e) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9081(e)) to eligible orchardists or nursery tree growers (as defined in such section) of pecan

trees with a tree mortality rate that exceeds 7.5 percent (adjusted for normal mortality) and is less than 15 percent (adjusted for normal mortality), to be available until expended, for losses incurred during the period beginning January 1, 2018, and ending December 31, 2018: Provided further, That in the case of producers impacted by volcanic activity that resulted in the loss of crop land, or access to crop land, the Secretary shall consider all measures available, as appropriate, to bring replacement land into production: Provided further, That of the amounts provided under this heading, not more than \$7,000,000 shall be available to make payments to agricultural producers whose Whole Farm Revenue Protection indemnity payments were reduced following 2018 crop year losses due to assistance received through state-legislated agriculture disaster assistance programs: Provided further, That the total amount of payments received under this heading and applicable policies of crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or the Non-insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) under section 196 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333) shall not exceed 90 percent of the loss as determined by the Secretary: Provided further, That the total amount of payments received under this heading for producers who did not obtain a policy or plan of insurance for an insurable commodity for the applicable crop year under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) for the crop incurring the losses or did not file the required paperwork and pay the service fee by the applicable State filing deadline for a noninsurable commodity for the applicable crop year under NAP for the crop incurring the losses shall not exceed 70 percent of the loss as determined by the Secretary: Provided further, That in the case of a crop under this heading for which the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation offers a revenue insurance policy under section 508 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508), the Secretary shall use the greater of the projected price or the harvest price for such crop to determine the expected value of such crop: Provided further, That producers receiving payments under this heading, as determined by the Secretary, shall be required to purchase crop insurance where crop insurance is available for the next two available crop years, excluding tree insurance policies, and producers receiving payments under this heading shall be required to purchase coverage under NAP where crop insurance is not available in the next two available crop years, as determined by the Secretary: Provided further, That, not later than 120 days after the end of fiscal year 2019, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress specifying the type, amount, and method of such assistance by state and territory: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

EMERGENCY FOREST RESTORATION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the "Emergency Forest Restoration Program", for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence and wildfires occurring in calendar year 2018, tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019, and other natural disasters, \$480,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the "Emergency Conservation Program", for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence and wildfires occurring in

calendar year 2018, tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019, and other natural disasters, \$558,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations", for necessary expenses for the Emergency Watershed Protection Program related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence and wildfires occurring in calendar year 2018, tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019, and other natural disasters, \$435,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT

RURAL COMMUNITY FACILITIES PROGRAM
ACCOUNT

For an additional amount for the cost of grants for rural community facilities programs as authorized by section 306 and described in section 381E(d)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence and wildfires occurring in calendar year 2018, tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019, and other natural disasters, \$150,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That sections 381E-H and 381N of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act are not applicable to the funds made available under this heading: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS TITLE

SEC. 101. In addition to amounts otherwise made available, out of the funds made available under section 18 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, \$25,200,000 shall be available for the Secretary to provide a grant to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands for disaster nutrition assistance in response to the Presidentially declared major disasters and emergencies: Provided, That funds made available to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands under this section shall remain available for obligation by the Commonwealth until September 30, 2020: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 102. For purposes of administering title I of subdivision 1 of division B of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-123), losses to agricultural producers resulting from hurricanes shall also include losses incurred from Tropical Storm Cindy, losses of peach and blueberry crops in calendar year 2017 due to extreme cold, and blueberry productivity losses in calendar year 2018 due to extreme cold and hurricane damage in calendar year 2017: Provided, That the amounts provided by this section are designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That amounts repurposed under this section that were previously designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 103. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a person or legal entity is not eligible

to receive a payment under the Market Facilitation Program established pursuant to the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.) if the average adjusted gross income of such person or legal entity is greater than \$900,000.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a person or legal entity if at least 75 percent of the adjusted gross income of such person or legal entity is derived from farming, ranching, or forestry related activities.

(b) In this section, the term “average adjusted gross income” has the meaning given the term defined in section 760.1502 of title 7 Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect July 18, 2018).

(c) The amount provided by this section is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 104. In addition to other amounts made available by section 309 of division A of the Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2017 (Public Law 115–72; 131 Stat. 1229), there is appropriated to the Secretary, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, \$600,000,000 to provide a grant to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for disaster nutrition assistance in response to a major disaster or emergency designated by the President under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.): Provided, That the funds made available to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico under this section shall remain available for obligation by the Commonwealth until September 30, 2020, and shall be in addition to funds otherwise made available: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(A)(i)).

SEC. 105. There is hereby appropriated \$5,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2020, for the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct an independent study, including a survey of participants, to compare the impact of the additional benefits provided by section 309 of Public Law 115–72 to the food insecurity, health status, and well-being of low-income residents in Puerto Rico without such additional benefits: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 106. In addition to amounts otherwise made available, out of the funds made available under section 18 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, \$18,000,000 shall be available for the Secretary to provide a grant to American Samoa for disaster nutrition assistance in response to the presidentially declared major disasters and emergencies: Provided, That funds made available to the territory under this section shall remain available for obligation by the territory until September 30, 2020: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 107. Beginning not later than the 2020 reinsurance year, the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation shall offer coverage under the wholefarm revenue protection insurance policy (or a successor policy or plan of insurance) for hemp (as defined in section 297A of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639o)): Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 108. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any rural community impacted by major declared disaster DR–4407 may have the gov-

ernor in the affected state, or the governor’s designee, certify the area’s population as a rural area with respect to eligibility for loans, grants, and technical assistance under rural development programs funded by the Department of Agriculture until data from the 2020 United States Census is available: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Pursuant to section 703 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act (42 U.S.C. 3233), for an additional amount for “Economic Development Assistance Programs” for necessary expenses related to flood mitigation, disaster relief, long-term recovery, and restoration of infrastructure in areas that received a major disaster designation as a result of Hurricanes Florence, Michael, and Lane, Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut, and of wildfires, volcanic eruptions, earthquakes, and other natural disasters occurring in calendar year 2018, and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), \$600,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That within the amount appropriated, up to 2 percent of funds may be transferred to the “Salaries and Expenses” account for administration and oversight activities: Provided further, That within the amount appropriated, \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to the “Office of Inspector General” account for carrying out investigations and audits related to the funding provided under this heading.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for “Operations, Research, and Facilities” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Yutu, and of wildfires, \$120,570,000, to remain available until September 30, 2020, as follows:

- (1) \$3,000,000 for repair and replacement of observing assets, real property, and equipment;
- (2) \$11,000,000 for marine debris assessment and removal;
- (3) \$31,570,000 for mapping, charting, and geodesy services;
- (4) \$25,000,000 to improve: (a) hurricane intensity forecasting, including through deployment of unmanned ocean observing platforms and enhanced data assimilation; (b) flood prediction, forecasting, and mitigation capabilities; and (c) wildfire prediction, detection, and forecasting; and
- (5) \$50,000,000 for Title IX Fund grants as authorized under section 906(c) of division O of Public Law 114–113:

Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall submit a spending plan to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate for funding provided under subsection (4) of this heading within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

PROCUREMENT, ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for “Procurement, Acquisition and Construction”, \$25,000,000, to

remain available until September 30, 2021, for improvements to operational and research weather supercomputing infrastructure and satellite ground services used for hurricane intensity and track prediction; flood prediction, forecasting, and mitigation; and wildfire prediction, detection, and forecasting: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall submit a spending plan to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

FISHERY DISASTER ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for “Fishery Disaster Assistance” for necessary expenses associated with the mitigation of fishery disasters, \$150,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That funds shall be used for mitigating the effects of commercial fishery failures and fishery resource disasters declared by the Secretary of Commerce, including those declared by the Secretary to be a direct result of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and Typhoon Yutu, \$1,336,000: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for “Buildings and Facilities” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and Typhoon Yutu, \$28,400,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RELATED AGENCIES

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

For an additional amount for “Payment to the Legal Services Corporation” to carry out the purposes of the Legal Services Corporation Act by providing for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence, Michael, and Lane, Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut, calendar year 2018 wildfires, volcanic eruptions, and earthquakes, and calendar year 2019 tornadoes and floods, \$15,000,000: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act to the Legal Services Corporation shall be expended for any purpose prohibited or limited by, or contrary to any of the provisions of, sections 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, and 506 of Public Law 105–119, and all funds appropriated in this Act to the Legal Services Corporation shall be subject to the same terms and conditions set forth in such sections, except that all references in sections 502 and 503 to 1997 and 1998 shall be deemed to refer instead to 2018 and 2019, respectively, and except that sections 501 and 503 of Public Law 104–134 (referred by Public Law 105–119) shall not apply

to the amount made available under this heading: Provided further, That, for the purposes of this Act, the Legal Services Corporation shall be considered an agency of the United States Government.

TITLE III

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS

For an additional amount for "Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps", \$381,000,000, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for "Operation and Maintenance, Air Force", \$670,000,000, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael and Florence and floods occurring in calendar year 2019: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE

SEC. 301. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds made available under each heading in this title shall only be used for the purposes specifically described under that heading.

TITLE IV

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

INVESTIGATIONS

For an additional amount for "Investigations" for necessary expenses related to the completion, or initiation and completion, of flood and storm damage reduction, including shore protection, studies which are currently authorized or which are authorized after the date of enactment of this Act, to reduce risk from future floods and hurricanes, at full Federal expense, \$35,000,000, to remain available until expended, for high priority studies of projects in States and insular areas that were impacted by Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and Tropical Storm Gita: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall provide a monthly report directly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and the Senate detailing the allocation and obligation of these funds, including new studies selected to be initiated using funds provided under this heading, beginning not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction" for necessary expenses, \$740,000,000, to remain available until expended, to construct flood and storm damage reduction, including shore protection, projects which are currently authorized or which are authorized after the date of enactment of this Act, and flood and storm damage reduction, including shore protection, projects which have signed Chief's Reports as of the date of enactment of this Act or which are studied using funds provided under the heading "Investigations" if the Secretary determines such projects to be technically feasible, economically justified, and environmentally acceptable, in States and insular areas that were impacted by Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and Tropical Storm Gita: Provided, That projects receiving funds provided under the first proviso in "Title IV—Corps of Engineers—Civil—Department of the Army—Construction" in Public Law 115-123

shall not be eligible for funding provided under this heading: Provided further, That for projects receiving funds provided under this heading, the provisions of Section 902 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1986 shall not apply to these funds: Provided further, That the completion of ongoing construction projects receiving funds provided under this heading shall be at full Federal expense with respect to such funds: Provided further, That using funds provided under this heading, the non-Federal cash contribution for projects other than ongoing construction projects shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of section 103(k) of Public Law 99-662 over a period of 30 years from the date of completion of the project or separable element: Provided further, That up to \$25,000,000 of the funds made available under this heading shall be used for continuing authorities projects to reduce the risk of flooding and storm damage: Provided further, That any projects using funds appropriated under this heading shall be initiated only after non-Federal interests have entered into binding agreements with the Secretary requiring, where applicable, the non-Federal interests to pay 100 percent of the operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, and rehabilitation costs of the project and to hold and save the United States free from damages due to the construction or operation and maintenance of the project, except for damages due to the fault or negligence of the United States or its contractors: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall provide a monthly report directly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate detailing the allocation and obligation of these funds, beginning not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES

For an additional amount for "Mississippi River and Tributaries" for necessary expenses to address emergency situations at Corps of Engineers projects and rehabilitate and repair damages to Corps of Engineers projects, caused by natural disasters, \$575,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall provide a monthly report directly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate detailing the allocation and obligation of these funds, beginning not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For an additional amount for "Operation and Maintenance" for necessary expenses to dredge Federal navigation projects in response to, and repair damages to Corps of Engineers Federal projects caused by, natural disasters, \$908,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which such sums as are necessary to cover the Federal share of eligible operation and maintenance costs for coastal harbors and channels, and for inland harbors shall be derived from the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall provide a monthly report directly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate detailing the allocation and obligation of these funds, beginning not

later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Flood Control and Coastal Emergencies", as authorized by section 5 of the Act of August 18, 1941 (33 U.S.C. 701n), for necessary expenses to prepare for flood, hurricane and other natural disasters and support emergency operations, repairs, and other activities in response to such disasters, as authorized by law, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That funding utilized for authorized shore protection projects shall restore such projects to the full project profile at full Federal expense: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall provide a monthly report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate detailing the allocation and obligation of these funds, beginning not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

CENTRAL UTAH PROJECT

CENTRAL UTAH PROJECT COMPLETION ACCOUNT

For an additional amount for "Central Utah Project Completion Account", \$350,000, to be deposited into the Utah Reclamation Mitigation and Conservation Account for use by the Utah Reclamation Mitigation and Conservation Commission, to remain available until expended, for expenses necessary in carrying out fire remediation activities related to wildfires in 2018: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

WATER AND RELATED RESOURCES

For an additional amount for "Water and Related Resources", \$15,500,000, to remain available until expended, for fire remediation and suppression emergency assistance related to wildfires in 2017 and 2018: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE V

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

REAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

For an additional amount, to be deposited in the Federal Buildings Fund, \$91,200,000, to remain available until expended, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricane Florence for repair and alteration of buildings under the custody and control of the Administrator of General Services, and real property management and related activities not otherwise provided for: Provided, That such amount may be used to reimburse the Fund for obligations incurred for this purpose prior to the date of the enactment of this Act: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE VI

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SECURITY, ENFORCEMENT, AND

INVESTIGATIONS

COAST GUARD

OPERATIONS AND SUPPORT

For an additional amount for "Operations and Support" for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael, Florence, and Lane, Tropical Storm Gordon, and

Typhoon Mangkhut, \$48,977,000; of which \$46,977,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2020, and of which \$2,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2023, for environmental compliance and restoration: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

PROCUREMENT, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

For an additional amount for “Procurement, Construction, and Improvements” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Michael, Florence, and Lane, Tropical Storm Gordon, and Typhoon Mangkhut, \$476,755,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS TITLE

SEC. 601. In implementing section 20601 of Public Law 115–123, the Administrator shall include the costs associated with addressing pre-disaster condition, undamaged components, codes and standards, and industry standards in the cost of repair when calculating the percentage in section 206.226(f) of title 44, Code of Federal Regulations: Provided, That amounts repurposed under this section that were previously designated by the Congress, respectively, as an emergency requirement or as being for disaster relief pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act are designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 or as being for disaster relief pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 602. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds made available under each heading in this title shall only be used for the purposes specifically described under that heading.

TITLE VII

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for “Construction” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence, Lane, and Michael, and flooding associated with major declared disaster DR–4365, and calendar year 2018 earthquakes, \$82,400,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of this amount \$50,000,000 shall be used to restore and rebuild national wildlife refuges and increase the resiliency and capacity of coastal habitat and infrastructure to withstand storms and reduce the amount of damage caused by such storms: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

For an additional amount for the “Historic Preservation Fund” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and Typhoon Yutu, \$50,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, including costs to States and territories necessary to complete compliance activities required by section 306108 of title 54, United States Code (formerly section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act) and costs needed to administer the program: Provided, That grants shall only be available for areas that have received a major disaster declaration pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emer-

gency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.): Provided further, That individual grants shall not be subject to a non-Federal matching requirement: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for “Construction” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut, and calendar year 2018 wildfires, earthquakes, and volcanic eruptions, \$78,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

For an additional amount for “Surveys, Investigations, and Research” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and calendar year 2018 wildfires, earthquake damage associated with emergency declaration EM–3410, and in those areas impacted by a major disaster declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) with respect to calendar year 2018 wildfires or volcanic eruptions, \$98,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of this amount, \$72,310,000 is for costs related to the repair and replacement of equipment and facilities damaged by disasters in 2018: Provided further, That, not later than 90 days after enactment of this Act, the Survey shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations that describes the potential options to replace the facility damaged by the 2018 volcano disaster along with cost estimates and a description of how the Survey will provide direct access for monitoring volcanic activity and the potential threat to at-risk communities: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

INSULAR AFFAIRS

ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES

For an additional amount for “Technical Assistance” for financial management expenses related to the consequences of Typhoon Yutu, \$2,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of major disasters declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) in 2018, \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

For an additional amount for “Science and Technology” for necessary expenses related to improving preparedness of the water sector, \$600,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency require-

ment pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TRUST
FUND PROGRAM

For an additional amount for “Leaking Underground Storage Tank Fund” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, calendar year 2018 earthquakes, and Typhoon Yutu, \$1,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS

For additional amounts for “State and Tribal Assistance Grants” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and calendar year 2018 earthquakes for the hazardous waste financial assistance grants program, \$1,500,000, to remain available until expended; for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Typhoon Yutu for the hazardous waste financial assistance grants program and for other solid waste management activities, \$56,000,000, to remain available until expended, provided that none of these funds shall be subject to section 3011(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act; and for grants under section 106 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended, to address impacts of Hurricane Florence, Hurricane Michael, Typhoon Yutu, and calendar year 2018 wildfires, notwithstanding subsections (b), (e), and (f), of such section: Provided, That such amounts are designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

For an additional amount for “State and Tribal Assistance Grants”, \$349,400,000 to remain available until expended, of which \$53,300,000 shall be for capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Funds under title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and of which \$296,100,000 shall be for capitalization grants under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act: Provided, That notwithstanding section 604(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and section 1452(a)(1)(D) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, funds appropriated herein shall be provided to States or Territories in EPA Regions 4, 9, and 10 in amounts determined by the Administrator for wastewater treatment works and drinking water facilities impacted by Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Yutu, and calendar year 2018 wildfires and earthquakes: Provided further, That notwithstanding the requirements of section 603(i) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and section 1452(d) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, for the funds appropriated herein, each State shall use not less than 20 percent but not more than 30 percent of the amount of its capitalization grants to provide additional subsidization to eligible recipients in the form of forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans or grants or any combination of these: Provided further, That the Administrator shall retain \$10,400,000 of the funds appropriated herein for grants for drinking water facilities and waste water treatment plants impacted by Typhoon Yutu: Provided further, That the funds appropriated herein shall be used for eligible projects whose purpose is to reduce flood or fire damage risk and vulnerability or to enhance resiliency to rapid hydrologic change or natural disaster at treatment works as defined by section 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or any eligible facilities under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, and for other eligible tasks at such treatment works or facilities necessary to further such purposes: Provided further, That the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may retain up to \$1,000,000 of the

funds appropriated herein for management and oversight: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

For an additional amount for “Forest and Rangeland Research” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and the calendar year 2018 wildfires, \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended for the forest inventory and analysis program: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

For an additional amount for “State and Private Forestry” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and the calendar year 2018 wildfires, \$12,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

For an additional amount for “National Forest System” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and the calendar year 2018 wildfires, \$84,960,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of this amount \$21,000,000 shall be used for hazardous fuels management activities: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND MAINTENANCE

For an additional amount for “Capital Improvement and Maintenance” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, and the calendar year 2018 wildfires, \$36,040,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Wildland Fire Management”, \$720,271,000, to remain available through September 30, 2022, for urgent wildland fire suppression operations: Provided, That such funds shall be solely available to be transferred to and merged with other appropriations accounts from which funds were previously transferred for wildland fire suppression in fiscal year 2018 to fully repay those amounts: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

For an additional amount for “National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences” for necessary expenses in carrying out activities set forth in section 311(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9660(a)) and sec-

tion 126(g) of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 related to the consequences of major disasters declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) in 2018, \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE

SEC. 701. Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the agencies receiving funds appropriated by this title shall provide a detailed operating plan of anticipated uses of funds made available in this title by State and Territory, and by program, project, and activity, to the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That no such funds shall be obligated before the operating plans are provided to the Committees: Provided further, That such plans shall be updated, including obligations to date, and submitted to the Committees on Appropriations every 60 days until all such funds are expended.

TITLE VIII

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Training and Employment Services”, \$50,000,000, for the displaced workers assistance national reserve for necessary expenses directly related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, wildfires and earthquakes occurring in calendar year 2018, and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 (referred to under this heading as “covered disaster or emergency”), to remain available through September 30, 2020: Provided, That the Secretary of Labor may transfer up to \$1,000,000 of such funds to any other Department of Labor account for reconstruction and recovery needs, including worker protection activities: Provided further, That these sums may be used to replace grant funds previously obligated to the impacted areas: Provided further, That of the amount provided, up to \$500,000, to remain available until expended, shall be transferred to “Office of Inspector General” for oversight of activities responding to such covered disaster or emergency: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR THE CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

For an additional amount for “Payments to States for the Child Care and Development Block Grant”, \$30,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021, for necessary expenses directly related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and wildfires and earthquakes occurring in calendar year 2018 and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 in those areas for which a major disaster or emergency has been declared under section 401 or 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 and 5191): Provided, That the Secretary shall allocate such funds based on assessed need notwithstanding sections 658J and 658O of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990: Provided further, That such funds may be used for costs of renovating, repairing, or rebuilding child care facilities without regard to section 658F(b) or 658G of such Act and with amounts allocated for such purposes

excluded from the calculation of percentages under subsection 658E(c)(3) of such Act: Provided further, That notwithstanding section 658J(c) of such Act, funds allotted to a State and used for renovating, repairing, or rebuilding child care facilities may be obligated by the State in that fiscal year or the succeeding three fiscal years: Provided further, That Federal interest provisions will not apply to the renovation or rebuilding of privately-owned family child care homes, and the Secretary shall develop parameters on the use of funds for family child care homes: Provided further, That the Secretary shall not retain Federal interest after a period of 10 years in any facility renovated, repaired, or rebuilt with funds appropriated under this paragraph: Provided further, That funds appropriated in this paragraph shall not be available for costs that are reimbursed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, under a contract for insurance, or by self-insurance: Provided further, That obligations incurred for the purposes provided herein prior to the date of enactment of this Act may be charged to funds appropriated under this heading: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES SERVICES PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for “Children and Families Services Programs”, \$90,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021, for necessary expenses directly related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and wildfires and earthquakes occurring in calendar year 2018 and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 in those areas for which a major disaster or emergency has been declared under section 401 or 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 and 5191): Provided, That \$55,000,000 shall be for Head Start programs, including making payments under the Head Start Act: Provided further, That none of funds provided in the previous proviso shall be included in the calculation of the “base grant” in subsequent fiscal years, as such term is defined in sections 640(a)(7)(A), 641A(h)(1)(B), or 645(d)(3) of the Head Start Act: Provided further, That funds provided in the second previous proviso are not subject to the allocation requirements of section 640(a) of the Head Start Act: Provided further, That \$5,000,000 shall be for payments to States, territories, and tribes for activities authorized under subpart I of part B of title IV of the Social Security Act, with such funds allocated based on assessed need notwithstanding section 423 of such Act and paid without regard to percentage limitations in subsections (a) or (e) in section 424 of such Act: Provided further, That \$25,000,000 shall be for payments to States, territories, and tribes authorized under the Community Services Block Grant Act, with such funds allocated based on assessed need notwithstanding sections 674(b), 675A, and 675B of such Act: Provided further, That notwithstanding section 676(b)(8) of the Community Services Block Grant Act, each State, territory, or tribe may allocate funds to eligible entities based on assessed need: Provided further, That funds appropriated in this paragraph shall not be available for costs that are reimbursed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, under a contract for insurance, or by self-insurance: Provided further, That up to \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be available for Federal administrative expenses: Provided further, That obligations incurred for the purposes provided herein prior to the date of enactment of this Act may be charged to funds appropriated under this heading: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES EMERGENCY
FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for the “Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund”, \$201,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2020, for necessary expenses directly related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and wildfires and earthquakes occurring in calendar year 2018 and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 in those areas for which a major disaster or emergency has been declared under section 401 or 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 and 5191) (referred to under this heading as “covered disaster or emergency”), including activities authorized under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (referred to in this Act as the “PHS Act”): Provided, That of the amount provided, \$80,000,000 shall be transferred to “Health Resources and Services Administration—Primary Health Care” for expenses directly related to a covered disaster or emergency for disaster response and recovery, for the Health Centers Program under section 330 of the PHS Act, including alteration, renovation, construction, equipment, and other capital improvement costs as necessary to meet the needs of areas affected by a covered disaster or emergency: Provided further, That the time limitation in section 330(e)(3) of the PHS Act shall not apply to funds made available under the preceding proviso: Provided further, That of the amount provided, not less than \$20,000,000 shall be transferred to “Centers for Disease Control and Prevention—CDC-Wide Activities and Program Support” for response, recovery, mitigation, and other expenses directly related to a covered disaster or emergency: Provided further, That of the amount provided, not less than \$100,000,000 shall be transferred to “Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration—Health Surveillance and Program Support” for grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements for behavioral health treatment, treatment of substance use disorders, crisis counseling, and other related helplines, and for other similar programs to provide support to individuals impacted by a covered disaster or emergency: Provided further, That of the amount provided, up to \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be transferred to “Office of the Secretary—Office of Inspector General” for oversight of activities responding to such covered disasters or emergencies: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
HURRICANE EDUCATION RECOVERY
(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Hurricane Education Recovery” for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael, Typhoon Mangkhut, Super Typhoon Yutu, and wildfires, earthquakes, and volcanic eruptions occurring in calendar year 2018 and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019 in those areas for which a major disaster or emergency has been declared under section 401 or 501 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 and 5191) (referred to under this heading as “covered disaster or emergency”), \$165,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2020, for assisting in meeting the educational needs of individuals affected by a covered disaster or emergency: Provided, That such assistance may be provided through any of the programs authorized under this heading in title VIII of subdivision 1 of division B of Public Law

115–123 (as amended by Public Law 115–141), as determined by the Secretary of Education, and subject to the terms and conditions that applied to those programs, except that references to dates and school years in Public Law 115–123 shall be deemed to be the corresponding dates and school years for the covered disaster or emergency: Provided further, That the Secretary of Education may determine the amounts to be used for each such program and shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate of these amounts not later than 7 days prior to obligation: Provided further, That \$2,000,000 of the funds made available under this heading, to remain available until expended, shall be transferred to the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Education for oversight of activities supported with funds appropriated under this heading, and up to \$1,000,000 of the funds made available under this heading shall be for program administration: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS TITLE

SEC. 801. Not later than 30 days after enactment of this Act, the Secretaries of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education shall provide a detailed spend plan of anticipated uses of funds made available in this title, including estimated personnel and administrative costs, to the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That such plans shall be updated and submitted to the Committees on Appropriations every 60 days until all funds are expended or expire.

