#### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.4153

To advance clean power technology development and use through innovation and clean energy standards, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### JUNE 24, 2021

Mr. McKINLEY (for himself, Mr. SCHRADER, Ms. TENNEY, and Mr. COSTA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, Science, Space, and Technology, Transportation and Infrastructure, Oversight and Reform, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

#### A BILL

- To advance clean power technology development and use through innovation and clean energy standards, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Clean Energy Future
- 5 Through Innovation Act of 2021".

#### 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

- (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
  (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

#### 6 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

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Sec. 2. Definitions; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—CARBON CAPTURE, UTILIZATION, AND STORAGE

Subtitle A—Research, Development, and Demonstration for Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage Technologies

- Sec. 101. Fossil energy objectives.
- Sec. 102. Carbon capture technologies.
- Sec. 103. Carbon storage validation and testing.
- Sec. 104. Carbon utilization.
- Sec. 105. Advanced energy systems.
  - Subtitle B—Deployment of Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage With Commercial-Scale Electricity Generation Facilities
- Sec. 111. Deployment of carbon capture, utilization, and storage technology with commercial-scale electricity generation facilities.

Subtitle C—Federal Support for Commercial Deployment of Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage

- Sec. 121. Enhancement of carbon dioxide sequestration credit.
- Sec. 122. Reform of loan guarantee program.
- Sec. 123. Private activity bonds for carbon dioxide capture facilities.
- Sec. 124. Extension of publicly traded partnership ownership structure.
- Sec. 125. Production tax credit for certain electricity generation using carbon capture utilization and storage.
- Sec. 126. Elective payment of credit.
- Sec. 127. Allowance of the carbon oxide sequestration credit against the base erosion minimum tax.
- Sec. 128. Modification of merchant banking investment regulation.

#### Subtitle D—Support for Carbon Dioxide Transportation and Sequestration Infrastructure

Sec. 131. Facilities for carbon dioxide transportation and sequestration.

Sec. 132. Carbon dioxide sequestration utilities.

#### TITLE II—INNOVATION IN RENEWABLE ENERGY, ENERGY EFFICIENCY, AND STORAGE

Sec. 201. Establishment of technology performance and cost targets. Sec. 202. Advanced innovation and commercialization program.

- Sec. 203. Updating manufactured homes.
- Sec. 204. Investment tax credits for energy battery storage, offshore wind, and certain hydropower technologies.
- Sec. 205. Extension of production tax credit for solar and on-shore wind.
- Sec. 206. Renewal of qualifying advanced energy project credit.
- Sec. 207. Performance-based tax credits for commercial and residential buildings.
- Sec. 208. Extension of publicly traded partnership ownership structure to renewable energy projects.
- Sec. 209. Manufacturer credit for high-efficiency heat pumps and heat pump water heaters.
- Sec. 210. Other authorizations of appropriations.

#### TITLE III—EXISTING AND ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

- Sec. 301. Zero-emissions credit program.
- Sec. 302. Investment tax credit for nuclear energy property.
- Sec. 303. Expanding Federal clean electricity purchasing requirements.
- Sec. 304. Modernizing the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- Sec. 305. Demonstration and early deployment of advanced nuclear reactors.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations for loan guarantees for advanced nuclear facilities.
- Sec. 307. Expanding the production tax credit for nuclear power.

#### TITLE IV—CLEAN ELECTRICITY STANDARD

- Sec. 401. Certification of cost-effective market penetration of clean electricity technologies.
- Sec. 402. Federal clean electricity standard.
- Sec. 403. Regional clean electricity planning models.
- Sec. 404. Stand-by emission performance standards.

#### TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 501. Additional requirements.

Sec. 502. Utilization of qualified apprentices by construction contractors.

- Sec. 503. Requirements applicable to tax incentive programs.
- 1 TITLE I—CARBON CAPTURE,

#### 2 UTILIZATION, AND STORAGE

- 3 Subtitle A—Research, Develop-
- 4 ment, and Demonstration for
- 5 **Carbon Capture, Utilization**,

#### 6 and Storage Technologies

7 SEC. 101. FOSSIL ENERGY OBJECTIVES.

8 Section 961 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42)

9 U.S.C. 16291) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ , by adding at the end
2	the following subparagraph:
3	"(M) Preventing, predicting, monitoring,
4	and mitigating the unintended leaking of car-
5	bon dioxide or other fossil fuel-related emissions
6	into the atmosphere."; and
7	(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
11	out fossil energy research, development, demonstration,
12	and commercial application activities, including activities
13	authorized under this subtitle, \$2,200,000,000 for each of
14	fiscal years 2022 through 2031.".
15	SEC. 102. CARBON CAPTURE TECHNOLOGIES.
16	Section 962 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 $(42)$
17	U.S.C. 16292) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (e)—
19	(A) in paragraph (2)—
20	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
21	subparagraph (B);
22	(ii) by striking the period at the end
23	of subparagraph (C) and inserting "; and";
24	and

1	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(D) test technologies that represent the
4	scale of technology development beyond labora-
5	tory testing, but not yet advanced to testing
6	under operational conditions at commercial
7	scale.";
8	(B) in paragraph (3)(C)—
9	(i) in clause (i), by inserting
10	"precombustion, postcombustion, or oxy-
11	combustion" after "facilities for";
12	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "; or"
13	and inserting a semicolon;
14	(iii) in clause (iii), by striking the pe-
15	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon;
16	and
17	(iv) by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(iv) have capability to test integra-
20	tion of carbon capture technologies with
21	utility-scale power plants; or
22	"(v) have commercial market partici-
23	pants, including equipment and technology
24	suppliers and power generators, involved in
25	the proposed Center."; and

1	(C) by redesignating paragraph $(7)$ as
2	paragraph (8), and inserting after paragraph
3	(6) the following:
4	"(7) COST SHARING.—The Secretary shall re-
5	quire cost sharing under this subsection in accord-
6	ance with section 988(b)."; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
10	out this section $600,000,000$ for each of fiscal years $2022$
11	through 2031.".
12	SEC. 103. CARBON STORAGE VALIDATION AND TESTING.
13	Section 963 of the Energy Policy Act of $2005$ (42
14	U.S.C. 16293) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"(4) FEDERAL DATA COLLECTION.—The Sec-
18	retary, in coordination with other Federal agencies
19	including the United States Geological Survey, shall
20	continue and expand ongoing Federal data collection
21	and analysis activities related to carbon dioxide stor-
22	age, economics, and spatial relationships on a local
23	and regional scale, in coordination with State and
24	
	regional entities."; and

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(2) by amending subsection (g) to read as fol lows:

3 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
4 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
5 out this section—

6 "(1) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2021; and
7 "(2) \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022

8 through 2031.".

#### 9 SEC. 104. CARBON UTILIZATION.

Section 969A(d) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
(42 U.S.C. 16298a(d)) is amended to read as follows:

12 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
14 out this section—

15 "(1) \$54,000,000 for fiscal year 2021; and

16 "(2) \$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022
17 through 2031.".

#### 18 SEC. 105. ADVANCED ENERGY SYSTEMS.

(a) ADVANCED ENERGY SYSTEMS.—Subtitle F of
title IX of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
16291 et seq.) is further amended by adding at the end
the following:

#### 23 "SEC. 969E. ADVANCED ENERGY SYSTEMS.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a25 program of research, development, demonstration, and

commercial application of technologies that represent a
 significant change in the methods used to generate elec tricity from fuels and that will enable a step change in
 performance, efficiency, and cost of electricity, and that
 reduce emissions from fossil fuel power generation in the
 following areas:

7 "(1) Supercritical carbon dioxide, with an em8 phasis on developing directly fired and indirectly
9 fired cycles in the next 10 years.

10 "(2) Advanced combustion systems, including11 oxy-combustion systems and chemical looping.

"(3) Gasification systems to enable carbon capture, improve efficiency, and reduce capital and operating costs.

15 "(4) Thermal cycling with ramping or rapid
16 black start capabilities that do not compromise effi17 ciency or environmental performance.

18 "(5) Small-scale and modular technologies with
19 reduced carbon dioxide outputs or carbon capture
20 that can support incremental power generation ca21 pacity needs.

"(6) Turbines, boilers, fuel cells, or other systems that utilize hydrogen or ammonia derived from
coal or natural gas to make electricity.

"(7) Systems that remove 98 percent or more
 of the carbon dioxide from the emissions of a power
 plant.

4 "(b) PRIORITY.—In carrying out the program under 5 subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to poten-6 tially transformational technologies that would enable very 7 substantial improvements in performance, efficiency, or 8 cost of electricity as compared to the technology in exist-9 ence on the date of enactment of this section.

"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
out this section \$1,275,000,000 for each of fiscal years
2022 through 2031.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58;
119 Stat. 600) is amended by adding at the end of the
items relating to subtitle F of title IX the following:

"Sec. 969E. Advanced energy systems.".

Subtitle B—Deployment of Carbon 1 Capture, Utilization, and Stor-2 With **Commercial-Scale** age 3 **Electricity Generation Facilities** 4 5 SEC. 111. DEPLOYMENT OF CARBON CAPTURE, UTILIZA-6 TION, AND STORAGE TECHNOLOGY WITH 7 COMMERCIAL-SCALE ELECTRICITY GENERA-8 TION FACILITIES. 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of title IV of the En-10 ergy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15971 et seq.) is 11 amended by adding after section 417 the following: 12 "SEC. 418. FEDERAL SUPPORT FOR DEPLOYMENT OF CAR-13 BON CAPTURE, UTILIZATION, AND STORAGE 14 WITH ELECTRICITY GENERATION. 15 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitations in sub-16 section (b), the Secretary shall support the deployment and use of carbon capture, utilization, and storage at eligi-17 18 ble power systems by entering into contracts for differences with owners or operators of eligible power sys-19 20tems to provide price certainty for the sale of the elec-21tricity generated by, or carbon dioxide captured by, such 22 eligible power systems to third parties. 23 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may not enter 24 into contracts for differences under subsection (a)— 25 "(1) with a term of more than 30 years;

1	((2) for the output of eligible power systems
2	with a cumulative electricity generating capacity of
3	more than 11 gigawatts; and
4	"(3) in a cumulative amount projected to have
5	a value exceeding \$10,000,000,000.
6	"(c) Application.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator of
8	an eligible power system seeking to enter into a con-
9	tract for differences under subsection (a) shall sub-
10	mit to the Secretary an application at such time and
11	in such manner as the Secretary may require.
12	"(2) CRITERIA.—In evaluating such an applica-
13	tion, the Secretary shall consider technical, financial,
14	and other factors that the Secretary determines ap-
15	propriate.
16	"(d) PRIORITIZATION.—In implementing subsection
17	(a), the Secretary shall prioritize supporting—
18	"(1) the use of carbon capture, utilization, and
19	storage at eligible power systems covering diverse
20	fossil fuel types and technologies, including first-of-
21	a-kind technology for carbon capture, utilization,
22	and storage capacity; and
23	((2) eligible power systems with at least 5.5
24	gigawatts of cumulative electricity generating capac-
25	ity that will be in operation by 2030, and ensure

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1	that the remaining eligible power systems receiving
2	support will be under construction by not later than
3	2030.
4	"(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
5	"(1) Power system.—The term 'power sys-
6	tem' means a commercial-scale electricity generating
7	unit that utilizes fossil fuels to generate electricity
8	that is provided to the electric grid or directly to a
9	consumer.
10	"(2) ELIGIBLE POWER SYSTEM.—The term 'eli-
11	gible power system' means a power system that—
12	"(A) is equipped with carbon capture tech-
13	nology, or otherwise produces a separate carbon
14	dioxide stream that is suitable for utilization or
15	storage;
16	"(B) is designed to capture carbon dioxide
17	that would otherwise be emitted to the atmos-
18	phere; and
19	"(C) will utilize or store the captured car-
20	bon dioxide, or has contracted with one or more
21	other entities to utilize or store the captured
22	carbon dioxide.".
23	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
24	for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 is amended by adding
25	after the item relating to section 417 the following:

"Sec. 418. Federal support for deployment of carbon capture, utilization, and storage with electricity generation.".

# Subtitle C—Federal Support for Commercial Deployment of Car bon Capture, Utilization, and Storage

### 5 SEC. 121. ENHANCEMENT OF CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUES6 TRATION CREDIT.

7 (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT PERIOD.—Section
8 45Q(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended
9 by striking "12-year" each place it appears and inserting
10 "20-year".

(b) EXTENSION OF QUALIFIED FACILITY CONSTRUCTION BEGINNING DATE.—Section 45Q(d)(1) of such Code
is amended by striking "January 1, 2026" and inserting
"January 1, 2036".

15 (c) ENHANCEMENT OF CREDIT VALUE.—

16 (1) Section 45Q(b)(1)(A)(ii)(I) is amended by
17 striking "\$50" and inserting "\$85".

18 (2) Section 45Q(b)(1)(A)(ii)(II) is amended by
19 striking "\$35" and inserting "\$70".

20 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
21 this section shall apply to carbon dioxide captured after
22 December 31, 2020.

2 Section 1703 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
3 U.S.C. 16513) is amended—

4 (1) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the5 following:

6 "(e) QUALIFICATION OF FACILITIES RECEIVING TAX 7 CREDITS OR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—Notwithstanding 8 any other provision of law, a project that receives tax cred-9 its or other financial assistance for clean coal technology 10 shall not be disqualified from receiving a guarantee under 11 this subchapter."; and

12 (2) by inserting the following new subsection13 after subsection (e):

14 "(f) IMPLEMENTION.—In implementing the authority 15 under this section with respect to loan guarantees issued after the date of enactment of the Clean Energy Future 16 17 Through Innovation Act of 2021, the Secretary shall— 18 "(1) adjust fees and application requirements to 19 the scale of a project to ensure that the costs of pre-20 paring and submitting an application are not an 21 undue barrier to participation by smaller, lower risk 22 projects;

23 "(2) ensure that program credit rating require24 ments do not, as applied, act as an obstacle to par25 ticipation in the loan guarantee program by first-of26 a-kind projects, consistent with the purpose of the
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1	loan guarantee program to enable debt financing for
2	first-of-a-kind projects that would not otherwise have
3	access to commercial debt markets; and
4	"(3) for first-of-a-kind projects, cover the cost
5	of the guarantee with appropriated funds rather
6	than requiring the borrower to pay some or all of
7	the cost of the guarantee under section 1702(b).".
8	SEC. 123. PRIVATE ACTIVITY BONDS FOR CARBON DIOXIDE
9	CAPTURE FACILITIES.
10	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 142(a) of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "or" at the
12	end of paragraph (14), by striking the period at the end
13	of paragraph (15) and inserting ", or", and by adding at
14	the end the following new paragraph:
15	"(16) qualified carbon dioxide capture facili-
16	ties.".
17	(b) Qualified Carbon Dioxide Capture Facil-
18	ITY.—Section 142 of such Code is amended by adding at
19	the end the following new subsections:
20	"(n) Qualified Carbon Dioxide Capture Facil-
21	ITY.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
23	(a)(16), the term 'qualified carbon dioxide capture
24	facility' means the eligible components of an indus-
25	trial carbon dioxide facility.

1	"(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-
2	section—
3	"(A) ELIGIBLE COMPONENT.—The term
4	'eligible component' means, with respect to any
5	industrial carbon dioxide facility, any compo-
6	nent installed in such facility that—
7	"(i) satisfies the requirements under
8	paragraph (3), and
9	"(ii)(I) is used for the purpose of cap-
10	ture, treatment and purification, compres-
11	sion, transportation, or on-site storage of
12	carbon dioxide produced by such facility,
13	or
14	"(II) is integral or functionally related
15	and subordinate to a process described in
16	section $48B(c)(2)$ (determined by sub-
17	stituting 'carbon dioxide' for 'carbon mon-
18	oxide').
19	"(B) INDUSTRIAL CARBON DIOXIDE FACIL-
20	ITY.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'indus-
22	trial carbon dioxide facility' means a facil-
23	ity that emits carbon dioxide (including
24	from any fugitive emissions source) that is

1	created as a result of any of the following
2	processes:
3	"(I) Fuel combustion for elec-
4	tricity generation or other purposes.
5	"(II) Gasification for electricity
6	generation or other purposes.
7	"(III) Bioindustrial.
8	"(IV) Fermentation.
9	"(V) Any manufacturing industry
10	described in section $48B(c)(7)$ .
11	"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—Such term shall
12	not include—
13	"(I) any geological gas facility, or
14	"(II) any air separation unit that
15	does not qualify as gasification equip-
16	ment or is not a necessary component
17	of an oxy-fuel combustion process, a
18	supercritical carbon dioxide process,
19	or other advanced power system.
20	"(iii) Geological gas facility.—
21	The term 'geological gas facility' means a
22	facility that—
23	"(I) produces a raw product con-
24	sisting of gas or mixed gas and liquid
25	from a geological formation,

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1	"(II) transports or removes im-
2	purities from such product, or
3	"(III) separates such product
4	into its constituent parts.
5	"(3) Capture and storage requirement.—
6	For purposes of this subsection—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
8	subparagraph (B), a component shall not be
9	treated as meeting the requirements of this
10	paragraph with respect to an industrial carbon
11	dioxide facility unless such component has a
12	capture and storage percentage that is at least
13	65 percent.
14	"(B) EXCEPTION.—In the case of an in-
15	dustrial carbon dioxide facility with a capture
16	and storage percentage that is less than 65 per-
17	cent, a component with respect to such facility
18	shall not be treated as meeting the require-
19	ments of this paragraph unless the percentage
20	of the cost of such component that is financed
21	by tax-exempt bonds is not greater than such

23 "(C) CAPTURE AND STORAGE PERCENT24 AGE.—

capture and storage percentage.

