The House met at 10:30 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer:

Compassionate and merciful God, thank You for giving us another day.

Inspire the men and women of Congress during this time of social distancing to find ways of serving their constituents and our Nation as best they can. May their efforts, and cooperative work with local government efforts, help to lift those Americans who struggle most in these days.

May each American rise to our shared effort to remind ourselves that we are all responsible for the greatness of our Nation, and to make the sacrifices necessary to emerge better in virtue and stronger in national well-being. With Your grace, O Lord, may it be so.

May everything done this day be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to section 4(a) of House Resolution 967, the Journal of the last day’s proceedings is approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. BISHOP) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Hon. Nancy Pelosi,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: I have the honor to transmit herewith a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Jana M. Lean, Chief, Elections Division, California Secretary of State, indicating that, according to the preliminary results of the Special General Election held May 12, 2020, the Honorable Mike Garcia was elected Representative to Congress for the Twenty-Fifth Congressional District of California.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

CHERYL L. JOHNSON,
Secretary of State, State of California Elections Division,
Hon. Cheryl L. Johnson,
Clerk, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR Ms. Johnson: This is to advise you that the unofficial results of the Special General Election held on Tuesday, May 12, 2020, for Representative in Congress from the 25th Congressional District of California, show that Mike Garcia received 82,321 or 56.0 percent of the total number of votes cast for that office.

It would appear from these unofficial results that Mike Garcia was elected as Representative in Congress from the 25th Congressional District of California.

To the best of our knowledge and belief at this time, there is no contest to this election.

As soon as the official results are certified to this office by Los Angeles County and Ventura County, an official Certificate of Election will be prepared for transmittal as required by law.

Sincerely,

A. QUINTANA
(For Jana M. Lean, Chief, Elections Division.)

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Hon. Nancy Pelosi,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: I have the honor to transmit herewith a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Meagan Wolfe, Administrator, Wisconsin Elections Commission, indicating that, according to the preliminary results of the Special Election held May 12, 2020, the Honorable Thomas P. Tiffany was elected Representative to Congress for the Seventh Congressional District, State of Wisconsin.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

CHERYL L. JOHNSON,
Clerk of the House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR CLERK JOHNSON: This letter is to advise you that the unofficial results of the Special Election held on Tuesday, May 12, 2020, for Representative in Congress from the 7th Congressional District of Wisconsin, show that Tom Tiffany received 109,594 votes or 57.22% of the total number of votes cast for that office.

It would appear from these unofficial results that Tom Tiffany was elected as Representative in Congress from Wisconsin’s 7th Congressional District.

To the best of our knowledge and belief at this time, there is no contest to this election. As soon as the official results are certified by this office, an official Certificate of Election will be prepared for transmittal as required by law.

Sincerely,

MEAGAN WOLFE,
Administrator.
SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE
MIKE GARCIA, OF CALIFORNIA,
AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Mr. SHERMAN. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from California, the Honorable Mike Garcia, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

His certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no question has been raised with regard to his election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE THOMAS P. TIFFANY, OF WISCONSIN, AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Wisconsin, the Honorable Thomas P. Tiffany, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

His certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no question has been raised with regard to his election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

SWEARING IN OF MEMBERS-ELECT

The SPEAKER. Will the Representatives-elect and the Members of the California and Wisconsin delegations present themselves in the well.

Mr. GARCIA of California and Mr. TIFFANY appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear or affirm that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you will take this oath freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

The SPEAKER. Congratulations. You are now Members of the 116th Congress.

WELCOMING THE HONORABLE MIKE GARCIA TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentleman from California (Mr. SHERMAN) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mr. SHERMAN. Madam Speaker, by tradition, the deer of the respective State delegation introduces new Members from their State at a swearing in after a special election. Our dean, the dean of the California delegation, is also the Speaker of the House. And while I have seen her do amazing things, I have never seen her be in two places at the same time.

So I have the distinct honor of filling in for her here as dean, and the pleasure of introducing Mike Garcia, the new Member from the 25th Congressional District. The election has, as I noted before, not been certified by the Secretary of State, but there is no dispute about the result.

Congressman Garcia was born in 1976, and is a native of Santa Clarita, California, and is a first generation American citizen. Congressman Garcia moved to Saugus, which is now part of the city of Santa Clarita, in 1982 with his mother and stepfather at the age of six.

Mr. Garcia received his bachelor’s degree in political science from the U.S. Naval Academy in Annapolis in 1998. He was nominated to that academy and to the Navy by our long-time colleague, the former chair of the House Armed Services Committee, our friend, Buck McKeon.

He later earned a master of arts in national security policy from George-town University. He is a former U.S. naval officer and flew as a pilot in the Navy from 1998 until 2009. After the Navy, Congressman Garcia worked in the aerospace industry, and now owns his own real estate business. Mike is the husband of Rebecca Garcia and the father of Preston, age 13, and Jett, age 3.

I represent the district that lies immediately to the south of Mike Garcia, and the gentleman who represents the district immediately to the north is the distinguished minority leader, who I know has additional words to say about our new colleague.

Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from California (Mr. McCARThY).

Mr. MCCARTHY. Madam Speaker, in the last 230 years, dating back to the founding of our Republic, fewer than 11,000 Americans have had the privilege to stand here as a Member of Congress.

Today it is my honor to welcome one of the awesomest. As a veteran, a businessman, a family man, and a first-generation American, Mike has shown a driven-approach to everything he has taken.

If you ever want a definition of America, look to Mike’s life. First generation, many like our fathers, mothers, grandparents, wanted something better for their children so they came to America. Mike dreamed, at age six, that one day maybe he could become a Navy fighter pilot. He knew it would not be easy, so he strived, applied himself, and was nominated to the Naval Academy from this body itself.

Not only did he excel, he graduated in the top 3 percent, becoming a fighter pilot, something many of us always look to the skies to dream and wonder what it takes to become one. As he became a fighter pilot, his Nation called upon him to defend our freedoms, those that we uphold, that he just raised his hand to defend the Constitution a few short moments ago. He excelled at that because he believes in service.

After his service into the Navy he worked as a businessman. He has a beautiful family, Rebecca, sons Preston, who is with us on the floor, and his son Jett, up with his wife Rebecca, and his brother, and sister-in-law.

George Washington once said: “Remember that it is the actions and not the commission that makes an officer, and that there is more expected from him than the title.” Washington was speaking about being a military officer. But his advice perfectly describes what it means to be a Member of Congress. We are a small group with a big responsibility, to represent the voice of the people in Washington. Ultimately, it is our actions, not our titles, that matter.

Mike’s feat today is not something people just assumed. Yes, you have to run. Yes, you have to unite people. But he did something that people on my side of the aisle have not done in more than 22 years. He did it in a manner where an election was bigger than most people had thought to run these races in a time of a crisis in America that they held the elections to be different.

He changed the course in a few short times. If there is one person that I believe can unite this body, unite this Nation, it is a man whose life actually defines America. Family comes here, the dreams of a life better for their children.

He strives and excels in public education to get nominated by the United States House of Representatives and his own congressman to go to the Naval Academy. He excels at the academy to become a jet fighter pilot and defends our Nation in a time of need. And one more time his Nation called upon him to serve, he rose to the occasion, and unbelievable obstacles that many did not believe he could achieve by uniting a district to help unite a Nation and help unite Congress itself.

Madam Speaker, I congratulate Mike, and I look forward to what he is able to achieve in this body, much that he has been able to achieve before he came here.

Mr. SHERMAN. Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from California (Mr. GARCIA), our newest Member.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from California and Leader McCARTHY for that very gracious introduction. I want to thank you all for being here today. First and foremost, I want to thank my beautiful bride and wife, Rebecca, and our beautiful two children, Preston and Jett, for being the backbone of my survival, and the spirit of this campaign for over a year now. So thank you very much.

Madam Speaker, I also want to thank the 715,000 people in California’s beautiful 25th Congressional District that helped me get here, and it is a huge honor that has been bestowed upon me to represent you in this body, to serve this country, to serve our district, than
to be here today taking this oath and doing the job before me over the course of the next several years.

For 244 years, this beautiful Nation has thrived and survived on the back of those who showed up at the right time to do the right thing, and for the right reasons.

I, as an American, someone who is a first-generation American who served my country, I show up today, not only as a patriot, but now a citizen legislator, to make sure that we do what is right for our country first, to make sure that we do what is right for my district that I represent, and to, hopefully, get through this crisis as a solid, unified country, becoming stronger as we do so, more cooperative in the efforts and, hopefully, making this Nation the strongest the world has ever seen for several decades, millenniums to come.

Madam Speaker, I appreciate all the support. Thank you for being here, and may God bless the United States of America.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER
The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. Tiffany) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mr. Tiffany. Madam Speaker, one of the few things that do exist around here, aside from using our institutional memory, is to ask unanimous consent that people who are elected in special elections from their State be permitted to take the oath of office.

Today it is my great honor and, indeed, a privilege, to ask that Tom Tiffany be able to take the oath of office, and to join the list of fewer than 11,000 people that have been honored by their constituents to serve in this House.

Tom spent a lot of his life being a successful small businessman. He was elected to the Wisconsin Assembly in 2008, and 2 years later was elected to the first of two terms in the Wisconsin Senate. He has been a very strong and vocal proponent of the interests of people in northern and western Wisconsin, and he will continue to do so on the national stage.

Madam Speaker, it is now my honor to yield to the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. Tiffany).

Mr. Tiffany. Madam Speaker, I would like to thank Leader McCarthy and the Members of the Wisconsin delegation in attendance here today. And I would like the Speaker for his kind introduction; I wish him the best as he concludes his years serving the people of Wisconsin in the Halls of Congress. Thank you, Speaker Pelosi, for taking time out of your busy day to conduct this swearing in.

My message is simple. Ten years ago I was given the great privilege to represent the people of northern Wisconsin in the State legislature in Madison. I made one commitment to them, to advance the cause of freedom and liberty.

Today, I make that same commitment to the good people of northern and western Wisconsin, to fight for those same enduring ideals that form the foundation of the American Republic.

Madam Speaker, I wish to thank my mother, Virgal Tiffany who, along with my deceased father, Pat Tiffany, raised my seven brothers and sisters in the little town of Elmwood, Wisconsin, with love and devotion. I am here today, Mom, because of the persistence and determination you have lived your life by every day. Madam Speaker, I suspect that she is down in her kitchen right now canning sauerkraut and pickles just like she has always done as a farm girl. Yes.

And, finally, to my wife, Chris, and our three daughters, Karlyn, Lexie, and Katherine, they are up in the gallery there. I hope you are as excited as I am as we turn the pages to a new chapter in our lives. Thank you for standing with me all of these years.

ThOMAS P. TIFFANY, Seventh District of Wisconsin.

OATH OF OFFICE MEMBERS, RESIDENT COMMISSIONER, AND DELEGATES
The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates of the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

"I, AB, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God."

This has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Member of the 116th Congress, pursuant to the provisions of 2 U.S.C. 25:

MIKE GARCIA, Twenty Fifth District of California.

THOMAS P. TIFFANY, Seventh District of Wisconsin.

EXPENDITURE REPORTS CONCERNING OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL
Reports concerning the foreign currencies and U.S. dollars utilized for Official Foreign Travel during the first quarter of 2020, pursuant to Public Law 95–384, are as follows:

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON HOUSE ADMINISTRATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JAN. 1 AND MAR. 31, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Member or employee</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Per diem¹</th>
<th>Transportation</th>
<th>Other purposes</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Arrival</td>
<td>Departure</td>
<td>Country</td>
<td>Foreign currency</td>
<td>U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Foreign currency</td>
<td>U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency²</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HOUSE COMMITTEES

1 Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
2 If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS.

ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker’s table and referred as follows:

4349. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission’s regulatory guidance — Regulatory Guide 8.39, Revision 1, “Release of Patients Administered Radioactive Material” received May 1, 2020, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

4350. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission’s regulatory guide — Regulatory Guide 1.151, Revision 2, “Instrument Sensing Lines” received May 1, 2020, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and several were referred, as follows:

By Ms. JAYAPAL (for herself, Ms. STEVENS, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. CASTEN of Illinois, Mr. POCAN, Ms. PORTER, Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. BASS, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. BEYER, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. BLUNT ROSTERCH, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. BROWNLEE of California, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COREN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. DELPAZIO, Mr. DELAUR, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. EVANS, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA of Arizona, Mr. HASTINGS, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. HICKS, Mr. HORNSFORD, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. LAW of California, Mr. LEE of Michigan, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. McGOVERN, Ms. MINGO, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. NADLER, Ms. NAPOLITANO, Mr. NGUESSOU, Ms. NORTON, Ms.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JAN. 1 AND MAR. 31, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Member or employee</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Per diem ¹</th>
<th>Transportation</th>
<th>Other purposes</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hon. Tim Walberg</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>316.69</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>316.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hon. Susan Brooks</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>263.16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>263.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hon. Jeff Duncan</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>263.16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>263.16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent, if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON VETERANS’ AFFAIRS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JAN. 1 AND MAR. 31, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Member or employee</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Per diem ¹</th>
<th>Transportation</th>
<th>Other purposes</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 /14 2 /15 Germany</td>
<td></td>
<td>316.69</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>316.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 /15 2 /17 India</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,087.57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,087.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent, if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
³ Military air transportation.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JAN. 1 AND MAR. 31, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Member or employee</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Per diem ¹</th>
<th>Transportation</th>
<th>Other purposes</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 /13 2 /16 Germany</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,473.16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,473.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 /15 2 /17 India</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,776.25</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,776.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent, if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.
³ Military air transportation.

HOUSE COMMITTEES

Please Note: If there were no expenditures during the calendar quarter noted above, please check the box at right to so indicate and return.


5999. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission’s regulatory guide — Regulatory Guide 8.39, Revision 1, “Release of Patients Administered Radioactive Material” received May 1, 2020, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and several were referred, as follows:

By Ms. JAYAPAL (for herself, Ms. STEVENS, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. CASTEN of Illinois, Mr. POCAN, Ms. PORTER, Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. BASS, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. BEYER, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. BLUNT ROSTERCH, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. BROWNLEE of California, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COREN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. DELPAZIO, Mr. DELAUR, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. EVANS, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA of Arizona, Mr. HASTINGS, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. HICKS, Mr. HORNSFORD, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. LAW of California, Mr. LEE of Michigan, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. McGOVERN, Ms. MINGO, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. NADLER, Ms. NAPOLITANO, Mr. NGUESSOU, Ms. NORTON, Ms.
H.R. 6918. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on quantum computing, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ABRAHAM (for himself, Mr. YOHO, and Mr. SCHRAMER):

H.R. 6921. A bill to amend the Animal Welfare Act with respect to the importation of live dogs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BACON (for himself and Mr. MURCIA):

H.R. 6922. A bill to require the Corps of Engineers to expedite review of applications for certain flood control projects near military installations; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. BERGMAN (for himself and Mr. MURCIA):

H.R. 6923. A bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the health care professionals, first responders, scientists, researchers, all essential workers, and individuals who provided care and services during the coronavirus pandemic; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. BEYER (for himself and Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio):

H.R. 6924. A bill to authorize the Director of the National Institutes of Health to establish prize competitions to incentivize research by institutions of higher education on at-home testing for the detection of current infection with the virus that causes COVID-19, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BIGGS:

H.R. 6925. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to exempt certain food and drug products containing certain non-invasive diagnostic devices, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania (for himself and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H.R. 6926. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide for coverage and payment under title XIX of the Social Security Act for services furnished to individuals who are patients in institutions for mental diseases during the COVID-19 emergency period and 180-days thereafter, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BUCSHON:

H.R. 6927. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on and provide incentives for maintaining, expanding, and relocating the manufacturing structure.

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia (for himself, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. CRADOW, and Mr. SOTO):

H.R. 6928. A bill to mitigate drug shortages and provide incentives for maintaining, expanding, and relocating the manufacturing of medications, excipients, medical diagnostic devices, pharmaceuticals, and personal protective equipment in the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia (for himself, Mr. MURCIA, Mr. ROSSITER, Mr. CRAWFORD, and Mr. SOTO):

H.R. 6929. A bill to provide for the establishment of a National COVID-19 Resource Center for Older Adults, to authorize a Healthy Aging Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. CRAWFORD:

H.R. 6930. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on the impact that State laws have on the United States overall economy, including the impact that State laws have had on the gig economy; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. GUTHRIE:

H.R. 6931. A bill to require the Federal Trade Commission to conduct a study on artificial intelligence, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio:

H.R. 6932. A bill to direct the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on the Cassiar Super金银 Delineation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. LATTA:

H.R. 6933. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve and to expand eligibility for dependency and indemnity compensation paid to certain survivors of certain veterans; to the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs.

By Ms. DEAN (for herself, Ms. WATTERS, and Mr. BAHN):

H.R. 6934. A bill to amend the CARES Act to require the uniform treatment of nationally recognized statistical rating organizations under certain programs carried out in response to the COVID-19 emergency, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Ms. FRANKEL (for herself, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. DINGELL, and Ms. SHALALA):

H.R. 6935. A bill to provide for the establishment of a National COVID-19 Resource Center for Older Adults, to authorize a Healthy Aging Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Small Business, Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GIANFORTI:

H.R. 6936. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to study the impact the gig economy has on the United States overall economy, including the impact that State laws have had on the gig economy; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. GROEGER:

H.R. 6937. A bill to require the Federal Trade Commission to conduct a study on the impact that State laws have on the United States overall economy, including the impact that State laws have had on the gig economy; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. HUDDLE:

H.R. 6938. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on the impact of the gig economy on the United States overall economy, including the impact that State laws have had on the gig economy; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSTON of Ohio:

H.R. 6939. A bill to provide for the establishment of a National COVID-19 Resource Center for Older Adults, to authorize a Healthy Aging Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KINZINGER:

H.R. 6940. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to conduct a study on tech startups, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Small Business, and Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. KINZINGER:

H.R. 6941. A bill to require online retailers to prominently disclose product country-of-origin information, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KINZINGER:

H.R. 6942. A bill to require any person that maintains an Internet website or that sells products through a mobile application that is owned, wholly or partially, by the Chinese Communist Party or by a non-state-owned entity located in China, to disclose that fact to any individual who downloads or otherwise uses such application; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.
By Mr. LOWENTHAL (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. SHAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. NORTON, Ms. GRAZIANA, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. YARMUTH, Ms. SHALALA, Mr. CORREA, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. CONTA, Mr. COX of California, Mr. LOUVIERE, Mr. LEE of California, Mr. VARGAS, and Ms. JAYAPAL):

H.R. 6944. A bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to Billie Jean King, in recognition of her contribution to the Nation and her courageous and groundbreaking leadership advancing equal rights for women and the LGBTQ community in athletics, education, and our society; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6945. A bill to prohibit all United States assessed and voluntary contributions to the World Health Organization until such time as the membership in the United States assessed and voluntary contributions to the World Health Organization of the People’s Republic of China is terminated and the Republic of China (Taiwan) is afforded full rights, privileges, and responsibilities as a Member State in the World Health Organization, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6946. A bill to prohibit all United States assessed and voluntary contributions to the United Nations until such time as the membership in the United Nations of the People’s Republic of China is terminated and the Republic of China (Taiwan) is afforded full rights, privileges, and responsibilities as a Member State in the United Nations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6947. A bill to authorize the President to recognize the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China, as a separate, independent country, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6948. A bill to authorize the President to recognize the Tibet Autonomous Region of the People’s Republic of China as a separate, independent country, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. PRESSLEY (for herself, Ms. BASS, Mr. MECKS, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. GRAZIANA, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. OMAR, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. COHEN, Mr. MACHANIC, Mr. LEE of California, Mr. KHANNA, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. HAYES, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. NORTON, Mr. HASTINGS, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. RYAN, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. COX, Ms. ESPEY, and Ms. JOHNSON of Texas):

H.R. 6949. A bill to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to provide direct funding to certain entities; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. RODGERS of Washington:

H.R. 6950. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce and the Federal Trade Commission to conduct a study on artificial intelligence, and in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY (for herself, Ms. MATSU, Mr. LAMM, Mr. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. DREYFUSS, and Mr. GONZALEZ):

H.R. 6951. A bill to assist older Americans and people with disabilities affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Education and Labor, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SCHNEIDER (for himself and Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts):

H.R. 6952. A bill to direct the President to appoint a Medical Council Advisor to coordinate the efforts of the Federal Government regarding the supply and distribution of certain supplies and equipment relating to COVID-19; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. MALALA (for herself and Ms. HOULIHAN):

H.R. 6953. A bill to establish the Pandemic Responder Service Award program to express our gratitude to front-line health care workers who die as a result of COVID-19; to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. HARRIS (for herself and Ms. HOULIHAN):

H.R. 6954. A bill to establish ‘‘PCOS Awareness Month’’; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Ms. SPEIER (for herself, Mr. NEUSE, Mr. ROSS of New York, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. ENGLE, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Ms. GREGG of Texas, Mr. GRAZIANA, Ms. HAYES, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. SOTO, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. VELA, and Ms. JUDY CHU of California):

H.R. 6955. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize a program of death and hospitalization benefits for essential workers who die as a result of COVID-19 or related complications, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. TORRES SMALL of New Mexico:

H.R. 6956. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to provide food and agriculture emergency aid to States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia (for himself, Mr. MARSHALL, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. GRAZIANA, Ms. SUCOZZI, Ms. MOORE, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. LEWIS, Mr. VELA, Miss GONZALEZ-COLON of Puerto Rico, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FORSEN, Mr. ATTARAN, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. ENZEL, Mr. COHEN, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Ms. FINKENAUER, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. FEIRGUSON, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. PAYNE, Mrs. AXN, Mr. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. HICE of Georgia, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. VEAREY, Mr. MCKINLEY, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. GALLIKO, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Ms. Velázquez, Ms. BEATTY, Mr. HUNTSMAN, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. RUSH, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. CLAY, Ms. MENG, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. CORREA, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Ms. MUCARSEL-POWELL, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. SQUIRES, Ms. SPANBERGER, Ms. BLUNT ROCHSTER, Mr. SERRANO, and Mr. BRENDAN F. BOLTE of Pennsylvania):

H. Res. 972. A resolution recognizing the seriousness of polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) and expressing support for the designation of the month of September 2020 as ‘‘PCOS Awareness Month’’; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Ms. JAYAPAL:

H.R. 6918. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. GRIFFITH:

H.R. 6919. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. SPANO:

H.R. 6920. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.
Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, cls. 11-14 (war/military clauses); Art. I, Sec. 8, cl. 18 (necessary and proper clause); and Art. IV, Sec. 3, cl. 2 (federal land regulation)

By Mr. BERGMAN:
H.R. 6923.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article One, Section Eight of the United States Constitution

By Mr. REYES:
H.R. 6924.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. HIGGS:
H.R. 6925.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 of the Constitution

By Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania:
H.R. 6926.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution under the General Welfare Clause.

By Mr. BUCSHON:
H.R. 6927.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8; To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:
H.R. 6928.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The attached legislation falls under Congress' enumerated Constitutional authority to regulate interstate commerce pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:
H.R. 6929.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:
H.R. 6930.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT:
H.R. 6931.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3. To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. CISNEROS:
H.R. 6932.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. COX of California:
H.R. 6933.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article One, Section Eight of the Constitution

By Ms. DEAN:
H.R. 6934.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sec. 8, Clause 11-14 (war/military clauses); Art. I, Sec. 8, Cl. 18 (necessary and proper clause); and Art. IV, Sec. 3, Cl. 2 (federal land regulation)

By Ms. FRANKEL:
H.R. 6935.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Constitutional Authority: Commerce Clause, Article I, Section 8, Clause 3; Spending Power, Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. GIANFORTI:
H.R. 6936.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. GUTHRIE:
H.R. 6937.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. GUTHRIE:
H.R. 6938.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the US Constitution

By Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio:
H.R. 6939.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Sec. 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Mr. KINZINGER:
H.R. 6940.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8., Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Mr. KINZINGER:
H.R. 6941.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Mr. LATTILA:
H.R. 6943.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3; Spending Power, Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. LATTILA:
H.R. 6944.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Mr. LAUTT:
H.R. 6945.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Mr. PERRY:
H.R. 6946.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3; Spending Power, Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. PERRY:
H.R. 6947.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 (Commerce Clause); and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (Necessary and Proper Clause).

By Ms. PRESSLEY:
H.R. 6948.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Ms. PRESSLEY:
H.R. 6949.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article One, Section Eight of the Constitution

By Mrs. RODGERS of Washington:
H.R. 6950.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Clause 3

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:
H.R. 6951.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. SCHNEIDER:
H.R. 6952.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Ms. SHALALA:
H.R. 6953.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 and 3

By Ms. SERRFILL:
H.R. 6954.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18 of Section 8 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the United States of America.

