

# Calendar No. 736

118TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. 4373

[Report No. 118–316]

To provide for congressional approval of national emergency declarations.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 21, 2024

Mr. PAUL (for himself and Mr. PETERS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

DECEMBER 19 (legislative day, DECEMBER 16), 2024

Reported by Mr. PETERS, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

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# A BILL

To provide for congressional approval of national emergency declarations.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2   *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3   **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4       (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the  
5   “Reforming Emergency Powers to Uphold the Balances

1 and Limitations Inherent in the Constitution Act" or the  
 2 "REPUBLIC Act".

3 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for  
 4 this Act is as follows:

See. 1. Short title; table of contents.

**TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES**

See. 101. Congressional review of national emergencies.

See. 102. Reporting requirements.

See. 103. Conforming repeal.

See. 104. Effective date; applicability.

**TITLE II—LIMITATIONS ON EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES**

See. 201. Presidential war powers under Communications Act of 1934.

See. 202. Limitations on International Emergency Economic Powers Act au-  
thorities.

See. 203. Congressional approval requirement for use of Insurrection Act au-  
thorities.

See. 204. Disclosure to Congress of presidential emergency action documents.

**5 TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL RE-  
 6 VIEW OF NATIONAL EMER-  
 7 GENCIES**

**8 SEC. 101. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL EMER-  
 9 GENCIES.**

10 Title II of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C.  
 11 1621 et seq.) is amended by striking sections 201 and 202  
 12 and inserting the following:

**13 "SEC. 201. DECLARATIONS OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.**

14 "(a) AUTHORITY TO DECLARE NATIONAL EMER-  
 15 GENCIES.—With respect to Acts of Congress authorizing  
 16 the exercise, during the period of a national emergency,  
 17 of any special or extraordinary power, the President is au-  
 18 thorized to declare such a national emergency by procla-

1 mation. Such proclamation shall immediately be trans-  
2 mitted to Congress and published in the Federal Register.

3       **“(b) SPECIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF LAW TO BE**  
4 **EXERCISED.**—No powers or authorities made available by  
5 statute for use during the period of a national emergency  
6 shall be exercised unless and until the President specifies  
7 the provisions of law under which the President proposes  
8 that the President or other officers will act in—

9           “(1) a proclamation declaring a national emer-  
10 gency under subsection (a); or

11           “(2) one or more Executive orders relating to  
12 the emergency published in the Federal Register and  
13 transmitted to Congress.

14       **“(c) PROHIBITION ON SUBSEQUENT ACTIONS IF**  
15 **EMERGENCIES NOT APPROVED.**—

16           **“(1) SUBSEQUENT DECLARATIONS.**—If a joint  
17 resolution of approval is not enacted under section  
18 203 with respect to a national emergency before the  
19 expiration of the 30-day period described in section  
20 202(a), or with respect to a national emergency pro-  
21 posed to be renewed under section 202(b), the Presi-  
22 dent may not, during the remainder of the term of  
23 office of that President, declare a subsequent na-  
24 tional emergency under subsection (a) with respect  
25 to the same circumstances.

1           “(2) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—If a joint  
2 resolution of approval is not enacted under section  
3 203 with respect to a power or authority specified by  
4 the President in a proclamation under subsection (a)  
5 or an Executive order under subsection (b)(2) with  
6 respect to a national emergency, the President may  
7 not, during the remainder of the term of office of  
8 that President, exercise that power or authority with  
9 respect to that emergency.

10          “(d) EFFECT OF FUTURE LAWS.—No law enacted  
11 after the date of the enactment of this Act shall supersede  
12 this title unless it does so in specific terms, referring to  
13 this title, and declaring that the new law supersedes the  
14 provisions of this title.

15          **“SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE PERIODS OF NATIONAL EMER-**  
16           **GENCIES.**

17          “(a) TEMPORARY EFFECTIVE PERIODS.—

18           “(1) IN GENERAL.—A declaration of a national  
19 emergency shall remain in effect for 30 days from  
20 the issuance of the proclamation under section  
21 201(a) (not counting the day on which the proclama-  
22 tion was issued) and shall terminate when that 30-  
23 day period expires unless there is enacted into law  
24 a joint resolution of approval under section 203 with  
25 respect to the proclamation.

1               “(2) EXERCISE OF POWERS AND AUTHORI-  
2 TIES.—Any emergency power or authority made  
3 available under a provision of law specified pursuant  
4 to section 201(b) may be exercised pursuant to a  
5 declaration of a national emergency for 30 days  
6 from the issuance of the proclamation or Executive  
7 order (not counting the day on which such proclama-  
8 tion or Executive order was issued). That power or  
9 authority may not be exercised after that 30-day pe-  
10 riod expires unless there is enacted into law a joint  
11 resolution of approval under section 203 approving—

13               “(A) the proclamation of the national  
14 emergency or the Executive order; and

15               “(B) the exercise of the power or authority  
16 specified by the President in such proclamation  
17 or Executive order.

18               “(3) EXCEPTION IF CONGRESS IS UNABLE TO  
19 CONVENE.—If Congress is physically unable to con-  
20 vene as a result of an armed attack upon the United  
21 States or another national emergency, the 30-day  
22 periods described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall  
23 begin on the first day Congress convenes for the  
24 first time after the attack or other emergency.

1       “(b) RENEWAL OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.—A na-  
2 tional emergency declared by the President under section  
3 201(a) or previously renewed under this subsection, and  
4 not already terminated pursuant to subsection (a) or (e),  
5 shall terminate on the date that is 90 days after the Presi-  
6 dent transmitted to Congress the proclamation declaring  
7 the emergency or Congress approved a previous renewal  
8 pursuant to this subsection, unless—

9           “(1) the President publishes in the Federal  
10 Register and transmits to Congress an Executive  
11 order renewing the emergency; and

12           “(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution  
13 of approval renewing the emergency pursuant to sec-  
14 tion 203 before the termination of the emergency or  
15 previous renewal of the emergency.

16       “(c) TERMINATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.—

17           “(1) TERMINATION DATE.—

18           “(A) IN GENERAL.—Any national emer-  
19 gency declared by the President under section  
20 201(a) shall terminate on the earliest of—

21                  “(i) the date provided for in sub-  
22 section (a);

23                  “(ii) the date provided for in sub-  
24 section (b);

1               “(iii) the date specified in an Act of  
2               Congress terminating the emergency; or

3               “(iv) the date specified in a proclamation  
4               of the President terminating the emergency.

