

Whereas pregnant and parenting students are more likely to drop out of high school compared to other students, and only 51 percent of teenage mothers earn a high school diploma by the age of 22, leading to decreased opportunities for continuing education and employment;

Whereas the number of baccalaureate degrees in science, technology, engineering, and math earned by women has decreased over the past decade and, as of the 2016–2017 academic year, women earn only—

- (1) 38 percent of physical science degrees;
- (2) 19 percent of computing degrees;
- (3) 20 percent of engineering degrees; and
- (4) 42 percent of mathematics degrees;

Whereas, despite representing 56 percent of all students enrolled in colleges and universities in the United States, women hold almost ⅔ of all outstanding student debt (\$900,000,000,000 of the total \$1,400,000,000,000), and the average amount of student debt owed by a woman following the completion of a baccalaureate degree is \$2,700 more than the average amount of student debt owed by a man;

Whereas, despite constituting 50 percent of law school graduates over the past 20 years, women constitute only 22.7 percent of partners at major law firms;

Whereas, while women represent 75 percent of the healthcare workforce, only 12 percent of the chief executive officers of hospitals are women;

Whereas 44 percent of all National Collegiate Athletic Association Division I, Division II, and Division III student athletes are women, but only 11 percent of the athletic directors in Division I sports are women;

Whereas men still hold the vast majority of leadership positions, while women make up approximately—

- (1) 4.8 percent of the chief executive officers of companies included in the S&P 500;
- (2) 18 percent of Governors;
- (3) 27.6 percent of executive officers elected in statewide elections; and
- (4) 30 percent of college and university presidents;

Whereas, when data is disaggregated, women of color have lower rates of—

- (1) leadership positions; and
- (2) science, technology, engineering, and math degrees;

Whereas women continue to experience sexual harassment and assault—

- (1) as minors;
- (2) at colleges and universities; and
- (3) in the workplace;

Whereas 1 in 4 girls will experience some form of sexual abuse before turning 18 years old, with—

- (1) 8 percent of high school students experiencing physical dating violence; and
- (2) 7 percent of high school students experiencing sexual assault by a dating partner;

Whereas experiencing sexual abuse can—

- (1) lead to symptoms of depression and anxiety; and
- (2) negatively impact academic achievement;

Whereas multiple studies have confirmed that—

- (1) 1 in 5 women and 1 in 4 transgender or gender non-conforming students are sexually assaulted on college campuses; and
- (2) approximately 20 percent of girls have been the victims of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault while in high school;

Whereas students face pervasive discrimination and harassment on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity in school, on college campuses, and in the workplace, which—

- (1) impedes the ability of the students to fully access the educational opportunities to which the students are entitled; and

(2) constitutes sex discrimination;

Whereas, because of the recent national focus on sexual harassment and assault, reporting to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (referred to in this preamble as the “EEOC”) has increased 12 percent from 2017 to 2018, reflecting more accurate data on the prevalence of harassment and resulting in a 50 percent increase in lawsuits filed by the EEOC in 2018;

Whereas the rule proposed by the Department of Education regarding title IX would substantially narrow campus protections and would irresponsibly reverse much of the progress made to combat sexual assaults on educational campuses; and

Whereas, between 2011 and 2016, investigations by the Office for Civil Rights at the Department of Education into reports of sexual and dating violence and discrimination against transgender students have helped to identify and respond to systemic issues of discrimination against students that otherwise would have gone unrecognized, yet recent actions from the Office for Civil Rights indicate that there will be fewer resources and less attention focused on issues of sexual and dating violence and discrimination against transgender students moving forward: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) applauds the tremendous increase in educational opportunities for women and girls, including in sports, since the passage of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.);

(2) encourages the Department of Education and the Department of Justice to protect the rights of students to have safe learning environments by working to ensure schools prevent and respond to discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex, including—

- (A) sexual assault;
- (B) harassment;
- (C) domestic and dating violence;
- (D) discrimination or harassment on the basis of pregnancy;
- (E) sex stereotyping; and
- (F) discrimination or harassment on the basis of actual or perceived sexual orientation and gender identity; and

(3) recognizes the work that still remains to be done to secure the promise of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) that no federally funded educational institution shall discriminate against any person on the basis of sex.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 842. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2020 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 843. Mr. TILLIS (for himself and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 844. Ms. DUCKWORTH (for herself and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 845. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. REED, Mr. KING, Mr. BENNET, and Ms. HARRIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1562, to amend the Federal Election Cam-

paign Act of 1971 to clarify the obligation to report acts of foreign election influence and require implementation of compliance and reporting systems by Federal campaigns to detect and report such acts; which was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

SA 846. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. PORTMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2020 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 847. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. PORTMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 848. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 849. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 850. Mr. BURR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 851. Mr. SULLIVAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 852. Mr. BOOKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 853. Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 854. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. SASSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 855. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. SASSE (for himself, Mr. KING, and Mrs. GILLIBRAND)) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 856. Mr. BOOZMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 857. Mr. BOOKER (for himself, Mr. SCHATZ, and Ms. HIRONO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 858. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 859. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 860. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S.

