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118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2003

To authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 15, 2023

Mr. Risch (for himself, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Ricketts, Mr. Graham, Mr. Kelly, Mr. Manchin, Mrs. Britt, Mr. Fetterman, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Braun, Mr. Welch, Mr. Hickenlooper, Mr. Scott of Florida, Mr. Young, Ms. Hirono, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Cornyn, Mrs. Shaheen, and Mr. Coons) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

January 30, 2024

Reported by Mr. CARDIN, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the
- 5 "Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for
- 6 Ukrainians Act" or the "REPO for Ukrainians Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—CONFISCATION AND REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS

- Sec. 101. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress regarding importance of the Russian Federation providing compensation to Ukraine.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on release of blocked Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 104. Authority to ensure compensation to Ukraine using confiscated Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 105. International agreement to use Russian sovereign assets to provide for the reconstruction of Ukraine.
- Sec. 106. Report on use of confiscated Russian sovereign assets for reconstruction.
- Sec. 107. Assessment by Secretary of State and Administrator of United States

 Agency for International Development on reconstruction and rebuilding needs of Ukraine.
- Sec. 108. Exception relating to importation of goods.
- Sec. 109. Definitions.

TITLE II—MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS COORDINATION

- Sec. 201. Statement of policy regarding coordination of multilateral sanctions with respect to the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 202. Assessment of impact of Ukraine-related sanctions on the economy of the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 203. Information on voting practices in the United Nations with respect to the invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation.

TITLE I—CONFISCATION AND

2 **REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN**

3 **SOVEREIGN ASSETS**

- 4 SEC. 101. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-6 ings:
- 7 (1) On February 24, 2022, the Government of
 8 the Russian Federation violated the sovereignty and
 9 territorial integrity of Ukraine by engaging in a pre10 meditated, second illegal invasion of Ukraine.
 - (2) The international community has condemned the illegal invasions of Ukraine by the Russian Federation, as well as the commission of war crimes by the Russian Federation, including through the deliberate targeting of civilians and civilian infrastructure and the commission of sexual violence.
 - (3) The leaders of the G7 have called the Russian Federation's "unprovoked and completely unjustified attack on the democratic state of Ukraine" a "serious violation of international law and a grave breach of the United Nations Charter and all commitments Russia entered in the Helsinki Final Act and the Charter of Paris and its commitments in the Budapest Memorandum".

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(4) On March 2, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution ES-11/1, entitled "Aggression against Ukraine", by a vote of 141 to 5. That resolution "deplore[d] in the strongest terms the aggression by the Russian Federation against Ukraine in violation of Article 2(4) of the [United Nations] Charter" and demanded that the Russian Federation "immediately cease its use of force against Ukraine" and "immediately, completely and unconditionally withdraw all of its military forces from the territory of Ukraine within its internationally recognized borders".

- (5) On March 16, 2022, the International Court of Justice issued provisional measures ordering the Russian Federation to "immediately suspend the military operations that it commenced on 24 February 2022 in the territory of Ukraine".
- (6) On November 14, 2022, the United Nations
 General Assembly adopted a resolution—
- (A) recognizing that the Russian Federation must bear the legal consequences of all of its internationally wrongful acts, including making reparation for the injury, including any damage, caused by such acts;

1 (B) recognizing the need for the establish2 ment of an international mechanism for repara3 tion for damage, loss, or injury caused by the
4 Russian Federation in Ukraine; and

(C) recommending creation of an international register of such damage, loss, or injury.

(7) Under international law, a country that is responsible for an internationally wrongful act is under an obligation to compensate for the damage it has caused if such damage cannot be made good by restitution. The Russian Federation bears such responsibility to compensate Ukraine, and because of this grave breach of international law, all states are legally entitled to take countermeasures that are proportionate and aimed at inducing the Russian Federation to comply with its international obligations, including countermeasures that suspend ordinary international obligations to the Russian Federation, to help enforce the obligation of the Russian Federation to compensate Ukraine.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that, having committed an act of aggression, as recognized by the United Nations General Assembly on March 2, 2022, the Russian Federation is to be considered

1	as an aggressor state. The extreme illegal actions taken
2	by the Russian Federation, including an act of aggression
3	present a unique situation, requiring and justifying the es-
4	tablishment of a legal authority to compensate victims of
5	aggression by the Russian Federation in Ukraine. In this
6	ease, that authority is the authority of the United States
7	Government and other countries to confiscate Russian sov-
8	ereign assets in their respective jurisdictions to help en-
9	force the obligation of the Russian Federation to com-
10	pensate Ukraine.
11	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE
12	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION PROVIDING
13	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.
13 14	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE. It is the sense of Congress that—
14	
	It is the sense of Congress that—
14 15	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility
14 15 16	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of
14 15 16 17	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated
14 15 16 17	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian
114 115 116 117 118	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that began on February 24, 2022;
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	It is the sense of Congress that— (1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that began on February 24, 2022; (2) the full cost of the Russian Federation's un-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that began on February 24, 2022; (2) the full cost of the Russian Federation's un- lawful war against Ukraine and the amount of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility for the financial burden of the reconstruction of Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that began on February 24, 2022; (2) the full cost of the Russian Federation's un- lawful war against Ukraine and the amount of money the Russian Federation must pay Ukraine

(3) the Russian Federation is now on notice of its opportunity to comply with its international obligations, including compensation, or, by agreement with the government of independent Ukraine, authorize an international body or mechanism to address those outstanding obligations with authority to make binding decisions on parties that comply in good faith;

(4) the Russian Federation can, by negotiated agreement, participate in any international process to assess the full cost of the Russian Federation's unlawful war against Ukraine and make funds available to compensate for damage, loss, and injury arising from its internationally wrongful acts in Ukraine, and if it fails to do so, the United States and other countries should explore other avenues for ensuring compensation to Ukraine, including confiscation and repurposing of assets of the Russian Federation;

(5) the President should lead robust engagement on all bilateral and multilateral aspects of the response by the United States to efforts by the Russian Federation to undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including on any policy coordination and alignment regarding the dis-

1	position of Russian sovereign assets in the context of
2	compensation;
3	(6) the confiscation and repurposing of Russian
4	sovereign assets by the United States is in the vital
5	national security interests of the United States and
6	consistent with United States and international law;
7	and
8	(7) the United States should work with inter-
9	national allies and partners on the confiscation and
10	repurposing of Russian sovereign assets as part of a
11	coordinated, multilateral effort, including with G7
12	countries and other countries in which Russian sov-
13	ereign assets are located.
14	SEC. 103. PROHIBITION ON RELEASE OF BLOCKED RUSSIAN
15	SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
16	(a) In General.—No Russian sovereign asset that
17	is blocked or immobilized by the Department of the Treas-
18	ury before the date specified in section 104(g) may be re-
19	leased or mobilized until the President certifies to the ap-
20	propriate congressional committees that—
21	(1) hostilities between the Russian Federation
22	and Ukraine have ceased; and
23	(2)(A) full compensation has been made to
24	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion of

1	(B) the Russian Federation is participating in
2	a bona fide international mechanism that, by agree-
3	ment, will discharge the obligations of the Russian
4	Federation to compensate Ukraine for all amounts
5	determined to be owed to Ukraine.
6	(b) Notification.—Not later than 30 days before
7	the release or mobilization of a Russian sovereign asset
8	that previously had been blocked or immobilized by the
9	Department of the Treasury, the President shall submit
10	to the appropriate congressional committees—
11	(1) a notification of the decision to release or
12	mobilize the asset; and
13	(2) a justification in writing for such release or
14	mobilization.
15	(c) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—
16	(1) In General.—No Russian sovereign asset
17	that previously had been blocked or immobilized by
18	the Department of the Treasury may be released or
19	mobilized if, within 30 days of receipt of the notifi-
20	cation and justification required under subsection
21	(b), a joint resolution is enacted prohibiting the pro-
22	posed release or mobilization.
23	(2) Expedited procedures.—Any joint reso-
24	lution described in paragraph (1) introduced in ei-

ther House of Congress shall be considered in ac-

1	cordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the
2	International Security Assistance and Arms Export
3	Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94–329; 90 Stat.
4	765), except that any such resolution shall be
5	amendable. If such a joint resolution should be ve-
6	toed by the President, the time for debate in consid-
7	eration of the veto message on such measure shall
8	be limited to 20 hours in the Senate and in the
9	House of Representatives shall be determined in ac-
10	cordance with the Rules of the House.
11	(d) Cooperation on Prohibition of Release of
12	CERTAIN RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.—The President
13	may take such action as may be necessary to seek to ob-
14	tain an agreement or arrangement between the United
15	States, Ukraine, and other countries that have blocked or
16	immobilized Russian sovereign assets to prohibit such as-
17	sets from being released or mobilized until an agreement
18	has been reached that discharges the Russian Federation
19	from further obligations to compensate Ukraine.
20	SEC. 104. AUTHORITY TO ENSURE COMPENSATION TO
21	UKRAINE USING CONFISCATED RUSSIAN SOV-
22	EREIGN ASSETS.
23	(a) Reporting on Russian Assets.—
24	(1) Notice required.—Not later than 30
25	days after the date of the enactment of this Act the

President shall, by means of such instructions or regulations as the President may prescribe, require any United States financial institution at which Russian sovereign assets are located, and that knows or should know of such assets, to provide notice of such assets, including relevant information required under section 501.603(b)(ii) of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), to the Secretary of the Treasury not later than 10 days after detection of such assets.

