# 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3863

To establish the use of ranked choice voting in elections for Senators and Representatives in Congress, to require each State with more than one Representative to establish multi-member congressional districts, to require States to conduct congressional redistricting through independent commissions, and for other purposes.

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 14, 2021

Mr. Beyer (for himself, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Raskin, Mr. Khanna, Mr. Neguse, Mr. McGovern, and Mr. Peters) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To establish the use of ranked choice voting in elections for Senators and Representatives in Congress, to require each State with more than one Representative to establish multi-member congressional districts, to require States to conduct congressional redistricting through independent commissions, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Fair Representation Act".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Finding of constitutional authority.

#### TITLE I—RANKED CHOICE VOTING

Sec. 101. Requiring ranked choice voting for election of Senators and Representatives.

# "Subtitle C—Ranked Choice Voting

- "Part 1—Requiring Ranked Choice Voting for Election of Senators and Representatives
- "Sec. 321. Requiring ranked choice voting for election of Senators and Representatives.
- "Sec. 322. Application to District of Columbia and territories.
- "Sec. 323. Treatment of States not holding primary elections prior to date of general election.

## "Part 2—Tabulation Process

- "Sec. 331. Tabulation for single-seat congressional elections.
- "Sec. 332. Tabulation for multi-seat congressional elections.
- "Sec. 333. Exclusion of inactive ballots.
- "Sec. 334. Batch elimination.
- "Sec. 335. Treatment of ties between candidates.
- "Sec. 336. Continuing candidate defined.

## "Part 3—Payments to States To Implement Ranked Choice Voting

- "Sec. 341. Payments to States to implement ranked choice voting.
- Sec. 102. Applicability of enforcement provisions of Help America Vote Act of 2002.
- Sec. 103. Effective date.

## TITLE II—MULTI-MEMBER DISTRICTS

- Sec. 201. Requiring use of multi-member districts in certain States.
- Sec. 202. Requiring certain States to elect all Representatives at large.
- Sec. 203. Establishing minimum number of candidates in general election.
- Sec. 204. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 205. Exception for States in which use of multi-member districts will result in diminishment of voting rights.
- Sec. 206. Effective date.

## TITLE III—REQUIREMENTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING

# Subtitle A—General Requirements

- Sec. 301. Requiring congressional redistricting to be conducted through plan of independent State commission.
- Sec. 302. Limit on congressional redistricting after an apportionment.

## Subtitle B—Independent Redistricting Commissions

- Sec. 311. Independent redistricting commission.
- Sec. 312. Establishment of selection pool of individuals eligible to serve as members of commission.
- Sec. 313. Criteria for redistricting plan by independent commission; public notice and input.
- Sec. 314. Establishment of related entities.
- Sec. 315. Report on diversity of memberships of independent redistricting commissions.

# Subtitle C—Role of Courts in Development of Redistricting Plans

- Sec. 321. Enactment of plan developed by 3-judge court.
- Sec. 322. Special rule for redistricting conducted under order of Federal court.

#### Subtitle D—Administrative and Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 331. Payments to States for carrying out redistricting.
- Sec. 332. Civil enforcement.
- Sec. 333. State apportionment notice defined.
- Sec. 334. Special rules for redistricting pursuant to 2020 decennial census.

# TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. No effect on elections for State and local office.
- Sec. 402. Severability.
- Sec. 403. Effective date.

## 1 SEC. 2. FINDING OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.

- 2 Congress finds that it has the authority to establish
- 3 the terms and conditions States must follow in carrying
- 4 out congressional redistricting after an apportionment of
- 5 Members of the House of Representatives and in admin-
- 6 istering elections for the Senate and House of Representa-
- 7 tives because—
- 8 (1) the authority granted to Congress under ar-
- 9 ticle I, section 4 of the Constitution of the United
- 10 States gives Congress the power to enact laws gov-

1	erning the time, place, and manner of elections for
2	Senators and Members of the House of Representa-
3	tives; and
4	(2) the authority granted to Congress under
5	section 5 of the 14th Amendment to the Constitu-
6	tion gives Congress the power to enact laws to en-
7	force section 2 of such amendment, which requires
8	Representatives to be apportioned among the several
9	States according to their number.
10	TITLE I—RANKED CHOICE
11	VOTING
12	SEC. 101. REQUIRING RANKED CHOICE VOTING FOR ELEC-
13	TION OF SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.
14	(a) In General.—Title III of the Help America
15	Vote Act of 2001 (52 U.S.C. 21081 et seq.) is amended
16	by adding at the end the following new subtitle:
17	"Subtitle C—Ranked Choice Voting
18	"PART 1—REQUIRING RANKED CHOICE VOTING
19	FOR ELECTION OF SENATORS AND REP-
20	RESENTATIVES
21	"SEC. 321. REQUIRING RANKED CHOICE VOTING FOR ELEC-
22	TION OF SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.
23	"(a) Ranked Choice Voting.—Each State shall
24	carry out elections for the office of Senator and the office
25	of Representative in Congress using a system of ranked

- 1 choice voting under which each voter shall rank the can-
- 2 didates for the office in the order of the voter's preference,
- 3 in accordance with the following:
- 4 "(1) In any single-seat election and any election 5 for the office of Senator, the State shall carry out
- 6 the election using single-seat ranked choice voting as
- 7 described in section 331.
- 8 "(2) In any multi-seat election, the State shall 9 carry out the election using multi-seat ranked choice
- voting as described in section 332.
- 11 "(b) Ballot Design.—Each State shall ensure that
- 12 the ballot used in an election carried out using a system
- 13 of ranked choice voting under this title meets each of the
- 14 following requirements:
- 15 "(1) The ballot shall be simple and easy to un-
- derstand.
- 17 "(2) The ballot shall include all qualified can-
- didates for the election and (to the extent permitted
- under State law) options for voters to select write-
- in candidates. If feasible, the ballot shall permit vot-
- 21 ers to rank every candidate in the election. If it is
- 22 not feasible for the ballot to permit voters to rank
- every candidate, the State may limit the number of
- candidates who may be ranked on the ballot to not
- 25 fewer than six.

"(3) The ballot shall include such instructions as the State considers necessary to enable the voter to rank candidates and successfully cast the ballot under the system.

# "(c) Definition.—In this title—

"(1) the term 'single-seat election' means any primary election in which exactly one candidate in the primary election will advance to the general election, any special election for exactly one seat, any general election for the office of Senator, and any general election in which only one Representative is elected at large; and

"(2) the term 'multi-seat election' means any primary election in which more than one candidate in the primary election will advance to the general election, any special election for more than one seat, and any general election in which more than one Representative is elected at large or in a multi-member district.

# 20 "SEC. 322. APPLICATION TO DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND

# 21 TERRITORIES.

- "(a) Election of Delegates and Resident Com-MISSIONER.—In this subtitle, the term 'Representative' in-
- 24 cludes a Delegate or Resident Commissioner to the Con-
- 25 gress.

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1	"(b) Application to Northern Mariana Is-
2	LANDS.—This subtitle shall apply with respect to the
3	Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in the
4	same manner as this subtitle applies to a State.
5	"SEC. 323. TREATMENT OF STATES NOT HOLDING PRIMARY
6	ELECTIONS PRIOR TO DATE OF GENERAL
7	ELECTION.
8	"Nothing in this title shall be construed to require
9	a State to hold a primary election for the office of Senator
10	or Representative in Congress prior to the date established
11	under section 25 of the Revised Statutes of the United
12	States (2 U.S.C. 7) for the regularly scheduled general
13	election for such office, so long as the determination of
14	the candidates who are elected to such office is based sole-
15	ly on the votes cast with respect to the election held on
16	such date, as determined in accordance with the system
17	of ranked choice voting under this title.
18	"PART 2—TABULATION PROCESS
19	"SEC. 331. TABULATION FOR SINGLE-SEAT CONGRES-
20	SIONAL ELECTIONS.
21	"(a) In General.—
22	"(1) Determination of candidate's num-
23	BER OF VOTES.—In the case of a single-seat elec-
24	tion, the number of votes received by a candidate in
25	either the initial tabulation or in an additional round

1	of tabulation shall be equal to the number of ballots
2	on which that candidate is the highest ranked con-
3	tinuing candidate.
4	"(2) Criteria for election.—In the case of
5	a single-seat election, a candidate shall be elected to
6	the office of Senator or Representative in Congress

- a single-seat election, a candidate shall be elected to the office of Senator or Representative in Congress (or, in the case of a primary election, shall advance to the general election for such office as provided under the law of the State involved) if—
- "(A) in the initial tabulation of ballots, the candidate receives a number of votes greater than 50 percent of the number of ballots cast in the election; or
- "(B) if the election official carries out an additional round of tabulation under subsection (b), the candidate receives the greatest number of votes of the 2 remaining continuing candidates (as described in such subsection).
- 19 "(b) Process in Case No Candidate Elected20 Under Initial Tabulation.—
- 21 "(1) Additional rounds of tabulation.—
  22 If, under the initial tabulation of ballots, no can23 didate is elected to office (or, in the case of a pri24 mary election, no candidate advances to the general
  25 election for such office) under the criteria described

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1	in subsection (a)(2)(A), the election official shall
2	carry out additional rounds of tabulation in accord-
3	ance with paragraph (2) until only two continuing
4	candidates remain.
5	"(2) Treatment of ballots in additional
6	ROUNDS.—In each additional round of tabulation
7	carried out under this subsection—
8	"(A) the candidate receiving the fewest
9	number of votes among all candidates (or, in
10	the case of a State which applies batch elimi-
11	nation under section 334, each candidate in the
12	batch elimination group) shall be treated as a
13	defeated candidate;
14	"(B) for each ballot cast for a defeated
15	candidate, the election official shall determine
16	the highest-ranked candidate on the ballot who
17	is a continuing candidate; and
18	"(C) the vote cast on the ballot shall be
19	transferred to, and added to the total number
20	of votes received by, the highest-ranked con-
21	tinuing candidate determined under subpara-
22	graph (B).
23	"SEC. 332. TABULATION FOR MULTI-SEAT CONGRESSIONAL
24	ELECTIONS.
25	"(a) In General.—

- "(1) Votes counted in rounds.—In the case of a multi-seat election, the votes shall be counted in a series of rounds of tabulation until the number of winning candidates equals the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election, as described in paragraph (4).
  - "(2) Criteria for election.—In the case of a multi-seat election, a candidate shall be considered a winning candidate and shall be elected to one of the offices of Representative in the congressional district (or, in the case of a primary election, shall advance to the general election for such offices as provided under the law of State involved) if—
    - "(A) in any round, the candidate has a vote total that exceeds the multi-seat election threshold, as determined under this section; or
    - "(B) the candidate is a continuing candidate and the number of remaining continuing candidates plus the number of candidates already designated as winning candidates is equal to or less than the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election.
  - "(3) DETERMINATION OF MULTI-SEAT ELEC-TION THRESHOLD.—The multi-seat election threshold with respect to an election shall be equal to the

total number of valid votes cast in the election divided by the sum of the number one and the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election, rounded up to four decimal places.