1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 861. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. ROMNEY) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 862. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to amendment SA 861 proposed by Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. ROMNEY) to the amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 863. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 864. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to amendment SA 863 proposed by Mr. McCONNELL to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 865. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 866. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to amendment SA 865 proposed by Mr. McCONNELL to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 867. Mr. McCONNELL proposed an amendment to amendment SA 866 proposed by Mr. McCONNELL to the amendment SA 865 proposed by Mr. McCONNELL to the bill S. 1790, *supra*.

SA 868. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 869. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 870. Mr. COTTON (for himself, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. JONES, Mr. CORNYN, and Ms. ROSEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 871. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 872. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 873. Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, and Mr. KAINÉ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 874. Mr. SCHATZ (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. DURBIN, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. MURPHY, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 842. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2020 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1226. REPORT ON COST OF DRONE SHOT DOWN BY IRANIANS.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report that includes—

(1) a statement of the cost of the United States drone shot down by the Iranians on June 20, 2019;

(2) an estimate of the amount of Iranian funds that—

(A) have been frozen under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) or other provisions of law imposing sanctions with respect to Iran; and

(B) are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;

(3) a description of all legal barriers preventing the United States from—

(A) confiscating, from the funds described in paragraph (2), an amount equal to the cost of the drone identified under paragraph (1); and

(B) transferring that amount to the Department of Defense; and

(4) a description of the statutory changes that would be necessary to remove all barriers described in paragraph (3).

SA 843. Mr. TILLIS (for himself and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1790, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2020 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle H of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1086. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION AND THE GOVERNMENT OF BELGIUM BY WHICH THE COMMISSION WOULD ACQUIRE, RESTORE, OPERATE, AND MAINTAIN THE MARDASSON MEMORIAL IN BASTOGNE, BELGIUM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress make the following findings:

(1) The Battle of the Bulge was one of the largest land battles fought by the United States during World War II, yielded more than 75,000 American casualties over the winter of 1944–1945, and stopped the last major German offensive on the Western Front.

(2) The Battle of the Bulge is a legendary battle in the history of the United States Army.

(3) Following the war, Belgian groups raised funds to construct the Mardasson Memorial in Bastogne, Belgium, to honor Americans killed, wounded, and missing in action during the Battle of the Bulge.

(4) The Mardasson Memorial, inaugurated in 1950, is a five-pointed American star with the history of the battle, the names of the units that fought, and the names of the States engraved in gold letters throughout.

(5) The Mardasson Memorial, owned and maintained by the Government of Belgium, is in need of extensive repair to restore it to a condition commensurate to the service and sacrifice it honors.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress to support an agreement between the American Battle Monument Commission (hereinafter referred to as “ABMC”) and the Government of Belgium—

(1) under the monument maintenance program of the ABMC, and subject to the requirements of such program, by which the

ABMC would use its expertise and presence in Europe to oversee restoration of the Mardasson Memorial in preparation for the 75th anniversary of the Battle of the Bulge; and

(2) under the monument trust fund program of the ABMC, and subject to the requirements of such program, by which the ABMC assumes ownership and responsibility for the Mardasson Memorial, ensuring that the Memorial stands for decades to come, honoring American service and sacrifice, and inspiring future generations.

SA 844. Ms. DUCKWORTH (for herself and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 764 proposed by Mr. INHOFE to the bill S. 1790, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2020 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X of the amendment, add the following:

SEC. 1045. TRANSITION OF AIR NATIONAL GUARD UNIT TO A FLYING MISSION.

(a) TRANSITION AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Air Force may transition the 183d Wing of the Illinois Air National Guard from a nonflying mission to a flying mission with aircraft such as the A–10, F–16, F–15E/X, or F–35.

(b) TRANSFER OF AIRCRAFT.—As part of the transition under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force may transfer to the 183d Wing of the Illinois Air National Guard such A–10, F–16, F–15E/X, or F–35 aircraft as are necessary to enable the 183d Wing to carry out its flying mission.

SA 845. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. REED, Mr. KING, Mr. BENNET, and Ms. HARRIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1562, to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to clarify the obligation to report acts of foreign election influence and require implementation of compliance and reporting systems by Federal campaigns to detect and report such acts; which was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Foreign Influence Reporting in Elections Act”.

SEC. 2. FEDERAL CAMPAIGN REPORTING OF FOREIGN CONTACTS.

Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j) DISCLOSURE OF REPORTABLE FOREIGN CONTACTS.—

“(1) COMMITTEE OBLIGATION.—Not later than 1 week after a reportable foreign contact, each authorized committee of a candidate for the office of President shall notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Commission of the reportable foreign contact and provide a summary of the circumstances with respect to such reportable foreign contact.

“(2) INDIVIDUAL OBLIGATION.—Not later than 1 week after a reportable foreign contact—