5  
6               “(B) 5-YEAR LIMITATION.—Under no circumstances may a national emergency declared  
7               by the President under section 201(a)—

8               “(i) continue on or after the date that  
9               is 5 years after the date on which the national emergency was first declared; or

10               “(ii) in the case of a national emergency declared before the date of the enactment of the Reforming Emergency Powers to Uphold the Balances and Limitations Inherent in the Constitution Act, continue on or after the date that is 5 years after such date of enactment.

11               “(2) EFFECT OF TERMINATION.—

12               “(A) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the date  
13               of the termination of a national emergency  
14               under paragraph (1)—

15               “(i) except as provided by subparagraph (B), any powers or authorities exer-

1 eised by reason of the emergency shall  
2 cease to be exercised;

3 “(ii) any amounts reprogrammed or  
4 transferred under any provision of law  
5 with respect to the emergency that remain  
6 unobligated on that date shall be returned  
7 and made available for the purpose for  
8 which such amounts were appropriated;  
9 and

10 “(iii) any contracts entered into under  
11 any provision of law relating to the emer-  
12 geneey shall be terminated.

13 “(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The termi-  
14 nation of a national emergency shall not af-  
15 fect—

16 “(i) any legal action taken or pending  
17 legal proceeding not finally concluded or  
18 determined on the date of the termination  
19 under paragraph (1);

20 “(ii) any legal action or legal pro-  
21 ceeding based on any act committed prior  
22 to that date; or

23 “(iii) any rights or duties that ma-  
24 tured or penalties that were incurred prior  
25 to that date.

1   **"SEC. 203. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-**  
2                         **GENCIES.**

3                 **"(a) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL DEFINED.—**  
4    In this section, the term 'joint resolution of approval'  
5   means a joint resolution that contains only the following  
6   provisions after its resolving clause:

7                 **"(1) A provision approving—**  
8                         **"(A) a proclamation of a national emer-**  
9                         **gency made under section 201(a);**  
10                         **"(B) an Executive order issued under sec-**  
11                         **tion 201(b)(2); or**  
12                         **"(C) an Executive order issued under sec-**  
13                         **tion 202(b).**

14                 **"(2) A provision approving a list of all or a por-**  
15                         **tion of the provisions of law specified by the Presi-**  
16                         **dent under section 201(b) in the proclamation or**  
17                         **Executive order that is the subject of the joint reso-**  
18                         **lution.**

19                 **"(b) PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF JOINT**  
20   **RESOLUTIONS OF APPROVAL.—**

21                 **"(1) INTRODUCTION.—**After the President  
22   transmits to Congress a proclamation declaring a  
23   national emergency under section 201(a), or an Ex-  
24   ecutive order specifying emergency powers or au-  
25   thorities under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a na-  
26   tional emergency under section 202(b), a joint reso-

1 lution of approval may be introduced in either House  
2 of Congress by any member of that House.

3       “(2) REQUESTS TO CONVENE CONGRESS DUR-  
4 ING RECESSES.—If, when the President transmits to  
5 Congress a proclamation declaring a national emer-  
6 gency under section 201(a), or an Executive order  
7 specifying emergency powers or authorities under  
8 section 201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency  
9 under section 202(b), Congress has adjourned sine  
10 die or has adjourned for any period in excess of 3  
11 calendar days, the majority leader of the Senate and  
12 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or  
13 their respective designees, acting jointly after con-  
14 sultation with and with the concurrence of the mi-  
15 nority leader of the Senate and the minority leader  
16 of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate  
17 and House, respectively, to reassemble at such place  
18 and time as they may designate if, in their opinion,  
19 the public interest shall warrant it.

20       “(3) COMMITTEE REFERRAL.—A joint resolu-  
21 tion of approval shall be referred in each House of  
22 Congress to the committee or committees having ju-  
23 risdiction over the emergency authorities invoked by  
24 the proclamation or Executive order that is the sub-  
25 ject of the joint resolution.

1                 “(4) CONSIDERATION IN SENATE.—In the Sen-  
2 ate, the following shall apply:

3                 “(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the  
4 committee to which a joint resolution of ap-  
5 proval has been referred has not reported it at  
6 the end of 10 calendar days after its introduc-  
7 tion, that committee shall be automatically dis-  
8 charged from further consideration of the reso-  
9 lution and it shall be placed on the calendar.

10                 “(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—  
11 Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing  
12 Rules of the Senate, when the committee to  
13 which a joint resolution of approval is referred  
14 has reported the resolution, or when that com-  
15 mittee is discharged under subparagraph (A)  
16 from further consideration of the resolution, it  
17 is at any time thereafter in order (even though  
18 a previous motion to the same effect has been  
19 disagreed to) for a motion to proceed to the  
20 consideration of the joint resolution, and all  
21 points of order against the joint resolution (and  
22 against consideration of the joint resolution)  
23 are waived. The motion to proceed is subject to  
24 4 hours of debate divided equally between those  
25 favoring and those opposing the joint resolution

1           of approval. The motion is not subject to  
2           amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to  
3           a motion to proceed to the consideration of  
4           other business.

5           “(C) AMENDMENTS.—

6           “(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-  
7           vided in clause (ii), no amendments shall  
8           be in order with respect to a joint resolu-  
9           tion of approval.

10           “(ii) AMENDMENTS TO STRIKE OR  
11           ADD SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF LAW.—  
12           Clause (i) shall not apply with respect to  
13           any amendment—

14           “(I) to strike a provision or pro-  
15           visions of law from the list required  
16           by subsection (a)(2); or

17           “(II) to add to that list a provi-  
18           sion or provisions of law specified by  
19           the President under section 201(b) in  
20           the proclamation or Executive order  
21           that is the subject of the joint resolu-  
22           tion of approval.

23           “(D) MOTION TO RECONSIDER FINAL  
24           VOTE.—A motion to reconsider a vote on pas-

1 sage of a joint resolution of approval shall not  
2 be in order.

3 “(E) APPEALS.—Points of order, including  
4 questions of relevancy, and appeals from the de-  
5 cision of the Presiding Officer, shall be decided  
6 without debate.

7 “(5) CONSIDERATION IN HOUSE OF REP-  
8 RESENTATIVES.—In the House of Representatives,  
9 the following shall apply:

10 “(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If any  
11 committee to which a joint resolution of ap-  
12 proval has been referred has not reported it to  
13 the House within 10 calendar days after the  
14 date of referral, such committee shall be dis-  
15 charged from further consideration of the joint  
16 resolution.