(2) REPORT REQUIRED.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing the status of Russian sovereign assets subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(B) FORM.—The report required by subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(b) Confiscation.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President may confiscate any Russian sovereign assets subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

1	(2) Liquidation and Deposit.—The Presi-
2	dent shall—
3	(A) deposit any funds confiscated under
4	paragraph (1) into the Ukraine Support Fund
5	established under subsection (e);
6	(B) liquidate or sell any other property
7	confiscated under paragraph (1) and deposit
8	the funds resulting from such liquidation or
9	sale into the Ukraine Support Fund established
10	under subsection (e); and
11	(C) make all such funds available for the
12	purposes described in subsection (d).
13	(3) METHOD OF CONFISCATION.—The Presi-
14	dent shall confiscate Russian sovereign assets under
15	paragraph (1) through instructions or licenses or in
16	such other manner as the President determines ap-
17	propriate.
18	(4) VESTING.—All right, title, and interest in
19	Russian sovereign assets confiscated under para-
20	graph (1) shall vest, if necessary, in the Government
21	of the United States while being held in the Ukraine
22	Support Fund established under subsection (e).
23	(c) Establishment of the Ukraine Support
24	Fund.—

1	(1) In General.—The President shall establish
2	a non-interest-bearing account, to be known as the
3	"Ukraine Support Fund", to consist of the funds de-
4	posited into the account under subsection (b).
5	(2) USE OF FUNDS.—The funds in the account
6	established under paragraph (1) shall be available to
7	be used only as specified in subsection (d).
8	(d) Use of Confiscated Property.—
9	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
10	funds in the Ukraine Support Fund shall be avail-
11	able to the Secretary of State, in consultation with
12	the Administrator of the United States Agency for
13	International Development, for the purpose of com-
14	pensating Ukraine for damages resulting from the
15	unlawful invasion by the Russian Federation that
16	began on February 24, 2022, including through, to
17	the extent possible, the provision of such funds to an
18	international body or mechanism charged with deter-
19	mining compensation and providing assistance to
20	Ukraine, for purposes that include the following:
21	(A) Reconstruction and rebuilding efforts
22	in Ukraine.
23	(B) To provide humanitarian assistance to
24	the people of Ukraine.

1	(C) Such other purposes as the Secretary
2	determines directly and effectively support the
3	recovery of Ukraine and the welfare of the peo-
4	ple of Ukraine.
5	(2) Notification.—
6	(A) In General.—The Secretary of State
7	shall notify the appropriate congressional com-
8	mittees not fewer than 15 days before providing
9	any funds from the Ukraine Support Fund to
10	the Government of Ukraine or to any other per-
11	son or international organization for the pur-
12	poses described in paragraph (1).
13	(B) Elements.—A notification under sub-
14	paragraph (A) with respect to the provision of
15	funds to the Government of Ukraine shall speci-
16	fy —
17	(i) the amount of funds to be pro-
18	vided;
19	(ii) the purpose for which such funds
20	are provided; and
21	(iii) the recipient.
22	(e) Judicial Review.—
23	(1) In General.—The confiscation of Russian
24	sovereign assets under subsection (b)(1) shall not be
25	subject to judicial review.

1	(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this
2	subsection shall be construed to limit any private in-
3	dividual or entity from asserting due process claims
4	in United States courts.
5	(f) Exception for United States Obligations
6	Under Vienna Conventions.—The authorities pro-
7	vided by this section may not be exercised in a manner
8	inconsistent with the obligations of the United States
9	under—
10	(1) the Convention on Diplomatic Relations,
11	done at Vienna April 18, 1961, and entered into
12	force April 24, 1964 (23 UST 3227);
13	(2) the Convention on Consular Relations, done
14	at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force on
15	March 19, 1967 (21 UST 77);
16	(3) the Agreement Regarding the Headquarters
17	of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June
18	26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947
19	(TIAS 1676); or
20	(4) any other international agreement governing
21	the use of force and establishing rights under inter-
22	national humanitarian law.
23	(g) Sunset.—The authority to confiscate, liquidate,
24	and transfer Russian sovereign assets under this section
25	shall terminate on the earlier of

1	(1) the date that is 5 years after the date of the
2	enactment of this Act; or
3	(2) the date that is 120 days after the date on
4	which the President determines and certifies to the
5	appropriate congressional committees that—
6	(A) hostilities between the Russian Federa-
7	tion and Ukraine have ceased; and
8	(B)(i) full compensation has been made to
9	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion
10	of Ukraine by the Russian Federation; or
11	(ii) the Russian Federation is participating
12	in a bona fide international mechanism that, by
13	agreement, will discharge the obligations of the
14	Russian Federation to compensate Ukraine for
15	all amounts determined to be owed to Ukraine.
16	SEC. 105. INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO USE RUSSIAN
17	SOVEREIGN ASSETS TO PROVIDE FOR THE
18	RECONSTRUCTION OF UKRAINE.
19	(a) In General.—The President shall take such ac-
20	tion as the President determines necessary to seek to es-
21	tablish a common international compensation mechanism,
22	in coordination with foreign partners including Ukraine,
23	that shall include the establishment of an international
24	fund to be known as the "Common Ukraine Fund", that
25	uses assets in the Ukraine Support Fund established

1	under section 104(c) and contributions from foreign part-
2	ners that have also confiscated Russian sovereign assets
3	to allow for compensation for Ukraine, including by—
4	(1) establishing a register of damage to serve as
5	a record of evidence and for assessment of the full
6	costs of damages to Ukraine resulting from the inva-
7	sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that
8	began on February 24, 2022;
9	(2) establishing a mechanism for compensating
10	Ukraine for damages resulting from that invasion;
11	(3) ensuring distribution of those assets or the
12	proceeds of those assets based on determinations
13	under that mechanism; and
14	(4) taking such other actions as may be nee-
15	essary to earry out this section.
16	(b) AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPOSIT IN THE COMMON
17	UKRAINE FUND.—Upon the President reaching an agree-
18	ment or arrangement to establish a common international
19	compensation mechanism pursuant to subsection (a), the
20	Secretary of State shall transfer funds from the Ukraine
21	Support Fund established under section 104(e) to the
22	Common Ukraine Fund established under subsection (a).
23	(c) Nothfications.—
24	(1) AGREEMENT OR ARRANGEMENT.—The
25	President shall notify the appropriate congressional

- committees not later than 30 days before entering
 into any new bilateral or multilateral agreement or
 arrangement under subsection (a).
- 4 (2) Transfer.—The President shall notify the
 5 appropriate congressional committees not later than
 6 30 days before any transfer to the Common Ukraine
 7 Fund established under subsection (a).
- 8 (d) Limitation on Transfer of Funds.—No
 9 funds may be transferred to the Common Ukraine Fund
 10 established under subsection (a) unless the President cer11 tifies to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- 12 (1) the institution housing the Common
 13 Ukraine Fund has a plan to ensure transparency
 14 and accountability for all funds transferred to and
 15 from the Common Ukraine Fund; and
- 16 (2) the President has transmitted the plan re-17 quired under paragraph (1) to the appropriate con-18 gressional committees in writing.
- 19 (e) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—No
 20 funds may be transferred to the Common Ukraine Fund
 21 established under subsection (a) if, within 30 days of re22 ceipt of the notification required under subsection (c)(2),
 23 a joint resolution is enacted prohibiting the transfer.
- 24 (f) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date 25 of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than

1	every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the
2	appropriate congressional committees a report that in
3	eludes the following:
4	(1) An accounting of funds in the Common
5	Ukraine Fund established under subsection (a).
6	(2) Any information regarding the disposition
7	of the Common Ukraine Fund that has been trans
8	mitted to the President by the institution housing
9	the Common Ukraine Fund during the period cov
10	ered by the report.
11	(3) A description of United States multilatera
12	and bilateral diplomatic engagement with allies and
13	partners of the United States that also have immo
14	bilized Russian sovereign assets to allow for com
15	pensation for Ukraine during the period covered by
16	the report.
17	(4) An outline of steps taken to carry out this
18	section during the period covered by the report.
19	SEC. 106. REPORT ON USE OF CONFISCATED RUSSIAN SOV
20	EREIGN ASSETS FOR RECONSTRUCTION.
21	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact
22	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Sec
23	retary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the
24	Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressiona

