

of mixed-motive age discrimination in Federal employment claims. We have to fight back against these motivating factors that have nothing to do with a person's experience or ability.

It is important that when we pass legislation, we ensure that it has public data on the outcome in order to be transparent and accountable to the residents who we serve back home.

For the sake of our residents and to protect our older workforce, Congress must ensure that age is not again a motivating factor in employment decisions.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to support this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Chair, I claim time in opposition to the amendment.

The CHAIR. The gentlewoman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Chairman, as I understand it, this amendment requires the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights to produce a report on mixed-motive claims in age discrimination cases filed by Federal employees against their Federal agency employers. I have several concerns with this amendment.

First, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights is a small agency that is not well equipped to undertake such a study. This amendment requires "funds appropriated in advance," otherwise known as taxpayer dollars, to be spent to do the report, which means the agency doesn't have the resources to take on this mandate.

Second, while H.R. 1230 was only referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, this amendment involves the interests of two other committees that are not represented in this debate. The Judiciary Committee has jurisdiction over the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, which is tasked with doing the report directed by the amendment, and the Oversight and Reform Committee has jurisdiction over the employment relationships between Federal agencies and their employees.

Third, this report will be submitted to Congress no later than 5 years after the bill goes into effect. I am not sure what good a report published 5 years from now will do for us who are being asked to vote on H.R. 1230 now.

Fourth, perhaps most importantly, there is a lack of evidence that a report is needed on age discrimination claims in Federal agencies. The Committee on Education and Labor received no evidence on this matter.

With H.R. 1230, Democrats have chosen to further their pro-trial lawyer agenda with legislation that masquerades as a protection for workers.

H.R. 1230 is yet another one-size-fits-all approach that fails to address the purported problem, neglects the experience of workers and employers, and disregards decades of Supreme Court precedent.

This amendment does nothing to address the fundamental flaws in H.R. 1230, and it directs a small agency to conduct a study without a clear basis of the need for that study.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to oppose the amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Chairman, I think it is really important to note that this came about because the last report that we could find on age discrimination in this particular area is from the 1970s. It is about time that we bring this forward.

We could not find anything anywhere that specifically looked at this particular Federal mixed-motive age discrimination kind of study, again, since the 1970s.

The burden of proof is just too high on Federal employees. We need to go back and be very centered around making sure that there is equal access to proving a discrimination case of this type.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to support this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Chair, this is a solution in search of a problem.

We all know that it is almost impossible to fire a Federal employee. In fact, I think the number is less than 1 percent who are fired each year.

Maybe the reason we haven't had an updated report is because there hasn't been the need for an updated report. I think, again, this is a totally unnecessary amendment, and I am totally opposed to it.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB).

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. TLAIB) having assumed the chair, Mr. CUELLAR, Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1230) to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 and other laws to clarify appropriate standards for Federal employment discrimination and retaliation claims, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 11 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1602

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. BROWN of Maryland) at 4 o'clock and 2 minutes p.m.

#### PROTECTING OLDER WORKERS AGAINST DISCRIMINATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 790 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 1230.

Will the gentleman from Texas (Mr. CUELLAR) kindly resume the chair.

□ 1602

#### IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 1230) to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 and other laws to clarify appropriate standards for Federal employment discrimination and retaliation claims, and for other purposes, with Mr. CUELLAR in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, amendment No. 5 printed in House Report 116-377 offered by the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB) had been disposed of.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3 OFFERED BY MR. ALLEN

The CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, the unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 3 printed in House Report 116-790 offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

#### RECORDED VOTE

The CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 163, noes 257, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 19]

AYES—163

Abraham	Bost	Conaway
Aderholt	Brady	Cook
Allen	Brooks (AL)	Crenshaw
Amodei	Buck	Curtis
Armstrong	Bucshon	DesJarlais
Arrington	Budd	Diaz-Balart
Babin	Burchett	Duncan
Bacon	Burgess	Dunn
Baird	Carter (GA)	Emmer
Balderson	Carter (TX)	Estes
Banks	Chabot	Ferguson
Barr	Cheney	Fleischmann
Bergman	Cline	Flores
Biggs	Cloud	Fortenberry
Bilirakis	Cole	Foxx (NC)
Bishop (NC)	Collins (GA)	Fulcher
Bishop (UT)	Comer	Gaetz

