To prohibit Members of Congress from purchasing or selling certain investments, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 3, 2021

Mr. Krishnamoorthi (for himself, Ms. Ocasio-Cortez, Mr. Neguse, Mr. Gaetz, Mr. Cloud, Ms. Scanlon, Mr. Takano, Ms. Schakowsky, Ms. Norton, Mr. Jones, Mr. Blumenauer, Ms. Tlaib, Mr. Pocan, Ms. Speier, and Mr. Deutch) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committees on Agriculture, and House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To prohibit Members of Congress from purchasing or selling certain investments, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

2 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

3 This Act may be cited as the “Ban Conflicted Trading Act”.

4

5 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

6 In this Act—
(1) the term “commodity” has the meaning given the term in section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a);

(2) the term “covered investment”—

(A) means investment in a security, a commodity, or a future, or any comparable economic interest acquired through synthetic means such as the use of a derivative; and

(B) does not include—

(i) a widely held investment fund described in section 102(f)(8) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.); or

(ii) a United States Treasury bill, note, or bond;

(3) the term “covered person” means—

(A) a sitting Member of Congress; and

(B) an individual employed as an officer or employee of Congress required to file a report under the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.);

(4) the term “future” means a financial contract obligating the buyer to purchase an asset or the seller to sell an asset, such as a physical com-
modity or a financial instrument, at a predetermined future date and price; and

(5) the term “security” has the meaning given the term in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).

SEC. 3. PROHIBITIONS.

(a) TRANSACTIONS.—Except as provided in sections 4 and 5, no covered person may—

(1) purchase or sell any covered investment; or

(2) enter into a transaction that creates a net short position in any security.

(b) POSITIONS.—A covered person may not serve as an officer or member of any board of any for-profit association, corporation, or other entity.

SEC. 4. EXCEPTIONS.

(a) INVESTMENTS HELD BEFORE TAKING OFFICE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A covered person may have control over or knowledge of the management of any covered investment held by the covered person as of the day before the date on which the covered person took office.

(2) PROHIBITION ON PURCHASING OR SELLING.—A covered person may not buy or sell any in-
vestment described in paragraph (1) except in the
case of—

(A) placing the investment in a qualified
blind trust described in section 5; or

(B) divesting themselves of any investment
under subsection (b).

(b) DIVESTITURE.—A covered person may sell a cov-
ered investment during the 6-month period beginning
on—

(1) the date on which the covered person takes
office or begins employment, as applicable; or

(2) the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 5. TRUSTS.

(a) In General.—On a case-by-case basis, the Se-
lect Committee on Ethics may authorize a covered person
to place their securities holdings in a qualified blind trust
approved by the committee under section 102(f) of the

(b) Blind Trust.—A blind trust permitted under
this subsection shall meet the criteria in section
102(f)(4)(B) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5
U.S.C. App.), unless an alternative arrangement is ap-
proved by the Select Committee on Ethics.

SEC. 6. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.

(a) Administration.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of this Act shall be administered by the Select Committee on Ethics of the Senate and the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives.

(2) GUIDANCE.—The Select Committee on Ethics of the Senate and the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives are authorized to issue guidance on any matter contained in this Act, including—

(A) whether a covered person may hold an employee stock option, or similar instrument, that had not vested before the date on which the covered person was elected; and

(B) the process and timeline for when a covered person shall no longer serve as an officer or member of any board of any for-profit association, corporation, or other entity.

(b) ENFORCEMENT.—Whoever knowingly fails to comply with this Act shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than 10 percent of the value of the covered investment that was purchased or sold or the security in which a net short position was created in violation of this Act, as applicable.