By Ms. SPEIER:
H.R. 6955.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. TORRES SMALL of New Mexico:
H.R. 6956.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 40: Mr. WELCH.
H.R. 280: Mrs. LURIA.
H.R. 372: Mrs. KIRKPATRICK, Mr. KING of New York, and Mr. SHALLL.
H.R. 463: Mr. LOWENTHAL.
H.R. 138: Mr. CLAY.
H.R. 1497: Mr. ESPAILLAT.
H.R. 2086: Ms. BROWNLY of California and Mr. STURGE.
H.R. 2216: Mr. YOHO.
H.R. 2571: Mr. FULCHER.
H.R. 2746: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut.
H.R. 2859: Mr. WALKER.
H.R. 2878: Mr. RASKIN and Mr. CASE.
H.R. 3165: Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mrs. LURIA, Ms. SLOTEN, and Mr. LEVIN of California.
H.R. 3772: Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina.
H.R. 3929: Ms. BROWNLY of California.
H.R. 6092: Ms. SPANBERGER.
H.R. 4716: Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota.
H.R. 4821: Ms. TLAIR, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, and Mr. BLUMENAUER.
H.R. 4874: Mr. TONKO.
H.R. 5297: Mr. WALTZ and Mr. WALDEN.
H.R. 5469: Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi and Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.
H.R. 5995: Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Mr. GAGEZ, Mr. HARDEN of California, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mr. bow, Mr. RUSH, Mr. CRAIG, and Mr. BUDI.
H.R. 5998: Ms. Lexer, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, and Ms. SPANBERGER.
H.R. 6082: Mr. CRESHAW.
H.R. 6138: Ms. LOPHRE.
H.R. 6204: Mr. Soto, Mr. Rouzer, and Mr. Raskin.
H.R. 6217: Mr. Espaillat.
H.R. 6364: Ms. McCollum.
H.R. 6394: Mr. Bergman and Mr. Hill of Arkansas.
H.R. 6401: Ms. Pressley.
H.R. 6435: Mr. Guthrie.
H.R. 6467: Mr. McNerney.
H.R. 6470: Mr. Trone and Mr. Sherman.
H.R. 6487: Ms. Haaland, Mr. Espaillat, Mr. Morelle, Mr. Cohen, Ms. Waters, Mrs. Demings, Mrs. Axne, Ms. Wilson of Florida, Ms. Johnson of Texas, and Mr. Sarbanes.
H.R. 6514: Mrs. Lawrence, Ms. Johnson of Texas, and Mr. Kim.
H.R. 6559: Ms. Lofgren.
H.R. 6561: Ms. Porter.
H.R. 6563: Mr. Gottheimer, Ms. Fudge, Mr. Garamendi, and Mr. Foster.
H.R. 6562: Mr. Kennedy and Mrs. Beatty.
H.R. 6623: Mr. Cox of California.
H.R. 6624: Mr. Rose of New York, Mr. Flores, and Mrs. Brooks of Indiana.
H.R. 6646: Mr. Foster.
H.R. 6652: Mr. Golden and Mr. Bishop of Utah.
H.R. 6665: Mr. Barin, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Fulcher, and Mr. David P. Roe of Tennessee.
H.R. 6698: Ms. Norton, Mr. Bishop of Georgia, Mr. Meeks, Mr. Casten of Illinois, Mr. Espaillat, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Brown of Maryland, Mr. McNerney, Mr. Price of North Carolina, Ms. Waters, Mr. Garcia of Illinois, Ms. Velázquez, Mr. Raskin, and Ms. Johnson of Texas.
H.R. 6701: Mr. Trone.
H.R. 6707: Mrs. Beatty and Mr. Pocan.
H.R. 6729: Mr. Michael F. Doyle of Pennsylvania.
H.R. 6731: Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Hagedorn.
H.R. 6742: Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Johnson of South Dakota, Mr. Posey, and Mr. Abraham.
H.R. 6748: Mr. Soto, Mr. Kildee, Mrs. Murphy of Florida, Mr. Bacon, Mr. Katko, Ms. Sewell of Alabama, and Mr. Cuellar.
H.R. 6788: Ms. Blunt Rochester, Ms. Johnson of Texas, Mrs. Hayes, Mrs. Hartzer, and Mr. Bishop of Georgia.
H.R. 6797: Mr. DeFazio, Mr. Thompson of Mississippi, and Mr. Pocan.
H.R. 6801: Mr. Loeb, Mr. Vargas, Ms. Sanchez, Mr. McNerney, and Ms. Velázquez.
H.R. 6805: Mr. Rouzer and Mr. Roy.
H.R. 6807: Mrs. Trahan, Mr. Brown of Maryland, Ms. Kelly of Illinois, Mr. Case, Ms. McCollum, Mrs. Torres of California, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Michael F. Doyle of Pennsylvania, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Heck, and Mr. Veasey.
H.R. 6825: Mr. Gottheimer.
H.R. 6838: Mr. Trone and Mr. Castro of Texas.
H.R. 6861: Mr. Raskin, Mr. Brown of Maryland, Mr. Soto, Ms. Sanchez, Ms. Castor of Florida, Ms. Chaia, Ms. DeGette, and Ms. Wilson of Florida.
H.R. 6886: Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Harris.
H.R. 6902: Ms. Houlahan, Ms. Omar, Ms. Clark of Massachusetts, and Mr. Horsford.
H.R. 6915: Mr. Johnson of Louisiana.
H. Res. 835: Mr. Soto.
H. Res. 960: Ms. Porter.
H. Res. 970: Ms. Dean, Mr. Grijalva, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Peterson, Mr. Swalwell of California, Mr. Allred, Mr. Yarmuth, and Mr. Pocan.
The Senate met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the President pro tempore (Mr. GRASSLEY).

PRAYER
The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:
Let us pray.
God of our destiny, You have watched over us from generation to generation. May our lawmakers trust Your faithfulness during this challenging season of our Nation’s history. Lord, inspire them to recall how You have sustained this land we love in prosperity and adversity, in peace and in war. Give our Senators the wisdom to believe that they can trust Your constancy and greatness as they cling to Your promise to never leave or forsake them. Believing in Your power, help us all to face fresh challenges with total confidence in You.
And, Lord, we pray for the health and safety of all as communities begin the process of reopening businesses.
We pray in Your mighty Name. Amen.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
The President pro tempore led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:
I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. HYDE-SMITH). The Senator from Iowa.
Mr. GRASSLEY. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent to speak for 3 minutes as in morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CHINA AND THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION
Mr. GRASSLEY. Madam President, I am deeply concerned about reports that China began hoarding medical supplies in early January while working to prevent the World Health Organization from sounding the alarm about the virus pandemic.

By analyzing international trade data, the Department of Homeland Security assessed that the Chinese Government intentionally concealed the severity of COVID–19 from the world in early January in order to stockpile medical supplies. Furthermore, the Chinese Communist Party Government tried to hide its actions by denying there were any export restrictions. They even tried to obscure and delay its trade data so it wouldn’t get caught.
These acts are outrageous.
Even worse, the CIA and foreign intelligence agencies have found evidence that China threatened the World Health Organization to stop cooperating on efforts to combat COVID–19 if the organization declared a global health emergency early on. So it was declared, and, hence, there was valuable time lost in fighting the virus. This is simply unacceptable behavior.
The Chinese Communist Party ought to be held accountable for the countless lives that have been lost around the globe due to its nontransparent, aggressive, inhumane behavior.
The World Health Organization is composed of many honorable and dedicated medical professionals who believe in the WHO’s mission. If any of them were privy to what was going on by the Chinese Communist Party, he ought to step forward and shine light on any misdeeds by the organization’s leadership.
Whistleblowers are necessary to prevent corruption within any institution, which is why I have a longstanding reputation of protecting whistleblowers. The world deserves to know what the World Health Organization’s leaders knew and when they knew it. The evidence is quickly becoming crystal clear—that China is responsible for tremendous suffering worldwide through its lies and active coverup. Telling the truth about the Chinese Communist Party does not, as some have suggested, have any bearing on how we analyze our domestic response.
We should learn from democratic countries that have been successful in containing outbreaks, like Taiwan and South Korea. However, in going forward, everyone around the world should have their eyes open about the true nature of the Chinese regime.
I yield the floor.

RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER
The PRESIDING OFFICER. The majority leader is recognized.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY
Mr. McCONNELL. Madam President, the coronavirus pandemic continues to challenge our Nation, and the Senate is here working for the American people.
Our committees have called in experts like Dr. Fauci and leaders like Chairman Powell to discuss the CARES Act and the path toward reopening. We are tracking the effects of the largest rescue package ever and are considering next steps, like strong legal protections so that doctors, small businesses, schoolteachers, and universities do not face a second epidemic of frivolous lawsuits.
The Senate is also staying on top of other threats that predated COVID–19—the meddling of Putin’s Russia, the brutal Chinese Communist Party, rogue states like Iran and North Korea, foreign terrorists such as ISIS.
Two weeks ago, we overwhelmingly confirmed an impressive leader for the National Counterintelligence and Security Center, whom Acting DNI Grenell has announced will play a central role in briefing candidates and campaigns on foreign threats against our elections.
Today, our colleagues on the Intelligence Committee, now led by Acting...
Chairman RUBIO, will report out the President’s nominee to be the next Director of National Intelligence, and, last week, we reauthorized essential tools that our intelligence community needs to defend our homeland, track our enemies, and protect Americans. But we didn’t stop there.

Over the last several years, we have been painfully reminded that our Nation and our liberties are not only threatened from without. The fabric of our country is also hurt when tools and capabilities that are meant to keep us safe are abused in ways that are, at best, reckless, sloppy, and unaccountable—or, worse, polluted by political bias.

In 2016, the FBI embarked on a counterintelligence investigation against Donald Trump’s campaign for the Presidency. Federal law enforcement used taxpayer money to scrutinize a political campaign in the middle of a democratic election. You would have thought such a radical step must have sprung from an air-tight justification. Certainly, you would think the outgoing Obama administration should only have used the awesome power of the Federal Government to pry into their political rivals if they had had a slam-dunk basis for doing so, but that is not what they had.

In one instance, the FBI got permission to surveil a Trump associate by telling half-truths, blurring evidence, and citing sketchy sources like a dossier of partisan opposition research that had been funded by the Hillary Clinton campaign and the DNC.

Here is how even the New York Times explained the recent findings of the Justice Department’s inspector general: “The FBI had cherry-picked and misstated evidence about the Trump adviser... when seeking permission to surveil him.”

That was from the New York Times.

So an American citizen’s campaign for the American Presidency was treated like a hostile foreign power by our own law enforcement, in part, because the executive branch manipulated documents, hid contrary evidence, and made a DNC-funded dossier a launch pad for an investigation. The inspector general counted seven significant inaccuracies and omissions. Here is his report.

We identified multiple instances in which factual assertions relied upon in the [FBI’s] FISA application were inaccurate, incomplete, by appropriate documentation based upon information the FBI had in its possession at the time the application was filed.

Did you catch that last part? It was based upon information the FBI had in its possession at the time the application was filed. So we are either talking about gross incompetence or intentional bias. Does any Senator think it is acceptable for any Federal warrant application to include seven significant inaccuracies or omissions? Is it acceptable for any Federal warrant application to include seven significant inaccuracies or omissions? Wasn’t just a run-of-the-mill warrant; it was a FISA warrant to snoop on a Presidential campaign.

This is just one of the realities that President Trump’s Democratic critics spent years calling conspiracy theories or inventions of the President’s mind. Yet here it is in black and white from exactly the kind of independent inspector general the Democrats pushed to embrace when it first came out.

Sadly, this was no isolated incident. Just recently, Attorney General Barr has had to take the incredible step of unwinding the DOJ prosecution of another former Trump adviser because the government case against him was unfair and distorted as well.

It was largely on the basis of these proceedings that the Democrats and the media spent years being fixated on wild theories of Russian collusion, but it upon himself to go browsing for other hostile parties. Obviously, that subverts our constitutional order in which the executive alone decides whether to prosecute cases.

That is from the Attorney General.

Oh, and by the way if this debacle needed even more shocking behavior, I understand a Federal judge may try to continue prosecuting one of these cases even though the prosecution itself wants to drop it. The judge has taken it upon himself to go browsing for other hostile parties. Obviously, that subverts our constitutional order in which the executive alone decides whether to prosecute cases.

As soon as possible, the full Senate will vote on Mr. RATCLIFFE’s nomination.

Chairman GRAHAM announced the Committee and confirmed DNI who can pursue the vital national security work of our tireless intelligence community while he also ensure that the IC stays out of politics and out of the papers.

Just yesterday, Chairman GRAHAM announced the Committee and, as the Senate on the Judiciary will vote on a serious new set of subpoenas so the Senate can hear directly from key players like James Comey, Andrew McCabe, Loretta Lynch, and many others to continue getting to the bottom of this. Let me say that the Senate Republicans are taking steps to issue subpoenas to a wide variety of Obama administration officials who have some relationship to the abuses I have just laid out. The American people deserve answers about how such abuses could happen, and we intend to get those answers.

I have been a strong supporter of law enforcement and the intelligence community during my career. The American people sleep safer because dedicated people are protecting our country and bringing our foes to justice. It is precisely because I support these provisions that I feel so strongly this malpractice cannot be tolerated and must never be repeated.

TRIBUTE TO MIKE D'ISILVESTRO
Mr. MCCONNELL. Now, Madam President, on another matter, it is my honor to help bid farewell to a distinguished staff leader, who has himself handled sensitive security matters with the utmost care.

For more than 30 years, this body has functioned more safely and smoothly because Mike DiSilvestro was on the clock as the Director of the Office of Senate Security. Mike is hard to describe. That is partially because long-tenured all-stars like Mike have a way of carving out their own niche, but it is mostly because his work is literally classified. Mike has been in charge of the Office of Senate Security almost as long as I have been in the Senate.

He came on board as Acting Director in 1987. He took over a brand new office with incredibly important and sensitive functions. The details are not for public consumption, but let’s say there were two main missions. First, Mike has managed, modernized, and expanded the secure facilities and systems that provide classified information in the Capitol to Senators and committee staff as we govern the country. He has simultaneously been a diplomatic liaison to the executive branch and has advocated for the Senate’s prerogatives and has been a skillful manager of people and logistics, who have made sure our secrets stay secret once they arrive here.

Second, Mike has been one of our top leaders on the security of the Senate itself. He helps to plan for contingencies and guard every facet of our institution, its people, and its systems from outside actors with bad intentions.

These are tall orders—even for a fellow graduate of the University of Louisville. Consider what has changed in the 37 years since Mike first came to the Senate and in the 32 years he has held this job: major wars, terrorist strikes on the homeland, anthrax in the Hart Building, countless technological advances that make our task radically more complex. Imagine guarding some of the Nation’s most closely held secrets, planning for possible attacks on the institution, and still being unanimously described by your colleagues as calm, cool, and even-keeled.

Mike is no cheap people pleaser. His duties don’t permit it. When you see
Mike outside his secure facility and heading our way, it does not mean a social call—it means bad news—and you had better believe this stoic sentinel has had to say no a lot more than yes. Just doing the job half as reliably and reassuringly as Mike is a herculean task. But Mike will then fantasize about the fact that he is also one of the most personally well-liked and respected colleagues among the circle of folks with whom he has worked.

Mike D.’s reputation extends far outside the Senate. I have it on good authority from Secretary of Defense Esper—who served as national security adviser to a former majority leader—comes to Senate Security to brief us Members, he doesn’t consider his visit complete until he has stopped in Mike D.’s office to check on his old colleague.

Yet, ironically, outside a select circle, most people in the Senate itself probably could not pick Mike D. out of a lineup. I guess, when everything you work on is strictly “need to know,” you wind up on a need-to-know basis yourself. But Mike’s own teammates describe his approach as somewhat “stealth-like.”

In short, even to his beloved Senate, Mike has remained somewhat mysterious. It is definitely a good sign for all of us that he has never become a household name, but some careful intelligence work on our own has turned up clues about Mike D.’s next assignment. His well-earned retirement will bring more hikes, more long runs, a lot more golf, and more time with the family he treasures. He may miss his colleagues and the importance of his job, but I don’t think tears will be shed for him. Mike may simply miss his colleagues.

But don’t worry, Mike. Your new job description will just be a little bit lighter. I hope the biggest mystery you have to tackle for a while will be whether to play 9 holes or 18 on Saturday or Sunday. The Senate and your country thanks you for everything you have done.

DIRECTOR EMERITUS OF SENATE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE

Mr. McCONNELL, Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 582, submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 582) designating Michael P. DiSilvestro as Director Emeritus of Senate Security.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. McCONNELL. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 582) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 582) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECOGNITION OF THE MINORITY LEADER

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Democratic leader is recognized.

CORONAVIRUS

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, the Senate Banking Committee this morning will hear testimony from Secretary Mnuchin and Federal Reserve Chairman Powell about the economic distress caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This testimony from the Secretary and the Chairman of the Fed is one of the requirements that Senate Democrats secured in the CARES Act, and we have been pushing for it to happen for several weeks. The fact that it has taken so long is, once again, one more indication that our Republican Senate colleagues are not focused on the COVID crisis but on other diversionary issues, as witnessed by Leader McConnell’s speech, which I will have something to say about in a few minutes.

It could not be more urgent that they are testifying. The COVID-19 pandemic has caused 35 million people into sudden unemployment, the highest level since the Great Depression. Chairman Powell has said that further layoffs can continue for months. The anguish that so many people feel. Without further action, Powell said, we risk “prolonged recession and weak recovery,” with unemployment reaching 20 percent or even 25 percent. In Chairman Powell’s words, it may be that COVID has simply never seen a recession before. The reason we have to do more is to avoid longer damage to the economy. Those are Chairman Powell’s words, a non-political appointee by President Trump.

Mr. Powell’s testimony this morning, hopefully, will jolt my Republican colleagues into action. Finally. At the very least, his testimony should awaken them from their slumber and compel some understanding of the scope and urgency of the problem at hand. Maybe his speech will somehow galvanize our Republican colleagues into coming forward and talking about COVID, doing oversight of COVID, and coming up with the kinds of plans that we saw in 4.8 in the House that are so well needed. Maybe they will talk about things like this. Are they for aiding State and local governments? Are they for so many of the things in the bill—more help for hospitals, more help for testing, more money for PPE, more help for those who have lost their jobs, or are they not? All we hear is silence from our Republican colleagues.

I sat on the House and Senate Banking Committees for decades. I may hold the record for after-hours meetings with Fed Chairs, so I can state that Chairs of the Federal Reserve, whether appointed by Democratic or Republican Presidents, do not frivolously suggest that more congressional action is taken—rarely, do they do that. They try to avoid it. That is another reason why Chairman Powell’s comments are so important. If he feels the need to push this Congress, and particularly this Republican Senate, to act, problems must be deep and real, and most Americans know it. It, but our Republican Senate colleagues don’t seem to.

We are looking at an economic situation “without modern precedent” in Powell’s words. We can either take action to soften the blow to businesses, families, workers, and average folks or, through inaction, prolong the recession and hamstring our Nation’s recovery. Up until now, it seems our Republican colleagues are, unfortunately, choosing the latter: no immediate need for urgent action. Amazing. Amazing. This is the greatest crisis America has faced in decades and decades.

Now my colleagues like to point out the costs of the House Democratic bill to provide another round of emergency relief. Republican leaders have been taken time to assail parts of the Democratic bill that account for 0.0003 percent of the bill. They are not expected to like every single piece, but they are expected by the American people to act, and reasonable minded American people will force them to act.

There are so many costs to inaction, and none other than the Republican-
TRIBUTE TO MIKE DI SILVESTRO

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I would like to echo what was said by the majority leader about Mike DiSilvestro as he prepares to head into retirement on Friday after 37 years of service to the U.S. Senate.

Mike serves as director of the Office of Senate Security and is in charge of the secure facility here in the Capitol where Senators can receive classified briefings and review sensitive documents. There are very few individuals who have given as much time and attention to this institution as Mike with little recognition—such is the nature of the job—but on the cusp of his retirement, I hope he will allow us to pay him a few compliments.

Mike’s counsel is wise. His word can be trusted implicitly. His focus is always on serving the institution, never on politics or party. His judgment and guidance have always been excellent, and he did not rely on subtlety. When you walk into the Senate’s secure facility, you pass a World War II-era poster reminding you that “loose lips sink ships.” His job has had many difficult responsibilities, and Mike was never more valuable or trusted than in difficult times.

He tracked down absent Senators on 9/11. He comforted terrified staff waiting to be decontaminated after ricin was discovered in Senator Frist’s mailbox. During the anthrax incident, he donned a biohazard suit and entered the contaminated Hart building to retrieve vital documents from Senator Daschle’s office. Even now, in the middle of a public health crisis, Mike has faithfully reported to duty to make sure this institution is able to complete its constitutional work.

I know he is finding the attention on the floor today uncomfortable. I don’t know if he is still here. Yes, sorry for all the flattery, but it is well deserved. He is accustomed to working entirely outside the limelight. He will never be quoted in the paper, and I suspect he will never write a tell-all book about his time in the Senate, but for those of us here, Senators and staffers alike, we will long remember his sense of humor, his devotion to family, his work ethic, and his strong, principled leadership.

There are only a very few staffers who are both known and respected by every single Senator. Mike is one of the few. His absence will be felt by all of us.

Mike, I wish you well. I hope you finally get to play all the golf you want, complete the Appalachian Trail, and that you enjoy every day of your well-earned retirement. Congratulations. I yield the floor.

RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.
CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is closed.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will proceed to executive session to resume consideration of the following nomination, which the clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Scott H. Rash, of Arizona, to be United States District Judge for the District of Arizona.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Illinois.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST—S. RES. 579

Mr. DURBIN. Madam President, some of you at home may be old enough to remember a distant circular scar on your upper arm. You may remember a parent or grandparent who had one. That mark was probably one of the world’s greatest public health successes—the eradication of the deadly smallpox virus. That so many alive today no longer remember the death and misery caused by this disease is a testament to global efforts in a cooperative manner.

Smallpox is estimated to have killed up to 300 million people in the 20th century alone—millions around the world. It was barely visible under the most powerful microscope and was known for fiery red bumps covering the face and body, profuse internal bleeding, black vomit, and pieces of destroyed skin that would shed off one’s body.

Smallpox eradication effort initially used a strategy of mass vaccination to achieve 80 percent vaccine coverage in each country and, thereafter, used contact tracing—familiar with the world—to reduce and rein in additional outbreaks.

In 1967, the World Health Organization launched a historic, intense effort to eradicate smallpox. The global eradication effort initially used a strategy of mass vaccination to achieve 80 percent vaccine coverage in each country and, thereafter, used contact tracing—familiar with the world—to reduce and rein in additional outbreaks.

Ultimately, the global eradication of smallpox was certified and endorsed in 1980, making it one of the most successful collaborative public health initiatives in the history of the world. In fact, this month marks the 40th anniversary of the smallpox eradication effort initially used a strategy of mass vaccination to achieve 80 percent vaccine coverage in each country and, thereafter, used contact tracing—familiar with the world—to reduce and rein in additional outbreaks.

Similar global efforts have been taken to deal with diseases such as polio and Ebola. So imagine my concern and that of the rest of the world that fund support for a devastating global coronavirus pandemic, the United States decided just recently to sit out a conference to collaborate and raise funds to research, manufacture, and distribute a possible coronavirus treatment and vaccine.

Just as with the smallpox effort, such a global collaborative approach makes sense, being both morally and strategically responsible to save lives around the world. You see, joining forces with other countries would help speed up the development and eventual distribution of a coronavirus vaccine that we all desperately seek. It would save lives in America, but it would also save lives around the world.

No one knows—no one knows—where the vaccine will eventually be perfected or produced, so we should be on this. The United States should be at the table. We should be part of the collective global effort to find this vaccine.

Clearly, other world leaders get it. They understand the obvious imperative of raising $8 billion to be spent over the next 2 years. Eight billion dollars is merely one year’s funding if you place it up against the price we are currently paying for this virus.

Our allies in the European Union and Norway came to this table that the United States vacated, or refused to attend, and endorsed, $1 billion toward this $8 billion goal.

Who was absent from this critical effort to save lives around the world, including lives in the United States? Sadly, it was the United States.

We were not part of this virtual global conference. You see, again, another short-sighted and critically missed opportunity to address the coronavirus, a question about what this administration was thinking. Why were we missing in action when all of these countries came together?

I don’t know where this vaccine will be found. It will be a great source of pride if it is in the United States. I have the greatest confidence in the men and women who are researchers and the businesses prepared to produce and develop it. I have the greatest confidence in them. But what if the very safest vaccine, the most effective vaccine, the one that is proven to be the best comes instead from England or Germany? Does that mean we will not use it because it is not the American vaccine? We know better than that. We want the safest, most effective vaccine, wherever it may come from, to be available worldwide and, certainly, to the United States and to America.

Supporters in Congress asked little or nothing when it came to the decision to vacate and to not be present at this international conference. The President has blamed others for problems that we face today, but it was his decision not to participate in this global conference on the vaccine. It could have devastating consequences.

So what does it mean for America? Well, we continue to have some of the most brilliant scientists at the National Institutes of Health, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and many universities and private researchers that work across the country and around the world. Many NIH-funded researchers have spent years studying coronaviruses. Their knowledge could help pave the way for future breakthroughs.

I opposed them, and I have to tell you, for the last 4 or 5 years there has been a quartet of Senators of both political parties who have given dramatic investments to the National Institutes of Health for additional research. We have been led by Roy Blunt, the Republican chair of the Appropriations Subcommittee, as well as Lamar Alexander, the Republican chair of the Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee. Patty Murray has vaccine research in the forefront of this effort, and I have done my best to back them up every way possible.

We have had a 30-percent or more increase over the last 4 years in research at the NIH, so I believe in the NIH, and I have made it a major part of the job that I have undertaken here in the U.S. Senate with my bipartisan colleagues.

Clinical trials, we know, are underway at NIH for ways we want to commend that agency; Dr. Fauci, a friend of more than 20 years; and Dr. Collins, the same, for their tireless, unwavering, and inspired effort. But it is plausible, as I mentioned earlier, that the best vaccine candidate may turn up some other country, not in the United States; that it will be some overseas company that decides to initiate and lead the production of the vaccine.

In a rush to research and validate a vaccine, ramp up production, and address global allocation and supply needs that would ensure affordability and access worldwide, where will the United States stand: in the fray, in the battle, or on the sidelines? Last week we decided to stay on the sidelines and not to work with global partners to find this vaccine. When the United States pursues a go-it-alone approach while the rest of the world is working together, that leaves us. That is why last week Senators Schumer, Murray, Leahy, Menendez, Murphy, Duckworth, and nearly three dozen others joined me in introducing a straightforward resolution that calls on the United States to join these global efforts.

I am grateful to organizations like PATH, Shot@Life, Better World Campaign, and the UN Association of the United States for their support of this resolution. As well, quite simply, we should be part of these efforts to not only offer American expertise but to share in lifesaving benefits.

We used to have a profound, well-documented, proud bipartisan history of such effort. For example, I was pleased to rally around President Bush’s call to stem the scourge of AIDS around the world through the historic PEPFAR Program. Many of my Republican colleagues in the Senate supported these efforts.

Now we face this coronavirus outbreak. I was equally proud of President
Obama’s efforts to set up infectious disease prevention systems and his leadership on the Ebola crisis.

I have been told that one of my colleagues on the other side of the aisle is going to object to enacting this resolution this evening. I wanted to read the resolution clause that this colleague will be objecting to. I want those who are following this debate to ask whether they find this objectionable.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent, as in legislative session, that the Committee on Foreign Relations be discharged from further consideration of S. Res. 579 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration. I further ask that the resolution be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. RISCH. Madam President.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Idaho.

Mr. RISCH. Madam President, reserving the right to object, let me state the resolution.

My friend from Illinois is comfortably residing in the Foreign Relations Committee at the present time and is subject to the regular order of Congress and of the committee.

There is almost nothing that the Senator said that I disagree with, although from time to time I do disagree with my good friend and colleague from Illinois.

I think that this is a matter of most consequence to the United States of America today, and certainly the pursuit of a vaccine and/or a cure are of utmost importance. I think that the process by which we go through that is incredibly important.

Like the Senator from Illinois, I am a huge fan of the NIH and, for that matter, the CDC, which do great things for the public health system in not only America but in the world. They are vastly underappreciated. They are much like the electric switch in our homes. We go up and do not even think about it. That is true of the NIH and the CDC. They do good work regardless of whether we are thinking about it.

In America, we have something more than just a government effort when it comes to public health. We have this great machine called the free market and free enterprise system that incentivizes Americans, through the private sector, to do great and glorious things.