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"(i) IN GENERAL.—The capture and 1 2 storage percentage shall be an amount, expressed as a percentage, equal to the 3 4 quotient of— "(I) the total metric tons of car-5 6 bon dioxide annually captured, trans-7 ported, and injected into a facility for 8 geologic storage, or an enhanced oil or 9 gas recovery well followed by geologic 10 storage, divided by "(II) the total metric tons of car-11 12 bon dioxide which would otherwise be 13 released into the atmosphere each 14 year as industrial emission of green-15 house gas if the component were not installed in the industrial carbon diox-16 17 ide facility. 18 "(ii) LIMITED APPLICATION OF ELIGI-19 BLE COMPONENTS.—In the case of eligible 20 components that are designed to capture 21 carbon dioxide solely from specific sources 22 of emissions or portions thereof within an 23 industrial carbon dioxide facility, the cap-24 ture and storage percentage under this 25 subparagraph shall be determined based only on such specific sources of emissions or portions thereof.

"(o) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—(1) An issue shall not
be treated as an issue under subsection (a) unless each
entity that receives some or all of the proceeds from the
issue for construction, alteration or repair work agrees
that such work shall be performed in accordance with the
requirements of subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40,
United States Code.

"(2) With respect to enforcement of the requirements
in paragraph (1), rules similar to rules of section 503(c)
of the Clean Energy Future Through Innovation Act of
2021 shall be applied by substituting 'issuer' for 'taxpayer'.".

(c) VOLUME CAP.—Section 146(g)(4) of such Code
is amended by striking "paragraph (11) of section 142(a)
(relating to high-speed intercity rail facilities)" and inserting "paragraph (11) or paragraph (16) of section 142(a)".

(d) CLARIFICATION OF PRIVATE BUSINESS USE.—
20 Section 141(b)(6) of such Code is amended by adding at
21 the end the following new subparagraph:

22 "(C) CLARIFICATION RELATING TO QUALI23 FIED CARBON DIOXIDE CAPTURE FACILITIES.—
24 For purposes of this subsection, the sale of car25 bon dioxide produced by a qualified carbon di-

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1	oxide capture facility (as defined in section
2	142(n)) which is owned by a governmental unit
3	shall not constitute private business use.".
4	(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
5	this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date
6	of enactment of this Act.
7	SEC. 124. EXTENSION OF PUBLICLY TRADED PARTNERSHIP
8	OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section $7704(d)(1)(E)$ of the In-
10	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
11	(1) by striking "income and gains derived from
12	the exploration" and inserting "income and gains
13	derived from any of the following:
14	"(i) The exploration",
15	(2) by striking the comma at the end and in-
16	serting a period, and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(ii) The production, storage, or
19	transportation of any fuel which—
20	"(I) uses carbon dioxide captured
21	from an anthropogenic source or the
22	atmosphere as its primary feedstock,
23	and
24	"(II) is determined by the Sec-
25	retary, in consultation with the Sec-

1	retary of Energy and the Adminis-
2	trator of the Environmental Protec-
3	tion Agency, to achieve a reduction of
4	not less than a 60 percent in lifecycle
5	greenhouse gas emissions (as defined
6	in section $211(0)(1)(H)$ of the Clean
7	Air Act) compared to baseline lifecycle
8	greenhouse gas emissions (as defined
9	in section $211(0)(1)(C)$ of such Act).
10	This clause shall not apply to any fuel
11	which uses as its primary feedstock carbon
12	dioxide which is deliberately released from
13	naturally-occurring subsurface springs.
14	"(iii) The production of any product
15	or the generation of electric power from a
16	project—
17	"(I) which meets the require-
18	ments of subparagraphs (A) and (B)
19	of section $48B(c)(1)$ , and
20	((II) not less than 75 percent of
21	the total carbon dioxide emissions of
22	which is qualified carbon oxide (as de-
23	fined in section $45Q(c)$ ) which is dis-
24	posed of or utilized as provided in
25	paragraph (6).

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1	"(iv) The generation or storage of
2	electric power (including associated income
3	from the sale or marketing of energy, ca-
4	pacity, resource adequacy, and ancillary
5	services) produced from any power genera-
6	tion facility which is, or from any power
7	generation unit within, a qualified facility
8	under section $45Q(d)$ and not less than 50
9	percent (30 percent in the case of a facility
10	or unit placed in service before January 1,
11	2017) of the total carbon dioxide emissions
12	of which is qualified carbon oxide which is
13	disposed of or used as provided in para-
14	graph $(7)$ .
15	"(v) The sale of any good or service
16	from any facility (other than a power gen-
17	eration facility) which is a qualified facility
18	described in section $45Q(c)$ and the cap-
19	tured qualified carbon oxide (as so defined)
20	of which is disposed of as provided in para-
21	graph (6).".
22	(b) DISPOSAL AND UTILIZATION OF CAPTURED CAR-
23	BON DIOXIDE.—Section 7704(d) of such Code is amended
24	by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

1	"(6) DISPOSAL AND UTILIZATION OF CAPTURED
2	CARBON DIOXIDE.—For purposes of clauses (iii)(II)
3	and (iv) of paragraph $(1)(E)$ , carbon dioxide is dis-
4	posed of or used as provided in this paragraph if
5	such carbon dioxide is—
6	"(A) placed into secure geological storage
7	(as determined under section $45Q(f)(2)$ ),
8	"(B) used as a tertiary injectant (as de-
9	fined in section $45Q(e)(3)$ ) in a qualified en-
10	hanced oil or natural gas recovery project (as
11	defined in section $45Q(e)(2)$ ) and placed into
12	secure geological storage (as so determined),
13	"(C) fixed through photosynthesis or
14	chemosynthesis (including through the growing
15	of algae or bacteria),
16	"(D) chemically converted to a material or
17	chemical compound in which it is securely
18	stored, or
19	"(E) used for any other purpose which the
20	Secretary determines has the potential to
21	strengthen or significantly develop a competitive
22	market for carbon dioxide captured from man-
23	made sources.
24	"(7) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—(A) Income and
25	gains under subsection $(d)(1)(E)$ shall not be treated

as "qualifying income" under this section unless the
publicly traded partnership provides assurances to
the Secretary that any construction, alteration, or
repair work associated with such income and gains
shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40,
United States Code.

8 "(B) With respect to enforcement of the re-9 quirements in subparagraph (A), rules similar to 10 rules of section 503(c) of the Clean Energy Future 11 Through Innovation Act of 2021 shall be applied by 12 substituting 'publicly traded partnership' for 'tax-13 payer'.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment
of this Act, in taxable years ending after such date.

#### 17 SEC. 125. PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT FOR CERTAIN ELEC-

### 18 TRICITY GENERATION USING CARBON CAP19 TURE UTILIZATION AND STORAGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
section:

1	"SEC. 45U. ELECTRICITY PRODUCED USING CARBON CAP-
2	TURE UTILIZATION AND STORAGE TECH-
3	NOLOGY.
4	"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38,
5	the carbon capture production credit for any taxable year
6	is an amount equal to—
7	"(1) in the case of a qualified facility using fos-
8	sil fuels, the product of—
9	"(A) the megawatt hours of electricity—
10	"(i) produced by the taxpayer at a
11	qualified facility during the 20-year period
12	beginning on the date the facility was
13	originally placed in service, and
14	"(ii) sold by the taxpayer to an unre-
15	lated person during the taxable year, mul-
16	tiplied by
17	"(B)(i) \$30 per megawatt hour in the case
18	of a qualified facility storing carbon in secure
19	geological storage, or
20	"(ii) \$24 per megawatt hour in the case of
21	a qualified facility using captured carbon oxide
22	as a tertiary injectant in a qualified enhanced
23	oil or natural gas recovery project, multiplied by
24	"(C) the discount factor,

1	"(2) in the case of electricity generation facili-
2	ties using exclusively qualified hydrogen, qualified
3	ammonia, or qualified blends, the product of—
4	"(A) the megawatt hours of electricity—
5	"(i) produced by the taxpayer at a
6	qualified facility during the 20-year period
7	beginning on the date the facility was
8	originally placed in service, and
9	"(ii) sold by the taxpayer to an unre-
10	lated person during the taxable year, mul-
11	tiplied by
12	"(B) \$100 per megawatt hour.
13	"(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
14	"(1) DISCOUNT FACTOR.—The term 'discount
15	factor' means an amount equal to 90 divided by the
16	annual carbon dioxide emissions rate expressed in
17	pounds per megawatt-hour for a qualified facility,
18	except that—
19	"(A) if the annual carbon dioxide emis-
20	sions rate for a qualified facility is less than 90
21	pounds per megawatt-hour, the discount factor
22	is equal to 1, and
23	"(B) if the annual carbon dioxide emis-
24	sions rate for a qualified facility is greater 180

1	pounds per megawatt-hour, the discount factor
2	is equal to 0.
3	"(2) Qualified Ammonia.—The term 'quali-
4	fied ammonia' means ammonia fuel produced with
5	less than 17.5 pounds of carbon dioxide emissions
6	per million Btu of gross fuel heating value.
7	"(3) QUALIFIED BLEND.—The term 'qualified
8	blend' means a blend of qualified hydrogen or quali-
9	fied ammonia with fossil fuel in which the fossil fuel
10	provides no more than 30 percent of the heating
11	value input.
12	"(4) QUALIFIED FACILITY.—The term 'quali-
13	fied facility' means an electricity generation plant
14	that—
15	"(A) is equipped with carbon capture
16	equipment, the construction of which com-
17	menced before January 1, 2033,
18	"(B) captures carbon oxide using carbon
19	capture equipment,
20	"(C) stores captured carbon oxide in se-
21	cure geological storage or uses captured carbon
22	oxide as a tertiary injectant in a qualified en-
23	hanced oil or natural gas recovery project, and
24	"(D) has not been the basis for a credit re-
25	ceived under section 45Q.

"(5) QUALIFIED HYDROGEN.—The term 'quali fied hydrogen' means hydrogen fuel produced with
 less than 17.5 pounds of carbon dioxide emissions
 per million Btu of gross fuel heating value.".

5 (b) PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section
6 38(b) of such Code is amended by striking "plus" at the
7 end of paragraph (32), by striking the period at the end
8 of paragraph (33) and inserting ", plus", and by adding
9 at the end the following new paragraph:

10 "(34) the carbon capture production credit
11 under section 45U(a).".

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
"Sec. 45U. Electricity produced using carbon capture utilization and storage technology.".

15 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
16 this section shall apply with respect to electricity produced
17 and sold after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### 18 SEC. 126. ELECTIVE PAYMENT OF CREDIT.

(a) Subchapter B of chapter 65 of the Internal Rev-enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end thefollowing new section:

### 1"SEC. 6431. ELECTIVE PAYMENT OF CREDITS RELATING TO2CARBON OXIDE SEQUESTRATION.

3 "(a) ELECTION.—In the case of a taxpayer making 4 an election (at such time and in such manner as the Sec-5 retary may provide) under this section with respect to any 6 portion of an applicable credit, such taxpayer shall be 7 treated as making a payment against the tax imposed by 8 subtitle A for the taxable year equal to the amount of such 9 portion.

10 "(b) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For pur11 poses of this section—

12 "(1) GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES TREATED AS
13 TAXPAYERS.—In the case of an election under this
14 section—

15 "(A) any State or local government, or a16 political subdivision thereof, or

17 "(B) an Indian Tribal government

18 shall be treated as a taxpayer for purposes of this19 section and determining any applicable credit.

20 "(2) APPLICABLE CREDIT.—The term 'applica21 ble credit' means each of the following credits that
22 would (without regard to this section) be determined
23 with respect to the taxpayer:

24 "(A) A carbon oxide sequestration credit
25 under section 45Q.

1	"(B) A carbon capture production credit
2	under section 45U.
3	"(3) Indian tribal government.—The term
4	'Indian Tribal government' shall have the meaning
5	given such term by section 139E.
6	"(4) TIMING.—The payment described in sub-
7	section (a) shall be treated as made on—
8	"(A) in the case of any government, or po-
9	litical subdivision, to which paragraph $(1)$ ap-
10	plies and for which no return is required under
11	section 6011 or 6033(a), the later of the date
12	that a return would be due under section
13	6033(a) if such government or subdivision were
14	described in that section or the date on which
15	such government or subdivision submits a claim
16	for credit or refund (at such time and in such
17	manner as the Secretary shall provide), and
18	"(B) in any other case, the later of the due
19	date of the return of tax for the taxable year
20	or the date on which such return is filed.
21	"(5) WAIVER OF SPECIAL RULES.—In the case
22	of an election under this section, the determination
23	of any applicable credit shall be without regard to
24	paragraphs (3) and $(4)(A)(i)$ of section 50(b).

1 "(6) Special rule for mutual or coopera-2 TIVE ELECTRIC COMPANIES.—In the case of a mu-3 tual or cooperative electric company or an organiza-4 tion described in section 501(c)(12) or section 5 1381(a)(2), any income received or accrued in con-6 nection with the credit under this section shall be 7 treated as an amount collected from members for 8 the sole purpose of meeting losses and expenses.

9 "(c) EXCLUSION FROM GROSS INCOME.—Gross in10 come of the taxpayer shall be determined without regard
11 to this section.

12 "(d) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—Solely for pur-13 poses of section 38, in the case of a taxpayer making an 14 election under this section, the applicable credit shall be 15 reduced by the amount of the portion of such credit with 16 respect to which the taxpayer makes such election.".

17 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections18 for subchapter B of chapter 65 is amended by adding at19 the end the following new item:

"Sec. 6431. Elective payment of credits related to carbon oxide sequestration.".

## 20 SEC. 127. ALLOWANCE OF THE CARBON OXIDE SEQUESTRA21 TION CREDIT AGAINST THE BASE EROSION 22 MINIMUM TAX.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 59A(b) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B)(ii)(I), by inserting
 "and the carbon dioxide sequestration credit deter mined under section 45Q" after "section 41(a)",
 and

5 (2) in paragraph (1)(B)(i), by inserting "(other
6 than the credit allowed under section 38 for the tax7 able year which is properly allocable to the credit for
8 carbon oxide sequestration determined under section
9 45Q)" after "credits allowed under this chapter".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect as if included in section
41119 of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018.

### 13 SEC. 128. MODIFICATION OF MERCHANT BANKING INVEST14 MENT REGULATION.

(a) EXTENDED HOLDING PERIOD FOR CARBON CAPTURE PROJECTS.—Section 4(c) of the Bank Holding
Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(c)) is amended
by inserting after paragraph (14) the following new paragraph:

"(15) shares owned directly or indirectly in a
company that is the person to whom the credit for
carbon oxide sequestration in section 45Q of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is attributable pursuant to subsection (f)(3) of such section, but such
shares shall be disposed of within a period of time

that equals the sum of the number of years in subsection (a)(3)(A) of such section and the number of years in the recapture period as defined in such section or regulations or other guidance prescribed under such section.". (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020. Subtitle D—Support for Carbon Dioxide **Transportation and Se**questration Infrastructure SEC. 131. FACILITIES FOR CARBON DIOXIDE TRANSPOR-TATION AND SEQUESTRATION. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of title IV of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15971 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 418 (as added by this Act) the following:

18 "SEC. 419. SECURING GEOLOGIC RESERVOIRS FOR STOR-

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#### AGE OF CARBON DIOXIDE.

20 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a
21 program to—

"(1) identify geological formations that are capable of sequestering, cumulatively, at least
250,000,000 tons of carbon dioxide with a target
cost of less than \$10 per ton;

1	"(2) assess the cost of developing and operating
2	carbon dioxide sequestration facilities at the geologi-
3	cal formations identified under paragraph (1); and
4	"(3) support the development of such carbon di-
5	oxide sequestration facilities by providing grants or
6	other appropriate financial assistance to carbon di-
7	oxide sequestration facility developers to—
8	"(A) secure property rights that are nec-
9	essary to enable carbon dioxide sequestration in
10	such geologic formations; and
11	"(B) obtain necessary permits and ap-
12	proval to enable carbon dioxide sequestration in
13	such geologic formations.
14	"(b) Geographic Diversity.—The Secretary shall
15	carry out subsection (a) with the goal of supporting devel-
16	opment of carbon dioxide sequestration facilities that are
17	capable of storing significant volumes of carbon dioxide
18	at reasonable costs in each of the regions covered by the
19	regional carbon sequestration partnerships established by
20	the Secretary.
21	"(c) APPLICATION.—An entity seeking a grant or
22	other appropriate financial assistance provided under sub-
23	section (a)(3) shall submit to the Secretary an application

24 at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may25 require.

"(d) COST SHARING.—The Secretary shall consider
 the activities described under subsection (a)(3) to be sub ject to the cost share requirement for demonstration and
 commercial application activities under section 988(c).

#### 5 "SEC. 420. CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION INFRA-6 STRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT.

7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a
8 program to provide grants to support—

9 "(1) the development of carbon dioxide pipeline 10 infrastructure that is necessary to support the trans-11 portation of the volumes of carbon dioxide that are 12 expected to be captured at electricity generation fa-13 cilities to appropriate sites for long term sequestra-14 tion; and

15 "(2) the development of geologic sequestration 16 facilities that are necessary to support long-term se-17 questration of the volumes of carbon dioxide that are 18 expected to be captured at electricity generation fa-19 cilities.

20 "(b) APPLICATION.—Applications for a grant pro21 vided under this section shall be submitted at such time
22 and in such manner as the Secretary may require.

23 "(c) PRIORITY.—The Secretary shall prioritize pro24 viding grants under subsection (a)(1) to support pipeline

infrastructure that is of significant length and significant
 throughput capacity.

3 "(d) COST SHARING.—The Secretary shall consider
4 the grants provided under subsection (a) to be subject to
5 the cost share requirement for demonstration and com6 mercial application activities under section 988(c).

7 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
8 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
9 out this section and section 419 \$2,000,000,000 for each
10 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 is further amended by
adding after the item relating to section 418 (as added
by this Act) the following:

"Sec. 419. Securing geologic reservoirs for storage of carbon dioxide. "Sec. 420. Carbon dioxide sequestration infrastructure development.".