Gallagher LaMalfa Rutherford  
 Gianforte Lamborn Scalise  
 Gibbs Latta Schweikert  
 Gohmert Long Scott, Austin  
 Gonzalez (OH) Lucas Shimkus  
 González-Colón Luetkemeyer Smith (MO)  
 (PR) Marshall Smith (NE)  
 Gooden Massie Smucker  
 Gosar McCaul Spano  
 Granger McHenry Steil  
 Graves (GA) McKinley Steube  
 Graves (LA) Meuser Stewart  
 Graves (MO) Miller Stivers  
 Green (TN) Mitchell Taylor  
 Guest Moolenaar Thompson (PA)  
 Guthrie Mooney (WV) Thornberry  
 Hagedorn Mullin Timmons  
 Harris Murphy (NC) Tipton  
 Hartzler Newhouse Wagner  
 Hern, Kevin Norman Walberg  
 Herrera Beutler Nunes Walker  
 Hice (GA) Olson Walorski  
 Higgins (LA) Palazzo Waltz  
 Hill (AR) Palmer Watkins  
 Holding Pence Weber (TX)  
 Hudson Posey Webster (FL)  
 Huizenga Ratcliffe Wenstrup  
 Johnson (LA) Reschenthaler Westerman  
 Johnson (OH) Rice (SC) Williams  
 Johnson (SD) Riggelman Wilson (SC)  
 Jordan Roby Wittman  
 Joyce (PA) Rodgers (WA) Womack  
 Keller Roe, David P. Woodall  
 Kelly (MS) Rogers (AL) Wright  
 Kelly (PA) Rogers (KY) Yoho  
 King (IA) Rooney (FL) Young  
 Kustoff (TN) Rose, John W. Zeldin  
 LaHood Rouzer

Payne Scanlon Thompson (MS)  
 Perlmutter Schakowsky Titus  
 Perry Schiff Tlaib  
 Peters Schneider Tonko  
 Peterson Schrader Torres (CA)  
 Phillips Schrier Torres Small  
 Pingree Scott (VA) (NM)  
 Plaskett Scott, David Trahan  
 Pocan Sensenbrenner Trone  
 Porter Serrano Turner  
 Pressley Sewell (AL) Underwood  
 Price (NC) Shalala Upton  
 Quigley Sherman Van Drew  
 Raskin Sherrill Vargas  
 Reed Sires Veasey  
 Rice (NY) Slotkin Vela  
 Richmond Smith (NJ) Velázquez  
 Rose (NY) Smith (WA) Visclosky  
 Rouda Soto Walden  
 Roy Spanberger Wasserman  
 Roybal-Allard Speier Schultz  
 Ruiz Stanton Waters  
 Ruppertsberger Stauber Watson Coleman  
 Rush Stefanik Welch  
 Ryan Stevens Wexton  
 Sablan Suozzi Wild  
 San Nicolas Swallow (CA) Yarmuth  
 Sánchez Takano  
 Sarbanes Thompson (CA)

NOT VOTING—15

Byrne Kirkpatrick McCarthy  
 Calvert Lesko McClintock  
 Clay Lewis Radewagen  
 Crawford Loudermilk Simpson  
 Gabbard Marchant Wilson (FL)

□ 1631

Ms. DEAN, Messrs. HECK, CUNNINGHAM, Ms. BASS, Mr. ROY, Ms. DELAURO, Messrs. GROTHMAN, MEADOWS, WALDEN, SUOZZI, PAYNE, and NADLER changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Mr. KUSTOFF of Tennessee changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. MCCARTHY. Mr. Chair, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea” on rollcall No. 19.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. CICILLINE). There being no further amendments under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. CUELLAR) having assumed the chair, Mr. CICILLINE, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1230) to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 and other laws to clarify appropriate standards for Federal employment discrimination and retaliation claims, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 790, he reported the bill, as amended by that resolution, back to the House with sundry further amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any further amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, I am in its current form.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Smucker moves to recommit the bill (H.R. 1230) to the Committee on Education and Labor, with instructions to report the bill back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

SEC. . . . RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter the status of a truck driver as an independent contractor if the truck driver is currently considered to be an independent contractor under Federal law.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Pennsylvania is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, this motion to recommit ensures that nothing in H.R. 1230 shall be construed to alter the status of a truck driver who is an independent contractor if the truck driver is currently considered to be an independent contractor under Federal law.

Mr. Speaker, Democrats in Congress and in State legislatures across the country are currently working to enact an unnecessary, backward-looking, and confusing legal standard for determining employee status. Their standard would deprive millions of Americans of the opportunity to work independently and to start their own businesses.

It seems like bad ideas like this often start off in California, and the Democrats’ desire to all but eliminate independent contracting is no exception. A California law, known as Assembly Bill 5, is wreaking havoc on workers in industries ranging from freelance journalism to ride-sharing and many more.

The result is heart-wrenching stories from workers whose livelihoods have been turned upside down because Democrats have pushed through a radical leftwing policy.