17 “(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—

18 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the  
19 third legislative day after each committee  
20 to which a joint resolution of approval has  
21 been referred reports it to the House or  
22 has been discharged from further consider-  
23 ation, and except as provided in clause (ii),  
24 it shall be in order to move to proceed to  
25 consider the joint resolution in the House.

1           The previous question shall be considered  
2           as ordered on the motion to its adoption  
3           without intervening motion. The motion  
4           shall not be debatable. A motion to recon-  
5           sider the vote by which the motion is dis-  
6           posed of shall not be in order.

7           “(ii) SUBSEQUENT MOTIONS TO PRO-  
8           CEED TO JOINT RESOLUTION OF AP-  
9           PROVAL.—A motion to proceed to consider  
10          a joint resolution of approval shall not be  
11          in order after the House has disposed of  
12          another motion to proceed on that resolu-  
13          tion.

14           “(C) FLOOR CONSIDERATION.—Upon

15          adoption of the motion to proceed in accordance

16          with subparagraph (B)(i), the joint resolution

17          of approval shall be considered as read. The

18          previous question shall be considered as ordered

19          on the joint resolution to final passage without

20          intervening motion except two hours of debate,

21          which shall include debate on any amendments,

22          equally divided and controlled by the sponsor of

23          the joint resolution (or a designee) and an op-  
24          ponent. A motion to reconsider the vote on pas-

1           sage of the joint resolution shall not be in  
2           order.

3           “(D) AMENDMENTS.—

4           “(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-  
5           vided in clause (ii), no amendments shall  
6           be in order with respect to a joint resolu-  
7           tion of approval.

8           “(ii) AMENDMENTS TO STRIKE OR  
9           ADD SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF LAW.—  
10          Clause (i) shall not apply with respect to  
11          any amendment—

12          “(I) to strike a provision or pro-  
13          visions of law from the list required  
14          by subsection (a)(2); or

15          “(II) to add to that list a provi-  
16          sion or provisions of law specified by  
17          the President under section 201(b) in  
18          the proclamation or Executive order  
19          that is the subject of the joint resolu-  
20          tion.

21          “(6) RECEIPT OF RESOLUTION FROM OTHER  
22          HOUSE.—If, before passing a joint resolution of ap-  
23          proval, one House receives from the other a joint  
24          resolution of approval from the other House, then—

1               “(A) the joint resolution of the other  
2               House shall not be referred to a committee and  
3               shall be deemed to have been discharged from  
4               committee on the day it is received; and

5               “(B) the procedures set forth in para-  
6               graphs (3), (4), and (5), as applicable, shall  
7               apply in the receiving House to the joint resolu-  
8               tion received from the other House to the same  
9               extent as such procedures apply to a joint reso-  
10               lution of the receiving House.

11               “(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The enactment of a  
12               joint resolution of approval under this section shall not  
13               be interpreted to serve as a grant or modification by Con-  
14               gress of statutory authority for the emergency powers of  
15               the President.

16               “(d) RULES OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE.—This sec-  
17               tion is enacted by Congress—

18               “(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of  
19               the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-  
20               spectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules  
21               of each House, respectively, but applicable only with  
22               respect to the procedure to be followed in the House  
23               in the case of joint resolutions described in this sec-  
24               tion, and supersedes other rules only to the extent  
25               that it is inconsistent with such other rules; and

1               “(2) with full recognition of the constitutional  
2               right of either House to change the rules (so far as  
3               relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,  
4               in the same manner, and to the same extent as in  
5               the case of any other rule of that House.”.

6 **SEC. 102. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

7               Section 401 of the National Emergencies Act (50  
8 U.S.C. 1641) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
9 lowing:

10               “(d) REPORT ON EMERGENCIES.—The President  
11 shall transmit to Congress, with any proclamation declar-  
12 ing a national emergency under section 201(a) or any Ex-  
13 ecutive order specifying emergency powers or authorities  
14 under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency  
15 under section 202(b), a report, in writing, that includes  
16 the following:

17               “(1) A description of the circumstances necessi-  
18 tating the declaration of a national emergency, the  
19 renewal of such an emergency, or the use of a new  
20 emergency authority specified in the Executive  
21 order, as the case may be.

22               “(2) The estimated duration of the national  
23 emergency, or a statement that the duration of the  
24 national emergency cannot reasonably be estimated  
25 at the time of transmission of the report.

1           “(3) A summary of the actions the President or  
2 other officers intend to take, including any re-  
3 programming or transfer of funds, and the statutory  
4 authorities the President and such officers expect to  
5 rely on in addressing the national emergency.

6           “(4) In the case of a renewal of a national  
7 emergency, a summary of the actions the President  
8 or other officers have taken in the preceding 90-day  
9 period, including any reprogramming or transfer of  
10 funds, to address the emergency.

11          “(e) PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—  
12 The President shall provide to Congress such other infor-  
13 mation as Congress may request in connection with any  
14 national emergency in effect under title II.

15          “(f) PERIODIC REPORTS ON STATUS OF EMER-  
16GENCIES.—If the President declares a national emergency  
17 under section 201(a), the President shall, not less fre-  
18 quently than every 6 months for the duration of the emer-  
19 gency, report to Congress on the status of the emergency  
20 and the actions the President or other officers have taken  
21 and authorities the President and such officers have relied  
22 on in addressing the emergency.”.

23 **SEC. 103. CONFORMING REPEAL.**

24          Title III of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C.  
25 1631) is repealed.

1   **SEC. 104. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.**

2                 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—This title and the amendments  
3   made by this title shall—

4                         (1) take effect on the date of the enactment of  
5   this Act; and

6                         (2) except as provided in subsection (b), apply  
7   with respect to national emergencies declared under  
8   section 201 of the National Emergencies Act on or  
9   after that date.

10                 (b) **APPLICABILITY TO RENEWALS OF EXISTING**  
11 **EMERGENCIES.**—When a national emergency declared  
12 under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act before  
13 the date of the enactment of this Act would expire or be  
14 renewed under section 202(d) of that Act (as in effect on  
15 the day before such date of enactment), that national  
16 emergency shall be subject to the requirements for renewal  
17 under section 202(b) of that Act, as amended by section  
18 101.

19                 **TITLE II—LIMITATIONS ON**  
20                 **EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES**

21   **SEC. 201. PRESIDENTIAL WAR POWERS UNDER COMMU-**  
22                 **NICATIONS ACT OF 1934.**

23                 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 706 of the Communications  
24   Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 606) is amended—

25                         (1) by striking subsections (e) through (g); and

1                   (2) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-  
2                   section (e).