#### 15 SEC. 132. CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION UTILITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in collaboration
with the Secretary of Transportation and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, as appropriate, may provide technical assistance to a State that
is seeking to—

21 (1) establish a government-owned carbon diox-22 ide sequestration utility; or

23 (2) regulate a privately owned carbon dioxide24 sequestration utility.

1	(b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Technical assistance
2	provided under subsection (a) may include—
3	(1) with respect to a government-owned carbon
4	dioxide sequestration utility—
5	(A) conducting engineering studies to sup-
6	port the development of a carbon dioxide se-
7	questration facility; and
8	(B) identifying potential carbon dioxide
9	transportation routes; and
10	(2) with respect to State regulation of a pri-
11	vately owned carbon dioxide sequestration utility—
12	(A) helping with developing regulations for
13	any privately owned carbon dioxide sequestra-
14	tion utility, including with respect to the devel-
15	opment of a permitting system; and
16	(B) assisting with developing regulations
17	for—
18	(i) services provided by a privately
19	owned carbon dioxide sequestration utility;
20	and
21	(ii) the setting of rates charged for
22	such services.
23	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
24	of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit
25	to Congress a report that—

1	(1) characterizes Federal, State, and local regu-
2	lations that apply to the development and operation
3	of carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure and
4	sequestration facilities;
5	(2) identifies any gaps in applicable regulations
6	that need to be addressed to ensure the safe and ef-
7	fective operation of carbon dioxide transportation in-
8	frastructure and sequestration facilities;
9	(3) evaluates whether regulation of the rates
10	and terms of service for carbon dioxide transpor-
11	tation service or sequestration service is necessary to
12	ensure fair access to such services;
13	(4) evaluates whether the use of the right of
14	eminent domain to develop carbon dioxide transpor-
15	tation infrastructure and sequestration facilities is
16	consistent with the public interest; and
17	(5) provides any recommended changes to Fed-
18	eral law that would support the development and use
19	of carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure and
20	sequestration facilities consistent with the public in-
21	terest.
22	(d) CARBON DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION UTILITY DE-
23	FINED.—The term "carbon dioxide sequestration utility"
24	means any organization that provides carbon dioxide
25	transportation or sequestration service.

# TITLE II—INNOVATION IN RE NEWABLE ENERGY, ENERGY EFFICIENCY, AND STORAGE

4 SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT OF TECHNOLOGY PERFORM-5 ANCE AND COST TARGETS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall es-7 8 tablish technology performance and cost targets for three 9 consecutive 5-year periods to address existing gaps in technology, with the first such period starting on the date 10 11 of enactment of this section and the last such period ending on the date that is 15 years following such date of 12 13 enactment.

14 (b) TARGETS.—Technology and performance cost
15 targets shall be established for each of the following tech16 nology categories:

17 (1) Advanced renewable power technologies,18 which include—

19 (A) large-scale, novel renewable power20 plants;

(B) renewable hydrogen power plants, including plants for which the hydrogen comes
from renewable natural gas or biogas;

24 (C) on-shore or off-shore wind power;

25 (D) thermal or photovoltaic solar power;

1	(E) hydropower;
2	(F) geothermal power;
3	(G) biomass power; and
4	(H) advanced renewable energy manufac-
5	turing techniques.
6	(2) Mechanical, chemical, and thermal energy
7	storage technologies, which include—
8	(A) advanced grid-scale energy storage
9	technologies with storage durations in the range
10	of 10 to 50 hours; and
11	(B) grid-scale energy storage projects that
12	can economically balance electricity supply and
13	demand across seasons.
14	(3) Electricity transmission technologies, which
15	include underground high-voltage direct current elec-
16	tricity transmission.
17	(4) Commercial, industrial, and residential en-
18	ergy efficiency technologies, which include—
19	(A) retrofit packages that reduce the en-
20	ergy used by an average single-family home by
21	at least 50 percent at a cost of no more than
22	\$25,000 per such home;
23	(B) smart heating, ventilation, and air con-
24	ditioning control technologies that—

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1	(i) can be used in commercial build-
2	ings that have between 5,000 and 30,000
3	square feet of floor area;
4	(ii) can reduce heating, ventilation,
5	and air conditioning energy consumption
6	by an average of at least 20 percent com-
7	pared to average commercial buildings;
8	(iii) yield energy cost savings that can
9	provide at least a 50 percent annual return
10	on the original investment; and
11	(iv) may include a cloud-based infor-
12	mation technology;
13	(C) those technologies that the Secretary
14	identifies as having the ability to improve en-
15	ergy efficiency or reduce emissions in heavy in-
16	dustries, which include those that produce or
17	refine aluminum, steel, cement, oil, or fertilizer;
18	and
19	(D) flexible load technology improvements
20	to reduce peak demand.
21	(5) Industrial process and building electrifica-
22	tion technologies, which include—
23	(A) heat pump space heaters;
24	(B) heat pump water heaters;
25	(C) induction stoves; and

1 (D) advanced industrial process heat tech-2 nologies.

### 3 SEC. 202. ADVANCED INNOVATION AND COMMERCIALIZA4 TION PROGRAM.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in collaboration 6 with the National Laboratories, other Federal agencies, 7 and private sector and university partners as the Secretary 8 determines necessary, shall establish a program, to be known as the "Advanced Innovation and Commercializa-9 10 tion Program", to carry out research, development, and demonstration of technology that meets the targets estab-11 12 lished for those technologies identified in section 201(b).

13 (b) EARLY DEPLOYMENT.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
15 a program to provide grants for early deployment of
16 the technologies demonstrated under the Advanced
17 Innovation and Commercialization program under
18 this section.

19 (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
20 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
21 this subsection \$3,000,000,000 for each of fiscal
22 years 2022 through 2031.

23 (c) FEDERAL PROCUREMENT.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in collabora25 tion with the Secretary of Defense and the Adminis-

1	trator of the General Services Administration, shall
2	establish Federal procurement goals and deadlines
3	for achieving such goals for those technologies iden-
4	tified in section 201(b).
5	(2) FEDERAL ENERGY AND ADVANCED TECH-
6	NOLOGY ENERGY PROCUREMENT.—The Secretary, in
7	collaboration with the Secretary of Defense and the
8	Administrator of General Services, shall—
9	(A) through administrative and regulatory
10	actions, improve Federal procurement of the
11	technologies described in paragraph (1);
12	(B) identify and report on barriers to im-
13	proving Federal procurement of energy and
14	technologies that require legislative changes;
15	and
16	(C) take due regard of the recommenda-
17	tions from the 2016 report entitled "Secretary
18	of Energy Advisory Board Report of the Task
19	Force on Federal Energy Management".
20	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out subsection
22	(a) the following:
23	(1) With respect to the advanced renewable en-
24	ergy technologies projects described in section

201(b)(1), \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
 2022 through 2031.

3 (2) With respect to the energy storage tech4 nologies projects described in section 201(b)(2),
5 \$400,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
6 2031.

7 (3) With respect to the transmission tech8 nologies and projects described in section 201(b)(3),
9 \$600,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
10 2031.

(4) With respect to the commercial, industrial,
and residential energy efficiency technologies described in section 201(b)(4), \$1,000,000,000 for
each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(5) With respect to the industrial process and
building electrification technologies described in section 201(b)(5), \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal
years 2022 through 2031.

#### 19 SEC. 203. UPDATING MANUFACTURED HOMES.

(a) UPDATING MANUFACTURED HOMES.—Not later
than one year after the date of enactment of this section,
the Secretary shall establish a program to provide grants
and technical assistance to individuals or businesses to facilitate the replacement of inefficient manufactured homes
with efficient manufactured homes.

1 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

2 (1) EFFICIENT MANUFACTURED HOME.—The term "efficient manufactured home" means a manu-3 4 factured home for which the Energy Star label may be used in accordance with section 324A of the En-5 6 ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 7 6294a). 8 (2) INEFFICIENT MANUFACTURED HOME.—The term "inefficient manufactured home" means a 9 10 manufactured home that was manufactured before 11 June 1976. 12 (3) MANUFACTURED HOME.—The term "manu-13 factured home" has the meaning given such term in 14 section 603 of the Housing and Community Devel-15 opment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5402). 16 (c) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$2,500,000,000 for 17 each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031, to remain avail-18 19 able until expended. 20 SEC. 204. INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS FOR ENERGY BAT-21 TERY STORAGE, OFFSHORE WIND, AND CER-22 TAIN HYDROPOWER TECHNOLOGIES. 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended— 24

25 (1) by striking subparagraph (5)(F), and

1	(2) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking "or" at the
2	end of clause (vii), and by adding at the end the fol-
3	lowing new clauses:
4	"(ix) equipment which generates wind
5	energy from an offshore facility,
6	"(x) energy storage equipment,
7	"(xi) eligible hydroelectric equipment,
8	OF
9	"(xii) equipment which generates geo-
10	thermal electricity through an enhanced
11	geothermal system,".
12	(b) Allowance of 30 Percent Credit.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section $48(a)(2)(A)(i)(II)$ of
14	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by
15	striking "paragraph (3)(A)(i)" and inserting "clause
16	(i), (ix), (x), (xi), or (xii) of paragraph (3)(A)".
17	(2) Phaseout.—Section 48(a)(6) of such Code
18	is amended—
19	(A) by striking "solar energy" in the head-
20	ing and inserting "certain", and
21	(B) by striking "paragraph (3)(A)(i)" each
22	place it appears and inserting "clause (i), (ix),
23	(x), (xi), or (xii) of paragraph (3)(A)".
24	(c) DEFINITIONS.—

1 (1) ENERGY CREDIT.—Section 48(c) of the In-2 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding 3 at the end the following new paragraphs: "(6) QUALIFIED OFFSHORE WIND PROPERTY.— 4 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified 5 offshore wind property' means an offshore facil-6 7 ity using wind to produce electricity. 8 "(B) OFFSHORE FACILITY.—The term

9 'offshore facility' means any facility located in 10 the inland navigable waters of the United 11 States, including the Great Lakes, or in the 12 coastal waters of the United States, including 13 the territorial seas of the United States, the ex-14 clusive economic zone of the United States, and 15 the outer Continental Shelf of the United 16 States.

17 "(7) ENERGY STORAGE EQUIPMENT.—The term 18 'energy storage equipment' means equipment which 19 receives, stores, and delivers energy using batteries, 20 compressed air, pumped hydropower, hydrogen stor-21 age (including hydrolysis and electrolysis), thermal 22 energy storage, regenerative fuel cells, flywheels, ca-23 pacitors, superconducting magnets, or other tech-24 nologies identified by the Secretary in consultation

1	with the Secretary of Energy, and which has a ca-
2	pacity of not less than 5 kilowatt hours.
3	"(8) ELIGIBLE HYDROELECTRIC EQUIPMENT.—
4	The term 'eligible hydroelectric equipment' means
5	equipment used for the generation of electricity in-
6	stalled at a dam which—
7	"(A) was placed in service before the date
8	of the enactment of this paragraph and oper-
9	ated for flood control, navigation, or water sup-
10	ply purposes and did not produce hydroelectric
11	power prior to the date of the enactment of this
12	paragraph,
13	"(B) is part of a project that is licensed by
14	the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
15	and meets all other applicable environmental, li-
16	censing, and regulatory requirements, and
17	"(C) is operated so that the water surface
18	elevation at any given location and time that
19	would have occurred in the absence of the hy-
20	droelectric project is maintained, subject to any
21	license requirements imposed under applicable
22	law that change the water surface elevation for
23	the purpose of improving environmental quality
24	of the affected waterway.

"(9) ENHANCED GEOTHERMAL SYSTEM.—The
 term 'enhanced geothermal system' means a system
 to extract heat by creating a subsurface fracture
 system to which water can be added through injection wells.".

6 (2) QUALIFYING ADVANCED ENERGY PROJECT
7 CREDIT.—Section 48C(c)(1)(A)(i)(IV) of the Inter8 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting",
9 including through direct air capture or carbon diox10 ide removal" after "emissions".

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to property placed in service after
December 31, 2020.

## 14 SEC. 205. EXTENSION OF PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT FOR 15 SOLAR AND ON-SHORE WIND.

(a) WIND.—Section 45(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986 is amended by striking "January 1, 2022"
and inserting "January 1, 2031".

(b) SOLAR.—Section 45(d)(4)(A) of such Code is
amended by striking "is placed in service before January
1, 2006" and inserting "the construction of which begins
before January 1, 2031".

23 (c) APPLICATION OF PHASEOUT PERCENTAGE TO
24 WIND FACILITIES.—Section 45(b)(5)(D) of such Code is

amended by striking "January 1, 2022" and inserting
 "January 1, 2031".

3 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
4 this section shall apply to facilities the construction of
5 which begins after December 31, 2020.

### 6 SEC. 206. RENEWAL OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED ENERGY 7 PROJECT CREDIT.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48C(d)(2)(A) of the In9 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "dur10 ing the 2-year period beginning on the date the Secretary
11 establishes the program under paragraph (1)".

12 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by13 this section shall apply to applications received after the14 date of the enactment of this Act.

### 15 SEC. 207. PERFORMANCE-BASED TAX CREDITS FOR COM-16 MERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at
the end the following new section:

#### 21 "SEC. 45V. DEEP RETROFITS AND ZERO-ENERGY COMMER-

22 CIAL AND RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS.

23 "(a) ELIGIBILITY FOR TAX CREDIT.—For purposes
24 of section 38, in the case of an eligible taxpayer who places
25 an eligible building in service, the deep retrofits and zero-

1	energy commercial and residential buildings credit deter-
2	mined under this section for a taxable year is the applica-
3	ble amount with respect to such eligible building.
4	"(b) ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
6	(a), the term 'eligible taxpayer' means, with respect
7	to an eligible building—
8	"(A) for a residential building, the builder,
9	and
10	"(B) for a commercial building, the build-
11	ing owner.
12	"(2) TRANSFER OF CREDIT.—An eligible tax-
13	payer who is a building owner eligible for a credit
14	under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) may elect
15	to transfer such credit to the architect, builder, or
16	contractor of such building.
17	"(3) ELIGIBLE BUILDING.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this
19	subsection, the term 'eligible building' means a
20	building—
21	"(i) located in the United States,
22	"(ii) which is at least 50 percent occu-
23	pied in the taxable year in the tax credit
24	is claimed,

1	"(iii) with respect to which a certifi-
2	cation has been issued for a qualifying rea-
3	son pursuant to subsection (c), and
4	"(iv) with respect to which no credit
5	under this section has been claimed for the
6	same qualifying reason in a prior taxable
7	year.
8	"(B) QUALIFYING REASON.—For purposes
9	of this paragraph, with respect to an eligible
10	building, the term 'qualifying reason' means
11	such building—
12	"(i) has undergone a deep energy ret-
13	rofit,
14	"(ii) is a zero-energy-ready building,
15	Or
16	"(iii) is a zero-energy building placed
17	in service at least 12 months prior to the
18	taxable year in which the credit is claimed.
19	"(C) Special rule for zero-energy
20	AND ZERO-ENERGY-READY BUILDINGS.—A tax-
21	payer may claim the credit under this section
22	twice for the same building if—
23	"(i) the credit is claimed in a taxable
24	year for the qualifying reason described in
25	subparagraph (B)(ii), and

1	"(ii) the credit is claimed in a suc-
2	ceeding taxable year for the qualifying rea-
3	son described in subparagraph (B)(iii).
4	"(c) Certifications.—
5	"(1) DEEP ENERGY RETROFIT.—In the case of
6	a building with respect to which a deep energy ret-
7	rofit was implemented, such retrofit shall meet the
8	certification standard of subsection $(b)(3)(A)$ if it
9	has been completed and certified as a deep energy
10	retrofit by a registered architect or engineer, or by
11	another professional authorized by the Secretary of
12	Energy by rule.
13	"(2) ZERO-ENERGY BUILDING.—In the case of
14	a building which is a zero-energy building, such
15	building shall meet the certification standard of sub-
16	section $(b)(3)(A)$ if the building has been zero-en-
17	ergy over a span of 12 continuous months with at
18	least 50 percent occupancy as verified—
19	"(A) through certification by the Living
20	Buildings Institute Zero Energy Certification
21	Program,
22	"(B) through certification by the LEED
23	Zero Energy Certification Program Verification,
24	or

1	"(C) by another professional authorized by
2	the Secretary of Energy by rule.
3	"(3) ZERO-ENERGY-READY BUILDING.—In the
4	case of a building which is a zero-energy-ready
5	building, such building shall meet the certification
6	standard of subsection (b)(3)(A)—
7	"(A) in the case of a commercial building
8	or high-rise residential building, if the taxpayer
9	receives a certification from registered engineer,
10	architect or other professional recognized by
11	Secretary of Energy stating that such building
12	meets the definition of a zero-energy-ready
13	building under subsection (e)(16)(A), and
14	"(B) if such building is a low-rise residen-
15	tial building—
16	"(i) if such building has been certified
17	as described in subsection (e)(16)(B)(i),
18	"(ii) if the taxpayer receives a certifi-
19	cation from registered engineer, architect
20	or other professional recognized by Sec-
21	retary of Energy stating that such building
22	meets the definition of a zero-energy-ready
23	building under subsection (e)(16)(B)(ii).

