

through a more open, transparent, and competitive environment for United States companies competing in the Western Hemisphere, including by—

(A) facilitating further development of integrated regional energy markets;

(B) improving management of grids, including technical capability to ensure the trustworthiness of electricity providers, carriers, and management and distribution systems;

(C) facilitating private sector-led development of reliable power generation capacity;

(D) establishing a process for surveying grid capacity and management focused on identifying electricity service efficiencies and establishing cooperative mechanisms for providing technical assistance for—

(i) grid management, power pricing, and tariff issues;

(ii) establishing and maintaining appropriate regulatory best practices; and

(iii) proposals to establish regional power grids for the purpose of promoting the sale of excess supply to consumers across borders; and

(E) exploring opportunities to partner with the private sector and multilateral institutions, such as the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, to promote universal access to reliable and affordable electricity in the Western Hemisphere.

**SEC. 1286. PROMOTING TRANSPARENCY AND DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.**

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should support efforts to strengthen the capacity of democratic governance institutions and processes in the Western Hemisphere to promote a more transparent, democratic, and prosperous region.

(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and heads of other relevant Federal agencies, should support strengthening of democratic institutions and promoting transparency in the Western Hemisphere through collaborative efforts that—

(1) strengthen the capacity of national electoral institutions to ensure free, fair, and transparent electoral processes, including through pre-election assessment missions, technical assistance, and independent local and international election monitoring and observation missions;

(2) enhance the capabilities of democratically elected national legislatures, parliamentary bodies, and autonomous regulatory institutions to conduct oversight;

(3) strengthen the capacity of subnational government institutions to govern in a democratic and transparent manner, including through training and technical assistance;

(4) facilitate substantive collaborative dialogue between government, civil society, and the private sector to generate issue-based policies; and

(5) combat corruption at local and national levels, including through trainings, cooperation agreements, and bilateral or multilateral anticorruption mechanisms that strengthen attorneys general and prosecutors offices.

**SEC. 1287. WESTERN HEMISPHERE DEFINED.**

In this subtitle, the term “Western Hemisphere” does not include Cuba, Nicaragua, or Venezuela, except for purposes of section 1286.

**SA 6058.** Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5499 submitted by Mr. REED (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R.

7900, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2023 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title XVI, insert the following:

**SEC. \_\_\_\_ . SHARING CYBER CAPABILITIES AND RELATED INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN OPERATIONAL PARTNERS.**

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Chapter 19 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

**“§ 398. Sharing cyber capabilities and related information with foreign operational partners**

“(a) AUTHORITY TO SHARE CYBER CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary of Defense may, in consultation with the Secretary of State, provide cyber capabilities and related information developed or procured by the Department of Defense to foreign countries or organizations described in subsection (b) without compensation, if the Secretary determines that the provision of such cyber capabilities is primarily for the benefit of the United States.

“(b) FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND ORGANIZATIONS DESCRIBED.—The foreign countries or organizations described in this subsection are the following:

“(1) The defense or security ministry of a member country of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, the Government of Australia, the Government of Japan, the Government of the Republic of Korea, the Government of Israel, or the Government of New Zealand.

“(2) A subsidiary of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

“(3) The defense or security ministry of a country other than a country described in paragraph (1), if the Secretary determines that sharing capabilities under subsection (a) with such defense or security ministry is in the national security interest of the United States.

“(c) PROCEDURES.—(1) Prior to the first use of the authority provided by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall establish and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress procedures for a coordination process for subsection (a) that is consistent with the operational timelines required to support the national security of the United States.

“(2) The Secretary shall promptly notify the appropriate committees of Congress in writing of any changes to the procedures established under paragraph (1) at least 14 days prior to the adoption of any such changes.

“(d) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress notice in writing of any use of the authority provided by subsection (a) no later than 48 hours following the use of the authority.

“(2) Notification under paragraph (1) shall include a certification that the provision of the cyber capabilities was primarily for the benefit of the United States.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘appropriate committees of Congress’ means—

“(A) the congressional defense committees;

“(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

“(C) Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

“(2) The term ‘cyber capability’ means a device or computer program, including any combination of software, firmware, or hardware, designed to create an effect in or through cyberspace.”.

(b) TABLE OF SECTIONS AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“398. Sharing cyber capabilities and related information with foreign operational partners.”.

**SA 6059.** Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5499 submitted by Mr. REED (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 7900, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2023 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title XXVIII, add the following:

**SEC. 2825. AUDIT OF CERTAIN MILITARY HOUSING CONDITIONS IN KEY WEST, FLORIDA.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall commence the conduct of an audit to assess—

(1) the conditions of housing units at Naval Air Station Key West Sigsbee Park Annex;

(2) the percentage of those units that are considered unsafe or unhealthy housing units;

(3) the process used to report housing concerns relating to those units;

(4) the extent to which individuals who experience unsafe or unhealthy housing units at Naval Air Station Key West Sigsbee Park Annex incur relocation, per diem, or similar expenses as a direct result of displacement that are not covered by a landlord, insurance, or claims process and the feasibility of providing reimbursement for uncovered expenses; and

(5) what is needed to provide appropriate and safe living quarters for members of the Armed Forces and their families in Key West, Florida.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the commencement of the audit under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the results of the audit.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.—The term “privatized military housing” means military housing provided under subchapter IV of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) UNSAFE OR UNHEALTHY HOUSING UNIT.—The term “unsafe or unhealthy housing unit” means a unit of privatized military housing in which is present, at levels exceeding national standards or guidelines, at least one of the following hazards:

(A) Physiological hazards, including the following:

(i) Dampness or microbial growth.

(ii) Lead-based paint.

(iii) Asbestos or manmade fibers.

(iv) Ionizing radiation.

(v) Biocides.

(vi) Carbon monoxide.

(vii) Volatile organic compounds.

(viii) Infectious agents.

(ix) Fine particulate matter.

(B) Psychological hazards, including the following:

(i) Ease of access by unlawful intruders.

(ii) Lighting issues.

(iii) Poor ventilation.