25 committees a report that contains—

1	(1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign
2	assets confiscated pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of
3	section 104;
4	(2) the amount and source of funds deposited
5	into the Ukraine Support Fund under subsection
6	(b)(2) of that section; and
7	(3) a detailed description and accounting of
8	how such funds were used to meet the purposes de-
9	scribed in subsection (d) of that section.
10	SEC. 107. ASSESSMENT BY SECRETARY OF STATE AND AD-
11	MINISTRATOR OF UNITED STATES AGENCY
12	FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON RE-
12	FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON RE-
12 13	
12 13 14	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF
12 13 14 15	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE.
12 13 14 15	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN General.—Not later than 180 days after the
112 113 114 115 116	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State.
12 13 14 15 16 17	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of States in consultation with the Administrator of the United
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of States in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of States in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assess-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of States in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the most pressing needs of Ukraine for recon-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF UKRAINE. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of States in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the most pressing needs of Ukraine for reconstruction, rebuilding, security assistance, and humani-

1	(1) An estimate of the rebuilding and recon-
2	struction needs of Ukraine, as of the date of the as-
3	sessment, resulting from the unlawful invasion of
4	Ukraine by the Russian Federation, including—
5	(A) a description of the sources and meth-
6	ods for the estimate; and
7	(B) an identification of the locations or re-
8	gions in Ukraine with the most pressing needs.
9	(2) An estimate of the humanitarian needs, as
10	of the date of the assessment, of the people of
11	Ukraine, including Ukrainians residing inside the
12	internationally recognized borders of Ukraine or out-
13	side those borders, resulting from the unlawful inva-
14	sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation.
15	(3) An assessment of the extent to which the
16	needs described in paragraphs (1) and (2) have been
17	met or funded, by any source, as of the date of the
18	assessment.
19	(4) A plan to engage in robust multilateral and
20	bilateral diplomacy to ensure that allies and partners
21	of the United States, particularly in the European
22	Union as Ukraine seeks accession, increase their
23	commitment to Ukraine's reconstruction.
24	(5) An identification of which such needs
25	should be prioritized, including any assessment or

1	request by the Government of Ukraine with respect
2	to the prioritization of such needs.
3	SEC. 108. EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
4	GOODS.
5	(a) In General.—The authorities and requirements
6	under this title shall not include the authority or a require-
7	ment to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
8	(b) Good Defined.—In this section, the term
9	"good" means any article, natural or manmade substance,
10	material, supply, or manufactured product, including in-
11	spection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.
12	SEC. 109. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this title:
14	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
15	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
16	mittees" means—
17	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
18	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
19	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
20	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
21	the Committee on Financial Services of the
22	House of Representatives.
23	(2) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
24	nancial institution" means a financial institution
25	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),

1	(F), (G) , (H) , (I) , (J) , (M) , or (Z) of section
2	5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.
3	(3) G7.—The term "G7" means the countries
4	that are member of the informal Group of 7, includ-
5	ing Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the
6	United Kingdom, and the United States.
7	(4) Russian sovereign asset.—The term
8	"Russian sovereign asset" means any of the fol-
9	lowing:
10	(A) Funds and other property of—
11	(i) the Central Bank of the Russian
12	Federation;
13	(ii) the Russian Direct Investment
14	Fund; or
15	(iii) the Ministry of Finance of the
16	Russian Federation.
17	(B) Any sovereign funds of the Russian
18	Federation held in a financial institution that is
19	wholly owned or controlled by the Government
20	of the Russian Federation.
21	(C) Any other funds or other property
22	wholly owned or controlled by the Government
23	of the Russian Federation, including by any
24	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of that
25	government.

1	(5) United states.—The term "United
2	States" means the several States, the District of Co-
3	lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Com-
4	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Amer-
5	ican Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Is-
6	lands, and any other territory or possession of the
7	United States.
8	(6) United States Financial Institution.
9	The term "United States financial institution"
10	means a financial institution organized under the
11	laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction with-
12	in the United States, including a foreign branch of
13	such an institution.
14	TITLE II—MULTILATERAL
15	SANCTIONS COORDINATION
16	SEC. 201. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING COORDINA-
17	TION OF MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS WITH
18	RESPECT TO THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
19	(a) In General.—In response to the Russian Fed-
20	eration's unprovoked and illegal invasion of Ukraine, it is
21	the policy of the United States that—
22	(1) the United States, along with the European
23	Union, the G7, Australia, and other willing allies
24	and partners of the United States, should lead a co-

- ordinated international sanctions regime to freeze sovereign assets of the Russian Federation;
- (2) the head of the Office of Sanctions Coordination of the Department of State should engage in interagency and multilateral coordination with agencies of the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States to ensure the ongoing implementation and enforcement of sanctions with respect to the Russian Federation in response to its invasion of Ukraine;
 - (3) the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, should, to the extent practicable and consistent with relevant United States law, lead and coordinate with the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States with respect to enforcement of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation;
 - (4) the United States should provide relevant technical assistance, implementation guidance, and support relating to enforcement and implementation of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation;
- (5) where appropriate, the head of the Office of Sanctions Coordination, in coordination with the Bu-

reau of European and Eurasian Affairs of the Department of State and the Department of the Treasury, should seek private sector input regarding sanctions policy with respect to the Russian Federation and the implementation of and compliance with such sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation; and

(6) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, should continue robust diplomatic engagement with allies and partners of the United States, including the European Union, the G7, and Australia, to encourage such allies and partners to impose such sanctions.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Office of Sanctions Coordination of the Department of State \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026 to carry out this section.
- (2) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated by paragraph (1) shall supplement and not supplant other amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Office of Sanctions Coordination.

1	SEC. 202. ASSESSMENT OF IMPACT OF UKRAINE-RELATED
2	SANCTIONS ON THE ECONOMY OF THE RUS-
3	SIAN FEDERATION.
4	(a) Report and Briefings.—At the times specified
5	in subsection (b), the President shall submit a report and
6	provide a briefing to the appropriate congressional com-
7	mittees on the impact on the economy of the Russian Fed-
8	eration of sanctions imposed by the United States and
9	other countries with respect to the Russian Federation in
10	response to the unlawful invasion of Ukraine by the Rus-
11	sian Federation.
12	(b) Timing.—The President shall—
13	(1) submit a report and provide a briefing de-
14	scribed in subsection (a) to the appropriate congres-
15	sional committees not later than 90 days after the
16	date of the enactment of this Act; and
17	(2) submit to the appropriate congressional
18	committees a report described in subsection (a)
19	every 180 days thereafter until the date that is 5
20	years after such date of enactment.
21	(e) Elements.—Each report required by this section
22	shall include—
23	(1) an assessment of—
24	(A) the impacts of the sanctions described
25	in subsection (a), disaggregated by major eco-
26	nomic sector, including the energy, acrospace

1	and defense, shipping, banking, and financial
2	sectors;
3	(B) the macroeconomic impact of those
4	sanctions on Russian, European, and global
5	economy market trends, including shifts in
6	global markets as a result of those sanctions;
7	and
8	(C) efforts by other countries or actors and
9	offshore financial providers to facilitate sane-
10	tions evasion by the Russian Federation or take
11	advantage of gaps in international markets re-
12	sulting from the international sanctions regime
13	in place with respect to the Russian Federation;
14	and
15	(2) recommendations for further sanctions en-
16	forcement measures based on trends described in
17	paragraph (1)(B).
18	SEC. 203. INFORMATION ON VOTING PRACTICES IN THE
19	UNITED NATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE IN-
20	VASION OF UKRAINE BY THE RUSSIAN FED
21	ERATION.
22	Section 406(b) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-
23	tion Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22 U.S.C.
24	2414a(b)), is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "Assembly
2	on" and all that follows through "opposed by the
3	United States" and inserting the following: "Assem-
4	bly on—
5	"(A) resolutions specifically related to
6	Israel that are opposed by the United States;
7	and
8	"(B) resolutions specifically related to the
9	invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federa-
10	tion.";
11	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and" and
12	inserting a semicolon;
13	(3) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
14	graph (7); and
15	(4) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(6) an analysis and discussion, prepared in
18	consultation with the Secretary of State, of the ex-
19	tent to which member countries supported United
20	States policy objectives in the Security Council and
21	the General Assembly with respect to the invasion of
22	Ukraine by the Russian Federation: and".

