

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. RES. 1451

Supporting the goals and ideals of October as “National Domestic Violence Awareness Month”.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 28, 2022

Mr. GREEN of Texas (for himself, Mr. MCEACHIN, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. SIRES, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. CARSON, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mrs. KIRKPATRICK, Ms. KUSTER, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, Mrs. RADEWAGEN, Ms. PRESSLEY, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. PASCARELL, Mr. RUSH, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. MAST, Mr. OWENS, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mrs. BUSTOS, Mr. JACOBS of New York, Mr. PAPPAS, Mrs. AXNE, Mr. ALLRED, Ms. CONWAY, Ms. BUSH, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. SOTO, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. TRONE, Mrs. DINGELL, Mrs. LESKO, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. ROSS, Mr. KILMER, Ms. TITUS, Mr. BACON, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. EVANS, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. CASE, Ms. NORTON, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. SWALWELL, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. MENG, Mr. STANTON, Mr. SABLAN, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. STEVENS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. CORREA, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. ELLZEY, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. CROW, Ms. WEXTON, Mr. NADLER, Mr. COSTA, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. KATKO, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. CHU, Ms. BROWNLEY, Ms. BASS, Miss RICE of New York, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. GRANGER, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. DOGGETT, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mrs. MCBATH, Ms. DEAN, Mr. VEASEY, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. TAKANO, Mrs. PELTOLA, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. LEVIN of California, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. JONES, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mrs. TORRES of California, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. TONKO, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. WELCH, Mr.

KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Ms. SHERRILL, Ms. MACE, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. GALLEGRO, Mr. CARBAJAL, Ms. JACOBS of California, Mr. PETERS, Mr. CASTEN, Mr. MOULTON, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. PLASKETT, Mrs. BICE of Oklahoma, Mrs. MURPHY of Florida, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. COHEN, Mr. HORSFORD, Ms. WILD, Mrs. LEE of Nevada, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. LIEU, Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. MALINOWSKI, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mrs. DEMINGS, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. KEATING, Mr. TIMMONS, Mrs. KIM of California, and Ms. CLARKE of New York) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

RESOLUTION

Supporting the goals and ideals of October as “National Domestic Violence Awareness Month”.

Whereas this resolution may be cited as the “Original National Domestic Violence Awareness Month Resolution”;

Whereas intimate partner violence affects people of all ages as well as all racial, ethnic, gender, economic, and religious backgrounds;

Whereas an average of 24 people per minute are victims of rape, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner in the United States, more than 12,000,000 women and men over the course of a single year;

Whereas, in 2021, the National Domestic Violence Hotline answered more than 408,000 calls, chats, and texts, more than any other year before;

Whereas of the reported abuse types, 96 percent of those contacting the National Domestic Violence Hotline disclosed emotional abuse, 61 percent stated physical abuse, 26

percent described economic or financial abuse, and 11 percent revealed digital abuse;

Whereas 75 percent of those contacting the National Domestic Violence Hotline identified as victims or survivors, 13 percent identified as friends, family members, or other helpers, and 12 percent identified as “other”, such as those working with survivors or even those causing harm;

Whereas women are disproportionately victims of domestic violence, as 1 in 4 women and 1 in 7 men ages 18 and older will experience domestic violence at some point in their life;

Whereas survivors of domestic violence are strong, courageous, and resilient;

Whereas, on average, more than 3 women are murdered by their husbands or boyfriends in the United States every day;

Whereas women ages 18 to 34 experience the highest rates, per capita, of intimate partner violence;

Whereas 27.1 percent of women and 21.4 percent of men who were victims of contact sexual violence, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner first experienced these or other forms of violence before age 18;

Whereas nearly 1 in 3 college women say they have been in an abusive dating relationship;

Whereas 1 in 3 Native American women will be raped and 6 in 10 will be physically assaulted in their lifetimes;

Whereas African-American women experience intimate partner violence at a rate 35 percent higher than that of White women, and about 2.5 times the rate of women of other races, but African-American women are less likely

than White women to use social services or battered women's programs or to go to the hospital because of domestic violence;

Whereas, in an Asian and Pacific Islander Institute on Domestic Violence survey, 21 to 55 percent of Asian and Pacific Islander women reported experiencing domestic violence (physical, sexual, or both) during their lifetimes;

Whereas, according to the National Intimate and Sexual Violence Survey, 42.1 percent of Latina women are victimized by intimate partner violence in a lifetime, defined by rape, physical assault, or stalking;