SEC. 802. (a) Section 1108(g)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1308(g)(5)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and (E)” and inserting “(E), and (F)”;

(2) in subparagraph (C), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “and (E)” and inserting “and (F)”;

(3) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F);

(4) by inserting after subparagraph (D), the following:

“(E) Subject to subparagraph (F), for the period beginning January 1, 2019, and ending September 30, 2019, the amount of the increase otherwise provided under subparagraph (A) for the Northern Mariana Islands shall be further increased by \$36,000,000.”; and

(5) in subparagraph (F) (as redesignated by paragraph (3) of this section)—

(A) by striking “title XIX, during” and inserting “title XIX—

“(i) during”;

(B) by striking “and (D)” and inserting “(D), and (E)”;

(C) by striking “and the Virgin Islands” each place it appears and inserting “, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands”;

(D) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(E) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) for the period beginning January 1, 2019, and ending September 30, 2019, with respect to payments to Guam and American Samoa from the additional funds provided under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall increase the Federal medical assistance percentage or other rate that would otherwise apply to such payments to 100 percent.”; and

(6) by adding at the end the following:

“(G) Not later than September 30, 2019, Guam and American Samoa shall each submit a plan to the Secretary outlining the steps each such territory shall take to collect and report reliable data to the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) (or a successor system).”.

(b) The amounts provided by the amendments made by subsection (a) are designated by the

Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE IX

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses”, \$10,000,000, to remain available until expended, for audits and investigations related to Hurricanes Florence, Lane, and Michael, Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut, the calendar year 2018 wildfires, earthquakes, and volcano eruptions, and other disasters declared pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.): Provided, That, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Government Accountability Office shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a spend plan specifying funding estimates for audits and investigations of any such declared disasters occurring in 2018 and identifying funding estimates or carryover balances, if any, that may be available for audits and investigations of any other such declared disasters: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE X

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY AND MARINE
CORPS

For an additional amount for “Military Construction, Navy and Marine Corps”, \$600,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, for planning and design, and construction expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael on Navy and Marine Corps installations: Provided, That none of the funds shall be available for obligation until the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate receive a master plan for the installations: Provided further, That, not later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, or his designee, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed expenditure plan for funds provided under this heading: Provided further, That such funds may be obligated or expended for planning and design and military construction projects not otherwise authorized by law: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for “Military Construction, Air Force”, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, for planning and design, and construction expenses related to the consequences of Hurricane Michael and floods occurring in calendar year 2019: Provided, That none of the funds shall be available for obligation until the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate receive a basing plan and future mission requirements for installations significantly damaged by Hurricane Michael: Provided further, That, not later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force, or his designee, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed expenditure plan for funds provided under this heading: Provided further, That such funds may be obligated or expended for planning and design and military construction projects not otherwise authorized by law: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an

emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

For an additional amount for “Military Construction, Army National Guard”, \$42,400,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael: Provided, That none of the funds shall be available for obligation until the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate receive form 1391 for each specific request: Provided further, That, not later than 60 days after enactment of this Act, the Director of the Army National Guard, or his designee, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed expenditure plan for funds provided under this heading: Provided further, That such funds may be obligated or expended for planning and design and military construction projects not otherwise authorized by law: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
MEDICAL FACILITIES
(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Medical Facilities”, \$3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2023, for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and Typhoons Mangkhut and Yutu: Provided, That the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, upon determination that such action is necessary to address needs as a result of the consequences of Hurricanes Florence and Michael and Typhoons Mangkhut and Yutu, may transfer such funds to any discretionary account of the Department of Veterans Affairs: Provided further, That before a transfer may take place, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit notice thereof to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate: Provided further, That none of these funds shall be available for obligation until the Secretary of Veterans Affairs submits to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed expenditure plan for funds provided under this heading: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE

SEC. 1001. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds made available under each heading within the “Department of Defense” in this title shall only be used for the purposes specifically described under that heading.

TITLE XI

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION
PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY RELIEF PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the “Public Transportation Emergency Relief Program” as authorized under section 5324 of title 49, United States Code, \$10,542,000 to remain available until expended, for transit systems affected by major declared disasters occurring in calendar year 2018: Provided, That not more than three-quarters of 1 percent of the funds for public transportation emergency relief shall be available for administrative expenses and ongoing program management oversight as authorized under sections 5334 and 5338(f)(2) of such title and shall be in addition to any other appropriations for such purpose: Provided further, That

such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
OPERATIONS
(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

Of the amounts made available for “Federal Aviation Administration—Operations” in division B of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–123), up to \$18,000,000 shall also be available for necessary expenses related to the consequences of major declared disasters occurring in calendar year 2018: Provided, That amounts repurposed under this heading that were previously designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION
EMERGENCY RELIEF PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the Emergency Relief Program as authorized under section 125 of title 23, United States Code, \$1,650,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND
(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for “Community Development Fund”, \$2,431,000,000, to remain available until expended, for necessary expenses for activities authorized under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.) related to disaster relief, long-term recovery, restoration of infrastructure and housing, economic revitalization, and mitigation in the most impacted and distressed areas resulting from a major disaster that occurred in 2018 or 2019 (except as otherwise provided under this heading) pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.): Provided, That funds shall be awarded directly to the State, unit of general local government, or Indian tribe (as such term is defined in section 102 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974) at the discretion of the Secretary: Provided further, That of the amounts made available under this heading \$431,000,000 shall be allocated to meet unmet infrastructure needs for grantees that received allocations for disasters that occurred in 2017 under this heading of division B of Public Law 115–56 and title XI of subdivision 1 of division B of Public Law 115–123, of which \$331,442,114 shall be allocated to those grantees affected by Hurricane Maria: Provided further, That of the amounts provided in the previous proviso, the Secretary’s determination of unmet needs for infrastructure shall not take into account mitigation-specific allocations: Provided further, That any amounts allocated pursuant to the previous two provisos to any such grantee shall not be available for draw down and expenditure by a grantee that has entered into alternative procedures under section 428 of the Stafford Act as of the date of enactment of this Act until such grantee has reached a final agreement on all fixed cost estimates within the timeline provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency: Provided further, That prior to making any grant of funds provided in the previous three provisos, the Secretary must receive from the grantee information that allows the Secretary to certify that such grantee has in place proficient financial controls and procurement processes and has estab-

lished adequate procedures to prevent any duplication of benefits as defined by section 312 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5155), to ensure timely expenditure of funds, to maintain comprehensive websites regarding all disaster recovery activities assisted with these funds, and to detect and prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds: Provided further, That of the amounts made available under this heading in Public Law 115–123 and transferred to the Office of Inspector General, no less than \$6,000,000 shall be for necessary costs of overseeing and auditing funds made available to grantees affected by Hurricane Maria, including a review of grant expenditure rates: Provided further, That any funds made available under this heading and under the same heading in Public Law 115–254 that remain available, after the funds under such headings have been allocated for necessary expenses for activities authorized under such headings, shall be allocated to grantees, for mitigation activities in the most impacted and distressed areas resulting from a major disaster that occurred in 2018: Provided further, That such allocations shall be made in the same proportion that the amount of funds each grantee received under this Act and the same heading in division I of Public Law 115–254 bears to the amount of all funds provided to all grantees that received allocations for disasters that occurred in 2018: Provided further, That of the amounts made available under the text preceding the first proviso under this heading and under the same heading in Public Law 115–254, the Secretary shall allocate to all such grantees an aggregate amount not less than 33 percent of the sum of such amounts of funds within 120 days after the enactment of this Act based on the best available data, and shall allocate no less than 100 percent of such funds by no later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act: Provided further, That the Secretary shall not prohibit the use of funds made available under this heading and the same heading in Public Law 115–254 for non-Federal share as authorized by section 105(a)(9) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(9)): Provided further, That of the amounts made available under this heading, grantees may establish grant programs to assist small businesses for working capital purposes to aid in recovery: Provided further, That as a condition of making any grant, the Secretary shall certify in advance that such grantee has in place proficient financial controls and procurement processes and has established adequate procedures to prevent any duplication of benefits as defined by section 312 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5155), to ensure timely expenditure of funds, to maintain comprehensive websites regarding all disaster recovery activities assisted with these funds, and to detect and prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds: Provided further, That with respect to any such duplication of benefits, the Secretary shall act in accordance with section 1210 of Public Law 115–254 (132 Stat. 3442) and section 312 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5155): Provided further, That the Secretary shall require grantees to maintain on a public website information containing common reporting criteria established by the Department that permits individuals and entities awaiting assistance and the general public to see how all grant funds are used, including copies of all relevant procurement documents, grantee administrative contracts and details of ongoing procurement processes, as determined by the Secretary: Provided further, That prior to the obligation of funds a grantee shall submit a plan to the Secretary for approval detailing the proposed use of all funds, including criteria for eligibility and how the use of these funds will address long-term recovery and restoration of infrastructure and housing, economic revitalization, and mitigation in the

most impacted and distressed areas: Provided further, That such funds may not be used for activities reimbursed by, or for which funds have been made available by, the Federal Emergency Management Agency or the Army Corps of Engineers, in excess of the authorized amount of the project or its components: Provided further, That funds allocated under this heading shall not be considered relevant to the non-disaster formula allocations made pursuant to section 106 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5306): Provided further, That a State, unit of general local government, or Indian tribe may use up to 5 percent of its allocation for administrative costs: Provided further, That the first proviso under this heading in the Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2018 (division I of Public Law 115-254) is amended by striking “State or unit of general local government” and inserting “State, unit of general local government, or Indian tribe (as such term is defined in section 102 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302))”: Provided further, That the sixth proviso under this heading in the Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2018 (division I of Public Law 115-254) is amended by striking “State or subdivision thereof” and inserting “State, unit of general local government, or Indian tribe (as such term is defined in section 102 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302))”: Provided further, That in administering the funds under this heading, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may waive, or specify alternative requirements for, any provision of any statute or regulation that the Secretary administers in connection with the obligation by the Secretary or the use by the recipient of these funds (except for requirements related to fair housing, non-discrimination, labor standards, and the environment), if the Secretary finds that good cause exists for the waiver or alternative requirement and such waiver or alternative requirement would not be inconsistent with the overall purpose of title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974: Provided further, That, notwithstanding the preceding proviso, recipients of funds provided under this heading that use such funds to supplement Federal assistance provided under section 402, 403, 404, 406, 407, 408(c)(4), or 502 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) may adopt, without review or public comment, any environmental review, approval, or permit performed by a Federal agency, and such adoption shall satisfy the responsibilities of the recipient with respect to such environmental review, approval or permit: Provided further, That, notwithstanding section 104(g)(2) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5304(g)(2)), the Secretary may, upon receipt of a request for release of funds and certification, immediately approve the release of funds for an activity or project assisted under this heading if the recipient has adopted an environmental review, approval or permit under the preceding proviso or the activity or project is categorically excluded from review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.): Provided further, That the Secretary shall publish via notice in the Federal Register any waiver, or alternative requirement, to any statute or regulation that the Secretary administers pursuant to title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 no later than 5 days before the effective date of such waiver or alternative requirement: Provided further, That of the amounts made available under this heading, up to \$5,000,000 shall be made available for capacity building and technical assistance, including assistance on contracting and procurement processes, to support States, units of general local government, or Indian tribes (and their subrecipients) that receive allocations pursuant to this heading, received disaster recovery allo-

cations under the same heading in Public Law 115-254, or may receive similar allocations for disaster recovery in future appropriations Acts: Provided further, That of the amounts made available under this heading and under the same heading in Public Law 115-254, up to \$2,500,000 shall be transferred, in aggregate, to “Department of Housing and Urban Development—Program Office Salaries and Expenses—Community Planning and Development” for necessary costs, including information technology costs, of administering and overseeing the obligation and expenditure of amounts under this heading: Provided further, That the amount specified in the preceding proviso shall be combined with funds appropriated under the same heading and for the same purpose in Public Law 115-254 and the aggregate of such amounts shall be available for any of the same such purposes specified under this heading or the same heading in Public Law 115-254 without limitation: Provided further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: Provided further, That amounts repurposed under this heading that were previously designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act are designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISION—THIS TITLE

SEC. 1101. (a) Amounts previously made available for activities authorized under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.) related to disaster relief, long-term recovery, restoration of infrastructure and housing, economic revitalization, and mitigation in the most impacted and distressed areas resulting from a major disaster, including funds provided under section 145 of division C of Public Law 114-223, section 192 of division C of Public Law 114-223 (as added by section 101(3) of division A of Public Law 114-254), section 421 of division K of Public Law 115-31, and any mitigation funding provided under the heading “Department of Housing and Urban Development—Community Planning and Development—Community Development Fund” of Public Law 115-123, that were allocated in response to Hurricane Matthew, may be used interchangeably and without limitation for the same activities in the most impacted and distressed areas related to Hurricane Florence. In addition, any funds provided under the heading “Department of Housing and Urban Development—Community Planning and Development—Community Development Fund” in this Act or in division I of Public Law 115-254 that are allocated in response to Hurricane Florence may be used interchangeably and without limitation for the same activities in the most impacted and distressed areas related to Hurricane Matthew. Until HUD publishes the Federal Register Notice implementing this provision, grantees may submit for HUD approval revised plans for the use of funds related to Hurricane Matthew that expand the eligible beneficiaries of existing programs contained in such previously approved plans to include those impacted by Hurricane Florence. Approval of any such revised plans shall include the execution of revised grant terms and conditions as necessary. Once the implementing Notice is published, any additional action plan revisions shall follow the requirements contained therein.

(b) Amounts made available for administrative costs for activities authorized under title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.) related to disaster relief, long-term recovery, restoration of infrastructure and housing, economic revitalization, and mitigation in the most impacted and distressed areas under this Act or any future Act,

and amounts previously provided under section 420 of division L of Public Law 114-113, section 145 of division C of Public Law 114-223, section 192 of division C of Public Law 114-223 (as added by section 101(3) of division A of Public Law 114-254), section 421 of division K of Public Law 115-31, and under the heading “Department of Housing and Urban Development—Community Planning and Development—Community Development Fund” of division B of Public Law 115-56, Public Law 115-123, and Public Law 115-254, shall be available for eligible administrative costs of the grantee related to any disaster relief funding identified in this subsection without regard to the particular disaster appropriation from which such funds originated.

(c) The additional uses pursuant to this section for amounts that were previously designated by the Congress, respectively, as an emergency requirement or as being for disaster relief pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act are designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 or as being for disaster relief pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 1102. Of all amounts made available for mitigation activities under the heading “Department of Housing and Urban Development—Community Development Fund” in Public Law 115-123, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register the allocations to all eligible grantees, and the necessary administrative requirements applicable to such allocations within 90 days after enactment of this Act:

(1) For any plans or amendments addressing the use of any funds provided under Public Law 115-123 and received by the Secretary prior to December 22, 2018, the Secretary shall review pending amendments within 15 days of enactment of this Act and pending plans within 30 days of enactment of this Act;

(2) After the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary may not apply the statutory waiver or alternative requirement authority provided by Public Law 115-123 to extend or otherwise alter existing statutory and regulatory provisions governing the timeline for review of required grantee plans:

Provided, That any amounts allocated pursuant to this section to any such grantee shall not be available for draw down and expenditure by a grantee that has entered into alternative procedures under section 428 of the Stafford Act as of the date of enactment of this Act until such grantee has reached a final agreement on all fixed cost estimates within the timeline provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency: Provided further, That prior to making any grant of funds allocated pursuant to this section, the Secretary must receive from the grantee information that allows the Secretary to certify that such grantee has in place proficient financial controls and procurement processes and has established adequate procedures to prevent any duplication of benefits as defined by section 312 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5155), to ensure timely expenditure of funds, to maintain comprehensive websites regarding all disaster recovery activities assisted with these funds, and to detect and prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds: Provided further, That amounts repurposed under this heading that were previously designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE XII

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS ACT

SEC. 1201. Each amount appropriated or made available by this Act is in addition to amounts

otherwise appropriated for the fiscal year involved.

SEC. 1202. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 1203. Unless otherwise provided for by this Act, the additional amounts appropriated by this Act to appropriations accounts shall be available under the authorities and conditions applicable to such appropriations accounts for fiscal year 2019.

SEC. 1204. Each amount designated in this Act by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 shall be available (or rescinded or transferred, if applicable) only if the President subsequently so designates all such amounts and transmits such designations to the Congress.

SEC. 1205. For purposes of this Act, the consequences or impacts of any hurricane shall include damages caused by the storm at any time during the entirety of its duration as a cyclone, as defined by the National Hurricane Center.

SEC. 1206. Any amount appropriated by this Act, designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and subsequently so designated by the President, and transferred pursuant to transfer authorities provided by this Act shall retain such designation.

SEC. 1207. (a) Section 1309(a) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4016(a)) is amended by striking "May 31, 2019" and inserting "September 30, 2019".

(b) Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4026) is amended by striking "May 31, 2019" and inserting "September 30, 2019".

(c) If this Act is enacted after May 31, 2019, the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect as if enacted on May 31, 2019.

This Act may be cited as the "Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Act, 2019".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. LOWEY) and the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. GRANGER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from New York.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the Senate amendment to H.R. 2157, currently under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, today we are rejecting the political stunts and grandstanding that have made it difficult to deliver much-needed disaster relief to families and communities across America. It has been 9 months since Hurricane Florence struck the Southeast, just one of the many natural disasters—including other hurricanes, Pacific typhoons, and Western wildfires—that impacted our fellow Americans last year.

In that time, the House has already passed two strong packages of relief

and recovery assistance; bills to help the people of Puerto Rico recover from one of the deadliest and costliest storms in American history and to meet urgent needs following Midwest floods and Southern tornadoes. Those bills were held up because some in our government refused to assist our fellow Americans in Puerto Rico who are still recovering from a 2017 hurricane. I am pleased we have moved past that, because when disaster strikes, we shouldn't let a ZIP Code dictate our response, and Americans across the country have been waiting far too long for the relief and recovery assistance they deserve.

That is why so many of us were deeply disappointed last week when this bipartisan, bicameral disaster relief bill was blocked three times by House Republicans, even though it has the support of the President, Senate Republicans, and congressional Democrats and has passed in the Senate.

While it has taken far too long, this bill delivers much-needed assistance to American communities struck by recent natural disasters. It includes a broad array of measures—totaling \$19.1 billion—to meet urgent needs: assistance for farmers and rural communities who have been devastated by crop losses brought on by storms; funding for infrastructure repairs that will create jobs and revitalize broken communities; approximately \$1.4 billion for Puerto Rico, including \$600 million in nutrition assistance; funding to stabilize healthcare systems in disaster-stricken Pacific territories; and repairs and reconstruction at damaged Federal facilities, including military bases that are critical to national security.

The bill represents bipartisanship compromise that will strengthen communities and make lives better.

Mr. Speaker, I look forward to its enactment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2157, the Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2019. This bill provides much-needed relief to more than 40 States and territories to help them recover from devastating hurricanes, wildfires, flooding, and tornadoes.

The bill provides critical aid to farmers and ranchers across the country. From the Category 5 hurricane that destroyed crops in the Southeast to the historic floods to farmland in the Midwest and fires in the West, billions of dollars of damage have occurred. The funds in this bill will help restore the livelihoods of our agricultural producers and rural communities.

The bill also provides critical funding to repair military installations that were severely damaged by hurricanes and floods. This assistance will return these facilities to a condition that can support our men and women in uniform and help them get back to the job of protecting our Nation.

The bill provides vital funding for community development block grants

to help rebuild areas devastated by hurricanes, floods, and wildfires. I have seen how critical these funds have been for the State of Texas in the aftermath of Hurricane Harvey.

The communities affected by storms in 2018 and 2019 have been waiting for these critical resources for months now, and I am pleased we are taking action today to provide needed relief to restore housing and businesses where it is so desperately needed.

The bill also provides funds to compensate State departments of transportation for road and highway repairs already underway or completed. This funding will go to dozens of States for disaster repairs that are critical to restoring roads that are vital to both the traveling public and the movement of goods across the Nation.

The bill provides significant funding for the Army Corps of Engineers, most of which will be used to repair existing projects to pre-storm conditions. This work will include dredging navigation channels, preparing levees, and refortifying coastal defenses.

Funding will be used for the most critical repairs following storms in previous years, as well as the ongoing flooding in the Midwest. Funding for the Corps also includes work to study and construct new projects to protect against future storms. These projects will help protect our people, businesses, and property and will reduce the funding necessary to recover from future storms.

Finally, this bill was stalled for months because of the administration's concerns about providing additional assistance to Puerto Rico. The final agreement removes the most problematic language. Bringing this bill to the floor today shows that we can put politics aside and work together to address the needs of our Nation.

However, one emergency that is not addressed is the humanitarian and security crisis on the border. We must work together to pass a bill that addresses the surge of unaccompanied children crossing the border and provides law enforcement agencies with the funding they need. I have made several recent visits to the border and have seen this crisis unfold up close. The numbers are alarming. Customs and Border Patrol is exceeding 100,000 apprehensions per month. The stakes are high. There are serious life-and-death repercussions if the Congress does not act.

In closing, I want to thank Chairwoman LOWEY for working with members on my side of the aisle to reach this compromise on disaster assistance. I also thank the Senate Appropriations Committee chairman and vice chairman, Senator SHELBY and Senator LEAHY, for their work on this bill. I look forward to our continuing conversations about how to quickly address the needs on the border.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from the

Northern Mariana Islands (Mr. SABLAN).

Mr. SABLAN. Mr. Speaker, 8 months after Typhoon Mangkhut and 7 months after Super Typhoon Yutu, we are finally ready to send a disaster relief bill to the President for signature. Of course, this has taken longer than any of us might wish. But I want to use my time simply to say thank you to my fellow Americans who are always willing to help when they see a neighbor in need.

Is not this attitude of charity for all, as Lincoln said, what binds our Nation?

Almost 50 years ago, the people of the Northern Mariana Islands, whom I represent here, voted to join the United States. It is at moments like this that we remember what a wise decision that was and what a great nation we are now part of.

On behalf of all in the Northern Mariana Islands who suffer to this day because of the lasting effects of Typhoons Mangkhut and Yutu, I say thank you.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. COLE).

Mr. COLE. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank my friend, the distinguished ranking member of the full Appropriations Committee, for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, today I rise in support of this supplemental appropriation covering numerous disasters. Communities hit by hurricanes, wildfires, tornadoes, and other natural disasters have been waiting too long for this needed relief. Over 40 States will be able to receive long-needed funding provided by this bill.

The bill provides critical aid to help farmers and ranchers recover from losses to crops and livestock. Funding for cities and schools that have had their infrastructure damaged by natural disasters will be able to begin necessary repairs to buildings.

The bill includes \$50 million for the Department of Labor's dislocated worker national reserve. This funding will go to States to create temporary employment opportunities to assist with cleanup and recovery efforts for areas impacted by a disaster.

The bill includes over \$300 million for the Department of Health and Human Services, and \$80 million is provided to support community health centers for construction, equipment, and healthcare services for low-income populations. The bill provides \$20 million for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to assess and mitigate environmental hazards, and \$100 million is targeted to mental health and substance use services, helping people rebuild and recover.

The bill includes \$30 million for childcare services and over \$50 million to repair damaged Head Start facilities. The bill includes \$25 million for the community services block grant, flexible funding that supports a range of social services for vulnerable populations.

