# H. R. 1440

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity; and to protect the free exercise of religion.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 26, 2021

Mr. Stewart (for himself, Mr. Kinzinger, Mr. Garbarino, Mr. Moore of Utah, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Owens, Mr. Gimenez, Mr. Jacobs of New York, Ms. Tenney, Ms. Stefanik, Mr. Upton, Mr. Van Drew, Miss González-Colón, Mr. Curtis, Ms. Salazar, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Amodei, Mr. Simpson, Ms. Malliotakis, Mr. Stivers, and Mr. Reed) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Education and Labor, Oversight and Reform, House Administration, Financial Services, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity; and to protect the free exercise of religion.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Fairness for All Act".

1	SEC. 2. PROHIBITION AGAINST DISCRIMINATION OR SEG-	
2	REGATION IN PLACES OF PUBLIC ACCOMMO-	
3	DATION.	
4	Section 201 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42	
5	U.S.C. 2000a) is amended—	
6	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "sex, sexual	
7	orientation, gender identity," before "or national ori-	
8	gin";	
9	(2) in subsection (b)—	
10	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at	
11	the end;	
12	(B) by redesignating paragraph (4) as	
13	paragraph (10);	
14	(C) by inserting after paragraph (3) the	
15	following:	
16	"(4) any place of exercise, recreation, or amusement,	
17	except religious camps or religious retreat centers unless	
18	such camps or retreat centers discriminate because of	
19	race, color, or national origin;	
20	"(5) any provider of financial services, including	
21	banks, credit unions, mortgage houses, brokers, and finan-	
22	cial planners;	
23	"(6) for the purpose of classifications enumerated in	
24	subsection (a) and not described by section 1557 of the	
25	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.	
26	18116(a))—	

"(A) any provider of medical services. It shall not constitute a violation of this title to provide a service, treatment, therapy, procedure, or drug on the same medical terms or criteria applicable to individuals needing that service, treatment, therapy, procedure or drug, without regard to protected class status;

"(B) any provider of mental health care, except that this section shall not apply when the primary objective is to assist a person in entering or sustaining a marriage, so long as the provider coordinates a referral of the client to another qualified mental health care provider who will provide the needed service and the client is not in imminent danger of harming self or others;

"(C) nothing in subparagraph (B) shall apply to a priest, pastor, rabbi, imam, or minister of any faith while acting substantially in a ministerial capacity; and

"(D) a provider of medical services covered by subparagraph (A) or a provider of mental health care covered by subparagraph (B) may make evidence-based medical determinations and may refer patients when necessary for a patient's best interests and welfare, including professional expertise;

1	"(7) any place of or provider of transportation serv-
2	ices;
3	"(8) any provider of funeral services or burial plots,
4	except those that primarily limit their services or facilities
5	to those of a particular religion, unless such provider dis-
6	criminates because of race, color, or national origin;
7	"(9) any store, shopping center, or online retailer or
8	provider of online services that has 15 or more employees
9	for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks
10	in the current or preceding calendar year. This employee
11	threshold shall not apply to a claim of discrimination be-
12	cause of race, color, or national origin or to a place of
13	public accommodation covered under paragraphs (1)
14	through (8);"; and
15	(D) by inserting after paragraph (10) the
16	following:
17	"(11)(A) The provisions of this title shall not
18	apply to—
19	"(i) any building or collection of buildings
20	that is used primarily as a denominational
21	headquarters, church administrative office, or
22	church conference center;
23	"(ii) a place of worship, such as a church,
24	synagogue, mosque, chapel, and its appurtenant
25	properties used primarily for religious purposes;

1	"(iii) a religious educational institution
2	and its appurtenant properties used primarily
3	for religious purposes;
4	"(iv) in connection with a religious celebra-
5	tion or exercise: a facility that is supervised by
6	a priest, pastor, rabbi, imam, or minister of any
7	faith, or religious certifying body, and that is
8	principally engaged in providing food and bev-
9	erages in compliance with religious dietary re-
10	quirements; or
11	"(v) any online operations or activities of
12	an organization exempt under this section.
13	"(B) The following shall not be a place of pub-
14	lic accommodation, even if used for a commercial
15	purpose, except within the area and during the time
16	that the property or facility is open to the public;
17	operated primarily for a commercial purpose; and
18	not primarily related to the inculcation, promotion,
19	or expression of religion—
20	"(i) other appurtenant properties or facili-
21	ties owned or operated by a church, by another
22	house of worship, or by a religious educational
23	institution; or
24	"(ii) a property owned or operated pri-
25	marily for noncommercial purposes by a non-

profit religious corporation that holds itself out to the public as substantially religious, has as its stated purpose in its organic documents that it is religious, and is substantially religious in its current operations.

"(C) Subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not apply to a person or entity that discriminates because of race, color, or national origin with respect to a property or facility enumerated in subparagraph (A) or (B).

"(12) Provided that equivalent treatment, services, facilities, and benefits are made available and without prejudicing rights or protections based on any other protected class status—

"(A) nothing in this title that refers to 'sex' shall be construed to prevent a fitness center, spa, or similar place, whose services or facilities are intended for the exclusive use of persons of the same sex, from providing the use of those services or facilities exclusively to persons of that sex or prohibit a place of public accommodation from temporarily restricting access to a fitness center, spa, pool, or similar place, according to sex; and

"(B) a place of public accommodation shall
reasonably accommodate a patron who requests
greater privacy within a facility intended for the
exclusive use of persons of the same sex.

- "(13) Nothing in this title shall be construed to require or prohibit any person, or public or private entity, to provide or pay for any benefit or service, including the use of facilities, related to an abortion. Nothing in this title shall be construed to permit a penalty to be imposed on any person or any individual because such person or individual is seeking or has received any benefit or service related to a legal abortion."; and
- (3) by adding at the end of subsection (e) the following:
- "(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this title:
- "(1) The term 'gender identity' means the gender-related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related characteristics of an individual, without regard to the individual's designated sex at birth. A person's gender identity can be shown by providing evidence, including medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity, consistent and uniform assertion of the gender identity, or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held, part

1	of a person's core identity, and not being asserted
2	for an improper purpose.
3	"(2) The term 'sexual orientation' means homo-
4	sexuality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.
5	"(3) The term 'online retailer or provider of on-
6	line services' means a web page by a commercial
7	business not enumerated in paragraph (11) that in-
8	vites the general public to purchase a good or service
9	by use of a credit card or similar payment device
10	over the internet. It does not mean a web page that
11	gives information about a good or service, including
12	quality, price, or availability, but does not permit
13	such purchase directly from the web page.
14	"(4) The terms 'religion' and 'religious' include
15	all aspects of religious belief, observance, and prac-
16	tice, whether or not compelled by, or central to, a
17	system of religion.
18	"(5) The term 'religious corporation, associa-
19	tion, educational institution, or society' includes—
20	"(A) a church, synagogue, mosque, temple
21	or other house of worship;
22	"(B) a nonprofit corporation, association
23	educational institution, society, or other non-
24	profit entity that is, in whole or in substantia

part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed

1	by a particular religion or by a particular
2	church, denomination, convention, or associa-
3	tion of churches or other houses of worship; or
4	"(C) a nonprofit corporation, association,
5	educational institution, society, or other non-
6	profit entity that holds itself out to the public
7	as substantially religious, has as its stated pur-
8	pose in its organic documents that it is reli-
9	gious, and is substantially religious in its cur-
10	rent operations.
11	"(g) Additional Facilities Not Required.—
12	Nothing in this title shall be construed to require the con-
13	struction of new or additional facilities.".
14	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION IN FEDERALLY
15	FUNDED PROGRAMS.
16	The Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d) is
17	amended—
18	(1) in section 601, by inserting "sex, sexual ori-
19	entation, gender identity," before "or national ori-
20	gin.";
21	(2) in section 601, by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	lowing: "Nothing in sections 602 through 614 of this title shall