3                   **(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**

4                   Section 309(h) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47  
5                   U.S.C. 309(h)) is amended—

6                   (1) by inserting “and” before “(2)”; and  
7                   (2) by striking “Act,” and all that follows and  
8                   inserting “Act.”.

9                   **SEC. 202. LIMITATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY**

10                   **ECONOMIC POWERS ACT AUTHORITIES.**

11                   (a) PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF AUTHORITIES  
12                   WITH RESPECT TO UNITED STATES PERSONS.—Section  
13                   202 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act  
14                   (50 U.S.C. 1701) is amended by adding at the end the  
15                   following:

16                   “(c)(1) The authorities granted to the President by  
17                   section 203 may not be exercised with respect to a United  
18                   States person.

19                   “(2) In this section, the term ‘United States person’  
20                   means—

21                   “(A) a United States citizen or an alien lawfully  
22                   admitted for permanent residence to the United  
23                   States;

24                   “(B) an entity—

1               “(i) organized under the laws of the  
2               United States or any jurisdiction within the  
3               United States; or

4               “(ii) in which more than 50 percent of the  
5               controlling interest is owned by a person de-  
6               scribed in subparagraph (A), (B)(i), or (C); or  
7               “(C) any person in the United States.”.

8               **(b) EXCLUSION OF IMPOSITION OF DUTIES AND IM-**  
9               **PORT QUOTAS.**—Section 203 of the International Emer-  
10          gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702) is amend-  
11          ed—

12               (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-  
13               section (d); and

14               (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-  
15               lowing:

16               “(c)(1) The authority granted to the President by  
17          this section does not include the authority to impose duties  
18          or tariff-rate quotas or (subject to paragraph (2)) other  
19          quotas on articles entering the United States.

20               “(2) The limitation under paragraph (1) does not  
21          prohibit the President from excluding all articles, or all  
22          of a certain type of article, imported from a country from  
23          entering the United States.”.

1   **SEC. 203. CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL REQUIREMENT FOR**  
2                   **USE OF INSURRECTION ACT AUTHORITIES.**

3       (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 13 of title 10, United  
4 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
5 lowing new section:

6   **“§ 256. Congressional approval requirement**

7       “The President may not use authorities described in  
8 section 251, 252, or 253 unless Congress first enacts legis-  
9 lation approving such use of authority.”.

10     (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections  
11 at the beginning of chapter 13 of title 10, United States  
12 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to  
13 section 255 the following new item:

“256. Congressional approval requirement.”.

14   **SEC. 204. DISCLOSURE TO CONGRESS OF PRESIDENTIAL**  
15                   **EMERGENCY ACTION DOCUMENTS.**

16     (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 days after the  
17 conclusion of the process for approval, adoption, or revi-  
18 sion of any presidential emergency action document, the  
19 President shall submit that document to the appropriate  
20 congressional committees.

21     (b) DOCUMENTS IN EXISTENCE BEFORE DATE OF  
22 ENACTMENT.—Not later than 15 days after the date of  
23 the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to  
24 the appropriate congressional committees all presidential

1 emergency action documents in existence before such date  
2 of enactment.

3 (e) OVERSIGHT.—

4 (1) SENATE.—The Committee on Homeland  
5 Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate  
6 shall have—

7 (A) continuing legislative oversight juris-  
8 diction in the Senate with respect to the pro-  
9 posal, creation, implementation, and execution  
10 of presidential emergency action documents;  
11 and

12 (B) access to any and all presidential  
13 emergency action documents.

14 (2) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The Com-  
15 mittee on Oversight and Accountability of the House  
16 of Representatives shall have—

17 (A) continuing legislative oversight juris-  
18 diction in the House of Representatives with re-  
19 spect to the proposal, creation, implementation,  
20 and execution of presidential emergency action  
21 documents; and

22 (B) access to any and all presidential  
23 emergency action documents.

24 (3) DUTY TO COOPERATE.—All officers and em-  
25 ployees of any Federal agency shall have the duty to

1       cooperate with the exercise of oversight jurisdiction  
2       described in this subsection.

3             (4) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The chairpersons  
4       and ranking members of the appropriate congressional  
5       committees, and designated staff of those  
6       committees, shall be granted all security clearances  
7       required to access, and granted access to, presi-  
8       dential emergency action documents, including under  
9       relevant Presidential or agency special access and  
10      compartmented access programs.

11             (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12                 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-  
13       TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional com-  
14       mittees” means—

15                     (A) the Committee on Homeland Security  
16       and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and  
17                     (B) the Committee on Oversight and Ac-  
18       countability of the House of Representatives.

19                 (2) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term “Federal  
20       agency”—

21                     (A) has the meaning given the term “agen-  
22       cy” in section 552(f) of title 5, United States  
23       Code; and

24                     (B) includes the Executive Office of the  
25       President, the Executive Office of the Vice

1           President, the Office of Management and Budg-  
2           et, and the National Security Council.

3           (3) PRESIDENTIAL EMERGENCY ACTION DOCUMENT.—The term “presidential emergency action  
4           document” refers to any document created by any  
5           Federal agency before, on, or after the date of the  
6           enactment of this Act, that is—

7                 (A) designated as a presidential emergency  
8                 action document or presidential emergency ac-  
9                 tion directive;

10                 (B) designed to implement a presidential  
11                 decision or transmit a presidential request when  
12                 an emergency disrupts normal executive, legisla-  
13                 tive, judicial, or other Federal governmental  
14                 processes;

15                 (C) a Presidential Policy Directive, regard-  
16                 less of whether the directive is available to the  
17                 public, that triggers any change in policies, pro-  
18                 cedures, or operations of the Federal Govern-  
19                 ment upon the declaration by the President of  
20                 an emergency; or

21                 (D) any other document, briefing, or plan,  
22                 regardless of whether the document, briefing, or  
23                 plan exists in any tangible or written form, that  
24                 triggers any change in operations of the Fed-

1           eral Government upon the declaration by the  
 2           President of an emergency.

