

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1735

To coordinate Federal research and development efforts focused on modernizing mathematics in STEM education through mathematical and statistical modeling, including data-driven and computational thinking, problem, project, and performance-based learning and assessment, interdisciplinary exploration, and career connections, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 23, 2023

Ms. HOULAHAN (for herself and Mr. BAIRD) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

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## A BILL

To coordinate Federal research and development efforts focused on modernizing mathematics in STEM education through mathematical and statistical modeling, including data-driven and computational thinking, problem, project, and performance-based learning and assessment, interdisciplinary exploration, and career connections, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Mathematical and Sta-  
5       tistical Modeling Education Act”.

## **1 SEC. 2. MATHEMATICAL AND STATISTICAL MODELING EDU-**

## **2 CATION.**

3       (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

18 (4) Many STEM occupations offer higher  
19 wages, more opportunities for advancement, and a  
20 higher degree of job security than non-STEM jobs.

(5) The STEM workforce relies on computational and data-driven discovery, decision making, and predictions, from models that often must quantify uncertainty, as in weather predictions, spread of disease, or financial forecasting.

1                             (6) Most fields, including analytics, science, eco-  
2                             nomics, publishing, marketing, actuarial science, op-  
3                             erations research, engineering, and medicine, require  
4                             data savvy, including the ability to select reliable  
5                             sources of data, identify and remove errors in data,  
6                             recognize and quantify uncertainty in data, visualize  
7                             and analyze data, and use data to develop under-  
8                             standing or make predictions.

9                             (7) Rapidly emerging fields, such as artificial  
10                          intelligence, machine learning, quantum computing  
11                          and quantum information, all rely on mathematical  
12                          and statistical concepts, which are critical to prove  
13                          under what circumstances an algorithm or experi-  
14                          ment will work and when it will fail.

15                          (8) Military academies have a long tradition in  
16                          teaching mathematical modeling and would benefit  
17                          from the ability to recruit students with this exper-  
18                          tise from their other school experiences.

19                          (9) Mathematical modeling has been a strong  
20                          educational priority globally, especially in China,  
21                          where participation in United States mathematical  
22                          modeling challenges in high school and higher edu-  
23                          cation is orders of magnitude higher than in the  
24                          United States, and Chinese teams are taking a ma-  
25                          jority of the prizes.

(10) Girls participate in mathematical modeling challenges at all levels at similar levels as boys, while in traditional mathematical competitions girls participate less and drop out at every stage. Students cite opportunity for teamwork, using mathematics and statistics in meaningful contexts, ability to use computation, and emphasis on communication as reasons for continued participation in modeling challenges.

10 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

11                             (1) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means  
12                             the Director of the National Science Foundation.

(5) MATHEMATICAL MODELING.—The term “mathematical modeling” has the meaning given the term in the 2019 Guidelines to Assessment and In-

1       struction in Mathematical Modeling Education  
2       (GAIMME) report, 2nd edition.

3                     (6) OPERATIONS RESEARCH.—The term “oper-  
4       ations research” means the application of scientific  
5       methods to the management and administration of  
6       organized military, governmental, commercial, and  
7       industrial processes to maximize operational effi-  
8       ciency.

9                     (7) STATISTICAL MODELING.—The term “sta-  
10       tistical modeling” has the meaning given the term in  
11       the 2021 Guidelines to Assessment and Instruction  
12       in Statistical Education (GAISE II) report.

13                     (8) STEM.—The term “STEM” means the aca-  
14       demic and professional disciplines of science, tech-  
15       nology, engineering, and mathematics.

16       (c) PREPARING EDUCATORS TO ENGAGE STUDENTS  
17       IN MATHEMATICAL AND STATISTICAL MODELING.—The  
18       Director shall provide grants on a merit-reviewed, com-  
19       petitive basis to institutions of higher education, and non-  
20       profit organizations (or a consortium thereof) for research  
21       and development to advance innovative approaches to sup-  
22       port and sustain high-quality mathematical modeling edu-  
23       cation in schools operated by local education agencies, in-  
24       cluding statistical modeling, data science, operations re-  
25       search, and computational thinking. The Director shall en-

1 courage applicants to form partnerships to address critical  
2 transitions, such as middle school to high school, high  
3 school to college, and school to internships and jobs.

4 (d) APPLICATION.—An entity seeking a grant under  
5 subsection (c) shall submit an application at such time,  
6 in such manner, and containing such information as the  
7 Director may require. The application shall include the fol-  
8 lowing:

9 (1) A description of the target population to be  
10 served by the research activity for which such grant  
11 is sought, including student subgroups described in  
12 section 1111(b)(2)(B)(xi) of the Elementary and  
13 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.  
14 6311(b)(2)(B)(xi)), and students experiencing home-  
15 lessness and children and youth in foster care.