1	"(d) Applicable Amount.—For purposes of sub-
2	section (a), the applicable amount shall be determined as
3	follows:
4	"(1) ZERO-ENERGY-READY BUILDINGS.—For
5	certified zero-energy-ready buildings—
6	"(A) for a residential building with no
7	more than four dwelling units, \$5,000 per
8	dwelling unit,
9	"(B) for a residential building with five or
10	more dwelling units, \$3,500 per dwelling unit,
11	and
12	"(C) for a commercial building, \$3 per
13	square foot of floor area.
14	"(2) ZERO-ENERGY BUILDINGS.—For certified
15	zero-energy buildings—
16	"(A) for a residential building with no
17	more than four dwelling units, \$5,000 per
18	dwelling unit,
19	"(B) for a residential building with five or
20	more dwelling units, \$3,500 per dwelling unit,
21	and
22	"(C) for a commercial building that is a
23	zero-energy building for a period of 12 contin-
24	uous months starting after the building is at
25	least 50 percent occupied, \$3 per square foot of

1	floor area, provided that a zero-energy building
2	may also receive the zero-energy-ready building
3	incentive if it meets the criteria for this incen-
4	tive.
5	"(3) DEEP ENERGY RETROFITS.—The following
6	tax credit amounts shall be awarded to buildings
7	upon completion of a deep energy retrofit—
8	"(A) for a residential building, \$10,000
9	per dwelling unit, up to a maximum of
10	\$1,000,000 per building, and
11	"(B) for a commercial building, \$25 per
12	square foot of floor area, up to a maximum of
13	\$2,000,000 per building.
14	"(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
15	"(1) BTU.—The term 'Btu' means British
16	Thermal Unit.
17	"(2) Building Energy.—The term 'building
18	energy' means energy consumed at the building site
19	as measured at the site boundary, which includes
20	heating, cooling, ventilation, domestic hot water, in-
21	door and outdoor lighting, plug loads, process en-
22	ergy, elevators and conveying systems, and
23	intrabuilding transportation systems.
24	"(3) DEEP ENERGY RETROFIT.—The term
25	'deep energy retrofit' means a project that uses en-

1 ergy efficiency measures and renewable energy re-2 sources to reduce the energy use of an existing 3 building by at least 50 percent on an annual basis 4 relative to the most recent 12 month period in which 5 the building was fully occupied prior to the project, 6 provided that energy efficiency measures must ac-7 count for at least 80 percent of the reduction in en-8 ergy use.

9 "(4) DELIVERED ENERGY.—The term 'delivered 10 energy' means any type of energy that could be 11 bought or sold as building energy, including elec-12 tricity, steam, hot or chilled water, natural gas, 13 biogas, landfill gas, coal, coke, propane, petroleum 14 and its derivatives, residual fuel oil, alcohol-based 15 fuels, wood, biomass, and any other material con-16 sumed as fuel.

17 "(5) EXPORTED ENERGY.—The term 'exported
18 energy' means on-site renewable energy supplied
19 through the site boundary and used outside the site
20 boundary.

21 "(6) HIGH-RISE COMMERCIAL BUILDING.—The
22 term 'high-rise commercial building' means a com23 mercial building of four or more above grade stories.
24 "(7) HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDING.—The
25 term 'high-rise residential building' means a multi-

family building with four or more above grade sto ries.

3 "(8) KWH.—The term 'kWh' means Kilowatt
4 Hour.

5 "(9) LOW-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDING.—The 6 term 'low-rise residential building' means a single-7 family home or multifamily building with no more 8 than three above grade stories.

9 "(10) ON-SITE RENEWABLE ENERGY.—The 10 term 'on-site renewable energy' means any renewable 11 energy collected and generated within the site 12 boundary that is used for building energy, and the 13 excess renewable energy exported outside the site 14 boundary, provided that any renewable energy cer-15 tificates associated with the on-site renewable energy 16 must be retained or retired by the building owner or 17 lessee to be claimed as on-site renewable energy.

18 "(11) RENEWABLE ENERGY.—The term 'renew19 able energy' means energy generated by biomass,
20 hydro, geothermal, solar, wind, ocean thermal, wave
21 action, or tidal action resources.

"(12) RENEWABLE ENERGY CERTIFICATE.—
The term 'renewable energy certificate' means a certificate or credit that represents and conveys the environmental, social, or other nonpower qualities of

one megawatt hour of renewable energy, and can be
 sold separately from the underlying physical elec tricity associated with the renewable energy re source.

5 "(13) SITE BOUNDARY.—The term 'site bound-6 ary' means the limits of the building site across 7 which delivered energy and exported energy are 8 measured.

9 "(14) SOURCE ENERGY.—The term 'source en-10 ergy' means building energy plus the energy losses 11 in thermal combustion in electricity generation re-12 sources; and energy losses in transmission and dis-13 tribution to the building site.

14 ((15))ZERO-ENERGY BUILDING.—The term 15 'zero-energy building' means a building for which, on 16 a source energy basis, the actual annual delivered 17 energy is less than or equal to the on-site renewable 18 exported energy, provided that energy purchased 19 from off-site and renewable energy generated on-site 20 and then sold off-site shall be valued at 6000 Btu/ 21 kWh.

22 "(16) ZERO-ENERGY-READY BUILDING.—The
23 term 'zero-energy-ready building' means a building
24 that—

1	"(A) if it is a commercial building or bigh
	"(A) if it is a commercial building or high-
2	rise residential building—
3	"(i) is in compliance with Standard
4	90.1–2019 published by the American So-
5	ciety of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air
6	Conditioning Engineers,
7	"(ii) is in compliance with Appendix
8	CA (Solar-Ready Zone) of the 2021 Inter-
9	national Energy Conservation Code, and
10	"(iii) demonstrates that its energy
11	consumption is at least 30 percent below
12	the maximum permitted under American
13	Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air
14	Conditioning Engineers Standard 90.1–
15	2019, as calculated using the methodology
16	in Appendix G of such standard, and
17	"(B) if it is a low-rise residential build-
18	ing—
19	"(i) has an Energy Rating Index of
20	40 or less as calculated using the proce-
21	dures in Chapter 3 of the residential sec-
22	tion of the 2012 International Energy
23	Conservation Code but excluding any re-
24	newable energy resources in the calcula-
25	tion, provided that certification of compli-

1	ance with the Energy Rating Index re-
2	quirement shall be made by a registered
3	architect or engineer by another profes-
4	sional authorized by the Secretary of En-
5	ergy by rule,
6	"(ii) is in compliance with Appendix
7	RA (Solar-Ready Zone) of the 2021 Inter-
8	national Energy Conservation Code, and
9	"(iii) is certified under—
10	"(I) the Zero Energy Ready
11	Homes program administered by the
12	Department of Energy, or
13	"(II) the Passive House speci-
14	fications of the Passive Institute US
15	or the International Passive House
16	Institute.
17	"(f) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—No credit shall
18	be allowed under this section for any expense for which
19	a deduction or credit is allowed under any other provision
20	of this chapter, including under sections 25C, 25D, and
21	179D.
22	"(g) SUNSET.—The tax credit under this section
23	shall terminate—
24	"(1) for zero-energy and zero-energy-ready resi-
25	dential buildings, one year after the Secretary of En-
	v v

ergy determines by rule that such buildings ac counted for at least 20 percent of new residential
 buildings in the most recent calendar year,

4 "(2) for zero-energy and zero-energy-ready com5 mercial buildings, one year after the Secretary of
6 Energy determines by rule that such buildings ac7 counted for at least 20 percent of new commercial
8 building construction in the most recent calendar
9 year,

"(3) for deep energy retrofits to residential
buildings, one year after the Secretary of Energy determines by rule that at least 10 percent of units at
residential buildings have undergone such retrofits,
and

"(4) for deep energy retrofits to commercial
buildings, one year after the Secretary of Energy determines by rule that at least 10 percent of the floor
area of commercial buildings has undergone such
retrofits.

"(h) RULES AND REGULATIONS.—Not later than one
year after the date of the enactment of this section, the
Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Energy,
shall promulgate such regulations and guidance as are
necessary to implement this section.

"(i) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than two

2	years after enactment of this section, and each calendar
3	year thereafter, the Secretary shall report to Congress on
4	the use of tax credits under this section, broken out by
5	the applicable amount categories in subsection (d), which
6	shall include—
7	"(1) the dollar value of tax credits awarded to
8	date and in the prior calendar year, and
9	((2) the number of units at residential build-
10	ings and the number of square feet of floor area in
11	commercial buildings for which tax credits were
12	awarded to date and in the prior year calendar
13	year.".
14	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
15	(1) Section 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code
16	of 1986 is amended—
17	(A) in paragraph (33), by striking "plus"
18	at the end,
19	(B) in paragraph (34), by striking the pe-
20	riod at the end and inserting, "plus", and
21	(C) by adding at the end the following new
22	paragraph:
23	"(34) the Deep energy retrofits and zero-energy
24	commercial and residential buildings credit deter-
25	mined under section 45V(a).".

1	(2) The table of sections for subpart D of part
2	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
3	amended by adding at the end the following new
4	item:
	"Sec. 45V. Deep retrofits and zero-energy commercial and residential build- ings.".
5	(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
6	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
7	December 31, 2021.
8	SEC. 208. EXTENSION OF PUBLICLY TRADED PARTNERSHIP
9	OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE TO RENEWABLE EN-
10	ERGY PROJECTS.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section $7704(d)(1)(E)$ of the In-
12	ternal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by this Act,
13	is amended by adding after clause (v) the following:
14	"(vi) The generation of electric power
15	(including the leasing of tangible personal
16	property used for such generation) exclu-
17	sively using any resource described in sec-
18	tion $45(c)(1)$ or energy property described
19	in section 48 (determined without regard
20	to any termination date) or, in the case of
21	a facility described in paragraph $(3)$ or $(7)$
22	of section 45(d) (determined without re-
23	gard to any placed in service date or date
24	by which construction of the facility is re-

1	quired to begin), the accepting or proc-
2	essing of such resource.
3	"(vii) The sale of electric power, ca-
4	pacity, resource adequacy, demand re-
5	sponse capabilities, or ancillary services
6	that is produced or made available from
7	any equipment or facility (operating as a
8	single unit or as an aggregation of units)
9	the principal function of which is to—
10	"(I) use mechanical, chemical,
11	electrochemical, hydroelectric, or ther-
12	mal processes to store energy that was
13	generated at one time for conversion
14	to electricity at a later time, or
15	"(II) store thermal energy for di-
16	rect use for heating or cooling at a
17	later time in a manner that avoids the
18	need to use electricity at that later
19	time.
20	"(viii) The generation, storage, or dis-
21	tribution of thermal energy exclusively uti-
22	lizing property described in section
23	48(c)(3) (determined without regard to
24	subparagraphs (B) and (D) thereof and

1 without regard to any placed in service 2 date). "(ix) The generation, storage, or dis-3 4 tribution of thermal energy exclusively using any resource described in section 5 45(c)(1) or energy property described in 6 7 clause (i) or (iii) of section 48(a)(3)(A). 8 "(x) The use of recoverable waste en-9 ergy, as defined in section 371(5) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42) 10 11 U.S.C. 6341(5)).". 12 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after 13 14 December 31, 2020. SEC. 209. MANUFACTURER CREDIT FOR HIGH-EFFICIENCY 15 16 HEAT PUMPS AND HEAT PUMP WATER HEAT-17 ERS. 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-19 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 20 1986, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at 21 the end the following new section: 22 "SEC. 45W. MANUFACTURER CREDIT FOR HIGH-EFFI-23 CIENCY HEAT PUMPS AND HEAT PUMP 24 WATER HEATERS.

25 "(a) Allowance of Credit.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 38,
2	the energy efficient heat pump credit determined
3	under this section for any taxable year is an amount
4	equal to the sum of the credit amounts determined
5	under paragraph (2) for each type of qualified en-
6	ergy efficient heat pump produced by the taxpayer
7	during the calendar year ending with or within the
8	taxable year.
9	"(2) CREDIT AMOUNTS.—The credit amount
10	determined for any type of qualified energy efficient
11	appliance is—
12	"(A) the applicable amount determined
13	under subsection (b) with respect to such type,
14	multiplied by
15	"(B) the eligible production for such type
16	under subsection (c).
17	"(b) Applicable Amount.—For purposes of sub-
18	section (a):
19	"(1) Consumer heat pump water heat-
20	ERS.—The applicable amount is \$600 in the case of
21	a consumer heat pump water heater that is manu-
22	factured in one of calendar years 2022 through
23	2030 and that has a Uniform Energy Factor of 3.3
24	or more for electric water heaters and 1.3 or more
25	for gas water heaters.

1	"(2) Commercial heat pump water heat-
2	ERS.—The applicable amount is \$24 per thousand
3	British Thermal Units of heating capacity in the
4	case of a commercial heat pump water heater manu-
5	factured in one of calendar years 2022 through
6	2030 and that has a Coefficient of Performance of
7	3.0 or more for electric water heaters and $1.3$ or
8	more for gas water heaters.
9	"(3) Consumer Unitary Heat Pumps.—The
10	applicable amount is $1000$ in the case of a con-
11	sumer unitary heat pump that—
12	"(A) is manufactured in calendar years
13	2022 through 2030,
14	"(B) in the case of an electric heat pump
15	meets either—
16	"(i) the most recent requirements of
17	the Energy Star Most Efficient Specifica-
18	tion promulgated by the United States En-
19	vironmental Protection Agency before the
20	date of enactment of this section, or
21	"(ii) the most recent Cold Climate
22	Air-Source Heat Pump Specification pro-
23	mulgated by Northeast Energy Efficiency
24	Partnerships before the date of enactment
25	of this section, and

"(C) in the case of a gas heat pump, has
 an Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency of 140
 percent or more.

"(4) COMMERCIAL HEAT PUMPS.—The applica-4 5 ble amount is \$24 per thousand British Thermal 6 Units of heating capacity measured at a 17 degree 7 Fahrenheit ambient temperature in the case of a 8 commercial heat pump that is manufactured in cal-9 endar years 2022 through 2030 and that has a Co-10 efficient of Performance of 2.3 or more at a 17 de-11 gree Fahrenheit ambient temperature for electric 12 heat pumps, and 1.2 or more at a 17 degree Fahr-13 enheit ambient temperature for gas heat pumps.

14 "(5) INDUSTRIAL HEAT PUMPS.—The applica-15 ble amount is \$36 per thousand British Thermal 16 Units of heating capacity for heat pumps with a 17 heating capacity of 2,400 thousand British Thermal 18 Units or less and \$18 per thousand British Thermal 19 Units of heating capacity for heat pumps with a 20 heating capacity above 2,400 thousand British Ther-21 mal Units in the case of an industrial heat pump 22 that is manufactured and installed in an industrial 23 facility in calendar years 2022 through 2030 and 24 that has a Coefficient of Performance of 2.0 or 25 more.

1	"(c) ELIGIBLE PRODUCTION.—The eligible produc-
2	tion in a calendar year with respect to each type of energy
3	efficient heat pump is—
4	((1) the number of heat pumps of such type
5	that are produced by the taxpayer in the United
6	States during such calendar year, less
7	((2) the average number of heat pumps of such
8	type that were produced by the taxpayer (or any
9	predecessor) in the United States during the pre-
10	ceding 2-calendar year period.
11	"(d) Types of Energy Efficient Heat Pumps.—
12	For purposes of this section, the types of energy efficient
13	heat pumps are—
13 14	heat pumps are— "(1) consumer heat pump water heaters de-
14	"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters de-
14 15	((1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection $(b)(1)$ ,
14 15 16	<ul><li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li><li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters de-</li></ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul><li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li><li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(2),</li></ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li> <li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(2),</li> <li>"(3) consumer unitary heat pumps described in</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li> <li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(2),</li> <li>"(3) consumer unitary heat pumps described in subsection (b)(3),</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li> <li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(2),</li> <li>"(3) consumer unitary heat pumps described in subsection (b)(3),</li> <li>"(4) commercial heat pumps described in sub-</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"(1) consumer heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(1),</li> <li>"(2) commercial heat pump water heaters described in subsection (b)(2),</li> <li>"(3) consumer unitary heat pumps described in subsection (b)(3),</li> <li>"(4) commercial heat pumps described in subsection (b)(4), and</li> </ul>

1 "(1) Aggregate credit amount allowed.— 2 The aggregate amount of credit allowed under sub-3 section (a) with respect to a taxpayer for any tax-4 able year shall not exceed \$250,000,000, reduced by 5 the amount of the credit allowed under subsection 6 (a) to the taxpayer (or any predecessor) for all prior 7 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021. 8 (2)LIMITATION BASED ON GROSS RE-9 CEIPTS.—The credit allowed under subsection (a) 10 with respect to a taxpayer for the taxable year shall 11 not exceed an amount equal to 4 percent of the aver-12 age annual gross receipts of the taxpayer for the 3 13 taxable years preceding the taxable year in which 14 the credit is determined. 15 "(3) GROSS RECEIPTS.—For purposes of this 16 subsection, the rules of paragraphs (2) and (3) of

17 section 448(c) shall apply.