3   **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4       (a) *SHORT TITLE.*—*This Act may be cited as the “Re-*  
 5 *forming Emergency Powers to Uphold the Balances and*  
 6 *Limitations Inherent in the Constitution Act” or the “RE-*  
 7 *PUBLIC Act”.*

8       (b) *TABLE OF CONTENTS.*—*The table of contents for*  
 9 *this Act is as follows:*

Sec. 1. *Short title; table of contents.*

**TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES**

Sec. 101. *Congressional review of national emergencies.*  
 Sec. 102. *Reporting requirements.*  
 Sec. 103. *Exclusion of certain national emergencies invoking International Emergency Economic Powers Act.*  
 Sec. 104. *Conforming amendments.*  
 Sec. 105. *Effective date; applicability.*

**TITLE II—LIMITATIONS ON EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES**

Sec. 201. *Protections for United States persons with respect to use of authorities under International Emergency Economic Powers Act.*  
 Sec. 202. *Exclusion of authority to impose duties and import quotas from International Emergency Economic Powers Act.*  
 Sec. 203. *Presidential war powers under Communications Act of 1934.*  
 Sec. 204. *Disclosure to Congress of presidential emergency action documents.*

10   **TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL RE-**  
 11      **VIEW OF NATIONAL EMER-**  
 12      **GENCIES**

13   **SEC. 101. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL EMER-**  
 14      **GENCIES.**

15      *The National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.)*  
 16      *is amended by inserting after title I the following:*

1     **“TITLE II—DECLARATIONS OF**  
2     **FUTURE NATIONAL EMER-**  
3     **GENCIES**

4     **“SEC. 201. DECLARATIONS OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.**

5         “(a) *AUTHORITY TO DECLARE NATIONAL EMER-*  
6     *GENCIES.*—With respect to Acts of Congress authorizing the  
7     *exercise, during the period of a national emergency, of any*  
8     *special or extraordinary power, the President is authorized*  
9     *to declare such a national emergency by proclamation. Such*  
10   *proclamation shall immediately be transmitted to Congress*  
11   *and published in the Federal Register.*

12         “(b) *SPECIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF LAW TO BE*  
13   *EXERCISED.*—No powers or authorities made available by  
14   *statute for use during the period of a national emergency*  
15   *shall be exercised unless and until the President specifies*  
16   *the provisions of law under which the President proposes*  
17   *that the President or other officers will act in—*

18             “(1) *a proclamation declaring a national emer-*  
19   *gency under subsection (a); or*

20             “(2) *one or more Executive orders relating to the*  
21   *emergency published in the Federal Register and*  
22   *transmitted to Congress.*

23         “(c) *PROHIBITION ON SUBSEQUENT ACTIONS IF*  
24   *EMERGENCIES NOT APPROVED.*—

1           “(1) *SUBSEQUENT DECLARATIONS.*—If a joint  
2 resolution of approval is not enacted under section  
3 203 with respect to a national emergency before the  
4 expiration of the 30-day period described in section  
5 202(a), or with respect to a national emergency pro-  
6 posed to be renewed under section 202(b), the Presi-  
7 dent may not, during the remainder of the term of of-  
8 fice of that President, declare a subsequent national  
9 emergency under subsection (a) with respect to the  
10 same circumstances.

11          “(2) *EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.*—If a joint res-  
12 olution of approval is not enacted under section 203  
13 with respect to a power or authority specified by the  
14 President in a proclamation under subsection (a) or  
15 an Executive order under subsection (b)(2) with re-  
16 spect to a national emergency, the President may not,  
17 during the remainder of the term of office of that  
18 President, exercise that power or authority with re-  
19 spect to that emergency.

20          “(d) *EFFECT OF FUTURE LAWS.*—No law enacted  
21 after the date of the enactment of this Act shall supersede  
22 this title unless it does so in specific terms, referring to this  
23 title, and declaring that the new law supersedes the provi-  
24 sions of this title.

1   **“SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE PERIODS OF NATIONAL EMER-**

2                 ***GENCIES.***

3                 “(a) TEMPORARY EFFECTIVE PERIODS.—

4                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—*A declaration of a national*  
5     *emergency shall remain in effect for a period of 30*  
6     *calendar days from the issuance of the proclamation*  
7     *under section 201(a) (not counting the day on which*  
8     *the proclamation was issued) and shall terminate*  
9     *when such period expires unless there is enacted into*  
10   *law a joint resolution of approval under section 203*  
11   *with respect to the proclamation.*

12                 “(2) EXERCISE OF POWERS AND AUTHORITIES.—  
13     *Any emergency power or authority made available*  
14     *under a provision of law specified pursuant to section*  
15     *201(b) may be exercised pursuant to a declaration of*  
16     *a national emergency for a period of 30 calendar*  
17     *days from the issuance of the proclamation or Executive*  
18     *order (not counting the day on which such proclama-*  
19     *tion or Executive order was issued). That power*  
20     *or authority may not be exercised after such period*  
21     *expires unless there is enacted into law a joint resolu-*  
22     *tion of approval under section 203 approving—*  
23                 “(A) *the proclamation of the national emer-*  
24     *gency or the Executive order; and*

1               “(B) the exercise of the power or authority  
2               specified by the President in such proclamation  
3               or Executive order.

4               “(3) EXCEPTION IF CONGRESS IS UNABLE TO  
5               CONVENE.—If Congress is physically unable to con-  
6               vene as a result of an armed attack upon the United  
7               States or another national emergency, the 30-day pe-  
8               riods described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall begin  
9               on the first day Congress convenes for the first time  
10              after the attack or other emergency.

11              “(b) RENEWAL OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.—A na-  
12              tional emergency declared by the President under section  
13              201(a) or previously renewed under this subsection, and not  
14              already terminated pursuant to subsection (a) or (c), shall  
15              terminate on the date that is one year after the President  
16              transmitted to Congress the proclamation declaring the  
17              emergency or Congress approved a previous renewal pursu-  
18              ant to this subsection, unless—

19              “(1) the President publishes in the Federal Reg-  
20              ister and transmits to Congress an Executive order  
21              renewing the emergency; and

22              “(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution  
23              of approval renewing the emergency pursuant to sec-  
24              tion 203 before the termination of the emergency or  
25              previous renewal of the emergency.

1       “(c) TERMINATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.—

2           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any national emergency de-  
3           clared by the President under section 201(a) shall ter-  
4           minate on the earliest of—

5              “(A) the date provided for in subsection (a);

6              “(B) the date provided for in subsection (b);

7              “(C) the date specified in an Act of Con-  
8              gress terminating the emergency; or

9              “(D) the date specified in a proclamation of  
10             the President terminating the emergency.