The Department of Education receives \$165 million to help restart oper-

ations at elementary and secondary schools and colleges and universities in areas damaged by natural disasters. This funding will also support school districts and colleges and universities outside of the affected areas receiving students displaced by the storms and other covered disasters.

Before I close, Mr. Speaker, I would be remiss if I didn't mention what is not in this bill, and that is more than \$4 billion to deal with the intolerable situation at the southern border. This money has been requested by the administration. Most of that money is to take care of the unprecedented influx of unaccompanied minors. Our Democratic friends claim they care about these young people, but they fail to provide the funds needed that are required to feed, house, and provide medical care to this population. This is something that we need to look at and, frankly, deal with immediately.

As past chairman and now ranking member for the subcommittee that looks after the Department of Health and Human Services, I can tell you they are on the verge of running out of money, and we are going to have a real disaster with young people that I know none of us wants.

So I want to urge my friends to turn their attention to that urgent matter and work with the administration on it. I urge passage of the legislation, Mr. Speaker.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

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Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DIAZ-BALART).

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of this supplemental funding bill. This funding bill is critical to the panhandle of Florida as they recover, Mr. Speaker, from Hurricane Michael.

Under T-HUD's jurisdiction, this bill allocates \$2.4 billion for CDBG-DR and \$1.7 billion for highways. CDBG-DR is crucial to communities to help with unmet housing, business, and infrastructure needs.

More broadly, Mr. Speaker, this bill also addresses agricultural needs, including for the timber industry that got hit so hard in north Florida. It will also help rebuild Tyndall Air Force Base.

I am so proud of the work that we have done, and I want to also thank my counterpart, the chairman of the subcommittee, Chairman PRICE, for his hard work; also, Representative NEAL DUNN of Florida, who has been an advocate; as well as the appropriators from Florida on the Appropriations Committee.

Mr. Speaker, lastly, I thank the chairwoman, Mrs. LOWEY, and the ranking member, Ms. GRANGER, for their continued leadership and help, and I urge a "yes" vote.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ROY).

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman from Texas and appreciate all that she does for the great State of Texas.

I rise in gratitude that this disaster relief bill will be debated and voted on today. It is important legislation that impacts people suffering in the wake of numerous emergencies and natural disasters.

My Democratic colleagues tried three separate times to pass this \$19 billion disaster supplemental, which is unpaid for and most Members haven't read, without Members present for a vote through simple consent with, solely, two Members in this Chamber.

I objected, along with my colleagues Mr. MASSIE and Mr. ROSE, to that process because, as I said throughout the past week, Members should cast an up-or-down vote on major legislation that spends a significant amount of taxpayer money.

The American people send their Representatives to Washington to represent them. They deserve to see how we vote.

While I am happy the Speaker chose to go back to regular procedure, I am still troubled that we are poised to spend \$19 billion that is not paid for when we are racking up approximately \$100 million an hour in national debt. At some point, before it is too late, Congress will get serious about restraining out-of-control spending.

In the 10 days this body recessed since the Friday before Memorial Day, we have racked up approximately \$24 billion in additional debt. At least today we are voting, which is what I requested all along.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, I strongly support the supplemental appropriations bill and urge a "yes" vote, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, today will be the third time since January that the House has passed an emergency disaster package, the third time we have advanced relief and recovery assistance for the people—from those in Florida and Puerto Rico to those in California and the Carolinas, in Georgia and in communities all across America—trying to rebuild their lives and return to normal.

Our fellow Americans have waited long enough for the help they need from our government, and I am pleased this bill will deliver that help.

Mr. Speaker, I urge its swift passage and enactment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BISHOP of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, once again, I rise to support this bill.

On October 10, 2018, my district took a direct hit from Hurricane Michael, one of the most powerful storms to make landfall in U.S. history. It slammed into the Florida Panhandle, drove through much of the Southeast leaving

a path of destruction all the way up to Virginia. In Georgia, many producers suffered nearly 100 percent crop losses. Hurricane Michael killed more than 2 million chickens and devastated the Georgia cotton crop, which was nearing peak harvest, and was on track to be the best crop in years. This was the third straight year hurricane damage has caused significant losses to the pecan, peanut, cotton, vegetable, landscaping, and agritourism industries.

The Carolinas also suffered billions in damages a month earlier, from Hurricane Florence. Californians had another devastating fire season, including both the largest and deadliest fires on record. In Hawaii, volcanic activity caused pineapple farmers nearly \$30M in damages. Americans in the Northern Mariana Islands and American Samoa were also hit by violent cyclones.

To meet these needs, this House passed and sent to the Senate an emergency supplemental appropriations bill on January 16, 2019 that allocated \$14.17 billion in emergency spending to help families and communities recover from these hurricanes, wildfires, and other natural disasters. For agriculture, it provided \$3 billion for crop losses, \$150 million for the Rural Community Facilities Program; \$480 million for the Emergency Forest Restoration Program; \$125 million for the Emergency Watershed Program. It provided \$600 million in desperately needed funds to help with Puerto Rico's continued recovery from Hurricane Maria in 2017. Thanks to my fellow Georgian, AUSTIN SCOTT, and the House leadership on a bi-partisan basis for quickly getting this bill passed.

But as we passed it, the Trump Office of Management and Budget (OMB) issued a Statement of Administration Policy, saying "The FEMA's Disaster Relief Fund (DRF)—a significant mechanism through which the Federal Government conducts response efforts for major disasters and emergencies—has sufficient balances to address all immediate threats to life and property resulting from these recent disasters."

Meaning: no additional funds were required for disasters.

I strongly disagree, farmers and communities in all the impacted States and territories disagree, and even the USDA disagrees.

The emergency supplemental appropriations bill was stalled in the Senate for 4 long months with no action and no relief for Americans who are suffering. When it finally passed in the Senate on May 23, 2019, I returned to Washington during recess to ask for unanimous consent for the House to pass the updated disaster bill. Unfortunately, it was blocked.

I cannot understand why anyone would play politics when communities coast to coast and the territories remain in catastrophic hard times. America's farmers are living through the worst economic crisis in almost 30 years, driven by low commodity prices, trade war pressures, and natural disasters. Those impacted have had their patience stretched thin, and cannot wait any longer for the disaster assistance they were promised. Right now due to disaster losses, they cannot pay federal operational loans from last year; nor can they get new loans to plant and operate this year.

Planting season is now. We are already in the growing season, when conditions permit normal plant growth. If we miss this window,

it will have long lasting effects on agricultural production including food, fiber, building materials, and fuel that will increase costs for American consumers all over this country.

We have entered the 2019 Atlantic hurricane season, which officially began on June 1, 2019.

Today I am once again supporting an emergency supplemental bill as more disasters have hit since the last bill passed, the latest being the terrible floods in the Midwest and the tornadoes that ripped through Georgia and Alabama. This expanded supplemental bill will provide for the needs of those who suffered in those disasters.

I will add an additional \$5 billion and brings the appropriations total to \$19.1 billion, which would cover all disasters, and get the much needed funds to those who were so severely devastated by Hurricane Michael. It will help communities rebuild, assist farmers and rural communities, provide critical health care, nutritional assistance, and social services for disaster victims, and repair damaged federal facilities.

I urge my House and Senate colleagues to support this bill to finally bring relief to our long-suffering communities.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 2157, the Supplemental Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2019.

This bill is a comprehensive emergency disaster supplemental bill I to help meet the urgent needs of American communities still struggling to recover from recent hurricanes, typhoons, wildfires, floods and other natural disasters.

This bill would have been signed into law much earlier, had it not been thwarted by Republican House Members from the 21st Congressional District of Texas and from the 4th Congressional District of Kentucky who deprived the bill of the unanimous consent needed for passage.

This robust disaster package includes \$17.2 billion in long overdue emergency spending for disaster-stricken communities across our nation and territories.

It builds on the legislation that passed the House in January—including an additional \$3 billion to address the urgent needs of those living in the Midwest (Nebraska, Missouri, South Dakota, Iowa and Kansas) and South (Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia and the Carolinas) who have been devastated by flooding and tornadoes in recent months.

This bill also provides some additional disaster assistance to communities continuing to recover from Hurricane Harvey.

House Democrats are standing up and acting to help communities across the United States and in Puerto Rico, Texas, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands and American Samoa recover and heal from devastating disasters—these communities should not be held hostage because of this administration's benign neglect toward Puerto Rico.

Senate Republicans should come to their senses and join Democrats in advancing this bill and speeding relief to millions of Americans.

Included in this legislation is critical funding for:

Infrastructure and community development to rebuild our transportation systems and repair housing, businesses and public infrastructure;

Farmers and rural communities to bolster the farmer safety net and restore disaster-damaged lands;

Social services, mental health, education and dislocated worker initiatives to invest in the well-being of children, workers and families in disaster-struck areas—including providing critical nutrition and Medicaid assistance for Puerto Rico and U.S. territories;

DOD and Veterans Affairs to repair and rebuild hurricane-damaged bases and facilities; and

Disaster resiliency to mitigate damage and costs from future disasters which are becoming more frequent as a result of climate change.

American families hit by natural disasters deserve to know that (their government will stand with them throughout the road to recovery.

Democrats are committed to delivering this assistance to our fellow Americans as they work to rebuild their lives and their communities.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 2157, the "Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2019," provides much needed and long overdue relief to Americans in Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Texans who are still suffering from the ravages of Hurricanes Maria, Irma, and Harvey as well as provide relief to victims of Hurricane Michael which struck Alabama, Florida, and Georgia in October 2018 and to the victims of the Midwestern floods.

Hurricane Harvey ranks as the second-most costly hurricane to hit the U.S. mainland since 1900, causing more than \$125 billion in damage.

Our residents need more money for single-family home repairs, whether it is disaster recovery or general housing dollars and I will continue to strive on behalf of the neighborhoods and on behalf of hard-working homeowners who deserve these funds, so they can continue on with their lives and return to their homes.

Victims of natural disasters are entitled to know who to contact when issues related to FEMA arise and to be assured that their questions are answered, and complaints addressed.

Allocating funding for measures such as Electricity Delivery for necessary expenses related to the consequences of Hurricanes Harvey, Maria, Irma, and Super Typhoon Yutu, is vital to negate the effects of these catastrophic events from significantly worsening.

Hospitals, first-responders, and a number of other vital institutions that help our communities recover from the after-effects of natural disasters need access to electricity.

Moreover, with the severity of natural disasters and the ranging of their locations, we must be proactive in our preparation for recovery.

Alternatively, water is the most essential resource known to man.

A human can go for more than three weeks without food—Mahatma Gandhi survived 21 days of complete starvation—but water is a different story.

At least 60 percent of the adult body is made of it and every living cell in the body needs it to keep functioning.

Under extreme conditions an adult can lose 1 to 1.5 liters of sweat per hour and if that lost water is not replaced, the total volume of body fluid can fall quickly and, most dangerously, blood volume may drop.

We do not have the luxury of ignoring hurricanes, floods, earthquakes, mudslides, tornados or other natural disasters.

With these events it is not a question of “if”, but “when.”

For these reasons, I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 2157.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. LOWEY) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill, H.R. 2157.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

EXTENDING TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES PROGRAM AND RELATED PROGRAMS

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2940) to extend the program of block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families and related programs through September 30, 2019.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2940

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF THE TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES PROGRAM AND RELATED PROGRAMS THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2019.

Activities authorized by part A of title IV and section 1108(b) of the Social Security Act shall continue through September 30, 2019, in the manner authorized for fiscal year 2018, and out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are hereby appropriated such sums as may be necessary for such purpose.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS) and the gentlewoman from Indiana (Mrs. WALORSKI) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Illinois.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 2940 is bipartisan legislation that extends the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, TANF, and the Child Care Entitlement to States, CCES, through September 30, 2019. This legislation will allow the Department of Health and Human Services to make on-time payments to States, Tribes, and territories for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year.

I thank my friend and ranking member, Mrs. WALORSKI, for her support of parents and grandparents and for partnering with me to ensure that there is no disruption in help for families or promised funding to States.

States depend on Federal TANF and childcare funding to help struggling parents and grandparents work and to provide basic necessities for children. Without the funding we are extending today, States would likely reduce access to childcare assistance, transportation, and job training, and delay or reduce assistance families use to buy basics like food, housing, and diapers.

Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD this letter from the bipartisan leadership of the National Governors Association urging Congress to quickly enact H.R. 2940.

NATIONAL GOVERNORS ASSOCIATION,
Washington, DC, May 30, 2019.

Hon. MITCH MCCONNELL,
Majority Leader, U.S. Senate,
Washington, DC.

Hon. CHUCK SCHUMER,
Minority Leader, U.S. Senate,
Washington, DC.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker of the House, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

Hon. KEVIN MCCARTHY,
Minority Leader, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MAJORITY LEADER MCCONNELL, MINORITY LEADER SCHUMER, SPEAKER PELOSI, AND MINORITY LEADER MCCARTHY:

We write to urge you to support and pass H.R. 2940, introduced by Chairman Davis and Ranking Member Walorski of the House Ways and Means Subcommittee on Worker and Family Support, which would extend the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program through September 30, 2019. As you know, the program funding is currently slated to expire on June 30, 2019.

TANF is a critical program for states and served 3.1 million recipients, including 1.2 million families in 2018. TANF provides vital cash assistance, job training, child care, and other critical services for families and children. The program provided a total of \$16.5 billion in 2018 in federal dollars for these services for the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the territories, and American Indian tribes. States also are required to contribute at least \$10.3 billion in state funds per year under the maintenance-of-effort requirement.

We ask that Congress act quickly and pass H.R. 2940, a clean TANF extension, and send it to the President for signature in order to avoid any lapse in funding for states and to mitigate any adverse impacts to American families. While continued short-term extensions make it challenging for states to allocate resources strategically, we look forward to working with you on a long-term reauthorization bill in the near future.

Sincerely,

GOVERNOR KATE BROWN,
Chair, National Governors Association,

Health and Human Services Committee.

GOVERNOR CHARLIE BAKER,
Vice Chair, National Governors Association,
Health and Human Services Committee.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, in my home State of Illinois, we use more than half of TANF dollars to provide childcare to working parents and grandparents, and almost a fourth of it is for child welfare services to reduce child abuse and neglect. If the Federal Government fails to make TANF and CCES payments on time, it will affect our State budget, but it will also harm the most vulnerable families.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to support this legislation, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2940, to extend the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, or TANF, program for another 3 months, because families who use these critical benefits should not be penalized for the failures here in Washington.

We are here for the 39th extension of TANF because we are once again unable to move a longer term extension or a reauthorization of this program.

I certainly hope Democratic leaders in the House will allow Chairman DAVIS and me to work with our colleagues on the Ways and Means Committee in a bipartisan manner to develop a long-term TANF reauthorization that ensures this program focuses on helping individuals prepare for, find, and keep good jobs.

At a time when we have 7.5 million job openings and growing demand for workers that is driving wages up, we not only want every person to reach their full potential—we need them to.

We have the opportunity to make economic and social gains in ways not seen in decades so families are better off financially, helping to improve their overall well-being in the near and long term.

Better wages and stable work bring along a whole host of benefits, most importantly, the positive impact on children who are spared the trauma that comes from unrest in the home.

At the root of addressing these challenges needs to be a focus on human interaction, engagement, support, encouragement, and belief in the possible, not just assumptions about the probable.

It is time to focus on solving the root causes rather than pushing complex government ideas that will only address the symptoms.

That is why I, along with more than 50 of my colleagues, have come forth with a full reauthorization of the TANF program. Our bill, called the JOBS for Success Act, would return the program's focus to families by:

Expecting universal case management so we can rebuild the human connection and so no one is ignored or left behind in this process;

Holding States accountable for work outcomes, meaning folks can get and keep a job, and ensuring that dollars go to their families;

Prioritizing households below 200 percent of the poverty line so they get the services they need to be successful;

Using funds to support and encourage work over the long term, because we know life is hard, not just when someone is starting a job, but 6 months into the job when the car breaks down or one of life's many challenges happens; and

Increasing resources available to support childcare to more than \$14 billion annually, better utilizing existing funds, and allowing up to half of a State's annual allocation to be used for childcare.

We all want families to succeed and to achieve their American Dream. The first step on that bridge out of poverty is getting a job, keeping a job, and moving through the ranks to higher pay and more benefits.

□ 1530

Unfortunately, under Democratic leadership, we have yet to see any proposals to reform or improve this program. And today, we are moving to the floor without any formal consideration by the committee or hearings on this bill.

Instead of reaching across the aisle to get things done for the American people, Democratic leadership is focused on investigating the President and going after his tax returns. They are proposing new entitlements that tax low-income workers and subsidize large corporations. They are passing bills that claim to protect people with preexisting conditions but, in reality, take away their health insurance choices. And they are continuing to allow infanticide by refusing to bring to the floor the Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act.

Republicans want to work on bipartisan changes to improve childcare under TANF, and we have come forward with a viable plan to improve support for families in need by nearly doubling historic funding levels.

I know my colleagues on the other side of the aisle have the same desire, and I hope we can find common ground before the next bill comes to the floor.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. JUDY CHU).

Ms. JUDY CHU of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2940. The bill authorizes the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program and the Child Care Entitlement to States, which expire on June 30. These are vital programs that help keep children and families out of poverty.

TANF provides an important safety net for families, and States use the money to give very low-income families with children direct cash assistance, childcare, and work training.

In my home State of California, TANF is critical to so many families. Administered through the CalWORKs program, California supplements its Federal TANF programs with its own State dollars to help lift individuals out of poverty, and it is working.

In Los Angeles County, where my district is located, an additional 71,000 children would be living in poverty and 31,700 children in deep poverty without TANF. Altogether, that would be over 100,000 more children living in poverty.

California sees the value in TANF and is supplementing its TANF dollars with increased State investments for cash assistance and restoration of cost-of-living adjustments.

Reauthorization of Federal funds is key in ensuring that there is progress in reducing poverty, so I urge all my colleagues to vote in support of H.R. 2940. We must ensure that funding for families in need continues until the end of this fiscal year.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from Alabama (Ms. SEWELL).

Ms. SEWELL of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2940, to extend the authorization for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program and the Child Care Entitlements to States program through the end of the 2019 fiscal year. This legislation will ensure that families in my district continue to have access to the important financial and social support offered by these programs.

We know that low-income workers face significant hurdles to economic security. TANF is a critical tool for making sure that these families can afford basic necessities like food, housing, and medicine. In fact, over 11,000 families in Alabama currently receive assistance from TANF, and more than 20,000 children benefit from this important program.

This bill will make sure that TANF recipients in Alabama receive the \$23.25 million that is expected to be allocated to the State in the coming months.

This legislation also extends the Child Care Entitlement to States program, an important tool as we fight to make sure all parents can have access to affordable, quality childcare. Childcare is one of the largest expenses facing families, and the matching funds included in this program are important to support low-income workers and their children.

I am pleased that this bill will unlock \$10.2 million of funding for childcare in Alabama to help meet the needs of children and families in my district.

While I strongly support this bill, it should be noted that no one thinks that this short-term extension of these

programs is the perfect solution. But it is critical that we maintain funding and provide continuity for working families and children who depend upon TANF and childcare grant funding.

It is my hope that we will continue to explore ideas to improve these programs, including increasing funding levels for childcare support grants and identifying ways that these programs can more effectively help families in need.

I ask my colleagues to join us in supporting this short-term extension of TANF and childcare entitlement programs, and I ask that they support this bill going forward.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from Wisconsin (Ms. MOORE).

Ms. MOORE. Mr. Speaker, here we are, yet again, to extend block grants to States for the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Act through September 30, 2019, this time in the form of H.R. 2940. I support that initiative.

However, with the reform of "welfare as we knew it" pre-1996, instead of helping people out of poverty, as the narrative goes, we have created a permanent underclass of primarily women workers who have been denied education, denied training, and denied childcare while being required to work at below-subsistence levels or, worse, forced to engage in work activities with absolutely no compensation, which is violative of the 13th Amendment to the Constitution, which abolished slavery and uncompensated work.

Mr. Speaker, our so-called welfare reform can more accurately be described as "welfare deform," given the flagrant flaws that amount to government-sanctioned child abuse—for example, the requirement to work without guaranteed, safe, and affordable childcare, and the imposition of time limits during countercyclical episodes, like the one we saw during the Great Recession.

Mr. Speaker, I have drafted a bill called the RISE Out of Poverty Act that would do more than just extend TANF. It would reform it by stipulating that reducing child poverty and securing childcare while the parent is at work would be the primary purpose of TANF.

We would lift people out of poverty. The block grants would be spent on programs that would alleviate poverty, not on projects like filling the holes in a government's budget.

While I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 2940, I also encourage us, Mr. Speaker, to roll up our sleeves and get to work and craft an overhaul of this program that would fix the shortcomings that exist in the TANF program we now have.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I yield the balance of my time to the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. ESTES), and I ask unanimous consent that he be allowed to control that time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Indiana?

There was no objection.

Mr. ESTES. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2½ minutes to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DUNN).

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, today, this Congress will finally finish its work on a disaster supplemental. For my district, this bill comes almost 8 months after Hurricane Michael destroyed 12 counties in Florida.

For 8 months, I have hammered this Congress about the devastation and desperate needs in my communities. Month after month, one political excuse after another has been used to delay the emergency disaster supplemental, which had always been prompt and never been politicized.

But not this time. This time, my neighbors, my communities, and my friends were left to wonder why Washington doesn't care about them.

Whatever became of Americans helping Americans?

To my colleagues who have unnecessarily delayed this bill, and who may even today vote against it, I ask why. Some colleagues will say their principles required a recorded vote, even though the content of this bill has been known for months and debated for months. In fact, we had a chance to vote on the amendments to it just 2 weeks ago.

For those upset at the cost, okay, spending in Washington is a problem. But are they willing to make an empty gesture about balancing the Federal budget on the backs of Americans who have lost everything? Are they willing to force the airmen at Tyndall and the marines at Camp Lejeune to halt work to repair their bases because they ran out of money over a month ago? How about the foresters in the timber industry who grow a commodity not covered by Federal crop insurance or any other program? Are they willing to bankrupt them? A "no" vote today does exactly that.

I would like to close with a simple thought for those who would think about voting "no" on this bill: There but for the grace of God go I.

If this happened in their districts, would they be willing and prepared to vote against their neighbors in the face of a disaster that literally destroyed their homes and businesses? Would they look them in the eye and vote "no"? I rather doubt it.

Mr. ESTES. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today as Congress debates another extension of the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, or TANF.

While TANF remains a vital program to millions of Americans, and I support an extension, I am disappointed in my colleagues across the aisle for not taking the opportunity to discuss much-needed reforms to TANF, which are long overdue. In fact, since the program began in 1996, TANF has had only

one true reauthorization and has been simply extended 38 times, including four times in the last 2 years since I have been in Congress.

Today, we debate another extension until September 30. However, another extension does not allow us to discuss proposals to reform TANF to help Americans get jobs needed for an independent and prosperous life.

Unlike my colleagues, Republicans have put forth such a proposal called the JOBS for Success Act. The bill expands services to connect people receiving TANF with tailored skills training and jobs. It also allows States to fund apprenticeships and on-the-job training programs, and it expands funding for work-related transportation costs and childcare. In return, the JOBS for Success Act strengthens accountability for securing a job and maintaining it.

These commonsense reforms are needed now more than ever. Under our new Tax Code, our booming economy has more jobs than workers for the first time in history: 7.5 million job openings versus 5.8 million unemployed, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Now is the time for people to get the support and training they need to take part in this historic economic recovery.

Reforming TANF in Congress should be a great first step toward this goal. I know this because I have seen how reforms to TANF can help those in need.

In my home State of Kansas, we allowed TANF dollars to go to the JAG program, which helps at-risk high school students graduate and get a successful career path. In Kansas, JAG has a 91 percent graduation rate and 80 percent employment rate, both above the national average for JAG students.

This one statewide reform is an example of the potential that exists if we come together to look at potential national reforms to TANF and to help families in need and give them the support they need.

□ 1545

Unfortunately, it appears that my colleagues across the aisle are okay with simply kicking the TANF can down the road for the 39th time without discussing the JOBS for Success Act or offering any sort of reform proposal.

As we debate this extension bill, I continue to call on my colleagues to work with us on reforming TANF and developing a full reauthorization bill, not just continuing to kick the can down the road.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the ranking member, Representative WALORSKI from Indiana, and all of my colleagues who have supported and who cosponsor and support this legislation. Congress can and should do far more to

reduce child poverty and help hard-working families to make ends meet.

For example, a recent study by the National Academy of Sciences found multiple paths to reducing child poverty by 50 percent in just 10 years using well-known evidence-based tools like the earned income tax credit, the child independent care tax credit, and the Child Care and Development Fund.