18 "(f) ADJUSTMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY CRI-19 TERIA.—No later than December 31, 2022, and every two 20 years thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation with the 21 Secretary of Energy, shall review the efficiency levels in 22 subsection (b) and revise these levels upward if necessary 23 to include only the most efficient commercially available 24 heat pumps of each type, while ensuring that at least three

1	manufacturers are represented in each type across a range
2	of product heating capacities.
3	"(g) Test Procedures.—
4	"(1) The Department of Energy shall develop
5	test procedures to determine Coefficient of Perform-
6	ance for—
7	"(A) gas commercial heat pump water
8	heaters,
9	"(B) gas commercial heat pumps, and
10	"(C) industrial heat pumps.
11	((2) Such test procedures shall build upon the
12	foundation of relevant current American National
13	Standard Institute and International Organization
14	of Standard test procedures.
15	"(h) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
16	"(1) QUALIFIED ENERGY EFFICIENT HEAT
17	PUMP.—The term 'qualified energy efficient heat
18	pump' means—
19	"(A) any consumer heat pump water heat-
20	er described in subsection $(b)(1)$ ,
21	"(B) any commercial heat pump water
22	heater described in subsection $(b)(2)$ ,
23	"(C) any consumer unitary heat pump de-
24	scribed in subsection (b)(3),

"(D) any commercial heat pump described
in subsection (b)(4), and
"(E) any industrial heat pump described in
subsection (b)(5).
"(2) Consumer heat pump water heat-
ER.—The term 'consumer heat pump water heater'
means a water heater that uses a heat pump to heat
water, has a maximum electric current rating of 24
amperes at an input voltage of 250 volts or less for
electric water heaters, or a gas input of 75,000 Btu
per hour or less for gas water heaters, measured in
accordance with applicable U.S. Department of En-
ergy test procedures.
"(3) Commercial heat pump water heat-
ERS.—The term 'commercial heat pump water heat-
er' means a water heater that uses a heat pump to
heat water and is not a consumer heat pump water
heater defined in paragraph (2).
"(4) CONSUMER UNITARY HEAT PUMP.—The
term 'consumer unitary heat pump' means a heat
pump designed to provide space heating and cooling
with a cooling capacity of 65,000 British Thermal
Units per hour or less, measured in accordance with
the applicable Department of Energy test proce-

"(5) COMMERCIAL HEAT PUMP.—The term 1 2 'commercial heat pump' means a heat pump de-3 signed to provide space heating and cooling with a 4 cooling capacity of more than 65,000 British Ther-5 mal Units per hour, measured in accordance with 6 the applicable Department of Energy test proce-7 dures. "(6) INDUSTRIAL HEAT PUMP.—The term 'in-8

9 dustrial heat pump' means a heat pump that up-10 grades industrial waste heat to a higher temperature 11 such that the delivered heat is produced and sup-12 plied to the facility more efficiently than conven-13 tional heating methods, such as a steam or electric 14 resistance boiler.

15 "(7) PRODUCED.—The term 'produced' in-16 cludes manufactured.

17 "(8) UNIFORM ENERGY FACTOR.—The term
18 'Uniform Energy Factor' is a metric used to meas19 ure the efficiency of consumer water heaters, with
20 details specified in applicable Department of Energy
21 test procedures.

"(9) COEFFICIENT OF PERFORMANCE.—The
term 'Coefficient of Performance' means the ratio of
heat output to energy input, with details specified in
applicable Department of Energy test procedures.

1	For gas commercial heat pump water heaters, until
2	there is a Department of Energy test procedure,
3	American National Standards Institute and Amer-
4	ican Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Con-
5	ditioning Engineers Standard 118.1 shall be used.
6	For gas commercial heat pumps, until there is a De-
7	partment of Energy test procedure, American Na-
8	tional Standards Standard Z21.40.4 shall be used.
9	For industrial heat pumps, until there is a Depart-
10	ment Energy test procedure, manufacturers may use
11	their own tests, provided they publicly post the test
12	conditions and assumptions they used in developing
13	their stated Coefficient of Performance values.
14	"(i) Special Rules.—For purposes of this section:
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Rules similar to the rules
16	of subsections (c), (d), and (e) of section 52 shall
17	apply.
18	"(2) Controlled group.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—All persons treated as
20	a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of
21	section 52 or subsection $(m)$ or $(o)$ of section
22	414 shall be treated as a single producer.
23	"(B) INCLUSION OF FOREIGN CORPORA-
24	TIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), in
25	applying subsections (a) and (b) of section $52$

1	to this section, section 1563 shall be applied
2	without regard to subsection $(b)(2)(C)$ thereof.
3	"(3) VERIFICATION.—No amount shall be al-
4	lowed as a credit under subsection (a) with respect
5	to which the taxpayer has not submitted such infor-
6	mation or certification as the Secretary, in consulta-
7	tion with the Secretary of Energy, determines nec-
8	essary.
9	"(4) Production in united states.—The re-
10	quirement for production in the United States in
11	subsection (c) shall not take effect until January 1,
12	2025.".
13	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
14	for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1,
15	as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding
16	after the item relating to section 45V the following new
17	item:
	"Sec. 45W. Manufacturer credit for high-efficiency heat pumps and heat pump water heaters.".
18	SEC. 210. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	(a) Amendment to America Competes Act
20	Section $5012(0)(2)$ of the America COMPETES Act (42
21	U.S.C. $16538(0)(2)$ ) is amended by striking subpara-
22	graphs (B) through (E) and inserting the following:
23	"(B) \$569,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
24	"(C) \$713,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

	10	
"(D)	\$856,000,000 for	r fiscal year 2024;
and		
"(E)	\$1,000,000,000	for fiscal year
2025.".		
(b) REGIONAL 2	Innovation Mode	ELS.—There are au-

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thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for purposes 6 7 of developing regional innovation models—

8 (1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

9 (2) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

10 (3) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and

11 (4) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

(c) GRID MODERNIZATION.—There are authorized to 12 13 be appropriated to the Secretary for purposes of research, development, demonstration, analysis, technology valida-14 15 tion, market transformation, and technical assistance to support grid modernization— 16

- 17 (1) \$238,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- 18 (2) \$375,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- 19 (3) \$513,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
- 20 (4) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

21 (d) Advanced Land-Based and Offshore Wind 22 POWER.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the 23 Secretary for the purposes of research, development, dem-24 onstration, analysis, technology validation, market trans-

1	formation, and technical assistance to support advanced
2	land-based and offshore wind power—
3	(1) \$178,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
4	(2) \$252,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
5	(3) \$326,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
6	(4) \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
7	(e) Advanced Solar Power.—There are author-
8	ized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the purposes
9	of research, development, demonstration, analysis, tech-
10	nology validation, market transformation, and technical
11	assistance to support advanced solar power—
12	(1) \$360,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
13	(2) \$440,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
14	(3) \$520,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
15	(4) \$600,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
16	(f) Mechanical, Chemical, and Thermal Stor-
17	AGE TECHNOLOGY.—There are authorized to be appro-
18	priated to the Secretary for the purposes of research, de-
19	velopment, demonstration, analysis, technology validation,
20	market transformation, and technical assistance to sup-
21	port mechanical, chemical, and thermal storage tech-
22	nology—
23	(1) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
24	(2) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

25 (3) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and

#### (4) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

2 (g) BUILDINGS.—There are authorized to be appro-3 priated to the Secretary for the purposes of research, de-4 velopment, demonstration, analysis, technology validation, 5 market transformation, and technical assistance to support technologies that improve the energy efficiency of 6 7 building equipment, the building envelope, building con-8 trols, and that improve information sharing between the 9 building and the grid, which technologies may include en-10 ergy efficiency, demand response, and electrification technologies in residential, commercial, and industrial build-11 12 ings-

13 (1) \$381,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

14 (2) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

- 15 (3) \$574,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
- 16 (4) 670,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

(h) INDUSTRY.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the purposes of research, development, demonstration, analysis, technology validation,
market transformation, and technical assistance to support technologies to reduce emissions in industrial and
manufacturing processes, including such technologies relating to energy efficiency and electrification—

24 (1) \$381,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;

25 (2) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;

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1	(3) \$574,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
2	(4) \$840,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
3	(i) Enhanced Geothermal Technologies.—
4	There are authorized to the Secretary for the purposes
5	of research, development, and demonstration of enhanced
6	geothermal technologies an increase in the amount from
7	fiscal year 2019 appropriations by \$100,000,000 for each
8	year until fiscal year 2026, of which—
9	(1) \$70,000,000 is authorized for the Secretary
10	to use each year to establish a supercritical en-
11	hanced geothermal system demonstration program;
12	and
13	(2) \$30,000,000 is authorized for the Secretary
14	to use each year in collaboration with the National
15	Laboratories for supercritical enhanced geothermal
16	systems research and development.
17	TITLE III—EXISTING AND AD-
18	VANCED NUCLEAR POWER
19	PLANTS

#### 20 SEC. 301. ZERO-EMISSIONS CREDIT PROGRAM.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 2 years after
the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
establish a program to be known as the "Zero-Emissions
Credit Program".

1 (b) ISSUANCE OF CREDITS.—Under the Zero-Emis-2 sions Credit Program the Secretary shall, by not later 3 than March 1 of each calendar year, issue zero-emissions 4 credits to each owner or operator of a qualified nuclear 5 power plant in the quantity that is equal to the number of megawatt-hours of electricity sold by such owner or op-6 7 erator to an organized power market in the prior year. 8 (c) PAYMENT FOR CREDITS.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-10 graphs (2), (3), and (4), under the Zero-Emissions 11 Credit Program the Secretary shall pay an owner or 12 operator of a qualified nuclear power plant \$13.25 13 for each zero-emissions credit such owner or oper-14 ator submits to the Secretary.

(2) ADJUSTMENTS FOR INFLATION.—Each year
the Secretary shall adjust the amount paid for each
zero-emissions credit to account for the effects of inflation based on the Consumer Price Index for All
Urban Consumers (as published by the Bureau of
Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor).

(3) REDUCTION IN VALUE OF CREDIT.—If the
price for the sale of electricity to an organized power
market increases in a calendar year such that payments for zero-emissions credits under paragraph
(1) are no longer needed to prevent the retirement

of a qualified nuclear power plant in the subsequent
 year, the Secretary shall, after the application of any
 adjustment under paragraph (2), reduce the amount
 to be paid for each zero-emissions credit to the
 owner or operator of such qualified nuclear power
 plant to account for such change in price.

7 (4) OFFSET FOR VALUE OF CLEAN ELEC-8 TRICITY CREDITS.—If the owner or operator of a 9 qualified nuclear power plant is issued any clean 10 electricity credits under section 611 of the Public 11 Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by 12 section 402 of this Act) in a calendar year in which 13 such owner or operator is issued zero-emissions cred-14 its, the Secretary shall reduce the amount paid for 15 such zero-emissions credits by the value of such 16 clean electricity credits.

17 (d) TERMINATION DATE.—The Zero-Emissions
18 Credit Program shall terminate on the date that is 5 years
19 after the program effective date.

20 (e) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 1 year after the
21 date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall issue
22 a final rule to carry out this section.

23 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

24 (1) CLEAN ELECTRICITY CREDIT.—The term
25 "clean electricity credit" has the meaning given such

4 (2) ORGANIZED POWER MARKET.—The term
5 "organized power market" means any market that is
6 controlled by a Regional Transmission Organization
7 or an Independent System Operator, as such terms
8 are defined in section 3 of the Federal Power Act
9 (16 U.S.C. 796).

10 (3) PROGRAM EFFECTIVE DATE.—The term
11 "program effective date" has the meaning given
12 such term in section 611(g) of the Public Utility
13 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by section
14 402 of this Act).

#### 15 (4) QUALIFIED NUCLEAR POWER PLANT.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified 17 nuclear power plant" means any nuclear power 18 plant the Secretary determines, by not later 19 than 2 years after the date of enactment of this 20 Act and based on an application submitted by 21 such plant to the Secretary, is not financially 22 viable or will otherwise be required to retire if 23 it does not receive zero-emissions credits under 24 the Zero-Emissions Credit Program.

(B) EXCLUSION.—The term "qualified nu-1 2 clear power plant" does not include a nuclear 3 power plant with respect to which a tax credit 4 under section 48 of the Internal Revenue Code 5 of 1986 is claimed in the taxable year prior to 6 the taxable year in which the Secretary makes 7 the determination under subparagraph (A). (5) ZERO-EMISSIONS CREDIT.—The term "zero-8 9 emissions credit" means a credit issued by the Sec-10 retary under the Zero-Emissions Credit Program 11 that represents 1 megawatt-hour of electricity sold 12 by the owner or operator of a qualified nuclear 13 power plant to an organized power market. 14 SEC. 302. INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY 15 **PROPERTY.** 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48(a)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by section 204, 17 is amended by striking "or" at the end of clause (xi), by 18 adding "or" at the end of clause (xii), and by adding at 19 the end the following new clause: 20 21 "(xiii) qualified nuclear energy prop-22 erty.". 23 (b) ELIGIBLE FOR 30-PERCENT CREDIT.—Section

24 48(a)(2)(A)(i) of such Code is amended by striking "and"

1 in subclause (IV) and by adding at the end the following2 new subclause:

3	"(VI) energy property described
4	in paragraph (3)(A)(xiii), but only
5	with respect to property placed in
6	service before January 1, 2024, and".
7	(c) Qualified Nuclear Energy Property.—Sec-
8	tion 48(c) of such Code, as amended by section 204, is
9	amended by adding at the end the following new para-
10	graph:
11	"(10) QUALIFIED NUCLEAR ENERGY PROP-
12	ERTY.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
14	nuclear energy property' means, with respect to
15	a qualifying nuclear power plant—
16	"(i) amounts paid or incurred for the
17	refueling of such power plant, and
18	"(ii) any expenditure described in sec-
19	tion 263(a).
20	"(B) QUALIFYING NUCLEAR POWER
21	PLANT.—The term 'qualifying nuclear power
22	plant' means a nuclear power plant which—
23	"(i) submits an application for license
24	renewal to the Nuclear Regulatory Com-
25	mission in accordance with part 54 of title

1	10, Code of Federal Regulations, before
2	January 1, 2026, or
3	"(ii) certifies to the Secretary (at such
4	time and in such form and in such manner
5	as the Secretary may prescribe) that such
6	plant will submit an application for license
7	renewal to the Nuclear Regulatory Com-
8	mission in accordance with part 54 of title
9	10, Code of Federal Regulations, before
10	January 1, 2026.
11	"(C) Special rules.—
12	"(i) BASIS.—For purposes of sub-
13	section (a), the cumulative amounts paid
14	or incurred by the taxpayer during the tax-
15	able year with respect to a qualifying nu-
16	clear power plant which are properly
17	chargeable to capital account shall be
18	treated as the basis of the qualified nuclear
19	energy property placed in service for that
20	taxable year.
21	"(ii) Placed in service.—For pur-
22	poses of subsection (a), qualified nuclear
23	energy property shall be treated as having
24	been placed in service on the last day of
25	the taxable year in which the taxpayer

pays or incurs such amounts described in clause (i).

3	"(iii) Recapture.—The Secretary
4	shall provide by regulations for the recap-
5	ture of any credit allowable under sub-
6	section (a) to any qualifying nuclear power
7	plant which makes a certification pursuant
8	to subparagraph (B) but does not file an
9	application of license renewal to the Nu-
10	clear Regulatory Commission in accordance
11	with part 54 of title 10, Code of Federal
12	Regulations, before January 1, 2026.".

(d) PHASEOUT OF 30-PERCENT CREDIT RATE FOR
14 NUCLEAR ENERGY PROPERTY.—Section 48(a) of such
15 Code is amended by adding at the end the following new
16 paragraph:

17 "(8) PHASEOUT FOR QUALIFIED NUCLEAR EN18 ERGY PROPERTY.—In the case of qualified nuclear
19 energy property, the energy percentage determined
20 under paragraph (2) shall be equal to—

21 "(A) in the case of any property placed in
22 service after December 31, 2023, and before
23 January 1, 2025, 26 percent, and

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"(B) in the case of any property placed in
service after December 31, 2022, and before
January 1, 2026, 22 percent.".
(e) Coordination With Credit for Production
FROM ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER FACILITIES.—Sec-
tion 48(a)(3) of such Code is amended by inserting "or
section 45J" after "section 45".
(f) TRANSFER OF CREDIT BY CERTAIN PUBLIC EN-
TITIES.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 48 of such Code is
amended by adding at the end the following new
subsection:
"(e) Special Rule for Qualified Nuclear En-
ergy Property.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any qualified
nuclear energy property, if, with respect to a credit
under subsection (a) for any taxable year—
"(A) the taxpayer is a qualified public enti-
ty, and
"(B) such qualified public entity elects the
application of this subsection for such taxable
year with respect to such credit (or any portion
thereof), the eligible project partner specified in

1	for purposes of this title with respect to such
2	credit (or such portion thereof).
3	"(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
4	section:
5	"(A) QUALIFIED PUBLIC ENTITY.—The
6	term 'qualified public entity' means—
7	"(i) a Federal, State, or local govern-
8	ment entity, or any political subdivision,
9	agency, or instrumentality thereof,
10	"(ii) a mutual or cooperative electric
11	company described in section $501(c)(12)$ or
12	section $1381(a)(2)$ , or
13	"(iii) a not-for-profit electric utility
14	which received a loan or loan guarantee
15	under the Rural Electrification Act of
16	1936.
17	"(B) ELIGIBLE PROJECT PARTNER.—The
18	term 'eligible project partner' means—
19	"(i) any person responsible for oper-
20	ating, maintaining, or repairing the quali-
21	fying nuclear power plant to which the
22	credit under subsection (a) relates,
23	"(ii) any person who participates in
24	the provision of the nuclear steam supply
25	system to the qualifying nuclear power

1	plant to which the credit under subsection
2	(a) relates,
3	"(iii) any person who participates in
4	the provision of nuclear fuel to the quali-
5	fying nuclear power plant to which the
6	credit under subsection (a) relates, or
7	"(iv) any person who has an owner-
8	ship interest in such facility.
9	"(3) Special rules.—
10	"(A) Application to partnerships.—In
11	the case of a credit under subsection (a) which
12	is determined with respect to qualified nuclear
13	energy property at the partnership level—
14	"(i) for purposes of paragraph (1)(A),
15	a qualified public entity shall be treated as
16	the taxpayer with respect to such entity's
17	distributive share of such credit, and
18	"(ii) the term 'eligible project partner'
19	shall include any partner of the partner-
20	ship.
21	"(B) TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH CREDIT
22	TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—In the case of any
23	credit (or portion thereof) with respect to which
24	an election is made under subsection (e), such
25	credit shall be taken into account in the first

1 taxable year of the eligible project partner end-2 ing with, or after, the qualified public entity's 3 taxable year with respect to which the credit 4 was determined. "(C) TREATMENT OF TRANSFER UNDER 5 6 PRIVATE USE RULES.—For purposes of section 7 141(b)(1), any benefit derived by an eligible 8 project partner in connection with an election 9 under this subsection shall not be taken into ac-10 count as a private business use.". 11 (2) Special rule for proceeds of trans-12 FERS FOR MUTUAL OR COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC 13 COMPANIES.—Section 501(c)(12) of such Code is 14 amended by adding at the end the following new 15 subparagraph: "(K) In the case of a mutual or coopera-16 17 tive electric company described in this para-18 graph or an organization described in section 19 1381(a)(2), income received or accrued in con-20 nection with an election under section 48(e)shall be treated as an amount collected from 21 22 members for the sole purpose of meeting losses 23 and expenses.". 24  $(\mathbf{g})$ CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 48(a)(2)(A) of such Code is amended by striking "para-25

graphs (6) and (7)" and inserting "paragraphs (6), (7),
 and (8)".