16 (2) A description of the process for recruitment  
17 and selection of students, educators, or local edu-  
18 cational agencies to participate in such research ac-  
19 tivity.

20 (3) A description of how such research activity  
21 may inform efforts to promote the engagement and  
22 achievement of students in prekindergarten through  
23 grade 12 in mathematical modeling and statistical  
24 modeling using problem-based learning with contex-  
25 tualized data and computational tools.

1                             (4) In the case of a proposal consisting of a  
2 partnership or partnerships with 1 or more local  
3 educational agencies and 1 or more researchers, a  
4 plan for establishing a sustained partnership that is  
5 jointly developed and managed, draws from the ca-  
6 pacities of each partner, and is mutually beneficial.

7                             (e) PARTNERSHIPS.—In awarding grants under sub-  
8 section (c), the Director shall encourage applications that  
9 include—

10                             (1) partnership with a nonprofit organization or  
11 an institution of higher education that has extensive  
12 experience and expertise in increasing the participa-  
13 tion of students in prekindergarten through grade  
14 12 in mathematical modeling and statistical mod-  
15 eling;

16                             (2) partnership with a local educational agency,  
17 a consortium of local educational agencies, or Tribal  
18 educational agencies;

19                             (3) an assurance from school leaders to making  
20 reforms and activities proposed by the applicant a  
21 priority;

22                             (4) ways to address critical transitions, such as  
23 middle school to high school, high school to college,  
24 and school to internships and jobs;

1                         (5) input from education researchers and cognitive scientists, as well as practitioners in research  
2                         and industry, so that what is being taught is up-to-date in terms of content and pedagogy;

5                         (6) a communications strategy for early conversations with parents, school leaders, school boards, community members, employers, and other stakeholders; and

9                         (7) resources for parents, school leaders, school boards, community members, and other stakeholders to build skills in modeling and analytics.

12                         (f) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity that receives a grant under this section shall use the grant funds for research and development activities to advance innovative approaches to support and sustain high-quality mathematical modeling education in public schools, including statistical modeling, data science, operations research, and computational thinking, which may include—

19                         (1) engaging prekindergarten through grade 12 educators in professional learning opportunities to enhance mathematical modeling and statistical problem solving knowledge, and developing training and best practices to provide more interdisciplinary learning opportunities;

- 1                         (2) conducting research on curricula and teach-  
2                         ing practices that empower students to choose the  
3                         mathematical, statistical, computational, and technolo-  
4                         gical tools that they will apply to a problem, as is  
5                         required in life and the workplace, rather than pre-  
6                         scribing a particular approach or method;
- 7                         (3) providing students with opportunities to ex-  
8                         plore and analyze real data sets from contexts that  
9                         are meaningful to the students, which may include—  
10                         (A) missing or incorrect values;  
11                         (B) quantities of data that require choice  
12                         and use of appropriate technology;  
13                         (C) multiple data sets that require choices  
14                         about which data are relevant to the current  
15                         problem; and  
16                         (D) data of various types including quan-  
17                         tities, words, and images;
- 18                         (4) taking a school or district-wide approach to  
19                         professional development in mathematical modeling  
20                         and statistical modeling;
- 21                         (5) engaging rural local agencies;
- 22                         (6) supporting research on effective mathe-  
23                         matical modeling and statistical modeling teaching  
24                         practices, including problem- and project-based  
25                         learning, universal design for accessibility, and ru-

1       brics and mastery-based grading practices to assess  
2       student performance;

3               (7) designing and developing pre-service and in-  
4       service training resources to assist educators in  
5       adopting transdisciplinary teaching practices within  
6       mathematics and statistics courses;

7               (8) coordinating with local partners to adapt  
8       mathematics and statistics teaching practices to le-  
9       verage local natural, business, industry, and commu-  
10      nity assets in order to support community-based  
11      learning;

12               (9) providing hands-on training and research  
13       opportunities for mathematics and statistics edu-  
14       cators at Federal laboratories, institutions of higher  
15       education, or in industry;

16               (10) developing mechanisms for partnerships  
17       between educators and employers to help educators  
18       and students make connections between their mathe-  
19       matics and statistics projects and topics of relevance  
20       in today's world;

21               (11) designing and implementing professional  
22       development courses and experiences, including men-  
23       toring for educators, that combine face-to-face and  
24       online experiences;

1                         (12) addressing critical transitions, such as  
2                         middle school to high school, high school to college,  
3                         and school to internships and jobs; and

4                         (13) any other activity the Director determines  
5                         will accomplish the goals of this section.

