# <sup>117TH CONGRESS</sup> 1ST SESSION H.R. 2467

# AN ACT

- To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to designate per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "PFAS Action Act of 2021".
- 4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

### 5 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Designation as hazardous substances.
- Sec. 3. Testing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 4. Manufacturing and processing notices for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 5. National primary drinking water regulations for PFAS.
- Sec. 6. Enforcement.
- Sec. 7. Establishment of PFAS infrastructure grant program.
- Sec. 8. Listing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous air pollutants.
- Sec. 9. Prohibition on unsafe waste incineration of PFAS.
- Sec. 10. Label for PFAS-free products.
- Sec. 11. Guidance on minimizing the use of firefighting foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS.
- Sec. 12. Investigation of prevention of contamination by GenX.
- Sec. 13. Disclosure of introductions of PFAS.
- Sec. 14. Household well water testing website.
- Sec. 15. Risk-communication strategy.
- Sec. 16. Assistance to Territories for addressing emerging contaminants, with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 17. Clean Water Act effluent limitations guidelines and standards and water quality criteria for PFAS.
- Sec. 18. School drinking water testing and filtration grant program.
- Sec. 19. Analytical reference standards for PFAS.

### 6 SEC. 2. DESIGNATION AS HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES.

7 (a) DESIGNATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the 8 9 Environmental Protection Agency shall designate 10 perfluorooctanoic acid and its salts. and 11 perfluoroactanesulfonic acid and its salts, as hazardous substances under section 102(a) of the Comprehensive En-12 vironmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 13 14 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9602(a)).

1 (b) DEADLINE FOR ADDITIONAL DETERMINA-TIONS.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enact-2 ment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental 3 4 Protection Agency shall determine whether to designate 5 all perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, other than those perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances 6 7 designated pursuant to subsection (a), as hazardous sub-8 stances under section 102(a) of the Comprehensive Envi-9 ronmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 10 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9602(a)) individually or in groups.

11 (c) AIRPORT SPONSORS.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—No sponsor, including a 13 sponsor of the civilian portion of a joint-use airport 14 or a shared-use airport (as such terms are defined 15 in section 139.5 of title 14, Code of Federal Regula-16 tions (or a successor regulation)), shall be liable 17 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, 18 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 19 9601 et seq.) for the costs of responding to, or dam-20 ages resulting from, a release to the environment of 21 a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance des-22 ignated as a hazardous substance under section 23 102(a) of such Act that resulted from the use of 24 aqueous film forming foam agent, if such use was—

1 (A) required by the Federal Aviation Ad-2 ministration for compliance with part 139 of 3 title 14, Code of Federal Regulations; and 4 (B) carried out in accordance with Federal 5 Aviation Administration standards and guid-6 ance on the use of such substance. 7 (2) SPONSOR DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "sponsor" has the meaning given such term in 8 9 section 47102 of title 49, United States Code. 10 (d) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—Not later than 60 days 11 after making a determination under subsection (b), the 12 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency 13 shall make the results of such determination publicly avail-14 able on the website of the Environmental Protection Agen-15 cy. 16 (e) REVIEW.— 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-

18 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-19 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall 20 submit to the appropriate congressional committees 21 a report containing a review of actions by the Envi-22 ronmental Protection Agency to clean up contamina-23 tion of the substances designated pursuant to sub-24 section (a).

1	(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.— The report under
2	paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of clean-
3	up progress and effectiveness, including the fol-
4	lowing:
5	(A) The number of sites where the Envi-
6	ronmental Protection Agency has acted to re-
7	mediate contamination of the substances des-
8	ignated pursuant to subsection (a).
9	(B) Which types of chemicals relating to
10	such substances were present at each site and
11	the extent to which each site was contaminated.
12	(C) An analysis of discrepancies in cleanup
13	between Federal and non-Federal contamina-
14	tion sites.
15	(D) Any other elements the Administrator
16	may determine necessary.
17	(3) Appropriate congressional commit-
18	TEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "ap-
19	propriate congressional committees" means the fol-
20	lowing:
21	(A) The Committee on Energy and Com-
22	merce of the House of Representatives.
23	(B) The Committee on the Environment
24	and Public Works of the Senate.

