

Directors, Prudential has maintained and expanded its commitment to the city that it has always called home with over \$1 billion donated to Newark through impact investing, grants to non-profits, and more. Mark has also been very active in education reform and chaired an organization called "Achieve", which is committed to making sure every student graduates from high school ready to succeed in the college or career of their choice.

I am confident that Mark will continue to serve as a leading voice for the industry and I look forward to seeing his contributions and success within his future endeavors. I congratulate Mark again on an extraordinary career, and wish him all the best as he begins his retirement.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

##### HON. ED PERLMUTTER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 15, 2019

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I was not present to vote on July 11, 2019 and July 12, 2019 due to a family obligation.

Had I been present for roll call No. 473 on passage of H.R. 2500, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, I would have voted AYE.

Had I been present for roll call No. 474 on passage of H.R. 1327, the Never Forget the Heroes: James Zadroga, Ray Pfeifer, and Luis Alvarez Permanent Authorization of the September 11th Victim Compensation Fund Act, I would have voted YEA.

#### RECOGNIZING THE EXTRAORDINARY ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE LEGENDARY UNITED STATES WOMEN'S NATIONAL TEAM IN WINNING THE 2019 WORLD CUP

##### HON. SHEILA JACKSON LEE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 15, 2019

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, as the representative of the 18th Congressional District of Texas, home of the Houston Dash, and a die-hard soccer fan, I rise to commemorate the historic performance of the United States Women's National Soccer Team in the 2019 Women's World Cup.

These women brought honor and glory to our country through their dominant performance in the tournament, defeating a gallant team from The Netherlands, 2-0, in the championship match on July 7, 2019, in Lyon, France.

During this World Cup, the United States Women's National Team set many records, including the most goals scored (26) in a single World Cup.

The United States Women's National Team also set the record for the most goals ever scored in a single match, scoring 13 against Thailand.

This was also the largest margin of victory in World Cup history.

Jill Ellis, the coach of the United States Women's National Team, became the first Women's National Team coach to win two

World cup titles, and the first American coach to do so.

Madam Speaker, I wish to congratulate Meghan Rapinoe, Captain of the United States Women's National Team, for winning the Golden Ball Award for the best player in the tournament, and the Golden Boot Award for most goals scored in the least amount of time on the pitch.

I also congratulate team captain Alex Morgan for winning the Silver Boot Award for most goals scored in a longer period of time, and to Rose Lavelle for the Bronze Ball Award for her extraordinary contributions to the success of the American team throughout the tournament.

Madam Speaker, the glory brought to our country by this remarkable cohort of accomplished women could not have occurred had it not been for the passage in 1972 of the landmark Title IX of the Civil Rights Act, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in any federally-funded educational program or activity.

Title IX has given generations of women and girls the opportunity to participate in many extracurricular programs, but it has especially opened the door for women to participate in athletics.

Title IX also extended the opportunity for women to compete at the next level, on highly-skilled and highly-competitive college teams.

Without Title IX, many women and girls would have been forced to give up their dreams after high school.

The opportunity for women's soccer players to compete at the collegiate level opened the doors for the creation of the Women's National Team.

And, as demonstrated earlier this month in the 2019 World Cup, when given the opportunity to compete, American women will succeed.

Madam Speaker, superior performance should be recognized and rewarded.

In the 2019 World Cup, the United States Women's National Team set the record for winning the most World Cups of any women's team.

The inaugural Women's World Cup occurred in 1991, and since then the United States Women's National Team has won four of the eight tournaments.

Let me repeat that: The United States Women's National Team has won half of all the World Cups in history.

During this same time period, the Men's National Team has not won a single World Cup.

Yet, even after winning the 2019 World Cup, the members of the United States Women's National team will earn \$31,000 less than the Men's team, which lost in the first knock-out round in 2014 World Cup and failed even to qualify for the 2018 World Cup.

This pay disparity is outrageous and indefensible, and led members of the United States Women's National team to challenge this pay disparity in court action, which is now pending.

Madam Speaker, at a minimum, our women's team should be paid equally for equal work, as is mandated by the Equal Pay Act and other civil rights laws.

In addition, Congress should amend the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009 to address professional athletics, where women and men compete in the same sports, but play for different teams in different leagues.

Instead, they are receiving inferior pay for superior work.

But despite all of the obstacles they faced, our national team still achieved immortality through their legendary feats in the 2019 Women's World Cup.

I thank all the members of the United States Women's National Team for inspiring the next generation of female athletes to follow their dreams and reach for the stars.

While they are doing that, it is incumbent for us in Congress to do all that is necessary to ensure that this generation of female athletes, and the next, have no barriers preventing them from manifesting the greatness which lies within them.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

##### HON. DEBBIE WASSERMAN SCHULTZ

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, July 15, 2019

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Madam Speaker, I intended to vote yes on amendment number 50 by Representative JUSTIN AMASH to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (H.R. 2500).

I should have voted YEA on Roll Call No. 460.

#### SENATE COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Title IV of Senate Resolution 4, agreed to by the Senate of February 4, 1977, calls for establishment of a system for a computerized schedule of all meetings and hearings of Senate committees, subcommittees, joint committees, and committees of conference. This title requires all such committees to notify the Office of the Senate Daily Digest—designated by the Rules Committee—of the time, place and purpose of the meetings, when scheduled and any cancellations or changes in the meetings as they occur.

As an additional procedure along with the computerization of this information, the Office of the Senate Daily Digest will prepare this information for printing in the Extensions of Remarks section of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD on Monday and Wednesday of each week.

Meetings scheduled for Tuesday, July 16, 2019 may be found in the Daily Digest of today's RECORD.

#### MEETINGS SCHEDULED

JULY 17

9:15 a.m.

Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

To hold hearings to examine unprecedented migration at the United States southern border, focusing on bipartisan policy recommendations from the Homeland Security Advisory Council.

SD-342

9:30 a.m.

Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

Subcommittee on Economic Policy

To hold hearings to examine economic mobility, focusing on whether the American dream is in crisis.

SD-538

Special Committee on Aging

To hold hearings to examine combating robocall fraud, focusing on using