"(4) TABULATION PROCESS.—In the case of a multi-seat election, the votes shall be counted in a series of rounds, beginning with the initial round, under which each candidate has a number of votes equal to the number of votes cast in the election in which the candidate was the highest-ranked candidate, and proceeding as follows:

"(A) If, following any round of counting, the number of winning and continuing candidates combined is greater than the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election, and at least one candidate has a vote total that exceeds the multi-seat election threshold, as determined under this section, then the following round shall be a surplus tabulation round.

"(B) If, following any round of counting, the number of winning and continuing candidates combined is greater than the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election, and no candidate has a vote total

that exceeds the multi-seat election threshold, as determined under this section, then the following round shall be a candidate elimination round.

"(C) If, following any round of counting, the number of winning and continuing candidates combined is equal to or less than the required number of winning candidates with respect to the election, then the remaining continuing candidates shall be designated as winning candidates, and the tabulation is complete. "(5) Tabulation rounds described.—

"(A) SURPLUS TABULATION ROUND.—In this section, a 'surplus tabulation round' is a tabulation round under which each candidate with a vote total greater than the multi-seat election threshold is designated as a winning candidate and the surplus votes for such candidate are transferred to other candidates, as described in subsection (b)(2).

"(B) CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ROUND.—
In this section, a 'candidate elimination round'
is a tabulation round under which the candidate
with the fewest votes is designated as defeated
and votes for that candidate are transferred to

other candidates, as described in subsection (b)(3).

# "(b) Process for Transferring Votes.—

- "(1) Surplus tabulation round, each candidate with a vote total that exceeds the multi-seat election threshold shall be designated as a winning candidate, and the election official shall transfer the surplus votes for each such candidate to other candidates as follows:
  - "(A) The official shall determine the surplus fraction for each candidate designated as a winning candidate at the beginning of the round by taking the difference between the candidate's vote total at the beginning of the round and the multi-seat election threshold, and dividing that difference by the candidate's vote total at the beginning of the round.
  - "(B) The official shall reweight each vote counting for each candidate designated as a winning candidate at the beginning of the round by multiplying the vote's current weight (equal to one if the vote has not been reweighted in any prior surplus tabulation round) by the surplus fraction determined with respect

to the candidate under subparagraph (A), rounding down to four decimal places.

- "(C) The official shall transfer each vote counting for each candidate designated as a winning candidate at the beginning of the round to the highest ranked continuing candidate on the ballot on which the vote was cast, counting the vote as a fraction of a vote equal to its new weight as determined under subparagraph (B).
- "(D) For all subsequent surplus tabulation rounds, the official shall set the vote total of each candidate designated as a winning candidate at the beginning of the round to be equal to the multi-seat election threshold.
- "(2) CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ROUNDS.—In a candidate elimination round, the candidate with the fewest votes (or, in the case of a State which applies batch elimination under section 334, each candidate in the batch elimination group) shall be designated as defeated, and the election official shall transfer the votes for such candidate to other candidates as follows:
- "(A) The official shall transfer each vote counting for the candidate designated as de-

1 feated at the beginning of the round to the 2 highest ranked continuing candidate on the bal-3 lot on which the vote was cast, except that if 4 the vote was counted as a fraction of a vote due 5 to being reweighted in a prior surplus transfer 6 round, it shall continue to count as the same 7 fraction of a vote in the subsequent candidate 8 elimination round.

"(B) For all subsequent candidate elimination rounds, the official shall set the vote total of each candidate designated as defeated at the beginning of the round to zero votes.

# 13 "SEC. 333. EXCLUSION OF INACTIVE BALLOTS.

"(a) Initial Tabulation.—In the initial tabulation
of ballots under section 331 or the initial round of tabulation under section 332, if a vote is cast on an inactive
ballot, no vote on the ballot shall be counted for any candidate.

# "(b) Additional Rounds of Tabulation.—

"(1) SINGLE-SEAT ELECTIONS.—In any additional round of tabulation conducted with respect to a single-seat election under section 331(b), if a vote cast for a defeated candidate is cast on an inactive ballot, no vote on the ballot may be transferred to a continuing candidate under section 331(b).

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1	"(2) Multi-seat elections.—In any addi-
2	tional round of tabulation conducted with respect to
3	a multi-seat election under section 332(b)—
4	"(A) if a vote cast for the winning can-
5	didate is cast on an inactive ballot, no portion
6	of the surplus vote on such ballot may be trans-
7	ferred to a continuing candidate under any sur-
8	plus vote tabulation round described in para-
9	graph (2) of section 332(b); and
10	"(B) if a vote cast for a defeated candidate
11	is cast on an inactive ballot, the vote may not
12	be transferred to any continuing candidate
13	under any candidate elimination round de-
14	scribed in paragraph (3) of section 332(b).
15	"(c) Inactive Ballot Defined.—In this sub-
16	section, the term 'inactive ballot' means—
17	"(1) a ballot on which the voter does not rank
18	any of the continuing candidates in order of pref-
19	erence;
20	"(2) a ballot on which the voter ranked more
21	than one continuing candidate at the highest order
22	of preference; or
23	"(3) a ballot on which the voter skips two or
24	more consecutive numerical rankings prior to the

- 1 ranking for the continuing candidate at the highest
- 2 order of preference.

# 3 "SEC. 334. BATCH ELIMINATION.

- 4 "At the option of the State, with respect to any can-
- 5 didate elimination round carried out under this subsection,
- 6 a State may use batch elimination to treat multiple can-
- 7 didates as defeated candidates for purposes of section
- 8 331(b)(2) and section 332(b)(2). A continuing candidate
- 9 is in the elimination batch if the number of winning and
- 10 continuing candidates with more votes than that candidate
- 11 is greater than the number of winning candidates required
- 12 with respect to the election, and it is mathematically im-
- 13 possible for that candidate to be a winning candidate in
- 14 the election for any of the following reasons:
- 15 "(1) The candidate's vote total in the initial
- tabulation of ballots plus all of the votes that could
- possibly be transferred to the candidate in the addi-
- tional rounds of tabulation would not be enough to
- 19 equal or surpass the continuing candidate with the
- 20 next highest vote total in the initial tabulation of
- 21 ballots.
- 22 "(2) The candidate has a lower current vote
- total than a continuing candidate who is described
- by paragraph (1).

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ı	"SEC. 335.	TREATMENT	OF TIES	RETWEEN	CANDIDATES.

- 2 "If a tie occurs between candidates with the greatest
- 3 number of votes or the fewest number of votes at any point
- 4 in the tabulation of ballots under this part and the tabula-
- 5 tion cannot proceed until the tie is resolved, the tie shall
- 6 be resolved in accordance with State law.

# 7 "SEC. 336. CONTINUING CANDIDATE DEFINED.

- 8 "In this part, the term 'continuing candidate' means,
- 9 with respect to any round of tabulation under this part,
- 10 a candidate who is neither a winning candidate nor a can-
- 11 didate who is treated as a defeated candidate under such
- 12 subsection during the tabulation of ballots under that
- 13 round of tabulation.

# 14 "PART 3—PAYMENTS TO STATES TO IMPLEMENT

- 15 RANKED CHOICE VOTING
- 16 "SEC. 341. PAYMENTS TO STATES TO IMPLEMENT RANKED
- 17 **CHOICE VOTING.**
- 18 "(a) Payments.—Not later than June 1, 2021, the
- 19 Commission shall make a payment to the State in an
- 20 amount equal to—
- 21 "(1) in the case of the District of Columbia, the
- 22 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa,
- Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, and the
- 24 Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,
- 25 \$1,500,000; or

- 1 "(2) in the case of any other State, the sum of 2 \$1,000,000 and the product of—
- 3 "(A) the number of Representatives to
- 4 which the State is entitled under the reappor-
- 5 tionment of Representatives resulting from the
- 6 regular decennial census conducted during
- 7 2020; and
- 8 "(B) \$500,000.
- 9 "(b) Use of Funds.—A State shall use the payment
- 10 made under subsection (a) to implement ranked choice
- 11 voting under this subtitle, including educating voters
- 12 about ranked choice voting, and to otherwise carry out
- 13 elections for Federal office in the State.
- 14 "(c) No Effect on Requirements Payments.—
- 15 The receipt or use of the payment made under this section
- 16 shall not affect a State's eligibility for or use of a require-
- 17 ments payment made under part 1 of subtitle D of title
- 18 II.
- 19 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 20 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 21 necessary for payments under this section.".
- 22 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 23 of such Act is amended by adding at the end of the item
- 24 relating to title III the following:

"Subtitle C—Ranked Choice Voting

- "Part 1—Requiring Ranked Choice Voting for Election of Senators and Representatives
- "Sec. 321. Requiring ranked choice voting for election of Senators and Representatives.
- "Sec. 322. Application to District of Columbia and territories.
- "Sec. 323. Treatment of States not holding primary elections prior to date of general election.

