

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 2518

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make investment income of certain foreign governments subject to tax.

---

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 26, 2023

Mr. WYDEN introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

---

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make investment income of certain foreign governments subject to tax.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-  
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Ending Tax Breaks  
5 for Massive Sovereign Wealth Funds Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. INVESTMENT INCOME OF CERTAIN FOREIGN GOV-  
7 ERNMENTS SUBJECT TO TAX.**

8       (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 892(a) of the Internal  
9 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end  
10 the following new paragraph:

1               “(4) INVESTMENT INCOME OF NON-EXEMPT  
2       FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—

3               “(A) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1)(A)(i)  
4       shall not apply to income from investments of  
5       a non-exempt foreign government.

6               “(B) NON-EXEMPT FOREIGN GOVERN-  
7       MENT.—For purposes of this paragraph, the  
8       term ‘non-exempt foreign government’ means  
9       any foreign government which—

10               “(i) holds, directly or indirectly, more  
11       than \$100,000,000,000 in assets for in-  
12       vestment or for the production of income,  
13       and

14               “(ii) either—

15               “(I) does not have a free trade  
16       agreement in effect with the United  
17       States or an income tax treaty or con-  
18       vention in effect with the United  
19       States, or

20               “(II) is a foreign government of  
21       a covered nation (as defined in section  
22       4872(d)(2) of title 10, United States  
23       Code).”.

1       (b) REGULATIONS.—Section 892(c) of the Internal  
2 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting before the  
3 period at the end the following “, including—

4               “(1) regulations to prevent the avoidance of the  
5 purposes of subsection (a)(4), and

6               “(2) regulations relating to the types of assets  
7 taken into account under subsection (a)(4)(B)(i).”.

8       (c) PUBLICATION OF LIST OF NON-EXEMPT FOR-  
9 EIGN GOVERNMENTS.—

10               (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31,  
11 2024, the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Sec-  
12 retary’s delegate) shall publish a list of foreign gov-  
13 ernments which are non-exempt foreign governments  
14 (as defined in section 892(a)(4) of the Internal Rev-  
15 enue Code of 1986, as added by this section).

16               (2) UPDATING.—The Secretary of the Treasury  
17 (or the Secretary’s delegate) shall regularly update  
18 the list published under paragraph (1).

19       (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

20               (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
21 graph (2), the amendments made by this section  
22 shall apply to income received after December 31,  
23 2023.

24               (2) DELAY IN APPLICATION FOR INCOME ON  
25 QUALIFIED INVESTMENTS.—In the case of any

1 qualified investment, the amendments made by this  
2 section shall apply to income received from such in-  
3 vestment after December 31, 2025.

4 (3) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of  
5 paragraph (2)—

6 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “qualified in-  
7 vestment” means, with respect to a non-exempt  
8 foreign government, any investment made by  
9 such government on or before the date of the  
10 enactment of this Act the income from which  
11 would (without regard to the amendments made  
12 by this Act) be excluded from the gross income  
13 of such government under section 892 of the  
14 Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

15 (B) CERTAIN LATER INVESTMENTS TREAT-  
16 ED AS QUALIFIED INVESTMENTS.—In the case  
17 of an investment made by a non-exempt foreign  
18 government which would be treated as a qualifi-  
19 fied investment of such government but for the  
20 fact it was made after the date of the enact-  
21 ment of this Act and before January 1, 2026,  
22 such investment shall be treated as a qualified  
23 investment if it—

24 (i) was made pursuant to a binding  
25 contract which—

(I) was in effect on such date of enactment and at all times thereafter before such investment,

(II) required such investment to be made on a fixed date and in a fixed amount, and

(III) did not allow any person to delay, deny, or excuse such investment, or

(ii) is a qualified public investment.

(C) TERMINATION OF QUALIFIED INVESTMENT TREATMENT.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—If—

(I) a domestic corporation of which a non-exempt foreign government is a direct shareholder and which has received 1 or more qualified investments, or

(II) a domestic or foreign partnership (or similar flow-through entity) in which a non-exempt foreign government is a direct partner and which has made 1 or more qualified investments on behalf of a non-exempt foreign government,

1           receives an additional investment (which is  
2           not a qualified investment) from any non-  
3           exempt foreign government, then, notwithstanding  
4           paragraph (2), the amendments  
5           made by this section shall apply to income  
6           received from all the qualified investments  
7           received by the non-exempt foreign govern-  
8           ment from such domestic corporation or  
9           through such partnership (or similar flow-  
10          through entity) after the date on which  
11          such domestic corporation or partnership  
12          (or similar flow-through entity) receives  
13          such additional investment.

14                 (ii) DETERMINATION OF RECEIPT.—  
15                 For purposes of this subparagraph, an en-  
16                 tity described in subclause (I) or (II) of  
17                 clause (i) shall be treated as having re-  
18                 ceived an additional investment from a  
19                 non-exempt foreign government if—

20                         (I) it receives such investment di-  
21                         rectly from such government, or  
22                         (II) it receives such investment  
23                         from a partnership (or similar flow-  
24                         through entity) of which such govern-  
25                         ment is a direct or indirect partner.

(iii) CERTIFICATION.—For purposes of this subparagraph, an entity shall be treated as having received additional investments described in clause (i) unless, at the time of making payments of income on any qualified investment, such entity certifies (in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate may prescribe) that no such additional investments have been received as of such time.

(D) QUALIFIED PUBLIC INVESTMENT.—

For purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii)—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The term “qualified public investment” means any investment by a non-exempt foreign government in a domestic corporation or a domestic or foreign partnership which is regularly traded on an established securities market.

(ii) EXCEPTION.—Such term shall not include—

(I) any investment in a domestic corporation on or after the date on which such non-exempt foreign government holds (directly or indirectly) 10 percent or more (by vote or value)

(II) any investment in a domestic or foreign partnership on or after the date on which such non-exempt foreign government holds (directly or indirectly) 10 percent or more of the capital or profits interests of such domestic partnership.

