

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4581

To provide for the issuance of a commemorative postage stamp in honor of Mamie Till-Mobley, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 20, 2021

Mr. RUSH (for himself, Mr. CARSON, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. KHANNA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. PRESSLEY, and Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform

A BILL

To provide for the issuance of a commemorative postage stamp in honor of Mamie Till-Mobley, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Mamie Till-Mobley Me-
5 morial Stamp Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 The Congress finds the following:

1 (1) Emmett Louis Till was born to Mamie Eliz-
2 abeth Till-Mobley on July 25, 1941, in Chicago, Illi-
3 nois.

4 (2) Emmett Till was raised by Mamie Till-
5 Mobley in the Woodlawn neighborhood of Chicago’s
6 South Side, attending the nearby McCosh Elemen-
7 tary School.

8 (3) In August of 1955, Emmett Till traveled to
9 Tallahatchie County, Mississippi, to visit his great
10 uncle, Moses Wright.

11 (4) Before Emmett Till traveled to Tallahatchie
12 County, Mamie Till-Mobley cautioned him about the
13 dangers of the segregated South, instructing him to
14 “be very careful . . . humble himself to the extent
15 of getting down on his knees”.

16 (5) When purchasing bubble gum in Money,
17 Mississippi, Emmett Till was falsely accused of flirt-
18 ing with shopkeeper Carolyn Bryant, who would ac-
19 knowledge that her own claims were false in 2017.

20 (6) Emmett Till was abducted at gunpoint from
21 Moses Wright’s home by Roy Bryant and J.W.
22 Milam on August 28, 1955.

23 (7) Full of vitriol and racial hatred, Roy Bryant
24 and J.W. Milam beat, tortured, and killed Emmett
25 Till with senseless brutality.

1 (8) Emmett Till’s body was found in the
2 Tallahatchie River, having been so gruesomely tor-
3 tured that it was only recognizable from his father’s
4 ring on his finger.

5 (9) When Emmett Till’s body was recovered,
6 his ear was found torn, his eye was displaced, his
7 teeth were missing, and the iron cotton gin fan used
8 in his murder was still attached to his corpse.

9 (10) On September 2, 1955, Mamie Till-Mobley
10 received her son’s casket at the Illinois Central Ter-
11 minal, falling in grief at its sight.

12 (11) Mamie Till-Mobley demonstrated exem-
13 plary bravery, requesting an open-casket funeral for
14 her son, because in her words, “everybody needed to
15 know what had happened to Emmett Till”.

16 (12) Over a four-day period, over 50,000 visi-
17 tors viewed Emmett Till’s body at the Roberts Tem-
18 ple Church of God in Christ.

19 (13) The horror and grief caused across the
20 country and across the world by the photos of
21 Emmet Till’s body helped spark the civil rights
22 movement.

23 (14) The Reverend Jesse Jackson would de-
24 scribe Emmett Till’s open-casket funeral as the
25 “big-bang” of the civil rights movement.

1 (15) Emmett Till was laid to rest at Burr Oak
2 Cemetery on September 6, 1955, in Alsip, Illinois.

3 (16) During the trial, Moses Wright and other
4 local residents demonstrated unspeakable courage by
5 identifying Roy Bryant and J.W. Milam as Emmett
6 Till's killers in open court.

7 (17) The all White jury deliberated for just 67
8 minutes, arriving at their preposterous verdict to ac-
9 quit Roy Bryant and J.W. Milam.

10 (18) In a January 1965 interview with Look
11 magazine, Roy Bryant and J.W. Milam admitted to
12 having gruesomely killed Emmett Till.

13 (19) Mamie Till-Mobley continued to be a
14 champion for civil rights after Emmett Till's death
15 and funeral.

16 (20) Mamie Till-Mobley would earn a bachelor's
17 degree cum laude from Chicago Teachers College in
18 1956 and earned a master's degree in administra-
19 tion and supervision from Loyola University Chicago
20 in 1975.

21 (21) Mamie Till-Mobley distinguished herself as
22 a special education teacher in Chicago.

23 (22) Mamie Till-Mobley authored "Death of In-
24 nocence", with Christopher Benson, which was pub-
25 lished months after her passing.

1 (23) Mamie Till-Mobley passed away on Janu-
2 ary 7, 2003, at the age of 81.

3 (24) On February 26, 2020, the House passed
4 H.R. 35, the Emmett Till Antilynching Act to com-
5 memorate the life of Emmett Till, make lynching a
6 Federal crime, and correct a deep historical injus-
7 tice.

8 **SEC. 3. MAMIE TILL-MOBLEY COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE**
9 **STAMP.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Postmaster General shall
11 issue a commemorative postage stamp in honor of Mamie
12 Till-Mobley.

13 (b) DENOMINATION; DESIGNS.—The commemorative
14 postage stamp issued under this Act shall be issued in the
15 denomination used for first class mail up to one ounce in
16 weight and shall bear such designs as the Postmaster Gen-
17 eral shall determine.

18 (c) ISSUANCE PERIOD.—The commemorative postage
19 stamp issued under this Act shall be placed on sale as
20 soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this
21 Act and shall be sold for such period thereafter as the
22 Postmaster General shall determine.

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