#### "Part 2—Tabulation Process

- "Sec. 331. Tabulation for single-seat congressional elections.
- "Sec. 332. Tabulation for multi-seat congressional elections.
- "Sec. 333. Exclusion of inactive ballots.
- "Sec. 334. Batch elimination.
- "Sec. 335. Treatment of ties between candidates.
- "Sec. 336. Continuing candidate defined.

"PART 3—PAYMENTS TO STATES TO IMPLEMENT RANKED CHOICE VOTING

"Sec. 341. Payments to States to implement ranked choice voting.

# 1 SEC. 102. APPLICABILITY OF ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

- 2 OF HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT OF 2002.
- 3 Section 401 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002
- 4 (52 U.S.C. 21111) is amended by striking "sections 301,
- 5 302, and 303" and inserting "title III".
- 6 SEC. 103. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 7 This title and the amendments made by this title
- 8 shall apply with respect to—
- 9 (1) elections for the office of Senator which are
- held during 2022 or any succeeding year; and
- 11 (2) elections for the office of Representative
- which are held pursuant to the reapportionment of
- Representatives resulting from the regular decennial
- census conducted during 2020 and all subsequent
- elections.

# TITLE II—MULTI-MEMBER 1 **DISTRICTS** 2 SEC. 201. REQUIRING USE OF MULTI-MEMBER DISTRICTS 4 IN CERTAIN STATES. 5 (a) Rules for States With Six or More Rep-RESENTATIVES.—If a State is entitled to six or more Representatives in Congress under an apportionment made 7 under section 22(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses and 10 to provide for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", approved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(a)), the 11 12 State shall establish a number of districts for the election 13 of Representatives in the State that is less than the number of Representatives to which the State is entitled, and Representatives shall be elected only from districts so established. 16 17 (b) Criteria for Number of Districts.—In es-18 tablishing the number of districts for the State under sub-19 section (a), the State shall follow the following criteria: 20 (1) The State shall ensure that districts shall 21 each have equal population per Representative as

nearly as practicable, in accordance with the Con-

stitution of the United States.

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1	(2) The number of Representatives to be elected
2	from any district may not be fewer than three or
3	greater than five.
4	SEC. 202. REQUIRING CERTAIN STATES TO ELECT ALL REP-
5	RESENTATIVES AT LARGE.
6	If a State is entitled to five or fewer Representatives
7	in Congress under an apportionment made under section
8	22(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fif-
9	teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide
10	for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", ap-
11	proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(a)), the State shall
12	elect all such Representatives at large.
13	SEC. 203. ESTABLISHING MINIMUM NUMBER OF CAN-
13 14	SEC. 203. ESTABLISHING MINIMUM NUMBER OF CANDIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.
14	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.
14 15	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRI-
14 15 16	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRIMARIES.—
14 15 16 17	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) States With Partisan Nominating Primaries.—  (1) In general.—If, in a primary election for
14 15 16 17 18	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRIMARIES.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in a primary election for the office of Representative, the candidates that ad-
14 15 16 17 18	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRIMARIES.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in a primary election for the office of Representative, the candidates that advance to the general election do so by winning the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRIMARIES.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in a primary election for the office of Representative, the candidates that advance to the general election do so by winning the nomination of a political party (without regard to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DIDATES IN GENERAL ELECTION.  (a) STATES WITH PARTISAN NOMINATING PRIMARIES.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in a primary election for the office of Representative, the candidates that advance to the general election do so by winning the nomination of a political party (without regard to whether or not the election is open or closed to vot-

- number of Representatives who will be elected from the district involved.
  - (2) AUTHORITY OF POLITICAL PARTIES TO DETERMINE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES ADVANCING IN MULTI-SEAT ELECTIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in the case of a primary election described in such paragraph which is a multi-seat primary election, a State may permit a political party to adopt a rule that provides for such number of nominees of that political party to advance to the general election as the party considers appropriate, so long as the number is not less than two.
    - (3) MULTI-SEAT PRIMARY ELECTION DE-FINED.—In this subsection, the term "multi-seat primary election" means a primary election held to select the candidates for a general election in which more than one Representative shall be elected.
- 18 (b) States With Nonpartisan Blanket Pri-19 maries.—
- 20 (1) Number of candidates.—If a State uses 21 a nonpartisan blanket primary election to determine 22 which candidates will advance to the general election 23 for the office of Representative, the State shall en-24 sure that the number of candidates who advance to

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1	the general election for the office is not less than the
2	greater of—
3	(A) five;
4	(B) twice the number of Representatives
5	who will be elected from the district involved; or
6	(C) such greater number as the State may
7	establish by law.
8	(2) Nonpartisan blanket primary elec-
9	TION DEFINED.—In this subsection, a "nonpartisan
10	blanket primary election" is a primary election for
11	the office of Representative conducted prior to the
12	date established under section 25 of the Revised
13	Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 7) for the
14	regularly scheduled general election for such office.
15	under which—
16	(A) each candidate for such office, regard-
17	less of the candidate's political party preference
18	or lack thereof, shall appear on a single ballot
19	(B) each voter in the State who is eligible
20	to vote in elections for Federal office in the dis-
21	trict involved may cast a ballot in the election,
22	regardless of the voter's political party pref-
23	erence or lack thereof; and
24	(C) the identification and number of can-
25	didates who advance to the general election for

- 1 the office is determined without regard to the
- 2 candidates' political party preferences or lack
- 3 thereof.
- 4 (c) Exception for States Not Holding Primary
- 5 Elections Prior to Date of Regularly Scheduled
- 6 GENERAL ELECTION.—In the case of a State that does
- 7 not hold primary elections for the office of Representative
- 8 prior to the date established under section 25 of the Re-
- 9 vised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 7) for the
- 10 regularly scheduled general election for such offices, all
- 11 seats shall be elected at the election taking place on such
- 12 date.

# 13 SEC. 204. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

- 14 (a) Election of Representatives Prior to Re-
- 15 APPORTIONMENT.—Section 22(c) of the Act entitled "An
- 16 Act to provide for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial
- 17 censuses and to provide for an apportionment of Rep-
- 18 resentatives in Congress", approved June 18, 1929 (2)
- 19 U.S.C. 2a(c)), is amended by striking "Until a State" and
- 20 inserting "Except as provided in title II of the Fair Rep-
- 21 resentation Act, until a State".
- 22 (b) Number of Representatives.—Section 22(b)
- 23 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for apportioning
- 24 Representatives in Congress among the several States by
- 25 the equal proportions method", approved November 15,

- 1 1941 (2 U.S.C. 2b), is amended by striking "Each State"
- 2 and inserting "Except as provided in title II of the Fair
- 3 Representation Act, each State".
- 4 (c) Number of Representatives From Each
- 5 DISTRICT.—The Act entitled "An Act for the relief of
- 6 Doctor Ricardo Vallejo Samala and to provide for congres-
- 7 sional redistricting", approved December 14, 1967 (2)
- 8 U.S.C. 2c), is amended by striking "In each State" and
- 9 inserting "Except as provided in title II of the Fair Rep-
- 10 resentation Act, in each State".
- 11 (d) Nomination for Representatives at
- 12 Large.—Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act For the
- 13 apportionment of Representatives in Congress among the
- 14 several States under the Thirteenth Census", approved
- 15 August 8, 1911 (2 U.S.C. 5), is amended by striking
- 16 "Candidates for Representative" and inserting "Except as
- 17 provided in title II of the Fair Representation Act, can-
- 18 didates for Representative".
- 19 SEC. 205. EXCEPTION FOR STATES IN WHICH USE OF
- 20 MULTI-MEMBER DISTRICTS WILL RESULT IN
- 21 **DIMINISHMENT OF VOTING RIGHTS.**
- (a) Exception.—If the written evaluation of any of
- 23 the redistricting plans of the independent redistricting
- 24 commission of a State under subtitle B of title III with
- 25 respect to the apportionment of Representatives resulting

- 1 from a decennial census, as developed and published under
- 2 section 313(e), indicates that the redistricting plan will
- 3 deny or abridge the right to vote by having the effect of
- 4 diminishing the ability of any citizens of the United States
- 5 on account of race or color, or in contravention of the
- 6 guarantees set forth in section 4(f)(2) of the Voting
- 7 Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10303(f)(2)), to elect their
- 8 preferred candidates of choice—
- 9 (1) this title shall not apply with respect to any
- 10 election held in the State which is based on the ap-
- portionment of Representatives to which such redis-
- tricting plan would apply; and
- 13 (2) the independent redistricting commission
- shall (in accordance with subtitle B of title III) de-
- velop and publish a redistricting plan for the State
- for purposes of title III under which there are no
- 17 multi-member districts in the State.
- 18 (b) No Effect on Other Requirements.—Noth-
- 19 ing in this section shall be construed to waive the applica-
- 20 tion of any of the other titles of this Act or the amend-
- 21 ments made by any of the other titles of this Act to a
- 22 State for which there are no multi-member districts as a
- 23 result of this section, including the requirement to use
- 24 ranked choice voting as set forth in title I or the require-
- 25 ment to carry out congressional redistricting in the State

1	through the use of independent redistricting commissions
2	as set forth in title III.
3	SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.
4	This title and the amendments made by this title
5	shall apply with respect to the One Hundred Eighteenth
6	Congress and each subsequent Congress.
7	TITLE III—REQUIREMENTS FOR
8	CONGRESSIONAL REDIS-
9	TRICTING
10	Subtitle A—General Requirements
11	SEC. 301. REQUIRING CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING TO
12	BE CONDUCTED THROUGH PLAN OF INDE-
13	PENDENT STATE COMMISSION.
13 14	PENDENT STATE COMMISSION.  (a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any
14 15	(a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any
14 15	(a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in sub-
14 15 16 17	(a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redis-
14 15 16 17	(a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redistricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accord-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redistricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accordance with—
14 15 16 17 18	(a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redistricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accordance with—  (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redistricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accordance with—  (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted into law by the independent redistricting commission
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redistricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accordance with—  (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted into law by the independent redistricting commission established in the State, in accordance with subtitle

