

and waste emissions from the applicable facilities, and allow owners and operators of applicable facilities to submit empirical emissions data, in a manner to be prescribed by the Administrator, to demonstrate the extent to which a charge under subsection (c) is owed.

“(j) LIABILITY FOR CHARGE PAYMENT.—Except as established under this section, a facility owner or operator’s liability for payment of the charge under subsection (c) is not affected in any way by emission standards, permit fees, penalties, or other requirements under this Act or any other legal authorities.

“(k) DEFINITION OF GREENHOUSE GAS.—In this section, the term ‘greenhouse gas’ has the meaning given the term in section 211(o)(1)(G) (as in effect on the date of enactment of this section).”.

SEC. 6011. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY EFFICIENT, ACCURATE, AND TIMELY REVIEWS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Environmental Protection Agency for fiscal year 2022, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$40,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2026, to provide for the development of efficient, accurate, and timely reviews for permitting and approval processes through the hiring and training of personnel, the development of programmatic documents, the procurement of technical or scientific services for reviews, the development of environmental data or information systems, stakeholder and community engagement, the purchase of new equipment for environmental analysis, and the development of geographic information systems and other analysis tools, techniques, and guidance to improve agency transparency, accountability, and public engagement.

Subtitle B—Hazardous Materials

SEC. 60201. ENVIRONMENTAL AND CLIMATE JUSTICE BLOCK GRANTS.

The Clean Air Act is amended by inserting after section 134, as added by subtitle A of this title, the following:

“SEC. 135. ENVIRONMENTAL AND CLIMATE JUSTICE BLOCK GRANTS.

“(a) APPROPRIATION.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Administrator for fiscal year 2022, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated—

“(1) \$2,800,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2026, to award grants for the activities described in subsection (b); and

“(2) \$200,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2026, to provide technical assistance to eligible entities related to grants awarded under this section.

“(b) GRANTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall use amounts made available under subsection (a)(1) to award grants for periods of up to 3 years to eligible entities to carry out activities described in paragraph (2) that benefit disadvantaged communities, as defined by the Administrator.

“(2) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity may use a grant awarded under this subsection for—

“(A) community-led air and other pollution monitoring, prevention, and remediation, and investments in low- and zero-emission and resilient technologies and related infrastructure and workforce development that help reduce greenhouse gas (as defined in section 211(o)(1)(G) (as in effect on the date of enactment of this section)) emissions and other air pollutants;

“(B) mitigating climate and health risks from urban heat islands, extreme heat, wood heater emissions, and wildfire events;

“(C) climate resiliency and adaptation; and

“(D) reducing indoor toxics and indoor air pollution; or

“(E) facilitating engagement of disadvantaged communities in State and Federal public processes, including facilitating such engagement in advisory groups, workshops, and rulemakings.

“(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—In this subsection, the term ‘eligible entity’ means—

“(A) a partnership between—

“(i) an Indian tribe, a local government, or an institution of higher education; and

“(ii) a community-based nonprofit organization;

“(B) a community-based nonprofit organization; or

“(C) a partnership of community-based nonprofit organizations.

“(c) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—The Administrator shall reserve 7 percent of the amounts made available under subsection (a) for administrative costs to carry out this section.”.

SEC. 60202. SUPERFUND.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Environmental Protection Agency for fiscal year 2022, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$5,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2026, to carry out the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 through 9675).

SA 5329. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 383, strike lines 21 and 22 and insert the following:

“(i) the name and Social Security number of the taxpayer (including a certification by the person who sold such vehicle to the taxpayer that, at the time of such sale, the taxpayer demonstrated that they were a citizen or national of the United States or an alien lawfully present in the United States).

SA 5330. Mr. ROMNEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle C of title I, insert the following:

SEC. _____ . INCOME CAP ON TEMPORARY INCREASE IN PREMIUM TAX CREDIT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The table contained in clause (iii) of section 36B(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “and higher” in the last line and inserting “up to 750.0 percent”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022.

SA 5331. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 568, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 569, line 11.

SA 5332. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to

amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title II, add the following:

SEC. 20002. INCREASING INFANT FORMULA MANUFACTURER CONTRACTS UNDER WIC PROGRAM.

