

Now, we got that information yesterday, and maybe the majority leader didn't have it, but we can tell you they can't issue those grants, and that is under the CARES Act, and that is out of money.

I am also going to tell you some stories we have heard in Maryland, and we have heard it all over the country. I have heard from small businesses that went to their bank in order to participate in the PPP loan, and they were told that they didn't have a credit card, so the bank wasn't going to write the loan, or they hadn't had a previous loan with that bank, so the bank is not going to write the loan.

We have heard from some community banks that they can only handle existing customers; they can't do additional customers at this point. We have heard from rural small businesses; they can't find lenders who will write these notes. We have to do a better job.

What did we find out yesterday? Of the total 7(a) lenders that are out there today, about 90 percent were certified before the CARES Act. We have only increased their numbers by about 10 percent. That is not enough. We can't reach these underserved communities. We have to do a better job in reaching these underserved communities so that a small business that doesn't have that type of relationship with a bank can still participate in the Paycheck Protection Plan. This UC does nothing at all about that issue—nothing at all about that.

The urgent issues are not dealt with in this UC. That is why the process of negotiating—allowing us to come together and figure out what is the best way to move forward—will result in us actually getting something done to help the small business community. There are other urgent needs. My colleague, Senator VAN HOLLEN, is going to talk about some of these.

The healthcare issues, my colleague and I have participated in numerous conference calls over the last 2 weeks. I am sure my other colleagues have done the same. We have heard from our healthcare providers, that they are ready to close the doors. They need immediate help and a lot more than the \$100 billion that has been provided.

We talked to our Governor yesterday. He is the head of the National Governors Association. They requested \$500 billion. They need money. Their revenues are down. We know we didn't do right for the District of Columbia. We know we didn't do right for smaller communities. We need to correct that now because they can't stay in business today. It is urgent, and the UC does nothing to help in that regard.

So, Mr. President, if I could, I would like to allow my colleague from Maryland, whom I believe has a reservation also, and then he has a UC request of his own.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Maryland.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. President, reserving the right to object.

This is an unfortunate moment for the U.S. Senate. We came together on a bipartisan basis just a very short time ago to pass the CARES Act. It passed here 96 to nothing. That followed two other bipartisan efforts that came out of the House, passed the Senate, and were signed by the President, again, with overwhelming support.

Yet, today, we see from the majority leader a complete political stunt here on the floor of the U.S. Senate—something that does not have bipartisan support, something that is go it alone, take it or leave it, and totally violates the spirit all of us have been working on during this crisis where we were able to come together in the U.S. Senate and the House of Representatives with the White House to, on three prior occasions, pass legislation in a way that addressed the issues that are important to this country.

Yet, today, we have this situation where the majority leader knew full well there was not agreement and consensus on moving forward with this proposal. That is why we are here today. This was, in fact, designed to fail, designed as a political stunt. It is actually not the first time we have seen this. You may recall that, just before we came together and passed the CARES Act 96-0, the majority leader came to the floor of the Senate back then and tried to ram through an unfinished product while negotiations were going on between Secretary Mnuchin and Democrats in the House and the Senate to try to finalize the bill, and that actually caused unnecessary delay. But the majority leader came to the floor then and tried to ram it through. It didn't work then, and it is not going to work today.

I would ask the majority leader—and I think all of us would—to go back to trying to address these issues the way we addressed them in a successful manner before. I am going to shortly propose an amendment that addresses some of those concerns—an amendment to the majority leader's proposal.

I would like to address some of the issues first, and my colleague, Senator CARDIN, has addressed many with respect to small businesses. First of all, he pointed out that the one program to help small businesses that has actually really run out of money is the emergency loan and grant program.

Let's talk about the PPP program. This is a really important program to incentivize small businesses and nonprofits to keep employees on the payroll and allow them to help keep the lights on, pay fixed costs, pay the mortgage, pay the rent, whatever it may be, so that they can emerge on the other side of this storm without having had to fold. Many of us anticipated long before the CARES Act passed that this program would need more money. I was part of a group that proposed \$600 billion for a program like this, recog-

nizing the demand would be huge, as it is on other programs. It is not just in need of more money. It needs some important fixes, which I daresay would have bipartisan support as well.

I don't know if the majority leader saw the letter just this morning from the National Restaurant Association. Here is what they say:

The PPP is funded at \$349 billion, and we expect that lenders will reach that ceiling shortly. We appreciate the bipartisan calls this week to provide prompt additional funding for the program.

Then they go on to say:

However, equally important is the need to address the limitations of the program that do not recognize the unique and evolving challenges of the restaurant business cycle and our path to recovery.

This is not a Republican group or a Democratic group. This is a group that represents small businesses, restaurants, just trying to get by, and what they say to us this morning is: Yes, we do need additional money. We know that. But equally important, let's fix some of the kinks, and there are kinks in this program.