1	SEC. 3. TESTING OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND
2	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
3	(a) TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4(a) of the
4	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(a)) is
5	amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(5) PERFLUOROALKYL AND
7	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES RULE.—
8	"(A) Rule.—Notwithstanding paragraphs
9	(1) through $(3)$ , the Administrator shall, by
10	rule, require that comprehensive toxicity testing
11	be conducted on all chemical substances that
12	are perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
13	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In issuing a rule
14	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator—
15	"(i) may establish categories of
16	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
17	stances based on hazard characteristics or
18	chemical properties;
19	"(ii) shall require the development of
20	information relating to perfluoroalkyl and
21	polyfluoroalkyl substances that the Admin-
22	istrator determines is likely to be useful in
23	evaluating the hazard and risk posed by
24	such substances in land, air, and water (in-
25	cluding drinking water and water used for

1	agricultural purposes), as well as in prod-
2	ucts; and
3	"(iii) may allow for varied or tiered
4	testing requirements based on hazard char-
5	acteristics or chemical properties of
6	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
7	stances or categories of perfluoroalkyl and
8	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
9	"(C) DEADLINES.—The Administrator
10	shall issue—
11	"(i) a proposed rule under subpara-
12	graph (A) not later than 6 months after
13	the date of enactment of this paragraph;
14	and
15	"(ii) a final rule under subparagraph
16	(A) not later than 2 years after the date
17	of enactment of this paragraph.".
18	(b) PERSONS SUBJECT TO RULE.—Section 4(b)(3) of
19	the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(b)(3))
20	is amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subpara-
22	graph (B) or (C)" and inserting "subparagraph (B),
23	(C), or (D)"; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(D) A rule under subsection (a)(5) shall require the
 development of information by any person who manufac tures or processes, or intends to manufacture or process,
 a chemical substance that is a perfluoroalkyl or
 polyfluoroalkyl substance.".

6 (c) PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUB7 STANCES.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act
8 (15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended by adding at the end the
9 following:

10 "(i) Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl11 Substances.—

12 "(1) TESTING REQUIREMENT RULE.—

13 "(A) PROTOCOLS AND METHODOLOGIES.— 14 In determining the protocols and methodologies 15 to be included pursuant to subsection (b)(1) in 16 a rule under subsection (a)(5), the Adminis-17 trator shall allow for protocols and methodolo-18 gies that test chemical substances that are 19 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as 20 a class.

21 "(B) PERIOD.—In determining the period
22 to be included pursuant to subsection (b)(1) in
23 a rule under subsection (a)(5), the Adminis24 trator shall ensure that the period is as short

1	as possible while allowing for completion of the
2	required testing.
3	"(2) EXEMPTIONS.—In carrying out subsection
4	(c) with respect to a chemical substance that is a
5	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance, the Ad-
6	ministrator—
7	"(A) may only determine under subsection
8	(c)(2) that information would be duplicative if
9	the chemical substance with respect to which
10	the application for exemption is submitted is in
11	the same category, as established under sub-
12	section $(a)(5)(B)(i)$ , as a chemical substance for
13	which information has been submitted to the
14	Administrator in accordance with a rule, order,
15	or consent agreement under subsection (a) or
16	for which information is being developed pursu-
17	ant to such a rule, order, or consent agreement;
18	and
19	"(B) shall publish a list of all such chem-
20	ical substances for which an exemption under
21	subsection (c) is granted.".

1	SEC. 4. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES FOR
2	PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL
3	SUBSTANCES.
4	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act $(15)$
5	U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"(7) PFAS.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
10	subparagraph (B), this subsection does not
11	apply to any chemical substance that is a
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance.
13	"(B) Drugs and devices.—Paragraph
14	(3) applies to a chemical substance that is a
15	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
16	which is manufactured or processed, or pro-
17	posed to be manufactured or processed, solely
18	for purposes of—
19	"(i) scientific experimentation or anal-
20	ysis with respect to a drug or device (as
21	such terms are defined in section 201 of
22	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
23	Act) or personal protective equipment (as
24	such term is defined in section 20005 of
25	the CARES Act); or

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1	"(ii) chemical research on, or analysis
2	of, such a chemical substance for the devel-
3	opment of a drug or device (as such terms
4	are defined in section 201 of the Federal
5	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act) or personal
6	protective equipment (as such term is de-
7	fined in section 20005 of the CARES
8	Act)."; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(j) Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl
11	SUBSTANCES.—
12	"(1) DETERMINATION.—For a period of 5
13	years beginning on the date of enactment of this
14	subsection, any chemical substance that is a
15	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance for which
16	a notice is submitted under subsection (a) shall be
17	deemed to have been determined by the Adminis-
18	trator to present an unreasonable risk of injury to
19	health or the environment under paragraph $(3)(A)$
20	of such subsection.
21	"(2) ORDER.—Notwithstanding subsection
22	(a)(3)(A), for a chemical substance described in
23	paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Administrator
24	shall issue an order under subsection $(f)(3)$ to pro-

hibit the manufacture, processing, and distribution
in commerce of such chemical substance.".
SEC. 5. NATIONAL PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REGULA-
TIONS FOR PFAS.
Section 1412(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
U.S.C. 300g–1(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
following:
"(16) PERFLUOROALKYL AND
POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
after the date of enactment of this paragraph,
the Administrator shall, after notice and oppor-
tunity for public comment, promulgate a na-
tional primary drinking water regulation for
perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances,
which shall, at a minimum, include standards
for—
"(i) perfluorooctanoic acid (commonly
referred to as 'PFOA'); and
"(ii) perfluorooctane sulfonic acid
(commonly referred to as 'PFOS').
"(B) Alternative procedures.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1
year after the validation by the Adminis-

