

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 9513

To require a Federal science strategy for monitoring and detection of methane, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 10, 2024

Mr. BEYER (for himself and Mr. LAMBORN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

A BILL

To require a Federal science strategy for monitoring and detection of methane, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Methane Monitoring
5 Science Act of 2024”.

6 **SEC. 2. FEDERAL METHANE EMISSIONS DETECTION STRAT-**
7 **EGY.**

8 (a) STRATEGY.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
10 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-

1 trator of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
2 ministration (NASA), in consultation with the Ad-
3 minister of the National Oceanic and Atmos-
4 pheric Administration, the Director of the National
5 Institute of Standards and Technology, and the
6 heads of other relevant agencies, shall enter into an
7 agreement with the National Academies of Sciences,
8 Engineering, and Medicine (in this section referred
9 to as the “National Academies”) to develop a
10 science-based strategy to assess, evaluate, and make
11 recommendations regarding the use of present and
12 future methane monitoring and detection capabili-
13 ties, including ground-based, airborne, and space-
14 based sensors and integration of data relating to
15 such monitoring and detection from other indicators,
16 with a focus on the ability to detect both methane
17 emissions and large methane emission events (com-
18 monly referred to as “methane emissions”).

19 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The strategy described in
20 paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

21 (A) Examination of whether and how cur-
22 rent and planned Federal methane monitoring
23 and detection capabilities may be leveraged to
24 monitor and detect methane emissions, and
25 identify key gaps in such capabilities.

6 (C) Consideration regarding how agencies
7 that conduct methane monitoring and detection
8 can enhance the scientific and operational value
9 and enable the broader application of informa-
10 tion regarding methane emissions, including by
11 operationalizing methane emissions data to sup-
12 port the rapid mitigation of methane leaks and
13 integrating such data from multiple sources.

22 (E) Plan for the rapid adoption of ad-
23 vanced measurement technologies and meth-
24 odologies into current and future Federal and
25 State regulations for the purpose of compliance.

9 (G) Examination of actions taken by Fed-
10 eral agencies and departments in response to
11 the National Strategy to Advance an Integrated
12 U.S. Greenhouse Gas Measurement, Moni-
13 toring, and Information System, including
14 progress towards pathways to enhance the sci-
15 entific and operational value of information re-
16 garding methane emissions.

17 (H) Recommendations regarding the activi-
18 ties under subparagraphs (A) through (G), as
19 appropriate.

20 (b) USE OF STRATEGY.—The Administrator of
21 NASA may use the strategy described in subsection (a)
22 to inform the planning of research and development activi-
23 ties regarding methane monitoring and detection and the
24 monitoring and detection of methane emissions.

1 (c) ENGAGEMENT.—The agreement with the Na-
2 tional Academies under subsection (a) shall require the
3 National Academies to hold workshops or events to regu-
4 larly engage openly with stakeholders, agencies, and Con-
5 gress in the intermediary during the preparation of the
6 strategy under such subsection.

7 (d) REPORT.—Not later than 24 months after the
8 date of the execution of the agreement between the Admin-
9 istrator of NASA and the National Academies under sub-
10 section (a), the National Academies shall submit to the
11 Administrator of NASA, the Committee on Science,
12 Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives,
13 and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
14 tation of the Senate a report on the strategy described
15 in such subsection. Such report shall also contain a consid-
16 eration relating to regional distinctions regarding how
17 methane can be monitored and detected most effectively.

18 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
19 authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator of
20 NASA \$1,800,000 to carry out this section.

21 (f) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “methane
22 monitoring and detection” means the direct observation,
23 from space or in-situ, and measured emissions data from
24 source- and site-level technologies such as continuous or

- 1 periodic monitoring, or collection of measurement data
- 2 pertaining to, methane emissions and levels.