6                 (g) EVALUATIONS.—All proposals for grants under  
7                         this section shall include an evaluation plan that includes  
8                         the use of outcome oriented measures to assess the impact  
9                         and efficacy of the grant. Each recipient of a grant under  
10                         this section shall include results from these evaluative ac-  
11                         tivities in annual and final projects.

12                 (h) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—

13                         (1) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Director  
14                         shall evaluate the portfolio of grants awarded under  
15                         this section. Such evaluation shall—

16                         (A) use a common set of benchmarks and  
17                         tools to assess the results of research conducted  
18                         under such grants and identify best practices;  
19                         and

20                         (B) to the extent practicable, integrate the  
21                         findings of research resulting from the activities  
22                         funded through such grants with the findings of  
23                         other research on student's pursuit of degrees  
24                         or careers in STEM.

1                             (2) REPORT ON EVALUATIONS.—Not later than  
2                             180 days after the completion of the evaluation  
3                             under paragraph (1), the Director shall submit to  
4                             Congress and make widely available to the public a  
5                             report that includes—

6                                 (A) the results of the evaluation; and  
7                                 (B) any recommendations for administra-  
8                                 tive and legislative action that could optimize  
9                                 the effectiveness of the grants awarded under  
10                                 this section.

11                             (i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For each  
12                             of fiscal years 2024 through 2028, there are authorized  
13                             to be appropriated to the National Science Foundation  
14                             \$10,000,000 to carry out the activities under this section.

15                             **SEC. 3. NASEM REPORT ON MATHEMATICAL AND STATIS-  
16                                 TICAL MODELING EDUCATION IN PRE-  
17                                 KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 12TH GRADE.**

18                             (a) STUDY.—Not later than 60 days after the date  
19                             of enactment of this Act, the Director shall seek to enter  
20                             into an agreement with the National Academies of  
21                             Sciences, Engineering and Medicine (in this section re-  
22                             ferred to as “NASEM”) (or if NASEM declines to enter  
23                             into such an agreement, another appropriate entity) under  
24                             which NASEM, or such other appropriate entity, agrees  
25                             to conduct a study on the following:

1                         (1) Factors that enhance or barriers to the im-  
2                         plementation of mathematical modeling and statis-  
3                         tical modeling in elementary and secondary edu-  
4                         cation, including opportunities for and barriers to  
5                         use modeling to integrate mathematical and statis-  
6                         tical ideas across the curriculum, including the fol-  
7                         lowing:

8                             (A) Pathways in mathematical modeling  
9                         and statistical problem solving from kinder-  
10                         garten to the workplace so that students are  
11                         able to identify opportunities to use their school  
12                         mathematics and statistics in a variety of jobs  
13                         and life situations and so that employers can  
14                         benefit from students' school learning of data  
15                         science, computational thinking, mathematics,  
16                         statistics, and related subjects.

17                             (B) The role of community-based prob-  
18                         lems, service-based learning, and internships for  
19                         connecting students with career preparatory ex-  
20                         periences.

21                             (C) Best practices in problem-, project-,  
22                         performance-based learning and assessment.

23                             (2) Characteristics of teacher education pro-  
24                         grams that successfully prepare teachers to engage  
25                         students in mathematical modeling and statistical

1 modeling, as well as gaps and suggestions for building capacity in the pre-service and in-service teacher workforce.

4 (3) Mechanisms for communication with stakeholders, including parents, administrators, and the public, to promote understanding and knowledge of the value of mathematical modeling and statistical modeling in education.

9 (b) PUBLIC STAKEHOLDER MEETING.—In the course  
10 of completing the study described in subsection (a),  
11 NASEM or such other appropriate entity shall hold not  
12 less than one public meeting to obtain stakeholder input  
13 on the topics of such study.

14 (c) REPORT.—The agreement under subsection (a)  
15 shall require NASEM, or such other appropriate entity,  
16 not later than 24 months after the effective date of such  
17 agreement, to submit to the Secretary of Education and  
18 the appropriate committees of jurisdiction of Congress a  
19 report containing—

20 (1) the results of the study conducted under  
21 subsection (a);

22 (2) recommendations to modernize the processes described in subsection (a)(1); and

1                   (3) recommendations for such legislative and  
2                   administrative action as NASEM, or such other ap-  
3                   propriate entity, determines appropriate.

4                   (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For fis-  
5                   cal year 2024, there are authorized to be appropriated to  
6                   the National Science Foundation \$1,000,000 to carry out  
7                   the activities under this section.

○