1	to discrimination on the ground of race, color, or national
2	origin.";
3	(3) in section 606, by striking "For the pur-
4	poses of this title" and inserting "Subject to section
5	607, for the purposes of this title"; and
6	(4) by adding at the end the following:
7	"SEC. 607. PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY AND PROGRAM DEFINED
8	FOR PURPOSES OF RELIGIOUS ENTITIES AS
9	APPLIED TO SEX, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, OR
10	GENDER IDENTITY.
11	"For the purposes of this title, as applied to sex, sex-
12	ual orientation, and gender identity, for any religious cor-
13	poration, association, educational institution, or society,
14	the term 'program or activity' and the term 'program' are
15	limited to any specific program or activity, or part thereof,
16	that receives Federal financial assistance. Any penalty or
17	loss of Federal financial assistance assessed against such
18	a religious entity shall be limited to the program or activ-
19	ity or program, or part thereof, that is determined to have
20	violated section 601.
21	"SEC. 608. SAFEGUARDS FOR RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS
22	RECEIVING ASSISTANCE.
23	"(a) In General.—An otherwise qualified religious
24	provider shall be eligible to receive Federal financial as-
25	sistance for a particular service without regard to the pro-

- 1 vider's religious views or teachings, notwithstanding sec-
- 2 tion 2000d. Subject to this title, a religious organization
- 3 that applies for, or participates in, a program or activity
- 4 receiving Federal financial assistance shall retain its inde-
- 5 pendence and may continue to carry out its mission, in-
- 6 cluding the definition, development, and expression of its
- 7 religious beliefs.
- 8 "(b) Specific Safeguards.—Nothing in this title
- 9 prohibits a religious organization receiving Federal finan-
- 10 cial assistance from using space in its buildings and other
- 11 facilities to conduct its program or activities where there
- 12 is religious art, icons, messages, scriptures, or other sym-
- 13 bols. Additionally, the organization retains authority over
- 14 its internal governance and thus may have religious words
- 15 in the organization's name, select members of its gov-
- 16 erning board based on religious criteria, and have religious
- 17 references in its mission statement and other governing
- 18 documents.
- 19 "(c) Educational and Childcare Institu-
- 20 Tions.—A religious educational institution or daycare
- 21 center may enforce with reasonable consistency written re-
- 22 ligious standards in its admission criteria, educational pro-
- 23 grams, student retention policies, or residential life policy,
- 24 unless those standards would exclude or remove a student
- 25 solely because of a prohibited classification under section

- 1 601 with respect to that student's parent or legal guard-
- 2 ian.
- 3 "(d) Marriage and Family Education,
- 4 STRENGTHENING, AND COUNSELING PROGRAMS.—For
- 5 purposes of sexual orientation and gender identity, a reli-
- 6 gious corporation, association, educational institution, or
- 7 society receiving Federal financial assistance shall be
- 8 deemed in compliance with section 601 notwithstanding
- 9 the content of any marriage or family education, strength-
- 10 ening, or counseling programming, provided that the re-
- 11 cipient does not exclude beneficiaries on the basis of sexual
- 12 orientation or gender identity.
- 13 "(1) Referral obligation.—If a beneficiary
- or prospective beneficiary objects to the religious
- character of the recipient, the recipient will under-
- take reasonable efforts as described in subsection
- (d)(2) to identify and refer the beneficiary to an al-
- ternative provider to which the beneficiary has no
- objection; however, the recipient is not obligated to
- 20 guarantee that in every instance an alternative pro-
- vider will be available.
- 22 "(2) AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.—Each agency
- responsible for administering or supporting a social
- service program with Federal financial assistance

1	shall establish policies and procedures designed to
2	ensure that—
3	"(A) appropriate and timely referrals are
4	made to an alternative provider;
5	"(B) all referrals are made in a manner
6	consistent with all applicable privacy laws and
7	regulations;
8	"(C) the recipient subject to subsection
9	(d)(1) notifies the agency of any referral;
10	"(D) such recipient has established a proc-
11	ess for determining whether the beneficiary has
12	contacted the alternative provider; and
13	"(E) each beneficiary of a marriage or
14	family education, strengthening, or counseling
15	program that receives Federal financial assist-
16	ance receives written notice of the protections
17	set forth in this section prior to enrolling in or
18	receiving services from such program.
19	"(3) Recipient's responsibilities.—The re-
20	ferral obligation of the recipient under section (d)(2)
21	shall be satisfied by the recipient if it—
22	"(A) makes appropriate and timely refer-
23	rals to an alternative provider;
24	"(B) refers in a manner consistent with all
25	applicable privacy laws and regulations;

1	"(C) notifies the agency of the referral;
2	"(D) has established a process for deter-
3	mining whether the beneficiary has contacted
4	the alternative provider; and
5	"(E) can demonstrate that each bene-
6	ficiary of a social service program received writ-
7	ten notice of the protections set forth in this
8	section prior to enrolling in or receiving services
9	from such program.
10	"SEC. 609. SPECIALIZED FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
11	TO AN ENTIRE ENTITY.
12	"(a) Any religious corporation, association, edu-
13	cational institution, or society that is otherwise eligible for
14	Federal financial assistance that is awarded to entities to
15	support the safety or infrastructure of the entity cannot
16	be excluded from assistance because of its religious beliefs
17	or practices. Such assistance includes Federal financial as-
18	sistance for historic preservation, disaster recovery, or fa-
19	cilities security. The religious corporation, association,
20	educational institution, or society shall be deemed in com-
21	pliance with section 601, provided that funds used for pro-
22	curement from a third-party vendor must be used in a
23	manner that complies with section 601.
24	"(b) For the purposes of this subsection, a religious
25	educational institution or daycare center that receives

- 1 funds under the Richard B. Russell National School
  2 Lunch Act shall not be deemed a recipient of Federal fi3 nancial assistance.
  4 "SEC. 610. FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR ADOP5 TION AND FOSTER CARE.
  6 "(a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND DECLARATION
  7 OF POLICY.—The Congress hereby finds and declares the
  8 following:
  9 "(1) At-risk children deserve a safe and caring
- 9 "(1) At-risk children deserve a safe and caring 10 family, and reducing the number of vulnerable chil-11 dren without a permanent home is in the Federal in-12 terest.
  - "(2) There is a national deficit in the number of adoptive and foster parents and the private agencies qualified to serve these children. Federal and State governments should cooperate to encourage new agencies to join the effort to serve the needs of vulnerable children, alongside private agencies that have already been doing that crucial work for decades, including agencies whose commitment to serve arises from profound religious convictions.
  - "(3) By providing safe and welcoming homes to vulnerable children, adoptive and foster care parents serve the best interests of children and contribute to the common good of our communities in ways that

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are irreplaceable. Such parents should be empowered to adopt children based on their merits as parents, without being thwarted by discriminatory obstacles.

- "(4) By finding safe and welcoming homes for vulnerable children, religious and other providers of adoption and foster care services, facilitate connections between good parents and vulnerable children. In doing so, such providers also contribute to the common good of our communities in ways that are irreplaceable.
- "(5) The indirect funding program created by this section is intended to be a permanent and fully funded program that links vulnerable children to good parents in order to serve the best interests of children. This indirect funding program will do so by ensuring that diverse adoption and foster-care providers, including religious providers, will continue to receive Federal financial assistance.
- "(6) Therefore, it is the policy of the Federal Government to protect the best interests of at-risk children by establishing minimum Federal standards that guarantee the equal treatment of qualified families seeking to offer foster care or adoption and an equal respect for the diversity of private agencies, including religious agencies, that provide adoption

1	and foster care services. This section shall be con-
2	strued in a manner consistent with these findings
3	and declaration of policy.
4	"(b) Nondiscrimination Requirements.—Fed-
5	eral financial assistance for adoption, foster care, or re-
6	lated services is subject to section 601, unless otherwise
7	provided in this section. Any entity that receives Federal
8	financial assistance to perform adoption or foster care
9	placements or related services, or that contracts with an
10	entity that receives Federal financial assistance for those
11	services, except for a private agency when participating
12	in the indirect funding program as described under sub-
13	section (c)(2)(B) or (d)(1), may not in the course of per-
14	forming an adoption, foster care, or related service dis-
15	criminate against a prospective parent or a child because
16	of race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, or
17	gender identity.
18	"(1) An entity unlawfully discriminates against
19	a prospective parent by—
20	"(A) denying to any qualified person equal
21	access to or equal treatment during the adop-
22	tion or foster care evaluation and placement
23	process because of the race, color, national ori-
24	gin, sex, sexual orientation or gender identity of