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Re-
- 3 building Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for
- 4 Ukrainians Act" or the "REPO for Ukrainians Act".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—SEIZURE, TRANSFER, CONFISCATION, AND REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS

- Sec. 101. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress regarding importance of the Russian Federation providing compensation to Ukraine.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on lifting sanctions on immobilized Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 104. Authority to seize, confiscate, transfer, and vest Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 105. International mechanism to use Russian sovereign assets to provide for the reconstruction of Ukraine.
- Sec. 106. Report on use of Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 107. Report on immobilized assets of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 108. Assessment by Secretary of State and Administrator of United States Agency for International Development on reconstruction and rebuilding needs of Ukraine.
- Sec. 109. Exception relating to importation of goods.

TITLE II—MULTILATERAL COORDINATION AND COUNTERING MALIGN ACTIVITIES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- Sec. 201. Statement of policy regarding multilateral coordination with respect to the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 202. Information on voting practices in the United Nations with respect to the invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 203. Expansion of forfeited property available to remediate harms to Ukraine from Russian aggression.
- Sec. 204. Extensions.
- Sec. 205. Recognition of Russian actions in Ukraine as a genocide.

7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act:

1	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional commit-
3	tees" means—
4	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
5	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
6	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
7	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
8	the Committee on Financial Services of the
9	House of Representatives.
10	(2) G7.—The term "G7" means the countries
11	that are members of the informal Group of 7, includ-
12	ing Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the
13	United Kingdom, and the United States.
14	(3) Russian sovereign asset.—The term
15	"Russian sovereign asset" means funds and other
16	property of—
17	(A) the Central Bank of the Russian Fed-
18	eration;
19	(B) the National Wealth Fund of the Rus-
20	sian Federation; or
21	(C) the Ministry of Finance of the Russian
22	Federation.
23	(4) United States.—The term "United States"
24	means the several States, the District of Columbia, the
25	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of

1	the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa,
2	Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, and any
3	other territory or possession of the United States.
4	TITLE I—SEIZURE, TRANSFER,
5	CONFISCATION, AND
6	REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN
7	SOVEREIGN ASSETS
8	SEC. 101. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
9	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
10	(1) On February 20, 2014, the Government of the
11	Russian Federation violated the sovereignty and ter-
12	ritorial integrity of Ukraine by engaging in a pre-
13	meditated and illegal invasion of Ukraine.
14	(2) On February 24, 2022, the Government of the
15	Russian Federation violated the sovereignty and ter-
16	ritorial integrity of Ukraine by engaging in a pre-
17	meditated, second illegal invasion of Ukraine.
18	(3) The international community has condemned
19	the illegal invasions of Ukraine by the Russian Fed-
20	eration, as well as the commission of war crimes by
21	the Russian Federation, including through the delib-
22	erate targeting of civilians and civilian infrastruc-
23	ture, the commission of sexual violence, and the forced
24	deportation of Ukrainian children.

- 1 (4) The leaders of the G7 have called the Russian 2 Federation's "unprovoked and completely unjustified 3 attack on the democratic state of Ukraine" a "serious 4 violation of international law and a grave breach of 5 the United Nations Charter and all commitments 6 Russia entered in the Helsinki Final Act and the 7 Charter of Paris and its commitments in the Buda-8 pest Memorandum".
 - (5) On March 2, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution ES-11/1, entitled "Aggression against Ukraine", by a vote of 141 to 5. That resolution "deplore[d] in the strongest terms the Russian Federation aggression by the Ukraine in violation of Article 2(4) of the [United] Nations! Charter" and demanded that the Russian Federation "immediately cease its use of force against Ukraine" and "immediately, completely and unconditionally withdraw all of its military forces from the territory of Ukraine within its internationally recognized borders".
 - (6) On March 16, 2022, the International Court of Justice issued provisional measures ordering the Russian Federation to "immediately suspend the military operations that it commenced on 24 Feb-

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- 1 (7) The Russian Federation bears international 2 legal responsibility for its aggression against Ukraine 3 and, under international law, must cease its inter-4 nationally wrongful acts. Because of this breach of the 5 prohibition on aggression under international law, 6 the United States is legally entitled to take counter-7 measures that are proportionate and aimed at induc-8 ing the Russian Federation to comply with its international obligations. 9 (8) On November 14, 2022, the United Nations 10
 - (8) On November 14, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution—
 - (A) recognizing that the Russian Federation must bear the legal consequences of all of its internationally wrongful acts, including making reparation for the injury, including any damage, caused by such acts;
 - (B) recognizing the need for the establishment of an international mechanism for reparation for damage, loss, or injury caused by the Russian Federation in or against Ukraine; and
 - (C) recommending creation of an international register of such damage, loss, or injury.
 - (9) Under international law, a country that is responsible for an internationally wrongful act is under an obligation to make full reparation for the

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- injury caused. The Russian Federation bears such an
 obligation to compensate Ukraine.
- 3 (10) Approximately \$300,000,000,000 of Russian 4 sovereign assets have been immobilized worldwide. 5 Only a small fraction of those assets—1 to 2 percent, 6 or between \$4,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000—are 7 reportedly subject to the jurisdiction of the United 8 States.
- 9 (11) The vast majority of immobilized Russian 10 sovereign assets, approximately \$190,000,000,000, are 11 reportedly subject to the jurisdiction of Belgium. The 12 Government of Belgium has publicly indicated that 13 any action by that Government regarding those assets 14 would be predicated on support by the G7.
- 15 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress
 16 that, having committed an act of aggression, as recognized
 17 by the United Nations General Assembly on March 2, 2022,
 18 the Russian Federation is to be considered as an aggressor
 19 state. The internationally wrongful acts taken by the Rus20 sian Federation, including an act of aggression, present a
 21 unique situation justifying the establishment of a mecha22 nism to compensate Ukraine and victims of aggression by

the Russian Federation in Ukraine.

1	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE
2	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION PROVIDING
3	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.
4	It is the sense of Congress that—
5	(1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility
6	for the financial burden of the reconstruction of
7	Ukraine and for countless other costs associated with
8	the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Fed-
9	eration that began on February 24, 2022;
10	(2) in the absence of a comprehensive peace
11	agreement addressing the Russian Federation's obli-
12	gation to compensate Ukraine for the cost of the Rus-
13	sian Federation's unlawful war against Ukraine, the
14	amount of money the Russian Federation must pay
15	Ukraine should be assessed by an international body
16	or mechanism charged with determining compensa-
17	tion and providing assistance to Ukraine;
18	(3) the Russian Federation is on notice of its op-
19	portunity to comply with its international obliga-
20	tions, including compensation, or, by agreement with
21	the government of independent Ukraine, authorize an
22	international body or mechanism to address those
23	outstanding obligations with authority to make bind-
24	ing decisions on parties that comply in good faith;
25	(4) the Russian Federation can, by negotiated
26	agreement participate in any international process

- to assess the full cost of the Russian Federation's unlawful war against Ukraine and make funds available to compensate for damage, loss, and injury arising from its internationally wrongful acts in Ukraine, and if it fails to do so, the United States and other countries should explore other avenues for ensuring compensation to Ukraine, including confiscation and repurposing of assets of the Russian Federation;
 - (5) the President should continue to lead robust engagement on all bilateral and multilateral aspects of the response by the United States to efforts by the Russian Federation to undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including on any policy coordination and alignment regarding the disposition of Russian sovereign assets in the context of compensation; and
 - (6) any effort by the United States to confiscate and repurpose Russian sovereign assets should be undertaken alongside international allies and partners as part of a coordinated, multilateral effort, including with G7 countries, the European Union, Australia, and other countries in which Russian sovereign assets are located.

1	SEC. 103. PROHIBITION ON LIFTING SANCTIONS ON IMMO-
2	BILIZED RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
3	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
4	sion of law, no Russian sovereign asset that is blocked or
5	immobilized by the Department of the Treasury pursuant
6	to sanctions imposed before the date described in section
7	104(h) may be released or mobilized until the President cer-
8	tifies to the appropriate congressional committees in writ-
9	ing that—
10	(1) the Russian Federation has reached an agree-
11	ment relating to the respective withdrawal of Russian
12	forces and cessation of military hostilities that is ac-
13	cepted by the free and independent Government of
14	Ukraine; and
15	(2)(A) full compensation has been made to
16	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion of
17	Ukraine by the Russian Federation; or
18	(B) the Russian Federation is participating in
19	a bona fide international mechanism that, by agree-
20	ment, will discharge the obligations of the Russian
21	Federation to compensate Ukraine for all amounts de-
22	termined to be owed to Ukraine.
23	(b) Notification.—Not later than 30 days before the
24	lifting of sanctions with respect to Russian sovereign assets
25	as described in subsection (a), the President shall submit
26	to the appropriate congressional committees—

- 1 (1) a written notification of the decision to lift 2 the sanctions; and
 - (2) a justification in writing for lifting the sanctions.