Indeed, while my good friend from Illinois was bragging on the efforts by other countries to pursue the kinds of things that are needed, within the last 24 hours we have had a very important announcement from part of our private sector, which is making great strides in this regard.

I think it is important that we do accept that there are various ways that we can and should pursue the vaccine and the cure for this horrible scourge. This matter is a lot deeper than that. It is the intent of our committee to hold hearings and develop very comprehensive legislation regarding how we pursue this in the future. What has just recently happened to us is of great interest to all of us but not nearly as important as what is going to happen to us in the future.

There are parts of S. Res. 579, if not the vast majority of it, that I hope will be included when we get to what, hopefully, will be a comprehensive piece of bipartisan legislation to address this.

Some of the whereass I am not too concerned about, but as far as the resolutions are concerned, certainly, they state things that there would be unanimity. I think, in agreement.

Where are we going with this? What my friend from Illinois has raised is a very small facet—an important facet but a small facet—of what we are going to do, what is the intent of our committee to do, going forward in what I think will be a bipartisan fashion. Again, like I said, I hope we are able to improve these.

I support the Senator’s participation and all Members of the Senate’s participation as the Foreign Relations Committee does move forward on some comprehensive legislation.

What do we know for sure right now? I think Senator DURBIN did an excellent job of taking us through history when it comes to some of the things we have had in the past like smallpox, AIDS, polio, and Ebola. And, certainly, the United States has been a leader and will be a leader on this particular scourge.

The WHO—and, for that matter, other world organizations—have been large players, important players, helpful players in those efforts in the past on smallpox, AIDS, polio, and Ebola. Again, I come back to just as an example, polio. A huge factor in that was not the U.S. Government involvement—well, it was a huge factor, but much more were huge players, private citizens, a couple in the United States, Bill and Melinda Gates, who played a huge role in eradicating polio, working with the WHO, working with the USG, and many others.

I have no doubt, as we go forward on this, there will be that type of collaboration in the future. As the good Senator noted, this is not a political issue. This is not a Democratic issue. It is not a Republican issue. The virus doesn’t care who you are or what you are. It is just a virus. We need to deny it that home, and we will. I think we will make great strides as we go forward.

What do we know for sure right now? What we know is that this particular virus evolved in China, particularly in Wuhan Province, and specifically in a species of bat.

What we also know is that there are about 2,000, so far, identified viruses that are in the same position that are carried by bats in the Wuhan Province. What we also know is that a virus has escaped from China before. There is a lot of speculation as to exactly how
various 200 countries around the world. This one was unique in that, unlike some of the ones we have had in the past—this is our sixth experience since 2003 with the virus—this moved around the world at an incredibly fast speed. It was much more like a house on fire than the other diseases that we have talked about, like smallpox or polio. Its speed was unique. It was new. It was different.

As a result of that, historical organizations that have dealt with these in the past were not expecting it and were not geared for it. They thought this virus would move much like the others that we have dealt with. The result of that, of course, was that it got away from us, from the world, and we now find ourselves in the position we are in because that happened.

It is my hope, and it is my objective—and hopefully will be the objective of the U.S. Senate, and hopefully eventually the objective of the world—that we develop a protocol for dealing with a virus or, for that matter, any other health challenge that moves at the speed of light and like a house on fire as opposed to a small, creeping thing that we have had in the past in some of the other challenges we have had.

It is different. There is no doubt it is different. It is going to have to be dealt with differently, and we are going to have to develop a protocol that does address this speed. It is going to entail—and this is probably the heaviest lift of all of it we are going to do—the 200 governments around the world at come together and agree that when something like this happens in their country, instead of covering it up or instead of making political excuses or, instead of hoping it is going to go away, that instead they call the fire department. And the fire department will be a new agency or perhaps even one of the old agencies that we have had that are geared to handle a pandemic that moves at this speed or presents other challenges.

This is going to be a challenge. There is no question. It is going to be a challenge because politics comes into this simply because of governments in the various 200 countries around the world have to deal with this. When they do deal with it, they have different ways of dealing with it.

As chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, I deal with our diplomats who deal with the diplomats from other countries on the committee directly, but since this thing has hit, we haven’t had as much direct contact, but our diplomats have continued to have contact. In talking with them, one of the things I find particularly disturbing is, I ask: Are the Chinese humble about this? How are they dealing with this? What is their view of what has happened here? Interestingly enough, they take it as an opportunity to compare our form of government to their form of government. And they say: Look, we had a problem; we dealt with it. You guys had the same problem, and you dealt with it. And the reason is because we have this strong authoritarian central government that can control people and can control movement, and when you have that, you can’t deal with it. Therefore, our form of government is better than your form of government. That is very dangerous talk.

I am disturbed and disappointed the Chinese government has done this as they have and has not viewed it as we have, as a challenge that is going to take historical changes as we go forward. That is a huge challenge as we go forward, but that shouldn’t stop us from making every effort that we can to go forward, and we will.

On the Foreign Relations Committee, it is our intent to hold hearings to deliberate, as the U.S. Senate does, and to produce what hopefully will be a bipartisan effort, which is substantially broader than what we have here, but hopefully that will include many of the things that we have here, and that will include—as the good Senator from Illinois has indicated—the necessity of including other governments in the effort as we go forward.

I commit to Senator Durbin, and I commit to all that our committee will undertake this challenge. It is within our jurisdiction and responsibility of our committee. We take it seriously. We are still in the throes of this, although it feels like we are on the down-hill side and are starting to come out of this. As we go forward in a very commonsense, deliberative fashion, we hope to construct legislation that will address all of these very serious issues.

If there is one thing we know for sure—and I am absolutely convinced of it—this is going to happen again. Given the physical situation on the ground in 2020, we know that fact that there are 2,000 other viruses, probably some of which are substantially worse than this—and, for that matter, the same situation in other parts of the world—this is going to happen again. Given the population of the world and the culture of the way we live today in the world and our travel and interconnectedness, this is going to happen again.

We need to be ready for it. We need strong legislation that will address this not only at the U.S. level but also at the international level. The United States has been the world leader in health and issues, and I anticipate that we will continue to be like that. At the present time, it is under consideration in our committee. At the present time, we can’t go forward with this.

Before I state an objection, I want to yield to my good friend from Indiana, who also has some ideas in this regard, and all of which will be, I am sure, constructive on both sides of the aisle. I want to yield the floor to Senator Braun at this time.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. Loeffler). Is there an objection?

MR. RISCH. Not yet. I want to yield to Senator Braun.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Indiana.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST—S. 658

Mr. BRAUN. Madam President, I object, but my colleague from Illinois is not wrong. I think after I get through explaining my objection, hopefully, there will be something we can work out.

The United States should be engaging more in global efforts to find treatments and vaccines for coronavirus. Governments, academic institutions, scientists, researchers across the world are racing to do it. The United States must work at home and with international partners to develop treatments and vaccines. There is no reason we can’t be doing something on our own and working with others across the world.

This is a joint venture, if there ever has been one. However, the nonbinding resolution that my colleague has offered is not an actual solution. I come from the world—and one of the frustrations for being here for just a year and a half is that we don’t get more stuff across the finish line. I have a real solution to ensure Americans benefit from the vaccine and treatment development efforts happening across the world.

My bill, the ADAPT Act, S. 658, as amended, would create an expedited, almost automatic approval process at the FDA for vaccines and treatments that might occur across the world. We do not have the market cornered on good ideas.

These countries have all developed regulatory systems that are compatible and that should make us feel comfortable. But instead of just talking about it, which we do so much of here, this bill would actually establish the approval reciprocity for treatments and vaccines between the FDA and other trusted counterparts.
If one of them approves a vaccine or treatment, they are quickly, almost automatically, approved here in the United States with my bill. We cannot afford miscommunication or bureaucratic foot-dragging with something so important. My bill ensures that regulators proactively delayed our testing capability for the first 40 days. The result has been a one-size-fits-all approach of locking down the economy, which I think we will see some of the disadvantages of that over the next few months.

When my staff talked with the FDA about working with international partners on treatment and vaccine development, the FDA assured them that they have everything under control and are speaking with their international counterparts. The FDA assured my staff that they have covered the issues that might come into play when you are having a partnership with somebody else. The FDA is promoting the idea and having the doors open for developers to submit data and to seek approval for treatments and vaccines.

Until we have a vaccine, reopening will be gradual. We need herd immunity and vaccines to be the final solution to this saga we are going through, but we need to find our international counterparts slowing down regulatory approvals for a successful vaccine.

As we have seen, certain steps of vaccine development can be achieved at warp speed to cut down on development time, but regulatory approvals will not be one of them unless we take legislative action.

The ADAPT Act is real action, not just talk, specifically designed for times like this when scientists across the world are racing to develop treatments and vaccines.

Therefore, with my prior objection, I do not want to leave my friend from Illinois emptyhanded.

Madam President, in hoping my colleague from Illinois will not object, as in legislative session, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions be discharged from further consideration of S. 658 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration. I further ask that the Braun substitute amendment be read a third time and passed, and that the motions to reconsider be considere d made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. DURBIN. Reserving the right to object.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The assistant Democratic leader.

Mr. DURBIN. First, let me say to my friend and colleague from Idaho, thank you. The tone of your remarks are positive, constructive, bipartisan. That is exactly what the American people are looking for, at least in Illinois, and I will bet you in Idaho as well.

This national emergency, this public health crisis, should bring out the best in us and not the most political side of our nature. Thank you because I think your remarks were offered in that respect.

We have been here now 3 weeks. This is the third time we have been in a break where most of us were at home. I think this is the longest period of debate on the coronavirus we have witnessed on the floor of the Senate in 3 weeks.

I thought this 3-week period would be all about COVID-19, all about the vaccine. It hasn’t. We have taken up many other things that have nothing to do with it. What we have talked about here this morning is encouraging to me. If bringing this resolution up with a unanimous consent request is going to lead to the Senate Foreign Relations and other committees moving forward on important policy questions that you raised, and I hope I raised as well, then it was not time wasted. It was time well spent.

We do agree on so much more than we disagree, I am sure of it, when it comes to this. I invite you, I encourage you, I beg you, as soon as we return from next week’s recess, the sooner we can bring a hearing before your committee and others the better.

I would like to address the unanimous consent request of my colleague from Indiana as well.

It has been my good fortune in the House and Senate to work with the Food and Drug Administration. It is probably one of the most understaffed agencies of our Federal Government. They make decisions literally, life-and-death decisions, every single day of things unimaginable to us. It is hard to look at all of the things they regulate and inspect and not be impressed. I have been having conversations with the Food and Drug Administration. But the gold standard of the Food and Drug Administration, which was established at least 60 years ago with the Thalidomide scandal, was that this agency was to take a look at drugs that were about to go on the market in America and conduct tests, ask questions, do their own research to determine two things: Are they safe, and are they effective? Safe and effective. That is it. But it is.

Over the years, for 60 years or more, they have used this standard to judge drugs, clinical trials, which carefully measure the impacts of a drug on the human body over a period of time and the like. It is frustrating because, at times, it takes longer than we wish. There are exceptions that have been created at the Food and Drug Administration for extraordinary circumstances wherein it can accelerate the process. It has to judge drugs as being safe and effective.

Nearly three-quarters of drugs today are approved in the United States by the Food and Drug Administration before they are approved in any other country around the world. The FDA is considered the gold standard. I have been told that so many times. Many countries look to the Food and Drug Administration in the United States to see if it has approved of a drug’s being safe and effective before they move forward. This demonstrates that the Food and Drug Administration has an awesome responsibility but is doing a good job in ensuring America and others timely access to the same drugs as have patients in other countries.

The ADAPT Act, which Senator BRAUN brings to the floor, is a solution, I believe, in search—of a problem. Sadly, it runs a real risk. This notion that we are somehow going to open up the possibility of a drug’s having been approved in another country being approved in the United States quickly, well, it is worry revving, that many Members of the House and Senate have criticized the pharmaceutical industry for charging Americans the highest drug prices in the world. I have been in that chorus from time to time and have suggested that the United States should be the same as they are in Canada and Europe for the same drugs. Many times, people on the Senator’s side of the aisle have resisted that suggestion. They have called it socialism and have said we shouldn’t let other countries dictate what America has to pay for drugs. Yet, now, apparently, Senator BRAUN is comfortable with letting other countries dictate whether our drugs are safe and effective.

This bill is not a targeted response to the coronavirus; it is an open-ended giveaway to some pharmaceutical operation. More importantly, it is putting American patients at risk, patients in America, which we never ever want to do. Instead of approving the resolution I introduced that simply expresses the support for global coordination, Senator BRAUN wants to completely overturn our Nation’s drug approval process.

This bill was introduced more than a year ago. It is still in search of a cosponsor, and it hasn’t been consented
by the Republican Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, which oversees the FDA. Now is the time for the best and the brightest from all nations to work together toward the shared goal of ending this pandemic and finding a safe and effective vaccine as quickly as possible. The time is now to completely upend our Nation’s drug approval process to make it easy for some countries to flood our market with unsafe and ineffective drugs.

For these reasons, I object to Senator Braun’s counterproposal.

The Senator from Indiana.

Mr. BRAUN. Madam President, this may be a rare moment of some collegiality on the idea in general. I think the American public and, especially, I, who is one who has watched this place operate for so many years in my life, that the point when I ran for the Senate, accept the kind of guidance that there may need to be more fleshed out, and the Senator objected to it.

Yet I think the American public deserves action out of this place, and so often we have done some things that did not get to the point. Look at how long it took the body to come to an agreement on criminal justice reform. One of the first questions I asked when I got here was, How long have you been working on it? And I gave the point when I ran for the Senate, accept the kind of guidance that there may need to be more fleshed out, and the Senator objected to it.

So I am going to savor the moment we have here. We are at least talking about it. Hopefully, we will be able to work with my neighbor from Illinois to still push the idea that this is a critical time and that we need to get something done.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Illinois.

Mr. DURBIN. Madam President, I believe there is unanimous consent request pending. Has there been an objection to my original unanimous consent request?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objections were heard to both unanimous consent requests.

The Senator from North Carolina.

REMEMBERING TOM COBURN

Mr. BURR. Madam President, I think divine intervention has played a part here with this exchange and the comments of my colleagues because I am here to pay tribute to my good friend Tom Coburn, who, on March 28, passed away—our colleague and, more importantly, a dear friend. I almost sat in the cloakroom and then came out here, thinking this could be a conversation that Dr. Coburn could be having on the Senate floor—about the need to accomplish things, to think outside the box. Yet, as my good friend from Illinois said, don’t destroy the gold standard that is there; find a way to work within that. Dr. Coburn had a lifetime of doing that.

To pay tribute to a friend and a colleague, I actually have to rewind 26 years, when both Tom Coburn and I came to the Senate as representatives of a group in a large class. It was alphabetical, so you can see how “B” and “C” would be close and how Chambliss would be a friend and Latham. We were a cadre of folks who really sized up very quickly whom it could be trusted.

To understand Tom Coburn is to understand that this was a guy with an incredibly diverse background in that he ran a medical device company, in that he was an OB/GYN, in that he experienced things in life and, in my case, was a little bit older. To understand Tom Coburn is to remember the commercial wherein the bull went into the china store, and no matter which way it turned, it was always going to break something. Tom believed that you had to do something to understand whether it was important or whether it was just clutter.

I think, like every new Member of Congress, you come in with a belief that you are going to change the world, maybe not so much your state, but you find that people who have been there for their careers hold all of the cards, and that is the knowledge of how that legislation was crafted and why it was done. To understand Tom Coburn is to realize that this didn’t scare him. Tom believed that you had a lot, and when he hit things he didn’t know, he sounded like he did; therefore, people were scared to take him on.

As a member of the Energy and Commerce Committee, on which we both served, Tom was incredibly instrumental in healthcare policy, in medical device issues. Tom was a practicing OB/GYN when he got to the House and then, later on, when he got to the Senate, an American people would not go back to Oklahoma on the weekends and deliver babies. Now, this is a man who had delivered tens of thousands of babies over his career in Oklahoma, but the way the Senate rules are—they are so antiquated—you couldn’t go home and keep up your license to deliver babies because you could not earn money. Tom challenged that when he was in the U.S. Senate. He challenged that antiquated rule, and he lost.

So, as I sat and listened to this debate that was about healthcare, I could only sit there and think about the argument that Tom Coburn had made about this antiquated rule that what you came in with and practiced in civilian life you had to throw overboard here. You could no longer do it. Tom decided he would go back on the weekends and deliver babies. Yet, rather than have them make payments to him, they would make payments to a company in his hometown of Tulsa, and they would make them commensurate as to what they could afford.

So, for a guy who was perceived as the right of the right-hard-liner, Tom was probably one of the most compassionate individuals. He was one of the individuals who understood the common person, because, in his mind, he was one his entire life—one who was always thinking through what every- thing he got, and who banked everything he learned. Ultimately, at the end of his career, he used that for this institution, for the American people, and for people around the world.

So I remember Tom and me sitting down with John Dingell, the former Democratic chairman of the Energy and Commerce Committee. John Dingell, who was a great man and whom Tom and I both liked a lot, either wrote every bill that came out of the Energy and Commerce Committee or his dad did before him, for probably, 60 years. John had an inherent advantage every time we argued legislation because he either wrote it or his dad wrote it. He knew why he did it, and he knew why they structured it the way they did. I think John recognized something in Tom—that here was a guy who could bring fresh life to it.

At the time, I remember Chairman Dingell sitting us down and saying: Guys, spend a year listening, not a year talking.

Well, that was easy for me to do because I didn’t know a whole lot when I got here, but that was the toughest thing Tom Coburn was ever faced with was to be silent because he really came in and wanted to change the world in short order.

When he got there, Tom said: I will only be here for 6 years.

He accomplished a tremendous amount. His imprint is felt by the people in the House today. You might remember he was probably the loudest voice for government waste—for the size of what we spent, for how much we were borrowing from the American people. He addressed what bad stewardship we were of how we used it and spent it. I think Tom left with peace from the House of Representatives because, for the first time in our lifetimes, the budget was balanced.

None of us anticipated what would happen in 2000 and the effects of 9/11, and nobody was more shocked than I, in the same year I came from the House to the Senate, to see Tom Coburn as a Candidate for the State of Oklahoma. Tom came in with the same belief that we needed to change things and that we needed to do it quickly. Tom served on the House Intelligence Committee. When he got to the U.S. Senate and served on the Senate Intelligence Committee, Tom understood much better the challenges with which we were faced. I will not say that his approach changed but that Tom assessed what was possible and never went for what was impossible.

Tom was a member who hadn’t had the good fortune to serve with a Tom Coburn, who haven’t been influenced and educated by some...
of the things Tom Coburn impacted many of us with—those of us who spent our entire careers with. Yet the American people will feel the benefits of Tom Coburn's education here, his imprint on this institution.

James Lankford, the Senator from Oklahoma, picked up his "Pig Book" that he put out every year, which is a list of those insane expenditures that Tom Coburn used to come up with on an annual basis to make us all feel shameful about the appropriations process. As Tom Coburn did that because James Lankford still does it today on an annual basis.

I probably can't point to anything more important than healthcare to tell you how Tom's impact on this institution has been felt, and I think it will be felt for years to come. Tom and I believed that there was a different direction, not because we were smart but because the one we were on didn't work.

I remember sitting down with Dr. Coburn and he said: We are going to change the healthcare architecture. I said: Tom, you have been doing this for a long time. What architecture works?

He said: Well, we are going to have to try them all, and when we find one that doesn't fail, we will know that one is right.

When he got to that point, without hesitating to the Senate floor and talked about the Patients' Choice Act over and over and over again. In the 3 or 4 years since Tom has been gone from the institution, the debate has shifted. In fact, where Tom Coburn was and where he tried to tell our colleagues we needed to settle—in empowering patients and bringing transparency to healthcare—is something we struggle with today.

There was no bigger advocate for transparency in healthcare costs than Tom Coburn. When the administration tried to administer that this year, hospitals went to court and won—hospitals went to court and won—hospitals went to court and won—hospitals went to court and won—hospitals went to court and won—hospitals went to court and won. Transparency in healthcare costs is right.

One of the things that used to bug Tom about this institution is he couldn't figure out why we had telephones in the U.S. Senate that looked as though they were created in 1950. You might remember, about 5 or 6 years ago, the Senate got new phones.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. THUNE. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent to complete my remarks before the vote.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

One of the things that used to bug Tom about this institution is he couldn't figure out why we had telephones in the U.S. Senate that looked as though they were created in 1950. You might remember, about 5 or 6 years ago, the Senate got new phones. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

One of the things that used to bug Tom about this institution is he couldn't figure out why we had telephones in the U.S. Senate that looked as though they were created in 1950. You might remember, about 5 or 6 years ago, the Senate got new phones. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

One of the things that used to bug Tom about this institution is he couldn't figure out why we had telephones in the U.S. Senate that looked as though they were created in 1950. You might remember, about 5 or 6 years ago, the Senate got new phones. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

One of the things that used to bug Tom about this institution is he couldn't figure out why we had telephones in the U.S. Senate that looked as though they were created in 1950. You might remember, about 5 or 6 years ago, the Senate got new phones. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.
our agenda. We are monitoring implementation of the $2.4 trillion of the coronavirus funding that we provided, and we are talking to experts about what is needed to help our country re-open. Our committees, where so much of our key legislative work is done, have held a number of coronavirus hearings over the past 2 weeks, and there are more on the agenda.

This week, the Committee on Aging will hold a hearing on caring for seniors during the coronavirus crisis. The Senate Banking Committee will hold a hearing with Treasury Secretary Steve Mnuchin and Federal Reserve Chairman Jerome Powell to discuss implementation of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act—the CARES Act—which was our largest coronavirus relief bill.

The Homeland Security and Government Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to strengthen the privacy notion of Brian D. Miller to be special inspector general for pandemic recovery at the Treasury Department. With just an ounce of cooperation from Democrats, we could confirm this important watchdog yet this week.

Finally, the Commerce Committee, of which I am a member, will be in executive session to consider legislation and nominations, including two coronavirus bills.

Of course, while coronavirus remains our top priority, we are also focused on doing the other business the American people expect us to do, from funding our government to protecting our Nation. Last week, the Senate voted to reauthorize three expired provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act that provide essential tools to our law enforcement and intelligence communities, as well as a number of reforms to strengthen our privacy protections and guard against abuses.

We have also been considering nominations for key administration posts, including Director of National Intelligence and Secretary of the Navy. This week, we will confirm a nominee to reestablish a quorum at the Federal Election Commission, as well as a number of nominees to fill vacancies on Federal district courts.

So that is what the Senate has been doing. What has the House of Representatives been up to? Well, until last Friday, the answer was not much. But on Friday, the House brought its Members back to Washington to vote on a $2 trillion package of legislation the Democratic leaders billed as coronavirus relief. In reality, as one House Democrat pointed out, the legislation is nothing more than a messaging bill—that from a House Democrat.

Under the guise of coronavirus relief, House leaders put together a massive package of liberal priorities that they knew well knew would be dead on arrival here in the U.S. Senate. How unserious is their bill? Well, the Democrats’ legislation mentions the word “cannabis”—“cannabis”—“cannabis”—more often than the word “jobs.”

Let me repeat that. House Democrats’ legislation mentions the word “cannabis” more often than the word “jobs.”

In case Democrats didn’t realize, Americans are not suffering from lack of cannabis right now. They are suffering from a lack of employment.

Let me mention some other highlights of the Democrats’ legislation: a tax cut for millionaires and billionaires; stimulus checks for illegal immigrants; environmental justice grants to study pollution; significant changes to election law—that is really related to the coronavirus—a ban on sharing information about lower cost health insurance options; and more. I could go on. The list literally goes on and on.

Unfortunately, while Democrats were focused on federalizing election law and requiring studies on diversity in the cannabis industry, they forgot about a few basics. Their bill does not include any meaningful plan to get Americans back to work. It provides hardly any relief or support for small businesses. It doesn’t touch the issue of liability reform—even though preventing frivolous coronavirus lawsuits will already add to our economy of going again—and it doesn’t do anything to hold China accountable. The Democrats’ bill is a fundamentally unserious bill at an incredibly serious time.

Democratic leaders knew from the beginning that there was no chance of this legislation getting through the Senate or being signed by the President. In fact, Democrats had some work to do to persuade members of their own caucus to vote for the bill. As POLITICO put it, “As of late Thursday evening, the House Democratic leadership was engaged in what a few senior aides and lawmakers described as the most difficult arm-twisting of the entire election cycle, featuring their own personal ranking and file to vote for a $2 trillion stimulus bill that will never become law.”

Unfortunately, Democratic leaders were successful in their arm-twisting, and the bill did pass the House, albeit with some Democratic defections.

I have talked about the liberal wish list in this bill, but I haven’t mentioned the other aspect of this proposal, and that is the enormous price tag on what, of course, wouldn’t even go to anything coronavirus-related. My friends across the aisle think that all problems can be solved with more money or a new government program, but they can’t. And spending too much money can actually hurt rather than help Americans.

So far, we have spent $2.4 trillion to fight the coronavirus. That is a tremendous amount of money, but these are extraordinary circumstances, and they call for an extraordinary response. We may very well have to spend more before this pandemic is over, and if we need to, we will. But we have an absolute obligation to make sure we are spending only what is needed.

Every dollar we have spent so far on this pandemic is borrowed money—every single dollar. It is money we needed to borrow, and we were glad to do so. We do not need to waste it. It is borrowed money, and the younger workers and our children and grandchildren are going to be paying for it. We have an obligation to them to borrow only what is absolutely necessary to fight and beat this virus. Diversity studies for the cannabis industry should not be making that cut.

Some of the Democrats’ proposals might be acceptable at another time, and I emphasize the word “some.” But no matter how worthy the proposal, there is a limit to what we can responsibly spend, and we have to prioritize measures that will directly fight the virus and get Americans back to work.

Republicans are also focused on developing measures that will help fight this virus and get us back to work again without spending trillions of dollars—something I might recommend to my Democratic colleagues. We are currently working on a package of liability protections. Personal injury law-firms are already filing coronavirus-related cases, and we need to ensure that frivolous lawsuits don’t hamstring our economic recovery while ensuring that real cases of gross negligence and misconduct are punished.

We are considering a lot of other measures to provide relief while driving up the national debt as little as possible, such as regulatory reform and tax protection for healthcare workers who cross State lines to provide their services. I am pushing for approval of my Mobile Workforce State Income Tax Simplification Act, which I introduced last year, along with Senator Sherrod Brown.

Our legislation would create an across-the-board tax standard for mobile employees who spend a short period of time working across State lines. It would ensure that States receive fair tax payments while substantially simplifying tax requirements for employees and employers. This legislation has particular relevance in the age of coronavirus, with doctors and nurses crossing State lines to voluntarily work in States that have been hit hard by the pandemic.