Mr. Speaker, I hope to work with my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to find new ways to support the parents and grandparents who are working so hard. But while we are looking for ways to make sure that States and the Federal Government do more, we should certainly not allow a funding lapse that would result in States having to do less.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to support this simple, bipartisan legislation to allow us to meet our commitments to State governments and to families in need across the country.

Mr. Speaker, I urge full support, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 2940, which strengthens the "Temporary Assistance for Needy-Families" program.

Specifically, H.R. 2940 extends the authorizations for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (TANF) and the Child Care Entitlement to States (CCES) through September 30, 2019.

The legislation passed by Congress to end the Trump Shutdown authorizes the TANF program through June 30, 2019.

H.R. 2940 is necessary to ensure that the Department of Health and Human Services has the authority to pay fourth quarter allotments to states, tribes, and territories on time and in full, preventing any interruption of benefits to low-income parents and children.

TANF is administered by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and features four program goals: provide assistance to needy families so that children can be cared for in their own homes; reduce the dependency of needy parents by promoting job preparation, work and marriage; prevent and reduce unplanned pregnancies among 1 single young adults; and encourage the formation and maintenance of two-parent families.

Under TANF, the federal government gives states a fixed block grant totaling \$16.5 billion each year.

This annual amount has not increased for inflation over the past two decades—and now covers only two-thirds of the purchasing power when it was created.

TANF and SNAP are essential to provide nutritional and financial assistance to the nation's neediest families and children.

Nearly half (48 percent) (3,375,666) of Texan children live in low-income families which is significantly higher than the national level of 41 percent.

Texas needs to increase the amount of funding for needy families to support their livelihoods and prosperity.

Many TANF families struggle with multiple barriers to self-sufficiency, such as disabilities, mental health issues, domestic violence and substance use disorders.

As a result, these families may not always be able to meet the full participation requirements.

States and counties should be given the flexibility to provide partial credit to these families with special needs.

TANF funding should be increased annually by an amount commensurate with the rate of inflation to ensure that the program's actual value does not decrease each year.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) in Texas has supported 57,201 Texans in FY2018.

Texas has reported March 2019 TANF expenditures of \$3,371,717 for 18,195 cases.

According to the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, Texas is listed as one of nine (9) states that spend less than 10 percent of TANF funds.

Another families program that falls under assistance for needy is the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), which provides nutritional assistance to children and families.

Texas has spent \$357,125,771 over the span of 1,377,384 houses in April 2019.

As of April 2019, Houston has 1,557 SNAP cases, which provides services to 3,168 people, of which 252 are elderly and 1,461 are children.

In total, SNAP has funded \$350,743 in food assistance as of April 2019 in Houston.

Long-term reauthorization and adequate funding for this safety-net program are critical for counties, which invest over \$58 billion annually in human services.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting H.R. 2940 to support the extension of these critical programs for our needy families and children.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2940.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the yeas have it.

Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

NATIONAL LANDSLIDE PREPAREDNESS ACT

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1261) to establish a national program to identify and reduce losses from landslide hazards, to establish a national 3D Elevation Program, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1261

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "National Landslide Preparedness Act".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) 3D.—The term "3D" means 3-dimensional.

(2) 3D ELEVATION DATA.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "3D elevation data" means 3D, high-resolution data obtained using LiDAR, IfSAR, or other methods over the United States (including territories and freely associated states).

(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "3D elevation data" includes terrestrial and bathymetric elevation data.

(3) 3D ELEVATION PROGRAM.—The term "3D Elevation Program" means the 3D Elevation Program established under section 5(a).

(4) FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES.—The term "freely associated states" means—

(A) the Federated States of Micronesia;

(B) the Republic of the Marshall Islands; and

(C) the Republic of Palau.

(5) IfSAR.—The term "IfSAR" means interferometric synthetic aperture radar.

(6) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

(7) LAHAR.—The term "lahar" means a large debris flow of mostly volcanic material that is—

(A) often fast-moving; and

(B) a hazard in watersheds downstream of volcanic peaks.

(8) LiDAR.—The term "LiDAR" means light detection and ranging.

(9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United States Geological Survey.

(10) STATE.—The term "State" means—

(A) a State; and

(B) the District of Columbia.

(11) STATE OFFICE.—The term "State office" means any unit of State government that handles the identification, mapping, assessment, and research of landslide hazards or responding to landslide events, including—

(A) a State geological survey office;

(B) a State department of emergency response; and

(C) a State department of transportation.

(12) TERRITORY.—The term "territory" means—

(A) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(B) Guam;

(C) American Samoa;

(D) the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; and

(E) the United States Virgin Islands.

SEC. 3. NATIONAL LANDSLIDE HAZARDS REDUCTION PROGRAM.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a program, to be known as the "National Landslide Hazards Reduction Program" (referred to in this section as the "program")—

(1) to identify and understand landslide hazards and risks;

(2) to reduce losses from landslides;

(3) to protect communities at risk of landslide hazards; and

(4) to help improve communication and emergency preparedness, including by coordinating with communities and entities responsible for infrastructure that are at risk of landslide hazards.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAM.—

(1) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Landslide Hazards established by subsection (c)(1) (referred to in this section as the "Committee") and in coordination with existing activities of the United States Geological Survey and other Federal agencies, shall—

(A) identify, map, assess, and research landslide hazards;

(B) respond to landslide events; and

(C) in coordination with State offices, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes—

(i) establish working groups with State offices, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes to identify regional and local priorities for researching, identifying, mapping, and assessing landslide hazards; and

(ii) develop and implement landslide hazard guidelines for—

(I) geologists;

(II) geological and geotechnical engineers;

(III) emergency management personnel; and

(IV) land use and other decisionmakers.

(2) NATIONAL STRATEGY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination with the Committee, shall develop and publish a national strategy for landslide hazards, risk reduction, and response in the United States (including territories and freely associated states), which shall include—

(A) goals and priorities for the program;

(B) priorities for data acquisition, research, communications, and risk management on landslides and landslide hazards across relevant Federal agencies; and

(C) a detailed interagency plan, which shall take into consideration national disaster preparedness, response, and recovery frameworks, to carry out the national strategy, including details about the programs, projects, and budgets that will be used to implement the national strategy.

(3) NATIONAL LANDSLIDE HAZARDS DATABASE.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary, in coordination with State offices, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes, shall develop and maintain a publicly accessible national landslide hazard and risk inventory database to compile, maintain, standardize, and evaluate data regarding—

(A) landslide hazards and risks;

(B) the impact of landslides on—

(i) health and safety;

(ii) the economy and infrastructure; and

(iii) the environment;

(C) landslide hazard stabilization; and

(D) reduction of losses from landslides.

(4) LANDSLIDE HAZARD AND RISK PREPAREDNESS FOR COMMUNITIES.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Transportation, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, and in consultation with State offices, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes, shall develop and disseminate—

(A) landslide planning and risk reduction guidance, guidelines, maps, tools, and training materials to help inform State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal governments and decisionmakers with respect to—

(i) the use and implementation of landslide hazard assessments;

(ii) the applied use of the database developed under paragraph (3);

(iii) reducing losses from landslides; and

(iv) resources available for communities working to improve landslide hazard preparedness; and

(B) landslide preparedness curricula and training modules for—

(i) State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal officials;

(ii) Federal, State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal emergency managers; and

(iii) the National Guard.

(5) DEBRIS FLOW EARLY WARNING SYSTEM.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall expand the early warning system for debris flow by—

(A) expanding the early warning system for post-wildfire debris flow to include recently burned areas across the western United States;

(B) developing procedures with State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal governments to monitor stormwater drainage in areas with high debris flow risk; and

(C) identifying high-risk debris flow areas, such as recently burned land and potential lahar hazard areas.

(6) **EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVITIES.**—In carrying out the program, the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, States offices, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes, shall establish and support emergency response procedures for the rapid deployment of Federal scientists, equipment, and services to areas impacted by a significant landslide event—

(A) to support emergency response efforts and improve the safety of emergency responders;

(B) to improve data collection; and

(C) to conduct research to advance the understanding of the causes, impacts, and reduction of landslide hazards and risks.

(c) **INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON LANDSLIDE HAZARDS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There is established a committee, to be known as the “Interagency Coordinating Committee on Landslide Hazards”.

(2) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The Committee shall be composed of the following members (or their designees):

(A) The Secretary, who shall serve as Chairperson of the Committee.

(B) The Secretary of Agriculture.

(C) The Secretary of the Army.

(D) The Secretary of Commerce.

(E) The Secretary of Homeland Security.

(F) The Secretary of Transportation.

(G) The Director of the National Science Foundation.

(H) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

(I) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

(3) **MEETINGS.**—The Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairperson.

(4) **PURPOSE AND DUTIES.**—The Committee shall—

(A) advise and oversee the program;

(B) facilitate communication and coordination across Federal agencies in the planning, management, budgeting, and execution of landslide activities; and

(C) support the development and execution of the national strategy under subsection (b)(2), including by—

(i) supporting the development of national goals and priorities for the national strategy;

(ii) articulating Federal agency roles, responsibilities, and resources for carrying out the national strategy; and

(iii) overseeing the implementation of the national strategy.

(d) **ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall establish an advisory committee, to be known as the “Advisory Committee on Landslides” (referred to in this subsection as the “Advisory Committee”).

(2) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The Advisory Committee shall be composed of not fewer than 11 members—

(A) of whom none may be an individual described in any of subparagraphs (A) through (F) of section 7342(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code; and

(B) who shall be representatives of—

(i) States, including State geological organizations;

(ii) territories and freely associated states, including territorial and freely associated state geological organizations;

(iii) Indian tribes, including Tribal geological organizations;

(iv) research institutions and institutions of higher education that are qualified—

(I) to provide advice regarding landslide hazard and risk reduction; and

(II) to represent related scientific, architectural, engineering, and planning disciplines;

(v) industry standards development organizations; and

(vi) State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal emergency management agencies.

(3) **RECOMMENDATIONS.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The Advisory Committee shall submit to the Committee recommendations for the implementation of the program, including recommendations regarding—

(i) landslide hazard and risk reduction and planning;

(ii) tools for communities;

(iii) research; and

(iv) such other topics as the Advisory Committee determines appropriate.

(B) **CONSIDERATION.**—The Secretary and the agency heads described in subparagraphs (B) through (I) of subsection (c)(2) shall take into consideration any recommendation of the Advisory Committee submitted under subparagraph (A).

(e) **GRANT PROGRAMS.**—

(1) **COOPERATIVE LANDSLIDE HAZARD MAPPING AND ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to appropriations, the Secretary may—

(i) provide grants, on a competitive basis, to State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal governments to research, map, assess, and collect data on landslide hazards within the jurisdictions of those governments; and

(ii) accept and use funds received from other Federal and non-Federal partners to advance the purposes of the program.

(B) **PRIORITY.**—

(i) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall consult annually with the Committee, States, units of local government, territories, freely associated states, and Indian tribes to establish priorities for the grant program under this paragraph.

(ii) **FUNDING PRIORITIZATION.**—In providing grants under this paragraph, the Secretary shall give priority to projects—

(I) that will achieve the greatest landslide hazard and risk reduction;

(II) that reflect the goals and priorities of the national strategy established under subsection (b)(2)(A);

(III) not less than 50 percent of the total cost of which is matched by non-Federal sources; and

(IV) that include acquisition of enhanced elevation data consistent with the 3D Elevation Program.

(2) **NATIONAL LANDSLIDE RESEARCH GRANTS.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—To advance the goals and priorities of the national strategy established under subsection (b)(2)(A), subject to appropriations, the Director of the National Science Foundation (referred to in this paragraph as the “Director”) may provide grants to eligible entities for landslide research, including research on—

(i) the causes, mechanisms, triggers, hydrology, and geology of landslides;

(ii) ways to reduce landslide hazards and risks to minimize loss of life and property, including landslide hazard and risk communication, perception, decisionmaking, tools, and technologies; and

(iii) other goals and priorities of the national strategy established under subsection (b)(2)(A).

(B) **ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.**—The Director shall determine whether an entity is eligible to receive a grant under this paragraph.

(C) **REQUIREMENTS.**—In providing grants under this paragraph, the Director shall—

(i) ensure that the grants are provided on a competitive basis; and

(ii) consider grant applications submitted by eligible entities that have developed the application in partnership with 1 or more State geological surveys.

(f) **BIENNIAL REPORT.**—The Secretary shall submit to Congress a biennial report, including a description of, with respect to the preceding 2 calendar years—

(1) the goals and accomplishments of the Secretary and the agency heads described in subparagraphs (B) through (I) of subsection (c)(2) in carrying out the national strategy developed under subsection (b)(2), expressed—

(A) by agency, program, and budgetary resource; and

(B) by the goals and priorities of the national strategy established under subsection (b)(2)(A);

(2) the results of the activities of the Committee under this section;

(3) the extent to which any recommendations of the Advisory Committee under subsection (d)(3)(A) have been implemented;

(4) the grants provided under this section during the preceding 2 calendar years, including a description of—

(A) each activity carried out using such a grant; and

(B) the results of those activities; and

(5) for each significant landslide event in the United States (including territories and freely associated states) during the preceding 2 calendar years—

(A) a description of the landslide event and the implications of the event on communities, including life and property;

(B) recommendations on how the identification of the landslide risk could have been improved prior to the event;

(C) a description of the effectiveness of any warning and risk communication, including the dissemination of warnings by State, territorial, freely associated state, local, and Tribal partners in the affected area;

(D) recommendations to improve risk identification, reduction, and communication to landowners and units of local government;

(E) recommendations to improve landslide hazard preparedness and emergency response activities under this section; and

(F) such other findings as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(g) **FUNDING.**—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$37,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2023, of which—

(1) \$25,000,000 each fiscal year shall be made available to the United States Geological Survey;

(2) \$11,000,000 each fiscal year shall be made available to the National Science Foundation; and

(3) \$1,000,000 each fiscal year shall be made available to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

SEC. 4. GROUND SUBSIDENCE.

As the Secretary determines to be appropriate and subject to appropriations, the Secretary, through existing programs, shall advance the identification, mapping, research, monitoring, restoration, and mitigation of subsidence and groundwater resource accounting, losses from subsidence, including saltwater intrusion, particularly in areas affected by drought and sea level rise.

SEC. 5. 3D ELEVATION PROGRAM.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF 3D ELEVATION PROGRAM.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall establish a program, to be known as the “3D Elevation Program”—

(A) to provide 3D elevation data coverage for the United States;

(B) to coordinate and facilitate the collection, dissemination, and use of 3D elevation data among Federal departments and agencies and non-Federal entities;

(C) to produce standard, publicly accessible 3D elevation data products for the United States; and

(D) to promote the collection, dissemination, and use of 3D elevation data among Federal, State, local, and Tribal governments, communities, institutions of higher education, and the private sector through—

(i) cooperative agreements;

(ii) the development and maintenance of spatial data infrastructure to provide quality control and deliver to the public 3D elevation data products;

(iii) in coordination with the 3D Elevation Federal Interagency Coordinating Committee established under subsection (b), States, and industry and standards bodies, the development of

standards and guidelines for 3D elevation data acquisition to increase accessibility to 3D elevation data in a standard, easy-to-use format; and

(iv) the identification, assessment, and adoption of emerging technologies to improve the accuracy and efficiency of the 3D Elevation Program.

(2) MANAGEMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall manage the 3D Elevation Program—

(i) to ensure efficiency with respect to related activities of the Department of the Interior and other participating Federal departments and agencies; and

(ii) to meet the needs of Department of the Interior programs, stakeholders, and the public.

(B) OTHER FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—The head of each Federal department and agency involved in the acquisition, production, distribution, or application of 3D elevation data shall—

(i) coordinate with the 3D Elevation Federal Interagency Coordinating Committee established under subsection (b) to acquire additional, enhanced 3D elevation data;

(ii) submit to the Secretary a description of priority areas of interest for 3D elevation data collection for use in providing grants and cooperative agreements under subsection (d);

(iii) implement policies and procedures for data acquisition and sharing that are consistent with standards and guidelines developed under the 3D Elevation Program;

(iv) participate in, and share the results and benefits of, the 3D Elevation Program, in accordance with standards and guidelines developed under the 3D Elevation Program; and

(v) ensure that any 3D elevation data acquired with Federal grant funding—

(I) meets 3D Elevation Program standards; and

(II) is included in the national holdings of those data.

(b) 3D ELEVATION FEDERAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall establish an interagency coordinating committee, to be known as the “3D Elevation Federal Interagency Coordinating Committee” (referred to in this subsection as the “Committee”), to better coordinate 3D elevation data management across the Federal Government.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Committee shall be composed of the following members (or their designees):

(A) The Secretary, who shall serve as Chairperson of the Committee.

(B) The Secretary of Agriculture.

(C) The Secretary of Commerce.

(D) The Secretary of Homeland Security.

(E) The Director of the National Science Foundation.

(F) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

(G) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

(H) The head of any other Federal department or agency, at the request of the Secretary.

(3) COORDINATION.—The Committee shall coordinate, as appropriate, with the existing activities of—

(A) the 3D Elevation Program Executive Forum;

(B) the Alaska Mapping Executive Committee;

(C) the 3D Elevation Working Group;

(D) the 3D National Elevation Subcommittee; and

(E) State offices.

(4) MEETINGS.—The Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairperson.

(5) DUTIES.—The Committee shall—

(A) oversee the planning, management, and coordination of the 3D Elevation Program; and

(B) develop, by not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and update periodically thereafter—

(i) a strategic plan that establishes goals and priorities for activities carried out under the 3D Elevation Program; and

(ii) a detailed management plan to implement the strategic plan.

(c) SUBCOMMITTEE OF NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish, within the National Geospatial Advisory Committee, a subcommittee (referred to in this subsection as the “Subcommittee”).

(B) MEMBERSHIP.—The Subcommittee shall—

(i) consist of not fewer than 11 members, of whom none may be a Federal officer or employee; and

(ii) include representatives of—

(I) research and academic institutions;

(II) industry standards development organizations;

(III) units of State and local government; and

(IV) the private sector.

(2) DUTIES.—

(A) ASSESSMENT.—The Subcommittee shall conduct an assessment of—

(i) trends and developments in—

(I) the collection, dissemination, and use of 3D elevation data; and

(II) science and technology relating to 3D elevation data;

(ii) the effectiveness of the 3D Elevation Program in carrying out the activities described in subsection (a)(1);

(iii) the need to revise or reorganize the 3D Elevation Program; and

(iv) the management, coordination, implementation, and activities of the 3D Elevation Program.

(B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Subcommittee shall submit to the Secretary and the 3D Elevation Federal Interagency Coordinating Committee established under subsection (b) a report that includes—

(i) the findings of the assessment under subparagraph (A); and

(ii) recommendations of the Subcommittee based on those findings, if any.

(d) GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants and enter into cooperative agreements with other Federal departments and agencies, units of State, local, or Tribal government, institutions of higher education, nonprofit research institutions, or other organizations to facilitate the improvement of nationwide coverage of 3D elevation data.

(2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant or enter into a cooperative agreement under this subsection, an entity described in paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

(3) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A grant or cooperative agreement under this subsection shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, including making data publicly available and interoperable with other Federal datasets.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$40,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2023.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. CASE) and the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. KEVIN HERN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Hawaii.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and in-

clude extraneous material on the measure under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Hawaii?

There was no objection.

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as she may consume to the gentlewoman from Washington (Ms. DELBENE).

Ms. DELBENE. Mr. Speaker, a little over 5 years ago, on March 22, 2014, Washington State experienced one of the worst natural disasters to date. In a matter of seconds, a tragic landslide near Oso killed 43 people, destroyed over 40 homes, and severely damaged public infrastructure and private property.

That day forever changed the people of Oso, Darrington, Arlington, and the Stillaguamish and Sauk-Suiattle Tribes. They are an inspiring community who did everything possible and came together to help their neighbors.

The Federal Government declared a major disaster in the State of Washington and made sure that Federal resources were available to supplement State, Tribal, and local recovery efforts. While the recovery was slow, these agencies responded to calls for aid when our communities needed roads rebuilt, an extension to file taxes, assistance to get kids to school, or to find new housing.

Unfortunately, this type of event is not unique to Oso or to Washington State. Every State in the country faces some amount of landslide risk, a risk that has not been well identified or addressed when compared to earthquakes, hurricanes, or floods.

Substantial work needs to be done to gain a better understanding of landslides and their potential impacts in order to reduce losses of life and property.

According to the U.S. Geological Survey and National Research Council, landslides result in an estimated 20 to 50 deaths and between \$1 billion and \$2 billion of damage each year.

There is no one collective landslide inventory for most counties, States, or the entire country, and there isn't an agreed-upon methodology for creating one. The establishment of a program addressing landslide hazards as well as increased funding for mapping, education, and risk assessment is crucial and could help save many lives, homes, and infrastructure in the future.

We need to do more to ensure that we fund programs and research efforts to prevent future natural disasters from becoming national tragedies. That is why I introduced this bill, the National Landslide Preparedness Act.

This legislation would establish a National Landslide Hazards Reduction Program through the U.S. Geological Survey to better identify and understand landslide risks, protect communities and property, improve emergency preparedness, and, most importantly, save lives.

My bill would also direct the USGS to implement a 3D Elevation Program

to update and coordinate the collection of enhanced high-resolution elevation data across the country. This is crucial for numerous reasons:

To help communities plan for and respond to natural hazards;

To update the Nation's topographical maps; and

To inform a myriad of uses, including public safety, national security, planning, infrastructure, administration, agriculture, and natural resource management.

Currently, much of the country still relies on data collected more than 30 years ago using older technologies that do not provide the same resolution and benefits. It is time that landslide hazards are addressed properly and in a collaborative fashion. This legislation will allow significant progress to be made in landslide science and will allow communities to be better prepared for when landslides do occur.

We will never forget those who were lost in the slide and the incredible community that worked so hard to rebuild.

Five years ago at the Oso firehouse, President Obama said that the Nation was with the community every step of the way in the rebuilding process. Part of that process is making sure we do everything in our power to make sure that all communities have the necessary information to be better prepared for dangerous landslides.

Mr. Speaker, given the importance of this issue to communities across the country, I urge my colleagues to support this legislation, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 1261, the National Landslide Preparedness Act. This straightforward piece of legislation will help prepare and protect us from landslides.

Landslides are a dangerous and expensive national hazard. According to the U.S. Geological Survey, landslides cause as much as \$2 billion in damages each year and around 25 fatalities.

Wildfires, earthquakes, and severe weather all make landslides more likely. As cities and towns across our country continue to develop, the chances of being affected by these events, likewise, increases.

Since the 1970s, one of the core missions of the U.S. Geological Survey has been to use scientific data to minimize the loss of life and property damage from hazards like landslides. H.R. 1261 supports that goal by establishing the National Landslide Hazards Reduction Program, which will help identify and understand landslide risk; and when those hazards eventually occur, this bill will help prepare us by improving communication and emergency preparedness.

H.R. 1261 also establishes a national 3D Elevation Program to create and maintain standardized, publicly available 3D elevation data for the United

States. Not only will this program assess landslide hazards, but could also help identify energy, mineral, and water resources, geological hazards such as active faults, and other potential dangers, including swelling soils, floodplains, and abandoned mine lands.

In Oklahoma, we have had lots of floods, so if there are other things we can do that will help get us some understanding of what is going on, people will be better for it. I am confident that this bill will help prepare for and prevent against damage from landslides and, most importantly, save American lives.

Mr. Speaker, I urge adoption of the measure, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this legislation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 1261, the "National Landslide Preparedness Act."

H.R. 1261 establishes a national program to identify and reduce losses from landslide hazards and a national 3D Elevation Program.

The bill also authorizes a study of ground subsidence.

Climate change charges us with the responsibility to study significant landslide threats to mitigate damages and protect our citizens.

The 3D Elevation Program (3DEP), authorized under H.R. 1261, systematically collects 3D elevation data in the form of light detection and ranging (lidar) data for the conterminous United States, Hawaii, and the U.S. territories, with data acquired over an 8-year period.

Mr. Speaker, due to global warming, high river levels provoke floods and landslides, which block roads and hinder people from escaping life-threatening situations.

More than 30,000 people worldwide were killed by landslides between 2004 and 2010, according to the Geological Society of America.

And in the U.S. between 25 and 50 people are killed by landslides every year, according to the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS).

Slides can occur in all 50 states, but regions like the Appalachian Mountains, the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Coastal Ranges have "severe landslide problems," according to the USGS.

Mother Nature is unpredictable and can endanger our constituents' lives and homes if advanced warning procedures are not established.

Continued wet weather has also resulted in rivers reaching increasingly dangerous levels.

As of 25 February, National Weather Service data showed over 250 rivers in the Midwest, South and East to be above flood stage.

In February 2019, one person died in flash flooding in Tennessee after a storm system was caused by a landslide brought on by record-breaking rain to the Nashville area.

The Cincinnati metropolitan area is another region that faces constant threats of landslides.