1	the qualified prospective adoptive or foster par-
2	ent or of the child involved;
3	"(B) delaying or denying the placement of
4	a child for adoption or into foster care because
5	of the race, color, national origin, sex, sexual
6	orientation, or gender identity of the qualified
7	prospective adoptive or foster parent, or of the
8	child involved;
9	"(C) requiring different or additional
10	screenings, processes, or procedures for adop-
11	tive or foster care placement because of the
12	race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orienta-
13	tion, or gender identity of the qualified prospec-
14	tive adoptive or foster parent, or of the child in-
15	volved;
16	"(D) requiring a qualified prospective fos-
17	ter parent to subscribe to subparagraph (D) or
18	(E) of section (b)(2); or
19	"(E) excluding a qualified prospective
20	adoptive or foster parent because of the par-
21	ent's religion.
22	"(2) An entity unlawfully discriminates against
23	a child by—
24	"(A) denying to any qualified person equal
25	access to or equal treatment during the adop-

tion or foster care evaluation and placement process because of the race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity of the qualified prospective adoptive or foster parent, or of the child involved;

- "(B) delaying or denying the placement of a child for adoption or into foster care because of the race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity of the qualified prospective adoptive or foster parent, or of the child involved;
- "(C) requiring different or additional screenings, processes, or procedures for adoptive or foster care placement because of the race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity of the qualified prospective adoptive or foster parent, or of the child involved;
- "(D) treating a child in the legal custody of the State inconsistently with the child's gender identity, as demonstrated by the child's medical history, care or treatment of the child's gender identity, consistent and uniform assertion of the gender identity, or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held, is

part of the child's core identity, and is not being asserted for an improper purpose; or

"(E) subjecting any child in the legal custody of the State to any practice or treatment that seeks to change the child's sexual orientation or gender identity. It shall be lawful for a professional counselor licensed by the State to assist a minor, without regard to sexual orientation or gender identity, to prevent or address unlawful conduct or unsafe sexual practices.

12 "(c) Indirect Funding of Adoption and Foster 13 Care Services.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIRECT FUNDING PROGRAM.—The Department of Health and Human Services, the Social Security Administration, the Department of State, and any other agency authorized by Federal law to administer Federal financial assistance for the support of adoption and foster care services shall issue final rules within two years of the enactment of this Act to create an indirect funding program that delivers Federal financial assistance to eligible prospective parents for the purpose of obtaining such services through a qualified private agency that they select.

"(A) This indirect funding program will entitle a qualified State resident to receive a certificate to assist with the costs of a personal assessment, background check, home study, endorsement, certification of a person's eligibility to act as the guardian of a child in foster care or as the parent of a child available for adoption, and placement of a child with an eligible individual or family.

"(B) A substantial proportion of appropriated Federal financial assistance for adoption or foster care services, including assistance available under part B and part E of title IV of the Social Security Act, shall be allocated to fund the indirect funding program through the issuance of a certificate to eligible prospective parents.

"(C) Each certificate shall be worth an amount to be determined through agency rule-making, but in no event less than \$3,000 as indexed to the Consumer Price Index as of January 1, 2019.

"(D) Participation in this indirect funding program may not be delayed or denied because of a State resident's race, color, national origin,

1	religion, sex, sexual orientation, or gender iden-
2	tity.
3	"(E) The responsible Federal agencies
4	shall establish policies and procedures designed
5	to ensure that where a referral is required by
6	this section—
7	"(i) an appropriate and timely referral
8	is made to an alternative provider;
9	"(ii) all referrals are made in a man-
10	ner consistent with applicable privacy laws
11	and regulations;
12	"(iii) the provider of adoption and fos-
13	ter care placement or related services noti-
14	fies the agency of any referral; and
15	"(iv) each applicant for and recipient
16	of adoption or foster care placement or re-
17	lated services from a provider that receives
18	Federal financial assistance will receive
19	written notice from the provider of the pro-
20	tections set forth in this section when ap-
21	plying for or receiving such services.
22	"(2) Implementation of indirect funding
23	PROGRAM.—
24	"(A) APPROVED STATE PLAN.—To be eli-
25	gible for Federal financial assistance for adop-

E of title IV of the Social Security Act, a State must develop a written plan approved by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services providing that—

"(i) the State has established rules, policies, and procedures within 6 months after issuance of final rules under subsection (c)(1) that ensures the State's full participation in the indirect funding program by making available to each qualified State resident on request a certificate as prescribed by subsection (c)(1), to be used solely for the services enumerated in subsection (c)(1). This certificate may commingle funding from Federal and State sources, and such commingled revenues shall be deemed Federal financial assistance;

"(ii) the State uses its best efforts to increase the number of private organizations within each catchment area that are qualified to provide foster care and adoption services, including organizations will-

1	ing to serve all qualified prospective par-
2	ents;
3	"(iii) the State publishes and main-
4	tains a current list of licensed adoption
5	and foster care providers with offices in
6	the State, by catchment area, which list
7	will identify providers that serve all appli-
8	cants, as well as those that serve particular
9	communities and those that provide par-
10	ticular services;
11	"(iv) the State performs a prompt and
12	cost-free eligibility assessment for every
13	prospective parent who applies for a cer-
14	tificate, informs every eligible prospective
15	parent of the licensed adoption and foster
16	care providers in the participant's
17	catchment area, and may provide addi-
18	tional information to facilitate the prospec-
19	tive parent's selection of a provider;
20	"(v) any State resident eligible to act
21	as a foster parent or adoptive parent has
22	an equal opportunity to obtain adoption or
23	foster care related services from a provider
24	who accepts the certificate described in
25	section $(c)(1)$ ; and

1	"(vi) when a qualified individual seek-
2	ing adoption or foster care placement or
3	related services is unable to obtain such
4	services from a particular provider—
5	"(I) there is at least one other
6	willing and qualified provider of such
7	service in the same or adjacent
8	catchment area that will serve all
9	qualified individuals;
10	"(II) the provider gives an appro-
11	priate and timely referral to at least
12	one alternative provider;
13	"(III) each referral is made in a
14	manner consistent with applicable pri-
15	vacy laws and regulations; and
16	"(IV) the provider of adoption
17	and foster care placement or related
18	services notifies the State of any re-
19	ferral that is issued.
20	"(B) Protections for private agen-
21	CIES.—No State or local government may—
22	"(i) deny any licensed provider of
23	adoption or foster care placement or re-
24	lated services the opportunity to partici-

1	pate in the certificate program prescribed
2	by subsection (c)(1);
3	"(ii) deny any licensed provider of
4	adoption or foster care placement or re-
5	lated services reasonable payment for serv-
6	ices actually rendered in reliance on a cer-
7	tificate;
8	"(iii) require a provider of adoption or
9	foster care placement or related services to
10	perform such services in a particular in-
11	stance as a condition of participating in
12	the certificate program prescribed by sub-
13	section (c)(1), unless such service is re-
14	quired by Federal law or imposed pursuant
15	to an agreement between the provider and
16	the State that compensates the provider
17	for such service exclusively with State reve-
18	nues; and
19	"(iv) withhold, suspend, or terminate
20	contracts, cooperative agreements, grants,
21	or other financial assistance when a pro-
22	vider of adoption or foster care placement
23	or related services takes any action per-
24	mitted under this title.

1 "(3) Authority to withhold funds.—If a 2 State fails to participate in the indirect funding pro-3 gram, develop an appropriate State plan, or to com-4 ply with this section in any other respect, the Sec-5 retary shall, after appropriate notice and failure to 6 comply, withhold payment to the State of amounts 7 otherwise payable under part B or E of title IV of 8 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 621 et seq., 670 9 et seq.), to the extent that the Secretary deems the 10 withholding necessary to induce compliance. A State 11 may elect not to comply with its duties under this 12 section on condition that it declines Federal financial assistance for adoption and foster care. 13 14 "(d) Private Recipients of Federal Financial 15 Assistance.— "(1) Protection for diverse providers.— 16 17 A private organization that is eligible to receive Fed-18 eral financial assistance through the certificate pro-19 gram prescribed by subsection (c)(1) for providing 20 any adoption or foster care placement or related 21 services mav— 22 "(A) decline to accept a certificate without 23 being obligated to perform a particular service,

despite receiving certificates to perform other

covered adoption or foster care services, so long

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as the provider gives a referral to the certificate holder consistent with section (c)(2)(A)(vi)(II)– (IV); or

> "(B) after accepting a certificate, facilitate a mutually voluntary referral that does not unreasonably delay or disrupt the adoption or foster care evaluation and placement process.

"(2) MISREPRESENTATION.—After accepting a certificate, a provider of adoption or foster care services may terminate its relationship with a prospective parent who makes a material misrepresentation of a fact that the prospective parent knew or should have known that the agency specifically requested. Such agency shall provide a referral consistent with subsection (c)(2)(A)(vi)(II)–(IV) and shall not lose its right under subsection (c)(2)(B)(ii) to reasonable payment for services actually performed.