The Governor of New York is looking to cash in on the pandemic and has already threatened to subject these medical professionals to New York’s income tax. We need to make sure that doctors and nurses who travel to other States to help fight the coronavirus aren’t rewarded with big tax bills.

Partisan messaging bills, such as the one the House Democrats passed last week, are a waste of Democrats’ time but, more importantly, do nothing to serve the American people. How many hours did the Democrats spend on their massive liberal wish list—hours that could have been spent working with Republicans to come up with real relief
measures? But that is pretty much par for the course for Democrats these days. They are intent on remaking America according to their ever more extreme leftist agenda. They are certainly not going to let a national crisis get in the way. In fact, more than one leader of the Democratic Party has spoken with pleasure of the opportunity the pandemic presents to remake America in their far-left image.

It is deeply disappointing that Democrats are more focused on their pet projects than on addressing this pandemic and its consequences, but that will not stop the Republican-led Senate from moving forward with the business of the American people, and I hope that Democrats will eventually decide to join us.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Ernst). The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. ALEXANDER) and the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. ALEXANDER) would have voted “yea.”

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS), and the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. WHITEHOUSE) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 74, nays 20, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 94 Ex.]

YEAS—74

Alexander  
Brown  
Burr  
Capito  
Cardin  
Cardy  
Carter  
Collins  
Coons  
Coryn  
Cortez Masto  
Cotton  
Craner  
Crapo  
Cruz  
Daines  
Duckworth  
Durbin  
Enzi  
Ernst  
Fischer  
Gardner  
Garland  
Hase  
Hawley  
Heron  
Hyde-Smith  
Inhofe  
Johnson  
Jones  
Kaine  
Kennedy  
Kier  
Lankford  
Leach  
Lee  
Loeffler  
Manchin  
McConnell  
McSally  
Menendez  
Nelson  
Murray  
Nunzio  
Ossoff  
Paul  
Perdue  
Peter  
Portman  
Risch  
Romney  
Rosen  
Romney  
Ruble  
Sasse  
Sinema  
Smith  
Sullivan  
Stern  
Stabenow  
Sasse  
Schumer  
Schumer  
Schumer  
Schumer  
Young  

NAYS—20

Blumenthal  
Booker  
Cantwell  
Casey  
Gillibrand  
Harris  
Heinich  
Hirono  
Klobuchar  
Menendez  
McCaskill  
Murphy  
Rounds  
Sands  
Whitehouse

The nomination was confirmed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the motion to reconsider is considered made and laid on the table, and the President will be immediately notified of the President’s action.

RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands in recess until 2:15 p.m.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 12:39 p.m., recessed until 2:15 p.m. and reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mrs. CAPITTO).

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Minnesota.

NOMINATION OF JAMES E. TRAINOR III

Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Madam President, we are here to vote on a nominee, James Trainor, to be a member of the Federal Election Commission— the independent agency responsible for enforcing Federal campaign finance laws.

I am deeply disappointed in today’s vote, which is a departure from the Senate’s longstanding tradition of confirming FEC nominees on a bipartisan basis and another step in eroding the traditions of the Senate—all for a candidate who holds extreme views toward the agency to which he would be appointed.

Prior to today, the Senate has voted to confirm 47 FEC nominees, and 42 of those nominees have been confirmed through a bipartisan process. As the ranking Democrat on the Rules and Administration Committee, I have repeatedly urged my Republican colleagues to work with us to get the FEC running again, as it is unacceptable that the agency charged with protecting the integrity of our campaign finance system has been without a quorum for 261 days—the longest period without a quorum in the agency’s history—but this is not the way to do it.

The FEC has been plagued by partisan gridlock for years. With a general election only 168 days away, we should be working together to make sure that the agency is working to the fullest extent possible. Americans are tired of hyperpartisanship and gridlock. This is not the time to abandon the bipartisan tradition of the FEC nominees working together. We need to work to restore their trust in our political institutions, and with this vote, we are taking a step backward. We all know that our campaign finance system is broken. Everyone in this room knows it. Spending on campaigns has gotten out of control, and special interest groups are a major part of the problem.

Reports suggest that at least $6 billion will be spent in the 2020 election cycle on political advertisements alone. That doesn’t count the billions that will be spent by the campaigns themselves and the additional billions spent by dark money groups and special interests which are trying to influence this election. In order for our democracy to work, we need strong rules for campaign spending, and we need a strong agency to enforce those rules.

We should be working together, on a bipartisan basis, to propose solutions to try get the FEC back on track.

I have a few ideas. We should work together to pass legislation to reform the FEC’s rules so it functions better. We should establish a working group that will investigate bipartisan solutions to improve the function of the FEC. We should also work together to elect strong nominees from both parties who will serve on the Commission with the understanding that they are there to enforce the law and protect our election system—and, oh, does this election system need protecting right now.

We are in the midst of a pandemic. We have people standing in garbage bags and homemade masks in the rain in Wisconsin just trying to exercise their right to vote. Nearly 50 of those people got sick. We have a poll worker who got sick. We have States all over the country, with both Democratic and Republican Governors, that are desperately trying to get funding so we can have more at-home voting and have the polls open earlier and have them open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day, and on that day we have to also have the polls open for days so people don’t have to all congregate on 1 day.

When it comes to elections, we know that the enforcement agency for things like campaign finance is the FEC. We know it is broken, and we as a body should work to improve it.

My Republican colleagues, on this particular nominee, have repeatedly said that by confirming Mr. Trainor they are doing some good restoring a quorum. OK. That is not the full story of this nomination. In fact, the fact that gridlock will persist, and Republicans have intentionally left a Democratic seat on the Commission vacant for more than 1,100 days.

It ignores the fact that Leader SCHUMER and I referred a Democratic candidate to the White House for consideration and that she has been vetted and cleared. She is immensely qualified, and she would be the first person of color to ever sit on the FEC. Yes, that is right, the first person of color not only to sit on the FEC, but also the first person of color in the history of the Federal Elections Commission to serve on the Commission.

May 19, 2020
focus on this pandemic, instead of the series of votes that we have seen this week, but if we are going to decide who should serve on the FEC during this pandemic, it should be someone who believes in the mission of the FEC. We need to work together to hold hearings with bipartisan groups of election officials, like we have been working to do on the State level when it comes to how to vote in this pandemic. There has been a lot of good work going on with Republicans and Democrats, Governors and Secretaries of State. We need to do the same thing in this Chamber as we approach major legislation and as we approach our working with the FEC. I oppose the process by which this nominee has come to the floor, and I believe the nominee’s extreme views are disqualifying for this important office. I strongly urge my colleagues to vote no on this nominee. I yield the floor.

CLOTURE MOTION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Pursuant to rule XXII, the Chair says before the Senate a pending cloture motion, which the clerk will state.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of James E. Trainor III, of Texas, to be a Member of the Federal Election Commission for a term expiring April 30, 2023.


The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is—The motion is agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote the yeas are 50, the nays are 43. The motion is agreed to.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the nomination.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read the nomination of James E. Trainor III, of Texas, to be a Member of the Federal Election Commission for a term expiring April 30, 2023.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Wyoming.

Mr. BARRASSO. Madam President, Americans have come together in this moment. We have come together to defeat the coronavirus. We have come together to ramp up testing, to ramp up healthcare, and to reopen our communities and our country.

The coronavirus has brought out the best in so many ways in America and in the American people. From our frontline healthcare workers taking care of patients to scientists and researchers working on testing, on treatment, and on vaccines, to those in public service keeping essential parts of the government running day in and day out. To those working on supply chains to deliver goods 24 hours a day, and to those who are staying at home to keep themselves and keep others safe. Americans are in this together.

It is interesting because all we are seeing from the other side of the political aisle is more of the same old politics and name-calling. President
Obama is taking cheap shots at President Trump; Speaker Pelosi just put out a $3 trillion bill that reads like the Democratic Party platform; and Joe Biden is holed up and hiding in his basement. Is this the best the Democrats can offer? Is this the best they can do? Biden, Obama, and Pelosi should be embarrassed. This is not leadership.

Republican policies in the CARES Act that we passed actually have had significant results—real results—with the Paycheck Protection Program making sure 50 million Americans are still getting their paychecks, economic impact payments, which are reaching 130 million families. These are policies that are going to build a bridge for the country to get to the other side of the devastation done by the virus, and, still, more money and resources from the CARES Act are slated to go out to States, to hospitals, and to small businesses all across America.

All the night between Congress and the Federal Reserve, we have injected close to $9 trillion into the economy in just a couple of months. All of this money is nowhere close to having even been spent. In fact, it is only because of the Senate that we have taken already—the efforts of Governors across the country, the work of this administration—that the House Democrats have found themselves in a position, as they were last Friday, of wasting time and energy on a fantasy bill.

Republicans now have two jobs. The first is to get the country back on track, and the second is to not allow the Democrats to try to exploit the crisis that is upon this country for their own political gains.

Democrats are pushing their agenda as a cure-all for the virus. Let me be clear. It is not. It is simply a solution for their electoral problems.

Yesterday, the New York Times published an article online. It was called “Seeking: Big Democratic Ideas That Make Everything Better.” In the printed copy, they changed the headline to say: “Biden Pursues Ideas to Match Scale of Crisis,” “Left Senses an Opening for a Bolder Agenda.” The article goes step by step on how the pandemic is being used by the Democrats to make sweeping changes in their policy platforms in their effort to remake America, basically consistent with the far-left socialist views.

They are planning, according to this, to get rid of their so-called center-left policies that they had additionally and initially envisioned. They are now courtling what they call leftwing allies. They are adopting the ideas of single-payer healthcare—one size fits all healthcare, with the government making decisions for you rather than you or your doctor making decisions for you. They are adopting ideas through lobbying, through think tanks, progressive institutions. They have taken over the Democratic Party, and they are all beholden to Nancy Pelosi.

Democrats are using the coronavirus so that their favorite groups get a giveaway. That is what it reads when you take a look at that $3 trillion bill that Nancy Pelosi dragged across the floor of the House last Friday night with Members of her party kicking and screaming about voting for it. That is what we see.

Some were kicking and screaming because the $3 trillion bill that started as a $1.5 trillion bill didn't get big enough, didn't include enough of their far left agenda. It is not a solution for the crisis facing America. It is not a solution for the crisis that we are facing with coronavirus. It is not a solution that we are facing with a crisis of a shut-down economy, shut down by the government in an effort to protect ourselves from the disease. Oh, no. What we see here is a partisan political playbook. It is the Democrats' agenda for the 2020 election.

The efforts to get the coronavirus behind us and our communities and our country open must be targeted, must be temporary, and must be tailored to the needs of our communities at this critical time in our Nation's history. Ultimately, it is time for America to open swiftly and smartly and safely.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Michigan, Ms. STABENOW, Madam President, I first want to give a thank-you to everybody who is working right now and all the folks who are required to be here with the Senate in session. I wish we were focused on those things right now that are directly related to making sure everybody is going to be able to continue to be safe and to focus on what we need to do to safely reopen the economy rather than what we are voting on this week. I want to thank all of you for being here.

I also want to extend condolences and thoughts to everyone who has lost a loved one in this crisis. We are approaching, this weekend, 100,000 Americans. If that doesn't give us a sense of urgency right now to effectively address this health pandemic and to get this right and to work together, I don't know what does.

I rise today with a real sense of urgency. I think it is important to understand how we got here so we know what to do going forward.

On January 20, the first case of COVID–19 was reported in the United States, the same day as the first case in South Korea. Our White House didn’t act. They were, unfortunately, more concerned about the stock market than people in the supermarket.

In South Korea, they did act. Within 8 weeks, they were testing 40 times more people per 1 million of their citizens than we were. By April 14, they had 10,000 cases, and we had over 600,000 cases. So, how do we get to do what needed to be done to take this seriously. Now we know that we are well beyond that.
Frankly, that is what the White House said should happen. Remember the words of President Trump’s when he tweeted:

Governors must be able to step up and get the job done. We will be with you all the way.

Unfortunately, when he said “all the way,” he actually meant to find your own way, which puts us where we are right now, today, in trying to help them get resources for critical State and local services.

The vacuum of Federal leadership has real-life consequences. I released a report today that shows the price American families will pay if the White House and congressional Republicans refuse to support State and local services. Our Democratic Policy and Communications group, which is supported by all of the Democratic Senators, is saying we have to act. There are real consequences. Families and communities will pay the price if we do not act and step up and have their backs.

Through no fault of their own, our States and local communities are facing critical budget shortfalls—up to $850 billion over 3 years—that far exceed what States lost after the great recession in 2008. Without urgent Federal assistance, these cuts will affect our safety, our children’s educations, and our quality of life. Yet the Republican leader said he has not yet “felt the urgency of acting immediately.” Maybe States need bankrupt, he said.

I can tell the White House and the Republican leader who feels the sense of urgency. He is the healthcare worker who has been laid off and doesn’t know when he will get paid and what he is going to do to take care of his family. He is feeling a sense of urgency. He is the student whose school might have to be cut back, and they are the teachers who are going to be laid off through the severe budget cuts. They feel a sense of urgency. The woman who can’t continue treatment for opioid addiction because of cutbacks at her local community behavioral health center feels a sense of urgency right now. It is the community that is cutting back on its police and fire departments and the 9-1-1 call centers in order to save money because the President said that he would be with them all the way but who now is saying “No way. You are on your own that feels a sense of urgency.” The woman who is waiting in line for hours in her car at the local food bank to try to get some food for her children for today, not next month. It is not “Hey, we have 2 or 3 months.” She wants them to eat today and tomorrow and the next day. She feels a sense of urgency.

Americans across the country are feeling a sense of urgency, and it is urgent that we act to meet this moment so that they understand, in this horrendous moment and through no fault of their own—the health crisis and the economic crisis and so on—that someone really does have their backs. We need to help our State and local governments continue paying vital workers who educate our children and keep us safe and provide all of the essential services. We need to extend unemployment benefits so that people who are out of work will be able to pay the rent and feed their children. We need to pay our heroes to find the vaccines for families in need right now. We need to create a heroes fund to ensure that essential workers who have taken the most risk to keep our country running, to keep us safe, and to save lives during this pandemic and the additional hazard pay, the compensation, that they deserve.

They need to know they are essential and not expendable. Just saying thank you is good, but it is not enough when you are worried about paying your own mortgage while you go to work to save somebody else’s life or put food on your own table for your family. Our country can do better for them. That is what the House bill did. That is what the Senate needs to do.

We need to invest in our State and local health departments so that we can continue to fight the virus and keep our communities safe. That should really be a no-brainer right now. We need to support our health departments that are on the frontlines of tracking what is happening and get the critical information so that the right decisions can be made to keep us safe and the right decisions can be made so as to safely reopen our economy, which we all want and know needs to happen.

Actions have consequences. I am here to say that inaction also has consequences. Inaction has consequences. We are losing lives; we are losing time; and every part of the economy is being affected. It is time to act. It is time for this Senate to act, not on more Judges over and over and over again, but on the things that the American people need to have happen, that the people of Michigan need to have happen so they can be healthy and survive the virus and also be able to survive economically for their families, for their businesses, for their farms.

MITCH MCCONNELL may not feel a sense of urgency, but I do on behalf of the people of Michigan. It is time for the Senate to act.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Connecticut.

Mr. MORPHY. Madam President, I yield to the Senator from Oklahoma for a unanimous consent request.

Mr. INHOFE. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent, at the conclusion of the remarks by the Senator from Connecticut, that I be recognized to speak for whatever time I may consume.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MORPHY. Madam President, I come with remarks of my friend from Michigan. A lot of our constituents have long thought that there has just been an enormous gulf between the conversations that we have in the U.S. Senate and the conversations that are going on at people’s kitchen tables, that are going on between friends and neighbors at the supermarket. They think that what we worry about here is guided by lobbyists and K Street and political action committees and that it really doesn’t have much to do with what they care about.

I don’t know that their perception of the world has been any more right now because the message that Senator MCCONNELL and the Senate Republicans are sending is that there is no urgency, that there is no need for the Senate to act, that we have done everything that needs to be done for the time being when it comes to the depression levels of unemployment in this country, the lines that go on for blocks for families who can’t afford food to pick up groceries and the line to not to have to take up the House out how the heck they are going to re-open with the revenues for the municipalities and counties and States that are cratering through the floor.

I just tears come out right now to know that there is a piece of legislation that has been passed in the House of Representatives that will help millions of families who are in meltdown crisis right now as they have lost their jobs, as they, maybe, have sick loved ones, and as they don’t know when life will get back to normal, but the Senate is doing nothing.

I understand my Senate Republican friends wouldn’t have written the bill that passed in the House. It is understandable in that there is a different party in control of the Senate than is in control of the House of Representatives. Of course, there is going to be a difference in priorities. Yet the decision to not to take up the House bill—to not try to amend it, to not try to draft a version of our own to fill these enormous gaps that families are feeling right now—is maddening to the people whom I represent back home who feel that sense of urgency that is not shared by the folks who haven’t lost their salaries or their healthcare benefits in the U.S. Senate.

Earlier today, we tried to take a small step forward to better protect our constituents and try to bring this pandemic to an end. Senator DURBIN offered a pretty simple resolution that would have just expressed the sense of the Senate that we should join with nations around the world to develop a vaccine for COVID. I don’t agree with the President. I don’t think that it is all hopeless until we find a vaccine. I think that we can take steps in our communities through State and also try to re-open our economy even before we have a vaccine. Obviously, that is the goal for which we all strive, and we are much better off if we work with other countries to develop that vaccine.

As we speak, there are very promising discoveries that are being made in other countries. Many of the countries are allies of the United States.

May 19, 2020
There is, in fact, an international effort underway to help pay for that vaccine development. Probably the most prominent of those efforts is something called CEPI, the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations. Curiously, though, all of our friends—all of our allies—are members of that coalition, but the United States is not. So, if this coalition were to develop a vaccine and if it were to get there before the United States, then we wouldn’t have a seat at the table to be able to decide where that vaccine goes. It is a question as to whether we would be able to get it to the United States if we are not sitting at that table. Why not hedge our bets?

I hope the dollars that we have proposed here in the U.S. Senate lead to the discovery of a vaccine’s happening here, but if it doesn’t, why would we not also want to be part of a coalition like CEPI so that, if it were to discover the vaccine first, we would get the benefits or, at the very least, we would get a say in where it would go. That is all the resolution said. Yet we couldn’t get it passed.

This resolution was especially important because it was something trouncing every happening right now. It is not as if the Trump administration has decided that it is not going to go forward with membership in CEPI because it is going to lead to a different international coalition. No. In fact, the Trump administration is taking a giant step back from the world and from international organizations just at the moment when it is the most necessary for us to be cooperating with the rest of the world in finding a vaccine or in stamping out this virus.

Remember, how we stopped Ebola from becoming a crisis in the United States is by being present in Africa to make sure that it didn’t reach our shores. The Obama administration understood that. They took leadership of the world, put $2 billion on the table; there is no travel restriction that can stop this virus. Why do we know that? Because yesterday President Xi Jinping turned down—and he pledged to lead the world’s response to the humanitarian suffering caused by coronavirus.

Now, color me skeptical about China’s intentions, but the fact is, they are doing a very professional job. They’re working really hard, and I think we should be encouraging them. Why? Because yesterday President Xi Jinping turned down—and he pledged to lead the world’s response to the humanitarian suffering caused by coronavirus.

There was no more enthusiastic cheerleader for China and its response to the coronavirus in January, February, and March than our own President. If President Trump wants to level criticisms at the WHO for being too soft on China, he has to look himself in the mirror and understand that it frankly would have been hard for the WHO to stand up and contradict its most important donor and patron, the United States of America. The Chinese Government has repeatedly said that China is covering up the full extent of coronavirus. Yet we couldn’t get a say in where it would go. That is all the resolution said. Yet we couldn’t get it passed.

Further in this letter, it reads: “The World Health Organization has been curiously insistent on praising China for its alleged ‘transparency’...”

President Trump: Look, I know this: President Xi loves the people of China. He loves his country, and he’s doing a very good job.

Constraints of time prevent the next paragraph from being read.
power around the world. We are getting them—giving them—an advancement of their power and influence through our refusal to take part in WHO, our refusal to lead the effort to reform it, and our refusal as called upon in this resolution that was objected to yesterday offered by Senator DURBIN to be part of the global effort to try to find a vaccine.

I yield the floor.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. BLACKBURN). The Senator from Oklahoma.

Mr. INHOFE. Madam President, I was sitting through the last two speakers and listening to them. You can tell that it is an election year. The Democrats want to defeat President Trump, and I think sometimes a tactic to use is to get someone’s strongest point and try to turn it into his weakest point. In this case, we have heard in just the last few minutes that the President is handling the coronavirus completely wrong, that he is critical of and then he was friendly to—I couldn’t quite figure out the relationship with China. I know this is--what is in this Chapter are generally perceived as the close friends of China and President Xi and the rest of them.

Also, to talk about what Speaker PELOSI has done in terms of the bill that was passed in the House and the criticism that we are not taking up that bill, well, all that bill is—we are not supposed to be talking about anything in all of this heavy spending except doing something about coronavirus. And this is something that no one had anything to do with. We didn’t know it was going to happen. We had no preparation for it. I have never experienced it in my life. Yet I do remember so well when this body, this Senate—well, I was working on a contract bill and we were to be voting on it on a Sunday at 6 o’clock in the evening, and the Speaker of the House, NANCY PELOSI, came dancing in. It was the first time I even knew she was in town because she didn’t want in town, and she stopped it. She used her influence to try to stop it and successfully did stop it. The vote was taking place at 6 p.m. on a Sunday night, and nothing happened except a stall from then until 6 p.m. on Thursday night, when we finally did vote on it. In the meantime, how many days passed? How many people died in the meantime?

Then, when they come up in the House, they came up with no—that is supposedly their answer to the coronavirus, it has nothing to do with coronavirus. It has to do with the very liberal Democratic agenda taking advantage of the fact that this crisis is on us and we have to use this to try to get things passed. I am talking about—now, I don’t have any notes down here with me. I don’t know whether she is using gun control or what other efforts they were using in that bill, but it is one thing to talk in the distance, but what when we are talking about coronavirus.

The tragedy there, the people dying—and to credit this President, I have to say, he has done a great job in addressing this. He is the one who, every single day, is there with top medical people and afterward, at the end of the day, having a news conference and getting from the public what we can do better that we haven’t been doing. He has handled this very, very effective way. But that is not why I am here on the floor.

TRIBUTE TO TOM COBURN

Madam President, I would like to read into the RECORD a speech I made here on December 11, 2014, about another Senator from Oklahoma. I am here with something that is very sensitive to me that I want to share.

I wish to make some unscripted comments, but sincere and from the heart. I hope I am accurate when I say this, that I think in some respect I discovered Tom Coburn. I suspect that Tom and I are the only two who have ever had a major, high level national political discussion in Adair, OK. I remember hearing that there was a very conservative doctor from Muskogee. I remember calling his name up at the time that I ran for the House of Representatives, which he did. He kept his commitments and did everything that he was supposed to do. I always remember that.

As Senator Coburn knows, we have a place my wife and I built on a big lake in Oklahoma back in 1962. A lot of people outside of Oklahoma don’t realize that Oklahoma has more miles of freshwater shoreline than any of the 50 States. It is a big lake State. She and I built our place way back a long time ago.

When I drive up there, I go through Adair, and I go through that little sheltered area that is half torn down now. They tore down the biggest bank in town. Every time I go by there, I have to say I recall meeting for the first time with a young doctor named Tom Coburn.

I regret to say that there are times in our service together when we have not been in agreement on specific issues, and I think we have a characteristic in common. I think we both are kind of bullheaded, which has created some temporary hard feelings, but there was no separation here, no feelings, no disagreement that Tom and I are the only two who have mattered to Tom. Tom knew what was important in life and in Jesus. He is a brother in the Lord. He is my brother. We will always be a Member of this institution, but we need to make it official.

So, Madam President, in honor of his life and legacy, I would like to ask unanimous consent that the Senate approve a resolution in honor of the life and legacy of Tom Coburn, a doctor from Muskogee.

HONORING THE LIFE AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF FORMER UNITED STATES SENATOR THOMAS ALLEN COBURN

Mr. INHOFE. Madam President, as in legislative session, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 583, submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The bill clerk reads as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 583) honoring the life and achievements of former United States Senator Thomas Allen Coburn and expressing condolences to the family of Thomas Allen Coburn on his passing.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.
Mr. INHOFE. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 589) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to. (The resolution, with its preamble, is printed in today’s RECORD under “Submitted Resolutions.”)

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR—Continued

Mr. INHOFE. I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

Mr. CORKY. I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

Mr. CORKY. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CORONAVIRUS

Mr. CORKY. Madam President, President Eisenhower once said: “Farming looks mighty easy when your plow is a pencil, and you’re a thousand miles [away] from the corn field.” Those are wise words from a wise man.

If you are trying to get a view of what is happening across America, you certainly can’t get a comprehensive picture by driving down a main road in Washington, DC, or even listening to the national media. That is why, whether working on a farm bill, a highway bill, or a coronavirus recovery bill, I look to my constituents for feedback. I know we all do the same.

Since we first learned that evacuees from China would be headed to Joint Base San Antonio for a 14-day quarantine, I have been in close contact with the folks in Texas—starting in San Antonio through the coronavirus. I have joined dozens, if not 100 or more, videoconferences with groups covering every industry that have shared honest perspectives about how things are going, what is working, and what more is needed from Congress.

I have spoken with nurses and hospital administrators about the need for additional PPE to protect our healthcare heroes. I have spoken with researchers and scientists, even as recently as today, about the ongoing quest to develop vaccines and treatments and, of course, with farmers and ranchers and producers about their struggle to cope with a glut of supply and reduced demand.

I have spoken with small business owners about the impact of this virus on their businesses, their workforce, and their communities. Their feedback has been invaluable to the work of the Senate as we continue our mission to lead America through and eventually out of this crisis.

As States across the country begin to reopen their economies, the light at the end of the tunnel is getting a little bit brighter, but there is still a whole lot of work that needs to be done. Yesterday, I spoke with some of my friends at Texans for Lawsuit Reform, the Texas Civil Justice League, and a number of other business stakeholders about the critical need for liability protection in our next piece of coronavirus legislation.

We are already seeing that, across America, there is a wave of COVID-19-related lawsuits. Without action on our part, there is genuine fear that these lawsuits could hurt the very people we need to be helping right now, get through the weakened economy.

One of the Texans on the call talked about the vast challenges our healthcare workers have faced over the last several weeks. As hospital beds began filling up, the strain on healthcare workers became a serious problem. Many States loosened restrictions to allow out-of-State or retired physicians to join the fight on the frontlines, and countless healthcare workers are being cross-trained or redeployed to help fill personnel shortages. We may hear pedi- atricians caring for adults or anesthesiologists working in the ICU.

