

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 6745

To amend the National Labor Relations Act to permit certain employees to engage in independent negotiating.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 13, 2023

Mr. BURLISON (for himself, Mr. NEHLS, and Mr. GOOD of Virginia) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

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## A BILL

To amend the National Labor Relations Act to permit certain employees to engage in independent negotiating.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Worker’s Choice Act  
5       of 2023”.

6       **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7       Congress finds the following:

8           (1) In 1935, Congress passed the National  
9           Labor Relations Act to protect the full freedom of  
10          association for employees.

1                   (2) The Bureau of Labor Statistics reports that  
2                   the labor organization representation in the private  
3                   sector was 6.8 percent in 2022. 93.2 percent of pri-  
4                   vate sector employees had the freedom to represent  
5                   themselves directly with their employer.

6                   (3) Over half the States have right-to-work  
7                   laws, which guarantees an employee's right to re-  
8                   frain from paying labor organization fees as a condi-  
9                   tion of employment.

10                  (4) Employees in right-to-work States who opt  
11                  out of a labor organization must still accept labor  
12                  organization negotiated compensation and terms of  
13                  employment depriving them of their freedom from  
14                  associating with the labor organization.

15                  (5) These employees should have the right to  
16                  represent themselves in dealings with an employer.

17                  (6) While no employee should be required to  
18                  pay a third party just to keep their job, labor orga-  
19                  nizations should be relieved of the requirement to  
20                  provide services to nonpaying employees in right-to-  
21                  work States that opt out of membership, refrain  
22                  from paying dues, and reject labor organization rep-  
23                  resentation.

1     **SEC. 3. INDEPENDENT NEGOTIATING.**

2         (a) UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.—Section 8 of the  
3     National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158) is amend-  
4     ed—

5             (1) in subsection (a)(3)—

6                 (A) by striking the “or” before “(B)”;  
7                 (B) by striking “membership;” and insert-  
8                 ing “membership, or (C) if, in a covered State,  
9                 the employee has ceased to be a member of a  
10                 labor organization or pay an exclusive rep-  
11                 resentative”; and

12             (2) in subsection (b)—

13                 (A) in paragraph (6), by striking “and” at  
14                 the end;

15                 (B) in the matter following paragraph (7),  
16                 by striking the period at the end and inserting  
17                 a colon; and

18                 (C) by inserting at the end the following:  
19                 “(8) in a covered State, to represent or bargain  
20                 on behalf of employees who have ceased to be a  
21                 member of a labor organization or pay an exclusive  
22                 representative;

23                 “(9) in a covered State, to interfere with em-  
24                 ployees who have ceased to be a member of a labor  
25                 organization or pay an exclusive representative en-  
26                 gaged in independent negotiating; and

1           “(10) in a covered State, to restrain or coerce  
2       employees who have ceased to be a member of a  
3       labor organization or pay an exclusive representative  
4       from engaging in independent negotiating.”.

5           (b) EXCLUSION OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN INDE-  
6 PENDENT NEGOTIATING FROM REPRESENTATION.—Sec-

7 tion 9(a) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 159(a)) is amended—

8           (1) by inserting “(other than any employee who  
9       has elected to engage in independent negotiating)”  
10      after “all the employees”;

11           (2) by inserting “, in a State or Territory that  
12       is not a covered State,” before “any individual”; and

13           (3) by inserting “and, in a covered State, an in-  
14       dividual employee shall engage in independent nego-  
15       tiating with their employer if such employee has  
16       ceased to be a member of a labor organization or  
17       pay an exclusive representative” after “in effect”.

18           (c) INDEPENDENT NEGOTIATING AND COVERED

19 STATE DEFINED.—Section 2 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 152)  
20 is amended by adding at the end the following:

21           “(15) The term ‘independent negotiating’ means, in  
22 a unit located in a covered State with an exclusive rep-  
23 resentative for the purposes of collective bargaining, nego-  
24 tiating between an employer and an individual employee  
25 as though such employee were not in such a unit and with-

1 out regard to the existence of a collective-bargaining con-  
2 tract or agreement.

3       “(16) The term ‘covered State’ means a State or Ter-  
4 ritory which prohibits the execution or application of  
5 agreements requiring membership in, or payment to, a  
6 labor organization as a condition of employment.”.