"(3) PROTECTION FOR CUSTODIAL PARENTS.—
A private organization that has received Federal financial assistance through the certificate program prescribed by subsection (c)(1) shall not discriminate against the custodial parent of a child in foster care because of the custodial parent's race, color, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity with respect to the monitoring of a parent

1	whom the provider has previously endorsed or with
2	whom the provider has placed a child.
3	"(e) Miscellaneous.—
4	"(1) Custody of Child in Foster Care.—
5	For purposes of this section, a child in foster care
6	shall be deemed to be in the legal custody of the
7	State.
8	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
9	this section shall be construed to prohibit an entity
10	receiving Federal financial assistance for adoption,
11	foster care, or related services from making an indi-
12	vidualized placement assessment in the best interest
13	of the child's health, safety, and welfare.
14	"(3) Effective dates.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as described in
16	subsection (e)(1)(B), the protections under sub-
17	section (b) shall become effective on the date of
18	enactment.
19	"(B) Religious provider exemption.—
20	"(i) Section (b)(1) shall come into ef-
21	fect with respect to a religious adoption or
22	foster care provider 12 months after the
23	State where the provider operates has im-
24	plemented the certificate program as de-
25	scribed in section $(c)(2)(A)$

1	"(ii) If the certificate program is not
2	substantially funded as required by sub-
3	section (c), the protections described by
4	subsection (b)(1) shall become unenforce-
5	able as to a religious adoption or foster
6	care provider until funding is provided or
7	restored.
8	"(iii) For purposes of this section, 're-
9	ligious adoption or foster care provider'
10	means a licensed or accredited nonprofit
11	provider of adoption or foster care services
12	that—
13	"(I) is in whole or substantial
14	part, owned, supported, controlled, or
15	managed by a particular religion or by
16	a particular church, denomination,
17	convention, or association of churches
18	or other houses of worship; or
19	"(II) holds itself out to the public
20	as substantially religious, has as its
21	stated purpose in its organic docu-
22	ments that it is religious, and is sub-
23	stantially religious in its current oper-
24	ations.
25	"(4) Private rights of action.—

- "(A) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize a right of action against a private organization for the exercise of rights provided under subsection (d)(1).
  - "(B) A private right of action may be brought by a private organization under section 1107.
  - "(5) Supplanting prohibited.—Any Federal funds received under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, non-Federal funds that would otherwise be available for activities funded under this subchapter.
  - "(6) EFFECT ON FEDERAL LAWS RESPECTING RACIAL DISCRIMINATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter, affect, or supersede any Federal law that addresses discrimination because of race, color, or national origin by any State or private organization that receives Federal financial assistance for adoption or foster care placement or related services.
  - "(7) APPLICATION TO STATES WITH WAIV-ERS.—For any State that, on the date of enactment of this Act, has in effect a waiver approved under section 1130 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-9), the amendments to this title shall not

- apply to that State before the expiration of the waiv-
- 2 er (determined without regard to any extensions), to
- 3 the extent that an amendment is inconsistent with
- 4 the terms of the waiver.
- 5 "(8) Effect on state laws.—Nothing in
- 6 this section shall be construed to supersede a State
- 7 or local law, policy, or contract addressing the legal
- 8 conditions of receiving Government funding for
- 9 adoption or foster care services, provided that the
- 10 State or local law does not directly conflict with this
- 11 section.

#### 12 "SEC. 611. SEX-SPECIFIC SEGREGATION OR PROGRAMS.

- 13 "(a) If sex segregation or sex-specific programming
- 14 is necessary to the essential operation of a program or
- 15 activity, nothing in this title shall prevent any such pro-
- 16 gram or activity from considering an individual's sex, pro-
- 17 vided that where appropriate to accomplish the purpose
- 18 of the program or activity, individuals are treated in ac-
- 19 cordance with their gender identity.
- 20 "(b) An educational institution receiving Federal fi-
- 21 nancial assistance shall reasonably accommodate a student
- 22 who requests greater privacy with respect to the use of
- 23 a facility designated for the exclusive use of persons of
- 24 the same sex, provided that the accommodation does not
- 25 exclude any student from such a facility to which the stu-

- 1 dent has a right of access or otherwise prejudice any right
- 2 or privilege protected under this title.
- 3 "(c) Nothing in this title shall be construed to alter
- 4 or affect the Violence Against Women Act of 1994.

#### 5 "SEC. 612. NEUTRALITY WITH RESPECT TO ABORTION.

- 6 "Nothing in this title shall be construed to require
- 7 or prohibit any person, or public or private entity, to pro-
- 8 vide or pay for any benefit or service, including the use
- 9 of facilities, related to an abortion. Nothing in this title
- 10 shall be construed to permit a penalty to be imposed on
- 11 any person or any individual because such person or indi-
- 12 vidual is seeking or has received any benefit or service re-
- 13 lated to a legal abortion.

#### 14 "SEC. 613. NO EFFECT ON TITLE IX.

- 15 "Nothing contained in this title shall be construed to
- 16 alter or affect title IX of the Education Amendments of
- 17 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.). Any claim that a person
- 18 has been excluded because of sex from participation in,
- 19 or denied the benefits of, or subjected to discrimination
- 20 with respect to any education program or activity that re-
- 21 ceives Federal financial assistance shall be governed by
- 22 title IX and not this title.

#### 23 "SEC. 614. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.

"For purposes of this title:

- 1 "(1) The term 'gender identity' means the gen-2 der-related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or 3 other gender-related characteristics of an individual, 4 without regard to the individual's designated sex at 5 birth. A person's gender identity can be shown by 6 providing evidence, including medical history, care or 7 treatment of the gender identity, consistent and uni-8 form assertion of the gender identity, or other evi-9 dence that the gender identity is sincerely held, part 10 of a person's core identity, and not being asserted for an improper purpose.
  - "(2) The terms 'religion' and 'religious' include all aspects of religious belief, observance, and practice, whether or not compelled by, or central to, a system of religion.
  - "(3) The term religious corporation, association, educational institution, or society' includes—
    - "(A) a church, synagogue, mosque, temple, or other house of worship;
  - "(B) a nonprofit corporation, association, educational institution, society, or other nonprofit entity that is, in whole or substantial part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religion or by a particular

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1	church, denomination, convention, or associa-
2	tion of churches or other houses of worship; or
3	"(C) a nonprofit corporation, association,
4	educational institution, society, or other non-
5	profit entity that holds itself out to the public
6	as substantially religious, has as its stated pur-
7	pose in its organic documents that it is reli-
8	gious, and is substantially religious in its cur-
9	rent operations.
10	"(4) The term 'religious educational institution'
11	includes any preschool, primary, secondary or post-
12	secondary educational institution that is—
13	"(A) in whole or in substantial part,
14	owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a
15	particular religion or by a particular church, de-
16	nomination, convention, or association of
17	churches or other houses of worship; or
18	"(B) a nonprofit corporation organized for
19	educational purposes that holds itself out to the
20	public as substantially religious, has as its stat-
21	ed purpose in its organic documents that it is
22	religious, and is substantially religious in its
23	current operations.
24	"(5) The term 'sexual orientation' means homo-
25	sexuality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.".