On top of that, these men and women are forced to make tough, almost impossible decisions every day. They may have half a dozen patients who desper- ately need a ventilator but only two machines available.

We should not put our healthcare workers in an impossible situation where we ask them to sacrifice an- tiotics related to COVID–19 lawsuits.

We are already seeing that, across America, lawsuits are already seeing coronavirus lawsuits rolling in, targeting not only our healthcare workers and businesses but nursing homes, assisted living facilities, universities, governments—you name it.

We cannot allow the litigation epidemic will be a big one and will add insult to injury from this pandemic. We simply cannot allow this tidal wave of lawsuits to sweep away our healthcare workers, nonprofits, and businesses who followed the guidelines and acted in good faith. Congress needs to put in place commonsense reforms to protect those who have helped the American people get through this crisis and who will help lead us out of it.

I am working with my colleagues on a proposal that would achieve this goal through temporary and targeted protec- tions related to COVID-19 lawsuits. That includes our healthcare workers who have been on the frontlines batt- ing this pandemic, the businesses that are going to great lengths to safely reopen their doors, and the non- profits helping our communities dur- ing a time of unprecedented need.

You may ask what’s happening in the States on the left try to claim, this isn’t a ban on lawsuits. Nobody is suggesting we have blanket immunity. No one wants to let bad actors get away with their bad be- havior and to reward it. However, as my constituents told me yesterday, the fear of unrestrained litigation could be the boot on the neck of our economy and add insult to injury for our healthcare workers and others who, in good faith, did precisely what they were asked to do during this time of crisis.

We need to put commonsense safe- guards in place to ensure that those oper- ating in good faith and following all the relevant guidelines cannot be sued into oblivion because of a particular outcome when people are doing the best they know how to do during a time of crisis—in good faith—and doing exactly what the public health officials and their government officials are telling them to do.

This is going to be a critical aspect to our recovery, not only in Texas but in every State across the Nation. We have counted on all of these people, from our healthcare workers to local businesses, to help get us through this crisis. We can’t let them down now.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk will call the roll.

Mr. CORNYN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent, and I suggest the absence of a quorum.

Mr. CORKY. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

Mr. CORKY. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. CORKY. I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mrs. CAPITO. I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.
The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mrs. CAPITO. Madam President, I rise today to address the healthcare and economic crisis facing our Nation because of COVID-19. According to Johns Hopkins University, more than 1.5 million Americans have tested positive for COVID and more than 90,000 have died. And 1,509 West Virginians have tested positive for COVID, and 68 have died, according to our State’s Department of Health and Human Services.

We mourn each one of those lost lives and remember the families who grieve for them now and the friends who have lost a loved one. All of us join together, and we thank all of the heroes who are on the frontline performing lifesaving and life-sustaining jobs during this pandemic.

The economic consequences of this pandemic have been devastating as well, but the health devastation is what really, I think, breaks all of our collective hearts.

On the economic front nationally, the unemployment rate is 14.7 percent, and 36.5 million Americans have filed for unemployment since mid-March—an incredible number.

In our small State of West Virginia, 164,000 unemployment claims have been processed since March, and the unemployment rate is over 15 percent. With these terrible facts and the urgency of them, I hope that Congress will come together to take bold action.

We have enacted four major pieces of bipartisan legislation to help ease this crisis. Most significant of those, of course, was the CARES Act, which passed this body 96 to 0. With bipartisan support, the CARES Act provided $100 billion for our hospitals and medical providers to help them respond to this crisis.

Together, we created the Paycheck Protection Program—PPP, as everybody knows it—to save jobs and to keep our employers and employees connected but also to save jobs at small businesses and help those businesses survive.

As of this past weekend, 15,972 West Virginia small businesses had taken advantage of the PPP program.

The CARES Act provided direct relief for the American people through payments of up to $1,200 apiece, and more than $3 trillion in payments totaling $1.3 billion have been sent to my fellow West Virginians.

The CARES Act increased unemployment benefits to help meet the needs of those workers who lost their jobs due to the crisis, and we see the numbers. That has been a real benefit.

It provided significant resources for our State and local governments. Our State of West Virginia has received $1.25 billion to help our State, city, and county governments.

After the CARES Act, despite some delays, we came together again and passed additional bipartisan legislation that provided more funding for the PPP program and more resources for hospitals, more money for COVID testing. We just sent $57 million to the State of West Virginia for more testing.

In a bipartisan way, Congress responded to the horrors of this medical community, as we should. Our small businesses, our workers, our families, our State and local governments, and our heroes are essential workers. As our communities begin the process of recovery, we know that more Federal resources and additional legislation will in all likelihood be necessary. We all hope that our economy, which only months ago was very strong, can rebuild quickly. But our small businesses and workers will need additional help. There is no question that will happen.

As we face the possibility of a second wave of infections later this year, we should continue to build our stockpile of medical supplies and aid our hospitals.

I have heard from our Governor, county commissioners, and our mayors across West Virginia about the lost State and local government revenues caused by COVID. Allowing the CARES Act to replace these lost revenues will make sure that State and local governments can continue to meet the public safety and public health needs. This is critical.

I have joined Senator SULLIVAN and others in our bipartisan legislation that would do just that. We should enact meaningful liability reform to protect our hospitals, doctors, businesses, college, universities, and nonprofits from lawsuit abuse. Those who do their best to treat patients, following government guidelines, and prevent the spread of the contagious virus should not be held liable when treatments fail or COVID spreads. Unless we act, lawsuit abuse could choke off our economic recovery. And we should hold China—China—accountable for hiding the true scope of the COVID pandemic, making the global spread of this disease much worse.

We should all work on all of these priorities going forward. It is appropriate that Congress should examine the effectiveness of the CARES Act—we have been doing that for the last several weeks; that is why I am glad we are here—as well as the ongoing need for additional continuing new legislation to aid the Nation’s response. But legislation passed in response to this crisis should be, as has been the past—should be—bipartisan, and it should be tailored to respond to COVID and the economic problems that it has caused.

Speaker PELOSI’s legislation that passed the House of Representatives on Friday night fails on both of these counts. To the extent there was bipartisan support on Friday night, it came from the 14 Democrats who voted against the Speaker’s wish list. The bill was certainly not tailored to help Americans respond to the COVID cases.

There were things in there that did respond, but there was a whole lot more that I will talk about that I think was irrelevant.

Speaker PELOSI’s bill took a massive step toward federalizing our elections. They are all different in every single State, and our States have the decisions to make. These decisions should be made by State and local officials and not micromanaged here in Washington. By the way, I think it makes our elections safer that they are not federalized.

The bill prohibits States from requiring a photo ID to vote and requires States to allow same-day voter registration, something we do not do in the State of West Virginia. Aside from being bad policy, what does that have to do with COVID or helping small businesses and working families?

The word “cannabis,” as we might have heard already today, appears in Speaker PELOSI’s bill 68 times. The bill requires a report to make sure that women and minorities are able to fully participate in the cannabis industry, and it makes sure that cannabis businesses are able to access the banking system. By the way, it is an issue that has been worked on since I was in Financial Services 10 years ago. But what does that and how does that relate to COVID?

By allowing stimulus payments to be sent to individuals without a verified Social Security number, Speaker PELOSI’s bill would send taxpayer dollars to illegal immigrants, and the bill requires the Department of Homeland Security to review the files of every illegal immigrant in custody to determine if he or she should be released.

Speaker PELOSI also appropriates $50 million for environmental justice grants. It sounds good—environmental justice. I am not sure what it has to do with COVID, but it is in reality, a lot of these funds, among other things, assist those who are working to stop industries that are very critical to my State, all the energy industries from coal and natural gas. That is exactly the opposite of promoting an economic recovery in the State I am from.

While working families continue to struggle, Speaker PELOSI’s bill offers significant tax relief for rich taxpayers in high tax States. Coincidentally, that is not my State; we run our State on a balanced budget—but we tried.

Overall, the House bill costs more than $3 trillion while doing little to help our economy recover and get our laid-off workers back on the job. There is a bipartisan model out there for working together in response to this crisis. We have done it four times, as I mentioned. But that model is certainly not what the House passed last Friday night.

The Senate is continuing to hold hearings—we are having them today—to learn more about the current crisis and provide oversight. More importantly, we are listening to the people
Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. PAWLEY). The time for Senator from South Dakota (Mr. ROUNDS).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. ALEXANDER) would have voted "yea.

Mr. DURBIN announced that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS), and the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. WHITEHOUSE) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 49, nays 43, as follows:

[ReCall Vote No. 96 Ex.]

YEAS—49

Barraso
Blackburn
Blunt
Boozman
Braun
Capito
Cassidy
Collins
Cornyn
Cramer
Crapo
Cruz
Daines
Enzi
Ernst
Fischler
Gardner
Perdue

Portman
Risch
Roberts
Romney
Rubio
Saenz
Scott (FL)
Scott (SC)
Shelby
Sullivan
Thune
Tillis
Toomey
Wicker
Young

NAYS—43

Baldwin
Bennet
Blumenthal
Booker
Cantwell
Cardin
Carper
Coons
Cortes-Masto
Duckworth
Durbin
Feinstein
Gillibrand
Harris

Hasean
Harkin
Hirono
Klobuchar
Leaky
Manchin
Menendez
Murphy
Nevada
Reed

Rosen
Schatz
Schumer
Shaheen
Sinema
Smith
Stabenow
Tester
Tulsi
Warner
Wyden

NOT VOTING—8

Alexander
Brown
Burr
Cotton
Markley
Burls

Sanders
Whitmore

The nomination was confirmed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the motion to reconsider is considered made and laid upon the table, and the President will be immediately notified of the Senate’s action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The majority leader.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to legislative session for a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 9 minutes each.

TRIBUTE TO CHARLIE YODER

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, today I give tribute to a lifelong Iowan who has devoted his career in service to families who are mourning the loss of a loved one.

From an early age, Charles Yoder knew what he wanted to be when he grew up. He lived next door to the Powell Funeral Home in Wellman, IA. That is where Charlie’s precocious path to his lifelong occupation first started.

Years later, he graduated from the Worsham College of Mortuary Science in Illinois. He returned home to Washington County, where he manages two funeral homes in Wellman and Kalona.

Like many small business people across my State, Charlie’s leadership reaches deep into the community. His civic stewardship reflects a character of service to others. He is a member of the Rotary Club, Kalona Chamber of Commerce, Community Foundation of Washington County, and the Dayton Lodge. His public service includes time spent on the Mid-Prairie Community School District Foundation and the Kalona Library.

A member of the National Funeral Directors Association, Charlie participated in its leadership conference here in Washington, DC, for the past 3 years. Like so many other events, the national conference this year was cancelled due to COVID–19. That didn’t stop Charlie from stepping up to lead and help his profession navigate these difficult times.

For the past 4 years as president-elect and president of the Iowa Funeral Directors Association, he developed strong relationships across its eight districts, traveling to each one across the State. Networking strengthened his efforts to update strategic plans and foster continuing education services.

This collaboration also helped Iowa funeral directors meet unprecedented challenges from the pandemic. Iowans are known to celebrate the lives of the deceased with large funeral gatherings, attended by many people in the community, who gather to pay their respects and help friends and family mourn the loss of a loved one. Obviously, COVID–19 limited large social gatherings, including graduations, weddings, and funerals.

Charlie developed guidelines to help Iowa funeral home directors adapt to the public health crisis and continue providing safe, compassionate, and personalized attention to the people and communities they serve.

As caretakers in their respective communities, Charlie did not let COVID–19 redefine their mission to serve with professionalism, empathy, and integrity. Working with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Iowa Department of Public Health, Charlie’s leadership helped ensure the public welfare was protected and that grieving families and their loved ones remained in good hands.

I thank Charlie for service to his community and his vocation. As he steps down as president of the Iowa Funeral Directors Association, I am pleased to learn a member of the next generation plans to follow in his dad’s footsteps. I congratulate him and his wife, Dorie, and wish their daughter Morgan all the best as she starts her studies and pursues her dream this fall.
TRIBUTE TO GLEN TAIT

Mr. CRAPO, Mr. President, along with my colleagues Senator JIM RISCH, Representative MIKE SIMPSON and Representative RUSS FULCER, I congratulate late Glen Tait, who is retiring from his position as Idaho National Laboratory’s (INL) Government and Regional Affairs Director, after nearly 20 years with INL.

Prior to joining INL in 2001, Glen served as my legislative director when I was first elected to the Senate. During his time guiding my legislative staff, he worked on annual appropriations, nuclear, and other energy issues. He brought with him significant experience and understanding of our great State of Idaho, as he had previously worked as a senior adviser to my predecessor, Dirk Kempthorne. Prior to serving on my staff, Glen’s first job in Washington, DC, was working for Vice President Dan Quayle. He served on the Vice President’s national security staff as a defense policy analyst.

When announcing Glen’s retirement, INL Director Mark Peters recognized Glen’s excellent leadership as he has worked with our Idaho congressional delegation throughout the annual appropriations process, securing the participation of INL experts in congressional hearings, and working with Congress and federal agencies to advance legislation and policies important to our energy and national security.

Glen has been instrumental in helping us ensure the allocation of needed resources to INL and assisting with Federal policy changes to best support nuclear research and innovation. For example, we have greatly valued his assistance with the 2018 enactment of S. 97, the Nuclear Energy Innovation and Modernization Act, and the 2019 enactments of S. 512, the Nuclear Energy Innovation and Modernization Act, and S. 174, the Securing Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Act. These laws are important legacies of Glen’s work, as they will ensure the research conducted at INL keeps our Nation at the forefront of nuclear innovation. These technologies and capabilities keep our Nation at the forefront of nuclear innovation. These technologies and capabilities ensure that research is ultimately able to be commercialized and deployed in the private sector.

Glen is dedicated and talented in many aspects of his life beyond his work. He speaks Russian, is an avid gardener, bikes to work, and runs daily. He is a sports fan, with the Washington Nationals and the California Golden Bears being among his favorite teams to watch. Glen is also very generous with people and cares greatly about helping young people get solid footing in Washington, DC. He is well regarded for his guidance and mentorship, as he has helped newcomers with job and life skills. He has taught many of our staff the ins-and-outs of the lab’s research and the science behind nuclear power. His patience and guidance are deeply appreciated by many who were fortunate enough to work with him.

Glen may retire, but he will always be by your side, sharing his wit and intellect. We wish you for many more years to come. We wish you well in your new retirement.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

REMEMBERING WILLIAM SEALOCK

Mr. CASEY. Mr. President, today I wish to honor the distinguished life and career of Aliquippa Chief of Police Robert William Sealock, who passed away on April 11, 2020.

Chief Sealock's leadership has been widely praised by both the public and his peers in the law enforcement community. At a time when his community faced a surge in crime and an understaffed police force, Chief Sealock stepped up to meet the challenge. In just a few short years, Chief Sealock enhanced the reputation of the police department, tirelessly rebuilding trust and bridging the gap between local law enforcement and the community it served. He also instituted several programs across multiple city offices that were designed to reach Aliquippa's youth and increase participation in group activities.

Chief Sealock’s leadership has been widely praised by both the public and his peers in the law enforcement community. At a time when his community faced a surge in crime and an understaffed police force, Chief Sealock stepped up to meet the challenge. In just a few short years, Chief Sealock enhanced the reputation of the police department, tirelessly rebuilding trust and bridging the gap between local law enforcement and the community it served. He also instituted several programs across multiple city offices that were designed to reach Aliquippa's youth and increase participation in group activities.

Chief Sealock led by example. He recognized and understood how important it was to police officers to have the support of their chief and his hands-on approach inspired confidence. As a result, his fellow officers had tremendous respect for his leadership and endearingly referred to him as a “cop’s cop.”

Tragically, Chief Sealock suffered a medical condition that resulted in his passing. His dedication to the Aliquippa Police Department, his beloved community, his family, and country were guided by a sincere commitment to public service and improving the lives of people he encountered. His work will be remembered as his compassion, loving spirit, and warm personality, and his legacy will be felt for many years to come.

I extend my thoughts and prayers to his devoted wife, Donna; his daughter and son-in-law Taylor Sealock-Smith and husband Tanner; two stepchildren Jonathan Peterson and Stephanie Snyder; Leslie Patterson and husband Derek Trohaugh; his parents Patricia Sealock and James Blaha; his sister Colleen Sealock; his brother-in-law Bill Sealock; his father and mother-in-law William and Dorothy Fontana; and all of Chief Sealock's family and friends as they mourn his loss.

TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM GODMAN, JR.

Mr. CRAMER. Mr. President, I want to honor a very special North Dakota resident who is turning 100 years old on May 26. William Godman, Jr., now resides at the Haaland Estates Assisted Living Center in Rugby, ND, after living on the family farm north of the community of Churches Ferry for 98 and a half years. To say this lifelong farmer of North Dakota’s great stewards of the land would not be an understatement. At his father’s urging, he did not leave the farm to fight in World War II because his brother had enlisted. He stayed behind to raise the food needed to feed a hungry nation and world during those difficult years. On his farm, William has raised crops including wheat, barley, flax, corn, and canola.

Throughout the decades of his life across the past century, William has experienced great moments in North Dakota’s history. He and his wife, Elaine, raised five children and instilled in them the necessity of hard work and self-reliance. He gave back to his community in many ways, including being a longtime 4-H leader, church volunteer, and Men’s Club member. Although his birthday will not bring together as planned all his children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, I hope he will be able to celebrate this great milestone with friends and family at other opportunities throughout the year.

North Dakota is home to more than 200 centenarians, and we consider them among our most treasured residents. Their pioneer spirit, dignity, and hard work have brought them through many challenges and personal achievements. On behalf of all North Dakotans, I wish William a happy 100th birthday and hope this is the start of a year filled with happiness and joy.

RECOGNIZING NO LIMITS CAFE

Mr. RUBIO. Mr. President, as chairman of the Senate Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship, each week I recognize a small business that exemplifies the American entrepreneurial spirit at the heart of our country. It is my privilege to recognize a small business that not only offers delectable food but provides dignified work and promotes inclusivity for individuals with intellectual disabilities. This week, it is my pleasure to honor...
No Limits Cafe of Middletown, NJ, as the Senate Small Business of the Week. No Limits Cafe was created to help intellectually disabled individuals achieve their full potential. When their daughter, Katie, was born with Down syndrome, Stephanie and Mark Cartier began advocating for children with intellectual disabilities, ID. As Katie neared adulthood, Stephanie and Mark were concerned by the lack of meaningful employment and job training available for people with ID. They believed dignified work provided a sense of pride, purpose, and fulfillment. Employment was empowering. For adults with ID, it could be a life-changing opportunity. In 2017, they began planning a business that would enable adults like Katie to gain valuable work skills.

Over the next 3 years, the Middletown community rallied to support what would later become No Limits Cafe. After the Cartiers bought an old restaurant, local businesses and organizations donated money, materials, and labor to transform the building into a welcoming and accessible space. No Limits Cafe was chartered as a non-profit 501(c)(3) organization, reflecting its commitment to “do good” in their community. Stephanie and Mark developed a two-phase program to fulfill their mission of helping adults with ID gain working skills and independence. First, employ 25–30 adults at the cafe with ID. Then, provide restaurant industry training workshops and place trainees within local restaurants. Near the end of 2019, more than 30 adults with ID were hired as the nonprofit enterprise prepared to launch.

On February 6, 2020, No Limits Cafe opened its doors to widespread acclaim. In addition to gaining marketable skills, developed independence, and expressed a sense of pride in their work. No Limits Cafe was profiled in outlets ranging from local news and radio to ABC World News Tonight. Their motto of “Eat—Do Good” was clearly reflected in their work.

Like many other nonprofits, No Limits Cafe experienced a sharp decline in revenue due to the coronavirus pandemic. Without enough money to pay their staff, Stephanie and Mark were forced to lay off all 36 employees. They donated the cafe’s perishable supplies to a local food bank, unsure of when they could afford to reopen.

When the Small Business Administration launched the Paycheck Protection Program—PPP—Stephanie and Mark immediately applied. The PPP provides forgivable loans to impacted small businesses and nonprofits who maintained their payroll during the COVID-19 pandemic. In early May, No Limits Cafe received a PPP loan. As a result, Stephanie and Mark have been able to rehire all 36 of their employees and will reopen No Limits Cafe for takeout starting Memorial Day weekend.

No Limits Cafe is an outstanding example of how purpose-driven businesses can positively impact their communities. I commend their efforts to provide training and employment for adults with intellectual disabilities, a historically underserved population. Congratulations to Stephanie, Mark, and the entire team at No Limits Cafe. I look forward to your continued growth and success.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Roberts, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations and a withdrawal which were referred to the appropriate committees.

The messages received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILL AND JOINT RESOLUTION SIGNED

At 11:43 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mrs. Cole, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill and joint resolution:

H.R. 943. An act to authorize the Director of the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum to support Holocaust education programs, and for other purposes.

H.J. Res. 76. Joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Borrower Defense Institutional Accountability.”

The enrolled bill and joint resolution were subsequently signed by the President pro tempore (Mr. Grassley).

EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, and were referred as indicated:

EC–4532. A communication from the Federal Register Liaison Officer, Office of the Secretary, Department of Defense, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled “Service by Members of the Armed Forces on State and Local Juries” (RIN0790–AA14) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on May 14, 2020; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

EC–4534. A communication from the Assistant Secretary, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor, transmitting a legislative proposal entitled “Amending the American Medical Isotopes Production Act of 2012 (AMIPA)”; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

EC–4537. A communication from the Assistant Secretary, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled “Extension of Certain Timeframes for Employee Benefit Plans, Participants, and Beneficiaries Affected by the COVID–19 Outbreak” (29 CFR Parts 2550 and 2590) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on May 14, 2020; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

EC–4539. A communication from the Senior Advisor, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report relative to a vacancy in the position of Director of the Indian Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services, received in the Office of the President of the Senate on May 14, 2020; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive reports of nominations were submitted:

By Mr. INHOFE for the Committee on Armed Services.

*Kenneth J. Braithwaite, of Pennsylvania, to be Secretary of the Navy.

*Victor G. Mercado, of California, to be an Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

*James H. Anderson, of Virginia, to be a Deputy Under Secretary of Defense.

*Air Force nomination of Gen. Charles Q. Brown, Jr., to be General.


Air Force nominations beginning with Brig. Gen. Dayrin R. M. Anderson and ending with Brig. Gen. Edward W. Thomas, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nomination of Maj. Gen. Dennis S. McKean, to be Lieutenant General.


Army nomination of Maj. Gen. Roger L. Cloutier, Jr., to be Lieutenant General.

Army nomination of Brig. Gen. Michael L. Place, to be Major General.

Navy nomination of Rear Adm. (Ih) Shoshana S. Chatfield, to be Rear Admiral.

Navy nomination of Capt. Cynthia A. Kuehner, to be Rear Admiral (lower half).

Navy nomination of Rear Adm. Yancy B. Lindsey, to be Vice Admiral.

Navy nomination of Vgu Adm. Lisa M. Franchetti, to be Vice Admiral.

Navy nomination of Vice Adm. William K. Lescher, to be Admiral.


Marine Corps nomination of Lt. Gen. Lewis A. Crutcher, to be Lieutenant General.


Marine Corps nominations beginning with Col. Adam L. Chalkley and ending with Col. Farrell J. Sullivan, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020. (minus 1 nomination reported with recommendation that they be confirmed.)

Air Force nomination of Col. Jeaninne M. Ryder, to be Brigadier General.

Air Force nomination of Col. Norman S. West, to be Lieutenant General.


Army nomination of Col. Jemal J. Beale, to be Brigadier General.

Navy nomination of Vice Adm. Stuart B. Munsch, to be Vice Admiral.

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, for the Committee on Armed Services I report favorably the following nomination lists which were printed in the Records on the dates indicated, and ask your attention, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar that these nominations lie at the Secretary's desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Air Force nomination of Kurt W. Helfrich, to be Major.

Air Force nominations beginning with Joseph B. Lorkowski and ending with Brock L. Yelton, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nomination of Jonathan L. Arnholt, to be Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Andrew N. Pike, to be Colonel.

Air Force nominations beginning with Chelsey L. Buchanan and ending with Zachary R. Stroman, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nominations beginning with Reni B. Angelova and ending with Grant W. Wiener, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nominations beginning with Ricardo Antonio Alahondo and ending with Noah L. Dimenti, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nominations beginning with Yvonne E. Abedi and ending with Jennifer L. Zanzig, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nomination of James B. Hall, to be Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Anthony R. George, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Matthew D. Brill, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nominations beginning with Laura A. Abbott and ending with Andrew P. Zwirlein, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 11, 2020.

Air Force nominations beginning with Ryan S. Combest and ending with Rachel S. Van Sciver, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 11, 2020.

Air Force nomination of Megan A. Sherwood, to be Major.

Air Force nominations beginning with Jonah R. Brown and ending with Jake D. Whitlock, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Samuel C. Howard and ending with Thoryth C. Montgomery, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nomination of Lauren A. Scherer, to be Major.

Army nomination of Shula M. Clark, to be Major.

Army nomination of Jason M. Windham, to be Major.

Army nomination of Nina S. Syfrett, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Army nomination of Steven G. Ward, to be Major.

Army nominations beginning with Aleksandr Baron and ending with Rodger I. Voltin, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nomination of Patricia H. Passman, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Army nomination of Mark A. White, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Army nominations beginning with Gary A. Anderson, Jr. and ending with Rodney J. Staggars, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 4, 2020.

Air Force nomination of Javier E. Sostredontron, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Jason C. Derosa, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Mark C. Moretti, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Rockwell Allen, to be Major.

Air Force nomination of Yong Yi, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Air Force nomination of Julian P. Gilbert, to be Major.

Air Force nomination of Philip R. Demontigny and ending with Laura A. Woodson, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 11, 2020.

Air Force nomination of Kozod S. Knoxlimbacker, to be Colonel.

Marine Corps nomination of Anthony C. Trivisio, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Marine Corps nomination of Christopher R. Yanity, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Marine Corps nomination of Benjamin C. Kessler, to be Major.

Navy nomination of Matthew J. McGirr, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Thomas M. Vanscooten, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of James S. Carmichael, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of La Hesh A. Graham, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of Jacqelyn M. L. Ketteng, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Leslie D. Sobol, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of Kristen K. Parsons, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Santhosh K. Shivashankar, to be Commander.

Navy nomination of Alejandro B. Sanchez, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Anthony M. Pecoraro, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of Michael R. Syamken, to be Commander.

Navy nomination of Javier N. Deluca-Johnson, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Daniel L. Croom, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Bradley R. Yingst, to be Lieutenant Commander.

Navy nomination of Scott D. Stahl, to be Captain.

Navy nomination of Brian J. Miller, to be Captain.

Navy nominations beginning with Peter N. Alexakos and ending with Michael W. Wissehr, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on May 11, 2020.