It sits in part on what's called the Kope shale formation, which breaks down easily and is highly prone to landslides.

In 2010, the Cincinnati metro area faced landslides that wrecked properties and caused damages that were difficult to assess.

Losses from landslides in the United States were estimated in 1980 to exceed \$1 billion per year.

The U.S. Geological Survey estimated annual losses to be between \$2 billion and \$4 billion per year.

However, landslide costs across the country are not currently tracked or measured in a uniform way by any one agency.

Passage of H.R. 1261 will result in the:

publication of a national strategy for landslide hazards, risk reduction, and response in the United States (including territories);

Development and maintenance of a publicly accessible national landslide hazard and risk inventory database;

an expanded early warning system for debris flow; and

the establishment of emergency response procedures for the rapid deployment of federal scientists, equipment, and services to areas impacted by a significant landslide event.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1261 incentivizes geologic investigations, good engineering practices, and effective enforcement of land-use management regulations to reduce landslide hazards.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting H.R. 1261 to establish and strengthen the nation's emergency preparedness procedures to assess and evaluate landslide damages and threats.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. CASE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1261, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS LONG-TERM LEGAL RESIDENTS RELIEF ACT

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 559) to amend section 6 of the Joint Resolution entitled "A Joint Resolution to approve the Covenant To Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union with the United States of America, and for other purposes", as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 559

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Northern Mariana Islands Long-Term Legal Residents Relief Act".

SEC. 2. LONG-TERM LEGAL RESIDENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.

Section 6(e) of the Joint Resolution entitled "A Joint Resolution to approve the Covenant To Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union with the United States of America, and for other purposes", approved March 24, 1976 (48 U.S.C. 1806), is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(6) SPECIAL PROVISION REGARDING LONG-TERM RESIDENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.—

“(A) CNMI RESIDENT STATUS.—An alien described in subparagraph (B) may, upon the application of the alien, be admitted in CNMI Resident status to the Commonwealth subject to the following rules:

“(i) The alien shall be treated as an alien lawfully admitted to the Commonwealth only, including permitting entry to and exit from the Commonwealth, until the earlier of the date on which—

“(I) the alien ceases to reside in the Commonwealth; or

“(II) the alien’s status is adjusted under section 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255) to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in accordance with all applicable eligibility requirements.

“(ii) The Secretary of Homeland Security—

“(I) shall establish a process for such alien to apply for CNMI Resident status during the 180-day period beginning on a date determined by the Secretary but not later than the first day of the sixth month after the date of the enactment of this paragraph; and

“(II) may, in the Secretary’s discretion, authorize deferred action or parole, as appropriate, with work authorization, for such alien beginning on the date of the enactment of this paragraph and continuing through the end of such 180-day period or the date of adjudication of the alien’s application for CNMI Resident status, whichever is later.

“(iii) Nothing in this subparagraph may be construed to provide any alien granted status under this subparagraph with public assistance to which the alien is not otherwise entitled.

“(iv) An alien granted status under this paragraph—

“(I) is subject to all grounds of deportability under section 237 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227);

“(II) is subject to all grounds of inadmissibility under section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182) if seeking admission to the United States at a port of entry in the Commonwealth;

“(III) is inadmissible to the United States at any port of entry outside the Commonwealth, except that the Secretary of Homeland Security may in the Secretary’s discretion authorize admission of such alien at a port of entry in Guam for the purpose of direct transit to the Commonwealth, which admission shall be considered an admission to the Commonwealth;

“(IV) automatically shall lose such status if the alien travels from the Commonwealth to any other place in the United States, except that the Secretary of Homeland Security may in the Secretary’s discretion establish procedures for the advance approval on a case-by-case basis of such travel for a temporary and legitimate purpose, and the Secretary may in the Secretary’s discretion authorize the direct transit of aliens with CNMI Resident status through Guam to a foreign place;

“(V) shall be authorized to work in the Commonwealth incident to status; and

“(VI) shall be issued appropriate travel documentation and evidence of work authorization by the Secretary.

“(B) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien is described in this subparagraph if the alien—

“(i) was lawfully present on the date of the enactment of this paragraph or on December 31, 2018, in the Commonwealth under the immigration laws of the United States, including pursuant to a grant of parole under section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) or deferred action;

“(ii) is admissible as an immigrant to the United States under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), except that no immigrant visa is required;

“(iii) resided continuously and lawfully in the Commonwealth from November 28, 2009, through the date of the enactment of this paragraph;

“(iv) is not a citizen of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, or the Republic of Palau; and

“(v) in addition—

“(I) was born in the Northern Mariana Islands between January 1, 1974, and January 9, 1978;

“(II) was, on November 27, 2009, a permanent resident of the Commonwealth (as defined in section 4303 of title 3 of the Northern Mariana Islands Commonwealth Code, in effect on May 8, 2008);

“(III) is the spouse or child (as defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1))) of an alien described in subclause (I) or (II);

“(IV) was, on November 27, 2011, a spouse, child, or parent of a United States citizen, notwithstanding the age of the United States citizen, and continues to have such family relationship with the citizen on the date of the application described in subparagraph (A); or

“(V) had a grant of parole under section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) on December 31, 2018, under the former parole program for certain in-home caregivers administered by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.

“(C) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Beginning on the first day of the 180-day period established by the Secretary of Homeland Security under subparagraph (A)(ii)(I), the Attorney General may accept and adjudicate an application for CNMI Resident status under this paragraph by an alien who is in removal proceedings before the Attorney General if the alien—

“(i) makes an initial application to the Attorney General within such 180-day period; or

“(ii) applied to the Secretary of Homeland Security during such 180-day period and before being placed in removal proceedings, and the Secretary denied the application.

“(D) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding any other law, no court shall have jurisdiction to review any decision of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General on an application under this paragraph or any other action or determination of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General to implement, administer, or enforce this paragraph.

“(E) PROCEDURE.—The requirements of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Administrative Procedure Act), or any other law relating to rulemaking, information collection or publication in the Federal Register shall not apply to any action to implement, administer or enforce this paragraph.”

SEC. 3. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. CASE) and the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. KEVIN HERN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Hawaii.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the measure under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Hawaii?

There was no objection.

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 559 would provide relief to a small group of long-term Northern Mariana Islands legal residents who will otherwise be forced to leave the Commonwealth by June 29 of this year if this legislation is not passed.

This legislation is similar to legislation introduced back in 2011, which was ultimately included in bipartisan, comprehensive immigration legislation which passed the Senate in 2012 and to legislation which has extended their status previously.

Mr. Speaker, I yield as much time as he may consume to the gentleman from the Northern Mariana Islands (Mr. SABLAN), the sponsor of the bill.

Mr. SABLAN. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me time.

Mr. Speaker, 12 years ago, Congress enacted legislation extending U.S. immigration law to my district, the Northern Mariana Islands; and for my 11 years here in Congress, I have worked to make the resulting transition as least difficult as possible.

Because there were unforeseen consequences, there were people who fell through the cracks. Today we have the chance to help some of those people. Their circumstances were not taken into account when Federal immigration was extended to our islands.

□ 1600

During the Obama administration, they were granted humanitarian parole that allowed them to stay. But President Trump decided that was an improper use of parole.

The President’s executive order of January 25, 2017, directed that parole be granted only on a case-by-case basis not to categories of people, as had been done in the Marianas.

As a result, 1,039 long-term residents of my island lost their parole status last December. They were given until June 29 to adjust status or leave.

I have no argument with the President’s thinking. In fact, I have worked to provide permanent status in law for these long-term residents. But immigration legislation is difficult. I have not been successful.

I hope today that will change because even though the Trump administration ended parole, at the same time, the administration also recognized that these long-term residents should be allowed to stay in the Marianas. The administration drafted legislation giving these

people permanent status in the Marianas, and just in the Marianas, so they could continue to live and work as they have for years as part of our community.

I introduced that legislation, H.R. 559, and the administration submitted a statement for the hearing record to the Natural Resources Committee supporting passage, which I include in the RECORD.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
HOMELAND SECURITY,
Washington, DC, February 21, 2019.

Hon. RAÚL M. GRIJALVA,
Chairman, Committee on Natural Resources,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVE GRIJALVA: This letter sets forth Department of Homeland Security (DHS) views with regard to H.R. 559, the "Northern Mariana Islands Long-Term Legal Residents Relief Act."

Thank you for seeking the Department's input on this new legislation. We appreciate the opportunity to review H.R. 559 as the Committee begins the legislative process in the 1st session of the 116th Congress.

As you are aware, H.R. 559 would provide for the admission of certain aliens who are currently present in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) and who had been parolees as CNMI residents. In doing so, the bill would establish an alternative regime to the now-terminated categorical parole program for the CNMI. DHS believes that the bill would address the discrete needs of this alien group in an equitable and lawful manner—more so than any other bill that is now pending Congressional consideration.

In light of the aforementioned, DHS supports H.R. 559. DHS would respectfully urge the Committee to consider the bill favorably. Further, it is the Department's hope that the full House of Representatives will take up and pass the measure expeditiously.

The Department is pleased to inform you that the Office of Management and Budget has no objection to the presentation of this letter to Congress. Nonetheless, I appreciate your interest in the Administration's concerns on this matter. Fortunately, there are none.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to review and share the Department's position on H.R. 559. An identical letter has been sent to Representatives Sablan and Bishop.

Respectfully,

CHRISTINE M. CICCONE,
Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, let me read from the administration's letter. "H.R. 559 would provide for the admission of certain aliens who are currently present in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, CNMI, and who had been parolees. . . . In doing so, the bill would establish an alternative regime to the now-terminated categorical parole program for the CNMI. DHS believes that the bill would address the discrete needs of this alien group in an equitable and lawful manner. . . . It is the Department's hope that the full House of Representatives will take up and pass the measure expeditiously." Signed: Christine M. Ciccone, Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs, Department of Homeland Security.

To be completely transparent, the bill before us has been altered slightly from the original. The bill now includes an administrative appeal procedure

if an applicant believes an error was made in processing their petition for permanent status. But that new language was also drafted, at my request, by the administration. So the bill remains 100 percent as drafted by the administration.

Again, the bill provides permanent status in the Marianas only, with no right of entry to any other part of the United States and no right to any public assistance, to a small group of people who have lived and worked in the Marianas, always lawfully present, since before U.S. immigration law was ever extended to our islands.

The Trump administration agrees. These individuals should be allowed to stay, but not by administrative fiat. They should be allowed to stay under the rule of law.

Today, I ask my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to pass that law. Do as the administration advises. Vote "yes" on H.R. 559.

Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, as has been documented, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands' workforce has historically been comprised of U.S. citizens as well as a nonimmigrant, temporary foreign population.

Until 2009, the CNMI controlled its own immigration policy for the foreign workforce. Today, the Department of Homeland Security manages the applications and eventual permits for any foreign people entering the Commonwealth for work. Since 2009, the transitional worker program was forward-looking, which left a certain portion of the existing foreign workforce that has resided and worked in the Commonwealth for many years in a gray area.

H.R. 559 is an approach to resolve any uncertainty for these long-term foreign workers. I thank the Governor of the Commonwealth, Ralph Torres, for his help and Mr. SABLÁN.

While the policy contained in this measure is fair for long-term foreign workers in the Mariana Islands, I am deeply disappointed that the majority did not consider this bill through regular order. Neither the Natural Resources Committee nor the Judiciary Committee, which received an additional referral of this bill, have acted on this measure—no hearings, no markups. It is my hope that the majority truly believes in following their rules that are supposed to provide for an open and transparent process because this bill did not meet that test.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. CASE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

I commend my colleague from the Northern Mariana Islands for so ably representing his people. As the Representative proudly representing Hawaii, I recognize him and his constituents as members of our Pacific Islands ohana, and I commend him also for working very closely with the adminis-

tration to get this bill right from both sides' perspectives. It is a truly bipartisan bill.

It is a necessary bill, and I urge my colleagues to support the legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. CASE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 559, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 6 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. TITUS) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

REPORT ON H.R. 3055, COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2020

Mr. SERRANO, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 116-101) on the bill (H.R. 3055) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, which was referred to the Union Calendar and ordered to be printed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1, rule XXI, all points of order are reserved on the bill.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

Motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to H.R. 2157;

Motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 2940; and

Agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS
ACT, 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 2157) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. LOWEY) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 354, nays 58, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 232]

YEAS—354

Adams	Craig	Hartzler
Aderholt	Crawford	Hayes
Aguilar	Crenshaw	Heck
Allen	Crist	Hern, Kevin
Allred	Crow	Hice (GA)
Amodei	Cuellar	Higgins (NY)
Armstrong	Cummings	Hill (AR)
Arrington	Cunningham	Hill (CA)
Axne	Davids (KS)	Himes
Babin	Davis (CA)	Holding
Bacon	Davis, Danny K.	Horn, Kendra S.
Baird	Davis, Rodney	Horsford
Balderson	Dean	Houlahan
Barragán	DeFazio	Hoyer
Bass	DeGette	Hudson
Bera	DeLauro	Huffman
Bilirakis	DelBene	Hurd (TX)
Bishop (GA)	Delgado	Jackson Lee
Bishop (UT)	Demings	Jayapal
Blumenauer	DeSaulnier	Jeffries
Blunt Rochester	Deutch	Johnson (GA)
Bonamici	Diaz-Balart	Johnson (SD)
Bost	Dingell	Johnson (TX)
Boyle, Brendan F.	Doggett	Joyce (OH)
Brady	Doyle, Michael F.	Kaptur
Brindisi	Duffy	Katko
Brooks (IN)	Dunn	Keating
Brown (MD)	Engel	Kelly (IL)
Brownley (CA)	Escobar	Kelly (MS)
Buchanan	Eshoo	Kelly (PA)
Bucshon	Españillat	Kennedy
Burgess	Evans	Khanna
Bustos	Ferguson	Kildee
Butterfield	Finkenauer	Kilmer
Byrne	Fitzpatrick	Kim
Calvert	Fleischmann	Kind
Carbajal	Fletcher	King (IA)
Carson (IN)	Flores	King (NY)
Carter (GA)	Fortenberry	Kinzinger
Carter (TX)	Foster	Kirkpatrick
Cartwright	Frankel	Krishnamoorthi
Case	Fudge	Kuster (NH)
Casten (IL)	Gabbard	Kustoff (TN)
Castor (FL)	Gaetz	LaMalfa
Castro (TX)	Galleo	Lamb
Cheney	Garamendi	Langevin
Chu, Judy	Garcia (IL)	Larsen (WA)
Cicilline	Garcia (TX)	Larson (CT)
Cisneros	Gibbs	Latta
Clark (MA)	Gohmert	Lawrence
Clarke (NY)	Golden	Lawson (FL)
Clay	Gomez	Lee (CA)
Cleaver	Gonzalez (OH)	Lee (NV)
Clyburn	Gonzalez (TX)	Levin (CA)
Cohen	Gottheimer	Levin (MI)
Cole	Granger	Lewis
Collins (GA)	Graves (GA)	Lieu, Ted
Collins (NY)	Graves (LA)	Lipinski
Conaway	Graves (MO)	Loebsack
Connolly	Green (TX)	Lofgren
Cook	Griffith	Long
Cooper	Grijalva	Loudermilk
Correa	Guthrie	Lowenthal
Costa	Haaland	Lowe
Courtney	Hagedorn	Lucas
Cox (CA)	Harder (CA)	Luetkemeyer
		Lujan

Luria	Posey
Lynch	Pressley
Malinowski	Price (NC)
Maloney,	Quigley
Carolyn B.	Raskin
Maloney, Sean	Reed
Marshall	Reschenthaler
Mast	Rice (AL)
McAdams	Rice (NY)
McBath	Rice (SC)
McCarthy	Richmond
McCaul	Riggleman
McCollum	Roby
McEachin	Rodgers (WA)
McGovern	Roe, David P.
McHenry	Rogers (AL)
McKinley	Rogers (KY)
McNerney	Rose (NY)
Meeks	Rose, John W.
Meng	Rouda
Meuser	Rouzer
Miller	Roybal-Allard
Mitchell	Ruiz
Moolenaar	Ruppersberger
Moore	Rush
Morelle	Rutherford
Moulton	Ryan
Mucarsel-Powell	Sánchez
Mullin	Sarbanes
Murphy	Scalise
Nadler	Scanlon
Napolitano	Schakowsky
Neal	Schiff
Neguse	Schrader
Newhouse	Schrier
Norcross	Scott (VA)
Nunes	Scott, Austin
O'Halleran	Scott, David
Ocasio-Cortez	Serrano
Olson	Sewell (AL)
Palazzo	Shalala
Pallone	Sherrill
Panetta	Shimkus
Pappas	Simpson
Pascrell	Sires
Payne	Slotkin
Pence	Smith (MO)
Perlmutter	Smith (NE)
Peters	Smith (NJ)
Peterson	Smith (WA)
Phillips	Smucker
Pingree	Soto
Porter	Spanberger
	Spano

NAYS—58

Amash	Fulcher
Banks	Gallagher
Barr	Gianforte
Bergman	Gooden
Biggs	Gosar
Brooks (AL)	Grothman
Buck	Harris
Budd	Higgins (LA)
Burchett	Hollingsworth
Chabot	Huizenga
Cline	Hunter
Cloud	Johnson (LA)
Comer	Jordan
Curtis	Joyce (PA)
Davidson (OH)	LaHood
DesJarlais	Lamborn
Duncan	Lesko
Emmer	Massie
Estes	McClintock
Foxx (NC)	Meadows

NOT VOTING—19

Abraham	Herrera Beutler	Sherman
Beatty	Johnson (OH)	Speier
Beyer	Marchant	Stivers
Cárdenas	Matsui	Swalwell (CA)
Green (TN)	Omar	Wilson (FL)
Guest	Pocan	
Hastings	Schneider	

□ 1901

Messrs. EMMER and MEADOWS changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Mrs. BUSTOS changed her vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the Senate amendment was concurred in.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

EXTENDING TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES PROGRAM AND RELATED PROGRAMS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2940) to extend the program of block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families and related programs through September 30, 2019, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 357, nays 55, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 233]

YEAS—357

Adams	Correa	Gomez
Aderholt	Costa	Gonzalez (OH)
Aguilar	Courtney	Gonzalez (TX)
Allred	Cox (CA)	Gottheimer
Amodei	Craig	Granger
Armstrong	Crawford	Graves (GA)
Arrington	Crenshaw	Graves (LA)
Axne	Crist	Graves (MO)
Bacon	Crow	Green (TX)
Baird	Cuellar	Griffith
Balderson	Cummings	Grijalva
Barragán	Cunningham	Guthrie
Bass	Curtis	Haaland
Beatty	Davids (KS)	Hagedorn
Bera	Davis (CA)	Harder (CA)
Bergman	Davis, Danny K.	Hayes
Bilirakis	Davis, Rodney	Heck
Bishop (GA)	Dean	Higgins (LA)
Bishop (UT)	DeFazio	Higgins (NY)
Blumenauer	DeGette	Hill (AR)
Blunt Rochester	DeLauro	Hill (CA)
Bonamici	DelBene	Himes
Bost	Delgado	Holding
Boyle, Brendan F.	Demings	Hollingsworth
Brady	DeSaulnier	Horn, Kendra S.
Brindisi	Deutch	Horsford
Brooks (IN)	Diaz-Balart	Houlahan
Brown (MD)	Dingell	Hoyer
Brownley (CA)	Doggett	Hudson
Brownley (CA)	Doyle, Michael F.	Huffman
Buchanan	F.	Huizenga
Bucshon	Dunn	Hurd (TX)
Bustos	Emmer	Jackson Lee
Butterfield	Engel	Jayapal
Calvert	Escobar	Jeffries
Carbajal	Eshoo	Johnson (GA)
Carson (IN)	Españillat	Johnson (SD)
Carter (GA)	Estes	Johnson (TX)
Carter (TX)	Evans	Joyce (OH)
Cartwright	Ferguson	Kaptur
Case	Finkenauer	Katko
Casten (IL)	Fitzpatrick	Keating
Castor (FL)	Fleischmann	Kelly (IL)
Castro (TX)	Fletcher	Kelly (MS)
Cheney	Flores	Kelly (PA)
Chu, Judy	Fortenberry	Kennedy
Cicilline	Foster	Khanna
Cisneros	Fox (NC)	Kildee
Clark (MA)	Frankel	Kilmer
Clarke (NY)	Fudge	Kim
Clay	Fulcher	Kind
Cleaver	Gabbard	King (IA)
Clyburn	Gallagher	King (NY)
Cohen	Galleo	Kinzinger
Cole	Garamendi	Kirkpatrick
Collins (GA)	Garcia (IL)	Krishnamoorthi
Collins (NY)	Garcia (TX)	Kuster (NH)
Conaway	Gianforte	Kustoff (TN)
Connolly	Gibbs	LaHood
Cook	Golden	LaMalfa
Cooper		

Lamb	Palazzo	Smucker
Langevin	Pallone	Soto
Larsen (WA)	Panetta	Spanberger
Larson (CT)	Pappas	Spano
Latta	Pascarell	Stanton
Lawrence	Payne	Stauber
Lawson (FL)	Pence	Stefanik
Lee (CA)	Perlmutter	Steil
Lee (NV)	Peters	Stevens
Levin (CA)	Peterson	Stewart
Levin (MI)	Phillips	Suozi
Lewis	Pingree	Takano
Lieu, Ted	Porter	Taylor
Lipinski	Posey	Thompson (CA)
Loeb	Pressley	Thompson (MS)
Lofgren	Price (NC)	Thompson (PA)
Long	Quigley	Thornberry
Lowenthal	Raskin	Timmons
Lowe	Reed	Tipton
Lucas	Reschenthaler	Titus
Luetkemeyer	Rice (NY)	Tlaib
Lujan	Rice (SC)	Tonko
Luria	Richmond	Torres (CA)
Lynch	Riggleman	Torres (SM)
Malinowski	Roby	(NM)
Maloney,	Rodgers (WA)	Trahan
Carolyn B.	Roe, David P.	Trone
Maloney, Sean	Rogers (AL)	Turner
Marshall	Rogers (KY)	Underwood
Mast	Rose (NY)	Upton
McAdams	Rose, John W.	Van Drew
McBath	Rouda	Vargas
McCarthy	Roybal-Allard	Veasey
McCaul	Ruiz	Vela
McCollum	Ruppersberger	Velázquez
McEachin	Rush	Visclosky
McGovern	Rutherford	Wagner
McHenry	Ryan	Walberg
McKinley	Sánchez	Walden
McNerney	Sarbanes	Walker
Meeks	Scanlon	Walorski
Meng	Schakowsky	Waltz
Miller	Schiff	Wasserman
Mitchell	Schrader	Schultz
Moolenaar	Schrier	Waters
Mooney (WV)	Schweikert	Watkins
Moore	Scott (VA)	Watson Coleman
Morelle	Scott, Austin	Webster (FL)
Moulton	Scott, David	Welch
Mucarsel-Powell	Serrano	Wenstrup
Murphy	Sewell (AL)	Wexton
Nadler	Shalala	Wild
Napolitano	Sherrill	Williams
Neal	Shimkus	Wilson (SC)
Neguse	Simpson	Wittman
Newhouse	Sires	Womack
Norcross	Slotkin	Woodall
Nunes	Smith (MO)	Yarmuth
O'Halleran	Smith (NE)	Young
Ocasio-Cortez	Smith (NJ)	Zeldin
Olson	Smith (WA)	

□ 1910

Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, May 23, 2019.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: I have the honor to transmit herewith a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Jessica Mathis, Director, Bureau of Election Services and Notaries, Department of State, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, indicating that, according to the preliminary results of the Special Election held May 21, 2019, the Honorable Fred Keller was elected Representative to Congress for the 12th Congressional District, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

CHERYL L. JOHNSON.

Enclosure.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE, BUREAU
OF ELECTION SERVICES AND NOTARIES,
Harrisburg, PA, May 23, 2019.

Hon. CHERYL L. JOHNSON,
Clerk, House of Representatives,
The Capitol, Washington, DC.

DEAR Ms. JOHNSON: This is to advise you that the unofficial results of the Special Election held on Tuesday, May 21, 2019, for Representative in Congress from the 12th Congressional District of Pennsylvania, show that Fred Keller received 88,656 votes or 67.99% of the total number of votes cast for that office.

It would appear from these unofficial results that Fred Keller was elected as Representative in Congress from the 12th Congressional District of Pennsylvania.

To the best of our knowledge and belief at this time, there is no contest to this election.

As soon as the official results are certified to this office by all counties involved, an official Certificate of Election will be prepared for transmittal as required by law.

Sincerely,

JESSICA MATHIS,
Director.

SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE FRED KELLER, OF PENNSYLVANIA, AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Pennsylvania, the Honorable FRED KELLER, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

His certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no

question has been raised with regard to his election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Will Representative-elect KELLER and the members of the Pennsylvania delegation present themselves in the well.