### 1 SEC. 4. EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.

2	(a) Definitions.—Section 701 of the Civil Rights
3	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (j) by inserting "(1)" after
5	''(j)'';
6	(2) in subsection $(j)(1)$ by inserting ", after ini-
7	tiating and engaging in an affirmative and bona fide
8	effort," after "unable";
9	(3) in subsection $(j)(1)$ by striking "an employ-
10	ee's" and all that follows through "religious" and in-
11	serting "an employee's religious";
12	(4) by adding at the end of subsection $(j)(1)$
13	the following:
14	"(2)(A) In this subsection, the term 'employee'
15	includes an employee (as defined in subsection (f)),
16	or a prospective employee, who, with or without rea-
17	sonable accommodation, is qualified to perform the
18	essential functions of the employment position that
19	such individual holds or desires.
20	"(B) In this paragraph, the term 'perform the
21	essential functions' includes carrying out the core re-
22	quirements of an employment position and does not
23	include carrying out practices relating to clothing,
24	practices relating to taking time off, or other prac-
25	tices that may have a temporary or tangential im-
26	pact on the ability to perform job functions, if any

1	of the practices described in this subparagraph re-
2	strict the ability to wear religious clothing, to take
3	time off for a holy day, or to participate in a reli-
4	gious observance or practice.
5	"(3) In this subsection, the term 'undue hard-
6	ship' means an accommodation requiring significant
7	difficulty or expense.
8	"(A) For purposes of determining whether
9	an accommodation requires significant difficulty
10	or expense, factors to be considered in making
11	the determination shall include—
12	"(i) the identifiable cost of the accom-
13	modation, including the costs of loss of
14	productivity and of retraining or hiring
15	employees or transferring employees from
16	one facility to another;
17	"(ii) the overall financial resources
18	and size of the employer involved, relative
19	to the number of its employees;
20	"(iii) for an employer with multiple
21	facilities, the geographic separateness or
22	administrative or fiscal relationship of the
23	facilities; and
24	"(iv) whether the accommodation will
25	obstruct the employer from providing its

1	customers or clients the full and equal en-
2	joyment of the goods, services, facilities,
3	privileges, advantages, and accommoda-
4	tions offered.
5	"(B) An employer shall not be required to
6	provide an accommodation that will result in
7	the violation of Federal or State law nor result
8	in liability for a hostile work environment.";
9	and
10	(5) by inserting after subsection (n) the fol-
11	lowing:
12	(0)(1) The term 'gender identity' means the gender-
13	related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-
14	related characteristics of an individual, without regard to
15	the individual's designated sex at birth. A person's gender
16	identity can be shown by providing evidence, including
17	medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity,
18	consistent and uniform assertion of the gender identity,
19	or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held,
20	part of a person's core identity, and not being asserted
21	for an improper purpose.
22	"(2) The term 'sexual orientation' means homosex-
23	uality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.

- 1 "(3) The terms 'religion' and 'religious' include all 2 aspects of religious belief, observance, and practice, wheth-3 er or not compelled by, or central to, a system of religion. 4 "(4) The term 'religious corporation, association, 5 educational institution, or society' includes— "(A) a church, synagogue, mosque, temple, or 6 7 other house of worship: "(B) a nonprofit corporation, association, edu-8
  - cational institution, society, or other nonprofit entity that is, in whole or substantial part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religion or by a particular church, denomination, convention, or association of churches or other houses of worship; or
    - "(C) a nonprofit corporation, association, educational institution, society, or other nonprofit entity that holds itself out to the public as substantially religious, has as its stated purpose in its organic documents that it is religious, and is substantially religious in its current operations.".
- 21 (b) Exemption.—Section 702(a) of the Civil Rights
- 22 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–1(a)) is amended—
- 23 (1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)";
- 24 (2) by striking "State, or" and inserting the 25 following:

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1	"State.
2	"(2)(A) This title shall not apply"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end of paragraph (2) the
4	following:
5	"(B) Exempt organizations.—With respect
6	to claims of employment discrimination because of
7	sexual orientation or gender identity, nothing in this
8	subchapter shall apply to the following:
9	"(i) a church or its integrated auxiliaries,
10	a convention or association of churches, or a re-
11	ligious order, as described in section
12	6033(a)(3)(A)(i) and section $6033(a)(3)(A)(iii)$
13	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
14	"(ii) a religious organization described in
15	sections $501(e)(3)$ and $509(a)(1)$ , $(2)$ , or $(3)$
16	that is covered by an Internal Revenue Service
17	group exemption letter issued to a church or a
18	convention or association of churches;
19	"(iii) a religious educational institution
20	that is eligible for exemption under section
21	703(e)(2) of this subchapter;
22	"(iv) a religious corporation, association,
23	or society under section 702(a) of this sub-
24	chapter that is eligible for tax-exempt status
25	under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue

Code of 1986 and that employs only individuals of the employer's religion, unless the employee demonstrates that the employer has not applied with reasonable consistency its religious standard cited as the reason for the adverse employment action; or

- "(v) any association exclusively composed of employers exempt under paragraph (2)(B)(i)-(iv).
- "(C) A claim under this subchapter against an employer described by section 702(a)(2)(B) for discrimination because of sex shall not include claims of discrimination because of sexual orientation or gender identity. This provision shall not otherwise affect claims of sex discrimination, and nothing in this provision shall prevent a person, regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity, from bringing a claim of sex discrimination.
- "(D) No religious corporation, association, or society otherwise eligible under paragraph (2)(B)(iv) of this section shall be ineligible because of nonrecognition under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless such tax

1	treatment is consistent with section
2	501(c)(3)(B) of that Code.
3	"(E) No employer whose primary purpose
4	and activity is to deliver medical services shall
5	be eligible for the exemptions under section
6	702(a)(2)(B).
7	"(F) Nothing in this section shall prejudice
8	rights and defenses available under sections
9	702(a) and 703(e)(2).".
10	(c) Unlawful Employment Practices.—Section
11	703 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2) is amended—
12	(1) except in subsection (e), by inserting "sex-
13	ual orientation, gender identity," immediately before
14	"or national origin" each place it appears;
15	(2) in subsection $(e)(1)$ , by striking "enter-
16	prise," and inserting "enterprise, if an individual is
17	recognized as qualified in accordance with gender
18	identity when sex is a bona fide occupational quali-
19	fication,";
20	(3) in the heading of subsection (m), by strik-
21	ing "Sex," and inserting "Sex, Sexual Orienta-
22	TION, GENDER IDENTITY,"; and
23	(4) by adding at the end the following:
24	" $(o)(1)$ In this section:

"(A) The term 'employee' has the meaning 1 2 given the term in section 701(j)(2). "(B) The term 'leave of general usage' means 3 4 leave provided under the policy or program of an 5 employer, under which— 6 "(i) an employee may take leave by adjust-7 ing or altering the work schedule or assignment 8 of the employee according to criteria deter-9 mined by the employer; and 10 "(ii) the employee may determine the pur-11 pose for which the leave is to be utilized. "(2) For purposes of determining whether an em-12 ployer has committed an unlawful employment practice 13 under this title by failing to provide a reasonable accom-14 15 modation to the religious observance or practice of an employee, for an accommodation to be considered to be rea-16 17 sonable, the accommodation shall remove the conflict be-18 tween employment requirements and the religious observ-19 ance or practice of the employee. 20 "(3) An employer shall be considered to commit such 21 a practice by failing to provide such a reasonable accom-22 modation for an employee if the employer refuses to per-23 mit the employee to utilize leave of general usage to remove such a conflict solely because the leave will be used

- 1 to accommodate the religious observance or practice of the
- 2 employee.".
- 3 (d) Other Unlawful Employment Practices.—
- 4 Section 704(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 5 2000e-3) is amended—
- 6 (1) in subsection (b) by inserting "sexual ori-
- 7 entation, gender identity," before "national origin"
- 8 each place it appears;
- 9 (2) in subsection (b) by striking "employment."
- and inserting "employment, if an individual is recog-
- 11 nized as qualified in accordance with gender identity
- when sex is a bona fide occupational qualification.";
- 13 and
- 14 (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- lowing:
- 16 "(c) Prohibited Sanctions for Certain Em-
- 17 PLOYEE SPEECH.—
- 18 "(1) An employee may express the employee's
- religious, political, or moral beliefs in the workplace
- in a reasonable, nondisruptive, and nonharassing
- 21 way on equal terms with similar types of expression
- of beliefs allowed by the employer in the workplace,
- 23 unless the expression is in direct and substantial
- 24 conflict with the essential business-related interests
- of the employer.

1	"(2) An employer may not discharge, demote,
2	terminate, or refuse to hire any person, or retaliate
3	against, harass, or discriminate in matters of com-
4	pensation or in terms, privileges, and conditions of
5	employment against any person otherwise qualified
6	for employment, for lawful expression or expressive
7	activity outside of the workplace regarding the per-
8	son's beliefs that—
9	"(A) marriage is or should be recognized
10	as a union of one man and one woman, or one
11	woman and one woman, or one man and one
12	man; or
13	"(B) sexual activity should or should not
14	be reserved for spouses within a marriage.
15	The employee's expression is not protected under
16	subsection (c)(2) if it directly and materially im-
17	pedes the employee's performance of an essential job
18	function.
19	"(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to
20	a nonprofit organization that operates to express or
21	advocate particular viewpoints, or to an employer
22	that is a religious corporation, association, edu-
23	cational institution, or society covered by section

701(o)(4).".