I got a letter at 12:44 a.m. this morning from a small business owner who had been banking with Wells Fargo. Then, of course, Wells Fargo hit the cap. We thought we had dealt with that in recent days. But he is not sure he is still going to be able to get that loan through Wells Fargo, and he says:

I've also now looked at more than 100 websites of 7(a) lenders in the greater DC area and have found that NONE—capital letters NONE—will accept a PPP application from any small business that did not bank with them before February 15, 2020.

Here are some other headlines in recent days:

“Baltimore-area small businesses complain of continuing problems gaining access to federal lending program.”

“‘Nightmare’: 3 small-business owners describe process of applying for PPP coronavirus loans.”

The Journal Record: “Community bankers frustrated with PPP rollout.”

Another headline, this one from another part of the country: “PPP loan plan a mess so far for small businesses riding out coronavirus crisis.”

“Billions ‘disbursed’ through Paycheck Protection Program? Small businesses say not yet.”

The Wall Street Journal: “Big Banks Favor Certain Customers in \$350 Billion Small-Business Loan Program.”

Another article: “Many small businesses are being shut out of the new loan program by major banks.”

Mr. President, what we are saying here today is, yes, we know we need more money for this program. Many of us predicted this before we passed the CARES Act. But for goodness' sakes, let's take the opportunity to make some bipartisan fixes to allow this program to work better for the very people it is designed to help: small businesses, nonprofits.

That is what they are asking us to do. That is what the restaurant association is asking us to do. That is what

they want us to do, and we could do it probably just as quickly if the majority leader took a moment to sit down with us and negotiate that piece.

There are also other major demands on the system right now that we should address at this moment, and one of them is something I know we are all hearing about every day, which is to protect the healthcare workers on the frontlines. After all, if we want to address the economic crisis, we need to address the health crisis that precipitated that. We need to flatten this virus out, bring it down, and that is the best way to get on the road to economic recovery.

I am sure all of my colleagues are hearing from their nurses and doctors and frontline healthcare workers about the urgent need for personal protective equipment. We provided funds in the original bill, but we know, today, that that will be exhausted quickly. We know it because we can add up the requests coming from around the country. So let's address that issue. We are hearing about it every day.

Just yesterday at our delegation, our region, Senator CARDIN and I and other members of the Maryland delegation, we wrote to FEMA just yesterday, to the Administrator of FEMA. We pointed out that in our most recent requests, Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia received just a small percentage of the equipment that we requested from FEMA. The District received no hospital ventilators. I would point out for all of us who are following this, it is predicted that this—Maryland, DC, and Virginia—is going to be one of the next hotspots. Zero ventilators, zero safety goggles—we asked for 663,000 gloves, and over 1 million respirators masks. We got 4,000 of one. That is one problem we need to

address on an urgent basis, just as urgently as we need to address the small business situation.

Testing—my goodness, look, this virus, we all know, got an 8 to 10-week head start on us because we were flat-footed when it came to testing. We need a national rapid testing system so that we can ensure that people will get the tests and find out whether they have the virus. That not only helps us fight the virus, but it will also help us as we try to get the country back to work on the other end of this. I would propose those are real needs as well and that we can address those here now.

In addition to that, as Senator CARDIN said, we just spoke to Maryland's Governor yesterday who, in addition to being Maryland's Governor, is the head of the National Governors Association. He and Governor Cuomo have worked very closely together. We have a bipartisan request from the National Governors Association to help States and local jurisdictions. We have been on the phone nonstop with our local officials. They are running out of equipment. We have got firefighters who need help. We have emergency responders who need help.

All of these requests are urgent and, I believe, could be dealt with on a bipartisan basis, if the majority leader would just take a moment, instead of trying to rush this through, and we could actually get it done, as we were able to do before with the 96-to-nothing vote.

So, at this time, Mr. President, I have an amendment at the desk. I know people are anxious to get out of here. We didn't have to come in at all, if it hadn't been for the decision to try to ram this through. I just want to make that point. To the majority lead-

er, we knew this wasn't going to get through. I see people are frustrated and want to leave, but let's get it done, and let's get it done right, and let's have another 96-to-nothing vote here in the U.S. Senate.

So I ask unanimous consent that the majority leader modify the request and ask that the amendment at the desk, which is the text of the interim emergency COVID-19 Relief Act, be agreed to; the bill, as amended, be read a third time and passed with no further intervening action or debate.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the modification?

Mr. McCONNELL. I object.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Objection is heard.

Is there objection to the original request?

Mr. CARDIN. I object.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Objection is heard.

The majority leader.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I would just repeat that all the amendment I offered would do is change the amount in the bill—that is all—to respond to the obvious emergency we have with the Paycheck Protection Program.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY,
APRIL 13, 2020, AT 10 A.M.

Mr. McCONNELL. With that, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand adjourned in accordance with the order of March 26, 2020, for previously ordered pro forma sessions.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 10:34 and 7 seconds a.m., adjourned until Monday, April 13, 2020, at 10 a.m.