Interestingly, California Democrats carved out some of their favorite friends, but truck drivers were not exempted, despite their opposition, despite their rally at the State Capitol, which included blaring their truck horns and all.

Fortunately for truck drivers, a district court has recently issued a temporary restraining order blocking enforcement of the law against independent truck drivers in the State.

But it doesn’t end there. Democrats right here in Congress continue this assault on independent contractors.

Mr. Speaker, 215 House Democrats have cosponsored the PRO Act, legislation that would take the text of California’s anti-independent contractor law and make it Federal law, with no exemptions for truck drivers, or any one else, for that matter.

NOES—257

Adams DelBene Kilmer  
 Aguilar Delgado Kim  
 Allred Demings Kind  
 Amash DeSaulnier King (NY)  
 Axne Deutch Kinzinger  
 Barragán Dingell Krishnamoorthi  
 Bass Doggett Kuster (NH)  
 Beatty Doyle, Michael Lamb  
 Bera F. Langevin  
 Beyer Engel Larsen (WA)  
 Bishop (GA) Escobar Larson (CT)  
 Blumenauer Eshoo Lawrence  
 Blunt Rochester Espallat Lawson (FL)  
 Bonamici Evans Lee (CA)  
 Boyle, Brendan Finkenauer Lee (NV)  
 Fitzpatrick Levin (CA)  
 Brindisi Fletcher Levin (MI)  
 Brooks (IN) Foster Lieu, Ted  
 Brown (MD) Frankel Lipinski  
 Brownley (CA) Fudge Loebsack  
 Buchanan Gallego Lofgren  
 Bustos Garamendi Lowenthal  
 Butterfield Garcia (IL) Lowey  
 Carbajal Luján Luján  
 Cárdenas Golden Luria  
 Carson (IN) Gomez Lynch  
 Cartwright Gonzalez (TX) Malinowski  
 Case Gottheimer Maloney,  
 Casten (IL) Green, Al (TX) Carolyn B.  
 Castor (FL) Griffith Maloney, Sean  
 Castro (TX) Mast  
 Chu, Judy Grothman Matsui  
 Cicilline Haaland McAdams  
 Cisneros Harder (CA) McBath  
 Clark (MA) Hastings McCollum  
 Clarke (NY) Hayes McEachin  
 Cleaver Heck McGovern  
 Clyburn Higgins (NY) McNeerney  
 Cohen Himes Meadows  
 Connolly Hollingsworth Meeks  
 Cooper Horn, Kendra S. Meng  
 Correa Horsford Moore  
 Costa Houlihan Morelle  
 Courtney Hoyer Moulton  
 Cox (CA) Huffman Mucarsel-Powell  
 Craig Hurd (TX) Murphy (FL)  
 Crist Jackson Lee Nadler  
 Crow Jayapal Napolitano  
 Cuellar Jeffries Neal  
 Cunningham Johnson (GA) Neguse  
 Davids (KS) Johnson (TX) Norcross  
 Davidson (OH) Joyce (OH) Norton  
 Davis (CA) Kaptur O’Halloran  
 Davis, Danny K. Katko Ocasio-Cortez  
 Davis, Rodney Keating Omar  
 Dean Kelly (IL) Pallone  
 DeFazio Kennedy Panetta  
 DeGette Khanna Pappas  
 DeLauro Kildee Pascrell

Let me say this again. The Democrats' legislation pending in the House, on which, by the way, the majority leader promised a vote by President's Day, would impose California's anti-independent contractor law on every business in America.

Independent contracting today allows millions of American families the opportunity to live their own American Dream.

I started my own career as an independent contractor operating my own drywall company at the age of 17. The flexibility this status offered allowed me to grow the business, building a team of hundreds of employees with family-sustaining jobs over the course of 25 years.

Independent truck drivers specifically are able to invest in their own careers and work for themselves on their own schedules while powering the American economy across the country.

Mr. Speaker, according to the Owner-Operator Independent Drivers Association, there are over 350,000 owner-operator independent truck drivers in the United States. Their average net income in 2018 was well over \$50,000, more than their professional employee-driver counterparts.

Last August, I participated in a ride with my constituent Randy Martin, who is owner-operator of Peachey Transport in Denver, Pennsylvania. Randy has grown a successful business hauling premier Lancaster County farm products.

He has been driving trucks since 1984 and shared with me that this career has allowed him to provide for his family while becoming a successful entrepreneur. It has allowed him and his family to achieve their own American Dream.

Randy isn't the only one. In 2017, a company collected stories from drivers on why they love trucking. One driver, Susan Couch, said:

I never knew a trucking job would become a passion and how much this career would change my life. It has allowed me to be independent and support my son alone. It has given me strength I never knew I had.