- 1 (e) Claims.—Section 706(g)(2)(A) of the Civil
- 2 Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5(g)(2)(A)) is
- 3 amended by striking "sex," and inserting "sex, sexual ori-
- 4 entation, gender identity,".
- 5 (f) Employment by Federal Government.—Sec-
- 6 tion 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 7 2000e–16) is amended—
- 8 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "sex," and in-
- 9 serting "sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,";
- 10 and
- 11 (2) in subsection (c), by striking "sex" and in-
- serting "sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,".
- 13 (g) GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE RIGHTS ACT OF
- 14 1991.—The Government Employee Rights Act of 1991
- 15 (title III of Public Law 102–166; 42 U.S.C. 2000e–16 et
- 16 seq.) is amended—
- 17 (1) in section 301(b), by striking "sex," and in-
- serting "sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,";
- 19 and
- 20 (2) in section 302(a)(1), by striking "sex," and
- inserting "sex, sexual orientation, gender identity,".
- 22 (h) Additional Facilities Not Required.—The
- 23 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–18) is amend-
- 24 ed by adding at the end the following:

- 1 "Sec. 719. Nothing in this subchapter shall be con-
- 2 strued to require the construction of new or additional fa-
- 3 cilities.".
- 4 (i) Privacy in Sex-Designated Facilities.—The
- 5 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–19), as amend-
- 6 ed by subsection (h), is amended by adding at the end
- 7 the following:
- 8 "Sec. 720. If equivalent facilities and benefits are
- 9 made available and without regard to a prohibited classi-
- 10 fication under this subchapter, an employer shall reason-
- 11 ably accommodate an employee who requests greater pri-
- 12 vacy within a facility intended for the exclusive use of per-
- 13 sons of the same sex.".
- 14 (j) Intervention.—Section 902 of the Civil Rights
- 15 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000h–2) is amended by inserting
- 16 "sexual orientation, gender identity," before "or national
- 17 origin,".
- 18 (k) Congressional Accountability Act of
- 19 1995.—Section 201(a)(1) of the Congressional Account-
- 20 ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311(a)(1)) is amended by
- 21 inserting "sexual orientation, gender identity," before "or
- 22 national origin,".
- 23 (l) Title 5, United States Code.—Chapter 23 of
- 24 title 5, United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) in section $2301(b)(2)$ , by striking "sex,"
2	and inserting "sex, sexual orientation, gender iden-
3	tity,"; and
4	(2) in section 2302—
5	(A) in subsection (b)(1)(A), by inserting
6	"sexual orientation, gender identity," before "or
7	national origin,"; and
8	(B) in subsection (d)(1), by inserting "sex-
9	ual orientation, gender identity," before "or na-
10	tional origin;".
11	SEC. 5. HOUSING DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.
12	(a) In General.—
13	(1) Section 804 of the Fair Housing Act (42
14	U.S.C. 3604) is amended by inserting "sexual ori-
15	entation, gender identity," after "sex" each place
16	that term appears.
17	(2) Section 805 of the Fair Housing Act (42
18	U.S.C. 3605) is amended by inserting "sexual ori-
19	entation, gender identity," after "sex" each place
20	that term appears.
21	(3) Section 806 of the Fair Housing Act (42)
22	U.S.C. 3606) is amended by inserting "sexual ori-
23	entation, gender identity," after "sex" each place
24	that term appears.

- 1 (4) Section 807 of the Fair Housing Act (42)
- 2 U.S.C. 3607) is amended by inserting "or to persons
- 3 who adhere to its religion" immediately after the
- 4 phrase "persons of the same religion" and "or ad-
- 5 herence to such beliefs, observances, tenets, or prac-
- 6 tices" immediately before "or from giving preference
- 7 to such persons".
- 8 (5) Section 808 of the Fair Housing Act (42)
- 9 U.S.C. 3608) is amended by inserting "sexual ori-
- 10 entation, gender identity," after "sex" each place
- 11 that term appears.
- 12 (b) Prevention of Intimidation.—Section 901 of
- 13 the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3631) is amended
- 14 by inserting "sexual orientation, gender identity," after
- 15 "sex," each place that term appears.
- 16 (c) Definitions.—Section 802 of the Fair Housing
- 17 Act (42 U.S.C. 3602) is amended by adding at the end
- 18 the following:
- 19 "(p) 'Sexual orientation' means homosexuality, het-
- 20 erosexuality, or bisexuality.
- 21 "(q) 'Gender identity' means the gender-related iden-
- 22 tity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-related
- 23 characteristics of an individual, without regard to the indi-
- 24 vidual's designated sex at birth. A person's gender identity
- 25 can be shown by providing evidence, including medical his-

- 1 tory, care or treatment of the gender identity, consistent
- 2 and uniform assertion of the gender identity, or other evi-
- 3 dence that the gender identity is sincerely held, part of
- 4 a person's core identity, and not being asserted for an im-
- 5 proper purpose.
- 6 "(r) 'Operates' includes the rental or occupancy of
- 7 dwellings through a lease or contract with the dwelling's
- 8 actual owner or primary operator.
- 9 "(s) 'Religion' has the same meaning as section 701
- 10 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e).
- 11 "(t) 'Religious organization, association, or society'
- 12 has the same meaning as section 701 of the Civil Rights
- 13 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e).".
- 14 SEC. 6. OTHER NONDISCRIMINATION REQUIREMENTS.
- 15 (a) Marriage Recognition.—
- 16 (1) Section 7 of title 1, United States Code, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 **"§ 7. Marriage**
- 19 "(a) For the purposes of any Federal law in which
- 20 marital status is a factor, an individual shall be considered
- 21 married if that individual's marriage is valid in the State
- 22 where the marriage was entered into or, in the case of
- 23 a marriage entered into outside any State, if the marriage
- 24 is valid in the place where entered into and the marriage
- 25 could have been entered into in a State.

- 1 "(b) In this section, the term 'State' means a State,
- 2 the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 3 Rico, or any other territory or possession of the United
- 4 States.".
- 5 (2) Section 1738C of title 28, United States
- 6 Code, is repealed, and the table of sections at the be-
- 7 ginning of chapter 115 of title 28, United States
- 8 Code, is amended by striking the item relating to
- 9 that section.
- 10 (b) Desegregation of Public Facilities.—Sec-
- 11 tion 301(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 12 2000b(a)) is amended by inserting "sex, sexual orienta-
- 13 tion, gender identity," before "or national origin".
- (c) Discrimination in Federal Jury Service
- 15 Prohibited.—Chapter 121 of title 28, United States
- 16 Code, is amended—
- 17 (1) in section 1862, by inserting "sexual ori-
- entation, gender identity," after "sex," each place
- that term appears;
- 20 (2) in section 1867, by inserting "sexual ori-
- 21 entation, gender identity," after "sex," each place
- that term appears; and
- 23 (3) in section 1869 by adding at the end the
- 24 following:

1	"(l) The term 'sexual orientation' means homosex-
2	uality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.
3	"(m) The term 'gender identity' means the gender-
4	related identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-
5	related characteristics of an individual, without regard to
6	the individual's designated sex at birth. A person's gender
7	identity can be shown by providing evidence, including
8	medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity,
9	consistent and uniform assertion of the gender identity,
10	or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held
11	part of a person's core identity, and not being asserted
12	for an improper purpose.".
13	(d) Discrimination in Credit Prohibited.—The
14	Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.)
15	is amended—
16	(1) in section $701(a)(1)$ by striking "or" after
17	"sex" and inserting ", sexual orientation, gender
18	identity," after "sex";
19	(2) in section 702—
20	(A) by redesignating subsections (f) and
21	(g) as subsections (g) and (i), respectively;
22	(B) by inserting after subsection (e) the
23	following:
24	"(f) The term 'gender identity' means the gender-re-
25	lated identity, appearance, mannerisms, or other gender-

- 1 related characteristics of an individual, without regard to
- 2 the individual's designated sex at birth. A person's gender
- 3 identity can be shown by providing evidence, including
- 4 medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity,
- 5 consistent and uniform assertion of the gender identity,
- 6 or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held,
- 7 part of a person's core identity, and not being asserted
- 8 for an improper purpose."; and
- 9 (C) by inserting after subsection (g), as so
- redesignated, the following:
- 11 "(h) The term 'sexual orientation' means homosex-
- 12 uality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality."; and
- 13 (3) in section 705, by inserting ", sexual ori-
- entation, gender identity," after "sex".
- 15 (e) Discrimination in Refugee Resettlement
- 16 PROHIBITED.—Section 412(a)(5) of the Immigration and
- 17 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522(a)(5)) is amended by in-
- 18 serting "sexual orientation, gender identity," after "sex,".
- 19 (f) Safe Schools.—Title IV of the Elementary and
- 20 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et
- 21 seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