Whereas victims of domestic violence report hesitation calling law enforcement and accessing victims services due to uncertainty arising from fear of prosecution for unrelated activities, including immigration status;

Whereas the average cost of intimate partner violence over a victim's lifetime for medical and mental health care services is \$103,767 for women and \$23,414 for men;

Whereas, of women who die by homicide, 2 out of 5 are killed by an intimate partner or former intimate partner;

Whereas one-quarter to one-half of domestic violence victims report that they have lost a job due, at least in part, to domestic violence;

Whereas some victims of domestic violence who have protection orders or other indications that they are victims are evicted or denied access to housing;

Whereas a review of 12 United States studies, most of which included data from multiple cities, shows that domestic violence incidents increased 8.1 percent after jurisdictions imposed pandemic-related lockdown orders;

Whereas domestic violence programs and hotlines have seen a substantial increase in contacts since 2020 and continue to experience a surge in requests for services, with the National Domestic Violence Hotline averaging approximately 2,600 daily contacts in 2022, up from 800 to 1,200 average daily contacts before the COVID-19 pandemic;

Whereas 92 percent of homeless women experience severe physical or sexual abuse at some point in their lifetimes;

Whereas 13.5 percent of women and 5.2 percent of men report having been stalked by an intimate partner;

Whereas 81 percent of women who are stalked by a current or former male partner are also physically abused by that partner;

Whereas, of the total domestic violence homicides, about 75 percent of the victims were killed as they attempted to leave the relationship or after the relationship had ended;

Whereas 99 percent of abusive relationships include financial abuse, causing the survivors to stay or return to the abusive relationship;

Whereas more than 8,000,000 days of paid work each year are lost due to domestic violence issues;

Whereas 96 percent of employed domestic violence victims experience problems at work due to abuse;

Whereas 1 in 15 children are exposed to intimate partner violence each year and 90 percent of these children are eyewitnesses to such violence;

Whereas children exposed to domestic violence are more likely to attempt suicide, abuse drugs and alcohol, run away from home, and become victims of human trafficking;

Whereas one large study found that men exposed to physical abuse, sexual abuse, and adult domestic violence as children were almost 4 times more likely than other men to have perpetrated domestic violence as adults;

Whereas 73 percent of male abusers were abused as children;

Whereas 1 in 10 District of Columbia high school students reported experiencing physical violence from a dating partner in the past year;

Whereas half of youth who have been victims of both dating violence and rape attempt suicide, compared to 12.5 percent of nonabused girls and 5.4 percent of nonabused boys;

Whereas there is a need for primary schools, secondary schools, and postsecondary schools to educate students about the issues of domestic violence, sexual assault, dating violence, and stalking;

Whereas a recently released multistate study shows that the Nation's domestic violence shelters are addressing victims' urgent and long-term needs and are helping victims protect themselves and their children;

Whereas a 2021 survey by the National Network to End Domestic Violence reported that 70,032 violence victims were served by domestic violence shelters and programs around the Nation in a single day;

Whereas an additional 9,444 requests for services went unmet that day due to lack of resources;

Whereas most murdered transgender women are killed by intimate partners;

Whereas a 2018 analysis on the killings of women in 47 major United States cities during the previous decade

found that nearly half (46 percent) of them died as a result of intimate partner violence;

Whereas 61.1 percent of bisexual women, 43.8 percent of lesbian women, 37.3 percent of bisexual men, and 26 percent of homosexual men experience intimate partner violence during their life;

Whereas domestic violence advocates provide lifesaving, essential services;

Whereas there is a need to increase—not reduce—funding for programs aimed at intervening in and preventing domestic violence in the United States; and

Whereas October is an appropriate month for the observance of “National Domestic Violence Awareness Month”: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved,*

2 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

3 This resolution may be cited as the “Original Na-
4 tional Domestic Violence Awareness Month Resolution of
5 2022”.

6 **SEC. 2. SUPPORTING NATIONAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE**
7 **AWARENESS MONTH.**

8 The House of Representatives—

9 (1) supports the goals and ideals of “National
10 Domestic Violence Awareness Month”; and

11 (2) expresses the sense of the House of Rep-
12 resentatives that Congress should continue to raise
13 awareness of domestic violence and its devastating
14 effects on individuals, families, and communities,

- 1 and support programs designed to end domestic vio-
- 2 lence in the United States.

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