- and enacted into law by a 3-judge court, in accord-
- ance with section 321.
- 3 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 22(c) of
- 4 the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and
- 5 subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an ap-
- 6 portionment of Representatives in Congress", approved
- 7 June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(c)), is amended by striking
- 8 "in the manner provided by the law thereof" and insert-
- 9 ing: "in the manner provided by title III of the Fair Rep-
- 10 resentation Act".
- 11 (c) Special Rule for Existing Commissions.—
- 12 Subsection (a) does not apply to any State in which, under
- 13 law in effect continuously on and after the date of the
- 14 enactment of this Act, congressional redistricting is car-
- 15 ried out in accordance with a plan developed and approved
- 16 by an independent redistricting commission which is in
- 17 compliance with each of the following requirements:
- 18 (1) Publicly available application proc-
- 19 Ess.—Membership on the commission is open to citi-
- zens of the State through a publicly available appli-
- 21 cation process.
- 22 (2) Disqualifications for government
- 23 SERVICE AND POLITICAL APPOINTMENT.—Individ-
- uals who, for a covered period of time as established
- by the State, hold or have held public office, individ-

- uals who are or have been candidates for elected public office, and individuals who serve or have served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a campaign committee of a candidate for public office are disqualified from serving on the commission.
  - (3) Screening for conflicts.—Individuals who apply to serve on the commission are screened through a process that excludes persons with conflicts of interest from the pool of potential commissioners.
  - (4) Multi-partisan composition.—Membership on the commission represents those who are affiliated with the two political parties whose candidates received the most votes in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State, as well as those who are unaffiliated with any party or who are affiliated with political parties other than the two political parties whose candidates received the most votes in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
  - (5) CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING.—Members of the commission shall draw maps in accordance with the criteria set forth in section 313(a).

1	(6) Public input.—Public hearings are held
2	and comments from the public are accepted before
3	a final map is approved.
4	(7) Broad-based support for approval of
5	FINAL PLAN.—The approval of the final redistricting
6	plan requires a majority vote of the members of the
7	commission, including the support of at least one
8	member of each of the following:
9	(A) Members who are affiliated with the
10	political party whose candidate received the
11	most votes in the most recent statewide election
12	for Federal office held in the State.
13	(B) Members who are affiliated with the
14	political party whose candidate received the sec-
15	ond most votes in the most recent statewide
16	election for Federal office held in the State.
17	(C) Members who not affiliated with any
18	political party or who are affiliated with polit-
19	ical parties other than the political parties de-
20	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
21	SEC. 302. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING
22	AFTER AN APPORTIONMENT.
23	A State which has been redistricted in the manner
24	provided by law after an apportionment under section
25	22(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fif-

1	teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide
2	for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", ap-
3	proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), may not be redis-
4	tricted again until after the next apportionment of Rep-
5	resentatives under such section, unless a court requires
6	the State to conduct such subsequent redistricting to com-
7	ply with the Constitution, to enforce the Voting Rights
8	Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.), to comply with
9	this Act, or to comply with any other applicable Federal
10	law.
11	Subtitle B—Independent
12	<b>Redistricting Commissions</b>
13	SEC. 311. INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSION.
14	(a) Appointment of Members.—
15	(1) In general.—The nonpartisan agency es-
16	tablished or designated by a State under section
17	314(a) shall establish an independent redistricting
18	commission for the State, which shall consist of 15
19	members appointed by the agency as follows:
20	(A) Not later than October 1 of a year
21	ending in the numeral zero, the agency shall, at
22	a public meeting held not earlier than 15 days
23	after notice of the meeting has been given to

the public, first appoint 6 members as follows:

1	(i) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
2	bers on a random basis from the majority
3	category of the approved selection pool (as
4	described in section $312(b)(1)(A)$ .
5	(ii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
6	bers on a random basis from the minority
7	category of the approved selection pool (as
8	described in section 312(b)(1)(B)).
9	(iii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
10	bers on a random basis from the inde-
11	pendent category of the approved selection
12	pool (as described in section 312(b)(1)(C)).
13	(B) Not later than November 15 of a year
14	ending in the numeral zero, the members ap-
15	pointed by the agency under subparagraph (A)
16	shall, at a public meeting held not earlier than
17	15 days after notice of the meeting has been
18	given to the public, then appoint 9 members as
19	follows:
20	(i) The members shall appoint 3 mem-
21	bers from the majority category of the ap-
22	proved selection pool (as described in sec-
23	tion $312(b)(1)(A)$ ).
24	(ii) The members shall appoint 3
25	members from the minority category of the

1	approved selection pool (as described in
2	section $312(b)(1)(B)$ ).
3	(iii) The members shall appoint 3
4	members from the independent category of
5	the approved selection pool (as described in
6	section $312(b)(1)(C)$ .
7	(2) Rules for appointment of members
8	APPOINTED BY FIRST MEMBERS.—
9	(A) Affirmative vote of at least 4
10	MEMBERS.—The appointment of any of the 9
11	members of the independent redistricting com-
12	mission who are appointed by the first members
13	of the commission pursuant to subparagraph
14	(B) of paragraph (1), as well as the designation
15	of alternates for such members pursuant to
16	subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) and the ap-
17	pointment of alternates to fill vacancies pursu-
18	ant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4), shall
19	require the affirmative vote of at least 4 of the
20	members appointed by the nonpartisan agency
21	under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), in-
22	cluding at least one member from each of the
23	categories referred to in such subparagraph.
24	(B) Ensuring diversity.—In appointing
25	the 9 members pursuant to subparagraph (B)

1 of paragraph (1), as well as in designating al-2 ternates pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) and in appointing alternates to fill 3 4 vacancies pursuant to subparagraph (B) of 5 paragraph (4), the first members of the inde-6 pendent redistricting commission shall ensure 7 that the membership is representative of the de-8 mographic groups (including racial, ethnic, eco-9 nomic, and gender) and geographic regions of 10 the State, and provides racial, ethnic, and language minorities protected under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 with a meaningful oppor-12 13 tunity to participate in the development of the 14 State's redistricting plan.

# (3) Designation of Alternates to Serve IN CASE OF VACANCIES.—

(A) Members appointed by agency.— At the time the agency appoints the members the independent redistricting commission under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) from each of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the agency shall, on a random basis, designate 2 other individuals from such category to serve as alternate members who may

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be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission in accordance with paragraph (4).

(B) Members appointed by first members.—At the time the members appointed by the agency appoint the other members of the independent redistricting commission under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) from each of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), designate 2 other individuals from such category to serve as alternate members who may be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission in accordance with paragraph (4).

# (4) Appointment of alternates to serve in case of vacancies.—

(A) Members appointed by agency.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect to a member who was appointed by the non-partisan agency under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) from one of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the agency shall fill the vacancy by appointing, on a random basis, one of the 2 alternates from such category who was designated under subpara-

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graph (A) of paragraph (3). At the time the agency appoints an alternate to fill a vacancy under the previous sentence, the agency shall designate, on a random basis, another individual from the same category to serve as an alternate member, in accordance with subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3).

(B) Members appointed by first mem-BERS.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect to a member who was appointed by the first members of the commission under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) from one of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the first members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), fill the vacancy by appointing one of the 2 alternates from such category who was designated under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3). At the time the first members appoint an alternate to fill a vacancy under the previous sentence, the first members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), designate another individual from the same category to serve as an alternate member, in accordance with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).

1	(5) Removal.—A member of the independent
2	redistricting commission may be removed by a ma-
3	jority vote of the remaining members of the commis-
4	sion if it is shown by a preponderance of the evi-
5	dence that the member is not eligible to serve on the
6	commission under section 312(a).
7	(b) Procedures for Conducting Commission
8	Business.—
9	(1) Chair.—Members of an independent redis-
10	tricting commission established under this section
11	shall select by majority vote one member who was
12	appointed from the independent category of the ap-
13	proved selection pool described in section
14	312(b)(1)(C) to serve as chair of the commission.
15	The commission may not take any action to develop
16	a redistricting plan for the State under section 313
17	until the appointment of the commission's chair.
18	(2) Requiring majority approval for ac-
19	TIONS.—The independent redistricting commission
20	of a State may not publish and disseminate any
21	draft or final redistricting plan, or take any other
22	action, without the approval of at least—
23	(A) a majority of the whole membership of
24	the commission; and

- 1 (B) at least one member of the commission 2 appointed from each of the categories of the ap-3 proved selection pool described in section 4 312(b)(1).
  - (3) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the commission shall constitute a quorum.

# (c) Staff; Contractors.—

- (1) STAFF.—Under a public application process in which all application materials are available for public inspection, the independent redistricting commission of a State shall appoint and set the pay of technical experts, legal counsel, consultants, and such other staff as it considers appropriate, subject to State law.
- (2) Contractors.—The independent redistricting commission of a State may enter into such contracts with vendors as it considers appropriate, subject to State law, except that any such contract shall be valid only if approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the commission, including at least one member appointed from each of the categories of the approved selection pool described in section 312(b)(1).
- 24 (3) Reports on expenditures for polit-25 ical activity.—

- 1 (A) Report by applicants.—Each indi2 vidual who applies for a position as an employee
  3 of the independent redistricting commission and
  4 each vendor who applies for a contract with the
  5 commission shall, at the time of applying, file
  6 with the commission a report summarizing—
  - (i) any expenditure for political activity made by such individual or vendor during the 10 most recent calendar years; and
  - (ii) any income received by such individual or vendor during the 10 most recent calendar years which is attributable to an expenditure for political activity.
  - (B) Annual reports by employees and vendors.—Each person who is an employee or vendor of the independent redistricting commission shall, not later than one year after the person is appointed as an employee or enters into a contract as a vendor (as the case may be) and annually thereafter for each year during which the person serves as an employee or a vendor, file with the commission a report summarizing the expenditures and income described in subparagraph (A) during the 10 most recent calendar years.