All Members will rise and the Representative-elect will please raise his right hand.

Mr. KELLER appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear or affirm that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

The SPEAKER. Congratulations, you are now a Member of the 116th Congress.

WELCOMING THE HONORABLE FRED KELLER TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, it is my pleasure to welcome our new colleague representing the 12th District of Pennsylvania, FRED KELLER.

Mr. KELLER comes from Kreamer, Pennsylvania. He comes to us from the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, where he served five terms.

Before his first election, Mr. KELLER worked for 25 years in a factory producing kitchen cabinets, working his way up to manage the plant.

He also started his own real estate business. His record of hard work and commitment to public service will surely serve this Chamber well.

I am looking forward to working with you, Mr. KELLER; and on behalf of the Pennsylvania delegation, I want to welcome you to the House of Representatives.

It now gives me great pleasure to yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. THOMPSON).

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, as a public servant, FRED KELLER has built a reputation for being hardworking, sincere, and dedicated. He has worked passionately for everything he has achieved.

Things weren't always easy for FRED. In fact, he grew up in a house where he had no running water or electricity. And he went straight from high school to work in a factory and became the manager of that great forest products manufacturer. He then served honorably for 8 years in the Pennsylvania State House of Representatives.

NAYS—55

Allen	Duffy	Meadows
Amash	Duncan	Meuser
Babin	Gaetz	Mullin
Banks	Gohmert	Norman
Barr	Gooden	Palmer
Biggs	Gosar	Perry
Brooks (AL)	Grothman	Ratcliffe
Buck	Harris	Rooney (FL)
Budd	Hern, Kevin	Rouzer
Burchett	Hice (GA)	Roy
Burgess	Hunter	Scalise
Byrne	Johnson (LA)	Sensenbrenner
Chabot	Jordan	Steube
Cline	Joyce (PA)	Weber (TX)
Cloud	Lamborn	Westerman
Comer	Lesko	Wright
Conaway	Loudermilk	Yoho
Davidson (OH)	Massie	
DesJarlais	McClintock	

NOT VOTING—19

Abraham	Herrera Beutler	Sherman
Beyer	Johnson (OH)	Speier
Cárdenas	Marchant	Stivers
Green (TN)	Matsui	Swalwell (CA)
Guest	Omar	Wilson (FL)
Hartzler	Pocan	
Hastings	Schneider	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

FRED KELLER's life is reflective of the American Dream, and it is my privilege to welcome him to the House of Representatives today.

Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I yield to our newest colleague in the House of Representatives, Congressman FRED KELLER.

Mr. KELLER. Thank you, Madam Speaker. Thank you, fellow Members of Congress. Thank you to the folks of Pennsylvania's 12th Congressional District.

Before I begin, I just want to make note of the gentleman whose position I am replacing, and that is Congressman Tom Marino, a dedicated public servant. We want to thank him for that service, and also wish him and his family all the best in the future.

I also would like to take a few moments to thank my family who are here with me tonight, my granddaughter, Carson, standing next to me, and up in the gallery, my wife, Kay, of 34 years, our daughter, Jamie, and her husband, Ron, our son, Freddie, and our other granddaughter, Camrie.

There are a lot of things that go into public service, but having your family and friends support you, it can't be any better than that.

I also would like to thank the outstanding folks of Pennsylvania's 12th Congressional District who have placed the privilege of representing them in me here in Congress.

I also look forward to working with all the Members of the United States House of Representatives under Speaker PELOSI's leadership. I also look forward to working with the United States Senate and our President to positively impact the lives of all Americans.

Again, I thank you for this opportunity, and I look forward to working with everybody.

May God bless you. May God bless the United States of America.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath to the gentleman from Pennsylvania, the whole number of the House is 433.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 206, nays 189, answered "present" 1, not voting 36, as follows:

[Roll No. 234]

YEAS—206

Adams	Gabbard	Napolitano
Aguilar	Gallego	Neal
Allred	Garamendi	Neguse
Amodei	Garcia (IL)	Norcross
Arrington	Garcia (TX)	O'Halleran
Bacon	Gomez	Ocasio-Cortez
Banks	Gonzalez (TX)	Pallone
Barragan	Granger	Panetta
Bass	Grothman	Pappas
Beatty	Haaland	Pascrell
Bergman	Heck	Payne
Bilirakis	Higgins (LA)	Perlmutter
Bishop (GA)	Higgins (NY)	Perry
Blumenauer	Hill (CA)	Phillips
Blunt Rochester	Hollingsworth	Pingree
Bonamici	Horsford	Pressley
Bost	Hoyer	Price (NC)
Boyle, Brendan F.	Huffman	Quigley
Brady	Jackson Lee	Rice (SC)
Brown (MD)	Jayapal	Richmond
Brownley (CA)	Jeffries	Rodgers (WA)
Bucshon	Johnson (GA)	Roe, David P.
Bustos	Johnson (TX)	Roybal-Allard
Butterfield	Joyce (OH)	Ruppersberger
Carballo	Kaptur	Rush
Carson (IN)	Katko	Sánchez
Cartwright	Keating	Sarbanes
Case	Keller	Scanlon
Casten (IL)	Kelly (IL)	Schakowsky
Castor (FL)	Kelly (PA)	Schiff
Castro (TX)	Kennedy	Schweikert
Chu, Judy	Khanna	Scott (VA)
Cicilline	Kildee	Scott, David
Cisneros	Kim	Serrano
Clark (MA)	King (IA)	Sewell (AL)
Clarke (NY)	King (NY)	Shalala
Clay	Kinzinger	Simpson
Cleaver	Kuster (NH)	Sires
Clyburn	Lamb	Slotkin
Cohen	Langevin	Smith (NJ)
Collins (GA)	Larsen (WA)	Soto
Connolly	Lawrence	Stanton
Courtney	Lee (CA)	Staubert
Cox (CA)	Levin (CA)	Stefanik
Cummings	Levin (MI)	Steil
Davidson (OH)	Lewis	Takano
Davis (CA)	Lieu, Ted	Taylor
Davis, Danny K.	Lipinski	Thompson (MS)
Dean	Loebsack	Thornberry
DeGette	Long	Titus
DeLauro	Lowenthal	Tlaib
DeBene	Lowe	Trahan
Delgado	Lujan	Trone
Demings	Luria	Underwood
DeSaulnier	Lynch	Vargas
Deutch	Malinowski	Veasey
Dingell	Maloney	Vela
Doggett	Carolyn B. Marshall	Velázquez
Doyle, Michael F.	McCarthy	Visclosky
Engel	McClintock	Wagner
Escobar	McCollum	Waltz
Español	McEachin	Wasserman
Evans	McGovern	Schultz
Finkenauer	Meeks	Waters
Fletcher	Moore	Watkins
Fortenberry	Morelle	Webster (FL)
Foster	Moulton	Welch
Frankel	Murphy	Wenstrup
	Nadler	Wilson (SC)
		Yarmuth

NAYS—189

Aderholt	Cline	Emmer
Allen	Cloud	Estes
Amash	Cole	Ferguson
Armstrong	Collins (NY)	Fitzpatrick
Axne	Comer	Fleischmann
Baird	Conaway	Flores
Balderson	Cooper	Foxx (NC)
Barr	Correa	Gaetz
Bera	Costa	Gallagher
Biggs	Craig	Gianforte
Bishop (UT)	Crawford	Gibbs
Brindisi	Crenshaw	Golden
Brooks (AL)	Crist	Gonzalez (OH)
Brooks (IN)	Crow	Gooden
Buchanan	Cuellar	Gosar
Buck	Cunningham	Gottheimer
Budd	Curtis	Graves (GA)
Burchett	Dauids (KS)	Graves (LA)
Burgess	Davis, Rodney	Graves (MO)
Byrne	DesJarlais	Green (TX)
Carter (GA)	Diaz-Balart	Griffith
Carter (TX)	Duffy	Guthrie
Chabot	Duncan	Hagedorn
Cheney	Dunn	Harder (CA)

Harris	McKinley	Scott, Austin
Hartzler	Meadows	Sensenbrenner
Hayes	Meng	Sherrill
Hern, Kevin	Meuser	Shimkus
Hice (GA)	Miller	Smith (MO)
Hill (AR)	Mitchell	Smucker
Himes	Moolenaar	Spanberger
Holding	Mooney (WV)	Spano
Horn, Kendra S.	Mucarsel-Powell	Steube
Houlihan	Mullin	Stevens
Hudson	Newhouse	Stewart
Huizenga	Norman	Suozi
Hunter	Nunes	Thompson (CA)
Hurd (TX)	Olson	Thompson (PA)
Johnson (LA)	Palazzo	Timmons
Johnson (SD)	Palmer	Tipton
Jordan	Pence	Torres Small (NM)
Joyce (PA)	Peters	Turner
Kelly (MS)	Peterson	Upton
Kilmer	Porter	Van Drew
Kind	Posey	Walberg
Kirkpatrick	Ratcliffe	Walden
Krishnamoorthi	Reed	Walker
Kustoff (TN)	Reschenthaler	Walorski
LaHood	Rice (NY)	Watson Coleman
LaMalfa	Rigglesman	Weber (TX)
Lamborn	Roby	Westerman
Latta	Rogers (AL)	Wexton
Lawson (FL)	Rogers (KY)	Wild
Lee (NV)	Rooney (FL)	Williams
Lesko	Rose (NY)	Wittman
Loudermilk	Rose, John W.	Womack
Lucas	Rouda	Woodall
Luetkemeyer	Rouzer	Wright
Maloney, Sean	Roy	Yoho
Massie	Ruiz	Young
Mast	Rutherford	Zeldin
McAdams	Scalise	
McBath	Schrader	
McCaul	Schrier	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Tonko
NOT VOTING—36

Abraham	Grijalva	Pocan
Babin	Guest	Raskin
Beyer	Hastings	Ryan
Calvert	Herrera Beutler	Schneider
Cárdenas	Johnson (OH)	Sherman
Cook	Larson (CT)	Smith (NE)
DeFazio	Lofgren	Smith (WA)
Eshoo	Marchant	Speier
Fudge	Matsui	Stivers
Fulcher	McHenry	Swailew (CA)
Gohmert	McNerney	Torres (CA)
Green (TN)	Omar	Wilson (FL)

□ 1925

Mr. CICILLINE changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the Journal was approved.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

DIRECTING THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE TO MAKE A CORRECTION IN THE ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 2157

Ms. WATERS. Madam Speaker, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. TITUS). Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 45

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 2157, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following correction: In section 1207, strike "May 31, 2019" each place such term appears and insert "June 14, 2019".

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER
AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 2517

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed from the list of cosponsors of H.R. 2517.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

MOMENT OF SILENCE REMEM-
BERING VICTIMS OF GUN VIO-
LENCE

(Mrs. MCBATH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. MCBATH. Madam Speaker, I rise on this first legislative day of June to commemorate Gun Violence Awareness Month and to remember the 12 lives that were tragically cut short in Friday's mass shooting in Virginia Beach.

This month, we will be taking action and bringing attention to common-sense solutions to save the nearly 100 lives taken every day by tragic acts of gun violence.

At this time, I ask my colleagues to please join me in this moment of silence for all those who have been lost.

□ 1930

REQUEST TO CONSIDER H.R. 962,
BORN-ALIVE ABORTION SUR-
VIVORS PROTECTION ACT

Mr. MARSHALL. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from further consideration of H.R. 962, the Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act, an act that protects living babies who survive failed abortions, and ask for its immediate consideration in this House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under guidelines consistently issued by successive Speakers, as recorded in section 956 of the House Rules and Manual, the Chair is constrained not to entertain the request unless it has been cleared by the bipartisan floor and committee leaderships.

Mr. MARSHALL. Madam Speaker, I personally fought in the OB delivery room for 30 years for the unborn and newly born. I ask the Speaker to immediately schedule this important bill so we can protect these babies.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman is not recognized for debate.

HONORING JENKINS HIGH SCHOOL
ROBOTICS TEAM

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Jenkins High School robotics team for all of their accomplishments during the 2019 season.

The Jenkins High School team, also called Team WIRE, built from scratch a robot that can pick up a large bouncy ball, carry it across a room, and place it in a specific location.

This year's theme was space, and the team had to design a robot that could bring fuel to a spacecraft. In this case, the fuel was the large bouncy ball.

Ranking 20th in the State of Georgia, Team WIRE won the judge's award at a competition in Gainesville and advanced to a number of prestigious tournaments. I am proud that we have this level of talent in the First Congressional District of Georgia and thankful that we have Jenkins High School, which is doing so much to give their students a STEM education and teaching their students the value of teamwork.

I would like to congratulate Team WIRE on its accomplishments this year and wish good luck to Team WIRE in the future.

GUN POLICIES WORK

(Mr. LANGEVIN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LANGEVIN. Madam Speaker, in the wake of yet another tragedy, I rise to recognize the month of June as National Gun Violence Awareness Month.

On Friday, yet another 12 people lost their lives to gun violence, this time in Virginia Beach. Twelve more families were ripped apart, another community forever changed.

I know firsthand the devastation a gun can cause. The accidental shooting that left me a quadriplegic was life-shattering. And yet the pain of losing a parent, a child, or a friend is forever unimaginable.

I have said too many times to count that we must address the gun violence epidemic head-on. We owe it to the family members, the friends, and the neighbors who lost their lives in Virginia Beach and the thousands more who will die this year.

We know the policies that work. Now we must have the courage to enact them.

RECOGNIZING PINE GROVE JROTC

(Mr. MEUSER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MEUSER. Madam Speaker, it is with great respect that I rise today to recognize the JROTC cadets from Pine Grove High School in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, and their commanding officer, Lieutenant Colonel Michael Stefanchik.

These cadets are traveling overseas to Normandy, France, to help mark the 75th anniversary of D-day and to honor

the beginning of the march to victory in World War II.

In addition to participating in the D-day memorial parade in Normandy, they are taking part in the ceremonies in Brittany and the American cemetery at Omaha Beach. These hallowed grounds are the resting place for thousands of American heroes who gave the ultimate sacrifice in defense of freedom and liberty and to save the world from tyranny.

2,014 Pennsylvanians stormed the beaches of Normandy. It is a great privilege to have these cadets from the Ninth District present to honor and remember the bravery of countless ordinary Americans who faced extraordinary times.

I ask that my colleagues join me in recognizing these cadets' achievement and remembering the great and lasting sacrifices made at Normandy 75 years ago.

WORKING TO IMPROVE THE LIVES
OF AMERICANS

(Ms. JACKSON LEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, I was saddened to stand alongside Congresswoman MCBATH to ask for a moment of silence for yet another innocent group of Americans who died.

We must gather in this House and demand the Senate to pass our legislation on gun safety, but we must also stand together against making legal access for anyone to have a silencer. We just have to do better as relates to the lives of Americans.

I stand, as well, to support the passage of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, very important to those of us in Texas.

As I watched this past week all of the disasters that were happening, it was sad. It was disappointing to know that there were Members on the floor objecting to this bill.

In particular, Houston, Texas, impacted by Hurricane Harvey, needed this money for its water treatment, its reimbursement, freshwater, and its sewage treatment.

In addition, the people in the U.S. Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico territories are desperate for resources. Many of us who visited know that they are long overdue.

Finally, I am supporting the extension of TANF, the very important nutrition legislation that provides for our children. It is expiring on June 30.

We have to do better. We cannot, in essence, yield to people who believe that these kinds of solutions should be over.

RECOGNIZING FLORIDA HIGH
SCHOOL BASEBALL PLAYERS

(Mr. SPANO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SPANO. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize three schools that recently finished excellent high school baseball seasons.

First, I want to congratulate Lakeland Christian, who capped off a 24-win season by winning the Florida Class 3A State championship on June 1. It was no small feat to knock off a three-time defending State champion, but under the leadership of Coach Blane Fox, they won 3 to 1. This was the first Polk County team to win a baseball State title in 24 years.

Second, it should come as no surprise to those who know Florida baseball that it was two Hillsborough County schools, Plant City and Strawberry Crest, that faced off in the Class 8A championship on May 30.

Plant City, under the leadership of Coach Michael Fryrear got off to a quick start and never looked back, winning 3 to 1 over Coach Eric Beattie's Strawberry Crest team and finishing the season with 30 wins.

I congratulate Florida Class 3A State champions, Lakeland Christian; Class 8A State champions, Plant City; and Class 8A runner-up, Strawberry Crest. Madam Speaker, all three teams should be proud of their accomplishments over this past season.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DESERVE ACTION

(Mr. LEVIN of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LEVIN of California. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize Gun Violence Awareness Month, which began mere days after another tragic shooting in Virginia Beach and weeks after the Chabad of Poway synagogue shooting just outside of my district in southern California.

This is wrong.

After the Poway shooting, I called for concrete action to help end the scourge of senseless gun violence in our country. I called on the Senate to pass H.R. 8, which would put commonsense gun safety measures in place, requiring a background check on every gun sale or transfer. I also called on the Senate to pass H.R. 1112 to close the Charleston loophole, which currently allows the sale of a firearm to proceed if a background check is not completed within 3 business days.

Months after the House passed those bipartisan bills, they continue to languish in the Senate.

The American people deserve better. The American people deserve a vote. They deserve elected officials who aren't afraid of the NRA.

The American people deserve action. That is what Gun Violence Awareness Month is about. We have an epidemic of gun violence that is unique to our country, and we must finally do something about it.

RECOGNIZING WE BUILD THE WALL

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the hard work being done by a crowd-funded organization called We Build the Wall.

Because Congress has failed to pass legislation that will secure our border and fund the construction of physical barriers where they are needed, these folks have taken the initiative.

We Build the Wall, led by Air Force combat veteran and triple amputee Brian Kolfage, has raised over \$23 million in private donations to help secure the southern border and began construction in New Mexico over the Memorial Day weekend.

Now, rumors were circulated about the group, but they are fulfilling their promise. After first being told their permits were in order, the mayor of Sunland Park and his administration were flip-flopping, and their incompetence has threatened to put the brakes on the whole project—but it only delayed it 36 hours. They now have been cleared to resume the construction.

We know there is a crisis at the southern border. Madam Speaker, I thank Brian Kolfage and We Build the Wall for their selfless commitment to our great country.

It is too bad it has to come to this, but it is also inspiring, in a way, that citizens came forward to do the job of the U.S. Government and secure our sovereign border themselves.

This Congress should do better for our border security and for our American citizens.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR ACTION

(Mr. CISNEROS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CISNEROS. Madam Speaker, this past Wednesday, I met with a group of high school students from my district who started a local March for Our Lives chapter to talk about the gun epidemic in our country. Then, 2 days later, we had another mass shooting in Virginia Beach.

According to the Mass Shooting Tracker website, there have been over 181 mass shootings in the United States this year, with over 200 victims losing their lives.

I am proud that we finally passed commonsense gun legislation in this House that expanded background checks, which is something over 90 percent of the American people wanted, but we need to do more.

The shooting in Virginia Beach used both a silencer and a high-capacity magazine. We need legislation now to outlaw both of those items as well as automatic rifles. We need to allow the

Centers for Disease Control to study the gun epidemic in our country so we can find a solution.

But it is not just mass shootings that we need to address. Over two-thirds of all gun deaths in the United States are a result of suicides, and the number is rising. Over 20 veterans a day are committing suicide. We must also study firearm suicide and how it relates to mental health and how we can limit firearm access to those who are suffering.

We have a problem in our country, and it is not just going to go away. Now is the time for action. Too many lives are at stake.

HONORING MAUD BORUP

(Mr. HAGEDORN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HAGEDORN. Madam Speaker, the best gummy bears I have ever tasted are made by a company right in southern Minnesota.

Last week, I visited Le Center and toured Maud Borup, a 112-year-old wholesale confections company that specializes in gourmet candy, baking kits, food gifts, and more.

Maud Borup started as a woman-owned brick-and-mortar candy shop in St. Paul before women even had the right to vote. Today it is a wholesale company continuing to offer opportunities for women. In fact, 96 percent of the more than 100 employees are women.

Maud Borup's president, Christine Lantinen, was recently named the 2019 Minnesota Small Business Person of the Year. Christine is an Army vet and an entrepreneur who is making a difference in her community.

We had the opportunity to discuss regulatory issues, healthcare reform, trade, and how Federal policies are affecting small businesses in Minnesota.

Madam Speaker, I thank Christine and everyone at Maud Borup for being a valuable part of Minnesota.

HONORING CHARLES NORMAN SHAY

(Ms. PINGREE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. PINGREE. Madam Speaker, this week we recognize the 75th anniversary of D-Day, and we recognize a Mainer who helped to liberate France and then Europe from Nazi control in World War II during the invasion of Normandy.

Charles Norman Shay is a Penobscot Tribal elder and a decorated veteran of both World War II and the Korean war. He has received the Bronze Star, the Silver Star, and the Legion of Honor, making him the first Native American in Maine with that distinction.

Charles Norman Shay was drafted at 19 and served as a medic in the 16th Infantry Regiment, First Infantry Division. When he landed at Omaha Beach

in the first wave, it was his first time in combat. Armed with only his medical supplies, Mr. Shay charged Omaha Beach dozens of times, pulling struggling soldiers from the sea, bandaging wounds, making splints out of pieces of wood, or comforting soldiers through their final moments.

Mr. Shay makes a pilgrimage back to Normandy every year to remember his fellow soldiers, and at 94 years old, Mr. Shay is returning for the 75th anniversary of D-Day.

Mr. Shay is a hero to all Mainers, the Penobscot Nation, and all Americans. Our country is indebted to him.

□ 1945

A TRAITOR TO LIBERTY

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, what defines a traitor to America's liberty?

The Justice Department defines a traitor as a person, who owing allegiance to the United States, adheres to their enemies.

President Trump's 2016 campaign manager, Paul Manafort, fits that definition: a traitor.

Manafort proudly sought out multimillions of dollars from the enemies of liberty to promote the pro-Russian anti-democratic ruler of Ukraine—President Viktor Yanukovich.

Yanukovich took his direct orders from Russian dictator Vladimir Putin who personally directed Russia's interference in the 2016 U.S. Presidential election.

When Ukrainian people rose up to take back their nation, Yanukovich, after killing his own countrymen, fled back to his master in Russia to hide out, looting countless millions that he stole from the Ukrainian people.

The real question for America is how could a U.S. citizen sell out liberty for dirty money from such dictators for whom liberty means nothing.

Mr. Manafort, Trump's campaign manager, is no stranger to criminal enterprise.

Just weeks ago, news broke out that Manafort got millions upon millions of dollars, auctioning off high-level Trump administration positions to a Chicago banker named Stephen Calk.

Madam Speaker, it is a fair question to ask: At what exact point in his sordid career did Manafort become a traitor to liberty? And, more importantly, who else is riding his traitorous coat-tails?

HONORING WILLIAM BRODISH AND HERBERT TERNER ON THE 75TH ANNIVERSARY OF D-DAY

(Ms. SHERRILL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SHERRILL. Madam Speaker, this week, we will commemorate the

75th anniversary of D-Day, and I rise to honor two of our New Jersey residents who participated in Operation Overlord.

William Brodish worked at Picatinny Arsenal for 3 years. He joined the Army and was assigned to the 27th Ordnance Bomb Disposal Squad.

On the morning of June 6, Private Brodish landed on Omaha Beach and got to work removing projectiles and rockets from the shoreline. He was only 22-years-old when he died on the beach as a German artillery projectile exploded over his position.

Herbert Turner enlisted in the Army in 1942, and on D-Day, he parachuted into Normandy with the 101st Airborne.

As a radio specialist, he alerted troops of landing positions, and he continued to fight after D-Day in the Battle of the Bulge, and, eventually, helped to liberate prisoners from the concentration camps.

I had the great honor of meeting Herb, now 98 years old and a resident of Montville, over Memorial Day weekend.

Tonight, I honor William, Herbert, and all the New Jersey residents who put their lives on the line to defend democracy and free Europe from the grasp of the Nazis and totalitarianism.

JOANNE REAGAN DANCE STUDIOS

(Mr. VAN DREW asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. VAN DREW. Madam Speaker, Joanne Reagan of Joanne Reagan Dance Studios in Cold Spring, New Jersey, celebrated her 50th year teaching dance over the weekend. She started training at only 8 years of age.

Joanne Reagan Dance Studios is founded on belief in the philosophy and mission to build character, discipline, and responsibility through the creative and performing arts.

They aim to give students the ammunition and the armor they need to pursue a professional career, if they desire to do so, or in whatever endeavor they choose to pursue in their lives.

Students are encouraged to aspire towards their own personal goals in a manner which celebrates the individual and promotes self-esteem, and it also promotes a positive body image.

I celebrate Joanne Reagan's service to our community and commend her for passing on these invaluable life skills to southern New Jersey's youth.

Madam Speaker, we are really lucky to have her.