Section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(17), by striking “selects a single source (a single infant formula manufacturer) offering the lowest price” and inserting “selects, in accordance with subsection (h)(8)(A)(iii), infant formula manufacturers”; and

(2) in subsection (h)(8)(A)—

(A) in clause (iii)—

(i) by striking “A State” and all that follows through “bidders” and inserting the following:

“(I) IN GENERAL.—A State agency using a competitive bidding system for infant formula shall award contracts to—

“(aa) not less than 2 infant formula manufacturers; and

“(bb) bidders”; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

“(II) LIMITATION.—A State agency shall not award a contract to a single infant formula manufacturer that is for more than 70 percent of the infant formula for which the State agency contracts in a year.”;

(B) by striking clauses (v) and (vi);

(C) by redesignating clauses (vii) through (x) as clauses (v) through (viii), respectively; and

(D) in clause (viii) (as so redesignated), by striking “clause (ix)” and inserting “clause (vii)”.

SA 5333. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . EXCISE TAXES ON ONLINE PORNOGRAPHIC SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by section 11003, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

“CHAPTER 50B—ONLINE PORNOGRAPHIC SERVICES

“Sec. 5000E. Online pornographic services.

“SEC. 5000E. ONLINE PORNOGRAPHIC SERVICES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) CONTENT.—There is hereby imposed on the sale of any pornographic content, or any subscription for such content, by an online pornographic service a tax in an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid for such content or subscription.

“(2) ADVERTISEMENTS.—There is hereby imposed on the sale of any advertisement on an online pornographic service a tax in an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount paid for such advertisement.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

“(1) ONLINE PORNOGRAPHIC SERVICE.—The term ‘online pornographic service’ means an entity which is—

“(A) an interactive computer service (as defined in section 230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f))),

“(B) engaged in interstate or foreign commerce or purposefully avails itself of the United States market or a portion thereof, and

“(C) in the regular course of the trade or business of the entity, creating, hosting, or making available pornographic content provided by a user or other information content provider, with the objective intent of earning a profit as a result of those activities.

“(2) PORNOGRAPHIC CONTENT.—The term ‘pornographic content’ means, with respect to a picture, image, graphic image file, film, videotape, or other visual depiction, that such picture, image, graphic image file, film, videotape, or other depiction depicts an actual or simulated sexual act or sexual contact (as defined in section 2246 of title 18, United States Code), actual or simulate normal or perverted sexual acts, or lewd exhibition of the genitals.

“(c) PAYMENT OF TAX.—For purposes of this section, rules similar to the rules of section 5000B(c) shall apply.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for subtitle D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 50A the following new item:

“CHAPTER 50B—ONLINE PORNOGRAPHIC SERVICES”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to sales made after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. _____. ENHANCEMENT OF ADOPTION TAX CREDIT.

(a) INCREASE IN AMOUNTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 23(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “\$10,000” and inserting “\$20,000”.

(2) ADOPTION OF CHILD WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.—Paragraph (3) of section 23(a) of such Code is amended—

(A) by striking “\$10,000” in the heading and inserting “\$20,000”, and

(B) by striking “\$10,000” and inserting “\$20,000”.

(b) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT OF INCREASE AND INCOME LIMITATION.—Subsection (g) of section 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—

(1) by striking “December 31, 2002” and inserting “December 31, 2022”, and

(2) by striking “2001” in paragraph (2) thereof and inserting “2021”.

(c) MEDICAL EXPENSES.—23(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) MEDICAL EXPENSES.—The term ‘qualified adoption expenses’ shall include any reasonable medical expenses which are—

“(A) related to the pregnancy and birth of an eligible child,

“(B) incurred by an individual who has adopted such child, and

“(C) not reimbursed under a health plan or otherwise.”

(d) TEMPORARY REFUNDABILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(j) TEMPORARY REFUNDABILITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2028, this section shall be applied as provided in paragraph (2).

“(2) PORTION OF CREDIT REFUNDABLE.—The aggregate credits allowed to a taxpayer under subpart C shall be increased by the lesser of—

“(A) the credit which would be allowed under this section without regard to this subsection and the limitation under section 26(a), or

“(B) the amount by which the aggregate amount of credits allowed by this subpart (determined without regard to this subsection) would increase if the limitation imposed by section 26(a) were increased by the greater of—

“(i) 15 percent of so much of the taxpayer’s earned income (within the meaning of section 32) which is taken into account in computing taxable income for the taxable year as exceeds \$3,000, or

“(ii) in the case of a taxpayer with 3 or more qualifying children (as defined in section 24(c)), the excess (if any) of—

“(I) the taxpayer’s social security taxes for the taxable year, over

“(II) the credit allowed under section 32 for the taxable year.