1	trol and testing procedure to ensure com-
2	pliance with the national primary drinking
3	water regulation promulgated under sub-
4	paragraph (A) to measure the levels de-
5	scribed in clause (ii) or other methods to
6	detect and monitor perfluoroalkyl and
7	polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking
8	water, the Administrator shall add the pro-
9	cedure or method as an alternative to the
10	quality control and testing procedure de-
11	scribed in such national primary drinking
12	water regulation by publishing the proce-
13	dure or method in the Federal Register in
14	accordance with section $1401(1)(D)$ .
15	"(ii) LEVELS DESCRIBED.—The levels
16	referred to in clause (i) are—
17	"(I) the level of a perfluoroalkyl
18	or polyfluoroalkyl substance;
19	"(II) the total levels of
20	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
21	stances; and
22	"(III) the total levels of organic
23	fluorine.
24	"(C) INCLUSIONS.—The Administrator
25	may include a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl

1	substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
2	polyfluoroalkyl substances on—
3	"(i) the list of contaminants for con-
4	sideration of regulation under paragraph
5	(1)(B)(i), in accordance with such para-
6	graph; and
7	"(ii) the list of unregulated contami-
8	nants to be monitored under section
9	1445(a)(2)(B)(i), in accordance with such
10	section.
11	"(D) MONITORING.—When establishing
12	monitoring requirements for public water sys-
13	tems as part of a national primary drinking
14	water regulation under subparagraph (A) or
15	subparagraph (G)(ii), the Administrator shall
16	tailor the monitoring requirements for public
17	water systems that do not detect or are reliably
18	and consistently below the maximum contami-
19	nant level (as defined in section $1418(b)(2)(B)$ )
20	for the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
21	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substances subject to the na-
23	tional primary drinking water regulation.
24	"(E) Health protection.—The national
25	primary drinking water regulation promulgated

under subparagraph (A) shall be protective of the health of subpopulations at greater risk, as described in section 1458.

"(F) HEALTH RISK REDUCTION AND COST 4 5 ANALYSIS.—In meeting the requirements of 6 paragraph (3)(C), the Administrator may rely 7 on information available to the Administrator 8 with respect to more specific one or 9 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances to 10 extrapolate reasoned conclusions regarding the 11 health risks and effects of class of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances of 12 13 which the specific perfluoroalkyl or 14 polyfluoroalkyl substances are a part.

15 "(G) REGULATION OF ADDITIONAL SUB16 STANCES.—

17 "(i) DETERMINATION.—The Adminis-18 trator shall make a determination under 19 paragraph (1)(A), using the criteria de-20 scribed in clauses (i) through (iii) of that 21 paragraph, whether to include a 22 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance 23 or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl 24 substances in the national primary drink-25 ing water regulation under subparagraph

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1	(A) not later than 18 months after the
2	later of—
3	"(I) the date on which the
4	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
5	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
6	polyfluoroalkyl substances is listed on
7	the list of contaminants for consider-
8	ation of regulation under paragraph
9	(1)(B)(i); and
10	"(II) the date on which—
11	"(aa) the Administrator has
12	received the results of monitoring
13	under section $1445(a)(2)(B)$ for
14	the perfluoroalkyl or
15	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class
16	of perfluoroalkyl or
17	polyfluoroalkyl substances; or
18	"(bb) the Administrator has
19	received reliable water data or
20	water monitoring surveys for the
21	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
22	substance or class of
23	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
24	substances from a Federal or
25	State agency that the Adminis-

1	trator determines to be of a qual-
2	ity sufficient to make a deter-
3	mination under paragraph
4	(1)(A).
5	"(ii) PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REG-
6	ULATIONS.—
7	"(I) IN GENERAL.—For each
8	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
9	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substances that the
11	Administrator determines to regulate
12	under clause (i), the Administrator—
13	"(aa) not later than 18
14	months after the date on which
15	the Administrator makes the de-
16	termination, shall propose a na-
17	tional primary drinking water
18	regulation for the perfluoroalkyl
19	or polyfluoroalkyl substance or
20	class of perfluoroalkyl or
21	polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
22	"(bb) may publish the pro-
23	posed national primary drinking
24	water regulation described in
25	item (aa) concurrently with the

