harasses its own citizens who attempt to discuss or commemorate Tiananmen Square protests and their violent suppression;

Whereas the Tiananmen Mothers—a group in China led by parents and family members of individuals killed on or around June 4, 1989—have annually called upon the Government of China to reveal the truth of the event;

Whereas people of mainland China and Macau are again barred this year from commemorating the lives lost and the legacy of the 1989 massacre;

Whereas the Government of China continues to view the demands of the Tiananmen protestors, including democracy, transparency, rights protections, and freedom of expression, as threats to the legitimacy of the Chinese Communist Party’s hold on political power;

Whereas the people of Hong Kong have commemorated the Tiananmen massacre each year faithfully in large numbers; whereas the Hong Kong Police Force has blocked the annual candlelight vigil to commemorate Tiananmen this year;

Whereas Hong Kong’s guaranteed freedoms and the rule of law have allowed it to be a prosperous bridge between mainland China and the world;

Whereas Hong Kong’s autonomy and freedoms have been eroded by the actions of the Government of Hong Kong and the Government of China, particularly over the past several years, with disqualifications of elected members of Hong Kong’s Legislative Council, blocking citizen participation in public life, or actions calling for the type of political reforms that would allow residents of Hong Kong to speak and associate freely, including those who gathered in Tiananmen Square in 1989 and including over one million Uyghurs and other predominately Muslim ethnic minorities who face mass internment and surveillance, forced labor and family separations, and who are often forced to renounce their faith; and

Whereas, on this day, we stand in solidarity with human rights lawyers, labor and free speech advocates, religious groups, and ethnic minorities in China, such as Tibetans, and also predominately Muslim ethnic minorities who face mass internment and surveillance, forced labor and family separations, and who are often forced to renounce their faith;

Whereas, on this day, we remember the words of the late Nobel Laureate Liu Xiaobo, who said there is ‘‘no force that can put an end to the human quest for freedom, and China will in the end become a nation ruled by law, where human rights reign supreme’’; Now, therefore, be it—

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) will commemorate the Tiananmen protests and their violent repression at least until such time as those who gathered in Tiananmen Square are able to do so freely and publicly everywhere across their country;

(2) expresses sympathy to the families of those killed, imprisoned, or exiled for their participation in the pro-democracy demonstrations during the spring of 1989;

(3) calls on the Government of China to allow those demonstration participants currently living in exile in the United States and other countries to return to China without risk of repercussions or retribution;

(4) condemns the use of violence, torture, and arbitrary detention as a means to repress the legitimate aspirations of citizens of China to speak and associate freely, including those who gathered in Tiananmen Square in 1989 and including over one million Uyghurs and other predominately Muslim ethnic minorities in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;

(5) calls on the Government of China to release all prisoners of conscience, including prisoners detained because of their participation in nonviolent demonstrations or actions calling for the type of political reforms and rights protections pursued by those who gathered in Tiananmen Square in 1989 and by members of the Uighur, Han, and other predominately Muslim ethnic minorities in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;

(6) condemns any forced imposition of national security legislation with respect to Hong Kong;

(7) calls upon the United States Government and other relevant authorities to protect United States interests in Hong Kong and the freedoms of the Hong Kong people, including—

(A) encouraging the Standing Committee of the National People’s Congress of China to ‘‘work with the Hong Kong [Special Administrative Region] Government and the people of Hong Kong in mutually acceptable accommodation that will honor China’s international obligations under the UN-filed Sino-British Joint Declaration,’’ as called for by the Joint Statement of the Governments of the United States, Australia, Canada, and the United Kingdom; and

(B) using all available diplomatic means and tools to support the repeal of the national security legislation adopted by the Standing Committee of the National People’s Congress of China on May 28, 2020;

(8) calls upon the President to encourage an international coalition to demand that China adhere to its international agreements and human rights obligations; and

(9) calls upon Hong Kong Chief Executive Carrie Lam to allow the Hong Kong people to exercise their ‘‘freedoms of speech, of the press and of publication; freedom of association, of assembly, of procession and of demonstration,’’ as guaranteed in Article 27 of the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China.
AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED
SA 1591. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 35, to amend title 18, United States Code, to specify lynching as a deprivation of civil rights, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.
SA 1592. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. UDALL (for himself, Mr. MORAN, and Mr. ROMNEY)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 886, to amend the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 to make the Reclamation Water Settlements Fund permanent.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS
SA 1591. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 35, to amend title 18, United States Code, to specify lynching as a deprivation of civil rights, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

(a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 13 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 250. Lynching

"(a) IN GENERAL.—

"(1) OFFENSES INVOLVING ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, OR NATIONAL ORIGIN.—Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, willfully conspires with another person to cause serious bodily injury to any person or, through the use of fire, a firearm, a dangerous weapon, or an explosive or incendiary device, attempt to cause serious bodily injury to any person, because of the actual or perceived race, color, religion, or national origin of that person—

"(A) shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years, fined in accordance with this title, or both; and

"(B) shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for life, fined in accordance with this title, or both, if—

"(i) death results from the offense; or

"(ii) the offense includes kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill.