Tu Ngo told the San Francisco Chronicle that owning his own truck allows him to pursue the American Dream he was seeking when he fled Vietnam in 1982.

Eduardo Rangel values the flexibility he has to attend his young son's soccer games.

The stories are endless.

Independent truck driving provides a steady, stable, rewarding, and prosperous livelihood for thousands of American workers.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support these American workers. I urge them to support this motion to recommit. A "yes" vote is a vote to support prosperity and to support free enterprise.

Don't let hardworking Americans become victims of a misguided labor scheme cooked up by socialist Democrats in California and right here in

the U.S. Congress. Rather, vote "yes" to allow workers all across the country to prosper and to live their own American Dream.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WILD. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to this motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Pennsylvania is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. WILD. Mr. Speaker, I am not sure that my colleague and friend from Pennsylvania has read the same bill that I did that we are voting on tonight.

This bill, the Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act, has nothing to do with truck drivers, and it has nothing to do with independent contractors.

This motion to recommit is nothing more than a distraction from the very important legislation that is embodied in this bill. This MTR has nothing to do with discrimination against older workers, which is what we are seeking to protect against.

Why do my friends and colleagues across the aisle want to hurt older working Americans? This legislation, H.R. 1230, was drawn up to fix the damage that has been done by the Supreme Court decision in Gross v. FBL in 2009, which severely weakened age discrimination protections.

Since that decision was made, both the Supreme Court and the lower courts have relied on it and applied the Gross reasoning to the other civil rights laws so that it doesn't just hurt older working Americans who are the focus of this legislation, but other people who suffer from employment discrimination.

The bill we are considering today is the bare bones of what is needed to rectify the damage caused by that decision. This bill represents a bipartisan, bicameral effort that has been 10 years in the making.

H.R. 1230 amends the Nation's core civil rights laws to expressly allow for mixed-motive claims, meaning, when an employer claims multiple motives for terminating an employee, one of which is age discrimination, that that will not be permitted.

Since the Gross decision in 2009, age discrimination continues to be a significant barrier to job opportunities. When older workers lose their jobs, they are far more likely than other workers to join the ranks of the long-term or permanent unemployed.

Significantly, approximately 61 percent of older workers have either seen or experienced age discrimination in the workplace.

In 2018, the EEOC received nearly 17,000 age discrimination complaints, accounting for more than 20 percent of all discrimination charges filed. While most older workers say they have seen or experienced age discrimination, only 3 percent report having made a formal complaint. These trends have a profound impact on the economic security of older workers and their families.

This law has nothing to do with truckers and nothing to do with independent contractors. This motion to recommit is a mockery of this important legislation that is designed to protect older working Americans.

I urge my colleagues to stand up for older workers and the protections that they need and deserve.

Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. SCOTT), the chairman of the committee.

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, this is, as my colleague has indicated, a distraction. This has nothing to do with truck drivers or the PRO Act. We are talking about discrimination against older workers. We are talking about victims of discrimination, not who gets to discriminate against them.

We have a problem that older workers are facing discrimination, and everybody knows it. National organizations representing senior citizens, advocacy groups, and civil rights groups, including the AARP, have all written letters asking us to protect workers against discrimination.

We are correcting the Supreme Court case and the Gross decision, which makes it very difficult, if not impossible, for older workers to prove their cases. We need to defeat this distraction and pass the bill to protect older workers against discrimination.

Mr. Speaker, I hope we can defeat the motion and pass the bill.

Ms. WILD. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, this 5-minute vote on the motion to recommit will be followed by a 5-minute vote on the passage of the bill, if ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 196, noes 220, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 20]

AYES—196

Abraham	Brooks (IN)	Costa
Allen	Buchanan	Crenshaw
Amodel	Buck	Cunningham
Armstrong	Bucshon	Curtis
Arrington	Budd	Davidson (OH)
Babin	Burchett	Davis, Rodney
Bacon	Burgess	DesJarlais
Baird	Calvert	Diaz-Balart
Balderson	Carter (GA)	Duncan
Banks	Carter (TX)	Dunn
Barr	Chabot	Emmer
Bergman	Cheney	Estes
Biggs	Cline	Ferguson
Billirakis	Cloud	Fitzpatrick
Bishop (NC)	Cole	Fleischmann
Bishop (UT)	Collins (GA)	Flores
Bost	Comer	Fortenberry
Brindisi	Conaway	Fox (NC)
Brooks (AL)	Cook	Fulcher