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1	publication of the determination
2	to regulate the perfluoroalkyl or
3	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class
4	of perfluoroalkyl or
5	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
6	"(II) DEADLINE.—
7	"(aa) IN GENERAL.—Not
8	later than 1 year after the date
9	on which the Administrator pub-
10	lishes a proposed national pri-
11	mary drinking water regulation
12	under clause (i)(I) and subject to
13	item (bb), the Administrator
14	shall take final action on the pro-
15	posed national primary drinking
16	water regulation.
17	"(bb) EXTENSION.—The
18	Administrator, on publication of
19	notice in the Federal Register,
20	may extend the deadline under
21	item (aa) by not more than 6
22	months.
23	"(H) HEALTH ADVISORY.—
24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause
25	(ii), the Administrator shall publish a

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health advisory under paragraph $(1)(F)$	) for
a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl	sub-
stance or class of perfluoroalkyl	or
polyfluoroalkyl substances not subject	to a
national primary drinking water regula	ation
not later than 1 year after the later	of—
"(I) the date on which the	Ad-
ministrator finalizes a toxicity v	value
for the perfluoroalkyl	or
polyfluoroalkyl substance or clas	s of
perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl	sub-
stances; and	
"(II) the date on which the	Ad-
ministrator validates an effective of	qual-
ity control and testing procedure	e for
the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroa	alkyl
substance or class of perfluoroalky	yl or
polyfluoroalkyl substances.	
"(ii) WAIVER.—The Administr	ator
may waive the requirements of clause	e (i)
with respect to a perfluoroalkyl	or
polyfluoroalkyl substance or class	of
perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl	sub-
stances if the Administrator determ	nines
that there is a substantial likelihood	that

1 the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-2 of perfluoroalkyl or class stance or 3 polyfluoroalkyl substances will not occur in 4 drinking water with sufficient frequency to 5 justify the publication of a health advisory, 6 and publishes such determination, includ-7 ing the information and analysis used, and 8 basis for, such determination, in the Fed-9 eral Register.".

# 10 SEC. 6. ENFORCEMENT.

11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-12 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may 13 not impose financial penalties for the violation of a national primary drinking water regulation (as defined in 14 15 section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)) with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl 16 17 substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-18 stances for which a national primary drinking water regulation has been promulgated under section 1412(b)(16) of 19 20 the Safe Drinking Water Act earlier than the date that 21 is 5 years after the date on which the Administrator pro-22 mulgates the national primary drinking water regulation.

3 Part E of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
4 300j et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol5 lowing new section:

# 6 "SEC. 1459E. ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY WATER SYS7 TEMS AFFECTED BY PFAS.

8 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days 9 after the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis-10 trator shall establish a program to award grants to af-11 fected community water systems to pay for capital costs 12 associated with the implementation of eligible treatment 13 technologies.

14 "(b) Applications.—

15 "(1) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 12 months
after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall publish guidance describing the
form and timing for community water systems to
apply for grants under this section.

20 "(2) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The Adminis21 trator shall require a community water system ap22 plying for a grant under this section to submit—

23 "(A) information showing the presence of
24 PFAS in water of the community water system;
25 and

"(B) a certification that the treatment
technology in use by the community water system at the time of application is not sufficient
to meet all applicable standards, and all applicable health advisories published pursuant to
section 1412(b)(1)(F), for perfluoroalkyl and
polyfluoroalkyl substances.

8 "(e) LIST  $\mathbf{OF}$ ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECH-NOLOGIES.—Not later than 150 days after the date of en-9 actment of this section, and every 2 years thereafter, the 10 11 Administrator shall publish a list of treatment tech-12 nologies that the Administrator determines are the most 13 effective at removing perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl 14 substances from drinking water.

15 "(d) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding grants
16 under this section, the Administrator shall prioritize an
17 affected community water system that—

18 "(1) serves a disadvantaged community;

19 "(2) will provide at least a 10-percent cost
20 share for the cost of implementing an eligible treat21 ment technology;

"(3) demonstrates the capacity to maintain the
eligible treatment technology to be implemented
using the grant; or

"(4) is located within an area with respect to
which the Administrator has published a determination under the first sentence of section 1424(e) relating to an aquifer that is the sole or principal
drinking water source for the area.

Increased 6 "(e) No BONDING AUTHORITY.— 7 Amounts awarded to affected community water systems 8 under this section may not be used as a source of payment 9 of, or security for (directly or indirectly), in whole or in 10 part, any obligation the interest on which is exempt from 11 the tax imposed under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 12

13 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be
appropriated to carry out this section not more than
\$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
2026.