11       “(2) EFFECT OF TERMINATION.—

12           “(A) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the date of  
13           the termination of a national emergency under  
14           paragraph (1)—

15              “(i) except as provided by subparagraph (B), any powers or authorities exer-  
16              cised by reason of the emergency shall cease  
17              to be exercised;

19              “(ii) any amounts reprogrammed or  
20              transferred under any provision of law with  
21              respect to the emergency that remain unob-  
22              ligated on that date shall be returned and  
23              made available for the purpose for which  
24              such amounts were appropriated; and

1                   “(iii) any contracts entered into pur-  
2                   suant to authorities provided as a result of  
3                   the emergency shall be terminated.

4                   “(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—The termination  
5                   of a national emergency shall not affect—

6                   “(i) any legal action taken or pending  
7                   legal proceeding not finally concluded or de-  
8                   termined on the date of the termination  
9                   under paragraph (1);

10                  “(ii) any legal action or legal pro-  
11                  ceeding based on any act committed prior  
12                  to that date; or

13                  “(iii) any rights or duties that ma-  
14                  tured or penalties that were incurred prior  
15                  to that date.

16                  **“SEC. 203. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-**  
17                  **GENCIES.**

18                  “(a) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL DEFINED.—In  
19                  this section, the term ‘joint resolution of approval’ means  
20                  a joint resolution that contains only the following provi-  
21                  sions after its resolving clause:

22                  “(1) A provision approving—

23                  “(A) a proclamation of a national emer-  
24                  gency made under section 201(a);

1           “(B) an Executive order issued under sec-  
2           tion 201(b)(2); or

3           “(C) an Executive order issued under sec-  
4           tion 202(b).

5           “(2) A provision approving a list of all or a por-  
6           tion of the provisions of law specified by the President  
7           under section 201(b) in the proclamation or Executive  
8           order that is the subject of the joint resolution.

9           “(b) PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF JOINT

10 *RESOLUTIONS OF APPROVAL.—*

11           “(1) INTRODUCTION.—After the President trans-  
12           mits to Congress a proclamation declaring a national  
13           emergency under section 201(a), or an Executive  
14           order specifying emergency powers or authorities  
15           under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a national emer-  
16           gency under section 202(b), a joint resolution of ap-  
17           proval may be introduced in either House of Congress  
18           by any member of that House.

19           “(2) REQUESTS TO CONVENE CONGRESS DURING  
20           RECESSES.—If, when the President transmits to Con-  
21           gress a proclamation declaring a national emergency  
22           under section 201(a), or an Executive order speci-  
23           fying emergency powers or authorities under section  
24           201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency under  
25           section 202(b), Congress has adjourned sine die or has

1       adjourned for any period in excess of 3 calendar days,  
2       the majority leader of the Senate and the Speaker of  
3       the House of Representatives, or their respective des-  
4       ignees, acting jointly after consultation with and the  
5       concurrence of the minority leader of the Senate and  
6       the minority leader of the House, shall notify the  
7       Members of the Senate and House, respectively, to re-  
8       assemble at such place and time as they may des-  
9       ignate if, in their opinion, the public interest shall  
10      warrant it.

11      “(3) CONSIDERATION IN SENATE.—In the Sen-  
12      ate, the following shall apply:

13           “(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the  
14        committee to which a joint resolution of ap-  
15        proval has been referred has not reported it at  
16        the end of 10 calendar days after its introduc-  
17        tion, that committee shall be automatically dis-  
18        charged from further consideration of the resolu-  
19        tion and it shall be placed on the calendar.

20           “(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—  
21        Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing  
22        Rules of the Senate, when the committee to which  
23        a joint resolution of approval is referred has re-  
24        ported the resolution, or when that committee is  
25        discharged under subparagraph (A) from further

1       *consideration of the resolution, it is at any time*  
2       *thereafter in order (even though a previous mo-*  
3       *tion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for*  
4       *a motion to proceed to the consideration of the*  
5       *joint resolution, and all points of order against*  
6       *the joint resolution (and against consideration of*  
7       *the joint resolution) are waived. The motion to*  
8       *proceed is subject to 4 hours of debate divided*  
9       *equally between those favoring and those oppos-*  
10      *ing the joint resolution of approval. The motion*  
11      *is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to*  
12      *postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consid-*  
13      *eration of other business.*

14      “(C) FLOOR CONSIDERATION.—*A joint reso-*  
15      *lution of approval shall be subject to 10 hours of*  
16      *consideration, to be divided evenly between the*  
17      *proponents and opponents of the resolution.*

18      “(D) AMENDMENTS.—

19      “(i) IN GENERAL.—*Except as provided*  
20      *in clause (ii), no amendments shall be in*  
21      *order with respect to a joint resolution of*  
22      *approval.*

23      “(ii) AMENDMENTS TO STRIKE OR ADD  
24      SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF LAW.—*Clause (i)*

1           *shall not apply with respect to any amend-*  
2           *ment—*

3                 “(I) to strike a provision or provi-  
4                 sions of law from the list required by  
5                 subsection (a)(2); or

6                 “(II) to add to that list a provi-  
7                 sion or provisions of law specified by  
8                 the President under section 201(b) in  
9                 the proclamation or Executive order  
10                that is the subject of the joint resolu-  
11                tion of approval.

12                 “(E) MOTION TO RECONSIDER FINAL  
13                 VOTE.—A motion to reconsider a vote on passage  
14                 of a joint resolution of approval shall not be in  
15                 order.

16                 “(F) APPEALS.—Points of order, including  
17                 questions of relevancy, and appeals from the de-  
18                 cision of the Presiding Officer, shall be decided  
19                 without debate.

20                 “(4) CONSIDERATION IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTA-  
21                 TIVES.—In the House of Representatives, the fol-  
22                 lowing shall apply:

23                 “(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the  
24                 committee to which a joint resolution of ap-  
25                 proval has been referred has not reported it to

1           *the House within 10 calendar days after the date  
2           of referral, such committee shall be discharged  
3           from further consideration of the joint resolution.*

4           **“(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—**

5           “*(i) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the  
6           third legislative day after the committee to  
7           which a joint resolution of approval has  
8           been referred reports it to the House or has  
9           been discharged from further consideration,  
10           and except as provided in clause (ii), it  
11           shall be in order to move to proceed to con-  
12           sider the joint resolution in the House. The  
13           previous question shall be considered as or-  
14           dered on the motion to its adoption without  
15           intervening motion. The motion shall not be  
16           debatable. A motion to reconsider the vote  
17           by which the motion is disposed of shall not  
18           be in order.*

19           “*(ii) SUBSEQUENT MOTIONS TO PRO-  
20           CEED TO JOINT RESOLUTION OF AP-  
21           PROVAL.—A motion to proceed to consider a  
22           joint resolution of approval shall not be in  
23           order after the House has disposed of an-  
24           other motion to proceed on that resolution.*