By Mr. RUBIO for the Select Committee on Intelligence.

John L. Ratcliffe, of Texas, to be Director of National Intelligence.

*Nomination was reported with recommendation that it be confirmed subject to the nominee’s commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate. (Nominations without an asterisk were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed.)*

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Ms. KLOBUCHAR):

S. 3756. A bill to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a renewable fuel feedstock reimbursement program; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. JONES:

S. 3757. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide incentives for businesses and employers to help in the fight against COVID-19; to other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. MERKLEY (for himself and Mr. DYSEN):

S. 3758. A bill to amend the Klamath Basin Water Supply Enhancement Act of 2000 to make certain technical corrections; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. COONS (for himself and Mr. GRAHAM):

S. 3759. A bill to amend the State Water Rights Protection Act to ensure that water rights are protected; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
S. 3759. A bill to close high risk wildlife markets and prevent wildlife disease transmission globally, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. UDALL, Mr. BOOKER, Ms. WARREN, Ms. SMITH, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. MARKET, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Ms. HIRONO, and Mr. LEY): S. 3760. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide for a percentage of student loan forgiveness for public service employment, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. TESTER (for himself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. MANCHIN, Ms. HIRONO, Mrs. SHAHINEK, and Ms. HASSAN): S. 3761. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to provide for veterans service organizations and recognized agents and attorneys opportunities to review Department of Veterans Affairs disability rating determinations before they are finalized, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs.

By Mr. TESTER (for himself, Mr. ROUNDS, Mr. REED, and Mr. HOVEN): S. 3762. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to require an increase in the maximum amount of grants awarded by the States Code, to provide for an increase in the Responder Service Award program to express gratitude to healthcare workers; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. UDYN, Ms. BALDWIN, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, and Mrs. SHAHEEN): S. 3763. A bill to establish the Pandemic Responder Service Award program to express gratitude to healthcare workers; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. UDYN, and Mr. SCHUMER): S. 3764. A bill to create Federal child savings accounts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Ms. LOEFPFLER: S. 3765. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand tax benefits related to dependent care assistance programs; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. UDYN, Mr. WARNER, Mr. BROWN, and Ms. HIRONO): S. 3766. A bill to prohibit the President from blocking Inspectors General from referring (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. ALEXANDER, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. BENNET, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BURR, Ms. CAPITO, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. CARPER, Mr. CASEY, Mr. CASSIDY, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. CORZETTE MASTO, Mr. COTTON, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. DAINES, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ENZI, Ms. ENNIST, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. FISCHER, Mr. GARDNER, Ms. GILLIBRAND, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. GRASSLEY, Ms. HARRIS, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. HAWLEY, Mr. HENNIN, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. HORVEN, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. JONES, Mr. Kaine, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. KING, Mr. KLOBUCAR, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. LEY, Mrs. LOEFPFLER, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. MARKCY, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Ms. FISCHER, and Mr. FEINSTEIN):

S. 3767. A bill to prohibit the President from blocking Inspectors General from referring (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. ALEXANDER, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. BENNET, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BURR, Ms. CAPITO, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. CARPER, Mr. CASEY, Mr. CASSIDY, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. CORZETTE MASTO, Mr. COTTON, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. DAINES, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ENZI, Ms. ENNIST, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. FISCHER, Mr. GARDNER, Ms. GILLIBRAND, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. GRASSLEY, Ms. HARRIS, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. HAWLEY, Mr. HENNIN, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. HORVEN, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. JONES, Mr. Kaine, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. KING, Ms. KLOBUCAR, Mr. LEY, Mr. LEE, Mrs. LORRFULL, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. MARKCY, Mr. MInsall, Mr. Menen, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Murphys, Mr. Murri, Mr. Paul, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Peters, Mr. Portman, Mr. Reid, Mr. Risch, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Romney, Ms. Rosen, Mr. Rounds, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Sas, Mr. Schatz, Mr. Scott, Mr. Florida, Mr. Scott, Mr. South Carolina, Mrs. Sasse, Mr. Shelly, Ms. Sinoma, Ms. Smith, Ms. Starknow, Ms. Sullivan, Mr. Teresa, Mr. Thune, Mr. Tills, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Udall, Mr. Van Holleen, Mr. Warmer, Ms. Warren, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Wyden, and Mr. Young):

S. Res. 586. A resolution honoring the life and achievements of former United States Senator Thomas Allen Coburn and expressing condolences to the family of Thomas Allen Coburn on his passing; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. MCCONNELL: S. Res. 586. A resolution to constitute the majority party’s membership on certain committees for the One Hundred Sixteenth Congress, or until their successors are chosen; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BLUNT (for himself and Mr. HAWLEY):

S. Res. 586. A resolution expressing support for the designation of May 1, 2020, as “Silver Star Service Banner Day”; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Ms. Harris, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Capito, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Cassidy, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Duckworth, Ms. Hassan, Mr. King, Mr. Markcy, Mrs. Shaheen, Mrs. Fischer, and Mr. Feinstein):

S. Res. 586. A resolution designating the week of May 17 through May 23, 2020, as “National Public Works Week”; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. Reed, Mrs. Hydr-Smith, Mr. Casey, and Mr. Braun):

S. Res. 586. A resolution expressing support for the designation of May 17, 2020, as “DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day” to raise awareness of and encourage research on diffuse intrinsic pontine gliomas and pediatric cancers in general; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BRAUN (for himself, Mr. Coons, Mr. Cotton, Ms. McSally, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Jones, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Peters, Mr. Sinema, Mr. Van Holleen, Mr. Wyden, Ms. Smith, Mrs. Hydr-Smith, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Johnson, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Scott, Mr. South Carolina, Mr. Sheller, Mr. Cramer, Ms. Harris, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Markcy, Ms. Cantwell, and Ms. Klobuchar):

S. Res. 586. A resolution designating May 2020 as “ALS Awareness Month”; considered and agreed to.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 525

At the request of Mr. Paul, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. Grassley) was added as a cosponsor of S. 525, a bill to preserve and protect the free choice of individual employees to form, join, or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities.
At the request of Mr. Thune, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Ms. Murkowski) was added as a cosponsor of S. 680, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to treat certain amounts paid for physical activity, fitness, and exercise as amounts paid for medical care.

S. 945

At the request of Mr. Kennedy, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. Scott) was added as a cosponsor of S. 945, a bill to amend the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 to require certain brokers to disclose to the Securities and Exchange Commission information regarding foreign jurisdictions that prevent the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board from performing inspections under that Act, and for other purposes.

S. 1792

At the request of Mr. Casey, the name of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. Jones) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1792, a bill to require the Secretary of Labor to maintain a publicly available list of all employers that re-locate a call center or contract call centers overseas, to make such companies ineligible for Federal grants or guaranteed loans, and to require disclosure of the physical location of business agents engaging in customer service communications, and for other purposes.

S. 2815

At the request of Mr. Schumer, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. Lankford) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2815, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the National Purple Heart Honor Medal.

S. 3131

At the request of Mr. Inhofe, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. Wicker) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3131, a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to establish a Maya Conservation Partnership program, to authorize appropriations for that program, and for other purposes.

S. 3350

At the request of Mr. Crapo, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Young) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3350, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to deem certain State Veterans homes meeting certain health and safety standards as meeting conditions and requirements for skilled nursing facilities under the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

S. 3544

At the request of Mr. Casey, the names of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen), the Senator from California (Ms. Harris) and the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet) were added as cosponsors of S. 3544, a bill to assist older Americans and people with disabilities affected by COVID-19.

S. 3599

At the request of Mr. Perdue, the names of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Heinrich), the Senator from Nevada (Ms. Rosen), the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Cranley) and the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Blunt) were added as cosponsors of S. 3599, a bill to enhance our Nation’s nurse and physician workforce during the COVID–19 crisis by recapturing unused immigrant visas.

S. 3612

At the request of Mr. Cornyn, the names of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Merkle) and the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. Lankford) were added as cosponsors of S. 3612, a bill to clarify for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that receipt of coronavirus assistance does not affect the tax treatment of ordinary business expenses.

S. 3635

At the request of Mr. Cotton, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Braun) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3635, a bill to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to maintain a list of the country of origin of all drugs marketed in the United States, to ban the use of Federal funds for the purchase of, or reimbursement for, drugs manufactured in China, and for other purposes.

S. 3660

At the request of Mr. Casey, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey) and the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. Manchin) were added as cosponsors of S. 3660, a bill to provide emergency funding for caseworkers and child protective services.

S. 3697

At the request of Mr. Murphy, the name of the Senator from Virginia (Mr. Kaine) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3697, a bill to modify the Restaurant Meals Program under the supplemental nutrition assistance program in response to COVID–19, and for other purposes.

S. 3698

At the request of Mr. Blumenthal, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 3698, a bill to expand compassionate release authority and elderly home confinement access for offenders with heightened coronavirus risk.

S. 3701

At the request of Ms. Klobuchar, the names of the Senator from New York (Mrs. Gillibrand), the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. Baldwin), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. Booker), the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Wyden) and the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Merkle) were added as cosponsors of S. 3701, a bill to require the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, to promulgate regulations to provide support to institutions of higher education for the provision of certain equipment and services to those institutions, and for other purposes.

S. 3736

At the request of Mr. Casey, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. Blumenthal) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3736, a bill to increase access to food delivery under the supplemental nutrition assistance program to address the Coronavirus Disease 2019, and for other purposes.

S. 3748

At the request of Ms. Klobuchar, the names of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Casey) and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey) were added as cosponsors of S. 3747, a bill to help charitable nonprofit organizations provide services to meet the increasing demand in community needs caused by the coronavirus pandemic, preserve and create jobs in the nonprofit sector, reduce unemployment, and promote economic recovery.

S. 582

At the request of Mr. McConnel (for himself, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Alexander, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Benet, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Booker, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Braun, Mr. Brown, Mr. Burr, Ms. Cantwell, Mrs. Capito, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Carper, Mr. Casey, Mr. Cassidy, Ms. Collins, Mr. Coons, Mr. Cornyn, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Cramer, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Daines, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Enzi, Ms. Ernst, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Fischer, Mr. Gardner, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Graham, Mr. Grassley, Ms. Harris, Ms. Hassan, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Heinz, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Hoeven, Mrs. Hyde-Smith, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Jones, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. King, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Lee, Mrs. Loeffler, Mr. Machin, Mr. Marr, Mr. Markay, Ms. McSally, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Merkle, Mr. Moran, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Murphy, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Paul, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Peters, Mr. Portman, Mr. Reed, Mr. Risch, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Roy, Ms. Rosen, Mr. Rounds, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Sasise, Mr. Scott, Ms. Scott of Florida, Mr. Scott of South Carolina, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Shelby, Ms. Sinema, Ms. Smith, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Sullivan,
Mr. Tester, Mr. Thune, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Udall, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Warner, Ms. Warren, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Wyden, and Mr. Young) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to: S. RES. 582

Whereas Michael P. DiSilvestro will retire from the United States Senate after serving for over 30 years as the first Director of the Office of Senate Security, and in the Senate for over 37 years total, including numerous postponements of his retirement when the needs of the Senate prevailed upon him; Whereas he has been dedicated to protecting and facilitating the Senate’s ability to review, discuss, and act upon the most sensitive national security information in our Government; Whereas he represented the Senate boldly and effectively to the executive branch of Government as it delivered critical documents and briefings for the consideration and oversight of the Senate; Whereas his selfless dedication to the Senate’s constitutional function has made him a leader in planning and executing continuity programs for the Senate and Congress as a whole; Whereas, at great peril, he remained on the front line of service to the Senate in times of heinous attacks on Senate offices; Whereas he has upheld the highest standards and traditions of the Senate as a universally respected voice of nonpartisan professionalism and expertise; and Whereas he has earned the respect and esteem of the Senate: Now, therefore, be it Resolved, that May 23, 2020, as a token of the appreciation of the Senate for his long and faithful service, Michael P. DiSilvestro is hereby designated as Director Emeritus of Senate Security of the United States Senate.

SENATE RESOLUTION 583—HONORING THE LIFE AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF FORMER UNITED STATES SENATOR THOMAS ALLEN COBURN AND EXPRESSING CONDOLENCE TO THE FAMILY OF THOMAS ALLEN COBURN ON HIS PASSING

Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. Lankford, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Alexander, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Bennet, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Booker, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Braun, Mr. Brown, Mr. Burr, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Capito, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Carper, Mr. Casey, Mr. Cassidy, Ms. Collins, Ms. Coons, Mr. Cornyn, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Cranley, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Daines, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Enzi, Ms. Ernst, Mrs. Feinstein, Mrs. Fischer, Mr. Gardner, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Graham, Mr. Grassley, Ms. Harris, Ms. Hassan, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Heinrich, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Hoeven, Mrs. Hyde-Smith, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Jones, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. King, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Lee, Mrs. Loeffler, Mr. Mannchin, Mr. Markley, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Moran, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Murphy, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Paul, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Peters, Mr. Portman, Mr. Reed, Mr. Risch, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Romny, Mr. Rosen, Mr. Rounds, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Sasse, Mr. Schatz, Mr. Scott of Florida, Mr. Scott of South Carolina, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Shelby, Ms. Sinema, Ms. Smith, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Tester, Mr. Tune, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Udall, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Warner, Ms. Warren, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Wyden, and Mr. Young) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 583

Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn was born on March 14, 1948, to Anita Jooy and Orin Wesley Coburn in Casper, Wyoming; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn married his wife, Carolyn Denton, in 1968; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn graduated from Oklahoma State University in 1976; Whereas Thomas Allen and Carolyn Denton Coburn have—(1) 3 daughters, Callie, Katie, and Sarah; and (2) 9 grandchildren; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn ran the lens division of Coburn Optical Industries from 1970 to 1978; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn earned a medical degree from the University of Oklahoma Medical School, graduating with honors in 1973; Whereas, after graduating from the University of Oklahoma Medical School, Thomas Allen Coburn opened Maternal and Family Practice in Muskogee, Oklahoma, where Thomas Allen Coburn served more than 15,000 patients; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn was a dedicated physician whose focus on patients was inexhaustible; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn delivered approximately 4,000 babies during his career and would often see more than 30 patients in his office each day; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn was elected to the House of Representatives in 1994 and served as the Representative of the Second Congressional District of Oklahoma from 1995 to 2001; Whereas, during the 6 years that Thomas Allen Coburn served in the House of Representatives, Thomas Allen Coburn fought to end Federal spending on low-priority items and from Washington, DC, every week so that he could continue to serve his patients; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn served as a Deacon at the First Baptist Church in Muskogee, Oklahoma; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn served as a United States Senator from Oklahoma from 2005 to 2015; Whereas the annual “Waste Book” prepared by Thomas Allen Coburn became 1 of the more high-profile reports published each year and collectively, the annual reports highlighted trillions of dollars in questionable Federal spending on low-priority items for which taxpayers were paying; Whereas, in his farewell speech to the Senate, Thomas Allen Coburn—(1) said, “We do not have one problem we cannot solve. There is nothing too big for us. They are all solvable.”; and (2) encouraged the members of the Senate to work together to solve the big challenges faced by the United States; Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn would be remembered for—(1) an uncompromising integrity and passion for public service; (2) a profound commitment to fiscal responsibility and limited government; and (3) a deep, unwavering Christian faith; and Whereas Thomas Allen Coburn was a loving husband, father, grandfather, and son who passed away on March 28, 2020, at the age of 72: Now, therefore, be it Resolved, That—(1) the Senate—(a) has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of the Honorable Thomas Allen Coburn, former member of the United States Senate; (b) recognizes the life and achievements of the Honorable Thomas Allen Coburn; (c) expresses condolences to the family of the Honorable Thomas Allen Coburn on his passing; and (D) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate—(i) communicate this resolution to the Honorable Representatives; and (ii) transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to the family of the Honorable Thomas Allen Coburn; and (2) when the Senate adjourns today, it stand adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Honorable Thomas Allen Coburn.

SENATE RESOLUTION 584—TO CONSTITUTE THE MAJORITY PARTY’S MEMBERSHIP ON CERTAIN COMMITTEES FOR THE ONE HUNDRED SIXTEENTH CONGRESS, OR UNTIL THEIR SUCCESSORS ARE CHOSEN

Mr. McConnell submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 584

Resolved. That the following shall constitute the majority party’s membership on the following committee for the One Hundred Sixteenth Congress, or until their successors are chosen:

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE: Mr. Rubio (Chair), Mr. Burr, Mr. Risch, Ms. Collins, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Sasse.

SENATE RESOLUTION 585—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF MAY 1, 2020, AS “SILVER STAR SERVICE BANNER DAY”

Mr. Blunt (for himself and Mr. Hawley) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 585

Whereas the Senate has always honored the sacrifices made by the wounded and ill members of the Armed Forces; Whereas the Silver Star Service Banner has come to represent the members of the Armed Forces and veterans who were wounded or became ill in combat in the wars fought by the United States; Whereas the Silver Star Families of America was formed to help the people of the United States remember the sacrifices made by the wounded and ill members of the Armed Forces by designing and manufacturing Silver Star Service Banners and Silver Star Flags for that purpose; Whereas the mission of the Silver Star Families of America is to evoke memories of the sacrifices made by members of the Armed Forces and veterans on behalf of the United States through the presence of a Silver Star Service Banner in a window or a Silver Star Flag flying; Whereas the sacrifices made by members of the Armed Forces and veterans on behalf of the United States should never be forgotten; and...
Whereas May 1, 2020, is an appropriate date to designate as ‘‘Silver Star Service Banner Day’’: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the designation of May 1, 2020, as ‘‘Silver Star Service Banner Day’’; and

(2) calls upon the people of the United States to observe Silver Star Service Banner Day with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

SENATE RESOLUTION 586—DESIGNATING THE WEEK OF MAY 17 THROUGH MAY 23, 2020, AS ‘‘NATIONAL PUBLIC WORKS WEEK’’

Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Ms. HARRIS, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. CARPER, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. CRAMER, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. KING, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. SHAHEEN, Mrs. FISCHER, and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 586

Whereas public works infrastructure, facilities, and services are of vital importance to the health, safety, and well-being of the people of the United States;

Whereas public works infrastructure, facilities, and services could not be provided without the dedicated efforts of public works professionals, including engineers and administrators, who represent State and local governments throughout the United States;

Whereas public works professionals design, build, operate, and maintain the transportation systems, water infrastructure, sewage and refuse disposal systems, public buildings, sanitation and waste management systems, and other structures and facilities that are vital to the people and communities of the United States;

Whereas, during the ongoing COVID–19 pandemic, public works professionals have continued to provide essential services, placing themselves at increased risk of infection; and

Whereas understanding the role that public infrastructure plays in protecting the environment, improving public health and safety, contributing to economic vitality, and enhancing the quality of life of every community of the United States is in the interest of the people of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates the week of May 17 through May 23, 2020, as ‘‘National Public Works Week’’;

(2) recognizes and celebrates the important contributions that public works professionals make every day to improve—

(A) the public infrastructure of the United States; and

(B) the communities that public works professionals serve; and

(3) urges individuals and communities throughout the United States to join with representatives of the Federal Government and the American Public Works Association in activities and ceremonies that are designed—

(A) to pay tribute to the public works professionals of the United States; and

(B) to salute the substantial contributions that public works professionals make to the United States.

 SENATE RESOLUTION 587—EXpressing Support for the Designation of May 17, 2020, as ‘‘DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day’’ to raise Awareness of and Encourage Support for Research on Diffuse Intrinsic Pontine Glioma Tumors and Pediatric Cancers in General

Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. REED, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. CASEY, and Mr. BRAUN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 587

Whereas diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma (referred to in this preamble as ‘‘DIPG’’) tumors regularly affect 200 to 400 children in the United States each year;

Whereas brain tumors are the leading cause of cancer-related death among children;

Whereas, during childhood, DIPG tumors are—

(1) the second most common type of malignancy in childhood; and

(2) the leading cause of pediatric brain cancer deaths;

Whereas, with respect to a child who is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor and receives treatment, the median amount of time that the child survives after diagnosis is only 9 months;

Whereas, with respect to an individual who is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor, the rate of survival 5 years after diagnosis is approximately 2 percent;

Whereas the average age at which a child is diagnosed with a DIPG tumor is between 5 and 9 years, resulting in a life expectancy approximately 70 years shorter than the average life expectancy in the United States; and

Whereas the prognosis for children diagnosed with DIPG tumors has not improved over the past 40 years; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports—

(A) designating May 17, 2020, as ‘‘DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day’’; and

(B) efforts to—

(i) better understand diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors;

(ii) develop effective treatments for diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors; and

(iii) provide care for children with diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors and their families; and

(2) encourages all individuals in the United States to become more informed about—

(A) diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors;

(B) pediatric brain cancer in general; and

(C) challenges relating to research on pediatric cancers and ways to advance such research.

 SENATE RESOLUTION 588—Designating May 2020 as ‘‘ALS Awareness Month’’

Mr. BRAUN (for himself, Mr. COONS, Mr. COTTON, Mr. BENNETT, Ms. MC'SALLY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. JONES, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. PETERS, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. VAN HOLLLEN, Mr. WYDEN, Ms. SMITH, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. JOHNSON, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. ROSIN, Mr. CRAMER, Ms. HARRIS, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. CANTWELL, and Ms. KLOBUCHAR) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 588

Whereas amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (referred to in this preamble as ‘‘ALS’’) is a progressive neurodegenerative disease that affects nerve cells in the brain and the spinal cord;

Whereas the life expectancy for an individual with ALS is between 2 and 5 years, after the date on which the individual receives an ALS diagnosis;

Whereas ALS occurs throughout the world with no racial, ethnic, gender, or socioeconomic boundaries;

Whereas the 2 different types of ALS are sporadic ALS and familial ALS;

Whereas sporadic ALS—

(1) is the most common form of motor neuron disease in the United States;

(2) accounts for between 90 and 95 percent of all cases of ALS in the United States; and

(3) may affect any individual in any location;

Whereas familial ALS (commonly known as ‘‘FALS’’)—

(1) is inherited; and

(2) accounts for between 5 and 10 percent of all cases of ALS in the United States;

Whereas there is a 50 percent chance that each offspring of an individual with familial ALS will inherit the disease mutation for familial ALS and develop the disease;

Whereas, on average, the period between the date on which an individual first experiences symptoms of ALS and the date on which the individual is diagnosed with ALS is about 1 year;

Whereas the onset of ALS often involves muscle weakness or stiffness, and the progression of ALS results in the further weakening, wasting, and paralysis of—

(i) the muscles of the limbs and trunk; and

(ii) the muscles that control vital functions, such as speech, swallowing, and breathing;

Whereas ALS can strike individuals of any age but predominantly strikes adults;

Whereas it is estimated that tens of thousands of individuals in the United States have ALS at any given time;

Whereas, based on studies of the population of the United States, slightly more than 5,600 individuals in the United States are diagnosed with ALS each year, and 15 individuals in the United States are diagnosed with ALS each day;

Whereas, between 2015 and 2040, the number of ALS cases around the world is expected to increase nearly 70 percent; and

Whereas the majority of individuals with ALS die of respiratory failure;

Whereas military veterans are approximately twice as likely to be diagnosed with ALS than the general public in the United States;

Whereas individuals living with ALS provide support to those individuals with love, day-to-day care, and more; and

Whereas an individual with ALS, and the caregivers of such an individual, can be required to bear significant costs for medical care, equipment, and home health services for the individual as the disease progresses: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates May 2020 as ‘‘ALS Awareness Month’’;

(2) affirms the dedication of the Senate to working toward securing cures and better treatments for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (referred to in this resolution as ‘‘ALS’’) as soon as possible;
(3) recognizes the challenges that individu-
als with medically determined ALS face on a daily basis; and 
(4) commends the dedication of the family 
members, friends, organizations, volunteers, 
researchers, and caregivers across the United States 
that are working to improve the quality 
and length of life of ALS patients.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED
SA 1588. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amend-
ment designated by him to the bill S. 658, to provide for an accelerated ap-
proval pathway for certain drugs that are 
authorized to be lawfully marketed in other 
countries, which was referred to the Committee on 

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS
SA 1588. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amend-
ment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 658, to provide for an accelerated approval pathway for certain drugs that are authorized to be lawfully marketed in other countries; which was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions; as follows:

---

SEC. 2. ACCELERATED APPROVAL OF CERTAIN DRUGS FOR PRESCRIPTION THERAPIES

This Act may be cited as the "Accelerated
Drug Approval for Prescription Therapies Act" or the "ADAPT Act."

SEC. 5. ACCELERATED APPROVAL OF CERTAIN DRUGS THAT ARE AUTHORIZED TO BE LAWFULLY MARKETED IN OTHER COUNTRIES.

Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and 
Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended 
by inserting after section 3506 the fol-
lowing:

"SEC. 506-1. ACCELERATED APPROVAL OF CERTAIN DRUGS THAT ARE AUTHORIZED TO BE LAWFULLY MARKETED IN OTHER COUNTRIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may ap-
prove an application for approval for a drug or 
vaccine under subsection (c) or (d) of section 
3505 of this Act or under subsection (a) or 
(b) of section 351 of the Public Health Service 
Act, thereby authorized to be marketed in one or more of the countries in-
cluded in the list under section 802(b)(1) or 
the United Kingdom, upon a determination 
by the Secretary that the sponsor has sub-
mitted evidence sufficient to demonstrate all 
of the criteria under subsection (b)(1).

"(b) CRITERIA.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may ap-
prove a drug or vaccine under subsection (a) 
only if the Secretary determines that there is evidence that—

"(A) at the time of the application, the drug or 
vaccine is authorized to be marketed in a country 
listed in the section 802(b)(1) or the United Kingdom;

"(B) the drug or vaccine is safe and clini-
cally effective;

"(C) the manufacturer is capable of manu-
factoring the drug or vaccine safely and consis-
tently, and can assure the safety of the 
products.

"(D) all relevant United States patents or 
legal exclusivities are expired;

"(E) the drug or vaccine is not approved for mar-
keting in the United States;

"(F) the Secretary has not, because of any con-
cept of safety or effectiveness, rescinded or 
withdrawn any such approval; and

"(G) the drug or vaccine is intended for the 
treatment or prevention of a disease or con-
dition that poses a threat of epidemic or pan-
demic, including with respect to the 
coronavirus, that is intended to treat 
the coronavirus, including reduced risk of 
death, severe disease, and progression of 
symptoms in individuals exposed to the 
virus.

"(2) LIMITATION.—Approval of a drug or 
vaccine under this section may, as the Sec-
retary determines appropriate, be subject to 
1 or both of the following requirements:

"(A) The sponsor conduct appropriate post-
approval studies to verify and describe the 
predicted impact on irreversible morbidity or 
mortality or other clinical benefit of the 
drug or vaccine.