3 (h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
4 this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
5 2020, in taxable years ending after such date, under rules
6 similar to the rules of section 48(m) of the Internal Rev7 enue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the day before the en8 actment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990).

# 9 SEC. 303. EXPANDING FEDERAL CLEAN ELECTRICITY PUR10 CHASING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) FEDERAL PURCHASE REQUIREMENT.—Section
203 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15852)
is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking ", the following amounts shall be renewable energy:" and inserting ", such amount shall be made up of the following:";

18 (2) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting "shall be
19 renewable energy" after "2009";

20 (3) in subsection (a)(2), by inserting "shall be
21 renewable energy" after "2012";

(4) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "7.5 percent in fiscal year 2013 and each fiscal year thereafter." and inserting "7.5 percent in fiscal years
2013 through 2020 shall be renewable energy.";

1	(5) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
2	following:
3	"(4) Not less than 35 percent in fiscal year
4	2021 and each year thereafter shall be clean elec-
5	tricity.";
6	(6) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"(3) CLEAN ELECTRICITY.—The term 'clean
9	electricity' means—
10	"(A) renewable energy;
11	"(B) electric energy generated by a nuclear
12	power plant; and
13	"(C) electric energy generated by a power
14	plant equipped with carbon capture utilization
15	and storage technology, from which at least 90
16	percent of the carbon dioxide output of such
17	plant is captured and utilized, or stored in a
18	manner that prevents emission to the atmos-
19	phere.";
20	(7) in subsection (c), by striking "renewable en-
21	ergy" and inserting "clean electricity" in each place
22	it occurs;
23	(8) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
24	section (e); and

(9) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol lowing:

3 "(d) POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT.—For the pur4 poses of this section, the Secretary may enter into a power
5 purchase agreement for any amount of the electricity gen6 erated by a nuclear power plant for the duration of the
7 operational life of such nuclear power plant if such nuclear
8 power plant supplies electricity for purposes of national
9 security or mission-critical activities.".

10 (b) LONG-TERM NUCLEAR POWER PURCHASE
11 AGREEMENT PILOT PROGRAM.—Subtitle B of title VI of
12 the Energy Policy Act of 2005 is amended by adding at
13 the end the following:

# 14 "SEC. 639A. LONG-TERM NUCLEAR POWER PURCHASE15AGREEMENT PILOT PROGRAM.

16 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall estab17 lish and carry out a pilot program to enter into long-term
18 power purchase agreements for electricity generated by
19 commercial nuclear power plants.

20 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the pilot pro21 gram established under subsection (a), the Secretary
22 shall—

23 "(1) consult and coordinate with the heads of24 other Federal agencies that may benefit from pur-

1	chasing nuclear power for a period of longer than 10
2	years, including—
3	"(A) the Secretary of Defense;
4	"(B) the Administrator of General Serv-
5	ices; and
6	"(C) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
7	and
8	"(2) not later than 10 years after the date of
9	enactment of this section, enter into at least 1 power
10	purchase agreement with the owner or operator of a
11	commercial nuclear power plant for up to 30 years.
12	"(c) PRIORITY.—In carrying out the pilot program
13	established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall
14	prioritize entering into a power purchase agreement with
15	the owner or operator of a commercial nuclear power
16	plant—
17	((1) to which a license is issued under section
18	$103$ of the Atomic Energy Act of $1954~(42~\mathrm{U.S.C.}$
19	2133) after January 1, 2021;
20	"(2) that uses first-of-a-kind or early deploy-
21	ment nuclear technology; and
22	"(3) that can provide reliable and resilient
23	power—
24	"(A) to high-value assets for national secu-
25	rity purposes; or

1 "(B) for other purposes that the Secretary 2 determines are in the national interest, includ-3 ing in remote off-grid scenarios or grid-con-4 nected scenarios for which such commercial nu-5 clear power plant can provide capabilities com-6 monly known as 'islanding power capabilities'. 7 "(d) EFFECT ON RATES.—A power purchase agree-8 ment entered into under this section may be at a rate that 9 is higher than the average market rate if the power pur-10 chase agreement fulfills a purpose described in subsection 11 (c).". 12 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of 13 the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58; 119 Stat. 594) is amended by inserting after the item relating 14 15 to section 639 the following: "Sec. 639A. Long-term nuclear power purchase agreement pilot program.". 16 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF LONG-TERM POWER PUR-CHASE AGREEMENTS.—Section 501(b)(1) of title 40, 17 18 United States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph 19 (B) and inserting the following: 20 "(B) PUBLIC UTILITY CONTRACTS.— 21 "(i) TERM.— 22 "(I) IN GENERAL.—A contract 23 under this paragraph to purchase

24 electricity service from a public utility

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may be for a period of not more than
40 years.
"(II) OTHER PUBLIC UTILITY
SERVICES.—A contract under this
paragraph for a public utility service
other than a service described in sub-
clause (I) may be for a period of not
more than 10 years.
"(ii) Costs.—The cost of a contract
under this paragraph for any fiscal year
may only be paid from the appropriations
for that fiscal year.".
SEC. 304. MODERNIZING THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COM-
MISSION.
(a) DEDUCING THE ADMINISTRATE DUDDEN OF
(a) Reducing the Administrative Burden of
(a) REDUCING THE ADMINISTRATIVE BURDEN OF LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.—
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.—
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Com-
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Com- merce of the House of Representatives and the Com-
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Com- merce of the House of Representatives and the Com- mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen-
LICENSING ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.— (1) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Com- merce of the House of Representatives and the Com- mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen- ate a report that recommends how to improve the

tors pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 $$
U.S.C. 2011 et seq.).
(2) REQUIRED RECOMMENDATIONS.—The re-
port submitted under paragraph (1) shall include
recommendations to—
(A) improve, accelerate, and reduce the
cost of all Commission actions with respect to
licensing, certification, and approval of ad-
vanced nuclear reactors pursuant to the Atomic
Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.),
including actions to improve compliance with
section $102(2)(C)$ of the National Environ-
mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
4332(2)(C));
(B) emphasize risk-informed and perform-
ance-based regulatory approaches; and
(C) enable the Commission to finalize re-
view of an application for certification of a de-
sign of an advanced nuclear reactor pursuant to
the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
2011 et seq.) by not later than 2 years after the
date on which such application is filed.
(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
(A) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The
term "advanced nuclear reactor" has the mean-

4 (B) COMMISSION.—The term "Commis5 sion" means the Nuclear Regulatory Commis6 sion.

7 (b) STUDY ON ELIMINATION OF FOREIGN LICENSING 8 **RESTRICTIONS.**—Not later than 18 months after the date 9 of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General, in 10 consultation with the Secretary, shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of a study on the feasibility 11 12 and implications of repealing restrictions related to foreign 13 ownership and control under sections 103 d. and 104 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2133(d) 14 15 and 2134(d)).

16 (c) STUDY ON THE IMPACT OF THE ELIMINATION OF 17 MANDATORY HEARINGS FOR UNCONTESTED LICENSING APPLICATIONS.—Not later than 18 months after the date 18 19 of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General, in 20 consultation with the Secretary, shall submit to Congress 21 a report containing the results of a study on the estimated 22 effect of eliminating the requirement under section 189 23 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2239) to 24 hold a hearing for uncontested applications.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—Section 11 of the Atomic Energy
 Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014) is amended by adding at
 the end the following:

4 "jj. EARLY SITE PERMIT.—In sections 182, 189, and
5 194, the term 'early site permit' has the meaning given
6 such term in section 52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Reg7 ulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this sub8 section).".

9 (e) APPLICATION REVIEWS FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY
10 PROJECTS.—

(1) LICENSE APPLICATIONS.—Section 182 of
the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2232) is
amended by adding at the end the following:

"e. STREAMLINING APPLICATION REVIEW.—With respect to an application for a construction permit, operating license, or combined construction permit and operating license, the Commission shall—

"(1) undertake an expedited environmental review process and issue any draft environmental impact statements (as required pursuant to section
102(2)(C) the National Environmental Policy Act of
1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C))) for the application
not later than 12 months after the date on which
the application is accepted for docketing; and

1 "(2) complete the technical review process of 2 the application, issue any safety evaluation reports, 3 and issue any final environmental impact statements 4 (as required pursuant to section 102(2)(C) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 5 6 4332(2)(C)) for the application not later than 24 7 months after the date on which the application is ac-8 cepted for docketing.

9 "f. PRODUCTION OR UTILIZATION FACILITY LO-CATED AT AN EXISTING SITE.—In reviewing an applica-10 tion for an early site permit, construction permit, oper-11 12 ating license, or combined construction permit and oper-13 ating license for a proposed production facility or utilization facility that is to be located at the site of a production 14 15 facility or utilization facility for which an early site permit, construction permit, operating license, or combined con-16 struction permit and operating license has been issued, the 17 18 Commission shall, to the extent practicable, use informa-19 tion that was part of the determination to issue the license for such production facility or utilization facility.". 20

(2) USE OF EARLY SITE PERMIT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.—Chapter 16 of the
Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2231 et
seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

### 1 "SEC. 194. USE OF EARLY SITE PERMIT ENVIRONMENTAL2IMPACT STATEMENT.

3 "a. SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.—Any environmental impact statement re-4 5 quired pursuant to section 102(2)(C) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)) for 6 7 purposes of issuing a construction permit, operating li-8 cense, or combined construction permit and operating li-9 cense for a production facility or utilization facility, for which an early site permit has been issued, shall be pre-10 pared as a supplement to the environmental impact state-11 ment prepared for such early site permit. 12

13 "b. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.—A supple14 mental environmental impact statement prepared under
15 subsection a. shall—

"(1) incorporate by reference the analysis, findings, and conclusions from the environmental impact
statement prepared for the applicable early site permit; and

"(2) include additional discussion, analysis,
findings, and conclusions on matters resolved in the
early site permit proceeding only to the extent necessary to address information that—

24 "(A) is new; and

25 "(B) would materially change the prior26 findings or conclusions.".

1 (f) HEARINGS.— 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 189 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2239) is amended— 3 4 (A) in subsection a. (1) (B)—(5 (i) by striking clause (iv); and 6 (ii) by redesignating clause (v) as 7 clause (iv); and 8 (B) by adding at the end the following: "c. HEARING PROCEDURES.—All hearings under this 9 10 section shall be conducted using informal adjudicatory 11 procedures, unless the Commission determines that formal 12 adjudicatory procedures are necessary— 13 "(1) to develop a sufficient record; or ((2)) to achieve fairness. 14 "d. HEARING ON EARLY SITE PERMIT, CONSTRUC-15 TION PERMIT, OPERATING LICENSE, AND COMBINED 16 17 CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND OPERATING LICENSE.— 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any out-19 standing request for a hearing, the Commission shall 20 issue and make immediately effective any early site 21 permit, construction permit, operating license, or 22 combined construction permit and operating license 23 for a production facility or utilization facility upon 24 the Commission's finding that the application there-25 for satisfies the requirements of this Act.

1	"(2) Appropriate action.—Following comple-
2	tion of any required hearing, the Commission shall
3	take any appropriate action with respect to the early
4	site permit, construction permit, operating license,
5	or combined construction permit and operating li-
6	cense to the extent necessary to account for the deci-
7	sion in any such required hearing.".
8	(2) LICENSING OF URANIUM ENRICHMENT FA-
9	CILITIES.—Section 193(b) of the Atomic Energy Act
10	of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2243(b)) is amended—
11	(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
12	follows:
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon a request for a hear-
14	ing on the licensing of construction and operation of
15	a uranium enrichment facility under sections 53 and
16	63, the Commission shall conduct a single adjudica-
17	tory hearing."; and
18	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "Such
19	hearing" and inserting "If a hearing is held
20	under paragraph (1), the hearing".
21	(g) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 103 d. of the
22	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2133d.) is amend-
23	ed by striking "or any any" and inserting "or any".
24	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
2	appropriated to carry out subsections (a), (b), and
3	(c) $$20,000,000$ for each of fiscal years 2021
4	through 2031, to remain available until expended.
5	(2) Off-fee appropriation.—Any funds ap-
6	propriated to carry out subsections (a), (b), and (c)
7	may not be recovered by the Commission through
8	the collection of user fees from existing licensees.
9	SEC. 305. DEMONSTRATION AND EARLY DEPLOYMENT OF
10	ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTORS.
11	(a) Demonstration Projects.—Section 959A(c)
12	of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16279a(c))
13	is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating paragraphs $(1)$ through
15	(10) as paragraphs $(2)$ through $(11)$ , respectively;
16	(2) by inserting after "the Secretary shall—"
17	the following:
18	"(1) not later than December 31, 2025, estab-
19	lish a program to enter into agreements to carry out
20	no fewer than 5 demonstration projects pursuant to
21	subsection $(b)(1)$ to demonstrate the suitability of
22	advanced nuclear reactors for commercial applica-
23	tions;";

1	(3) in paragraph $(10)(A)$ , as redesignated by
2	paragraph (1) of this subsection, by striking "para-
3	graph $(8)$ " and inserting "paragraph $(9)$ "; and
4	(4) in paragraph $(11)$ , as redesignated by para-
5	graph (1) of this subsection, by striking "paragraph
6	(8)" and inserting "paragraph (9)" and by striking
7	"paragraph (9)" and inserting "paragraph (10)".
8	(b) Research and Development Goals.—Section
9	959A of such Act (42 U.S.C. 16279a(c)) is amended—
10	(1) by redesignating subsection $(f)$ as sub-
11	section (g); and
12	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(f) Research Goals.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall estab-
16	lish and annually update goals for the research to
17	support the demonstration of advanced reactors
18	under subsection (c) and the deployment of subse-
19	quent advanced reactors.
20	"(2) COORDINATION.—In developing and up-
21	dating the goals, the Secretary shall coordinate with
22	members of private industry.
23	"(3) Requirements.—In developing the goals,
24	the Secretary shall ensure that—
25	"(A) research activities are focused on—

	200
1	"(i) key areas of nuclear research, de-
2	velopment, and deployment that range
3	from basic research on advanced nuclear
4	reactor generation to full-design develop-
5	ment, safety evaluation, and licensing;
6	"(ii) resolving materials challenges re-
7	lating to radiation damage or corrosive
8	coolants; and
9	"(iii) qualification of advanced nuclear
10	fuel;
11	"(B) infrastructure, such as a versatile re-
12	actor-based fast neutron source, which is re-
13	quired to be established in section $955(c)(1)$ , or
14	a molten salt testing facility to aid in research,
15	is constructed; and
16	"(C) advanced manufacturing and con-
17	struction techniques and materials are analyzed
18	to identify strategies to reduce the commer-
19	cialization cost of advanced nuclear reactors.".
20	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
22	\$1,500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
23	2023 for each of the following:
24	(1) Gateway for Accelerated Innovation in Nu-
25	clear vouchers.

1 (2) Advanced nuclear technology development 2 funding opportunity announcements. (3) Advanced small modular nuclear reactor re-3 4 search and development. (4) The advanced reactor demonstration pro-5 6 gram. 7 (5) The Nuclear Reactor Innovation Center. (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.-Section 8 9 2001(c) of division Z of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260) is amended to read as 10 11 follows: 12 "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 13 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out research, development, demonstration, and transpor-14 15 tation activities in this section \$350,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.". 16 17 SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR LOAN 18 **GUARANTEES FOR ADVANCED NUCLEAR FA-**

19

### CILITIES.

20 Section 1704 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
21 U.S.C. 16514) is amended by adding at the end the fol22 lowing:

23 "(c) ADVANCED NUCLEAR ENERGY FACILITIES.—
24 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
25 to make guarantees under section 1703(b)(4)

1	\$10,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
2	2031, to remain available until expended.".
3	SEC. 307. EXPANDING THE PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT FOR
4	NUCLEAR POWER.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 45J of the Internal Rev-
6	enue Code of 1986 is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "1.8 cents"
8	and inserting "2.7 cents"; and
9	(2) in subsection $(b)(5)(B)(i)$ , by striking
10	"6,000 megawatts" and inserting "15,000
11	megawatts''.
12	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
13	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
14	December 31, 2020.
15	TITLE IV—CLEAN ELECTRICITY
16	STANDARD
17	SEC. 401. CERTIFICATION OF COST-EFFECTIVE MARKET
18	PENETRATION OF CLEAN ELECTRICITY
19	TECHNOLOGIES.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VI of the Public Utility Reg-
21	ulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:

# 1 "SEC. 610. FEDERAL DECARBONIZATION AND INNOVATION 2 ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the
4 date of enactment of this section, the Secretary, after con5 sultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
6 Protection Agency, shall establish a program, to be known
7 as the 'Federal Decarbonization and Innovation Assess8 ment Program', to annually review and monitor progress
9 towards—

"(1) an 80 percent reduction in the amount of
carbon dioxide emitted by electricity generators, relative to the amount of such emissions on the date
of enactment of this section, by 2050; and

14 "(2) cost-effective market penetration of eligible
15 technologies, as determined by the Secretary under
16 subsection (b).