Gaetz	Lamborn	Scalise	Omar	Sánchez	Thompson (CA)	Johnson (TX)	Morelle	Serrano
Gallagher	Latta	Schrader	Pallone	Sarbanes	Thompson (MS)	Joyce (OH)	Moulton	Sewell (AL)
Gianforte	Long	Schweikert	Panetta	Scanlon	Titus	Kaptur	Mucarsel-Powell	Shalala
Gibbs	Lucas	Scott, Austin	Pappas	Schakowsky	Tlaib	Katko	Murphy (FL)	Sherman
Gohmert	Luetkemeyer	Sensenbrenner	Pascarell	Schiff	Tonko	Keating	Nadler	Sherrill
Gonzalez (OH)	Marshall	Shimkus	Payne	Schneider	Torres (CA)	Kelly (IL)	Napolitano	Sires
Gooden	Massie	Perlmutter	Perlmutter	Schrier	Torres Small	Kennedy	Neal	Slotkin
Gosar	Mast	Smith (MO)	Peters	Scott (VA)	(NM)	Khanna	Neguse	Smith (NJ)
Granger	McAdams	Smith (NE)	Phillips	Scott, David	Trahan	Kildee	Norcross	Smith (WA)
Graves (GA)	McCarthy	Smith (NJ)	Pingree	Serrano	Trone	Kilmer	O'Halleran	Soto
Graves (LA)	McCaul	Smucker	Pocan	Sewell (AL)	Underwood	Kim	Ocasio-Cortez	Spanberger
Graves (MO)	McHenry	Spano	Porter	Shalala	Vargas	Kind	Omar	Speier
Green (TN)	McKinley	Stauber	Pressley	Sherman	Veasey	King (NY)	Pallone	Stanton
Griffith	Meadows	Stefanik	Price (NC)	Sherrill	Vela	Kinzinger	Panetta	Staubert
Grothman	Meuser	Steil	Quigley	Sires	Velázquez	Krishnamoorthi	Pappas	Staubert
Guest	Miller	Steube	Raskin	Slotkin	Visclosky	Kuster (NH)	Pascarell	Stefanik
Guthrie	Mitchell	Stewart	Rice (NY)	Smith (WA)	Wasserman	Lamb	Payne	Stevens
Hagedorn	Moolenaar	Stivers	Richmond	Soto	Schultz	Langevin	Perlmutter	Suozi
Harris	Mooney (WV)	Taylor	Rose (NY)	Spanberger	Swalwell (CA)	Larsen (WA)	Peters	Swalwell (CA)
Hartzler	Mullin	Thompson (PA)	Rouda	Speier	Takano	Larson (CT)	Peterson	Takano
Hern, Kevin	Murphy (FL)	Thornberry	Roybal-Allard	Stanton		Larson (CT)	Phillips	Thompson (CA)
Herrera Beutler	Murphy (NC)	Timmons	Ruiz	Stevens		Lawrence	Pingree	Thompson (MS)
Hice (GA)	Newhouse	Tipton	Ruppersberger	Suozi		Lawson (FL)	Titus	Titus
Higgins (LA)	Norman	Turner	Rush	Swalwell (CA)		Lee (CA)	Tlaib	Tlaib
Hill (AR)	Nunes	Upton	Ryan	Takano		Lee (NV)	Porter	Tonko
Holding	Olson	Van Drew				Levin (CA)	Posey	Torres (CA)
Hollingsworth	Palazzo	Wagner				Levin (MI)	Pressley	Torres (CA)
Horn, Kendra S.	Palmer	Walberg				Lieu, Ted	Price (NC)	Torres Small
Hudson	Pence	Walden	Aderholt	Gabbard	Marchant	Lipinski	Quigley	(NM)
Huizenga	Perry	Walker	Brady	Kirkpatrick	McClintock	Raskin	Rush	Trahan
Hurd (TX)	Peterson	Walorski	Byrne	Lesko	Simpson	Reed	Trone	Trone
Johnson (LA)	Posey	Waltz	Clay	Lewis		Rice (NY)	Turner	Turner
Johnson (OH)	Ratcliffe	Watkins	Crawford	Loudermilk		Rice (SC)	Underwood	Underwood
Johnson (SD)	Reed	Weber (TX)				Richmond	Upton	Upton
Jordan	Reschenthaler	Webster (FL)				Rose (NY)	Van Drew	Van Drew
Joyce (OH)	Rice (SC)	Wenstrup				Rouda	Vargas	Vargas
Joyce (PA)	Riggleman	Westerman				Roybal-Allard	Veasey	Veasey
Katko	Roby	Williams				Ruiz	Vela	Vela
Keller	Rodgers (WA)	Wilson (SC)				Ruppersberger	Velázquez	Velázquez
Kelly (MS)	Roe, David P.	Wittman				Rush	Visclosky	Visclosky
Kelly (PA)	Rogers (AL)	Womack				Ryan	Wagner	Wagner
King (IA)	Rogers (KY)	Woodall				Sánchez	Walden	Walden
King (NY)	Rooney (FL)	Wright				Sarbanes	Wasserman	Wasserman
Kinzinger	Rose, John W.	Yoho				Scanlon	Schultz	Schultz
Kustoff (TN)	Rouzer	Young				Schakowsky	Waters	Waters
LaHood	Roy	Zeldin				Schiff	Watson Coleman	Watson Coleman
LaMalfa	Rutherford					Schneider	Welch	Welch
						Schrader	Wexton	Wexton
						Schrier	Wild	Wild
						Scott (VA)	Wilson (FL)	Wilson (FL)
						Scott, David	Yarmuth	Yarmuth
						Sensenbrenner	Young	Young