18 "(2) SPECIAL RULE.—Of the amounts author-19 be ized to appropriated by paragraph (1).20 \$25,000,000 are authorized to be appropriated for 21 each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 for grants under 22 subsection (a) to pay for capital costs associated 23 with the implementation of eligible treatment tech-24 nologies during the period beginning on October 1,

2014, and ending on the date of enactment of this
 section.

3 "(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 "(1) AFFECTED COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM.—
5 The term 'affected community water system' means
6 a community water system that is affected by the
7 presence of PFAS in the water in the community
8 water system.

9 "(2) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term
10 'disadvantaged community' has the meaning given
11 that term in section 1452.

12 "(3) DISPROPORTIONATELY EXPOSED COMMU-NITY.—The term 'disproportionately exposed com-13 14 munity' means a community in which climate 15 change, pollution, or environmental destruction have exacerbated systemic racial, regional, social, environ-16 17 mental, and economic injustices by disproportion-18 ately affecting indigenous peoples, communities of 19 color, migrant communities, deindustrialized commu-20 nities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, low-21 income workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused, 22 people with disabilities, or youth.

23 "(4) ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY.—
24 The term 'eligible treatment technology' means a

1	treatment technology included on the list published
2	under subsection (c).
3	"(5) PFAS.—The term 'PFAS' means a
4	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with at
5	least one fully fluorinated carbon atom, including the
6	chemical GenX.".
7	SEC. 8. LISTING OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND
8	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES AS HAZ-
9	ARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS.
10	(a) LISTING.—
11	(1) INITIAL LISTING.—Not later than 180 days
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
13	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall
14	issue a final rule adding perfluorooctanoic acid and
15	its salts, and perfluoroactanesulfonic acid and its
16	salts, to the list of hazardous air pollutants under
17	section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
18	7412(b)).
19	(2) Additional listings.—Not later than 5
20	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
21	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
22	Agency shall determine whether to issue, in accord-
23	ance with section $112$ of the Clean Air Act (42)
24	U.S.C. 7412), any final rules adding perfluoroalkyl
25	and polyfluoroalkyl substances, other than those

perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed
 pursuant to paragraph (1), to the list of hazardous
 air pollutants under section 112(b) of such Act.

4 (b) SOURCES CATEGORIES.—Not later than 365 days 5 after any final rule is issued pursuant to subsection (a), the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-6 7 cv shall revise the list under section 112(c)(1) of the Clean 8 Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(c)(1)) to include categories and 9 subcategories of major sources and area sources of 10 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed pursu-11 ant to such final rule.

# 12 SEC. 9. PROHIBITION ON UNSAFE WASTE INCINERATION OF 13 PFAS.

Section 3004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
U.S.C. 6924) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

17 "(z) PFAS WASTES.—

18 "(1) FIREFIGHTING FOAM.—Not later than 6 19 months after the date of enactment of this sub-20 section, the Administrator shall promulgate regula-21 tions requiring that when materials containing 22 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances or 23 aqueous film forming foam are disposed—

24 "(A) all incineration is conducted in a25 manner that eliminates perfluoroalkyl and

1	polyfluoroalkyl substances while also minimizing
2	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances
3	emitted into the air to the extent feasible;
4	"(B) all incineration is conducted in ac-
5	cordance with the requirements of the Clean Air
6	Act, including controlling hydrogen fluoride;
7	"(C) any materials containing
8	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances
9	that are designated for disposal are stored in
10	accordance with the requirement under part
11	264 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations;
12	and
13	"(D) all incineration is conducted at a fa-
14	cility that has been permitted to receive waste
15	regulated under this subtitle.
16	"(2) Penalties.—For purposes of section
17	3008(d), a waste subject to a prohibition under this
18	subsection shall be considered a hazardous waste
19	identified or listed under this subtitle.".
20	SEC. 10. LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS.
21	(a) LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS.—Not later
22	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
23	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency
24	shall—

1	(1) revise the Safer Choice Standard of the
2	Safer Choice Program to identify the requirements
3	for a covered product to meet in order to be labeled
4	with a Safer Choice label, including a requirement
5	that any such covered product does not contain any
6	PFAS; or
7	(2) establish a voluntary label that is available
8	to be used by any manufacturer of any covered prod-
9	uct that the Administrator has reviewed and found
10	does not contain any PFAS.
11	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
12	(1) COVERED PRODUCT.—The term "covered
13	product" means—
14	(A) a pot,
15	(B) a pan;
16	(C) a cooking utensil;
17	(D) carpet;
18	(E) a rug;
19	(F) clothing;
20	(G) upholstered furniture;
21	(H) a stain resistant, water resistant, or
22	grease resistant coating not subject to require-
23	ments under section 409 of the Federal Food,
24	Drug, and Cosmetic Act;
25	(I) food packaging material;