17 "(b) COST-EFFECTIVE MARKET PENETRATION.—
18 The Secretary shall determine that eligible technologies
19 have achieved cost-effective market penetration if—

20 "(1) at least 3 gigawatts of new electricity gen21 erating capacity using any type of eligible technology
22 has come into commercial operation since the date
23 of enactment of this section, provided that—

24 "(A) less than 50 percent of the capital
25 costs of such new electricity generating capacity
26 has been subsidized with Federal funds; and

1	"(B) at least 1 gigawatt of such capacity
2	is coal-fired electricity generating capacity that
3	is equipped with carbon capture utilization and
4	storage technology, from which at least 90 per-
5	cent of the carbon dioxide output is captured
6	and utilized or stored in a manner that pre-
7	vents emission to the atmosphere; and
8	"(2) at least one type of eligible technology—
9	"(A) has similar operating characteristics
10	as fossil-fueled electricity generation technology,
11	such as dispatchability upon demand; and
12	"(B) based on data provided by the En-
13	ergy Information Administration, has a total
14	cost of electricity generation that is not more
15	than 10 percent higher than the average total
16	cost of electricity generation from fossil-fueled
17	electricity generators that were constructed not
18	earlier than 5 years prior to the date of enact-
19	ment of this section.
20	"(c) Certification of Cost-Effective Market
21	PENETRATION.—Upon making the determination de-
22	scribed under subsection (b), but no earlier than the date
23	that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this section,
24	the Secretary shall certify that cost-effective market pene-
25	tration of eligible technology has occurred.

113

1 "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

2 "(1) ADVANCED DISPATCHABLE RENEWABLE 3 ENERGY SYSTEM.—The term 'advanced dispatchable 4 renewable energy system' means an integrated sys-5 tem of energy storage technology deployed with wind or solar electricity generation technology for which 6 7 the Secretary has determined that the availability of 8 such integrated system to be dispatched to support 9 ongoing electric grid reliability is similar to that of 10 fossil-fueled electricity generation technology.

11 "(2) ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER GENERATION
12 TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'advanced nuclear power
13 generation technology' has the meaning given the
14 term 'advanced nuclear reactor' in section 951(b) of
15 the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16271).
16 "(3) ELIGIBLE TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'eligi17 ble technology' means any of the following:

18 "(A) Advanced nuclear power generation19 technology.

20 "(B) Advanced dispatchable renewable en21 ergy system.

"(C) Fossil-fueled electricity generation
technology equipped with carbon capture utilization and storage technology, from which at
least 90 percent of the carbon dioxide output of

1	the fossil-fueled electricity generation tech-
2	nology is—
3	"(i) captured and utilized; or
4	"(ii) stored in a manner that prevents
5	emission to the atmosphere.".
6	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1(b) of the
7	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 is amended
8	by adding after the item relating to section 608 the fol-
9	lowing:
	"Sec. 609. Rural and remote communities electrification grants. "Sec. 610. Federal decarbonization and innovation assessment program.".
10	SEC. 402. FEDERAL CLEAN ELECTRICITY STANDARD.
11	(a) PURPA AMENDMENTS.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Title VI of the Public Utility
13	Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et
14	seq.) is further amended by adding after section 610
15	(as added by this Act) the following:
16	"SEC. 611. CLEAN ELECTRICITY STANDARD.
17	"(a) CLEAN ELECTRICITY CREDIT PROGRAM.—Not
18	later than 180 days after the program trigger date and
19	in accordance with this section, the Secretary shall estab-
20	lish a program—
21	((1) to reduce the amount of carbon dioxide
22	that is emitted by electricity generators; and
23	((2) under which clean electricity credits are
24	issued, tracked, and surrendered.

1	"(b) Issuance of Clean Electricity Credits.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year, be-
3	ginning on the program effective date, the Secretary
4	shall issue clean electricity credits to each qualifying
5	electricity generator in the amount determined under
6	paragraph (2).
7	"(2) Determination of credits issued.—
8	Except as provided in paragraph (3), the number of
9	clean electricity credits issued under paragraph $(1)$
10	shall be the number that is equal to—
11	"(A) the number of megawatt-hours of
12	electricity sold by the qualifying electricity gen-
13	erator; multiplied by
14	"(B) the number that is equal to—
15	"(i) 1.0; less
16	"(ii) the number that is equal to—
17	"(I) the annual carbon intensity
18	of the qualifying electricity generator;
19	divided by
20	"(II) 0.82.
21	"(3) Use of dynamic crediting method-
22	OLOGY.—If a dynamic crediting methodology is ap-
23	proved under section 612(c), the Secretary shall use
24	such methodology to determine the number of clean
25	electricity credits to issue under this subsection.

1	"(c) Surrender of Credits.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For each compliance period
3	each retail electricity supplier shall, except as pro-
4	vided in paragraph $(2)$ and by not later than $6$
5	months after the date on which the compliance pe-
6	riod ends, surrender the number of clean electricity
7	credits determined under paragraph (3).
8	"(2) PAYMENT.—For each clean electricity
9	credit required to be surrendered under paragraph
10	(1) that is not so surrendered, a retail electricity
11	supplier shall pay an amount that is equal to the al-
12	ternative compliance price determined under para-
12	omanh (7)
13	graph (7).
13 14	"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—
14	"(3) Number of credits.—
14 15	"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the
14 15 16	"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity cred-
14 15 16 17	"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity cred- its required to be surrendered under paragraph
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—</li> <li>"(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity credits required to be surrendered under paragraph (1) by each retail electricity supplier shall be</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—</li> <li>"(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity credits required to be surrendered under paragraph (1) by each retail electricity supplier shall be equal to—</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—</li> <li>"(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity credits required to be surrendered under paragraph (1) by each retail electricity supplier shall be equal to—</li> <li>"(i) the percentage determined under</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—</li> <li>"(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity credits required to be surrendered under paragraph (1) by each retail electricity supplier shall be equal to—</li> <li>"(i) the percentage determined under subparagraph (B); multiplied by</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"(3) NUMBER OF CREDITS.—</li> <li>"(A) IN GENERAL.—As determined by the Secretary, the number of clean electricity credits required to be surrendered under paragraph (1) by each retail electricity supplier shall be equal to—</li> <li>"(i) the percentage determined under subparagraph (B); multiplied by</li> <li>"(ii) the number of megawatt-hours of</li> </ul>

"(B) DETERMINATION OF PERCENTAGE.— 1 2 "(i) REDUCTION REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall determine the percentage to 3 4 be applied in subparagraph (A)(i) for each compliance period that will result in an 80 5 6 percent reduction in the amount of carbon 7 dioxide emitted by electricity generators, 8 relative to the amount of such emissions on 9 the date of enactment of this section, by 10 2050.11 "(ii) LINEAR CHANGES.—The Sec-12 retary shall determine the percentage for 13 each compliance period under clause (i) 14 with the goal of achieving linear reductions 15 in the amount of carbon dioxide emitted by electricity generators in each successive 16 17 compliance period. 18 "(C) FIRST COMPLIANCE PERIOD.—The 19 percentage determined under subparagraph (B) 20 for the first compliance period shall be the 21 greater of-"(i) the percentage obtained by divid-22 23 ing-24 "(I) the total number of clean

25 electricity credits that would be issued

1	under subsection $(b)(2)$ for the year
2	in which this section is enacted; by
3	"(II) the total number of mega-
4	watt-hours of electricity sold by retail
5	electricity suppliers in the year in
6	which this section is enacted; and
7	"(ii) the percentage obtained by divid-
8	ing—
9	((I) the total number of clean
10	electricity credits projected to be
11	issued under paragraph (4)(B) for
12	2030; by
13	"(II) the total number of mega-
14	watt-hours projected to be sold by re-
15	tail electricity suppliers in 2030.
16	"(4) Projections.—
17	"(A) Early projection for first com-
18	PLIANCE PERIOD.—Not later than the date that
19	is 2 years after the date of enactment of this
20	section, the Secretary shall publish a projection
21	of the percentage to be used for purposes of
22	paragraph (3)(A)(i) for the first compliance pe-
23	riod, which such projection shall be made based
24	on the number of megawatt-hours of electricity
25	sold by qualifying electricity generators during

	110
1	the period of five years that precedes the date
2	of the projection and the associated carbon di-
3	oxide emissions.
4	"(B) 2030 projection.—By not later
5	than 2026, the Secretary shall publish a projec-
6	tion of the number of clean electricity credits
7	that would be issued to qualifying electricity
8	generators in 2030.
9	"(5) SINGLE USE OF CREDITS.—Each clean
10	electricity credit issued under subsection (b) may
11	only be surrendered once for purposes of complying
12	with the requirements of paragraph (1).
13	"(6) BANKING OF CLEAN ELECTRICITY CRED-
14	ITS.—A clean electricity credit issued under sub-
15	section (b) may be surrendered for the compliance
16	period in which the clean electricity credit is issued
17	or in any subsequent compliance period.
18	"(7) Alternative compliance price.—
19	"(A) INITIAL AMOUNT.—The alternative
20	compliance price for the first compliance period
21	shall be \$30 per applicable clean electricity
22	credit.
23	"(B) ANNUAL ADJUSTMENTS TO ALTER-
24	NATIVE COMPLIANCE PRICE.—

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1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Beginning after
2	the first compliance period, the Secretary
3	shall increase the amount of the alternative
4	compliance price from the amount for the
5	prior compliance period by 5 percent.
6	"(ii) Other adjustments.—The
7	Secretary may adjust the alternative com-
8	pliance price to account for inflation, as
9	the Secretary may determine necessary.
10	"(d) Civil Penalties.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
12	retail electricity supplier that fails to meet the re-
13	quirements of paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (c)
14	shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount equal
15	to—
16	"(A) the number of megawatt-hours of
17	electricity sold by the retail electricity supplier
18	for which such retail electricity supplier fails to
19	surrender a clean electricity credit or make an
20	alternative compliance payment as required
21	under subsection (c); multiplied by
22	"(B) 200 percent of the value of the appli-
23	cable alternative compliance price.
24	"(2) PROCEDURE FOR ASSESSING PENALTY.—
25	The Secretary shall assess a civil penalty under this

1	subsection in accordance with the procedures for as-
2	sessing a penalty under section 333(d) of the Energy
3	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6303(d)).
4	"(e) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section
5	affects the authority of a State, or a political subdivision
6	of a State, to adopt or enforce any law relating to—
7	"(1) clean electricity or renewable energy;
8	"(2) carbon dioxide emissions; or
9	"(3) the regulation of a retail electricity sup-
10	plier.
11	"(f) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall issue
13	regulations to implement this section.
14	"(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
15	"(1) CARBON INTENSITY.—The term 'carbon
16	intensity' means, as determined by the Secretary in
17	consultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
18	mental Protection Agency and with respect to a
19	qualifying electricity generator, the amount (in met-
20	ric tons per megawatt-hour) obtained by dividing—
21	"(A) the annual carbon dioxide emissions
22	of the qualifying electricity generator, excluding
23	any carbon dioxide that is captured and utilized
24	or stored in a manner that prevents emission to
25	the atmosphere; by

1	"(B) the annual quantity of electricity gen-
2	erated by the qualifying electricity generator.
3	"(2) CLEAN ELECTRICITY CREDIT.—The term
4	'clean electricity credit' means a credit issued under
5	subsection (b).
6	"(3) CLEAN ELECTRICITY STANDARD.—The
7	term 'clean electricity standard' means the require-
8	ments of section 611.
9	"(4) COMPLIANCE PERIOD.—The term 'compli-
10	ance period' means the 3-year period that begins on
11	the program effective date and each 3-year period
12	thereafter until 2050.
13	"(5) QUALIFYING ELECTRICITY GENERATOR.—
14	The term 'qualifying electricity generator' means
15	any electricity generator that has an annual carbon
16	intensity of less than 0.82 metric tons per mega-
17	watt-hour.
18	"(6) RETAIL ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER.—The
19	term 'retail electricity supplier' means an entity in
20	the United States that sold not fewer than 20 mega-
21	watt-hours of electricity to electricity consumers for
22	purposes other than resale during the preceding cal-
23	endar year.
24	"(7) Program trigger date.—The term 'pro-
25	gram trigger date' means January 1 of the first cal-

1	endar year beginning after the date on which the
2	Secretary certifies that cost-effective market pene-
3	tration of eligible technologies has occurred under
4	section $610(c)$ .
5	"(8) Program effective date.—The term
6	'program effective date' means the earlier of—
7	"(A) the date that is 2 years after the pro-
8	gram trigger date; and
9	"(B) January 1 of the first calendar year
10	that begins after the date that is 10 years after
11	the date of enactment of this section.
12	"SEC. 612. IDENTIFICATION, REVIEW, AND APPROVAL OF
13	DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.
13 14	<b>Dynamic crediting methodologies.</b> "(a) Identification of Dynamic Crediting
14	"(a) Identification of Dynamic Crediting
14 15	"(a) Identification of Dynamic Crediting Methodologies.—
14 15 16	"(a) Identification of Dynamic Crediting Methodologies.— "(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years
14 15 16 17	"(a) IDENTIFICATION OF DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) IDENTIFICATION OF DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec- retary, in consultation with the Administrator of the
14 15 16 17 18 19	"(a) IDENTIFICATION OF DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec- retary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall identify a
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	"(a) IDENTIFICATION OF DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec- retary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall identify a dynamic crediting methodology for calculating the
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	"(a) IDENTIFICATION OF DYNAMIC CREDITING METHODOLOGIES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec- retary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall identify a dynamic crediting methodology for calculating the amount of carbon dioxide emissions that are avoided

1	"(2) Consideration of regional dif-
2	FERENCES.—Any dynamic crediting methodology
3	identified under paragraph (1) may account for dif-
4	ferences between—
5	"(A) regions in which there is a Regional
6	Transmission Organization or an Independent
7	System Operator; and
8	"(B) regions in which there are no such
9	entities.
10	"(b) Commission Review of Dynamic Crediting
11	Methodologies.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
13	any dynamic crediting methodology identified under
14	subsection (a) to the Commission for review.
15	"(2) TECHNICAL CONFERENCE.—Not later
16	than 120 days after the Secretary provides a dy-
17	namic crediting methodology to the Commission
18	under paragraph (1), the Commission shall hold a
19	technical conference in partnership with State regu-
20	latory authorities to evaluate such methodology.
21	"(3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after
22	the Commission holds a technical conference under
23	paragraph (2), and after providing an opportunity
24	for public comment, the Commission shall provide to
25	the Secretary a report on the technical conference

that includes Commission recommendations con cerning the use of the dynamic crediting method ology.

4 "(c) APPROVAL.—Not later than 180 days following
5 receipt of the report provided under subsection (b)(3), the
6 Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the
7 Environmental Protection Agency, shall approve use of the
8 dynamic crediting methodology that is the subject of such
9 report if the Secretary determines that such use would—

10 "(1) significantly enhance confidence that the 11 program established under 611(a)(1) will help 12 achieve an 80 percent reduction in the amount of 13 carbon dioxide emitted by electricity generators, rel-14 ative to the amount of such emissions on the date 15 of enactment of this section, by 2050; or

16 "(2) significantly reduce the costs of achieving17 such reduction.

18 "(d) Use of Dynamic Crediting Methodolo-19 gies.—

20 "(1) ADJUSTMENT TO AMOUNT OF CREDITS.—
21 If the Secretary approves a dynamic crediting meth22 odology under subsection (c), the Secretary shall use
23 such dynamic crediting methodology to determine
24 the number of clean electricity credits to be issued
25 to a qualifying electricity generator to account for

1	the amount of carbon dioxide emissions that are
2	avoided or displaced on an hourly basis by increased
3	electricity generation from such qualifying electricity
4	generator.
5	"(2) Deadline.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall use a dy-
8	namic crediting methodology approved under
9	subsection (c) beginning in the later of—
10	"(i) the first full calendar year begin-
11	ning after the date on which such approval
12	occurs; and
13	"(ii) the first calendar year of the
14	first compliance period.
15	"(B) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary may
16	delay use of an approved dynamic crediting
17	methodology by 1 year if the Secretary finds
18	that additional time is needed for the Secretary
19	or the Commission to take actions necessary to
20	carry out subsection (e).
21	"(e) Implementation.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, by
23	rule, require that Regional Transmission Organiza-
24	tions, Independent System Operators, other bal-
25	ancing authorities, and other appropriate entities

provide the Secretary with the information necessary
 for the Secretary to use a dynamic crediting method ology approved under subsection (c).

4 "(2) TARIFFS.—At the request of the Sec5 retary, or upon its own initiative, the Commission
6 shall consider whether changes to any tariffs on file
7 pursuant to section 205 of the Federal Power Act
8 (16 U.S.C. 824d) are necessary to implement the re9 quirements of any rule issued by the Secretary
10 under paragraph (1).

11 "(f) REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION;
12 INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR.—The terms 'Re13 gional Transmission Organization' and 'Independent Sys14 tem Operator' have the meanings given such terms in sec15 tion 3 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796).

16 "(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'clean
17 electricity credit', 'compliance period', and 'qualifying elec18 tricity generator' have the meanings given such terms in
19 section 611.".

20 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1(b)
21 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978
22 is further amended by adding after the item related
23 to section 610 (as added by this Act) the following:

 $<sup>``{\</sup>rm Sec.~611.}$  Clean electricity standard.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 612. Identification, review, and approval of dynamic crediting methodologies.".

1	(b) Amendments to the Clean Air Act.—Section
2	111(a)(4) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411(a)(4))
3	is amended—
4	(1) by striking "The term" and inserting "(A)
5	The term'; and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(B) Until the end of the first compliance
8	period of the clean electricity standard (as such
9	terms are defined in section 611(h) of Public
10	Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978), the
11	term 'modification', notwithstanding subpara-
12	graph (A), does not include a physical or oper-
13	ational change at an electricity generating unit
14	that is designed to reduce the amount of carbon
15	dioxide emitted per megawatt hour at electricity
16	utility generating units, provided that such
17	change—
18	"(i) does not cause the violation of a
19	national ambient air quality standard in an
20	air quality control region in which an envi-
21	ronmental justice community (as defined
22	by the Administrator) exists; and
23	"(ii) does not result in—
24	"(I) an increase in the maximum
25	hourly emissions rate of any air pol-

1 lutant subject to a national ambient 2 air quality standard under section 109 3 that is achievable by such unit; and 4 "(II) both a significant emissions 5 increase and a significant net emis-6 sions increase in annual actual emis-7 sions of such pollutant from such 8 unit.".