1	(C) EXPENDITURE FOR POLITICAL ACTIV-
2	ITY DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term
3	"expenditure for political activity" means a dis-
4	bursement for any of the following:
5	(i) An independent expenditure, as de-
6	fined in section 301(17) of the Federal
7	Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.
8	30101(17)).
9	(ii) An electioneering communication,
10	as defined in section 304(f)(3) of such Act
11	(52 U.S.C. 30104(f)(3)) or any other pub-
12	lic communication, as defined in section
13	301(22) of such Act (52 U.S.C.
14	30101(22)) that would be an electioneering
15	communication if it were a broadcast,
16	cable, or satellite communication.
17	(iii) Any dues or other payments to
18	trade associations or organizations de-
19	scribed in section 501(c) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from
21	tax under section 501(a) of such Code that
22	are, or could reasonably be anticipated to
23	be, used or transferred to another associa-

tion or organization for a use described in

paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of section 501(c) of such Code.

(4) Goal of impartiality.—The commission shall take such steps as it considers appropriate to ensure that any staff appointed under this subsection, and any vendor with whom the commission enters into a contract under this subsection, will work in an impartial manner, and may require any person who applies for an appointment to a staff position or for a vendor's contract with the commission to provide information on the person's history of political activity beyond the information on the person's expenditures for political activity provided in the reports required under paragraph (3) (including donations to candidates, political committees, and political parties) as a condition of the appointment or the contract.

#### (5) Disqualification; waiver.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The independent redistricting commission may not appoint an individual as an employee, and may not enter into a contract with a vendor, if the individual or vendor meets any of the criteria for the disqualification of an individual from serving as a

1 member of the commission which are set forth 2 in section 312(a)(2).

(B) WAIVER.—The commission may by unanimous vote of its members waive the application of subparagraph (A) to an individual or a vendor after receiving and reviewing the report filed by the individual or vendor under paragraph (3).

## (d) TERMINATION.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall terminate on the earlier of—
  - (A) June 14 of the next year ending in the numeral zero; or
  - (B) the day on which the nonpartisan agency established or designated by a State under section 314(a) has, in accordance with section 312(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to the Select Committee on Redistricting for the State established under section 314(b).
- (2) Preservation of records.—The State shall ensure that the records of the independent redistricting commission are retained in the appropriate State archive in such manner as may be necessary to enable the State to respond to any civil ac-

1	tion brought with respect to congressional redis-
2	tricting in the State.
3	SEC. 312. ESTABLISHMENT OF SELECTION POOL OF INDI-
4	VIDUALS ELIGIBLE TO SERVE AS MEMBERS
5	OF COMMISSION.
6	(a) Criteria for Eligibility.—
7	(1) In general.—An individual is eligible to
8	serve as a member of an independent redistricting
9	commission if the individual meets each of the fol-
10	lowing criteria:
11	(A) As of the date of appointment, the in-
12	dividual is registered to vote in elections for
13	Federal office held in the State.
14	(B) During the 3-year period ending on
15	the date of the individual's appointment, the in-
16	dividual has been continuously registered to
17	vote with the same political party, or has not
18	been registered to vote with any political party.
19	(C) The individual submits to the non-
20	partisan agency established or designated by a
21	State under section 313, at such time and in
22	such form as the agency may require, an appli-
23	cation for inclusion in the selection pool under
24	this section, and includes with the application a
25	written statement, with an attestation under

1	penalty of perjury, containing the following in-
2	formation and assurances:
3	(i) The full current name and any
4	former names of, and the contact informa-
5	tion for, the individual, including an elec-
6	tronic mail address, the address of the in-
7	dividual's residence, mailing address, and
8	telephone numbers.
9	(ii) The individual's race, ethnicity,
10	gender, age, date of birth, and household
11	income for the most recent taxable year.
12	(iii) The political party with which the
13	individual is affiliated, if any.
14	(iv) The reason or reasons the indi-
15	vidual desires to serve on the independent
16	redistricting commission, the individual's
17	qualifications, and information relevant to
18	the ability of the individual to be fair and
19	impartial, including, but not limited to—
20	(I) any involvement with, or fi-
21	nancial support of, professional, so-
22	cial, political, religious, or community
23	organizations or causes; and
24	(II) the individual's employment
25	and educational history.

1	(v) An assurance that the individual
2	shall commit to carrying out the individ-
3	ual's duties under this Act in an honest,
4	independent, and impartial fashion, and to
5	upholding public confidence in the integrity
6	of the redistricting process.
7	(vi) An assurance that, during the
8	covered periods described in paragraph (3),
9	the individual has not taken and will not
10	take any action which would disqualify the
11	individual from serving as a member of the
12	commission under paragraph (2).
13	(2) DISQUALIFICATIONS.—An individual is not
14	eligible to serve as a member of the commission if
15	any of the following applies during any of the cov-
16	ered periods described in paragraph (3):
17	(A) The individual or (in the case of the
18	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
19	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
20	member of the individual holds public office or
21	is a candidate for election for public office.
22	(B) The individual or (in the case of the
23	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
24	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family

member of the individual serves as an officer of

a political party or as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a campaign committee of a candidate for public office or of any political action committee (as determined in accordance with the law of the State).

- (C) The individual or (in the case of the covered periods described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual holds a position as a registered lobbyist under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or an equivalent State or local law.
- (D) The individual or (in the case of the covered periods described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual is an employee of an elected public official, a contractor with the government of the State, or a donor to the campaign of any candidate for public office or to any political action committee (other than a donor who, during any of such covered periods, gives an aggregate amount of \$1,000 or less to the campaigns of all candidates for all public offices and to all political action committees).

1	(E) The individual or (in the case of the
2	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
3	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
4	member of the individual paid a civil money
5	penalty or criminal fine, or was sentenced to a
6	term of imprisonment, for violating any provi-
7	sion of the Federal Election Campaign Act of
8	1971 (52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.).
9	(F) The individual or (in the case of the
10	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
11	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
12	member of the individual is an agent of a for-
13	eign principal under the Foreign Agents Reg-
14	istration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C.
15	611 et seq.).
16	(3) COVERED PERIODS DESCRIBED.—In this
17	subsection, the term "covered period" means, with
18	respect to the appointment of an individual to the
19	commission, any of the following:
20	(A) The 10-year period ending on the date
21	of the individual's appointment.
22	(B) The period beginning on the date of
23	the individual's appointment and ending on Au-
24	gust 14 of the next year ending in the numeral

one.

1	(C) The 10-year period beginning on the
2	day after the last day of the period described in
3	subparagraph (B).
4	(4) Immediate family member defined.—In
5	this subsection, the term "immediate family mem-
6	ber" means, with respect to an individual, a father,
7	stepfather, mother, stepmother, son, stepson, daugh-
8	ter, stepdaughter, brother, stepbrother, sister, step-
9	sister, husband, wife, father-in-law, or mother-in-
10	law.
11	(b) Development and Submission of Selection
12	Pool.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than June 15 of
14	each year ending in the numeral zero, the non-
15	partisan agency established or designated by a State
16	under section 314(a) shall develop and submit to the
17	Select Committee on Redistricting for the State es-
18	tablished under section 314(b) a selection pool of 36
19	individuals who are eligible to serve as members of
20	the independent redistricting commission of the
21	State under this Act, consisting of individuals in the
22	following categories:
23	(A) A majority category, consisting of 12
24	individuals who are affiliated with the political
25	party whose candidate received the most votes

in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State.

- (B) A minority category, consisting of 12 individuals who are affiliated with the political party whose candidate received the second most votes in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
- (C) An independent category, consisting of 12 individuals who are not affiliated with either of the political parties described in subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B).
- (2) Factors taken into account in Developing Pool.—In selecting individuals for the selection pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan agency shall—
  - (A) ensure that the pool is representative of the demographic groups (including racial, ethnic, economic, and gender) and geographic regions of the State, and includes applicants who would allow racial, ethnic, and language minorities protected under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 a meaningful opportunity to participate in the development of the State's redistricting plan; and

- 1 (B) take into consideration the analytical
  2 skills of the individuals selected in relevant
  3 fields (including mapping, data management,
  4 law, community outreach, demography, and the
  5 geography of the State) and their ability to
  6 work on an impartial basis.
  - (3) Interviews of applicants.—To assist the nonpartisan agency in developing the selection pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan agency shall conduct interviews of applicants under oath. If an individual is included in a selection pool developed under this section, all of the interviews of the individual shall be transcribed and the transcriptions made available on the nonpartisan agency's website contemporaneously with release of the report under paragraph (6).
  - (4) DETERMINATION OF POLITICAL PARTY AF-FILIATION OF INDIVIDUALS IN SELECTION POOL.— For purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered to be affiliated with a political party only if the nonpartisan agency is able to verify (to the greatest extent possible) the information the individual provides in the application submitted under subsection (a)(1)(D), including by considering additional information provided by other persons with

- 1 knowledge of the individual's history of political ac-2 tivity.
  - (5) Encouraging residents to apply for inclusion in the selection pool developed under this subsection.
    - (6) Report on establishment of select Tion Pool.—At the time the nonpartisan agency submits the selection pool to the Select Committee on Redistricting under paragraph (1), it shall publish and post on the agency's public website a report describing the process by which the pool was developed, and shall include in the report a description of how the individuals in the pool meet the eligibility criteria of subsection (a) and of how the pool reflects the factors the agency is required to take into consideration under paragraph (2).

1 (7) Public comment on selection pool.— 2 During the 14-day period which begins on the date 3 the nonpartisan agency publishes the report under 4 paragraph (6), the agency shall accept comments 5 from the public on the individuals included in the se-6 lection pool. The agency shall post all such com-7 ments contemporaneously on the nonpartisan agen-8 cy's website and shall transmit them to the Select 9 Committee on Redistricting immediately upon the 10 expiration of such period. 11 (8) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15 days and not later than 21 days after receiving the selection pool from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting shall—
  - (i) approve the pool as submitted by the nonpartisan agency, in which case the pool shall be considered the approved selection pool for purposes of section 311(a)(1); or
  - (ii) reject the pool, in which case the nonpartisan agency shall develop and submit a replacement selection pool in accordance with subsection (c).