1	(J) an umbrella;
2	(K) luggage; or
3	(L) a cleaning product.
4	(2) PFAS.—The term "PFAS" means a
5	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with at
6	least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
7	SEC. 11. GUIDANCE ON MINIMIZING THE USE OF FIRE-
8	FIGHTING FOAM AND OTHER RELATED
9	EQUIPMENT CONTAINING ANY PFAS.
10	(a) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the date
11	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Envi-
12	ronmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the
13	head of the U.S. Fire Administration, Federal Aviation
14	Administration, and other relevant Federal departments
15	or agencies and representatives of State and local building
16	and fire code enforcement jurisdictions, shall issue guid-
17	ance on minimizing the use of, or contact with, firefighting
18	foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS
19	by firefighters, police officers, paramedics, emergency
20	medical technicians, and other first responders, in order
21	to minimize the risk to such firefighters, police officers,
22	paramedics, emergency medical technicians, and other
23	first responders, and the environment, without jeopard-
24	izing firefighting efforts.

1 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after 2 the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually there-3 after, the Administrator, in consultation with the head of 4 the U.S. Fire Administration, shall submit to Congress a 5 report on the effectiveness of the guidance issued under subsection (a). Such report shall include recommendations 6 7 for congressional actions that the Administrator deter-8 mines appropriate to assist efforts to reduce exposure to 9 PFAS by firefighters and the other persons described in 10 subsection (a).

11 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 12 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Envi-13 ronmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the head of the U.S. Fire Administration and other relevant 14 15 Federal departments or agencies, shall report to Congress on the efforts of the Environmental Protection Agency and 16 other relevant Federal departments and agencies to iden-17 tify viable alternatives to firefighting foam and other re-18 19 lated equipment containing any PFAS.

(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "PFAS"
means perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctanesulfonic
acid, and any other perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom that
the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-

cy determines is used in firefighting foam and other re lated equipment.

# 3 SEC. 12. INVESTIGATION OF PREVENTION OF CONTAMINA4 TION BY GENX.

5 The Administrator of the Environmental Protection
6 Agency shall investigate methods and means to prevent
7 contamination by GenX of surface waters, including
8 source waters used for drinking water purposes.

# 9 SEC. 13. DISCLOSURE OF INTRODUCTIONS OF PFAS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The introduction of any
11 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance by the owner
12 or operator of an industrial source shall be unlawful unless
13 such owner or operator first notifies the owner or operator
14 of the applicable treatment works of—

- (1) the identity and quantity of such substance;
  (2) whether such substance is susceptible to
  treatment by such treatment works; and
- 18 (3) whether such substance would interfere with19 the operation of the treatment works.

(b) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of this section shall be
treated in the same manner as a violation of a regulation
promulgated under subsection 307(b) of the Federal
Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317(b)).

24 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) INTRODUCTION.—The term "introduction"
 means the introduction of pollutants into treatment
 works, as described in section 307(b) of the Federal
 Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).

5 (2) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term "treatment
6 works" has the meaning given that term in section
7 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
8 U.S.C. 1292).

# 9 SEC. 14. HOUSEHOLD WELL WATER TESTING WEBSITE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
Environmental Protection Agency shall establish a website
containing information relating to the testing of household
well water.

(b) CONTENTS.—The Administrator shall include onthe website established under subsection (a) the following:

17 (1) Information on how to get groundwater that
18 is the source for a household water well tested by a
19 well inspector who is certified by a qualified third
20 party.

21 (2) A list of laboratories that analyze water
22 samples and are certified by a State or the Adminis23 trator.

1 (3) State-specific information, developed in co-2 ordination with each State, on naturally occurring and human-induced contaminants. 3

(4) Information that, using accepted risk communication techniques, clearly communicates wheth-6 er a test result value exceeds a level determined by the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

8 (5) Information on treatment options, including 9 information relating to water treatment systems cer-10 tified to the relevant NSF/ANSI American National 11 Standard for drinking water treatment units by a 12 third-party certification body accredited by the 13 ANSI National Accreditation Board.

14 (6) A directory of whom to contact to report a 15 test result value that exceeds a level determined by 16 the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

17 (7) Information on financial assistance that is 18 available for homeowners to support water treat-19 ment, including grants under section 306E of the 20 Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 21 U.S.C. 1926e) and State resources.

22 (8) Information about the health risks associ-23 ated with consuming water contaminated with PFAS 24 as well as recommendations for individuals who be-

4

5

lieve they may have consumed such PFAS-contami nated water.

3 (9) Any other information the Administrator4 considers appropriate.