## 1 "PART G—SAFE SCHOOLS IMPROVEMENT 2 "SEC. 4701. PURPOSE. 3 "The purpose of this part is to address the problem of bullying and harassment conduct of students in public 4 5 elementary schools and secondary schools. "SEC. 4702. ANTI-BULLYING POLICIES. 6 7 "(a) BULLYING.—In this part, the term 'bullying' includes cyberbullying through electronic communications 8 9 that take place away from school or a school-sponsored 10 or school-related event, but only if the cyberbullying in-11 fringes on the rights of the student at school as set forth in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (b)(1). "(b) Policies.—A State that receives a grant under 13 this title shall require all local educational agencies in the 14 15 State with authority to administer public elementary and secondary schools to carry out the following: "(1) Establish policies that prevent and prohibit 17 18 conduct, including bullying and harassment— 19 "(A) that is sufficiently severe, persistent, 20 or pervasive that a reasonable person would ex-21 pect such bullying or harassment to limit a stu-22 dent's ability to participate in, or benefit from, 23 a program or activity of a public school or local 24 educational agency; or "(B) that is sufficiently severe, persistent, 25 26 or pervasive that a reasonable person would ex-

1	pect such bullying or harassment to create a
2	hostile or abusive educational environment, ad-
3	versely affecting a student's education, at a
4	program or activity of a public school or local
5	educational agency, including acts of verbal
6	nonverbal, or physical aggression or intimida-
7	tion.
8	"(2) The policies required under paragraph (1)
9	shall include a prohibition of bullying or harassment
10	conduct based on—
11	"(A) a student's actual or perceived race,
12	color, national origin, religion, disability, sex
13	sexual orientation, or gender identity;
14	"(B) the actual or perceived race, color
15	national origin, religion, disability, sex, sexual
16	orientation, or gender identity of a person with
17	whom a student associates or has associated; or
18	"(C) any other distinguishing characteris-
19	tics that may be defined by the State or local
20	educational agency, including being homeless or
21	the child or ward of a member of the Armed
22	Forces.
23	"(3) Provide—
24	"(A) annual notice to students, parents,
25	and educational professionals describing the full

1	range of the local educational agency's policies
2	required under paragraph (1) and shall include
3	an affirmative statement of the protections for
4	free speech, assembly, and expression under the
5	First Amendment and any other applicable law;
6	and
7	"(B) grievance procedures for students or
8	parents to register complaints regarding the
9	prohibited conduct contained in such local edu-
10	cational agency's discipline policies, including—
11	"(i) the name of the local educational
12	agency officials who are designated as re-
13	sponsible for receiving such complaints;
14	and
15	"(ii) timelines that the local edu-
16	cational agency will establish in the resolu-
17	tion of such complaints.
18	"(4) Collect annual incidence and frequency of
19	incidents data about the conduct prohibited by the
20	policies described in paragraph (1) at the school
21	building level that are accurate and complete and
22	publicly report such data at the school level and
23	local educational agency level. The local educational

agency shall ensure that victims or persons respon-

sible for such conduct are not identifiable.

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- 1 "(5) Encourage positive and preventative approaches to school discipline that minimize students'
  3 removal from instruction and ensure that students,
  4 including students described in paragraph (2), are
  5 not subject to disproportionate punishment.
- 6 "SEC. 4703. STATE REPORTS.
- 7 "The chief executive officer of a State that receives
- 8 a grant under this title, in cooperation with the State edu-
- 9 cational agency, shall submit a biennial report to the Sec-
- 10 retary—
- 11 "(1) on the information reported by local edu-
- cational agencies in the State pursuant to section
- 13 4702(b)(4); and
- 14 "(2) describing the State's plans for supporting
- local educational agency efforts to address the con-
- duct prohibited by the policies described in section
- 17 4702(b)(1).
- 18 "SEC. 4704. EVALUATION.
- 19 "(a) BIENNIAL EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall
- 20 conduct an independent biennial evaluation of programs
- 21 and policies to combat bullying and harassment in elemen-
- 22 tary schools and secondary schools, including implementa-
- 23 tion of the requirements described in section 4702, includ-
- 24 ing whether such requirements have appreciably reduced
- 25 the level of the prohibited conduct and have conducted ef-

- 1 fective parent involvement and programs that train cov-
- 2 ered school employees how to identify and stop bullying
- 3 and harassment, as those terms are defined in section
- 4 4702.
- 5 "(b) Data Collection.—The Commissioner for
- 6 Education Statistics shall collect data from States, that
- 7 are subject to independent review, to determine the inci-
- 8 dence and frequency of conduct prohibited by the policies
- 9 described in section 4702.
- 10 "(c) Biennial Report.—Not later than January 1
- 11 of the first calendar year that begins after the effective
- 12 date of this section and every 2 years thereafter, the Sec-
- 13 retary shall submit to the President and Congress a report
- 14 on the findings of the evaluation conducted under sub-
- 15 section (a) together with the data collected under sub-
- 16 section (b) and data submitted by the States under section
- 17 4703.
- 18 "SEC. 4705. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
- 19 "(a) Federal and State Nondiscrimination
- 20 Laws.—Nothing in this part shall be construed to invali-
- 21 date or limit rights, remedies, procedures, or legal stand-
- 22 ards available to victims of discrimination under any other
- 23 Federal law or law of a State or political subdivision of
- 24 a State, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- 25 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education

- 1 Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), section
- 2 504 or 505 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
- 3 794, 794a), or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
- 4 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.). The obligations imposed by this
- 5 part are in addition to those imposed by title VI of the
- 6 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title
- 7 IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C.
- 8 1681 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of
- 9 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and the Americans with Disabil-
- 10 ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.).
- 11 "(b) Free Speech and Expression.—Nothing in
- 12 this part shall be construed to deny any student a right
- 13 of free speech, assembly, or expression protected under the
- 14 Constitution or any other Federal law, or to permit unlaw-
- 15 ful viewpoint discrimination. No policy established under
- 16 this part may prevent or punish a student's expression of
- 17 religious, political, or philosophical beliefs in the classroom
- 18 or at school activities when such expression takes place
- 19 on equal terms with similar expressions of belief allowed
- 20 by the school in the same setting, unless such expression
- 21 consists of bullying or harassment as defined in section
- 22 4702(b)(1).
- 23 "SEC. 4706. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 24 "Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit
- 25 a State or local entity from enacting any law with respect

1	to the prevention of bullying or harassment of students
2	that is not inconsistent with this part.".
3	SEC. 7. PROHIBITION ON RETALIATION AND UNEQUAL
4	TREATMENT.
5	Title XI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
6	2000h et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"SEC. 1107. NONRETALIATION.
9	"(a) In General.—
10	"(1) No government shall take any adverse ac-
11	tion because of—
12	"(A) the existence or invocation of any ex-
13	emption, defense, or remedy under this Act; or
14	"(B) the existence or invocation of any
15	protection from discrimination under this Act.
16	"(2) Nothing in this subsection shall be con-
17	strued to invalidate or supersede a law without evi-
18	dence that it was enacted, enforced, or administered
19	for reasons prohibited by paragraph (1).
20	"(b) Prohibition on Certain Government Ac-
21	TIONS.—
22	"(1) Persons protected from discrimina-
23	TION.—No government shall take any adverse action
24	that, as applied, conflicts with any protection from
25	discrimination under this Act.

"(2) CERTAIN RELIGIOUS PROPERTIES AND RE-
LIGIOUS EMPLOYERS.—
"(A) No government shall take any ad-
verse action that, as applied, is inconsistent
with the exemptions under section 201(b)(11).
"(B) No government shall take any ad-
verse action that, as applied, abridges the ex-
emptions provided under section 702(a)(2)(B).
"(C) Nothing in this subsection shall be
construed to invalidate any other law that oth-
erwise applies to a religious property exempt
under section 201(b)(11) or a religious em-
ployer exempt under section 702(a)(2)(B).
"(3) Adoption and foster care funding,
LICENSURE, AND CERTIFICATION.—No State shall
enforce a law with respect to a particular contract,
cooperative agreement, grant, guarantee, or benefit
if that law, as applied, abridges any right or benefit
under section 610, unless the State demonstrates
that the contract, cooperative agreement, grant,
guarantee, or benefit is solely funded by revenues of
a State or political subdivision thereof. A State or
its political subdivision may commingle its revenues
with Federal financial assistance for the purpose of

providing financial aid to adoption agencies; such

commingled revenues shall be deemed Federal financial assistance. No government may deny, withhold, or suspend the license or certification of a religiously affiliated adoption or foster care agency because of its religious teachings or practices, provided that the agency complies with generally applicable health and safety standards.