NOT VOTING—13

□ 1654

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. FOXX of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 261, noes 155, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 21]

AYES—261

Adams	DeGette	Kennedy	Adams	Clarke (NY)	Evans	Abraham	Gallagher	McKinley
Aguilar	DeLauro	Khanna	Aguilar	Cleaver	Finkenauer	Allen	Gianforte	Meadows
Allred	DelBene	Kildee	Allred	Clyburn	Fitzpatrick	Amash	Amodei	Gibbs
Amash	Delgado	Kilmer	Axne	Cohen	Fletcher	Armstrong	Arrington	Gohmert
Axne	Demings	Kim	Bacon	Connolly	Fortenberry	Babin	Baird	Gonzalez (OH)
Barragán	DeSaulnier	Kind	Balderson	Cook	Foster	Baird	Banks	Gooden
Bass	Deutch	Krishnamoorthi	Barragán	Cooper	Frankel	Baird	Barr	Gosar
Beatty	Dingell	Kuster (NH)	Bass	Correa	Fudge	Baird	Bergman	Granger
Bera	Doggett	Lamb	Beatty	Costa	Gallego	Baird	Biggs	Graves (GA)
Beyer	Doyle, Michael	Langevin	Bera	Courtney	Garamendi	Baird	Bishop (NC)	Graves (LA)
Bishop (GA)	F.	Larsen (WA)	Beyer	Cox (CA)	Garcia (IL)	Baird	Bishop (UT)	Graves (MO)
Blumenauer	Engel	Larson (CT)	Bilirakis	Craig	Garcia (TX)	Baird	Brady	Green (TN)
Blunt Rochester	Escobar	Lawrence	Lieu, Ted	Crist	Golden	Baird	Brooks (AL)	Griffith
Bonamici	Eshoo	Lawson (FL)	Lipinski	Crow	Gomez	Baird	Brooks (AL)	Guest
Boyle, Brendan	Españillat	Lee (CA)	Loebsack	Cueellar	Gonzalez (TX)	Baird	Buck	Guthrie
F.	Evans	Lee (NV)	Bonamici	Cunningham	Green (TX)	Baird	Bucshon	Hagedorn
Brown (MD)	Finkenauer	Levin (CA)	Bost	Davids (KS)	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Budd	Harris
Brownley (CA)	Fletcher	Levin (MI)	Bonamici	Davids (KS)	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Burchett	Hartzler
Bustos	Foster	Lieu, Ted	Bonamici	Davis (CA)	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Burgess	Hern, Kevin
Butterfield	Frankel	Lipinski	Bonamici	Davis (CA)	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Calvert	Hice (GA)
Carbajal	Fudge	Loebsack	Bonamici	Davis (CA)	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Carter (GA)	Higgins (LA)
Cárdenas	Gallego	Logren	Bonamici	Davis, Danny K.	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Carter (TX)	Hill (AR)
Carson (IN)	Garamendi	Lowenthal	Bonamici	Davis, Rodney	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Chabot	Holding
Cartwright	Garcia (IL)	Lujan	Bonamici	Dean	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Cheney	Holding
Case	Garcia (TX)	Luria	Bonamici	DeFazio	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Cline	Holding
Casten (IL)	Golden	Lynch	Bonamici	DeGette	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Cloud	Holding
Castor (FL)	Gomez	Malinowski	Bonamici	DeLauro	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Cole	Holding
Castro (TX)	Gonzalez (TX)	Maloney, Sean	Bonamici	DelBene	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Collins (GA)	Holding
Chu, Judy	Gottheimer	Maloney, Sean	Bonamici	Delgado	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Comer	Holding
Cicilline	Green, Al (TX)	Maloney, Sean	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Conaway	Holding
Cisneros	Grijalva	Maloney, Sean	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Crenshaw	Holding
Clark (MA)	Haaland	Matsui	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Curtis	Holding
Clarke (NY)	Harder (CA)	McBath	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Davidson (OH)	Holding
Cleaver	Hastings	McCollum	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	DesJarlais	Holding
Clyburn	Hayes	McEachin	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Duncan	Holding
Cohen	Heck	McGovern	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Dunn	Holding
Connolly	Higgins (NY)	McNerney	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Emmer	Holding
Cooper	Himes	Meeks	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Estes	Holding
Correa	Horsford	Meng	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Ferguson	Holding
Courtney	Houlihan	Moore	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Fleischmann	Holding
Cox (CA)	Hoyer	Morelle	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Flores	Holding
Craig	Huffman	Moultou	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Fox (NC)	Holding
Crist	Jackson Lee	Mucarsel-Powell	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Fulcher	Holding
Crow	Jayapal	Nadler	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird	Gaetz	Holding
Cuellar	Jeffries	Napolitano	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding
Davids (KS)	Johnson (GA)	Neal	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding
Davis (CA)	Johnson (TX)	Neguse	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding
Davis, Danny K.	Kaptur	Norcross	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding
Dean	Keating	O'Halleran	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding
DeFazio	Kelly (IL)	Ocasio-Cortez	Bonamici	Demings	Green, Al (TX)	Baird		Holding