"(2) the offense includes kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill.

"(B) INVOLVING ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED RELIGION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, GENDER, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY, OR DISABILITY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, in any circumstance described in subparagraph (B) or paragraph (3), willfully conspires with another person to cause serious bodily injury to any person or, through the use of fire, a firearm, a dangerous weapon, or an explosive or incendiary device, attempt to cause serious bodily injury to any person, because of the actual or perceived religion, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability of that person—

"(i) shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years, fined in accordance with this title, or both; and

"(ii) shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for life, fined in accordance with this title, or both, if—

"(I) death results from the offense; or

"(II) the offense includes kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill.

"(B) the offense includes kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill.

"(C) COSTS.—Section 617(a)(1) of the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3137) is amended—

"(1) in subparagraph (A)—

"(i) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (23) as paragraphs (2) through (24), respectively; and

"(ii) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) the following:

"(ii) the amount described in clause (I) shall be increased or decreased, as appropriate, based on ordinary fluctuations in construction costs since October 1, 2006, as determined using applicable engineering cost indices; and

"(iii) any amounts made available in excess of the amount described in clause (i) shall be increased or decreased, as appropriate, based on ordinary fluctuations in construction costs since October 1, 2006, as determined using applicable engineering cost indices; and

"(2) the term ‘State’ includes the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

"(d) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—

"(1) OFFENSES NOT RESULTING IN DEATH.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for an offense described in this subsection unless the indictment for such offense is found, or the information for such offense is instituted, not later than 7 years after the date on which the offense was committed.

"(2) DEATH RESULTING OFFENSES.—An indictment or information alleging that an offense under this section in result in death may be found or instituted at any time without limitation.

"(b) T ABLE OF SECTIONS AMENDMENT.—The table of sections criterion for chapter 13 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 249 the following:

"250. Lynching.

SA 1592. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. UDALL (for himself, Mr. MORAN, and Mr. ROMNEY)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 886, to amend the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 to make the Reclamation Water Settlements Fund permanent; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the ‘Indian Water Rights Settlement Extension Act.’

SEC. 2. TRIBAL WATER RIGHTS.

(a) DEFINITION OF 611(g) AGREEMENT.—Section 602 of the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3134) is amended—

"(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (23) as paragraphs (2) through (24), respectively; and

"(2) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so redesignated) the following:

"(1) 611(g) AGREEMENT.—The term ‘611(g) Agreement’ means the agreement dated July 2, 2019, to be executed by the United States, the State, the Pueblos, the County, and the City pursuant to section 611(g).

(b) FINAL PROJECT DESIGN.—Section 611(b) of the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3137) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ‘‘within 90 days of’’ and inserting ‘‘as soon as feasible after’’.

(c) CONSTRUCTION COSTS FOR PUEBLO WATER FACILITIES.—Section 611(f) of the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3138) is amended—

"(1) in paragraph (1)—

"(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking ‘‘$4,300,000’’ and inserting ‘‘$243,400,000’’; and

"(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

"(c) EXCEPTION.—If the amount described in subparagraph (A)—

"(1) the initial $106,400,000 shall be increased or decreased, as appropriate, based on ordinary fluctuations in construction costs since October 1, 2006, as determined using applicable engineering cost indices; and

"(2) any amounts made available in excess of the amount described in clause (i) shall be increased or decreased, as appropriate, based on ordinary fluctuations in construction costs since October 1, 2006, as determined using applicable engineering cost indices; and

"(2) in paragraph (3), by striking ‘‘and the 611(g) Agreement’’ after ‘‘the Cost-Sharing and System Integration Agreement’’.

"(d) FUNDING FOR REGIONAL WATER SYSTEM.—Section 611(a)(1) of the Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act (Public Law 111–291; 124 Stat. 3137) is amended—

"(1) in subparagraph (B)—

"(A) by striking the period at the end and inserting ‘‘and the 611(g) Agreement’’; and

"(B) by striking ‘‘section 616 $50,000,000’’ and inserting the following: ‘‘section 616—

"(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(ii) subject to the availability of appropriations in addition to the amounts