### "(c) Religious Educational Institutions.—

- "(1) No adverse action for religious mission.—No government shall take any adverse action against a religious educational institution, its faculty, students, or graduates because of its religious mission.
- "(2) Accredition.—No accrediting agency shall take an adverse action against a religious educational institution for noncompliance with an accreditation standard that would require the institution to act inconsistently with its religious mission as related to marriage, family, sexuality, or gender identity, except as these matters pertain to race, color, or national origin. Nothing in this provision shall be interpreted to deny an accrediting agency the authority under section 496(a) of the Higher Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1099b(a)) to take action necessary to ensure that the courses or programs of

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instruction, training, or study offered by an institution of higher education are of sufficient quality to achieve the stated objective for which the courses or the programs are offered. An accrediting agency does not demonstrate that its adverse action against a religious educational institution is authorized under section 1099b(a) merely by showing that the action results from a rule of general applicability.

"(3) Remedies.—A religious educational institution harmed by a violation of this subsection may obtain injunctive relief against the responsible accrediting agency. Upon receiving a copy of such an injunction, the Department of Education shall deem the affected religious educational institution as accredited for all purposes under Federal law. The Department shall deny recognition for any purpose to an accrediting agency that knowingly violates this subsection. An accrediting agency that loses its government recognition may apply with the Department to restore its recognition if the agency demonstrates that the violation resulted from mistake or inadvertence. Within two years of the enactment of this Act, the Department shall issue final rules prescribing the procedures governing this section.

"(d) No Religious Tests.—No government shall—

1	"(1) exclude a person from an occupation by
2	depriving a person of professional credentials or im-
3	posing a fine or penalty, including through a private
4	right of action, because of the person's religious be-
5	liefs or affiliations, provided that the person other-
6	wise complies with occupational or professional
7	standards that, in purpose and effect, are neutral to-
8	ward religion and generally applicable; or
9	"(2) determine eligibility for public office be-
10	cause of religious beliefs or affiliations.
11	"(e) Scope of Application.—Subsections (a)
12	through (d) apply in any case in which—
13	"(1) section 5 of the Fourteenth Amendment to
14	the Constitution of the United States grants law-
15	making power to Congress;
16	"(2) action by a government or an accrediting
17	agency would affect commerce with foreign nations,
18	among the several States, or with Indian Tribes;
19	"(3) a State or political subdivision receives
20	Federal financial assistance, to the full extent per-
21	mitted by Congress' authority under the Spending
22	Power in article I, section 8 of the Constitution;
23	"(4) Congress has power under the Necessary
24	and Proper Clause of article I, section 8 to effec-
25	tuate the exercise of its enumerated powers; or

1 "(5) the Constitution grants Congress any 2 other lawmaking power.

## "(f) Judicial Relief.—

- "(1) Cause of action.—A person or organization may assert an actual violation of this section, or a credible threat of such a violation, as a claim or defense in a judicial, administrative, or arbitration proceeding and obtain appropriate relief against a government or accrediting agency, including attorneys' fees. A State shall not be immune under the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States from a claim under this section.
- "(2) Removal.—Any proceeding brought in a State court for which a claimant invokes this section as a claim, counterclaim, or defense may be removed by the claimant to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place where such action is pending.

# "(g) Definitions.—In section 1107:

- "(1) The term 'abridges' means to diminish, burden, hinder, or obstruct.
- "(2) The term 'accreditation' means the status of public recognition that an accrediting agency grants to an educational institution or program that meets the agency's standards and requirements.

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"(3) The term 'accrediting agency' means a legal entity, or part of a legal entity, that conducts accrediting activities through voluntary, non-Federal peer review and makes decisions concerning the accreditation or preaccreditation status of institutions, programs, or both.

"(4) The term 'adverse action' includes action that suspends, revokes, or withholds licenses, permits, certifications, professional credentials, guarantees, contracts, or cooperative agreements; denies or revokes scholarships, grants, loans, a tax exemption or tax-exempt status; denies access to governmentsponsored facilities, activities, or programs; or that imposes any other penalty or denies an otherwise available benefit. Except for a violation of subsection (a)(1) of this section, adverse action does not include a State's refusal to subsidize contracts, grants, loans, or cooperative agreements with exclusively State revenues because of noncompliance with State standards that, in purpose and effect, are neutral toward religion and generally applicable. Commingled State and Federal revenues shall be deemed Federal revenues. Adverse action does include suspending, revoking, or withholding scholarships, grants, and loans, or access to government-sponsored facilities,

1	activities, or programs to qualified students or grad-
2	uates of religious educational institutions, notwith-
3	standing that the scholarships, grants, loans, facili-
4	ties, activities, or programs are funded with State
5	revenues.
6	"(5) The term 'government' means—
7	"(A) a State, county, municipality, or
8	other government entity created under the au-
9	thority of a State;
10	"(B) any branch, department, agency, in-
11	strumentality, or official of an entity listed in
12	subsection $(g)(5)(A)$ ;
13	"(C) any other person acting under color
14	of State law; and
15	"(D) the United States, a branch, depart-
16	ment, agency, instrumentality, or official of the
17	United States, and any other person acting
18	under color of Federal law.
19	"(6) The terms 'religion' and 'religious' include
20	all aspects of religious belief, observance, and prac-
21	tice, whether or not compelled by, or central to, a
22	system of religion.
23	"(7) The term 'religious corporation, associa-
24	tion, educational institution, or society' include—

1	"(A) a church, synagogue, mosque, temple
2	or other house of worship;
3	"(B) a nonprofit corporation, association
4	educational institution, society, or other non-
5	profit entity that is, in whole or in substantia
6	part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed
7	by a particular religion or by a particular
8	church, denomination, convention, or associa-
9	tion of churches or other houses of worship; or
10	"(C) a nonprofit corporation, association
11	educational institution, society, or other non-
12	profit entity that holds itself out to the public
13	as substantially religious, has as its stated pur-
14	pose in its organic documents that it is reli-
15	gious, and is substantially religious in its cur-
16	rent operations.
17	"(8) The term 'religious educational institution
18	means any organization covered by section
19	703(e)(2).
20	"(9) The term 'religious mission' includes reli-
21	gious affiliation, religious tenets, religious teachings
22	and religious standards, including policies or deci-
23	sions related to such affiliation, tenets, teachings, or
24	standards with respect to housing, employment, cur-

riculum, self-governance, or student admission, con-

- tinuing enrollment, or graduation, unless such affili-
- 2 ation, tenets, teachings, or standards result in invid-
- 3 ious discrimination on account of race, color, or na-
- 4 tional origin.
- 5 "(h) Construction.—This section shall supersede
- 6 State or local law as provided for expressly herein. Noth-
- 7 ing contained in section 1107 shall be construed as indi-
- 8 cating an intent on the part of Congress to occupy the
- 9 field in which this Act operates to the exclusion of State
- 10 or local laws on the same subject matter.".

#### 11 SEC. 8. PRESERVATION OF TAX-EXEMPT STATUS.

- Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26)
- 13 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is amended—
- 14 (1) by inserting "(A)" before "Corporations,
- and community chest . . . "; and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(B)(i) For purposes of Federal law, any deter-
- mination whether an organization is organized or op-
- erated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific,
- 20 literary, or educational purposes or complies with
- 21 legal standards of charity shall be made without re-
- gard to the organization's religious beliefs or prac-
- 23 tices concerning marriage, family, or sexuality, ex-
- 24 cept insofar as such practices pertain to race or

- criminal sexual offenses punishable under constitutionally valid Federal or State law.
- 3 "(ii) As used in subsection (B)(i), the term 're-
- 4 ligious' includes all aspects of religious belief, ob-
- 5 servance, and practice, whether or not compelled by,
- or central to, a system of religion.".

### 7 SEC. 9. SEVERABILITY.

8 If any provision of this Act, or the application of any

9 provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be

10 invalid, the remainder of this Act and the application of

11 its other provisions to any other individuals or cir-

12 cumstances shall not be affected thereby.

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