“(3) ADDITIONAL RULES.—The amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall not be treated as a credit allowed under this subpart and shall reduce the amount of credit otherwise allowable under subsection (a) without regard to section 26(a). For purposes of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), any amount excluded from gross income by reason of section 112 shall be treated as earned income which is taken into account in computing taxable income for the taxable year.

“(4) SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘social security taxes’ has the same meaning given such term under section 24(d)(2).

“(5) EXCEPTION FOR TAXPAYERS EXCLUDING FOREIGN EARNED INCOME.—This subsection shall not apply to any taxpayer for any taxable year if such taxpayer elects to exclude any amount from gross income under section 911 for such taxable year.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 23(c)(1) is amended by inserting “(after the application of subsection (j))” after “for any taxable year”.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022.

SA 5334. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TEMPORARY EXEMPTIONS FROM FDA INFANT FORMULA REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to any infant formula described in subsection (e) and introduced or delivered for introduction into interstate commerce during the 187-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act—

(1) the requirements under section 412 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 350a) shall not apply;

(2) such infant formula may be manufactured, processed, packed, or held in a domestic or foreign facility that is not registered under section 415 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 350d);

(3) the requirements under parts 106 and 107 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, shall not apply; and

(4) such infant formula shall not be considered to be misbranded or adulterated solely on the basis of not being in compliance with the requirements of such section 412 or 415, or such part 106 or 107.

(b) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who introduces or delivers for introduction into interstate commerce an infant formula as described in subsection (a) shall notify the Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this subsection as the “Secretary”) if such person has knowledge which reasonably supports the conclusion that such infant formula—

(A) may not provide the nutrients required by section 412(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 350a(i)); or

(B) is a product that meets any criterion under section 402(a) of such Act (21 U.S.C.

342(a)), or which otherwise may be unsafe for infant consumption.

(2) KNOWLEDGE DEFINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term “knowledge” as applied to a person subject to such subparagraph means—

(A) the actual knowledge that the manufacturer had; or

(B) the knowledge which a reasonable person would have had under like circumstances or which would have been obtained upon the exercise of due care.

(c) RECALL AUTHORITY.—If the Secretary determines that infant formula described in subsection (e) and introduced or delivered for introduction into interstate commerce is a product described in subsection (b)(1)(B), the manufacturer or importer shall immediately take all actions necessary to recall shipments of such infant formula from all wholesale and retail establishments, consistent with recall regulations and guidelines issued by the Secretary.

(d) CLARIFICATION.—Section 801(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381(j)) shall apply with respect to any infant formula introduced or delivered for introduction into interstate commerce pursuant to this section during the 187-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) INFANT FORMULA DESCRIBED.—Infant formula is described in this subsection if the infant formula—

(1) is classified under heading 1901.10 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States;

(2) was approved by the agency of the government of that country that regulates infant formula; and

(3) is imported from—

(A) Australia;

(B) Israel;

(C) Japan;

(D) New Zealand;

(E) Switzerland;

(F) South Africa;

(G) the United Kingdom;

(H) a member country of the European Union; or

(I) a member country of the European Economic Area.

SA 5335. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5194 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill H.R. 5376, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 14; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following:

SEC. 7008. OFFICE OF FEDERAL REGULATORY RELIEF.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs within the Office of Management and Budget an Office of Federal Regulatory Relief.

(b) DIRECTOR.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be headed by a Director, who shall be the Administrator or a designee thereof, who shall—

(A) be responsible for—

(i) establishing a regulatory sandbox program described in section 7009;

(ii) receiving Program applications and ensuring those applications are complete;

(iii) referring complete Program applications to the applicable agencies;

(iv) filing final Program application decisions from the applicable agencies;

(v) hearing appeals from applicants if their applications are denied by an applicable agency in accordance with section 7009(c)(6); and

(vi) designating staff to the Office as needed; and