1                 “(C) *FLOOR CONSIDERATION.*—Upon adop-  
2                 *tion of the motion to proceed in accordance with*  
3                 *subparagraph (B)(i), the joint resolution of ap-*  
4                 *proval shall be considered as read. The previous*  
5                 *question shall be considered as ordered on the*  
6                 *joint resolution to final passage without inter-*  
7                 *vening motion except two hours of debate, which*  
8                 *shall include debate on any amendments, equally*  
9                 *divided and controlled by the sponsor of the joint*  
10                 *resolution (or a designee) and an opponent. A*  
11                 *motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the*  
12                 *joint resolution shall not be in order.*

13                 “(D) *AMENDMENTS.*—

14                 “(i) *IN GENERAL.*—Except as provided

15                 *in clause (ii), no amendments shall be in*  
16                 *order with respect to a joint resolution of*  
17                 *approval.*

18                 “(ii) *AMENDMENTS TO STRIKE OR ADD*

19                 *SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF LAW.*—Clause (i)

20                 *shall not apply with respect to any amend-*  
21                 *ment—*

22                 “(I) *to strike a provision or provi-*

23                 *sions of law from the list required by*  
24                 *subsection (a)(2); or*

1                   “(II) to add to that list a provi-  
2                   sion or provisions of law specified by  
3                   the President under section 201(b) in  
4                   the proclamation or Executive order  
5                   that is the subject of the joint resolu-  
6                   tion.

7                   “(5) RECEIPT OF RESOLUTION FROM OTHER  
8                   HOUSE.—If, before passing a joint resolution of ap-  
9                   proval, one House receives from the other a joint reso-  
10                  lution of approval from the other House, then—

11                  “(A) the joint resolution of the other House  
12                  shall not be referred to a committee and shall be  
13                  deemed to have been discharged from committee  
14                  on the day it is received; and

15                  “(B) the procedures set forth in paragraphs  
16                  (3) and (4), as applicable, shall apply in the re-  
17                  ceiving House to the joint resolution received  
18                  from the other House to the same extent as such  
19                  procedures apply to a joint resolution of the re-  
20                  ceiving House.

21                  “(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The enactment of a  
22                  joint resolution of approval under this section shall not be  
23                  interpreted to serve as a grant or modification by Congress  
24                  of statutory authority for the emergency powers of the Presi-  
25                  dent.

1       “(d) RULES OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE.—This sec-  
2 tion is enacted by Congress—

3           “(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of  
4 the Senate and the House of Representatives, respec-  
5 tively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of  
6 each House, respectively, but applicable only with re-  
7 spect to the procedure to be followed in the House in  
8 the case of joint resolutions described in this section,  
9 and supersedes other rules only to the extent that it  
10 is inconsistent with such other rules; and

11          “(2) with full recognition of the constitutional  
12 right of either House to change the rules (so far as re-  
13 lating to the procedure of that House) at any time,  
14 in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the  
15 case of any other rule of that House.

16 **“SEC. 204. APPLICABILITY.**

17          “This title shall apply to a national emergency pursu-  
18 ant to which the President proposes to exercise emergency  
19 powers or authorities made available under any provision  
20 of law that is not a provision of law described in section  
21 604(a).”.

22 **SEC. 102. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

23          Section 401 of the National Emergencies Act (50  
24 U.S.C. 1641) is amended—

25           (1) in subsection (c)—

1                   (A) in the first sentence by inserting “, and  
2                   make publicly available” after “transmit to Con-  
3                   gress”; and

4                   (B) in the second sentence by inserting “,  
5                   and make publicly available,” before “a final re-  
6                   port”; and

7                   (2) by adding at the end the following:

8                 “(d) REPORT ON EMERGENCIES.—The President shall  
9                 transmit to the entities described in subsection (g), with any  
10               proclamation declaring a national emergency under section  
11               201(a) or any Executive order specifying emergency powers  
12               or authorities under section 201(b)(2) or renewing a na-  
13               tional emergency under section 202(b), a report, in writing,  
14               that includes the following:

15                 “(1) A description of the circumstances necessi-  
16               tating the declaration of a national emergency, the re-  
17               newal of such an emergency, or the use of a new  
18               emergency authority specified in the Executive order,  
19               as the case may be.

20                 “(2) The estimated duration of the national  
21               emergency, or a statement that the duration of the  
22               national emergency cannot reasonably be estimated at  
23               the time of transmission of the report.

24                 “(3) A summary of the actions the President or  
25               other officers intend to take, including any re-

1       *programming or transfer of funds, and the statutory*  
2       *authorities the President and such officers expect to*  
3       *rely on in addressing the national emergency.*

4       *“(4) The total expenditures estimated to be in-*  
5       *curred by the United States Government during such*  
6       *six-month period which are directly attributable to*  
7       *the exercise of powers and authorities conferred by*  
8       *such declaration.*

9       *“(5) In the case of a renewal of a national emer-*  
10      *gency, a summary of the actions the President or*  
11      *other officers have taken in the preceding one-year pe-*  
12      *riod, including any reprogramming or transfer of*  
13      *funds, to address the emergency.*

14      *“(e) PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.—The*  
15      *President shall provide to the entities described in sub-*  
16      *section (g) such other information as such entities may re-*  
17      *quest in connection with any national emergency in effect*  
18      *under title II.*

19      *“(f) PERIODIC REPORTS ON STATUS OF EMER-*  
20      *GENCIES.—If the President declares a national emergency*  
21      *under section 201(a), the President shall, not less frequently*  
22      *than every 6 months for the duration of the emergency, re-*  
23      *port to the entities described in subsection (g) on the status*  
24      *of the emergency, the total expenditures incurred by the*  
25      *United States Government, and the actions the President*

1 or other officers have taken and authorities the President  
2 and such officers have relied on in addressing the emer-  
3 gency.

4       “(g) *ENTITIES DESCRIBED*.—The entities described in  
5 this subsection are—

6           “(1) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

7           “(2) minority leader of the House of Representa-  
8 tives;

9           “(3) the Committee on Transportation and In-  
10 frastructure of the House of Representatives; and

11           “(4) the Committee on Homeland Security and  
12 Governmental Affairs of the Senate.”.