NOES—155

Abraham	Gallagher	McKinley
Allen	Gianforte	Meadows
Amash	Gibbs	Meuser
Amodei	Gohmert	Miller
Armstrong	Gonzalez (OH)	Mitchell
Arrington	Gooden	Moolenaar
Babin	Gosar	Mooney (WV)
Baird	Granger	Mullin
Banks	Graves (GA)	Murphy (NC)
Barr	Graves (LA)	Newhouse
Bergman	Graves (MO)	Norman
Biggs	Green (TN)	Nunes
Bishop (NC)	Griffith	Olson
Bishop (UT)	Guest	Palazzo
Brady	Guthrie	Palmer
Brooks (AL)	Hagedorn	Pence
Buck	Harris	Perry
Bucshon	Hartzler	Ratcliffe
Budd	Hern, Kevin	Reschenthaler
Burchett	Hice (GA)	Riggleman
Burgess	Higgins (LA)	Roby
Calvert	Hill (AR)	Rodgers (WA)
Carter (GA)	Holding	Roe, David P.
Carter (TX)	Hudson	Rogers (AL)
Chabot	Huizenga	Rogers (KY)
Cheney	Johnson (LA)	Rooney (FL)
Cline	Johnson (OH)	Rose, John W.
Cloud	Johnson (SD)	Rouzer
Cole	Jordan	Rutherford
Collins (GA)	Joyce (PA)	Scalise
Comer	Keller	Schweikert
Conaway	Kelly (MS)	Scott, Austin
Crenshaw	Kelly (PA)	Shimkus
Curtis	King (IA)	Smith (MO)
Davidson (OH)	Kustoff (TN)	Smith (NE)
DesJarlais	LaHood	Smucker
Duncan	LaMalfa	Spano
Dunn	Lamborn	Steil
Emmer	Latta	Steube
Estes	Long	Stewart
Ferguson	Lucas	Stivers
Fleischmann	Luetkemeyer	Taylor
Flores	Marshall	Thompson (PA)
Fox (NC)	Massie	Thornberry
Fulcher	McCarthy	Timmons
Gaetz	McHenry	Tipton

Walberg	Webster (FL)	Womack
Walker	Wenstrup	Woodall
Walorski	Westerman	Wright
Waltz	Williams	Yoho
Watkins	Wilson (SC)	Zeldin
Weber (TX)	Wittman	

## NOT VOTING—13

Aderholt	Kirkpatrick	McClintock
Byrne	Lesko	Roy
Clay	Lewis	Simpson
Crawford	Loudermilk	
Gabbard	Marchant	

□ 1701

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. KIRKPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, I was absent today due to a medical emergency. Had I been present, I would have voted: "yea" on rollcall No. 18, "no" on rollcall No. 19, "no" on rollcall No. 20, and "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

## RESIGNATION AS MEMBER OF JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

THE SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PHILLIPS) laid before the House the following resignation as a member of the Joint Economic Committee:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
Washington, DC, January 8, 2020.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,  
Speaker, House of Representatives,  
Washington, DC.

DEAR SPEAKER PELOSI: I am writing to submit my formal resignation as Vice Chair of the Joint Economic Committee, effective immediately. It has been an honor to serve in this position and I look forward to my new role as Chair of the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

With my deepest appreciation,  
CAROLYN B. MALONEY,  
Member of Congress.