### 9 SEC. 403. REGIONAL CLEAN ELECTRICITY PLANNING MOD-

10 ELS.

11 (a) DEVELOPMENT OF PLANNING MODELS AND 12 DATA.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enact-13 ment this Act, the Secretary shall make available one or more regional electricity planning models and standard-14 15 ized data sets, including potential renewable energy hourly production profiles at all potential locations for renewable 16 17 energy deployment, that States can use to develop plans 18 for portfolios of clean electricity resources that are capable 19 of achieving, at least cost, the goal described under section 20610(a)(1) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 21 1978, as added by section 402 of this Act, consistent with 22 the need to maintain reliability.

(b) DEVELOPMENT PROCESS.—In making planning
models and data available under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) solicit planning models and standardized,
 data sets from the national laboratories and univer sities;

4 (2) hold jointly with the Commission a technical 5 conference on planning models and standardized 6 data sets, including hourly profiles of renewable en-7 ergy production at potential deployment locations, 8 and consider the input from such conference in 9 choosing planning models and data sets to make 10 available; and

(3) update the planning models and data sets
made available from time to time in response to new
information.

14 (c) USE OF MODELS BY STATES.—The Secretary
15 shall encourage States to use the models and data sets
16 to—

(1) plan collaboratively with other States in the
same North American Electric Reliability Corporation reliability region or organized electricity market
on least-cost and reliable compliance with the clean
electricity standard (as such term is defined in section 611(h) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
Act of 1978); and

24 (2) adopt, and from time to time update, multi25 State clean electricity resource deployment goals

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that promote least-cost deployment consistent with
 maintaining electric reliability.

3 SEC. 404. STAND-BY EMISSION PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.

4 (a) ANNUAL REVIEW OF EMISSIONS.—Not later than 5 February 1 of the first calendar year beginning after the date of enactment of this section, and each February 1 6 7 thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation with the Admin-8 istrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall 9 publish a determination of the annual average level of car-10 bon dioxide emissions from electricity generators for the prior 3 calendar years. 11

12 (b) ENFORCEABILITY.—An emission limitation for 13 carbon dioxide emissions from electric utility steam gener-14 ating units established under title I of the Clean Air Act 15 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) may be enforced by a State or 16 by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection 17 Agency—

(1) before the program trigger date, only if—
(A) the Secretary, not earlier than 5 years
after the date of enactment of this Act, determines under subsection (a) that the 5-year annual average level of carbon dioxide emissions
from electric utility steam generating units exceeded the annual average level of such emis-

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1	sions for the preceding 5-year period by at least
2	6 percent; or
3	(B) the Secretary finds that significantly
4	less than the full amount of funding authorized
5	for programs under this Act has been appro-
6	priated, resulting in substantial limitation to or
7	delay of the technology advancement elements
8	of this Act; or
9	(2) after the end of a compliance period, only
10	if the clean electricity standard is not enforced for
11	the compliance period.
12	(c) CLEAN AIR ACT AUTHORITIES.—Except as pro-
13	vided in this section, neither a State nor the Administrator
14	of the Environmental Protection Agency may enforce any
15	emission limitation established under title I of the Clean
16	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for carbon dioxide emis-
17	sions from electric utility steam generating units.
18	(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
19	(1) CLEAN ELECTRICITY STANDARD; PROGRAM
20	TRIGGER DATE; COMPLIANCE PERIOD.—The terms
21	"clean electricity standard", "program trigger date",
22	and "compliance period" have the meanings given
23	such terms in section 611(h) of the Public Utility
24	Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, as added by section
25	402 of this Act.

(2) ELECTRIC UTILITY STEAM GENERATING
 UNIT.—The term "electric utility steam generating
 unit" has the meaning given such term in section
 112(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(a)).

#### 5 TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS

#### 6 SEC. 501. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

7 (a) WAGES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of 8 law and in a manner consistent with other provisions in 9 this Act, all laborers and mechanics employed by contrac-10 tors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, alteration, or repair work funded directly by or assisted 11 in whole or in part by and through the Federal Govern-12 13 ment pursuant to this Act shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character 14 15 similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of 16 title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor 17 standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor 18 shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorga-19 nization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 2021 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States 22 Code.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply tothe use of a grant awarded under section 203.

## 1SEC. 502. UTILIZATION OF QUALIFIED APPRENTICES BY2CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—All contractors and subcontrac-4 tors engaged in the performance of construction, alter-5 ation, or repair work on a covered project shall, subject 6 to subsection (b), ensure that not less than 15 percent 7 of the total labor hours of such work be performed by 8 qualified apprentices.

9 (b) APPRENTICE-TO-JOURNEYWORKER RATIO.—The 10 requirement under subsection (a) shall be subject to any 11 applicable requirements for apprentice-to-journeyworker 12 ratios of the Department of Labor or the applicable State 13 apprenticeship agency.

(c) PARTICIPATION.—Each contractor and subcontractor who employs 4 or more individuals to perform construction, alteration, or repair work on a covered project
shall employ 1 or more qualified apprentices to perform
such work.

19 (d) COMPLIANCE.—(1) If the Secretary determines, upon receipt of a complaint or on the Secretary's own ini-20 21 tiative, that a covered project is not being carried out in 22 accordance with the requirements of this section, the Sec-23 retary shall withhold from payments otherwise due the contractor as a penalty, or require the payment by the 24 25 contractor of a penalty, in the amount of not less than \$5,000, but not more than \$10,000, for each hour of the 26

apprenticeship utilization requirement that is not
 achieved.

3 (2) A determination by the Secretary under para-4 graph (1) shall be grounds for contract termination.

5 (3) A contractor or subcontractor that violates the
6 requirements of this section shall be prohibited from per7 forming work on any covered project for 5 years.

8 (e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—(1) Before com-9 mencing work on a contract for a covered project, the con-10 tractor shall submit to the recipient of assistance and the 11 Secretary an estimate of—

12 (A) the total labor hours to be performed under13 the contract; and

14 (B) the number of qualified apprentices pro15 posed to be employed under the contract, categorized
16 by trade or craft.

17 (2) While the covered project is ongoing, the con18 tractor shall include with each payment application to the
19 recipient of assistance and Secretary a report containing
20 the following information:

21 (A) The names of all qualified apprentices and
22 their apprentice registration or identification num23 ber.

(B) The number of qualified apprentices and
 labor hours worked by them, categorized by trade or
 craft.

4 (C) The number of journey level workers and
5 labor hours worked by them, categorized by trade or
6 craft.

7 (3) When a contractor is not subject to progress bill8 ing, the contractor shall submit the periodic reports re9 quired by paragraph (2) within a comparable time frame.

10 (4) Within 60 days after concluding work on the contract, the contractor shall submit to the recipient of assist-11 12 ance and the Secretary a verified statement of the total 13 journeyworker and apprentice hours performed on the project. The contractor and subcontractors shall maintain 14 15 all personnel records relating to the reporting requirements of this subsection for a period of at least 3 years 16 after final completion of the work. 17

(5) The information described in this subsection shall
be public and shall not be exempt from disclosure under
section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.

(6) If the Secretary determines that any of the information required by this subsection contains false or misleading information that was provided knowingly or with
reckless disregard for the truth, or omits information that
was omitted knowingly or with reckless disregard of the

truth, the contractor or subcontractor for which the infor mation was submitted shall be prohibited from performing
 work on a covered project for a period of 5 years, and
 shall be further subject to penalties and sanctions, includ ing contract termination.

6 (7) Any misrepresentation or omission included in the 7 reporting required by this subsection shall constitute a 8 false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent 9 claim for purposes of subchapter III of chapter 37 of title 10 31, United States Code.

(f) WAIVER.—(1) Upon request by a contractor or recipient of assistance, the Secretary may adjust the apprenticeship utilization requirement otherwise applicable to the contract for a specific covered project, when the contractor has provided documentary evidence of—

- 16 (A) a demonstrated lack of availability of quali17 fied apprentices in the geographic area in which the
  18 contract will be performed; and
- (B) a good-faith effort on the part of the contractor and its subcontractors to comply with the apprenticeship utilization requirement.

(2) A waiver granted under this subsection and the
rationale of the Secretary concerned for granting the waiver shall be public information and shall not be exempt

from disclosure under section 552(b) of title 5, United
 States Code.

3 (g) CONTRACTING.—The recipient of assistance shall 4 cause to be inserted in a contract for a covered project 5 stipulations to effectuate the requirements of this section. 6 The stipulations shall provide that the contractor shall be 7 jointly and severally liable for any violation of the require-8 ments of this section that is committed by one of its sub-9 contractors.

10 (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "contractor" means a general
contractor or other lead or prime contractor on a
covered project.

14 (2) The term "covered project" means construc15 tion, alteration, or repair work assisted in whole or
16 in part under sections 111, 131, or 202 of this Act.

17 (3) The term "labor hours" means the total 18 number of hours devoted to the performance of con-19 struction activities (as defined in Sector 23 of the 20 North American Industry Classification System) by 21 employees of the contractor and its subcontractors. 22 The term excludes hours worked by foremen, super-23 intendents, owners, and persons employed in a bona 24 fide executive, administrative, or professional capac-

1	ity as defined in part 541 of title 29, Code of Fed-
2	eral Regulations.
3	(4) The term "qualified apprentice" means an
4	employee of a contractor or subcontractor partici-
5	pating in an apprenticeship program as that term is
6	defined in section $3131(e)(3)(B)$ of the Internal Rev-
7	enue Code of 1986.
8	(5) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
9	of Energy.
10	(6) The term "subcontractor" means any per-
11	son or company, at any tier, that performs some or
12	all of the obligations of the contractor on a covered
13	project.
14	(i) PREEMPTION.—Nothing in this section shall pre-
15	empt applicable State or local laws or policies that provide
16	for additional skilled and trained workforce requirements
17	on construction projects.
18	SEC. 503. REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO TAX INCENTIVE
19	PROGRAMS.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—A taxpayer seeking a credit under
21	sections 121, 125, 204, 205, 206, 207, 302, and 307 of
22	this Act, shall submit to the Secretary of the Treasury,
23	along with the taxpayer's timely filed return, a declaration
24	made under the penalties of perjury certifying compliance
25	with the requirements under subsection (b).

1 (b) LABOR STANDARDS.—The Secretary of the 2 Treasury shall require a taxpayer, as a condition of receiv-3 ing a credit under a program enumerated in subsection 4 (a), to satisfy each of the following requirements during 5 the taxable year for which such credit is claimed and any other period in which construction, alteration or repair 6 7 work was performed for purposes of qualifying for a credit 8 set forth in subsection (a):

9 (1) WAGES.—All laborers and mechanics em-10 ployed by contractors or subcontractors in the per-11 formance of construction, alteration, or repair work 12 on any qualified facility, energy storage property, 13 electricity generation facility, advanced nuclear 14 power facility, qualifying advanced energy project, 15 qualified offshore wind property, or other projects 16 contemplated by the credit programs enumerated in 17 subsection (a), shall be paid wages at rates not less 18 than those prevailing on projects of a similar char-19 acter in the locality as determined by the Secretary 20 of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chap-21 ter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect 22 to the labor standards in this paragraph, the Sec-23 retary of Labor shall have the authority and func-24 tions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14

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1	of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section
2	3145 of title 40, United States Code.
3	(2) LABOR HOURS FOR QUALIFIED APPREN-
4	TICES.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—All contractors and
6	subcontractors engaged in the performance of
7	construction, alteration, or repair work on any
8	project described in paragraph (1) shall, subject
9	to subparagraph (B), ensure that not less than
10	15 percent of the total labor hours of such work
11	be performed by qualified apprentices.
12	(B) APPRENTICE-TO-JOURNEYWORKER
13	RATIO.—The requirement under subparagraph
14	(A) shall be subject to any applicable require-
15	ments for apprentice-to-journeyworker ratios of
16	the Department of Labor or the applicable
17	State apprenticeship agency.
18	(C) PARTICIPATION.—Each contractor and
19	subcontractor who employs 4 or more individ-
20	uals to perform construction, alteration, or re-
21	pair work on a covered project shall employ 1
22	or more qualified apprentices to perform such
23	work.
24	(D) REPORTING.—While the project is on-
25	going, the contractor shall, with each payment

1	application to the taxpayer, include a report
2	with the following:
3	(i) The names of all qualified appren-
4	tices and their apprentice registration or
5	identification number.
6	(ii) The number of qualified appren-
7	tices and labor hours worked by them, cat-
8	egorized by trade or craft.
9	(iii) The number of journey level
10	workers and labor hours worked by them,
11	categorized by trade or craft.
12	Such reports shall be included with the tax-
13	payer's declaration under subsection (a).
14	(E) MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS.—The
15	taxpayer, its contractor, and subcontractors,
16	shall maintain all reports and personnel records
17	relating to the requirements of subparagraph
18	(D) for a period of at least 3 years after final
19	completion of the work.
20	(F) SUBMISSION OF RECORDS.—The tax-
21	payer, its contractor, and subcontractors, shall
22	immediately submit, upon request by the Sec-
23	retary of Energy, the documents described in
24	subparagraphs (D) and (E). Failure to produce
25	such documents shall result in penalties.

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1	(G) WAIVER.—The Secretary of the Treas-
2	ury may, upon request by a taxpayer, adjust
3	the requirements of subsection $(b)(2)$ for a spe-
4	cific project, when the taxpayer has provided
5	documentary evidence of the following:
6	(i) A demonstrated lack of availability
7	of qualified apprentices in specific geo-
8	graphic areas.
9	(ii) A good faith effort on the part of
10	the taxpayer, its contractor and sub-
11	contractors to comply with the require-
12	ments of subsection $(b)(2)$ .
13	Such waivers and the rationale of the Secretary
14	of the Treasury for granting such waivers shall
15	be public and shall not be exempt from disclo-
16	sure under section 552(b) of Title 5, United
17	States Code.
18	(H) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this
19	subsection:
20	(i) CONTRACTOR.—The term "con-
21	tractor" means a general contractor or
22	other lead or prime contractor on a con-
23	struction project described in subsection
24	(b)(2).

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1	(ii) LABOR HOURS.—The term "labor
2	hours" means the total number of hours
3	devoted to the performance of construction
4	activities (as defined in Sector 23 of the
5	North American Industry Classification
6	System) by employees of the contractor
7	and all subcontractors. The term excludes
8	hours worked by foremen, superintendents,
9	owners, and persons employed in a bona
10	fide executive, administrative, or profes-
11	sional capacity as defined in part 541 of
12	title 29, Code of Federal Regulations.
13	(iii) QUALIFIED APPRENTICE.—The
14	term "qualified apprentice" means an em-
15	ployee participating in an apprenticeship
16	program (as such term is defined in sec-
17	tion $3131(e)(3)(B)$ of the Internal Revenue
18	Code of 1986).
19	(iv) SUBCONTRACTOR.—The term
20	"subcontractor" means any person or com-
21	pany, at any tier, that performs some or
22	all of the obligations of the contractor on
23	a construction project described in sub-
24	section $(b)(2)$ .

1	(I) PREEMPTION.—Nothing in this sub-
2	section shall preempt applicable State or local
3	laws or policies that provide for additional
4	skilled and trained workforce requirements on
5	construction projects.
6	(c) Enforcement.—
7	(1) INVESTIGATIONS.—Upon receipt of a com-
8	plaint or its own initiative, the Secretary of Energy,
9	in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, shall re-
10	quest and review the weekly payroll records of con-
11	tractors and subcontractors engaged in the perform-
12	ance of any construction, alteration, or repair work
13	on projects described in paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ of
14	subsection (b), the reports set forth in subpara-
15	graphs (D) and (E) of subsection $(b)(2)$ , and inter-
16	view individuals employed by such contractors and
17	subcontractors, to determine whether the require-
18	ments of paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ of subsection $(b)$
19	have been met.

(2) PENALTIES.—The taxpayer shall be responsible for compliance by any contractor or lower tier
subcontractor performing any construction, alteration, or repair work on projects described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b). If the Secretary of Energy determines, upon receipt of a com-

1 plaint or its own initiative, that a project was not 2 carried out in accordance with the requirements of 3 this section, the taxpayer shall be liable to the De-4 partment of the Treasury for the following: 5 (A) For violations of subsection (b)(1), the 6 taxpayer shall be liable for any unpaid wages. 7 In addition, the taxpayer shall be liable to the 8 Department of the Treasury for an administra-9 tive penalty in the amount of not less than 10 \$1,000 but not more than \$5,000 per each indi-11 vidual not paid the proper prevailing rate. 12 (B) For violations of subsection (b)(2), the 13 taxpayer shall be liable to the Department of 14 the Treasury in the amount of not less than 15 \$1,000, but not more than \$5,000, for each 16 hour of the apprenticeship utilization require-17 ment that is not achieved. 18 (3) FALSE STATEMENTS.—If the Secretary of 19 Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, 20 determines that any of the information in a declara-21 tion under subsection (a) or report under subsection 22 (b)(2)(D) and (E), contains false or misleading in-23 formation that was provided knowingly or with reck-24 less disregard for the truth, or omits information 25 that was omitted knowingly or with reckless disregard of the truth, the taxpayer shall no longer be
 eligible for any of the credits enumerated in sub section (a), and shall be fined not less than \$5,000
 but not more than \$10,000.

5 (4) TRANSPARENCY.—Declarations under sub6 section (a) and reports under subsection (b)(2)(D)
7 and (E) shall be publicly available and the informa8 tion contained therein shall not be exempt from dis9 closure under section 552(b) of title 5, United States
10 Code.

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