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1 (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
2 the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
3 approve or reject the pool within the deadline
4 set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Committee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
5 for purposes of such subparagraph.

- 7 (c) Development of Replacement Selection 8 Pool.—
- 9 (1) In General.—If the Select Committee on 10 Redistricting rejects the selection pool submitted by 11 the nonpartisan agency under subsection (b), not 12 later than 14 days after the rejection, the non-13 partisan agency shall develop and submit to the Se-14 lect Committee a replacement selection pool, under 15 the same terms and conditions that applied to the 16 development and submission of the selection pool 17 under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (b). 18 The replacement pool submitted under this para-19 graph may include individuals who were included in 20 the rejected selection pool submitted under sub-21 section (b), so long as at least one of the individuals 22 in the replacement pool was not included in such re-23 jected pool.
- 24 (2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

1	(A) In general.—Not later than 21 days
2	after receiving the replacement selection pool
3	from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph
4	(1), the Select Committee on Redistricting
5	shall—
6	(i) approve the pool as submitted by
7	the nonpartisan agency, in which case the
8	pool shall be considered the approved selec-
9	tion pool for purposes of section 311(a)(1);
10	or
11	(ii) reject the pool, in which case the
12	nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-
13	mit a second replacement selection pool in
14	accordance with subsection (d).
15	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
16	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
17	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
18	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
19	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
20	for purposes of such subparagraph.
21	(d) Development of Second Replacement Se-
22	LECTION POOL.—
23	(1) In general.—If the Select Committee on
24	Redistricting rejects the replacement selection pool
25	submitted by the nonpartisan agency under sub-

section (c), not later than 14 days after the rejection, the nonpartisan agency shall develop and submit to the Select Committee a second replacement selection pool, under the same terms and conditions that applied to the development and submission of the selection pool under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (b). The second replacement selection pool submitted under this paragraph may include individuals who were included in the rejected selection pool submitted under subsection (b) or the rejected replacement selection pool submitted under subsection (c), so long as at least one of the individuals in the replacement pool was not included in either such rejected pool.

### (2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15 days and not later than 14 days after receiving the second replacement selection pool from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting shall—
  - (i) approve the pool as submitted by the nonpartisan agency, in which case the pool shall be considered the approved selection pool for purposes of section 311(a)(1);

25 or

1	(ii) reject the pool.
2	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
3	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
4	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
5	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
6	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
7	for purposes of such subparagraph.
8	(C) EFFECT OF REJECTION.—If the Select
9	Committee on Redistricting rejects the second
10	replacement pool from the nonpartisan agency
11	under paragraph (1), the redistricting plan for
12	the State shall be developed and enacted in ac-
13	cordance with subtitle C.
13 14	cordance with subtitle C.  SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDE-
14	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDE-
14 15	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDE-
14 15 16	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDEPENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDEPENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDEPENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria set
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 313. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDEPENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria set forth in section 311(b), the independent redistricting
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria set forth in section 311(b), the independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.  (a) DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLAN.—  (1) CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria set forth in section 311(b), the independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop a redistricting plan for the State in accordance with the following

1	that they equalize total population per Rep-
2	resentative elected.
3	(B) Districts shall be established in a man-
4	ner consistent with the Voting Rights Act of
5	$1965~(52~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~10301~\mathrm{et}~\mathrm{seq.})$ and all applica-
6	ble Federal laws.
7	(C) Districts shall provide racial, ethnic,
8	and language minorities with an equal oppor-
9	tunity to participate in the political process and
10	to elect candidates of choice and shall not dilute
11	or diminish their ability to elect candidates of
12	choice whether alone or in coalition with others.
13	(D) To the extent practicable, districts
14	shall reflect the diversity of political opinion in
15	the State such that no district in the State—
16	(i) elects exactly 3 Representatives
17	and the nominee of one political party for
18	President received at least 75 percent of
19	the votes cast in the geographic area cov-
20	ered by the district in 2 of the 3 most re-
21	cent Presidential elections;
22	(ii) elects exactly 4 Representatives
23	and the nominee of one political party for
24	President received at least 80 percent of
25	the votes cast in the geographic area cov-

1	ered by the district in 2 of the 3 most re-
2	cent Presidential elections; or
3	(iii) elects exactly 5 Representatives
4	and the nominee of one political party for
5	President received at least 83 percent of
6	the votes cast in the geographic area cov-
7	ered by the district in 2 of the 3 most re-
8	cent Presidential elections.
9	(E) To the greatest extent practicable the
10	State shall minimize the number of districts
11	electing 4 Representatives.
12	(F) To the greatest extent practicable the
13	State shall maximize the number of districts
14	electing 5 Representatives.
15	(G) To the extent practicable, districts
16	shall minimize the division of any community of
17	interest, municipality, county, or neighborhood.
18	In this subparagraph, the term "community of
19	interest" means an area with recognized simi-
20	larities of interests, including but not limited to
21	ethnic, economic, social, cultural, geographic, or
22	historic identities. Such term may, in cir-

cumstances, include political subdivisions such

as counties, municipalities, or school districts,

but shall not include common relationships with

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- political parties, officeholders, or political candidates.
  - (2) No favoring or disfavoring of political parties.—The redistricting plan developed by the independent redistricting commission shall not, when considered on a statewide basis, unduly favor or disfavor any political party.
    - (3) PROHIBITING CONSIDERATION OF RESIDENCE OF MEMBER OR OTHER CANDIDATE.—In developing the redistricting plan for the State, the independent redistricting commission may not take into consideration the residence of any Member of the House of Representatives or candidate.

#### (b) Public Notice and Input.—

(1) Use of open and transparent proc-Ess.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall hold each of its meetings in public, shall solicit and take into consideration comments from the public, including proposed maps, throughout the process of developing the redistricting plan for the State, and shall carry out its duties in an open and transparent manner which provides for the widest public dissemination reasonably possible of its proposed and final redistricting plans.

(2) Website.—

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1	(A) Features.—The commission shall
2	maintain a public internet site which is not af-
3	filiated with or maintained by the office of any
4	elected official and which includes the following
5	features:
6	(i) General information on the com-
7	mission, its role in the redistricting proc-
8	ess, and its members, including contact in-
9	formation.
10	(ii) An updated schedule of commis-
11	sion hearings and activities, including
12	deadlines for the submission of comments.
13	(iii) All draft redistricting plans devel-
14	oped by the commission under subsection
15	(c) and the final redistricting plan devel-
16	oped under subsection (d), including the
17	accompanying written evaluation under
18	subsection (e).
19	(iv) All comments received from the
20	public on the commission's activities, in-
21	cluding any proposed maps submitted
22	under paragraph (1).
23	(v) Live streaming of commission
24	hearings and an archive of previous meet-
25	ings, including any documents considered

1	at any such meeting, which the commission
2	shall post not later than 24 hours after the
3	conclusion of the meeting.
4	(vi) Access in an easily useable format
5	to the demographic and other data used by
6	the commission to develop and analyze the
7	proposed redistricting plans, together with
8	access to any software used to draw maps
9	of proposed districts and to any reports
10	analyzing and evaluating any such maps.
11	(vii) A method by which members of
12	the public may submit comments and pro-
13	posed maps directly to the commission.
14	(viii) All records of the commission,
15	including all communications to or from
16	members, employees, and contractors re-
17	garding the work of the commission.
18	(ix) A list of all contractors receiving
19	payment from the commission, together
20	with the annual disclosures submitted by
21	the contractors under section $311(c)(3)$ .
22	(x) A list of the names of all individ-
23	uals who submitted applications to serve
24	on the commission, together with the appli-
25	cations submitted by individuals included

in any selection pool, except that the com-
mission may redact from such applications
any financial or other personally sensitive
information.
(B) Searchable format.—The commis-
sion shall ensure that all information posted
and maintained on the site under this para-
graph, including information and proposed
maps submitted by the public, shall be main-
tained in an easily searchable format.
(C) Deadline.—The commission shall en-
sure that the public internet site under this
paragraph is operational (in at least a prelimi-
nary format) not later than January 1 of the
year ending in the numeral one.
(3) Public comment period.—The commis-
sion shall solicit, accept, and consider comments
from the public with respect to its duties, activities,
and procedures at any time during the period—
(A) which begins on January 1 of the year
ending in the numeral one; and
(B) which ends 7 days before the date of
the meeting at which the commission shall vote
on approving the final redistricting plan for en-

actment into law under subsection (d)(2).

1	(4) Meetings and hearings in various geo-
2	GRAPHIC LOCATIONS.—To the greatest extent prac-
3	ticable, the commission shall hold its meetings and
4	hearings in various geographic regions and locations
5	throughout the State.
6	(5) Multiple language requirements for
7	ALL NOTICES.—The commission shall make each no-
8	tice which is required to be posted and published
9	under this section available in any language in which
10	the State (or any jurisdiction in the State) is re-
11	quired to provide election materials under section
12	203 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.
13	(c) Development and Publication of Prelimi-
14	NARY REDISTRICTING PLAN.—
15	(1) In general.—Prior to developing and pub-
16	lishing a final redistricting plan under subsection
17	(d), the independent redistricting commission of a
18	State shall develop and publish a preliminary redis-
19	tricting plan.
20	(2) Minimum public hearings and oppor-
21	TUNITY FOR COMMENT PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT.—
22	(A) 3 Hearings required.—Prior to de-
23	veloping a preliminary redistricting plan under
24	this subsection, the commission shall hold not
25	fewer than 3 public hearings at which members

of the public may provide input and comments regarding the potential contents of redistricting plans for the State and the process by which the commission will develop the preliminary plan under this subsection.