(c) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—

- (1) In General.—Sanctions may not be lifted with respect to Russian sovereign assets as described in subsection (a) if, within 30 days of receipt of the notification and justification required under subsection (b), a joint resolution is enacted prohibiting the lifting of the sanctions.
- (2) Expedited procedures.—Any joint resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in either House of Congress shall be considered in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94–329; 90 Stat. 765), except that any such resolution shall be subject to germane amendments. If such a joint resolution should be vetoed by the President, the time for debate in consideration of the veto message on such measure shall be limited to 20 hours in the Senate and in the House of Representatives shall be determined in accordance with the Rules of the House.

1	(d) Cooperation on Prohibition of Lifting Sanc-
2	TIONS ON CERTAIN RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.—The
3	President may take such action as may be necessary to seek
4	to obtain and enter into an agreement between the United
5	States, Ukraine, and other countries that have blocked or
6	immobilized Russian sovereign assets to prohibit such assets
7	from being released or mobilized until there is an agreement
8	that addresses the Russian Federation's obligation to com-
9	pensate Ukraine.
10	SEC. 104. AUTHORITY TO SEIZE, CONFISCATE, TRANSFER,
11	AND VEST RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
12	(a) Reporting on Russian Sovereign Assets.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
15	thereafter until the date described in subsection (h),
16	the President shall submit to the appropriate congres-
17	sional committees a report detailing the status of
18	Russian sovereign assets subject to the jurisdiction of
19	the United States, including the information with re-
20	spect to such assets required to be included with re-
21	spect to property in the reports required by Directive
22	4.
23	(2) Continuation in effect of reporting
24	REQUIREMENTS.—Any requirement to submit reports

- under Directive 4 shall remain in effect until the date
 described in subsection (h).
- 3 (3) FORM.—Each report required by paragraph 4 (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may 5 include a classified annex.
- 6 (4) DIRECTIVE 4 DEFINED.—In this subsection, 7 the term "Directive 4" means Directive 4 issued by 8 the Office of Foreign Assets Control under Executive 9 Order 14024 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to block-10 ing property with respect to specified harmful foreign 11 activities of the Government of the Russian Federa-12 tion), as in effect on the date of the enactment of this 13 Act.
- 14 (b) Seizure, Transfer, Vesting, and Confisca-15 tion.—
- 16 (1) In General.—On and after the date that is 17 30 days after the President submits to the appro-18 priate congressional committees the certification de-19 scribed in subsection (c), the President may seize, con-20 fiscate, transfer, or vest any Russian sovereign assets, 21 in whole or in part, and including any interest or in-22 terests in such assets, subject to the jurisdiction of the 23 United States.
- 24 (2) Vesting.—For funds confiscated under 25 paragraph (1), all right, title, and interest in Rus-

1	sian sovereign assets shall vest in the Government of
2	the United States.
3	(3) Liquidation and deposit.—The President
4	may—
5	(A) deposit any funds seized, transferred, or
6	confiscated under paragraph (1) into the
7	Ukraine Support Fund established under sub-
8	section (d);
9	(B) liquidate or sell any other property
10	seized, transferred, or confiscated under para-
11	graph (1) and deposit the funds resulting from
12	such liquidation or sale into the Ukraine Sup-
13	port Fund; and
14	(C) make all such funds available for the
15	purposes described in subsection (e).
16	(4) Method of Seizure, transfer, or con-
17	FISCATION.—The President may seize, transfer, or
18	confiscate Russian sovereign assets under paragraph
19	(1) through instructions or licenses or in such other
20	manner as the President determines appropriate.
21	(c) Certification.—The certification described in
22	this subsection, with respect to Russian sovereign assets, is
23	a certification that—

1	(1) seizing, confiscating, or transferring the Rus-
2	sian sovereign assets for the benefit of Ukraine is in
3	the national interests of the United States;
4	(2) either—
5	(A) the Russian Federation has not ceased
6	its unlawful aggression against Ukraine; or
7	(B) the Russian Federation has not pro-
8	vided full compensation to Ukraine for harms re-
9	sulting from Russian aggression; and
10	(3) the President has meaningfully coordinated
11	with G7 leaders to take multilateral action with re-
12	gard to any seizure, confiscation, or transfer of Rus-
13	sian sovereign assets for the benefit of Ukraine.
14	(d) Establishment of the Ukraine Support
15	FUND.—
16	(1) In general.—The President shall establish
17	an account, to be known as the "Ukraine Support
18	Fund", to consist of funds deposited into the account
19	under subsection (b).
20	(2) Use of funds.—The funds in the account
21	established under paragraph (1) shall be available to
22	be used only as specified in subsection (e).
23	(3) Supplement not supplant.—Amounts in
24	the account established under paragraph (1) shall

supplement and not supplant other amounts made
 available to provide assistance to Ukraine.

(e) Use of Assets.—

(1) In General.—Subject to paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), funds in the Ukraine Support Fund shall be available to the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, to provide assistance to Ukraine to address damage resulting from the unlawful invasion by the Russian Federation that began on February 24, 2022, including through contributions to an international body or mechanism charged with determining compensation and providing assistance to Ukraine.

- (2) Coordination with foreign assistance funds.—
 - (A) In General.—Funds in the Ukraine Support Fund may be transferred to, and merged with, funds made available to carry out any provision of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) to carry out the purposes of this section, except that funds from the Ukraine Support Fund shall remain available until expended. Any funds transferred pursuant to this subparagraph may be considered

foreign assistance under the Foreign Assistance

Act of 1961 for purposes of making available the

administrative authorities in that Act.

(B) USE FOR DIRECT LOANS.—Notwith-standing section 504(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661c(b)), funds in the Ukraine Support Fund may be made available, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of State deems necessary, for the principal for direct loans for Ukraine and costs, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a), of such loans.

(3) Notification.—

(A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall notify the appropriate congressional committees not fewer than 15 days before providing any funds from the Ukraine Support Fund to the Government of Ukraine or to any other person or international organization for the purposes described in paragraph (1), other than funds authorized to be provided as assistance under section 491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2292).

1	(B) Elements.—A notification under sub-
2	paragraph (A) with respect to the provision of
3	funds to the Government of Ukraine shall speci-
4	fy—
5	(i) the amount of funds to be provided;
6	(ii) the purpose for which such funds
7	are provided; and
8	(iii) the recipient.
9	(4) Prohibition of provision of funds to
10	THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION OR SANCTIONED PER-
11	sons.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
12	funds from the Ukraine Support Fund may not under
13	any circumstances be provided to—
14	(A) the Government of the Russian Federa-
15	tion;
16	(B) a foreign person with respect to which
17	the United States has imposed sanctions;
18	(C) a foreign person owned or controlled
19	<i>by</i> —
20	(i) the Government of the Russian Fed-
21	eration;
22	(ii) a Russian person with respect to
23	which the United States has imposed sanc-
24	tions; or

1	(D) any person in which the Government of
2	the Russian Federation or a person described in
3	subparagraph (B) has a direct or indirect inter-
4	est; or
5	(E) any person that may act in the interest
6	of the Government of the Russian Federation.
7	(f) Judicial Review.—
8	(1) Exclusiveness of remedy.—Notwith-
9	standing any other provision of law, any action taken
10	under this section shall not be subject to judicial re-
11	view, except as provided in this subsection.
12	(2) Limitations for filing claims.—A claim
13	may only be brought with respect to an action under
14	this section—
15	(A) that alleges that the action will deny
16	rights under the Constitution of the United
17	States; and
18	(B) if the claim is brought not later than 60
19	days after the date of such action.
20	(3) Jurisdiction.—
21	(A) In general.—A claim under para-
22	graph (2) of this subsection shall be barred un-
23	less a complaint is filed prior to the expiration
24	of such time limits in the United States District
25	Court for the District of Columbia.

1 (B) APPEAL.—An appeal of an order of the 2 United States District Court for the District of Columbia issued pursuant to a claim brought 3 4 under this subsection shall be taken by a notice of appeal filed with the United States Court of 5 6 Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit not 7 later than 10 days after the date on which the 8 order is entered.