5 (c) ACCESS.—The Administrator shall ensure infor6 mation on the website established under subsection (a) is
7 presented in a manner that provides meaningful access to
8 such information for individuals with limited English pro9 ficiency.

(d) COORDINATION.—The Administrator shall coordinate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services,
the Secretary of Agriculture, and appropriate State agencies in carrying out this section.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.

### 17 SEC. 15. RISK-COMMUNICATION STRATEGY.

18 The Administrator of the Environmental Protection 19 Agency shall develop a risk-communication strategy to in-20 form the public about the hazards or potential hazards 21 of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, or cat-22 egories of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, 23 by—

(1) disseminating information about the risksor potential risks posed by such substances or cat-

1	egories in land, air, water (including drinking water
2	and water used for agricultural purposes), and prod-
3	ucts;
4	(2) notifying the public about exposure path-
5	ways and mitigation measures through outreach and
6	educational resources; and
7	(3) consulting with States that have dem-
8	onstrated effective risk-communication strategies for
9	best practices in developing a national risk-commu-
10	nication strategy.
11	SEC. 16. ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES FOR ADDRESSING
12	EMERGING CONTAMINANTS, WITH A FOCUS
14	
12	ON PERFLUOROALKYL AND
13	ON PERFLUOROALKYL AND
13 14	ON PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
13 14 15	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42)
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:"(2) ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES.—To the ex-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	ONPERFLUOROALKYLANDPOLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended—(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph)(2) ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES.—To the extent that sufficient applications are received, the Ad-

wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American
Samoa, and Guam for the purpose of addressing
emerging contaminants, with a focus on
perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.".
SEC. 17. CLEAN WATER ACT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS
GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS AND WATER
QUALITY CRITERIA FOR PFAS.
(a) DEADLINES.—
(1) WATER QUALITY CRITERIA.—Not later than
3 years after the date of enactment of this section,
the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Reg-
ister human health water quality criteria under sec-
tion $304(a)(1)$ of the Federal Water Pollution Con-
trol Act $(33$ U.S.C. $1314)$ for each measurable
perfluoroalkyl substance, polyfluoroalkyl substance,
and class of such substances.
(2) Effluent limitations guidelines and
STANDARDS FOR PRIORITY INDUSTRY CAT-
EGORIES.—As soon as practicable, but not later
than 4 years after the date of enactment of this sec-
tion, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal
Register a final rule establishing, for each priority
industry category, effluent limitations guidelines and
standards, in accordance with the Federal Water

discharge into a publicly owned treatment works) of
 each measurable perfluoroalkyl substance,
 polyfluoroalkyl substance, and class of such sub stances.

5 (b) NOTIFICATION.—The Administrator shall notify
6 the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
7 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Envi8 ronment and Public Works of the Senate of each publica9 tion made under this section.

10 (c) IMPLEMENTATION ASSISTANCE FOR PUBLICLY
11 OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
award grants to owners and operators of publicly
owned treatment works, to be used to implement effluent limitations guidelines and standards developed
by the Administrator for a perfluoroalkyl substance,
polyfluoroalkyl substance, or class of such substances.

19 (2)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 20 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-21 ministrator this subsection to carry out 22 \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 23 2026, to remain available until expended.

24 (d) NO INCREASED BONDING AUTHORITY.—25 Amounts awarded to an owner or operator of a publicly

owned treatment works under this section may not be used
 as a source of payment of, or security for (directly or indi rectly), in whole or in part, any obligation the interest on
 which is exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 1
 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

6 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

7 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis8 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ9 mental Protection Agency.

10 (2) EFFLUENT LIMITATION.—The term "efflu11 ent limitation" has the meaning given that term in
12 section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
13 Act (33 U.S.C. 1362).

14 (3) MEASURABLE.—The term "measurable"
15 means, with respect to a chemical substance or class
16 of chemical substances, capable of being measured
17 using test procedures established under section
18 304(h) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
19 (33 U.S.C. 1314).

20 (4) PERFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—The term
21 "perfluoroalkyl substance" means a chemical of
22 which all of the carbon atoms are fully fluorinated
23 carbon atoms.

24 (5) POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—The
25 term "polyfluoroalkyl substance" means a chemical

1	containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom
2	and at least one carbon atom that is not a fully
3	fluorinated carbon atom.
4	(6) Priority industry category.—The term
5	"priority industry category" means the following
6	point source categories:
7	(A) Organic chemicals, plastics, and syn-
8	thetic fibers, as identified in part 414 of title
9	40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor
10	regulations).
11	(B) Pulp, paper, and paperboard, as iden-
12	tified in part 430 of title 40, Code of Federal
13	Regulations (or successor regulations).
14	(C) Textile mills, as identified in part 410
15	of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or suc-
16	cessor regulations).
17	(D) Electroplating, as identified in part
18	413 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or
19	successor regulations).
20	(E) Metal finishing, as identified in part
21	433 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or
22	successor regulations).
23	(F) Leather tanning and finishing, as iden-
24	tified in part 425 of title 40, Code of Federal
25	Regulations (or successor regulations).