THE SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the resignation is accepted.

There was no objection.

## HOUR OF MEETING ON TOMORROW

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 9 a.m. tomorrow.

THE SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.

## HONORING BRICK CITY LIONS

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a national champion from my district, the Brick City Lions. Brick City is the nickname of Newark, New Jersey, and the football team, the Brick City Lions, beat the Arizona Far West Jets 34–24 to win the 2019 Pop Warner Division I Junior Varsity national championship last month.

Lions coach Nasir Gains should be very proud of the work of his team. He

founded the Lions, also known as the Newark Youth Athletic Foundation, in 2012. In that short time, his teams have succeeded at every level.

But Coach Gains wants them to excel in the classroom as well. He provides reading and math tutors plus standardized test classes to all his players. He wants to build teams with character, confidence, comradery, and brotherhood. Clearly, he is succeeding on and off the field and deserves this recognition.

Coach Gains and his teams represent the best of Newark, and they are a point of pride in our community.

## HONORING HAROLD MEEK

(Mr. MCCARTHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MCCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and legacy of Harold Meek, a community leader and devoted family man, who, sadly, passed away on December 24, 2019.

To many of us, Harold was more than a neighbor. We considered him family, and his legacy will live on through those who knew him.

Harold had a wonderful life with his wife, Kay, and recently celebrated 48 years of marriage. He will be dearly missed by his loving wife, Kay; children Mark, Joi, and Vivienne; and grandchildren Cody, Clint, Jordan, and Julia.

Harold moved to Bakersfield in 1958 to work with his brother, Leo, in what would be the beginning of a lifelong career in the automotive industry. After 17 years working at his brother's dealership, Harold joined Three-Way Chevrolet, which later became Three-Way Automotive Group, in 1973.

Under Harold's leadership, the Three-Way Automotive Group experienced years of prosperity, gaining national recognition and receiving multiple industry awards.

Known as one of the greats among Bakersfield car dealers, Harold led Three-Way to various accolades, including seven consecutive titles as the number one retail volume Chevrolet dealer in California, as well as being named the top retail Chevy dealer in the world in June and July of 2005.

Harold was also recognized with the 2003 Time Magazine Quality Dealer Award, a true testament to his commitment to exceptional sales performance and customer service.

This welcoming attitude extended to his personal life and philanthropic endeavors. He was involved in more than 250 civic and charitable organizations, including the American Cancer Society, the Bakersfield Women's Business Conference, and Make-A-Wish Foundation, just to name a few.

A dedicated Republican, Harold was also active in local, State, and national politics. He served on the steering committee of numerous Gubernatorial and Presidential campaigns in California and managed campaigns for city coun-

cil, county supervisor, and State assembly candidates.

After retiring, Harold enjoyed cheering on his Oklahoma Sooner football team, Friday night dinners with his close-knit family, afternoons with his granddaughter, and watching NASCAR races on television with his son.

Harold truly embodied what it means to be a community leader and, above all, a family man. On behalf of California's 23rd Congressional District, Judy and I extend our deepest condolences to the Meek family, and we join them in honoring the life of Harold Meek.

## KEEPING ROE V. WADE THE LAW OF THE LAND

(Ms. PINGREE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. PINGREE. Mr. Speaker, on January 22, 1973, the Supreme Court ruled, 7–2, that women have the right to make their own healthcare decisions and to legally access abortion care. Forty-seven years later, our country has seen significant social and economic progress since Roe v. Wade.

Seventy-three percent of Americans support keeping Roe v. Wade the law of the land. They agree we can't go back. And yet, nearly 50 years after Roe became settled law, abortion is still under attack by extreme politicians who believe the government should dictate whether and when to have a child.

From 2011 to 2018, States across our country enacted 424 separate restrictions on abortion. In 2016, Donald Trump campaigned on a promise of appointing Justices who will overturn Roe v. Wade, and he has appointed more than one-quarter of all active judges to date.

His administration has pushed a domestic gag rule to prohibit doctors from telling women about their legal right to access abortion and slashed access to family planning funding in the process.

As we honor the anniversary of Roe v. Wade, we must expand abortion access for women across the country and stand up to the senseless attacks on women's health.

## ADDRESSING THE TRAGEDY OF OUR NATIONAL DEBT

(Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to address the tragedy of our national debt.

Out-of-control spending is the single greatest nonviolent threat to our Nation. This year alone, the Federal deficit increase exceeded \$1 trillion.

Just to give some perspective, a trillion \$1 bills stacked from the ground would reach 60,000 miles into space. The International Space Station is only at 200 miles. This stack would reach one-quarter of the distance to the Moon.