- (C) Expedited consideration.—It shall be the duty of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia and the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of any claim brought under this subsection.
- 17 (g) Exception for United States Obligations
 18 Under International Agreements.—The authorities
 19 provided by this section may not be exercised in a manner
 20 inconsistent with the obligations of the United States
 21 under—
- (1) the Convention on Diplomatic Relations,
 done at Vienna April 18, 1961, and entered into force
 April 24, 1964 (23 UST 3227);

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1	(2) the Convention on Consular Relations, done
2	at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force on
3	March 19, 1967 (21 UST 77);
4	(3) the Agreement Regarding the Headquarters
5	of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June
6	26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947
7	(TIAS 1676); or
8	(4) any other international agreement—
9	(A) governing the use of force or estab-
10	lishing rights under international humanitarian
11	law; and
12	(B) to which the United States is a state
13	party on the day before the date of the enactment
14	of this Act.
15	(h) Sunset.—The authority to seize, transfer, con-
16	fiscate, or vest Russian sovereign assets under this section
17	shall terminate on the earlier of—
18	(1) the date that is 6 years after the date of the
19	enactment of this Act; or
20	(2) the date that is 120 days after the date on
21	which the President determines and certifies to the
22	appropriate congressional committees that—
23	(A) the Russian Federation has reached an
24	agreement relating to the respective withdrawal
25	of Russian forces and cessation of military hos-

1	tilities that is accepted by the free and inde-
2	pendent Government of Ukraine; and
3	(B)(i) full compensation has been made to
4	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion of
5	Ukraine by the Russian Federation;
6	(ii) the Russian Federation is participating
7	in a bona fide international mechanism that, by
8	agreement, addresses the obligations of the Rus-
9	sian Federation to compensate Ukraine; or
10	(iii) the Russian Federation's obligation to
11	compensate Ukraine for the damage caused by
12	the Russian Federation's aggression has been re-
13	solved pursuant to an agreement between the
14	Russian Federation and the Government of
15	Ukraine.
16	SEC. 105. INTERNATIONAL MECHANISM TO USE RUSSIAN
17	SOVEREIGN ASSETS TO PROVIDE FOR THE
18	RECONSTRUCTION OF UKRAINE.
19	(a) In General.—The President shall take steps the
20	President determines are appropriate to coordinate with the
21	G7, the European Union, Australia, and other partners and
22	allies of the United States regarding the disposition of im-
23	mobilized Russian sovereign assets, such as by seeking to
24	establish a coordinated international compensation mecha-
25	nism with foreign partners, including Ukraine, the G7, the

- 1 European Union, Australia, and other partners and allies
- 2 of the United States, which may include the establishment
- 3 of an international fund, to be known as the "Common
- 4 Ukraine Fund", that uses assets in the Ukraine Support
- 5 Fund established under section 104(d) and contributions
- 6 from foreign partners to allow for compensation for
- 7 Ukraine, including by—
- 8 (1) supporting a register of damage to serve as
- 9 a record of evidence and for assessment of the full
- 10 costs of damages to Ukraine resulting from the inva-
- sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that began
- 12 on February 24, 2022;
- 13 (2) establishing a mechanism for compensating
- 14 Ukraine for damages resulting from that invasion;
- 15 (3) ensuring distribution of those assets or the
- proceeds of those assets based on determinations under
- 17 that mechanism; and
- 18 (4) taking such other actions as may be nec-
- 19 essary to carry out this section.
- 20 (b) Authorization for Deposit.—Upon the Presi-
- 21 dent reaching an agreement or arrangement to establish a
- 22 common international compensation mechanism pursuant
- 23 to subsection (a), the Secretary of State may transfer funds
- 24 from the Ukraine Support Fund established under section

1	104(d) to a fund or mechanism established consistent with
2	subsection (a).
3	(c) Notifications.—
4	(1) AGREEMENT OR ARRANGEMENT.—The Presi-
5	dent shall notify the appropriate congressional com-
6	mittees not later than 30 days before entering into
7	any new bilateral or multilateral agreement or ar-
8	rangement under subsection (a).
9	(2) Transfer.—The President shall notify the
10	appropriate congressional committees not later than
11	30 days before any transfer from the Ukraine Support
12	Fund to a fund established consistent with subsection
13	(a).
14	(d) Good Governance.—The Secretary of State, in
15	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall—
16	(1) seek to ensure that any fund or mechanism
17	established consistent with subsection (a) operates in
18	accordance with established international accounting
19	principles;
20	(2) seek to ensure that any such fund or mecha-
21	nism is—
22	(A) staffed, operated, and administered in
23	accordance with established accounting rules and
24	governance procedures, including a mechanism

1	for the governance and operation of the fund or
2	mechanism;
3	(B) operated transparently as to all funds
4	transfers, filings, and decisions; and
5	(C) audited on a regular basis by an inde-
6	pendent auditor, in accordance with internation-
7	ally accepted accounting and auditing stand-
8	ards;
9	(3) seek to ensure that any audits of any such
10	fund or mechanism are made available to the public;
11	and
12	(4) ensure that any audits of any such fund or
13	mechanism are reviewed and reported on by the Gov-
14	ernment Accountability Office to the appropriate con-
15	gressional committees and the public.
16	(e) Limitation on Transfer of Funds.—No funds
17	may be transferred from the Ukraine Support Fund to a
18	fund or mechanism established consistent with subsection
19	(a) unless the President certifies to the appropriate congres-
20	sional committees that—
21	(1) the institution housing the fund or mecha-
22	nism has a plan to ensure transparency and account-
23	ability for all funds transferred to and from the Com-
24	mon Ukraine Fund; and

1	(2) the President has transmitted the plan re-
2	quired under paragraph (1) to the appropriate con-
3	gressional committees in writing.
4	(f) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—No funds
5	may be transferred from the Ukraine Support Fund to a
6	fund or mechanism established consistent with subsection
7	(a) if, within 30 days of receipt of the notification required
8	under subsection (c)(2), a joint resolution is enacted prohib-
9	iting the transfer.
10	(g) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
11	of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than
12	every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the
13	appropriate congressional committees a report that includes
14	the following:
15	(1) An accounting of funds in any fund or mech-
16	anism established consistent with subsection (a).
17	(2) Any information regarding the disposition of
18	any such fund or mechanism that has been trans-
19	mitted to the President by the institution housing the
20	fund or mechanism during the period covered by the
21	report.
22	(3) A description of United States multilateral
23	and bilateral diplomatic engagement with allies and
24	partners of the United States that also have immo-

bilized Russian sovereign assets to allow for com-

1	pensation for Ukraine during the period covered by
2	the report.
3	(4) An outline of steps taken to carry out this
4	section during the period covered by the report.
5	SEC. 106. REPORT ON USE OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
6	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
7	of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary
8	of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury,
9	shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a
10	report that contains—
11	(1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign
12	assets seized, transferred, or confiscated pursuant to
13	subsection (b)(1) of section 104;
14	(2) the amount and source of funds transferred
15	into the Ukraine Support Fund under subsection
16	(b)(3) of that section; and
17	(3) a detailed description and accounting of how
18	such funds were used to meet the purposes described
19	in subsection (e) of that section.
20	SEC. 107. REPORT ON IMMOBILIZED ASSETS OF THE CEN-
21	TRAL BANK OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
23	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treas-
24	ury, in consultation with the Board of Governors of the Fed-
25	eral Reserve, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

1	the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the National
2	Credit Union Administration, the Securities and Exchange
3	Commission, and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
4	mission, shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
5	mittees a report that includes—
6	(1) the best available accounting of the location,
7	value, and denomination of blocked and immobilized
8	assets of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation,
9	as well as any additional assets of that bank held out-
10	side of the Russian Federation;
11	(2) with respect to blocked and immobilized as-
12	sets of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation—
13	(A) a break down of those assets by the
14	country or jurisdiction in which such assets are
15	located;
16	(B) an estimate of the value and denomina-
17	tion of the assets held in each such country or ju-
18	risdiction; and
19	(C) an identification of whether those assets
20	are securities, deposits, or other assets;
21	(3) an estimate, to the extent feasible, of—
22	(A) the total income received from those as-
23	sets since the dates that the assets were blocked
24	or immobilized: and

1	(B) the approximate amounts of those assets
2	that are securities and have matured or expired;
3	and
4	(4) an assessment of—
5	(A) what may have happened to the securi-
6	ties described in paragraph (3)(B); and
7	(B) how the funds from maturing securities
8	have been reinvested and the associated income
9	flows.
10	(b) Addressing Uncertainty.—In preparing the re-
11	port required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
12	(1) where exact figures are uncertain, provide
13	approximate ranges for those figures; and
14	(2) identify areas of uncertainty or gaps in ac-
15	counting, including areas where the Central Bank of
16	the Russian Federation may have additional assets
17	outside of the Russian Federation.
18	(c) Coordination With Allies.—The Secretary
19	shall work with the G7 and other allies of the United States
20	to obtain the information necessary to ensure that the report
21	submitted under subsection (a) is comprehensive. A joint
22	report by the Secretary and such allies shall satisfy the re-
23	quirements of this subsection.
24	(d) FORM.—