- (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date of each hearing held under this paragraph, the commission shall post notices of the hearing in on the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of such notices in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State. Each such notice shall specify the date, time, and location of the hearing.
- (C) Submission of Plans and Maps by Members of the public may submit maps or portions of maps for consideration by the commission. As provided under subsection (b)(2)(A), any such map shall be made publicly available on the commission's website and open to comment.

#### (3) Publication of Preliminary Plan.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The commission shall post the preliminary redistricting plan devel-

oped under this subsection, together with a report that includes the commission's responses to any public comments received under subsection (b)(3), on the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of each such plan in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State.

- (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO PUBLICATION.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date on which the commission posts and publishes the preliminary plan under this paragraph, the commission shall notify the public through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), as well as through publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State, of the pending publication of the plan.
- (4) MINIMUM POST-PUBLICATION PERIOD FOR PUBLIC COMMENT.—The commission shall accept and consider comments from the public (including through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2)) with respect to the preliminary redistricting plan published under paragraph (3), including proposed revisions to maps, for not fewer than 30 days after the date on which the plan is published.

# (5) Post-publication hearings.—

- (A) 3 HEARINGS REQUIRED.—After posting and publishing the preliminary redistricting plan under paragraph (3), the commission shall hold not fewer than 3 public hearings in different geographic areas of the State at which members of the public may provide input and comments regarding the preliminary plan.
- (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date of each hearing held under this paragraph, the commission shall post notices of the hearing in on the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of such notices in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State. Each such notice shall specify the date, time, and location of the hearing.
- (6) PERMITTING MULTIPLE PRELIMINARY PLANS.—At the option of the commission, after developing and publishing the preliminary redistricting plan under this subsection, the commission may develop and publish subsequent preliminary redistricting plans, so long as the process for the development and publication of each such subsequent plan

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1	meets the requirements set forth in this subsection
2	for the development and publication of the first pre-
3	liminary redistricting plan.
4	(d) Process for Enactment of Final Redis-
5	TRICTING PLAN.—
6	(1) In general.—After taking into consider-
7	ation comments from the public on any preliminary
8	redistricting plan developed and published under
9	subsection (c), the independent redistricting commis-
10	sion of a State shall develop and publish a final re-
11	districting plan for the State.
12	(2) MEETING; FINAL VOTE.—Not later than the
13	deadline specified in subsection (h), the commission
14	shall hold a public hearing at which the members of
15	the commission shall vote on approving the final
16	plan for enactment into law.
17	(3) Publication of Plan and accompanying
18	MATERIALS.—Not fewer than 14 days before the
19	date of the meeting under paragraph (2), the com-
20	mission shall provide the following information to
21	the public through the website maintained under
22	subsection (b)(2), as well as through newspapers of
23	general circulation throughout the State:
24	(A) The final redistricting plan, including

all relevant maps.

- 1 (B) A report by the commission to accom-2 pany the plan which provides the background 3 for the plan and the commission's reasons for selecting the plan as the final redistricting plan, 4 including responses to the public comments re-6 ceived on any preliminary redistricting plan de-7 veloped and published under subsection (c). 8 (C) Any dissenting or additional views with 9 respect to the plan of individual members of the 10 commission. 11 (4) ENACTMENT.—The final redistricting plan 12 developed and published under this subsection shall 13 be deemed to be enacted into law if— 14 (A) the plan is approved by a majority of 15 the whole membership of the commission; and 16 (B) at least one member of the commission 17 appointed from each of the categories of the ap-18 proved selection pool described in section
- 20 (e) WRITTEN EVALUATION OF PLAN AGAINST EX-21 TERNAL METRICS.—The independent redistricting com-22 mission shall include with each redistricting plan devel-23 oped and published under this section a written evaluation 24 that measures each such plan against external metrics 25 which cover the criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of sub-

312(b)(1) approves the plan.

- 1 section (a), including the impact of the plan on the ability
- 2 of communities of color to elect candidates of choice,
- 3 measures of partisan fairness using multiple accepted
- 4 methodologies, and the degree to which the plan preserves
- 5 or divides communities of interest.
- 6 (f) Timing.—The independent redistricting commis-
- 7 sion of a State may begin its work on the redistricting
- 8 plan of the State upon receipt of relevant population infor-
- 9 mation from the Bureau of the Census, and shall approve
- 10 a final redistricting plan for the State in each year ending
- 11 in the numeral one not later than 8 months after the date
- 12 on which the State receives the State apportionment notice
- 13 or October 1, whichever occurs later.
- 14 SEC. 314. ESTABLISHMENT OF RELATED ENTITIES.
- 15 (a) Establishment or Designation of Non-
- 16 Partisan Agency of State Legislature.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall establish a
- 18 nonpartisan agency in the legislative branch of the
- 19 State government to appoint the members of the
- independent redistricting commission for the State
- in accordance with section 311.
- 22 (2) Nonpartisanship described.—For pur-
- poses of this subsection, an agency shall be consid-
- 24 ered to be nonpartisan if under law the agency—

- 1 (A) is required to provide services on a nonpartisan basis;
- 3 (B) is required to maintain impartiality; 4 and
  - (C) is prohibited from advocating for the adoption or rejection of any legislative proposal.
  - (3) Training of Members appointed to commission.—Not later than January 15 of a year ending in the numeral one, the nonpartisan agency established or designated under this subsection shall provide the members of the independent redistricting commission with initial training on their obligations as members of the commission, including obligations under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and other applicable laws.
  - established or designated under this subsection shall adopt and publish regulations, after notice and opportunity for comment, establishing the procedures that the agency will follow in fulfilling its duties under this Act, including the procedures to be used in vetting the qualifications and political affiliation of applicants and in creating the selection pools, the randomized process to be used in selecting the initial members of the independent redistricting commis-

- sion, and the rules that the agency will apply to ensure that the agency carries out its duties under this

  Act in a maximally transparent, publicly accessible,
  and impartial manner.
  - (5) Designation of existing agency.—At its option, a State may designate an existing agency in the legislative branch of its government to appoint the members of the independent redistricting commission plan for the State under this Act, so long as the agency meets the requirements for non-partisanship under this subsection.
  - (6) TERMINATION OF AGENCY SPECIFICALLY ESTABLISHED FOR REDISTRICTING.—If a State does not designate an existing agency under paragraph (5) but instead establishes a new agency to serve as the nonpartisan agency under this section, the new agency shall terminate upon the enactment into law of the redistricting plan for the State.
  - (7) Preservation of records.—The State shall ensure that the records of the nonpartisan agency are retained in the appropriate State archive in such manner as may be necessary to enable the State to respond to any civil action brought with respect to congressional redistricting in the State.

1	(8) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the re-
2	quirements of this subsection not later than each
3	October 15 of a year ending in the numeral nine.
4	(b) Establishment of Select Committee on Re-
5	DISTRICTING.—
6	(1) In General.—Each State shall appoint a
7	Select Committee on Redistricting to approve or dis-
8	approve a selection pool developed by the inde-
9	pendent redistricting commission for the State under
10	section 312.
11	(2) Appointment.—The Select Committee on
12	Redistricting for a State under this subsection shall
13	consist of the following members:
14	(A) One member of the upper house of the
15	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
16	leader of the party with the greatest number of
17	seats in the upper house.
18	(B) One member of the upper house of the
19	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
20	leader of the party with the second greatest
21	number of seats in the upper house.
22	(C) One member of the lower house of the
23	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
24	leader of the party with the greatest number of

seats in the lower house.

- 1 (D) One member of the lower house of the
  2 State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
  3 leader of the party with the second greatest
  4 number of seats in the lower house.
  5 (3) Special rule for states with unicam6 Eral legislature.—In the case of a State with a
  - (A) Two members of the State legislature appointed by the chair of the political party of the State whose candidate received the highest percentage of votes in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State.

unicameral legislature, the Select Committee on Re-

districting for the State under this subsection shall

consist of the following members:

- (B) Two members of the State legislature appointed by the chair of the political party whose candidate received the second highest percentage of votes in the most recent statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
- (4) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the requirements of this subsection not later than each January 15 of a year ending in the numeral zero.

1	SEC. 315. REPORT ON DIVERSITY OF MEMBERSHIPS OF
2	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMIS
3	SIONS.
4	Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the nu-
5	meral one, the Comptroller General of the United States
6	shall submit to Congress a report on the extent to which
7	the memberships of independent redistricting commissions
8	for States established under this subtitle with respect to
9	the immediately preceding year ending in the numeral zero
10	meet the diversity requirements as provided for in sections
11	311(a)(2)(B) and $312(b)(2)$ .
12	Subtitle C—Role of Courts in
13	<b>Development of Redistricting Plans</b>
14	SEC. 321. ENACTMENT OF PLAN DEVELOPED BY 3-JUDGE
15	COURT.
16	(a) Development of Plan.—If any of the trig-
17	gering events described in subsection (f) occur with re-
18	spect to a State—
19	(1) not later than December 15 of the year in
20	which the triggering event occurs, the United States
21	district court for the applicable venue, acting
22	through a 3-judge Court convened pursuant to sec-
23	tion 2284 of title 28, United States Code, shall de-
24	velop and publish the congressional redistricting
2.5	plan for the State: and

- 1 (2) the final plan developed and published by 2 the Court under this section shall be deemed to be 3 enacted on the date on which the Court publishes 4 the final plan, as described in subsection (d).
- 5 (b) APPLICABLE VENUE DESCRIBED.—For purposes 6 of this section, the "applicable venue" with respect to a 7 State is the District of Columbia or the judicial district 8 in which the capital of the State is located, as selected 9 by the first party to file with the court sufficient evidence 10 of the occurrence of a triggering event described in sub-
  - (c) Procedures for Development of Plan.—
- 13 (1) CRITERIA.—In developing a redistricting
  14 plan for a State under this section, the Court shall
  15 adhere to the same terms and conditions that ap16 plied (or that would have applied, as the case may
  17 be) to the development of a plan by the independent
  18 redistricting commission of the State under section
  19 313(a).
  - (2) Access to information and records of commission.—The Court shall have access to any information, data, software, or other records and material that was used (or that would have been used, as the case may be) by the independent redis-

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section (f).