"(B) The sponsor submit copies of all pro-
motional materials related to the product 
during the preapproval review period and, 
following approval and for such period there-
after as the Secretary determines to be ap-
propriate, at least 30 days prior to dissemi-
nation of the materials.

"(c) TIMELINE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 
make a determination on an application de-
cribed in subsection (a) not later than 30 
days after the date of submission of such ap-
plication:

"(2) REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS DURING EPIDEMICS AND PANDEMICS.—In the case of an 
epidemic or pandemic, including with re-
spect to the coronavirus, the Secretary shall 
accept and review various portions of an ap-
plication submitted under this section on a 
or rolling basis, and the review of any part of 
an application so submitted shall be com-
pleted not later than 3 weeks after submis-
son.

"(d) CORONAVIRUS DEFINED.—The term 
'coronavirus' means SARS-CoV-2, COVID-19, 
or another coronavirus with epidemic poten-
tial.

"(e) REAL-TIME EPIDEMIC AND PANDEMIC VACCINE APPROVAL.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a vaccine 
approved under the authority of this section 
that is intended to treat or prevent diseases 
or conditions that pose a threat of an epi-
demic or pandemic, including the 
coronavirus, the Secretary shall share data 
information regarding the approval of the 
vaccine with the Advisory Committee on Im-
munization Practices of the Centers for Dis-
ease Control and Prevention as the review 
ears completion.

"(2) EVALUATION.—Any vaccine that has 
been approved under the authority of this 
section for an epidemic or pandemic-related 
disease or condition, including the 
coronavirus, shall be evaluated by the Advi-
sory Committee on Immunization Practices 
of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
vention not later than 1 week after the date 
of submission to the Advisory Committee by 
the Secretary of the vaccine.''.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. THUNE. Mr. President, I have 3 requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Sen-
ate, the following committees are au-
thorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, May 19, 2020, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

The Select Committee on Intell-
ligence is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, May 19, 2020, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CLEAN AIR AND NUCLEAR SAFETY

The Subcommittee on Clean Air and Nuclear Safety of the Committee on Environment and Public Works is au-
thorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, May 19, 2020, at 3 p.m., to conduct a hearing on the fol-
lowing nominations: Beth Harwell and 
Brian Noland to be Members of the 
Board of Directors, and Katherine Crytzer to be Inspector General of the 
Tennessee Valley Authority.

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I have a request for one committee to meet dur-
ing today's session of the Senate. It has the approval of the Majority and Minority leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Sen-
ate, the following committee is author-
ized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, May 19, 2020, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing on nominations.

RESOLUTIONS SUBMITTED TODAY

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Sen-
ate now proceed to the en bloc consid-
eration of the following Senate resolutions which were submitted earlier today: S. Res. 584, S. Res. 585, S. Res. 586, S. Res. 587, and S. Res. 588.

Without objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolutions en bloc.

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolu-
tions be agreed to, the preambles, where applicable, be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table, all en bloc.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 584) was agreed to.

(The resolution is printed in today's Record under "Submitted Resolu-
tions.")

The resolutions (S. Res. 585, S. Res. 586, S. Res. 587, and S. Res. 588) were agreed to.

(The resolutions, with their pre-
ambles, are printed in today's Record under "Submitted Resolutions.")

ORDERS FOR WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 2020

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the
Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until 10 a.m., Wednesday, May 20; further, that following the prayer and pledge, the morning hour be deemed expired, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and morning business be closed; further, that following leader remarks, the Senate proceed to executive session to resume consideration of the Manasco nomination under the previous order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. MCCONNELL. If there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that it stand adjourned under the provisions of S. Res. 583 and do so as a further mark of respect for the late Tom Coburn, former Senator for the State of Oklahoma.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 5:27 p.m., adjourned until Wednesday, May 20, 2020, at 10 a.m.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate:

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
LOUIS W. BREMER, OF CONNECTICUT, TO BE AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, VICE OWEN WEST.

UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION
EDWARD A. BURRIER, OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, TO BE DIPUTY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION. (NEW POSITION)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
MELANIE HARRIS HIGGINS, OF GEORGIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE REPUBLIC OF BURUNDI.

JEANNE MARIE MALONEY, OF VIRGINIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE KINGDOM OF ESWATINI.

JONATHAN PRATT, OF CALIFORNIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE REPUBLIC OF DJIBOUTI.

JAMES BROWARD STORY, OF SOUTH CAROLINA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE BOLIVARIAN REPUBLIC OF VENEZUELA.

HARRY S TRUMAN SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION
MICHAEL W. HAIN, OF KENTUCKY, TO BE A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE HARRY S TRUMAN SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION FOR A TERM EXPIRING DECEMBER 10, 2023. (REAPPOINTMENT)

IN THE MARINE CORPS

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 624:

To be major general

BRIG. GEN. AUSTIN E. RENFORTH

CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate May 19, 2020:

THE JUDICIARY
SCOTT H. RASH, OF ARIZONA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

WITHDRAWAL

Executive Message transmitted by the President to the Senate on May 19, 2020 withdrawing from further Senate consideration the following nomination:

KENNETH CHARLES CANTERBURY, JR., OF SOUTH CAROLINA, TO BE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS, AND EXPLOSIVES, VICE BYRON TODD JONES, RESIGNED, WHICH WAS SENT TO THE SENATE ON FEBRUARY 12, 2020.
Ms. GARCIA of Texas. Madam Speaker, I wish to take this opportunity to mark the passing of a former constituent, William P. (“Bill”) Bowes, Sr., who dedicated much of his life to bettering his community and future generations in the North Shore/North Channel area of Houston, TX. Bill Resided in his later years in Mont Belvieu, TX—but his contributions to the North Shore/North Channel area, where he spent much of his life, were truly inspiring. I want to take a moment to remember his extraordinary record of community service. Even as we mourn his passing on March 28.

Bill was a proud graduate of the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy in Kings Point, NY. He may have been born in Des Moines, IA—but, as we say in Texas—he became a Texan as quickly as possible. Along with his beloved wife, Barbara, Bill moved to Houston in the late 1960s to work for a cargo surveying business, which grew with the growth of the Port of Houston. He raised a family and dedicated what extra time he had to serving his community. Bill’s obituary, which follows, explains the impact he had on his community—my constituency. That impact was, in a word, extraordinary.

Few people have had a more positive effect on the North Shore/North Channel area than Bill Bowes. His work with the North Shore Rotary Club, of which he served as president at the age of 81 years young, benefitted a multitude of local, national and international charitable organizations. For decades, working with two Members of Congress, Bill helped select the most deserving young men and women in the Houston area for nomination to the nation’s service academies, including his beloved U.S. Merchant Marine Academy—helping them obtain an outstanding education while serving and protecting our country. In his later years, after moving to Mont Belvieu, he served on that town’s Planning and Zoning Commission.

All of that is encapsulated in the obituary that follows. One characteristic of Bill’s that his obituary doesn’t fully convey is his modesty. If you met Bill once, you were an instant friend—and you were a friend forever. But, if you met him just once, you’d never know the depth of his compassion; you’d never know how much he devoted to his community; and you’d never know just how much he loved his family. That was because of his modesty and humility. But ask anyone else, anyone who knew him, and they would tell you how much he’d done for others and how enormously proud he was of his family. Not all lions feel the need to roar.

To Bill’s family, most especially his loving children, Bill Jr., Suzie and Tom, and their spouses and their children—to Bill’s many friends throughout the Houston area—to those who benefited from his charitable activities and community service wherever they may have met him and a classmate friend’s honor. That was because of his modesty. If you met Bill once, you were an instant friend—and you were a friend forever. But, if you met Bill once, you were an instant friend—and you were a friend forever. This “bullet” symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.
In the last few years, one of Bill's favorite family activities was spending time at his ranch in Central Texas, where he was irremovable from his mower and tractor when he wasn't deer, hog and turkey watching or playing card games, dominoes and corn-hole with his family and friends.

In addition to Barbara, Bill was preceded in death by Judge John G. and Margaret Bowes; his brothers, Jimmy, John and Harry; his niece Anne Bowes; his nephew Doug Williamsen; and numerous other beloved family members and friends.

Bill is survived by a lifetime of friends too numerous to recount; citizens of the east Harp and Chambers County communities who have benefited from his love, devotion and charity for over 50 years; dear family friends and travelling companions, Bryan Wirwica and Diane Tom; his thoughtful, loving neighbors; and, most cherished of all, his family. Children: William P. ("Bill") Bowes, Jr. and daughter in law Trisha; Suzie Wilburn and son in law Mark ("Bo"); Tom Bowes and daughter in law Monica; and daughter in law Debra Bowes. His beloved grandchildren: Kelsey; Will; Haley; Bryan; Caitllyn; Ross; Mackenzie; and Kathleen.

Brothers and Sisters in Law: Barbara Bishop and husband Ed; Charles ("Chuck") and Paula Williamsen; Dana Bowes; and Carolyn Van Doren. Nieces and Nephews: Dennis Harper and wife Shelly; John and wife Gina; Lisa Young and husband Steve; Bob and wife Debbie; Jim and wife Karen; Kristy Rigot and husband Jeff; Margaret and husband Richard; and each of their children. Cousins: Marti; and Bob and wife Linda and their children. Bill is gone, but he will live on in the hearts and memories of those he touched during a life well lived.

A celebration of Bill's life will be held at a later date. Friends of Bill wishing to make a memorial contribution in Bill's name are asked to consider either: USMMA Alumni Asso. & Foundation (Class of 1962 Fund for Midshipman Professional & Leadership Development), 300 Steamboat Road, Kings Point, NY 11024 or North Shore Rotary Club, PO Box 9635, Houston, TX 77213 (In Memory of Bill Bowes).

REMEMBERING THE LIFE OF JOHN ELLIOTT
HON. TIM RYAN
OF OHIO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of John Elliott, of Fairview Park, Ohio, who passed away Friday, March 20, 2020 at the age of 83.

Mr. Elliott spent his career in law enforcement protecting the people of Northern Ohio. He played a key role at the height of Cleveland’s mob wars, and even helped start the land's mob wars, and even helped start the
titles both for his medical and civic leadership.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. CLEAVER. Madam Speaker, I regretfully missed one vote on Friday, May 15, 2020. I had intended to vote "yes" on roll call vote 107.
Mr. COLE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to speak on the tribal provisions included in H.R. 6800, the HEROS Act. I profusely disagree with this partisan legislation that was crafted by the majority behind closed doors, and with no input from the minority, however this legislation provides critical relief to Indian Country that must be noted. In the previous, bipartisan, and negotiated relief package, the CARES Act, Congress provided tribal governments with record breaking appropriations. The HEROS Act continues to build on what already has been funded with even more critical dollars and flexibility. Specifically, this bill appropriates $20 billion to the tribal government stabilization fund—money dedicated to tribal governments to offset the dramatic losses they are facing at this time. This funding would be used to help them continue to do the right thing and keep their employees on the job—paid, and supported—as our nation responds to, and recovers from the pandemic.

I would like to commend the Trump Administration for its active engagement in finding equitable solutions that meet the needs of all tribes. To date, the Administration has focused on ensuring that tribes have maximum flexibility to determine how they can best use the funds to respond to the needs of their citizens. To date, the Administration for its active engagement in finding equitable solutions that meet the needs of all tribes. To date, the Administration has focused on ensuring that tribes have maximum flexibility to determine how they can best use the funds to respond to the needs of their citizens.

This exemplary service and unprecedented legacy has earned the Armstead family the esteemed honor of having Peter, Earl, and Robert buried with full military honors. On behalf of the Fourth Congressional District of Michigan, I am honored today to recognize the Armstead Family and extend my highest appreciation for their sacrifice and commitment to Michigan and the United States of America.

HONORING THE LIFE OF KEITH COLE

HON. TREN KELLY
OF MISSISSIPPI
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I rise today in celebration of the life of Trooper Keith Cole who passed away last week after a courageous battle with cancer. Keith Cole was dedicated to his family, career, and community, and was a proud protector of the people of Lee County. I thank Mr. Cole for his commitment to the people of Mississippi, and for being a symbol of honor and integrity throughout his life.

Keith Cole was an active member of the Tupelo community. Graduating from Mooreville High School before attending Itawamba Community College, Mr. Cole pursued his lifelong dream of a career in law enforcement. He graduated from the Tupelo Police Academy and served as a Mississippi Highway Patrol Officer. Mr. Cole was dedicated to serving the people of Mississippi, but he was an ever-present husband and father to his wife of 17 years, Monica Jenkins Cole and his son Michael. He leaves behind a loving family who will carry on his memory.

Trooper Cole was a valiant officer of the law, a loving husband and father, and a pillar of his community. While we mourn his loss and honor his memory, we recognize that his impact on Lee County has been immeasurable. I wish my sincerest condolences to the family and friends of Trooper Cole.

TRIBUTE TO THE ARMSTEAD FAMILY

HON. JOHN R. MOOLENAAR
OF MICHIGAN
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. MOOLENAAR. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Armstead Family to commemorate their service and contributions to Michigan and the United States of America.

As residents of Michigan, Peter Armstead, Earl Armstead, and Robert Armstead all answered the call to serve and stood ready to pay the ultimate sacrifice for our nation. Their strength and courage will be marked by their burial in the Great Lakes National Cemetery, resting peacefully side-by-side. Their family has paid a great tribute to this country and they will be commemorated with this esteemed and well-deserved honor.

With a long family history dating back to the 1800s, Peter, Earl and Robert represent three generations of Armstead Family patriotism and dedication to serving on the front lines with the United States Military. Having served in three significant wars in American history—Peter as a Civil War Veteran, Earl as a World War I Veteran, and Robert Armstead as a World War II Veteran—the Armsteads have displayed enduring selflessness and tremendous sacrifice.

This exemplary service and unprecedented legacy has earned the Armstead family the esteemed honor of having Peter, Earl, and Robert buried with full military honors. On behalf of the Fourth Congressional District of Michigan, I am honored today to recognize the Armstead Family and extend my highest appreciation for their sacrifice and commitment to Michigan and the United States of America.

HONORING THE LIFE OF KEITH COLE

HON. TREN KELLY
OF MISSISSIPPI
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I rise today in celebration of the life of Trooper Keith Cole who passed away last week after a courageous battle with cancer. Keith Cole was dedicated to his family, career, and community, and was a proud protector of the people of Lee County. I thank Mr. Cole for his commitment to the people of Mississippi, and for being a symbol of honor and integrity throughout his life.

Keith Cole was an active member of the Tupelo community. Graduating from Mooreville High School before attending Itawamba Community College, Mr. Cole pursued his lifelong dream of a career in law enforcement. He graduated from the Tupelo Police Academy and served as a Mississippi Highway Patrol Officer. Mr. Cole was dedicated to serving the people of Mississippi, but he was an ever-present husband and father to his wife of 17 years, Monica Jenkins Cole and his son Michael. He leaves behind a loving family who will carry on his memory.

Trooper Cole was a valiant officer of the law, a loving husband and father, and a pillar of his community. While we mourn his loss and honor his memory, we recognize that his impact on Lee County has been immeasurable. I wish my sincerest condolences to the family and friends of Trooper Cole.

TRIBUTE TO THE ARMSTEAD FAMILY

HON. JOHN R. MOOLENAAR
OF MICHIGAN
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. MOOLENAAR. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Armstead Family to commemorate their service and contributions to Michigan and the United States of America.

As residents of Michigan, Peter Armstead, Earl Armstead, and Robert Armstead all answered the call to serve and stood ready to pay the ultimate sacrifice for our nation. Their strength and courage will be marked by their burial in the Great Lakes National Cemetery, resting peacefully side-by-side. Their family has paid a great tribute to this country and they will be commemorated with this esteemed and well-deserved honor.

With a long family history dating back to the 1800s, Peter, Earl and Robert represent three generations of Armstead Family patriotism and dedication to serving on the front lines with the United States Military. Having served in three significant wars in American history—Peter as a Civil War Veteran, Earl as a World War I Veteran, and Robert Armstead as a World War II Veteran—the Armsteads have displayed enduring selflessness and tremendous sacrifice.

This exemplary service and unprecedented legacy has earned the Armstead family the esteemed honor of having Peter, Earl, and Robert buried with full military honors. On behalf of the Fourth Congressional District of Michigan, I am honored today to recognize the Armstead Family and extend my highest appreciation for their sacrifice and commitment to Michigan and the United States of America.

HONORING THE LIFE OF KEITH COLE

HON. TREN KELLY
OF MISSISSIPPI
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I rise today in celebration of the life of Trooper Keith Cole who passed away last week after a courageous battle with cancer. Keith Cole was dedicated to his family, career, and community, and was a proud protector of the people of Lee County. I thank Mr. Cole for his commitment to the people of Mississippi, and for being a symbol of honor and integrity throughout his life.

Keith Cole was an active member of the Tupelo community. Graduating from Mooreville High School before attending Itawamba Community College, Mr. Cole pursued his lifelong dream of a career in law enforcement. He graduated from the Tupelo Police Academy and served as a Mississippi Highway Patrol Officer. Mr. Cole was dedicated to serving the people of Mississippi, but he was an ever-present husband and father to his wife of 17 years, Monica Jenkins Cole and his son Michael. He leaves behind a loving family who will carry on his memory.

Trooper Cole was a valiant officer of the law, a loving husband and father, and a pillar of his community. While we mourn his loss and honor his memory, we recognize that his impact on Lee County has been immeasurable. I wish my sincerest condolences to the family and friends of Trooper Cole.

TRIBUTE TO THE ARMSTEAD FAMILY

HON. JOHN R. MOOLENAAR
OF MICHIGAN
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. MOOLENAAR. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Armstead Family to commemorate their service and contributions to Michigan and the United States of America.

As residents of Michigan, Peter Armstead, Earl Armstead, and Robert Armstead all answered the call to serve and stood ready to pay the ultimate sacrifice for our nation. Their strength and courage will be marked by their burial in the Great Lakes National Cemetery, resting peacefully side-by-side. Their family has paid a great tribute to this country and they will be commemorated with this esteemed and well-deserved honor.

With a long family history dating back to the 1800s, Peter, Earl and Robert represent three generations of Armstead Family patriotism and dedication to serving on the front lines with the United States Military. Having served in three significant wars in American history—Peter as a Civil War Veteran, Earl as a World War I Veteran, and Robert Armstead as a World War II Veteran—the Armsteads have displayed enduring selflessness and tremendous sacrifice.

This exemplary service and unprecedented legacy has earned the Armstead family the esteemed honor of having Peter, Earl, and Robert buried with full military honors. On behalf of the Fourth Congressional District of Michigan, I am honored today to recognize the Armstead Family and extend my highest appreciation for their sacrifice and commitment to Michigan and the United States of America.

HONORING THE LIFE OF KEITH COLE

HON. TREN KELLY
OF MISSISSIPPI
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. KELLY of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, I rise today in celebration of the life of Trooper Keith Cole who passed away last week after a courageous battle with cancer. Keith Cole was dedicated to his family, career, and community, and was a proud protector of the people of Lee County. I thank Mr. Cole for his commitment to the people of Mississippi, and for being a symbol of honor and integrity throughout his life.

Keith Cole was an active member of the Tupelo community. Graduating from Mooreville High School before attending Itawamba Community College, Mr. Cole pursued his lifelong dream of a career in law enforcement. He graduated from the Tupelo Police Academy and served as a Mississippi Highway Patrol Officer. Mr. Cole was dedicated to serving the people of Mississippi, but he was an ever-present husband and father to his wife of 17 years, Monica Jenkins Cole and his son Michael. He leaves behind a loving family who will carry on his memory.

Trooper Cole was a valiant officer of the law, a loving husband and father, and a pillar of his community. While we mourn his loss and honor his memory, we recognize that his impact on Lee County has been immeasurable. I wish my sincerest condolences to the family and friends of Trooper Cole.
I join all Arkansans in congratulating Michael on this achievement and look forward to seeing more of his work throughout Little Rock in the years to come.

HONORING THE NURSES OF PARKLAND HEALTH & HOSPITAL SYSTEM IN DALLAS, TEXAS

HON. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON
OF TEXAS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Ms. JOHNSON of Texas. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and honor the nurses of Parkland Health & Hospital System in Dallas, Texas, for their commitment to serving their patients and our community during this novel coronavirus pandemic.

Madam Speaker, the sacrifices that the nurses fighting COVID–19 have been immense. At Parkland Memorial Hospital, over 300 medical staffers are caring for coronavirus patients in the Tactical Care Unit. One of these nurses has moved into an RV and has not seen her 7-month-old daughter in more than five weeks. Another has only had contact with her 2-year-old when she wore an N95 mask and returned home on her birthday hug. A third, who lives alone, has volunteered for every shift she can get to nurse the most critically ill COVID–19 victims.

As the first registered nurse elected to Congress, I am deeply aware of the sacrifices and expertise that medical professionals bring to their work, and I honor their selfless, dedicated service during this public health crisis. What our society is asking of them, the support staff, and all their families is immense, and we must endeavor to provide absolutely every possible resource for their work. This means that the current nationwide struggles to acquire personal protective equipment and testing materials are unacceptable, and I am committed to pushing for all our essential medical professionals to be properly equipped to provide the care our communities need and depend on at this time.

Madam Speaker, the contributions of the medical professionals serving in the city of Dallas, state of Texas, these United States, and across the globe are truly immeasurable. Therefore, on behalf of the U.S. House of Representatives and Texas’ 30th Congressional District, I ask that my colleagues join me in recognizing and honoring the sacrifices and commitment of these essential medical staff members during this unprecedented novel coronavirus pandemic.

HEALTH AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY OMNIBUS EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS ACT

SPRECH OF
HON. SUZANNE BONAMICI
OF OREGON
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, May 15, 2020

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 6800, the Health and Economic Recovery Omnibus Emergency Solutions (HEROES) Act. Our nation is experiencing unprecedented job loss as our communities deal with a global health pandemic that is responsible for the deaths of more than 85,000 individuals in our country in just the past few months. We cannot wait another day, another week, or another month to take action. Our communities need help now and they are looking to Congress to lead. I’m grateful for the leadership of the House of Representatives, Speaker PELOSI, and our committee chairs and staff for working with us to put together an ambitious bill that will send needed help to individuals and families in the form of an additional direct stimulus payment to our state and local governments, which are experiencing extreme budget shortfalls; and to our small businesses that are the backbone of our local economies and the heart of our communities. Although I am disappointed that the bill does not include several provisions including ongoing payments for individuals and families, additional funding to support child care, and a strong investment in our workforce systems, among other things, I will support this step forward.

We heard loud and clear from our state and local governments—they need more support to keep our communities safe. This bill includes $915 billion in emergency funding to state and local governments, funding that can be used to help prevent teacher job loss and funding cuts to education and, importantly, the bill expands the use of funds to cover lost, delayed, or decreased revenue from the public health emergency. The HEROES Act also includes $90 billion for the State Fiscal Stabilization Fund that can be used to provide emergency support to students—including Dreamers, who were previously excluded from receiving emergency grants—schools, and institutions of higher education. These funds are critical to our colleges and universities, addressing student mental health needs, and purchasing technology and mobile hotspots to support distance learning. Under this proposal, my home state of Oregon would receive approximately $980 million.

During this public health crisis, no one should have to choose between affording basic needs or making payments on their student loans. The CARES Act suspended involuntary collection like wage garnishment or reduction of Social Security payments for delinquent federal student loans. The HEROES Act follows my recommendation to extend these protections to all borrowers, including those who have privately held student loans.

Building on my earlier efforts to make sure K12 students can access school meals during school closures, this legislation funds school meal and child and adult care food programs with emergency relief that will help schools continue to meet the needs of children and their families. This bill will further support schools to help families access nutritious meals by increasing the SNAP benefit level by 15 percent.

I am grateful that this bill provides $7 billion for child care, but this is far from the investment that is needed to support families, providers, and the child care workforce at this critical time. I will continue to fight for significant additional funding in future relief packages. If child care is not available and affordable, families will not be able to return to work. Additionally, I will continue to fight for additional funding for the Community Services Block Grant program to support the vital anti-poverty work of the more than 1,000 Community Action agencies across this country.

We cannot overcome this virus until we drastically increase our public health efforts. The HEROES Act provides crucial funding to conduct national testing, implement a contact tracing and surveillance strategy, and allow all Americans to seek treatment for COVID–19 without worrying about the cost. The bill also increases support for our frontline health care providers, invests in public health infrastructure, and expands access to health coverage whether employer-provided, publicly supported, or on the open market. The HEROES Act also provides key resources to older adults and people with disabilities. The bill provides an additional $85 million in funding for Older Americans Act (OAA) programs that were reauthorized earlier this year by legislation I was proud to lead. This means more resources for supportive services, nutrition programs, assistive technology, and elder rights protections and activities.

The direct payments to individuals in the CARES Act was an important first step, but I know that too many people in Northwest Oregon and across the country need more support during this health and economic crisis. Although this bill does not provide at least $2,000 per month for individuals through the duration of the pandemic, which I advocated for, it does provide a second stimulus payment of $1,200 to most individuals and temporarily, retroactively fixes a problem in CARES and will now extend direct payments to individuals filing with Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers.

More than 396,000 Oregonians have filed for unemployment insurance in the last two months. I know how important this support is during the pandemic, and I’m working in Congress to strengthen and expedite access to these benefits. The HEROES Act expands the additional $600 in federal benefits added to every weekly unemployment compensation check through January 2021, and it extends eligibility for self-employed individuals, gig economy workers, and independent contractors. This vital economic support must continue until workers can safely get back on the job. Also it is truly unfortunate that, despite the additional more comprehensive, the HEROES Act does not include the Paycheck Guarantee Act, legislation spearheaded by Congresswoman PRAMILA JAYAPAL. The Paycheck Guarantee Act would allow most individuals to stay on payroll during this national emergency and keep their benefits, and it would also significantly reduce the number of people filing for Unemployment Insurance. I will continue to advocate for creative approaches like the Paycheck Guarantee Act that maximize the benefits to workers and the economy while also reducing waste.

We need to do more to protect workers from hazardous conditions on the job, and I will keep fighting for workplace protections and personal protective equipment for all workers during the COVID–19 pandemic. I am an original cosponsor of the COVID–19 Every Worker Protection Act, and I’m pleased that it is included in the HEROES Act with additional funding for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Protecting essential workers during the pandemic is one of my top priorities, and I have also advocated for a premium paid to essential workers to recognize their role in sustaining our communities and the sacrifices they are making during the pandemic. The HEROES Act will provide frontline
workers who are in contact with patients, the public, or co-workers—including grocery store workers, health care workers, and first responders—with an additional $13 per hour in premium pay on top of regular wages, up to $10,000.