1	(1) In general.—The report required by sub-
2	section (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form,
3	but may include a classified annex.
4	(2) Focus on public availability of infor-
5	MATION.—In preparing the report required by sub-
6	section (a), the Secretary shall maximize the amount
7	of information that is included in the unclassified
8	portion of the report.
9	SEC. 108. ASSESSMENT BY SECRETARY OF STATE AND AD-
10	MINISTRATOR OF UNITED STATES AGENCY
11	FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON RE-
12	CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF
13	UKRAINE.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
16	in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and Ad-
17	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
18	Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional
19	committees an assessment of the most pressing needs of
20	Ukraine for reconstruction, rebuilding, security assistance,
21	and humanitarian aid.
22	(b) Elements.—The assessment required by sub-
23	section (a) shall include the following:
24	(1) An estimate of the rebuilding and reconstruc-
25	tion needs of Ukraine, as of the date of the assessment,

1	resulting from the unlawful invasion of Ukraine by
2	the Russian Federation, including—
3	(A) a description of the sources and methods
4	for the estimate; and
5	(B) an identification of the locations or re-
6	gions in Ukraine with the most pressing needs.
7	(2) An estimate of the humanitarian needs, as of
8	the date of the assessment, of the people of Ukraine,
9	including Ukrainians residing inside the internation-
10	ally recognized borders of Ukraine or outside those
11	borders, resulting from the unlawful invasion of
12	Ukraine by the Russian Federation.
13	(3) An assessment of the extent to which the
14	needs described in paragraphs (1) and (2) have been
15	met or funded, by any source, as of the date of the
16	assessment.
17	(4) A plan to engage in robust multilateral and
18	bilateral diplomacy to ensure that allies and partners
19	of the United States, particularly in the European
20	Union as Ukraine seeks accession, increase their com-
21	mitment to Ukraine's reconstruction.
22	(5) An identification of which such needs should
23	be prioritized, including any assessment or request by
24	the Government of Ukraine with respect to the
25	prioritization of such needs.

1	SEC. 109. EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
2	GOODS.
3	(a) In General.—The authorities and requirements
4	under this title shall not include the authority or a require-
5	ment to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
6	(b) Good Defined.—In this section, the term "good"
7	means any article, natural or manmade substance, mate-
8	rial, supply, or manufactured product, including inspection
9	and test equipment, and excluding technical data.
10	TITLE II—MULTILATERAL CO-
11	ORDINATION AND COUN-
12	TERING MALIGN ACTIVITIES
13	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERA-
14	TION
15	SEC. 201. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING MULTILAT-
16	ERAL COORDINATION WITH RESPECT TO THE
17	RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
18	(a) In General.—In response to the Russian Federa-
19	tion's unprovoked and illegal invasion of Ukraine, it is the
20	policy of the United States that—
21	(1) the United States, along with the European
22	Union, the G7, Australia, and other willing allies and
23	partners of the United States, should continue to lead
24	a coordinated international sanctions regime to freeze
25	sovereign assets of the Russian Federation;

- (2) the Secretary of State should continue to engage in interagency and multilateral coordination with agencies of the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States on efforts related to countering the Russian Federation, including efforts related to the confiscation and repurposing of Russian sovereign assets, as well as to ensure the ongoing implementation and enforcement of sanctions with respect to the Russian Federation in response to its invasion of Ukraine;
 - (3) the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, should, to the extent practicable and consistent with relevant United States law, continue to lead and coordinate with the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States with respect to enforcement of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation;
 - (4) the United States should continue to provide relevant technical assistance, implementation guidance, and support relating to enforcement and implementation of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation;
 - (5) where appropriate, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury,

- should continue to seek private sector input regarding sanctions policy with respect to the Russian Federation and the implementation of and compliance with such sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation; and
- (6) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, should continue robust diplomatic engagement with allies and partners of the United States, including the European Union, the G7, and Australia, to encourage such allies and partners to continue to take appropriate actions against the Russian Federation, including the imposition of sanctions.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027, to carry out this section.
- (2) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated by paragraph (1) shall supplement and not supplant other amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State.

1	SEC. 202. INFORMATION ON VOTING PRACTICES IN THE
2	UNITED NATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE IN-
3	VASION OF UKRAINE BY THE RUSSIAN FED-
4	ERATION.
5	Section 406(b) of the Foreign Relations Authorization
6	Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22 U.S.C. 2414a(b)), is
7	amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "Assembly on"
9	and all that follows through "opposed by the United
10	States;" and inserting the following: "Assembly on—
11	"(A) resolutions specifically related to Israel
12	that are opposed by the United States; and
13	"(B) resolutions specifically related to the
14	invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federa-
15	tion;";
16	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and" and
17	inserting a semicolon;
18	(3) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
19	graph (7); and
20	(4) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(6) an analysis and discussion, prepared in
23	consultation with the Secretary of State, of the extent
24	to which member countries supported United States
25	policy objectives in the Security Council and the Gen-

1	eral Assembly with respect to the invasion of Ukraine
2	by the Russian Federation; and".
3	SEC. 203. EXPANSION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY AVAILABLE
4	TO REMEDIATE HARMS TO UKRAINE FROM
5	RUSSIAN AGGRESSION.
6	(a) In General.—Section 1708 of the Additional
7	Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023 (division
8	M of Public Law 117–328; 136 Stat. 5200) is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "from any for-
10	feiture fund" after "The Attorney General may trans-
11	fer"; and
12	(2) in subsection (c)—
13	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "which
14	property belonged" and all that follows and in-
15	serting the following: "which property—
16	"(A) belonged to, was possessed by, or was
17	controlled by a person the property or interests
18	in property of which were blocked pursuant to
19	any covered legal authority;
20	"(B) was involved in an act in violation of,
21	or a conspiracy or scheme to violate or cause a
22	violation of—
23	"(i) any covered legal authority; or
24	"(ii) any restriction on the export, re-
25	export, or in-country transfer of items im-

1	posed by the United States under the Ex-
2	port Administration Regulations, or any re-
3	striction on the export, reexport, or re-
4	transfer of defense articles under the Inter-
5	national Traffic in Arms Regulations under
6	subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code
7	of Federal Regulations, with respect to—
8	"(I) the Russian Federation,
9	Belarus, the Crimea region of Ukraine,
10	or the so-called Donetsk and Luhansk
11	People's Republic regions of Ukraine;
12	"(II) any person in any such
13	country or region on a restricted par-
14	ties list; or
15	"(III) any person located in any
16	other country that has been added to a
17	restricted parties list in connection
18	with the malign conduct of the Russian
19	Federation in Ukraine, including the
20	annexation of the Crimea region of
21	Ukraine in March 2014 and the inva-
22	sion beginning in February 2022 of
23	Ukraine, as substantially enabled by
24	Belarus; or

1	"(C) was involved in any related con-
2	spiracy, scheme, or other Federal offense arising
3	from the actions of, or doing business with or
4	acting on behalf of, the Russian Federation,
5	Belarus, or the Crimea region of Ukraine, or the
6	so-called Donetsk and Luhansk People's Republic
7	regions of Ukraine."; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(3) The term 'covered legal authority' means
10	any license, order, regulation, or prohibition imposed
11	by the United States under the authority provided by
12	the International Emergency Economic Powers Act
13	(50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) or any other provision of
14	law, with respect to—
15	"(A) the Russian Federation;
16	"(B) the national emergency—
17	"(i) declared in Executive Order 13660
18	(50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking
19	property of certain persons contributing to
20	the situation in Ukraine);
21	"(ii) expanded by—
22	"(I) Executive Order 13661 (50
23	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking
24	property of additional persons contrib-
25	uting to the situation in Ukraine): and

1	"(II) Executive Order 13662 (50
2	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking
3	property of additional persons contrib-
4	uting to the situation in Ukraine); and
5	"(iii) relied on for additional steps
6	taken in Executive Order 13685 (50 U.S.C.
7	1701 note; relating to blocking property of
8	certain persons and prohibiting certain
9	transactions with respect to the Crimea re-
10	gion of Ukraine);
11	"(C) the national emergency, as it relates to
12	the Russian Federation—
13	"(i) declared in Executive Order 13694
14	(50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking
15	the property of certain persons engaging in
16	significant malicious cyber-enabled activi-
17	ties); and
18	"(ii) relied on for additional steps
19	taken in Executive Order 13757 (50 U.S.C.
20	1701 note; relating to taking additional
21	steps to address the national emergency
22	with respect to significant malicious cyber-
23	$enabled\ activities);$
24	"(D) the national emergency—