1	tricting commission of the State in carrying out its
2	duties under this Act.
3	(3) HEARING PUBLIC PARTICIPATION —In de-

- (3) Hearing; Public Participation.—In developing a redistricting plan for a State, the Court shall—
  - (A) hold one or more evidentiary hearings at which interested members of the public may appear and be heard and present testimony, including expert testimony, in accordance with the rules of the Court; and
  - (B) consider other submissions and comments by the public, including proposals for redistricting plans to cover the entire State or any portion of the State.
- (4) USE OF SPECIAL MASTER.—To assist in the development and publication of a redistricting plan for a State under this section, the Court may appoint a special master to make recommendations to the Court on possible plans for the State.

## 20 (d) Publication of Plan.—

(1) Public availability of initial plan.—
Upon completing the development of one or more initial redistricting plans, the Court shall make the plans available to the public at no cost, and shall also make available the underlying data used by the

- 1 Court to develop the plans and a written evaluation 2 of the plans against external metrics (as described in 3 section 313(e)).
- time after the expiration of the 14-day period which begins on the date the Court makes the plans available to the public under paragraph (1), and taking into consideration any submissions and comments by the public which are received during such period, the Court shall develop and publish the final redistricting plan for the State.
- 12 (e) Use of Interim Plan.—In the event that the Court is not able to develop and publish a final redistricting plan for the State with sufficient time for an up-14 15 coming election to proceed, the Court may develop and publish an interim redistricting plan which shall serve as 16 the redistricting plan for the State until the Court develops and publishes a final plan in accordance with this sec-18 tion. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit 19 or otherwise affect the authority or discretion of the Court 21 to develop and publish the final redistricting plan, including but not limited to the discretion to make any changes the Court deems necessary to an interim redistricting 24 plan.

1	(f) Triggering Events Described.—The "trig-
2	gering events" described in this subsection are as follows:
3	(1) The failure of the State to establish or des-
4	ignate a nonpartisan agency of the State legislature
5	under section 314(a) prior to the expiration of the
6	deadline set forth in section 314(a)(8).
7	(2) The failure of the State to appoint a Select
8	Committee on Redistricting under section 314(b)
9	prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth in
10	section $314(b)(4)$ .
11	(3) The failure of the Select Committee on Re-
12	districting to approve any selection pool under sec-
13	tion 312 prior to the expiration of the deadline set
14	forth for the approval of the second replacement se-
15	lection pool in section $312(d)(2)$ .
16	(4) The failure of the independent redistricting
17	commission of the State to approve a final redis-
18	tricting plan for the State prior to the expiration of
19	the deadline set forth in section 313(f).
20	SEC. 322. SPECIAL RULE FOR REDISTRICTING CONDUCTED
21	UNDER ORDER OF FEDERAL COURT.
22	If a Federal court requires a State to conduct redis-
23	tricting subsequent to an apportionment of Representa-
24	tives in the State in order to comply with the Constitution

 $25\,$  or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965, section  $313\,$ 

- 1 shall apply with respect to the redistricting, except that
- 2 the court may revise any of the deadlines set forth in such
- 3 section if the court determines that a revision is appro-
- 4 priate in order to provide for a timely enactment of a new
- 5 redistricting plan for the State.

# 6 Subtitle D—Administrative and

# 7 Miscellaneous Provisions

- 8 SEC. 331. PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR CARRYING OUT RE-
- 9 **DISTRICTING.**
- 10 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENTS.—Subject to sub-
- 11 sections (c) and (d), not later than 30 days after a State
- 12 receives a State apportionment notice, the Election Assist-
- 13 ance Commission shall make a payment to the State in
- 14 an amount equal to the product of—
- 15 (1) the number of Representatives to which the
- 16 State is entitled, as provided under the notice; and
- 17 (2) \$150,000.
- 18 (b) Use of Funds.—A State shall use the payment
- 19 made under this section to establish and operate the
- 20 State's independent redistricting commission, to imple-
- 21 ment the State redistricting plan, and to otherwise carry
- 22 out congressional redistricting in the State.
- 23 (c) No Payment to States Electing Members
- 24 AT LARGE.—The Election Assistance Commission shall
- 25 not make a payment under this section to any State which,

- 1 under the apportionment notice, will elect all of its Rep-
- 2 resentatives at large.
- 3 (d) Requiring Submission of Selection Pool as
- 4 CONDITION OF PAYMENT.—
- 5 (1) Requirement.—Except as provided in
- 6 paragraph (2) and paragraph (3), the Election As-
- 7 sistance Commission may not make a payment to a
- 8 State under this section until the State certifies to
- 9 the Commission that the nonpartisan agency estab-
- lished or designated by a State under section 314(a)
- has, in accordance with section 312(b)(1), submitted
- a selection pool to the Select Committee on Redis-
- tricting for the State established under section
- 14 314(b).
- 15 (2) Exception for states with existing
- 16 COMMISSIONS.—In the case of a State which, pursu-
- ant to section 301(c), is exempt from the require-
- ments of section 301(a), the Commission may not
- make a payment to the State under this section until
- 20 the State certifies to the Commission that its redis-
- 21 tricting commission meets the requirements of sec-
- 22 tion 301(c).
- (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 24 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 25 necessary for payments under this section.

#### SEC. 332. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.

2 (a) Civi	l Enforcement.—
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- (1) ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General may bring a civil action in an appropriate district court for such relief as may be appropriate to carry out this Act.
- 7 (2) Availability of private right of ac-8 TION.—Any citizen of a State who is aggrieved by 9 the failure of the State to meet the requirements of 10 this Act may bring a civil action in the United 11 States district court for the applicable venue for 12 such relief as may be appropriate to remedy the fail-13 ure. For purposes of this section, the "applicable 14 venue" is the District of Columbia or the judicial 15 district in which the capital of the State is located, 16 as selected by the person who brings the civil action.
- 17 (b) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—In any action 18 brought forth under this section, the following rules shall 19 apply:
- 20 (1) The action shall be filed in the district court 21 of the United States for the District of Columbia or 22 for the judicial district in which the capital of the 23 State is located, as selected by the person bringing 24 the action.

- 1 (2) The action shall be heard by a 3-judge 2 court convened pursuant to section 2284 of title 28, 3 United States Code.
  - (3) The 3-judge court shall consolidate actions brought for relief under subsection (b)(1) with respect to the same State redistricting plan.
    - (4) A copy of the complaint shall be delivered promptly to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate.
  - (5) A final decision in the action shall be reviewable only by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of the United States. Such appeal shall be taken by the filing of a notice of appeal within 10 days, and the filing of a jurisdictional statement within 30 days, of the entry of the final decision.
  - (6) It shall be the duty of the district court and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.
- 20 (c) Attorney's Fees.—In a civil action under this 21 section, the court may allow the prevailing party (other 22 than the United States) reasonable attorney fees, includ-23 ing litigation expenses, and costs.
- 24 (d) Relation to Other Laws.—

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- 1 (1) RIGHTS AND REMEDIES ADDITIONAL TO
  2 OTHER RIGHTS AND REMEDIES.—The rights and
  3 remedies established by this section are in addition
  4 to all other rights and remedies provided by law, and
  5 neither the rights and remedies established by this
  6 section nor any other provision of this Act shall su7 persede, restrict, or limit the application of the Vot8 ing Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.).
- 9 (2) VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965.—Nothing in 10 this Act authorizes or requires conduct that is pro-11 hibited by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 12 10301 et seq.).

### 13 SEC. 333. STATE APPORTIONMENT NOTICE DEFINED.

- In this title, the "State apportionment notice" means,
- 15 with respect to a State, the notice sent to the State from
- 16 the Clerk of the House of Representatives under section
- 17 22(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fif-
- 18 teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide
- 19 for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", ap-
- 20 proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(b)), of the number
- 21 of Representatives to which the State is entitled.

### 22 SEC. 334. SPECIAL RULES FOR REDISTRICTING PURSUANT

- TO 2020 DECENNIAL CENSUS.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in
- 25 the case of congressional redistricting conducted by a

- 1 State pursuant to the 2020 decennial census, the following 2 shall apply:
  - (1) The independent redistricting commission of the State shall enact the congressional redistricting plan for the State not later than January 15, 2022.
    - (2) The State may waive or modify any of the deadlines described in subtitle B if the State determines that waiving or modifying the deadline is appropriate to ensure that the State meets the deadline described in paragraph (1).
    - (3) None of triggering events described in subsection (f) of section 321 (relating to the authority of a United States district court to develop and publish the plan) shall apply.
    - (4) The failure of the State to enact the plan by the deadline described in paragraph (1) shall be treated as a triggering event under subsection (f) of section 321, and the United States district court for the applicable venue shall develop and publish the congressional redistricting plan for the State in accordance with such section.

### TITLE IV—GENERAL 1 **PROVISIONS** 2 3 SEC. 401. NO EFFECT ON ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND 4 LOCAL OFFICE. 5 Nothing in this Act or in any amendment made by this Act may be construed to affect the manner in which a State carries out elections for State or local office, in-7 8 cluding the process by which a State establishes the districts used in such elections. 10 SEC. 402. SEVERABILITY. 11 If any provision of this Act or any amendment made 12 by this Act, or the application of a provision of this Act or an amendment made by this Act to any person or cir-13 cumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder 15 of this Act, and the application of the provisions to any person or circumstance, shall not be affected by the hold-17 ing. SEC. 403. EFFECTIVE DATE. 18 19 (a) Redistricting.—Title III and the amendments 20 made by such title shall apply with respect to redistricting carried out pursuant to the decennial census conducted 22 during 2020 or any succeeding decennial census. 23 (b) RANKED CHOICE VOTING; USE OF MULTI-MEM-24 BER DISTRICTS.—Titles I and II and the amendments

- 1 made by such titles shall apply with respect to elections
- $2\,$  for Federal office held in 2022 and each succeeding year.

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