As our communities start to lift stay-at-home orders, all workers need access to paid family, medical, and sick leave benefits. The HEROES Act will help expand access to emergency paid sick leave and emergency paid family and medical leave by eliminating exempions for employers with workers, including hospitals, health care workers, home care workers, and long-term care workers. I worked with my colleagues to secure permanent paid sick leave and paid family and medical leave for all workers.

I started working at Legal Aid while I attended community college, and learned there that people do not struggle by choice. With our national economy upended, consumers face even greater financial hardships and predatory actors continue to take advantage of people’s need. We should have imple-
mented the strengthened consumer protections in the HEROES Act at the beginning of this crisis, and I have continued calls for their passage. I’m glad that the HEROES Act sus-
pends consumer debt collection during the COVID-19 pandemic, but for 120 days after the end of the national emergency to make sure consumers can fully recover. I worked with the Congressional Progressive Caucus to make debt collection suspension a priority in relief legislation.

We know that Oregonians are struggling through no fault of their own, and they should not be further harmed financially. Negative credit reporting will be suspended under the HEROES Act for the duration of this crisis and any future national emergencies. This is an essential step to safeguard consumers most affected by the current outbreak. I have also continued to call for medical debt collection and credit reporting suspensions—needed re-
forms to prevent a hospital visit from destroy-
ing the credit of consumers. I am glad to see that medical debt collection to consumers would not result in adverse credit information; however, we must give consumers the flexibility to settle their medical debt before it shows up on a credit report and we must con-
tinue to fight so everyone can access afford-
able health care.

The HEROES Act also clarifies the intent of the CARES Act by preventing the garnis-
ishment of unemployment benefits,美术 and housing for individuals facing economic dis-
aster because of their immigration status. The HEROES Act retroactively extends direct pay-
ments to mixed-status families and immigrants who file taxes using ITINs, and it expands eli-
gibility for other economic support. It removes barriers to testing, treatment, vaccines, and other health care based solely on immigration status and automatically extends work permits for individuals with DACA or TPS. The bill of-
ers protections from ICE removal and employ-
ment authorization for individuals in critical in-
dustries, including agricultural workers and meatpackers. It also requires ICE to review its detention policies and find alternatives for indi-
viduals not subject to mandatory detention.

Importantly, the HEROES Act strengthens our democratic institutions with new resources to ensure secure, modern, and accessible voting. I have put forward a proposal that responsibly ad-
daress the need we are currently facing while also acknowledging the potentially disastrous costs of doing too little. I urge all my colleagues to support our nurses, first re-
spenders, grocery workers, and all frontline heroes by supporting this legislation.

REMEMBERING THE LIFE OF JENNIE L. LANDOLF

HON. TIM RYAN OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. RYAN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Jennie L. Landolfi, 65, of Niles, Ohio, who passed away Friday, May 15, 2020, after a long and courageous battle with Multiple Sclerosis.

Jennie was born April 19, 1955, in Niles, the daughter of Gregory and Antonette “Toni” Landolfi. Jennie was a 1973 graduate of John F. Kennedy High School, attended Kent State University, graduated from the Trumbull Mem-
orial Hospital School of Nursing, and re-
cieved a master’s degree in adult health from...
the University of Akron. Jennie had a passion for emergency medical services and worked for many years in the emergency departments of Trumbull Memorial Hospital and Warren General Hospital. She created the paramedic training program in Trumbull County and trained countless EMTs throughout Northeastern Ohio. A lifelong member of Our Lady of Mount Carmel Catholic Church, Jennie loved her nephews, her dogs, vacations in the sun and the friends of her Red Hat Society and card clubs with whom she shared adventures and laughs.

She will be sadly missed by her brother, John and his wife, Chrissie of Columbus; and her three nephews, Johnny, Dante and Marco; as well as numerous aunts, uncles and cousins.

My heartfelt condolences go out to Jennie’s family, and all whose lives she so deantly touched. I thank Jennie for her tireless work taking care of the people in the Mahoning Valley.

CITIZEN SOLDIER HEROES

HON. JOE WILSON
OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Madam Speaker, members of the South Carolina National Guard are heroes. During this challenging time, it is inspiring that South Carolina National Guard Service Members choose to serve the citizens of South Carolina. The National Guard continues to answer the call and assist communities affected by the Wuhan Virus. Here are six heroes in South Carolina.

Doctor (Col.) Phillip Latham is the state Air Surgeon for the South Carolina Air National Guard, serves as the South Carolina Air National Guard Medical lead and COVID–19 medical response coordinator. His efforts and accomplishments positively impact South Carolina communities daily.

Colonel Latham liaises with the South Carolina Hospital Association. He assists statewide medical surge planning and weekly regional response coordination meetings. Additionally, Colonel Latham has coordinated a patient transportation response plan, enhanced resource acquisition allocation, and regional planning for Tier 1 and Tier 2 alternate care sites, as well as improve emergency ambulance response protocols. He also worked through the South Carolina Hospital Association and South Carolina Manufacturers Empowerment program for the creation of centralized ordering and distribution of protective personal equipment. Engineering support state wide alternate care site surveys, identified and planned for possible infrastructure expansion to meet needs in excess of current regional hospital capacity. Lastly, he coordinated phase 2 testing and contact tracing plans in concert with the South Carolina Hospital Association, South Carolina Emergency Management Division, Department of Health and Environmental Control and National Guard leadership for a roll out of both diagnostic and immunity testing across the state.

Doctor (Lt. Col.) Vanessa Wideman, is the 169th Medical Group, Flight Surgeon. Lieutenant Colonel Wideman advised South Carolina National Guard leadership on COVID–19 mitigation efforts, mapped out McEntire Joint National Guard Base’s strategy and response for COVID–19, and advised 169th Fighter Wing leadership on Health Protection Condition (HPCON) levels. She continues to coordinate with the Center for Disease Control and Prevention to improve individualized member response to COVID–19 for potentially affected members.

Doctor (Lt. Col.) Fred Smith, is the 157th Fighter Squadron, Flight Surgeon. Lieutenant Colonel Smith’s testing efforts helped map out hospital networks across South Carolina. He also observed and provided oversight for the South Carolina National Guard—civilian partnership, in food distribution, and receiving, at Harvest Hope food bank.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul Laymon is the 169th Security Forces Squadron Commander. Lieutenant Colonel Laymon has coordinated, organized, planned, staffed, and co-lead the development of the COVID–19 Joint Task Force—Security (C-JTFS). He also developed new Operating Instructions for safe and secure entry onto McEntire Joint National Guard Base and national Guard’s Adversary Threat Assessment to include concerns over weaponization of the Novel Virus COVID–19.

Lastly, he coordinated with the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, and the South Carolina National Guard to set up the Georgia Air National Guard’s sanitizing “Train the Trainer” classes for the South Carolina National Guard. Furthermore, his efforts helped improve planning efforts and protective measures with the South Carolina Department of Commerce. Colonel Stewart also helped set up South Carolina’s food distribution in Horry County and facilitated the South Carolina Department of Motor Vehicle’s plan to use South Carolina National Guard armories across the state to enable social distancing between the public and DMV staff.

Second Lieutenant Trey Murphy is the Logistics Readiness Officer for the 169th Logistics Readiness Squadron. Second Lieutenant Murphy coordinated and hosted the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control, and Strategic Stockpile, (RSS) refresher training course, which showed how to manage distribution of Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) material. His efforts enabled his squadron to store over two-hundred pallets of personal protective equipment on more than fifty tactical convoys, serving all forty-six counties in South Carolina. He also coordinated the joint effort for the staging of US Army personnel and equipment in advance of civilian bus driver training conducted on McEntire Joint National Guard Base.

I am grateful to work with my colleagues in the 116th Congress to provide needed funding for vital personal protective equipment, material, and support for our Service Members and their families.

HONORING THE LIFE OF LENORA PRATHER

HON. J. FRENCH HILL
OF ARKANSAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. HILL of Arkansas. Madam Speaker, today, I recognize the 120th Medical Group and Arkansas Veterans Healthcare System that volunteered to help our sister facility in Louisiana: Erin Pitchford, Lana Tran, Latoya Johnson, Tonya Filbert, Teri Kennedy, Vickie Mabry, Ellen Shollmier, Linda Tate, Joe Wood, Nich ola Asman, and Michelle Frock.

In April, three teams of Central Arkansas Veterans Healthcare System Registered Nurses, Advanced Practice Registered Nurses, and Certified Registered Nurse Aesthetics traveled to New Orleans to support the Southeast Louisiana Veterans Healthcare System.

These 11 front-line heroes provided support to their sister VA facility during the initial surge of COVID–19 in Louisiana. The staff provided direct patient care in critical areas of the facility, including medical and surgical units.

The purpose of this united effort was to ensure the well-being of our veterans who have served our country.

I am proud our nurses are deployed, all those who stepped in to fill their shoes back home, and CAVHS for their compassion, clinical expertise, and their commitment to serving our veterans.
HONORING BEN KELLY

HON. JIMMY PANETTA
OF CALIFORNIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. PANETTA. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the life of Ben Kelly, an entrepreneur, surfboard shaper, and surfer on the central coast of California. Ben will be remembered for his kindness, adventurous spirit, and passion for his religious faith.

Ben Kelly was born in Orange County in Southern California. While attending Vanguard University in Costa Mesa, California, where he met his wife, Katie, Ben began shaping surfboard and eventually developed his own brand, Ben Kelly Surfboards.

Following his move to the central coast of California, Ben and Katie started their social media company, named Authentic Approach. This business encapsulated Ben’s quick embrace of his new community. Not only was he dedicated to the work he did with his wife to help others realize their dreams of starting and operating local businesses, but he also quickly established himself in the local surfing community on the Central Coast. Ben’s friends knew him as an adventurous young man who formed tight bonds with those around him and used his supportive and sincere nature to encourage friends to excel at their goals.

Ben was especially passionate about his deeply held Christian faith. As a member of Twin Lakes Church in Aptos, California, Ben channeled his faith to guide his generous nature and devotion to helping friends and strangers. Ben’s faith was a part of his daily life, finding daily lessons in the world around him and offering earnest guidance to anyone who needed help.

Ben will be remembered for his adventurous and generous spirit and his love for and devotion to his wife, Katie. We, as a community, celebrate his life well-lived. Madam Speaker, I ask that my colleagues join me in honoring the life of Ben Kelly.

AUTHORIZING REMOTE VOTING BY PROXY AND PROVIDING FOR OFFICIAL REMOTE COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS DURING A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY DUE TO A NOVEL CORONAVIRUS

SPREECH OF

HON. GUY RESCHENTHALER
OF PENNSYLVANIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, May 15, 2020

Mr. RESCHENTHALER. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to H. Res. 965, which is nothing more than a power grab by my Democrat colleagues that would upend over 200 years of precedent and have serious constitutional and institutional repercussions.

Across our nation, millions of Americans go to work every day to help their communities and defeat the COVID–19 outbreak. They expect their elected officials to do the same. But under the proposal put forth by House Democrats, 20 members would control Congress, while the rest stay home and cede their votes. Article 1, Section 5 of the U.S. Constitution states, “a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members.” At a time when traveling took days to weeks, rather than mere hours, our Founding Fathers recognized that while inconvenient, being physically present was necessary for good governance. And despite recent legislative sessions, which prove Members of Congress can conduct regular business in a safe manner, Democrats want to recklessly alter the U.S. House of Representatives as our founders designed it.

In addition to throwing out 230 years of tradition, H. Res. 965 stifles the voices of tens of millions of Americans. As long as these rules are in place, House leadership will control every step of the legislative process. Rank and file members will be cut out of lawmaking completely, in turn denying the people they represent a seat at the table.

Republican Leader KEVIN MCCARTHY, Rules Committee Ranking Member TOM COLE, and Administration Committee Ranking Member RODNEY DAVIS put forward a detailed plan for how the House can continue operations during this crisis. House Republicans stand ready to find bipartisan solutions that ensure members can fulfill their constitutional duties. But the resolution proposed by House Democrats is not the answer.

Mr. Speaker, our country has faced serious challenges since its founding, including the Spanish influenza. For the first time in our history, a single party is taking advantage of a crisis to jam through unprecedented and unconstitutional changes that will forever alter Congress. Such changes will forever alter the U.S. House of Representatives as our founding Fathers recognized it.

Ben was a true hero in his community and the surfing community on the Central Coast. He will be greatly missed, and he serves as an inspiration to all of us who work to ensure that the U.S. House of Representatives can continue to serve the People.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. VICENTE GONZALES
OF TEXAS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. GONZALEZ of Texas. Madam Speaker, I was unable to cast my vote on May 15, 2020 for Roll Call Vote 105, Roll Call Vote 106, Roll Call Vote 107, Roll Call Vote 108, and Roll Call Vote 109 as I am on doctors’-ordered bed rest after sustaining a fall two weeks ago. Had I been present, my vote would have been the following: Yea on Roll Call Vote 105, Yea on Roll Call Vote 106, Yea on Roll Call Vote 107, Nay on Roll Call Vote 108, and Yea on Roll Call Vote 109.

RECOGNIZING SOPHIA SAID

HON. J. FRENCH HILL
OF ARKANSAS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Mr. HILL of Arkansas. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and congratulate Sophia Said for receiving the 2019 FBI Director’s Community Leadership Award.

Ms. Said is currently the Chairwoman of the Madina Institute and Mosque located in my hometown of Little Rock, Arkansas. She is also the Executive Director of the Interfaith Center of Arkansas.

Established in 1990 to honor individuals for their efforts in fighting crime, terrorism, and violence in the United States, the FBI Director’s Community Leadership Award is a true testament to the work Ms. Said has led to combat violence and hate crimes against religious groups in Arkansas.

Ms. Said has brought together law enforcement agencies, religious congregations, and community leaders for FBI-lead trainings to prevent terrorist attacks in Arkansas. On behalf of all Arkansans, I thank Ms. Said for her devotion to protecting our Arkansas communities, and congratulations on this deserving recognition.
Tuesday, May 19, 2020

Daily Digest

Senate

Chamber Action

Routine Proceedings, pages S2481–S2509

Measures Introduced: Fifteen bills and seven resolutions were introduced, as follows: S. 3756–3770, and S. Res. 582–588. Pages S2503–04

Measures Passed:

Michael P. DiSilvestro Retirement: Senate agreed to S. Res. 582, designating Michael P. DiSilvestro as Director Emeritus of Senate Security of the United States Senate. Page S2483

Honoring the life and achievements of former United States Senator Thomas Allen Coburn: Senate agreed to S. Res. 583, honoring the life and achievements of former United States Senator Thomas Allen Coburn and expressing condolences to the family of Thomas Allen Coburn on his passing. Pages S2497–98

Committee membership: Senate agreed to S. Res. 584, to constitute the majority party’s membership on certain committees for the One Hundred Sixteenth Congress, or until their successors are chosen. Page S2508

Silver Star Banner Day: Senate agreed to S. Res. 585, expressing support for the designation of May 1, 2020, as “Silver Star Banner Day”. Page S2508

National Public Works Week: Senate agreed to S. Res. 586, designating the week of May 17 through May 23, 2020, as “National Public Works Week”. Page S2508

DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day: Senate agreed to S. Res. 587, expressing support for the designation of May 17, 2020, as “DIPG Pediatric Brain Cancer Awareness Day” to raise awareness of and encourage research on diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma tumors and pediatric cancers in general. Page S2508

ALS Awareness Month: Senate agreed to S. Res. 588, designating May 2020 as “ALS Awareness Month”. Page S2508

Manasco, Heil, and Badalamenti Nominations—Agreement: A unanimous-consent agreement was reached providing that notwithstanding the provisions of Rule XXII, the votes on the motions to invoke cloture with respect to the nominations of Anna M. Manasco, to be United States District Judge for the Northern District of Alabama, and John F. Heil III, to be United States District Judge for the Northern, Eastern and Western Districts of Oklahoma, occur at 11 a.m. and 12:30 p.m., respectively, on Wednesday, May 20, 2020; that notwithstanding the provisions of Rule XXII, if cloture is invoked on the nominations, the votes on confirmation of the nominations occur at 3 p.m. and 4:30 p.m., respectively, on Wednesday, May 20, 2020; provided further that following disposition of the nomination of John F. Heil III, the motion to invoke cloture ripen with respect to the nomination of John Leonard Badalamenti, to be United States District Judge for the Middle District of Florida; and that if any of the nominations are confirmed, the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table. Page S2500

A unanimous-consent agreement was reached providing that Senate resume consideration of the nomination of Anna M. Manasco, to be United States District Judge for the Northern District of Alabama, at approximately 10 a.m., on Wednesday, May 20, 2020. Pages S2508–09

Nominations Confirmed: Senate confirmed the following nominations:

By 74 yeas 20 nays (Vote No. EX. 94), Scott H. Rash, of Arizona, to be United States District Judge for the District of Arizona. Pages S2485–92

By 49 yeas 43 nays (Vote No. EX. 96), James E. Trainor III, of Texas, to be a Member of the Federal Election Commission for a term expiring April 30, 2023. Pages S2493–97, S2498–S2500

During consideration of this nomination today, Senate also took the following action:

By 50 yeas to 43 nays (Vote No. EX. 95), Senate agreed to the motion to close further debate on the nomination. Page S2493

Nominations Received: Senate received the following nominations:

Louis W. Bremer, of Connecticut, to be an Assistant Secretary of Defense.
Edward A. Burrier, of the District of Columbia, to be Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation.

Melanie Harris Higgins, of Georgia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Counselor, to be Ambassador to the Republic of Burundi.

Jeanne Marie Maloney, of Virginia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador to the Kingdom of Eswatini.

Jonathan Pratt, of California, to be Ambassador to the Republic of Djibouti.

James Broward Story, of South Carolina, to be Ambassador to the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

Michael W. Hail, of Kentucky, to be a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation for a term expiring December 10, 2023.

1 Marine Corps nomination in the rank of general.

Nomination Withdrawn: Senate received notification of withdrawal of the following nomination:

Kenneth Charles Canterbury, Jr., of South Carolina, to be Director, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, which was sent to the Senate on February 12, 2020.

Messages from the House: Page S2502

Executive Communications: Page S2502

Executive Reports of Committees: Pages S2502–03

Additional Cosponsors: Pages S2504–05

Statements on Introduced Bills/Resolutions: Pages S2505–08

Additional Statements: Pages S2501–02

Amendments Submitted: Page S2508

Authorities for Committees to Meet: Page S2508

Record Votes: Three record votes were taken today. (Total—96) Pages S2492–93, S2500

Adjournment: Senate convened at 10 a.m. and adjourned, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the late Senator Thomas Allen Coburn, in accordance with S. Res. 583, at 5:27 p.m., until 10 a.m. on Wednesday, May 20, 2020. (For Senate’s program, see the remarks of the Majority Leader in today’s Record on pages S2508–09.)

Committee Meetings

(Committees not listed did not meet)

BUSINESS MEETING

Committee on Armed Services: Committee ordered favorably reported the nominations of Kenneth J. Braithwaite, of Pennsylvania, to be Secretary of the Navy, James H. Anderson, of Virginia, to be a Deputy Under Secretary, and Victor G. Mercado, of California, to be an Assistant Secretary, all of the Department of Defense, and 2,647 nominations in the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

CARES ACT

Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs: Committee concluded a hearing to examine the quarterly CARES Act report to Congress, after receiving testimony from Steven T. Mnuchin, Secretary of the Treasury; and Jerome H. Powell, Chair, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

NOMINATIONS

Committee on Environment and Public Works: Subcommittee on Clean Air and Nuclear Safety concluded a hearing to examine the nominations of Beth Harwell, of Tennessee, and Brian Noland, of Tennessee, both to be a Member of the Board of Directors of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and Katherine A. Crytzer, of Tennessee, to be Inspector General of the Tennessee Valley Authority, after the nominees, who were introduced by Senators Alexander and Blackburn, testified and answered questions in their own behalf.

BUSINESS MEETING

Select Committee on Intelligence: Committee ordered favorably reported the nomination of John L. Ratcliffe, of Texas, to be Director of National Intelligence.

House of Representatives

Chamber Action

Public Bills and Resolutions Introduced: 39 public bills, H.R. 6918–6956; and 1 resolution, H.Res. 972 were introduced.

Additional Cosponsors: Pages H2271–72

Reports Filed: There were no reports filed today.

Oath of Office—Twenty-Fifth Congressional District of California: Representative-elect Mike Garcia
presented himself in the well of the House and was administered the Oath of Office by the Speaker. Earlier, the Clerk of the House transmitted a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Jana M. Lean, Chief, Elections Division, California Secretary of State, indicating that, according to the preliminary results of the Special Election held May 12, 2020, the Honorable Mike Garcia was elected Representative to Congress for the Twenty-Fifth Congressional District, State of California.

Oath of Office—Seventh Congressional District of Wisconsin: Representative-elect Thomas P. Tiffany presented himself in the well of the House and was administered the Oath of Office by the Speaker. Earlier, the Clerk of the House transmitted a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Meagan Wolfe, Administrator, Wisconsin Elections Commission, indicating that, according to the preliminary results of the Special Election held May 12, 2020, the Honorable Thomas P. Tiffany was elected Representative to Congress for the Seventh Congressional District, State of Wisconsin.

Whole Number of the House: The Speaker announced to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath to the gentleman from California and the gentleman from Wisconsin, the whole number of the House is 432.

Quorum Calls—Votes: There were no Yea and Nay votes, and there were no Recorded votes. There were no quorum calls.

Adjournment: The House met at 10:30 a.m. and adjourned at 10:48 a.m.

**Committee Meetings**

No hearings were held.

**Joint Meetings**

No joint committee meetings were held.

**COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 2020**

(Committee meetings are open unless otherwise indicated)

**Senate**

Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation: business meeting to consider S. 2894, to establish a National Shipper Advisory Committee, S. 2904, to direct the Director of the National Science Foundation to support research on the outputs that may be generated by generative adversarial networks, otherwise known as deepfakes, and other comparable techniques that may be developed in the future, S. 3681, to require a joint task force on the operation of air travel during and after COVID–19 pandemic, S. 3704, to amend the Scientific and Advanced-Technology Act of 1992 to further support advanced technological manufacturing, S. 3712, to require the Secretary of Commerce to establish national cybersecurity grand challenges, S. 3717, to require the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information to submit to Congress a plan for the modernization of the information technology systems of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, S. 3728, to require the Secretary of Transportation to support the efforts of State and local governments to provide for priority testing of essential critical infrastructure workers with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19), S. 3729, to provide relief for the recipients of financial assistance awards from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, an original bill entitled, “Registered Traveler Act of 2020”, an original bill entitled “Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2020”, and the nominations of Neil Jacobs, of North Carolina, to be Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere, Finch Fulton, of Alabama, and Diana Furchtgott-Roth, of Maryland, both to be an Assistant Secretary of Transportation, John Chase Johnson, of Oklahoma, to be Inspector General, Federal Communications Commission, Joseph Ryan Gruters, of Florida, Leon A. Westmoreland, of Georgia, and Rick A. Dearborn, of Oklahoma, each to be a Director of the Amtrak Board of Directors, and routine lists in the Coast Guard, 10 a.m., SD–G50.

Committee on Energy and Natural Resources: to hold hearings to examine the nomination of Mark Wesley Menezes, of Virginia, to be Deputy Secretary of Energy, 2:30 p.m., SD–106.

Committee on Environment and Public Works: to hold an oversight hearing to examine the Environmental Protection Agency, 10 a.m., SD–106.

Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs: business meeting to consider a motion to issue a subpoena to Blue Star Strategies as described in Schedule A, and the nomination of Brian D. Miller, of Virginia, to be Special Inspector General for Pandemic Recovery, 11:30 a.m., SR–325.

Committee on the Judiciary: to hold hearings to examine the nomination of Cory T. Wilson, of Mississippi, to be United States Circuit Judge for the Fifth Circuit, 2:30 p.m., SD–G50.

**House**

No hearings are scheduled.
Next Meeting of the SENATE
10 a.m., Wednesday, May 20

Senate Chamber

Program for Wednesday: Senate will resume consideration of the nomination of Anna M. Manasco, to be United States District Judge for the Northern District of Alabama, and vote on the motion to invoke cloture thereon at 11 a.m. If cloture is invoked, Senate will vote on confirmation of the nomination at 3 p.m.

At 12:30 p.m., Senate will resume consideration of the nomination of John F. Heil III, to be United States District Judge for the Northern, Eastern and Western Districts of Oklahoma, and vote on the motion to invoke cloture thereon. If cloture is invoked, Senate will vote on confirmation of the nomination at 4:30 p.m.

Next Meeting of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
11 a.m., Friday, May 22

House Chamber

Program for Friday: House will meet in Pro Forma session at 11 a.m.

Extensions of Remarks, as inserted in this issue

HOUSE
Bonamici, Suzanne, Ore., E466
Cleaver, Emanuel, Mo., E464
Cole, Tom, Okla., E465
Garcia, Sylvia R., Tex., E463
Gonzalez, Vicente, Tex., E469
Hill, J. French, Ark., E464, E465, E468, E469
Johnson, Eddie Bernice, Tex., E466
Kelly, Trent, Miss., E464, E465, E469
Mitchell, Paul, Mich., E469
Moolenaar, John R., Mich., E465
Panetta, Jimmy, Calif., E469
Reschenthaler, Guy, Pa., E469
Ryan, Tim, Ohio, E464, E467
Wilson, Joe, S.C., E464, E465, E468

Congressional Record The Congressional Record (USPS 087-390). The Periodicals postage is paid at Washington, D.C. The public proceedings of each House of Congress, as reported by the Official Reporters thereof, are printed pursuant to directions of the Joint Committee on Printing as authorized by appropriate provisions of Title 44, United States Code, and published for each day that one or both Houses are in session, excepting very infrequent instances when two or more unusually small consecutive issues are printed one time. ¶ Public access to the Congressional Record is available online through the U.S. Government Publishing Office, at www.govinfo.gov, free of charge to the user. The information is updated online each day the Congressional Record is published. For more information, contact the GPO Customer Contact Center, U.S. Government Publishing Office. Phone 202-512-1800, or 866-512-1800 (toll-free), E-Mail, contactcenter@gpo.gov. ¶ To place an order for any of these products, visit the U.S. Government Online Bookstore at: bookstore.gpo.gov. Mail orders to: Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000, or phone orders to 866-512-1800 (toll-free), 202-512-1800 (D.C. area), or fax to 202-512-2104. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or use VISA, MasterCard, Discover, American Express, or GPO Deposit Account. ¶ Following each session of Congress, the daily Congressional Record is revised, printed, permanently bound and sold by the Superintendent of Documents in individual parts or by sets. ¶ With the exception of copyrighted articles, there are no restrictions on the republication of material from the Congressional Record.

POSTMASTER: Send address changes to the Superintendent of Documents, Congressional Record, U.S. Government Publishing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, along with the entire mailing label from the last issue received.