1	"(i) declared in Executive Order 14024
2	(50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking
3	property with respect to specified harmful
4	foreign activities of the Government of the
5	$Russian\ Federation);$
6	"(ii) expanded by Executive Order
7	14066 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to
8	prohibiting certain imports and new invest-
9	ments with respect to continued Russian
10	Federation efforts to undermine the sov-
11	ereignty and territorial integrity of
12	Ukraine); and
13	"(iii) relied on for additional steps
14	taken in—
15	"(I) Executive Order 14039 (22
16	U.S.C. 9526 note; relating to blocking
17	property with respect to certain Rus-
18	sian energy export pipelines);
19	"(II) Executive Order 14068 (50
20	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to prohib-
21	iting certain imports, exports, and new
22	investment with respect to continued
23	Russian Federation aggression); and
24	"(III) Executive Order 14071 (50
25	U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to prohib-

1	iting new investment in and certain
2	services to the Russian Federation in
3	response to continued Russian Federa-
4	tion aggression); and
5	"(iv) which may be expanded or relied
6	on in future Executive orders; or
7	"(E) actions or policies that undermine the
8	democratic processes and institutions in Ukraine
9	or threaten the peace, security, stability, sov-
10	ereignty, or territorial integrity of Ukraine.
11	"(4) The term Export Administration Regula-
12	tions' has the meaning given that term in section
13	1742 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50
14	U.S.C. 4801).
15	"(5) The term 'restricted parties list' means any
16	of the following lists maintained by the Bureau of In-
17	dustry and Security:
18	"(A) The Entity List set forth in Supple-
19	ment No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Adminis-
20	tration Regulations.
21	"(B) The Denied Persons List maintained
22	pursuant to section 764.3(a)(2) of the Export
23	Administration Regulations.

1	"(C) The Unverified List set forth in Sup-
2	plement No. 6 to part 744 of the Export Admin-
3	$is tration\ Regulations.".$
4	(b) Semiannual Reports.—Such section is further
5	amended—
6	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
7	subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
8	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(c) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
11	ment of the Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Oppor-
12	tunity for Ukrainians Act, and every 180 days thereafter,
13	the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney
14	General and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to
15	the appropriate congressional committees a report on
16	progress made in remediating the harms of Russian aggres-
17	sion toward Ukraine as a result of transfers made under
18	subsection (a).".
19	(c) Plan Required.—
20	(1) In general.—Not later than 30 days after
21	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney
22	General, in consultation with the Secretary of the
23	Treasury and the Secretary of State, shall submit to
24	the appropriate congressional committees a plan for
25	using the authority provided by section 1708 of the

1	Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations
2	Act, 2023, as amended by this section.
3	(2) Appropriate congressional committees
4	DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate
5	congressional committees" has the meaning given that
6	term by section 1708 of the Additional Ukraine Sup-
7	plemental Appropriations Act, 2023, as amended by
8	this section.
9	SEC. 204. EXTENSIONS.
10	(a) Section 5(a) of the Elie Wiesel Genocide and Atroc-
11	ities Prevention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-441; 132
12	Stat. 5587) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph
13	(1), by striking "six years" and inserting "12 years".
14	(b) Section 1287(j) of the National Defense Authoriza-
15	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 22
16	U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking "on the date that
17	is 8 years after the date of the enactment of this Act" and
18	inserting "on September 30, 2029".
19	SEC. 205. RECOGNITION OF RUSSIAN ACTIONS IN UKRAINE
20	AS A GENOCIDE.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
22	(1) The Russian Federation's illegal, premedi-
23	tated, unprovoked, and brutal war against Ukraine
24	includes extensive, systematic, and flagrant atrocities
25	against the people of Ukraine.

- 1 (2) Article II of the Convention on the Preven-2 tion and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (in 3 this section referred to as the "Genocide Convention"), 4 adopted and opened for signature in 1948 and en-5 tered into force in 1951, defines genocide as "any of 6 the following acts committed with intent to destroy, 7 in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial or re-8 ligious group, as such: (a) Killing members of the 9 group; (b) Causing serious bodily or mental harm to 10 members of the group; (c) Deliberately inflicting on 11 the group conditions of life calculated to bring about 12 its physical destruction in whole or in part; (d) Im-13 posing measures intended to prevent births within the 14 group; (e) Forcibly transferring children of the group 15 to another group".
 - (3) On October 3, 2018, the Senate unanimously agreed to Senate Resolution 435, 115th Congress, which commemorated the 85th anniversary of the Holodomor and "recognize[d] the findings of the Commission on the Ukraine Famine as submitted to Congress on April 22, 1988, including that 'Joseph Stalin and those around him committed genocide against the Ukrainians in 1932–1933'".
 - (4) Substantial and significant evidence documents widespread, systematic actions against the

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- Ukrainian people committed by Russian forces under the direction of political leadership of the Russian Federation that meet one or more of the criteria under article II of the Genocide Convention, including—
 - (A) killing members of the Ukrainian people in mass atrocities through deliberate and regularized murders of fleeing civilians and civilians in passing as well as purposeful targeting of homes, schools, hospitals, shelters, and other residential and civilian areas;
 - (B) causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the Ukrainian people by launching indiscriminate attacks against civilians and civilian areas, conducting willful strikes on humanitarian evacuation corridors, and employing widespread and systematic sexual violence against Ukrainian civilians, including women, children, and men;
 - (C) deliberately inflicting upon the Ukrainian people conditions of life calculated to bring about their physical destruction in whole or in part, including displacement due to annihilated villages, towns, and cities left devoid of food, water, shelter, electricity, and other basic neces-

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sities, starvation caused by the destruction of farmlands and agricultural equipment, the placing of Russian landmines across thousands of acres of useable fields, and blocking the delivery of humanitarian food aid;

- (D) imposing measures intended to prevent births among the Ukrainian people, demonstrated by the Russian military's expansive and direct targeting of maternity hospitals and other medical facilities and systematic attacks against residential and civilian areas as well as humanitarian corridors intended to deprive Ukrainians of safe havens within their own country and the material conditions conducive to childrearing; and
- (E) forcibly mass transferring millions of Ukrainian civilians, hundreds of thousands of whom are children, to the Russian Federation or territories controlled by the Russian Federation.
- (5) The intent of the Russian Federation and those acting on its behalf in favor of those heinous crimes against humanity has been demonstrated through frequent pronouncements and other forms of official communication denying Ukrainian nationhood, including President Putin's ahistorical claims

- that Ukraine is part of a "single whole" Russian nation with "no historical basis" for being an independent country.
 - (6) Some Russian soldiers and brigades accused of committing war crimes in Bucha, Ukraine, and elsewhere were rewarded with medals by President Putin.
 - (7) The Russian state-owned media outlet RIA Novosti published the article "What Should Russia do with Ukraine", which outlines "de-Nazification" as meaning "de-Ukrainianization" or the destruction of Ukraine and rejection of the "ethnic component" of Ukraine.
 - (8) Article I of the Genocide Convention confirms "that genocide, whether committed in time of peace or in time of war, is a crime under international law which [the Contracting Parties] undertake to prevent and to punish".
 - (9) Although additional documentation and analysis of atrocities committed by the Russian Federation in Ukraine may be needed to punish those responsible, the substantial and significant documentation already undertaken, combined with statements showing intent, compel urgent action to prevent future acts of genocide.

1	(10) The Global Magnitsky Human Rights Ac-
2	countability Act (22 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.) authorizes
3	the President to impose economic sanctions on, and
4	deny entry into the United States to, foreign individ-
5	uals identified as engaging in gross violations of
6	internationally recognized human rights.
7	(b) Sense of the Senate.—It is the sense of the Sen-
8	ate that—
9	(1) those acting on behalf of the Russian Federa-
10	tion should be condemned for committing acts of geno-
11	cide against the Ukrainian people;
12	(2) the United States, in cooperation with allies
13	in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the
14	European Union, should undertake measures to sup-
15	port the Government of Ukraine to prevent acts of
16	Russian genocide against the Ukrainian people;
17	(3) tribunals and international criminal inves-
18	tigations should be supported to hold Russian polit-
19	ical leaders and military personnel to account for a
20	war of aggression, war crimes, crimes against human-
21	ity, and genocide; and
22	(4) the President should use the authorities
23	under the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Account-
24	ability Act (22 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.) to impose eco-

 $nomic\ sanctions\ on\ those\ responsible\ for,\ or\ complicit$

- 1 in, genocide in Ukraine by the Russian Federation
- 2 and those acting on its behalf.

Calendar No. 316

118TH CONGRESS S. 2003

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

January 30, 2024

Reported with an amendment