1	(G) Paint formulating, as identified in part
2	446 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or
3	successor regulations).
4	(H) Electrical and electronic components,
5	as identified in part 469 of title 40, Code of
6	Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).
7	(I) Plastics molding and forming, as iden-
8	tified in part 463 of title 40, Code of Federal
9	Regulations (or successor regulations).
10	(7) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term "treatment
11	works" has the meaning given that term in section
12	212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
13	U.S.C. 1292).
14	SEC. 18. SCHOOL DRINKING WATER TESTING AND FILTRA-
15	TION GRANT PROGRAM.
16	Part F of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
17	300j–21 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"SEC. 1466. SCHOOL PFAS TESTING AND FILTRATION
20	GRANT PROGRAM.
21	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
22	date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall
23	establish a program to make grants to eligible entities
24	for—

1	"(1) testing for perfluoroalkyl and
2	polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking water at
3	schools that is conducted by an entity approved by
4	the Administrator or the applicable State to conduct
5	the testing;
6	((2)) installation, maintenance, and repair of
7	water filtration systems effective for reducing
8	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in
9	drinking water at schools that contains a level of any
10	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that ex-
11	ceeds—
12	"(A) an applicable maximum contaminant
13	level established by the Administrator under
14	section 1412; or
15	"(B) an applicable standard established by
16	the applicable State that is more stringent than
17	the level described in subparagraph (A); or
18	"(3) safe disposal of spent water filtration
19	equipment used to reduce perfluoroalkyl and
20	polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking water at
21	schools.
22	"(b) GUIDANCE; PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—As a condi-
23	tion of receiving a grant under this section, an eligible en-
24	tity shall—

"(1) expend grant funds in accordance with any
applicable State regulation or guidance regarding
the reduction of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl
substances in drinking water at schools that is not
less stringent than any applicable guidance issued by
the Administrator;
"(2) make publicly available, including, to the
maximum extent practicable, on the website of the
eligible entity, a copy of the results of any testing
carried out with grant funds received under this sec-
tion; and
"(3) notify parent, teacher, and employee orga-
nizations of the availability of the results described
in paragraph (2).
"(c) LIMITATION.—An eligible entity receiving a
grant under this section may use not more than 5 percent
of grant funds to pay the administrative costs of carrying
out the activities for which the grant was made.
"(d) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this sec-
tion, the term 'eligible entity' means—
"(1) a local educational agency; or
"(2) a State agency that administers a state-
wide program to test for, remediate, or filter
perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in
drinking water.

"(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—There is
 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
 \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026,
 to remain available until expended.".

# 5 SEC. 19. ANALYTICAL REFERENCE STANDARDS FOR PFAS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 7 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the 8 Environmental Protection Agency shall require each cov-9 ered entity to submit to the Administrator an analytical 10 reference standard for each perfluoroalkyl  $\mathbf{or}$ polyfluoroalkyl substance with at least one 11 fully 12 fluorinated carbon atom manufactured by the covered en-13 tity after the date that is 10 years prior to the date of 14 enactment of this Act.

- 15 (b) USES.—The Administrator may—
- 16 (1) use an analytical reference standard sub17 mitted under this section only for—
- 18 (A) the development of information, proto19 cols, and methodologies, which may be carried
  20 out by an entity determined appropriate by the
  21 Administrator; and
- (B) activities relating to the implementation or enforcement of Federal requirements;
  and

1	(2) provide an analytical reference standard
2	submitted under this section to a State, to be used
3	only for—
4	(A) the development of information, proto-
5	cols, and methodologies, which may be carried
6	out by an entity determined appropriate by the
7	State; and
8	(B) activities relating to the implementa-
9	tion or enforcement of State requirements.
10	(c) Prohibition.—No person receiving an analytical
11	reference standard submitted under this section may use
12	or transfer the analytical reference standard for a com-
13	mercial purpose.
14	(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
15	(1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-
16	tity" means a manufacturer of a perfluoroalkyl or
17	polyfluoroalkyl substance with at least one fully
18	fluorinated carbon atom.
19	(2) MANUFACTURE; STATE.—The terms "man-
20	ufacture" and "State" have the meanings given

- 1 those terms in section 3 of the Toxic Substances
- 2 Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2602).

Passed the House of Representatives July 21, 2021. Attest:

Clerk.

# I17TH CONGRESS H. R. 2467

# AN ACT

To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to designate per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980.