HONORING THE SELFLESS HEROES OF THE OKLAHOMA STORMS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. HOULAHAN). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2019, the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. KEVIN HERN) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the minority leader.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous con-

sent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the topic of this Special Order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Oklahoma?

There was no objection.

Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma. Madam Speaker, the last 2 weeks have been brutal for much of America. Storms, tornadoes, and floodwaters have attacked our homes and our people.

I spent last week across the First District of Oklahoma, watching the waters rise and the homes and livelihoods of my community be destroyed. It was heart-wrenching.

Every day, I saw more families forced to evacuate, more homes take on water, more sinkholes open up, and roadways disappear under the flood. This disaster has reached every corner of my district and has permanently affected countless families.

For some, a lifetime of building a home was washed away in a matter of days. There are priceless photos that will never be recovered, neighborhoods that will never be the same, families who have lost everything.

We may have caught the attention of the Nation for a few days while tornadoes tore up our country and storms battered our homes, but now the water subsides, and the cameras turn off, but the damage remains. Our communities will be forever changed.

In times of war, there is an enemy. There is a target for our retribution. When foreign armies attacked Pearl Harbor, we had a swift response. There was somewhere to go, someone to fight.

When your people are attacked by nature, when it is flood waters destroying your home instead of armies, where do you turn?

In times of disaster, it is easy to shake your fist at God. It is natural to be angry and to turn that anger on the only being you think you can blame.

Instead, what I have seen in my community this week is faith, generosity, and the genuine love and care for our fellow man.

It is these moments of devastation when true character shines through. This is when heroes are made.

When everyone is running away from a problem or dangerous situation, who runs toward it?

Tonight, we are here to honor the selfless heroes of the storms, the men and women of our communities who showed true leadership and courage these last few weeks to keep our people safe and protect our families.

I am proud of Oklahomans and how they came together. I am humbled to have personally heard their stories.

Along with my colleagues, we will shine a light on the brave people whose sacrifices will forever have an impact on our districts.

Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. LATTA).

Mr. LATTI. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding and for holding this Special Order tonight to honor all these individuals that did so much.

A lot of people probably watched last week on the evening news and during the day the tornadoes that struck Ohio. And one, in particular, struck my district in Mercer County in the city of Celina. And a lot of folks, when I was over there, said they didn't have very much time to react and seek shelter because of how fast the storms came on.

But I think it is really important to thank these individuals that responded immediately to what happened.

These are our first responders, our police, our fire, our emergency management, our emergency services out there. They are the ones that got out there to help, and they were on the front lines, right when it struck in the evening, and they worked all night long, all the next morning, and straight through.

I was there a day and a half after the tornadoes struck, and it is amazing to see how the community came together. But, again, at the same time, it was the individuals on the ground that made sure it happened.

So, again, I just really thank all of those individuals, and also our elected officials, for all that they did, and the countless hours that they spent making sure that the citizens of their city of Celina and their county of Mercer received the help that they needed.

I think it is also important, because of the resilience of the people that lived there—and out in the community, looking at all the destroyed homes, the damaged homes—but I think it is important, because one of the gentlemen I talked with really had his priorities.

When he was bringing out all the damage from his home, you know, he had told me when they built their house, and how long they had lived there. But he said, you know what, we got out with our lives.

And all the things that he said that they were hauling out of the house—and he just kind of pointed to it all, it was across the entire front—he said it was just stuff. And he had his priorities, because the families were safe, and they got out.

Unfortunately, we did have a fatality. A gentleman who was in his bed sleeping had a car lifted up from two doors down and it crashed and crushed him in his bed.

So, you know, it is when we have these tornadoes and we have these disasters across the country, I think it is important that we always remember to thank those who are on the front lines, day and night, 7 days a week, 24 hours a day, making sure that we are safe and have that protection.

Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman for having the Special Order this evening, for having the ability to thank those who needed to be thanked again and again and again for all that they do for us.

Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Ohio.

Madam Speaker, anyone can run for office. Anyone can have a title, but it takes true leadership and true selflessness to stand up in the heart of a disaster and lead your community.

Oklahomans are blessed to have incredible leaders at every level of government.

Local officials in all of my districts, cities, and counties worked sleepless nights, through torrential rains, and devastating tornadoes to keep our people safe and informed.

Tulsa Mayor G.T. Bynum has been an around-the-clock warrior for his city. Truly, I don't think he slept in the last 2 weeks. Along with Tulsa's city councilors, Phil Lakin, Kara Joy McKee, Vanessa Hall-Harper, and TAEMA Director Joe Kralicek, they have had a constant presence with our people, helping where they can, but most importantly, keeping the Tulsa community informed of where the water was headed, when to evacuate, and where to go.

Tulsa County Sheriff Vic Regalado, Undersheriff George Brown, and Commissioners Stan Sallee, Karen Keith, and Ron Peters have been vigilant in monitoring the movement of the flood waters and have had an active presence in the hardest hit areas of the city.

Wagoner Mayor Albert Jones, Coweta Police Chief Mike Bell, City Manager Roger Kolman, Mayor Evette Morris, EMS Director Heath Underwood, and Sheriff Chris Elliott have likewise been a constant source of strength for Wagoner County.

Sand Springs was especially hard hit this past week, and Mayor Jim Spoon has shown true leadership for his community.

Vice Mayor Patty Dixon, Councilors Phil Nollan, Mike Burdge, Christine Hammer, Beau Wilson, Brian Jackson, and Police Chief Mike Carter have proven to be an asset to their town and their people throughout this disaster.

In Bixby, Mayor Brian Guthrie, City Manager Jared Cottle, Vice Mayor John Easton, Councilors Paul Blair, Brad Girard, and Robin Decatur have gone above and beyond to protect their people.

Jenks Police Chief Cameron Arthur, City Manager Christopher Shrout, Mayor Robert Lee, Vice Mayor Kaye Lynn, and Councilors Gary Isbell, Craig Murray, Dr. Josh Wedmen, Donna Ogez, and Cory Box.

Bartlesville Mayor Dale Copeland, Vice Mayor Alan Gentges, Councilors Paul Stuart, Jim Curd, Jr., Trevor Dorsey, and Police Chief Tracy Roles.

Washington County Commissioners Mitch Antle, Mike Bouvier, and Mike Dunlap, Emergency Management Director Kary Cox, and Sheriff Scott Owen.

Collinsville Mayor Bud York. Skiatook Fire Chief Jim Annas, City Manager Dan Yancey, Mayor Roger Upton, and Vice Mayor Herb Forbes.

Owasso Mayor Dr. Chris Kelley, City Manager Warren Lehr, and Police Chief Scott Chambliss.

Catoosa City Manager John Blish and Mayor Brenda Conley.

Okay Mayor Brad Matthews, and Johnny Walker.

All of these local leaders have been a godsend to their communities during one of Oklahoma's worst widespread natural disasters in memory.

Thanks to all of these incredible people that have shown leadership during our time of crisis. Your service does not go unnoticed.

During this storm, members of the community decided to stand up and lead, not because they worked for local government, not because they were a first responder, but because they knew there was a need for leadership in their neighborhood.

Today, I would like to tell the story of one of those men.

Jeremy Herrington is from the Town and Country neighborhood of Sand Springs—one of the communities hardest hit by the floodwaters.

After doing his own study of the floodplain maps, Jeremy realized the danger to his neighborhood long before the Army Corps of Engineers or local officials. He took to social media to warn his neighbors to evacuate, and many of them did.

Through the Town and Country Facebook page that Jeremy manages, his neighborhood has been transformed into a loving community working together to overcome the disaster.

Instead of turning on each other, Jeremy's neighbors have come together to share with each other, support each other, cry together, and give advice on how to recover from the floods.

□ 2000

Most of the Facebook group have never met in real life, but the community Jeremy helped create online has bound them together like a family. Now that the Town and County neighborhood is returning home, they are mourning together and beginning their recovery process together.

Without the attentive work of Jeremy, his community wouldn't have been notified of the danger in time. I am thankful for Jeremy's work to keep his neighbors informed. I am sure his community is grateful for his dedication as well.

The most important thing we can do to prepare for disaster is to communicate. In that regard, Oklahoma's First Congressional District was in the most capable hands. The meteorologists and storm chasers in our media market have been working around the clock to keep people informed of the weather, telling them where to go and what to do in case of disaster.

Some of the hardworking team includes: Mike Collier, Brandon Wholey, Kirsten Lang, Clint Boone, Dan Threlkeld, Chris Nestman, Caroline Brown, Katy Kramer, James Aydelott, Michael Seger, Laura Mock, Brad Carl,

Megan McClellan, Stacia Knight, Michael Grogan, Alan Crone, Stephen Nehrenz, and of course, Travis Meyer.

Without the thorough preparedness of these teams, the Tulsa area would have faced unimaginable devastation. When the skies are clear and it is smooth sailing, it is easy to overlook the work that these people put in day and night. But after the past 2 weeks, it is undeniable the essential role they have in our community.

My deepest thanks to our hard-working meteorologists and brave storm-chasing teams that have kept us informed and safe. The work is not over. The floodwaters have not disappeared yet, and they are all still working hard to keep our community informed.

We had the worst floods in history and lost no lives, which is a testament to their communication.

Our law enforcement officers, like many in our community, have worked tirelessly to protect our people through the storms. Some, like Captain Jason Morrison and Sheriff Corporal Mike Heisten, are volunteering their time on dive teams to rescue missing persons and people stranded in the floods.

Dealing with the quick-moving, murky floodwaters is challenging, to say the least. It is a scary task, but these men answered the call to action because they knew their community needed them.

In a flood situation as dire as we had in Oklahoma last week, whole towns were being evacuated. Entire cities were underwater. There were places completely shut off from the rest of the State because all the surrounding roads were underwater.

In this kind of danger, who goes back for those left behind? Who goes in to find the victims of the storms? Captain Morrison and Sheriff Corporal Heisten did.

We can never fully comprehend the danger that these disasters bring to our homes until they are here. Captain Morrison and Sheriff Corporal Heisten did not hesitate to step into the path of danger to keep their community safe, and for that, I am eternally grateful.

The devastation of these floods extends well beyond the homes and lives of the people of Oklahoma's First Congressional District. Countless businesses took on disastrous amounts of water over the last few weeks. Many businesses had to shutter completely, and many will need extensive repairs before they can reopen.

The River Spirit Casino Resort along the Arkansas River is one of those businesses. The resort has become a key destination in Tulsa, and it was forced to shut down during one of the most profitable travel holidays of the year, Memorial Day weekend.

Instead of leaving hundreds of employees out to dry, River Spirit continued to pay these employees during the flood and will continue to pay these employees until the resort is able to open and resume operations, well into July.

Likewise, HollyFrontier Tulsa Refinery, located on the Arkansas River, has chosen to continue paying employees for the duration of their building's closure. HollyFrontier is even helping displaced employees pay for hotel rooms.

These companies are going above and beyond to help their employees during a time of crisis, and it deserves recognition.

I would be remiss to speak tonight on all local heroes of the last few weeks and not talk about a woman who has worked tirelessly to keep Tulsa County safe. County Commissioner Karen Keith has been a perennial source of strength not only for the people impacted by the floods but also for the local leaders and responders who have been working to combat the flooding as well.

Commissioner Keith is not one to stay safe inside the emergency operations room and direct from inside. She has been out on boats in the floodwaters in the most devastated parts of town every day. She has been out in the community, rain or shine, working across party lines to make sure everyone was safe and accounted for.

She has been helping business owners deal with the aftermath of flooded storefronts and helping families navigate disaster aid and evacuation protocols.

When water released from the dam was increasing and posing a further threat to Tulsa County, she made sure people in the impacted areas were evacuated and cared for.

Disasters like this make or break a person as a leader, and Commissioner Keith has proven her ironclad dedication to the people of Tulsa County. Even now, as the floodwaters begin to subside, Commissioner Keith is still working at all hours to help those who have been forever affected by these storms.

I am so thankful for Commissioner Keith and the work she has done to keep Tulsa County safe these last few weeks.

Wagoner County is the largest county in the First Congressional District. There was a lot of ground to cover there and a lot of coordination needed for emergency response during the last 2 weeks.

Heath Underwood, the Wagoner County director of emergency management, was the man to coordinate it all. When floodwaters came for his community, he kept all the moving pieces of disaster relief functioning and running smoothly.

It has been a never-ending cycle of rainfall, water release at the dam, and extending floodwaters across Wagoner County, but Heath weathered it all. He coordinated rescue efforts for people stranded in their homes and on highways across the county. I am sure those who were stranded are thankful for his dedication.

Our local leaders have proven absolutely dependable and honorable throughout this entire disaster, and

Heath Underwood is right up there with the best of them.

There are so many people who have proven absolutely vital to our community throughout this time of disaster. I could not be more thankful for our leaders or proud of our people than I am after experiencing the trauma of the last 2 weeks in my district.

In times of disaster, true colors will show. While these tornadoes, storms, and floods could have brought out the worst in Oklahoma, it brought out the very best and bound us together as a community. The friendships forged in the fire of absolute devastation will outlast these floodwaters. They will be stronger than the damage to our homes.

Heroes were made in Oklahoma this week, and I am glad to have this chance to share their stories.

I thank my colleagues who joined me tonight. It means a lot that my colleagues would join me in shedding a light on the people who have been truly remarkable in our districts back home.

The message to take away from all of this is simple: Together, we are stronger. Together, we will get through this.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 8 o'clock and 8 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 2027

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MCGOVERN) at 8 o'clock and 27 minutes p.m.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 6, AMERICAN DREAM AND PROMISE ACT OF 2019

Ms. SHALALA, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 116-102) on the resolution (H. Res. 415) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6) to authorize the cancellation of removal and adjustment of status of certain aliens, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

SENATE ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

The Speaker pro tempore, Mr. RASKIN, on Thursday, May 30, 2019, announced his signature to an enrolled bill of the Senate of the following title:

S. 1693.—An act to reauthorize the National Flood Insurance Program.

ADJOURNMENT

Ms. SHALALA. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 8 o'clock and 28 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, June 4, 2019, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

OATH OF OFFICE MEMBERS, RESIDENT COMMISSIONER, AND DELEGATES

The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the

United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates of the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

“I, AB, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same;

that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God.”

has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Member of the 116th Congress, pursuant to the provisions of 2 U.S.C. 25:

Fred Keller, Pennsylvania.

EXPENDITURE REPORTS CONCERNING OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL

Reports concerning the foreign currencies and U.S. dollars utilized for Official Foreign Travel during the second quarter of 2019, pursuant to Public Law 95-384, are as follows:

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO LEBANON, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 15 AND APR. 19, 2019

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Sean Maxwell	4/15	4/19	Lebanon		692.50		180.00		2,033.46		2,905.96
Courtney Kum	4/15	4/19	Lebanon		692.50		180.00		2,033.46		2,905.96
Committee total					1,385.00		360.00		4,066.92		5,811.92

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.

² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

MR. SEAN MAXWELL, May 15, 2019.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO GERMANY, UNITED KINGDOM, AND IRELAND, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 13 AND APR. 19, 2019

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Richard Neal	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. John Larson	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Paul Irving	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Wyndee Parker	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Terri McCullough	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Katherine Monge	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Emily Berret	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Henry Connelly	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Brandon Casey	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		535.23		528.70				1,063.93
William Tranchese	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,605.69		(3)				1,605.69
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Richard Neal	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. John Larson	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Paul Irving	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Wyndee Parker	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Terri McCullough	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Katherine Monge	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Emily Berret	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Henry Connelly	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Brandon Casey	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
William Tranchese	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Richard Neal	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. John Larson	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Paul Irving	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Wyndee Parker	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Terri McCullough	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Katherine Monge	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Emily Berret	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Henry Connelly	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
Brandon Casey	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71
William Tranchese	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		289.71		(3)				289.71

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO GERMANY, UNITED KINGDOM, AND IRELAND, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 13 AND APR. 19, 2019—
Continued

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Committee total					44,871.42		528.70				45,400.12

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
³ Military air transportation.

HON. NANCY PELOSI, May 22, 2019.

(AMENDED) REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO GERMANY, UNITED KINGDOM, AND IRELAND, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 13 AND APR. 19, 2019

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Richard Neal	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. John Larson	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Paul Irving	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Wyndee Parker	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Terri McCullough	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Katherine Monge	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Emily Berret	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Henry Connelly	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Brandon Casey	4/15	4/16	United Kingdom		633.00		528.70				1,161.70
William Tranghese	4/13	4/16	United Kingdom		1,899.00		(3)				1,899.00
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Richard Neal	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. John Larson	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Paul Irving	4/16	4/18	Ireland		210.00		(3)				210.00
Wyndee Parker	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Terri McCullough	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Katherine Monge	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Emily Berret	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Henry Connelly	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Brandon Casey	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
William Tranghese	4/16	4/18	Ireland		952.41		(3)				952.41
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Richard Neal	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. John Larson	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Brian Higgins	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Joe Courtney	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Suzan DelBene	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Brendan Boyle	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Dan Kildee	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Hon. Steven Horsford	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Dr. Brian Monahan	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Paul Irving	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Wyndee Parker	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Terri McCullough	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Kate Knudson Wolters	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Katherine Monge	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Emily Berret	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Henry Connelly	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Brandon Casey	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
William Tranghese	4/18	4/19	Northern Ireland/UK		304.00		(3)				304.00
Committee total					51,048.98		528.70				51,048.98

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
³ Military air transportation.

HON. NANCY PELOSI, May 20, 2019.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO ARGENTINA, BRAZIL, AND COLOMBIA, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 12 AND APR. 19, 2019

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Hon. Kevin McCarthy	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Mac Thornberry	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Mike Rogers	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Steve Womack	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Peter Welch	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. David Joyce	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. John Ratcliffe	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Mike Johnson	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Hon. Guy Reschenthaler	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Luke Murry	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Caleb Smith	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96
Alexandra Gourdikian	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96		(3)				723.96

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO ARGENTINA, BRAZIL, AND COLOMBIA, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 12 AND APR. 19, 2019—Continued

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
John Leganski	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96						723.96
Senator Tim Scott	4/13	4/15	Argentina		723.96						723.96
Hon. Kevin McCarthy	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Mac Thornberry	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Mike Rogers	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Steve Womack	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Peter Welch	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. David Joyce	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. John Ratcliffe	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Mike Johnson	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Guy Reschenthaler	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Luke Murry	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Caleb Smith	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Alexandra Gourdikian	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
John Leganski	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Senator Tim Scott	4/15	4/17	Brazil		666.02						666.02
Hon. Kevin McCarthy	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Mac Thornberry	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Mike Rogers	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Steve Womack	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Peter Welch	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. David Joyce	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. John Ratcliffe	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Mike Johnson	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Hon. Guy Reschenthaler	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Luke Murry	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Caleb Smith	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Alexandra Gourdikian	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
John Leganski	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Senator Tim Scott	4/17	4/19	Colombia		579.22						579.22
Committee total					27,568.80						27,568.80

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
³ Military air transportation.

HON. KEVIN MCCARTHY, May 20, 2019.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO MEXICO, EXPENDED BETWEEN APR. 24 AND APR. 26, 2019

Name of Member or employee	Date		Country	Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²
Jaime Lizarraga	4/24	4/26	Mexico		724.00		576.08				1,300.08
Katherine Monge	4/24	4/26	Mexico		724.00		576.08				1,300.08
Committee total					1,448.00		1,152.16				2,600.16

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

HON. NANCY PELOSI, May 23, 2019.

BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF PAYGO LEGISLATION

Pursuant to the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (PAYGO), Mr. YARMUTH hereby submits, prior to the vote on passage, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, that H.R. 559, the Northern Mariana Islands Long-Term Legal Residents Relief Act, as amended, would have no significant effect on direct spending or revenues, and therefore, the budgetary effects of such bill are estimated as zero.

Pursuant to the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (PAYGO), I hereby submit, prior to the vote on passage, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, that H.R. 559, the Northern Mariana Islands Long-Term Legal Residents Relief Act, as amended, would have no significant effect on direct spending or revenues, and therefore, the budgetary effects of such bill are estimated as zero.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

1145. A letter from the Acting Director, Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, transmitting a Report and Notice of Anticipated Deficiency; to the Committee on Appropriations.

1146. A letter from the Deputy Assistant General Counsel for Regulatory Affairs, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule — Benefits Payable in Terminated Single-Employer Plans; Interest Assumptions for Paying Benefits received May 28, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

1147. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plan, Louisiana; Attainment Demonstration for the St. Bernard Parish 2010 SO₂ Primary National Ambient Air Quality Standard Non-attainment Area [EPA-R06-OAR-2017-0558; FRL-9993-79-Region 6] received May 29, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

1148. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Air Plan Approval; AK; Updates to Curtailment Program [EPA-R10-OAR-2018-0834; FRL-9994-32-Region 10], pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

1149. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Pyriofenone; Pesticide Tolerances [EPA-HQ-OPP-2018-0677; FRL-9993-11] received May 29, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

1150. A letter from the Deputy Chief, Disability Rights Office, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule — Structure and Practices of the Video Relay Service Program [CG Docket No.: 10-51]; Telecommunications Relay Services and Speech-to-Speech Services for Individuals with Hearing and Speech Disabilities [CG Docket No.: 03-123] received May 28, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

1151. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, US Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission's direct final rule — Advanced Power

Reactor 1400 (APR1400) Design Certification [NRC-2015-0224] (RIN: 3150-AJ67) received May 28, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

1152. A letter from the Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting a six-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to Burundi that was declared in Executive Order 13712 of November 22, 2015, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1641(c); Public Law 94-412, Sec. 401(c); (90 Stat. 1257) and 50 U.S.C. 1703(b); Public Law 95-223 Sec. 204(b); (91 Stat. 1627); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1153. A letter from the Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting six-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to the Western Balkans that was declared in Executive Order 13219 of June 26, 2001 and Executive Order 13313 of July 31, 2003, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1641(c); Public Law 94-412, Sec. 401(c); (90 Stat. 1257) and 50 U.S.C. 1703(b); Public Law 95-223 Sec. 204(b); (91 Stat. 1627); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1154. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Export Administration, Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce, transmitting the Department's final rule — Addition of Certain Entities to the Entity List, Revision of an Entry on the Entity List, and Removal of an Entity From the Entity List [Docket No.: 181219999-8999-01] (RIN: 0694-AH72) received May 22, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

1155. A letter from the Office of the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting a notification of a nomination, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1156. A letter from the Assistant Director, OSD SEMO, Department of the Navy, Department of Defense, transmitting four (4) notifications of a federal vacancy, a designation of acting officer, an action on nomination, a change in previously submitted reported information, or discontinuation of service in acting role, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1157. A letter from the General Counsel (GLER), Department of the Treasury, transmitting three (3) notifications of a federal vacancy or discontinuation of service in acting role, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1158. A letter from the Associate General Counsel for General Law, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting two (2) notifications of a designation of acting officer and a discontinuation of service in acting role, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1159. A letter from the Vice President, Government Relations, Inspector General, Tennessee Valley Authority, transmitting a notification of a federal vacancy, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1160. A letter from the Associate Administrator for Legislative and Intergovernmental Affairs, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, transmitting the Administration's FY 2018 No FEAR Act Report, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 2301 note; Public Law 107-174, 203(a) (as amended by Public Law 109-435, Sec. 604(f)); (120 Stat. 3242); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

1161. A letter from the Chief, Regulations Unit OPP, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Adjusting Program Fees for the Student and Exchange Visitor Program [DHS No.: ICEB-2017-0003] (RIN: 1653-AA74) received May 23, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1162. A letter from the Attorney — Advisor, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule — Safety Zone; Upper Mississippi River, Miles 179 to 184, St. Louis, MO [Docket Number: USCG-2019-0334] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received May 22, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1163. A letter from the Attorney — Advisor, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule — Special Local Regulation; Sail Grand Prix 2019 Race Event; San Francisco, CA [Docket No.: USCG-2019-0010] (RIN: 1625-AA08) received May 22, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1164. A letter from the Attorney — Advisor, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Safety Zones; Coast Guard Sector Ohio Valley Annual and Recurring Safety Zones Update [Docket Number: USCG-2019-0013] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received May 22, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1165. A letter from the Attorney, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Special Local Regulations; Sector Ohio Valley Annual and Recurring Special Local Regulations Update [Docket Number: USCG-2019-0014] (RIN: 1625-AA08) received May 22, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1166. A letter from the Management and Program Analyst, FAA, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Amendment of Class E Airspace; Bloomsburg, PA [Docket No.: FAA-2017-1043; Airspace Docket No.: 17-AEA-18] (RIN: 2120-AA66) received May 23, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1167. A letter from the Management and Program Analyst, FAA, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Amendment of Class E Airspace; Cambridge, MD [Docket No.: FAA-2019-0335; Airspace Docket No.: 19-AEA-5] (RIN: 2120-AA66) received May 23, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

1168. A letter from the Chairman, Surface Transportation Board, transmitting the Board's final rule — Water Carrier Tariff Filing Procedures [Docket No.: EP 743] received May 28, 2019, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 or rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk

for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. GRIJALVA: Committee on Natural Resources. H.R. 1261. A bill to establish a national program to identify and reduce losses from landslide hazards, to establish a national 3D Elevation Program, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 116-99, Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Ms. MCCOLLUM: Committee on Appropriations. H.R. 3052. A bill making appropriations for the Department of the Interior, environment, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes (Rept. 116-100). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. SERRANO: Committee on Appropriations. H.R. 3055. A bill making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes (Rept. 116-101). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Ms. SHALALA: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 415. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6) to authorize the cancellation of removal and adjustment of status of certain aliens, and for other purposes (Rept. 116-102). Referred to the House Calendar.

DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XIII, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology discharged from further consideration. H.R. 1261 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER:

H.R. 3053. A bill to amend title V of the Social Security Act to reauthorize the Personal Responsibility Education Program; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. OLSON:

H.R. 3054. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to modify the reductions in Medicaid DSH allotments; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. ROGERS of Alabama (for himself and Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana):

H.R. 3056. A bill to provide supplemental appropriations relating to border security, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 3057. A bill to amend the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act to provide for immediate eligibility for former foster youth under Medicaid; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. JACKSON LEE (for herself, Ms. NORTON, Ms. MOORE, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Ms. PRESSLEY, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. PAYNE, and Mrs. MCBATH):

H.R. 3058. A bill to direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to carry out a program to address the health crisis of insufficient vaccinations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 3059. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act and the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act to ensure health insurance coverage continuity for former foster youth; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. JACKSON LEE (for herself, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. KAPTUR, and Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia):

H.R. 3060. A bill to provide for reform and reorganization of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committees on Small Business, Energy and Commerce, Education and Labor, the Judiciary, Financial Services, and Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. BASS (for herself, Mr. BACON, Mr. LANGEVIN, and Mr. SCHWEIKERT):

H.R. 3061. A bill to support the establishment or expansion and operation of programs using a network of public and private community entities to provide mentoring for children in foster care; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BURGESS (for himself, Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. VELA, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. BROOKS of Alabama, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. BABIN, Mr. WALKER, Mr. HICE of Georgia, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. PERRY, and Mr. COLE):

H.R. 3062. A bill to repeal changes made by health care reform laws to the Medicare exception to the prohibition on certain physician referrals for hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CHABOT (for himself and Mr. SCOTT of Virginia):

H.R. 3063. A bill to regulate certain State taxation of interstate commerce, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CONAWAY:

H.R. 3064. A bill to require a comprehensive, multilateral assessment of the military requirements of Baltic countries to deter and resist aggression by the Russian Federation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois (for himself, Mr. NORCROSS, Ms. ESCOBAR, and Mr. TRONE):

H.R. 3065. A bill to direct the Secretary of Defense to provide travel to Dover Air Force Base for family members of members of the Armed Forces who die outside of the United States but not in a theater of combat operations so the family may receive the remains of the deceased, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mrs. FLETCHER:

H.R. 3066. A bill to amend title 14, United States Code, to make certain changes to Coast Guard personnel programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana:

H.R. 3067. A bill to provide that prisoners serving a term of imprisonment for a terrorism related offense are ineligible for early

release, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KEATING (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. NORCROSS, and Mr. MCEACHIN):

H.R. 3068. A bill to establish an offshore wind career training grant program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. KILDEE:

H.R. 3069. A bill to suspend the authority of a State to administer funds under Federal block grant programs if the State does not enact certain conflict of interest protections, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, Financial Services, Homeland Security, the Judiciary, Transportation and Infrastructure, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MOULTON (for himself and Mrs. RODGERS of Washington):

H.R. 3070. A bill to amend the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to establish a demonstration program to assist transition-aged youth with covered disabilities in obtaining customized, competitive integrated employment; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. ROONEY of Florida (for himself, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. WRIGHT, Mrs. HARTZLER, and Ms. STEFANK):

H.R. 3071. A bill to address foreign threats to higher education in the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, and Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia:

H.R. 3072. A bill to amend the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act to provide a guarantee of residency for registration of businesses of spouses of members of the uniformed services, to improve occupational license portability for military spouses through interstate compacts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself and Mr. PETERSON):

H.R. 3073. A bill to provide assistance to combat the escalating burden of Lyme disease and other tick and vector-borne diseases and disorders; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. WALDEN:

H.R. 3074. A bill to amend the Protecting Access to Medicare Act of 2014 to extend the Medicaid demonstration programs to improve access to community mental health services; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. WATERS:

H. Con. Res. 45. Concurrent resolution directing the Clerk of the House to make a correction in the enrollment of H.R. 2157; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. CONAWAY:

H. Res. 416. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives on support for Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. CONAWAY:

H. Res. 417. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives on support for Georgia; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HECK:

H. Res. 418. A resolution expressing support for recognition of June 2019 as National Orca Protection Month; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mr. JOYCE of Ohio (for himself, Mr. RYAN, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. TONKO, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, and Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire):

H. Res. 419. A resolution acknowledging the contributions of America's addiction professionals and their commitment to delivering evidence-based practice to individuals with substance use disorders through recognized standards of education, training, and competencies; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

65. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative to Senate Resolution No. 122, designating the month of May 2019 as "Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

66. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Michigan, relative to Senate Resolution No. 25, to memorialize the Congress of the United States to continue full funding of the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative and to prioritize cleaning up the remaining Great Lakes areas of concern in accordance with a comprehensive strategy and schedule; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

Mr. CORREA introduced a bill (H.R. 3075) for the relief of Yesenia Camacho Alvarez, Omar Augustin Camacho Alvarez, and Irma Alvarez Torres; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER:

H.R. 3053.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, the Taxing and Spending Clause: "The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . ."

By Mr. OLSON:

H.R. 3054.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section VIII

By Mr. ROGERS of Alabama:

H.R. 3056.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1—"The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;"

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4—"To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;"

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18—"To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof."

By Ms. BASS:
H.R. 3057.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Ms. JACKSON LEE:
H.R. 3058.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1, 3, 17, and 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. BASS:
H.R. 3059.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Ms. JACKSON LEE:
H.R. 3060.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1, 3, 17, and 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. BASS:
H.R. 3061.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Mr. BURGESS:
H.R. 3062.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and Article IV, section 3, clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States).

By Mr. CHABOT:
H.R. 3063.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this legislation rests is enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, the Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

and

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, the Congress shall have the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among several states, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. CONAWAY:
H.R. 3064.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8, Article 1

By Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois:
H.R. 3065.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional Authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress, "to provide for the common Defence", "to raise and support armies", "to provide and maintain a Navy" and "to make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces" as enumerated in Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. FLETCHER:
H.R. 3066.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, Clause 3

By Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana:
H.R. 3067.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18, Section 8, of Article 1 of the Constitution

By Mr. KEATING:
H.R. 3068.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. KILDEE:
H.R. 3069.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. MOULTON:
H.R. 3070.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. ROONEY of Florida:
H.R. 3071.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia:
H.R. 3072.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, of the United States Constitution

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:
H.R. 3073.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the US Constitution.

By Mr. WALDEN:
H.R. 3074.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. CORREA
H.R. 3075

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

(1) The U.S. Constitution including Article 1, Section 8.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 127: Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 141: Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr.

CUELLAR, and Ms. KENDRA S. HORN of Oklahoma.

H.R. 154: Mr. AMODEI, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. PALLONE, and Mr. GRIJALVA.

H.R. 216: Mr. STIVERS and Mr. AMODEI.

H.R. 218: Mr. WRIGHT and Mr. FERGUSON.

H.R. 336: Mr. HILL of Arkansas.

H.R. 365: Mrs. KIRKPATRICK.

H.R. 370: Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 444: Mr. KIM.

H.R. 550: Ms. DEAN, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mrs. DINGELL, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. CORREA, Mr. HARDER of California, Ms. SHALALA, Mrs. CRAIG, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Ms. PLASKETT, and Ms. ADAMS.

H.R. 553: Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. STANTON, and Ms. OMAR.

H.R. 586: Mr. CALVERT and Mr. GIANFORTE.

H.R. 601: Ms. SCANLON.

H.R. 613: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 621: Mr. HOLDING, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. YOHO, Mr. GOSAR, and Mr. BURCHETT.

H.R. 647: Mr. LYNCH, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. CHABOT, and Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 649: Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. CUMMINGS, and Mrs. CRAIG.

H.R. 679: Mr. PHILLIPS.

H.R. 721: Ms. MENG.

H.R. 728: Mr. TITUS and Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 732: Ms. KENDRA S. HORN of Oklahoma.

H.R. 748: Mr. BISHOP of Utah, Mr. WOMACK, Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana, Ms. PRESSLEY, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. LEVIN of California, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. YOHO, Ms. TLAIB, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. TIPTON, and Mr. ADERHOLT.

H.R. 776: Mr. GOLDEN.

H.R. 808: Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York.

H.R. 810: Ms. TORRES SMALL of New Mexico.

H.R. 837: Mr. NEWHOUSE.

H.R. 861: Mr. SUOZZI.

H.R. 865: Mr. NEAL and Ms. SHERRILL.

H.R. 886: Mr. WITTMAN.

H.R. 915: Mr. QUIGLEY.

H.R. 934: Ms. JAYAPAL.

H.R. 935: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.

H.R. 943: Mr. LANGEVIN and Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 945: Mr. TONKO, Mr. BUCHANAN, and Mr. TRONE.

H.R. 946: Mrs. LOWEY, Mrs. LURIA, and Ms. WILD.

H.R. 955: Mr. STANTON.

H.R. 959: Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 961: Mr. ALLRED and Mrs. TRAHAN.

H.R. 1002: Mr. MALINOWSKI.

H.R. 1049: Mr. MEEKS and Ms. TLAIB.

H.R. 1058: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, and Ms. JACKSON LEE.

H.R. 1073: Mr. LYNCH.

H.R. 1083: Mr. TONKO and Ms. GARCIA of Texas.

H.R. 1092: Mr. STANTON.

H.R. 1108: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. JOHN W. ROSE of Tennessee, Mr. PHILLIPS, and Mr. HILL of Arkansas.

H.R. 1111: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.

H.R. 1133: Mr. ROUDA.

H.R. 1135: Mr. MOOLENAAR.

H.R. 1140: Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. ZELDIN, and Mr. CROW.

H.R. 1146: Mrs. BEATTY.

H.R. 1163: Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 1182: Mr. TED LIEU of California.

H.R. 1206: Mr. SAN NICOLAS.

H.R. 1207: Mr. SAN NICOLAS.

H.R. 1208: Mr. SAN NICOLAS and Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN of Puerto Rico.

H.R. 1225: Mr. REED, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. BURCHETT, Mr. NEAL, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. KING

of New York, Mr. SHIMKUS, Mr. WALBERG, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. HOLDING, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. THORNBERRY, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, and Mr. WESTERMAN.

H.R. 1228: Mr. RASKIN.
H.R. 1236: Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. RICHMOND, Mr. COX of California, and Mrs. HAYES.

H.R. 1240: Mr. LAWSON of Florida.
H.R. 1266: Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 1297: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY and Mr. RUSH.
H.R. 1305: Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL.

H.R. 1309: Mr. CROW, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. SPEIER, and Mr. HECK.

H.R. 1327: Mrs. TORRES of California.
H.R. 1337: Mr. AGUILAR.

H.R. 1349: Ms. ESHOO.
H.R. 1370: Mr. KING of Iowa.

H.R. 1373: Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. DEFAZIO, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. RYAN, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. NADLER, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. MOORE, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. PANETTA, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. GABBARD, and Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ.

H.R. 1374: Mr. STIVERS, Mr. BURCHETT, and Mr. STEUBE.

H.R. 1380: Mr. LEVIN of California and Mr. CROW.

H.R. 1400: Ms. HAALAND, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 1407: Mr. LATTI and Mr. BALDERSON.
H.R. 1421: Ms. WILD.

H.R. 1423: Mr. SCHRADER.
H.R. 1501: Mr. MARSHALL.

H.R. 1511: Ms. MOORE.
H.R. 1516: Ms. LOFGREN.

H.R. 1534: Mr. LYNCH.
H.R. 1554: Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. ROUDA.

H.R. 1572: Mr. HASTINGS and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN.

H.R. 1587: Mr. CROW.
H.R. 1605: Mr. ROUZER.

H.R. 1607: Mr. HASTINGS.
H.R. 1643: Mr. TRONE.

H.R. 1709: Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. DELBENE, and Mr. DOGGETT.

H.R. 1721: Ms. ESCOBAR.
H.R. 1728: Mr. BROOKS of Alabama.

H.R. 1740: Mr. HAGEDORN.
H.R. 1748: Ms. MCCOLLUM and Mr. LYNCH.

H.R. 1753: Mr. GOODEN and Mr. CLOUD.
H.R. 1754: Ms. HAALAND, Mrs. BROOKS of Indiana, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. DOGGETT, and Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 1761: Mr. BUCK.
H.R. 1770: Mr. O'HALLERAN.

H.R. 1771: Mr. TED LIEU of California and Mr. TAKANO.

H.R. 1773: Mr. DEFAZIO.
H.R. 1776: Mr. CROW and Mr. DOGGETT.

H.R. 1777: Ms. PRESSLEY.
H.R. 1803: Ms. BONAMICI.

H.R. 1830: Mr. MEUSER, Mr. ROY, and Mr. STIVERS.

H.R. 1850: Ms. STEFANIK and Mr. BACON.
H.R. 1872: Mr. MOOLENAAR.

H.R. 1923: Mr. CASE and Ms. BROWNLEY of California.

H.R. 1941: Ms. LEE of California.
H.R. 1959: Mr. BYRNE.

H.R. 1970: Mr. WOMACK.
H.R. 1976: Mr. CASTEN of Illinois.

H.R. 1981: Mr. YARMUTH.
H.R. 2015: Mr. MEADOWS and Mr. COLE.

H.R. 2023: Mr. COHEN, Mr. KIM, Mr. ROUDA, and Mr. WALKER.

H.R. 2041: Mr. VAN DREW.
H.R. 2048: Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois.

H.R. 2051: Mr. TONKO.
H.R. 2070: Ms. DEAN.

H.R. 2091: Ms. PRESSLEY and Ms. KELLY of Illinois.

H.R. 2096: Mr. CROW and Ms. CLARKE of New York.

H.R. 2102: Mr. LUJÁN.

H.R. 2119: Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 2134: Ms. DEAN and Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas.

H.R. 2147: Mr. WOMACK, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. TONKO, Mr. KIM, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. MEUSER, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. HAGEDORN, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. SCHRADER, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. MITCHELL, and Mr. HORSFORD.

H.R. 2149: Mr. WRIGHT, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, and Mr. STEWART.

H.R. 2151: Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York.

H.R. 2161: Mr. KING of Iowa.
H.R. 2164: Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H.R. 2178: Mr. TAKANO, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. KEATING, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, and Mr. PHILLIPS.

H.R. 2199: Ms. PORTER.
H.R. 2214: Mr. RASKIN, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, and Ms. WILD.

H.R. 2223: Ms. ESCOBAR.
H.R. 2249: Mr. BYRNE, Mr. MITCHELL, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. BACON, Ms. CHENEY, and Mr. HASTINGS.

H.R. 2252: Ms. HAALAND.
H.R. 2253: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 2254: Ms. HAALAND.
H.R. 2255: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 2256: Ms. NORTON, Ms. HAALAND, Mr. ROSE of New York, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. TONKO, Mr. COHEN, Mrs. DAVIS of California, and Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire.

H.R. 2257: Ms. HAALAND.
H.R. 2294: Mr. KEVIN HERN of Oklahoma.

H.R. 2298: Mr. SCHIFF.
H.R. 2327: Mr. PALLONE and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.

H.R. 2328: Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. RUSH, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. PETERS, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. KILMER, Mr. SCHRADER, and Mr. TURNER.

H.R. 2350: Mr. POSEY and Mr. WELCH.
H.R. 2352: Ms. FRANKEL.

H.R. 2355: Ms. WILD.
H.R. 2382: Mr. HARDER of California, Ms. TITUS, Mr. BACON, Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio, Mr. POCAN, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. GALLEGU, Mr. COHEN, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Ms. PINGREE, Mrs. BUSTOS, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Ms. DEAN, and Mr. LUJÁN.

H.R. 2387: Mr. TONKO and Mr. GARAMENDI.
H.R. 2391: Mrs. CRAIG and Mr. HILL of Arkansas.

H.R. 2405: Ms. JAYAPAL.
H.R. 2410: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY and Ms. HILL of California.

H.R. 2412: Mr. CONAWAY.
H.R. 2415: Ms. BASS, Ms. BARRAGÁN, and Mr. YARMUTH.

H.R. 2417: Mr. HARDER of California and Mr. TONKO.

H.R. 2420: Mr. HARDER of California.
H.R. 2433: Ms. KELLY of Illinois.

H.R. 2435: Mr. HUFFMAN.
H.R. 2439: Mr. TONKO, Miss RICE of New York, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. TRONE, Mr. PAPPAS, and Ms. WILD.

H.R. 2441: Ms. JAYAPAL.
H.R. 2442: Ms. LOFGREN.

H.R. 2443: Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. LONG, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. CONAWAY, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. BURCHETT, Mr. COLE, and Mr. ROUZER.

H.R. 2457: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.
H.R. 2458: Mr. ROUDA.

H.R. 2460: Ms. SPANBERGER.
H.R. 2467: Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H.R. 2482: Mr. PAPPAS.
H.R. 2489: Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mr. KHANNA, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. ESPAILLAT, and Mr. CÁRDENAS.

H.R. 2493: Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio, and Mr. BACON.
H.R. 2508: Mr. KING of Iowa, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. ROUDA, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. DEFAZIO, and Mr. BURCHETT.

H.R. 2514: Mr. STIVERS and Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York.
H.R. 2565: Ms. HOULAHAN.

H.R. 2576: Ms. CLARKE of New York and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN.
H.R. 2585: Ms. PRESSLEY.

H.R. 2608: Mrs. DINGELL and Ms. DEAN.
H.R. 2611: Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 2635: Mr. COHEN.
H.R. 2638: Mrs. DINGELL and Mr. WELCH.

H.R. 2646: Ms. JACKSON LEE and Mrs. BEATTY.

H.R. 2655: Mr. KIM and Mr. RASKIN.
H.R. 2683: Mr. CASE and Mr. GRIJALVA.

H.R. 2685: Mr. YOUNG.
H.R. 2687: Mrs. BEATTY and Mrs. LOWEY.

H.R. 2720: Mr. SMITH of Washington.
H.R. 2732: Ms. WILD and Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 2742: Mrs. LESKO and Mr. ALLEN.
H.R. 2747: Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.

H.R. 2751: Mr. HASTINGS.
H.R. 2761: Mr. CLOUD.

H.R. 2767: Ms. ESCOBAR.
H.R. 2771: Mr. TURNER.

H.R. 2775: Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. TRONE, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, and Ms. DELAURO.

H.R. 2777: Ms. GARCÍA of Texas.
H.R. 2778: Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H.R. 2790: Mr. BYRNE.
H.R. 2809: Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. SCANLON, and Mr. WELCH.

H.R. 2810: Mr. HASTINGS and Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL.

H.R. 2813: Ms. ESCOBAR and Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois.
H.R. 2817: Mr. JORDAN.

H.R. 2829: Ms. HAALAND.
H.R. 2831: Mr. BISHOP of Georgia.

H.R. 2833: Mr. DESAULNIER and Ms. VELÁZQUEZ.
H.R. 2842: Mr. CISNEROS, Mr. VARGAS, and Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois.

H.R. 2847: Mr. GAETZ, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. NORTON, Mr. CISNEROS, Mr. TRONE, and Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 2859: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.
H.R. 2867: Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. RASKIN, and Ms. ESHOO.

H.R. 2869: Mr. DIAZ-BALART and Mr. HARDER of California.
H.R. 2896: Mr. FITZPATRICK and Mrs. TRAHAN.

H.R. 2905: Ms. KELLY of Illinois.
H.R. 2912: Mr. PAPPAS and Ms. MENG.

H.R. 2918: Mr. SIREN.
H.R. 2923: Ms. HAALAND.

H.R. 2927: Mr. KHANNA.
H.R. 2957: Mr. GAETZ, Mr. BACON, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. WEBER of Texas, and Mr. PALAZZO.

H.R. 2958: Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi and Mr. DEFAZIO.

H.R. 2973: Mr. CHABOT.
H.R. 2975: Mr. PHILLIPS.

H.R. 2989: Mr. ARRINGTON.
H.R. 2997: Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. AGUILAR, Ms. MOORE, and Ms. ESCOBAR.

H.R. 3006: Mrs. AXNE and Mr. KING of Iowa.
H.R. 3010: Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.

H.R. 3014: Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Ms. CHENEY, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. TURNER, Mr. DESJARLAIS, and Mr. WEBER of Texas.

H.R. 3018: Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. HILL of California, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. KENNEDY, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. SPEIER, and Ms. MOORE.

H.R. 3024: Ms. NORTON, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Ms. JACKSON LEE.

H.R. 3025: Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 3026: Ms. JACKSON LEE and Mr. CISNEROS.

H.R. 3040: Mr. ESPAILLAT.

H.R. 3047: Mr. ADERHOLT.

H.J. Res. 2: Mr. KILMER.

H.J. Res. 57: Ms. HAALAND and Ms. BROWNLEY of California.

H. Con. Res. 41: Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana.

H. Res. 17: Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, and Mr. LIPINSKI.

H. Res. 23: Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. NEAL, Mr. KIND, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Ms. SCANLON, and Mr. BEYER.

H. Res. 33: Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. NEAL, and Ms. SCANLON.

H. Res. 54: Ms. PINGREE and Ms. SCANLON.

H. Res. 60: Ms. PINGREE and Ms. SCANLON.

H. Res. 81: Mr. LUETKEMEYER.

H. Res. 164: Mr. TED LIEU of California.

H. Res. 189: Mr. HAGEDORN and Mr. GALLEGO.

H. Res. 255: Mrs. CRAIG, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, and Mr. ABRAHAM.

H. Res. 289: Ms. SANCHEZ.

H. Res. 297: Ms. JACKSON LEE.

H. Res. 323: Mr. RUSH.

H. Res. 325: Mr. KHANNA.

H. Res. 326: Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Ms. WEXTON, and Mrs. BUSTOS.

H. Res. 371: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.

H. Res. 374: Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois.

H. Res. 391: Mr. BROWN of Maryland, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. THOMPSON of California, and Mr. BLUMENAUER.

H. Res. 393: Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. TAYLOR, and Mr. COHEN.

H. Res. 394: Mr. MITCHELL.

H. Res. 399: Mrs. LESKO.

H. Res. 402: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut.

H. Res. 409: Mr. SMITH of Washington.

CONGRESSIONAL EARMARKS, LIMITED TAX BENEFITS, OR LIMITED TARIFF BENEFITS

Under clause 9 of rule XXI, lists or statements on congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits were submitted as follows:

OFFERED BY MR. SCOTT OF VIRGINIA

The provisions that warranted a referral to the Committee on March 12, 2019 in H.R. 6 do not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI.

OFFERED BY MR. NADLER

The provisions that warranted a referral to the Committee on the Judiciary in H.R. 6 do not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI.

DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 2517: Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII, petitions and papers were laid on the clerk's desk and referred as follows:

22. The SPEAKER presented a petition of the Legislative Assembly of Puerto Rico, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution 60, requesting the Congress of the United States of America to take action to appropriate funds and resources as are necessary to dredge the Dos Bocas, Loco, Loiza (Carraizo), and Lucchetti reservoirs, which were adversely

affected by excessive sedimentation in the catastrophic wake of hurricanes Irma and Maria in Puerto Rico; to the Committee on Appropriations.

23. Also, a petition of the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, CA, relative to Resolution No. 209-19, condemning the Government of the Philippines for its role in state-sanctioned extrajudicial killings by police and for its continued detention of Senator Lelia de Lima, condemning the Philippine President Rodrigo Duterte's drug war that has taken the lives of over 29,000 Filipinos, and urging San Francisco's Federal representatives to support congressional hearing of the consequences of U.S. tax dollars being used to fund these activities, and advocating for the U.S. to cut aid to the Duterte regime; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

24. Also, a petition of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, relative to House Joint Resolution 21-1, HD1, to request the Honorable Ralph DLG. Torres and the Honorable GREGORIO KILLI C. SABLAN to convey the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands' position to exempt the Northern Mariana Islands from the ban on workers from the Philippines from the H-2B worker program to our federal partners; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

25. Also, a petition of the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, CA, relative to Resolution No. 208-19, supporting United States House of Representatives Bill 1856, the Ending Homelessness Act of 2019, which appropriates funds to provide a path to end homelessness in the United States, and for other purposes; jointly to the Committees on Financial Services and the Budget.