13 **SEC. 103. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL EMER-  
14 GENCIES INVOKING INTERNATIONAL EMER-  
15 GENCY ECONOMIC POWERS ACT.**

16       (a) *IN GENERAL*.—The National Emergencies Act (50  
17 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as amended by this title, is further  
18 amended by adding at the end the following:

1   **“TITLE VI—DECLARATIONS OF**  
2   **CERTAIN EMERGENCIES IN-**  
3   **VOKING INTERNATIONAL**  
4   **EMERGENCY ECONOMIC POW-**  
5   **ERS ACT**

6   **“SEC. 604. APPLICABILITY.**

7         “(a) *IN GENERAL.*—This title shall apply to a na-  
8   tional emergency pursuant to which the President proposes  
9   to exercise emergency powers or authorities made available  
10 under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act  
11 (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

12         “(b) *EFFECT OF ADDITIONAL POWERS AND AUTHORI-*  
13 *TIES.*—This title shall not apply to a national emergency  
14 or the exercise of emergency powers and authorities pursu-  
15 ant to the national emergency if, in addition to the exercise  
16 of emergency powers and authorities described in subsection  
17 (a), the President proposes to exercise, pursuant to the na-  
18 tional emergency, any emergency powers and authorities  
19 under any other provision of law.”.

20         (b) *TRANSFER.*—Sections 201, 202, and 301 of the Na-  
21 tional Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as such  
22 sections appeared on the day before the date of the enact-  
23 ment of this Act, are—

24             (1) transferred to title VI of such Act (as added  
25 by subsection (a));

1                   (2) inserted before section 604 of such title (as  
2                   added by subsection (a)); and  
3                   (3) redesignated as sections 601, 602, and 603,  
4                   respectively.

5                   (c) *CONFORMING AMENDMENT.*—Title II of the Na-  
6                   tional Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as such  
7                   title appeared the day before the date of the enactment of  
8                   this Act, is amended by striking the heading for such title.

9                   **SEC. 104. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**

10                  (a) *NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT.*—Title III of the  
11                  National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1631) is repealed.

12                  (b) *INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY ECONOMIC POWERS  
13                  ACT.*—Section 207(b) of the International Emergency Eco-  
14                  nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1706) is amended by striking  
15                  “concurrent resolution” each place it appears and inserting  
16                  “joint resolution”.

17                  **SEC. 105. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.**

18                  (a) *IN GENERAL.*—This title and the amendments  
19                  made by this title shall—

20                   (1) take effect on the date of the enactment of  
21                  this Act; and

22                   (2) except as provided in subsection (b), apply  
23                  with respect to national emergencies declared under  
24                  section 201 of the National Emergencies Act on or  
25                  after such date.

1       (b) *APPLICABILITY TO RENEWALS OF EXISTING EMER-*  
2 *GENCIES.*—With respect to a national emergency declared  
3 under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act before  
4 the date of the enactment of this Act that would expire or  
5 be renewed under section 202(d) of that Act (as in effect  
6 on the day before such date of enactment), that national  
7 emergency shall be subject to the requirements for renewal  
8 under section 202(b) of that Act, as amended by section 101.

9       (c) *SUPERSESSION.*—This title and the amendments  
10 made by this title shall supersede title II of the National  
11 Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) as such title was  
12 in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act.

13       **TITLE II—LIMITATIONS ON**  
14       **EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES**

15       **SEC. 201. PROTECTIONS FOR UNITED STATES PERSONS**  
16                   **WITH RESPECT TO USE OF AUTHORITIES**  
17                   **UNDER INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY ECO-**  
18                   **NOMIC POWERS ACT.**

19       The International Emergency Economic Powers Act  
20 (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) is amended by inserting after sec-  
21 tion 203 the following:

22       **“SEC. 203A. PROTECTIONS FOR UNITED STATES PERSONS.**

23       “(a) *LIMITATIONS FOR NECESSITIES.*—

24           “(1) *IN GENERAL.*—Except as provided by para-  
25 graph (2) and in accordance with this section, no au-

1       *thority provided under section 203 may be exercised*  
2       *to target a United States person.*

3           “(2) *EXCEPTION FOR ISSUANCE OF GENERAL LI-*  
4       *CENSES.—An authority provided under section 203*  
5       *may be exercised to target a United States person if*  
6       *the President has, before using the authority, issued*  
7       *a general license that ensures that the United States*  
8       *person has sufficient access to the necessities of life,*  
9       *including food, nutritional support, water, shelter,*  
10      *clothing, sanitation, medicine, health care and other*  
11      *vital services, and gainful employment where nec-*  
12      *essary to provide the United States person a means*  
13      *for subsistence.*

14           “(3) *DUE PROCESS FOR UNITED STATES PER-*  
15      *SONS.—*

16           “(A) *IN GENERAL.—When taking an action*  
17      *pursuant to authority provided by section 203 to*  
18      *target a United States person, the President*  
19      *shall—*

20           “(i) *provide contemporaneous notice of*  
21      *the action to the United States person;*

22           “(ii) *not later than one week after tak-*  
23      *ing the action, provide the United States*  
24      *person with the record on which the decision*  
25      *to take the action was based, including an*

1           *unclassified summary, or a redacted*  
2           *version, of any classified information that*  
3           *provides the United States person with sub-*  
4           *stantially the same ability to respond to*  
5           *that information as the classified informa-*  
6           *tion;*

7           “*(iii) provide the United States person*  
8           *with the opportunity to request review of*  
9           *the decision and to submit information in*  
10          *support of that request;*

11          “*(iv) provide the United States person*  
12          *with the opportunity for an administrative*  
13          *hearing not later than 90 days after re-*  
14          *questing a review under clause (iii), unless*  
15          *the United States person agrees to a longer*  
16          *period; and*

17          “*(v) render a written decision on a re-*  
18          *quest for review under clause (iii) not later*  
19          *than 90 days after the hearing under clause*  
20          *(iv), or, if no such hearing is requested, not*  
21          *later than 90 days after the later of—*

22           “*(I) the request for review; or*  
23           “*(II) the submission of informa-*  
24           *tion in support of that request.*

1                 “(B) FAILURE TO RENDER TIMELY DECI-  
2                 SION.—Failure to render a decision within the  
3                 time frame specified in subparagraph (A)(v)  
4                 shall be considered an agency action for purposes  
5                 of section 702 of title 5, United States Code.

6                 “(b) WARRANT FOR SEIZURE OF PROPERTY OF  
7    UNITED STATES PERSONS.—

8                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—When taking an action pur-  
9                 suant to authority provided by section 203 to target  
10                 a United States person, the President may not block  
11                 or otherwise prevent the access of the United States  
12                 person to property in which the United States person  
13                 has an ownership interest except pursuant to a war-  
14                 rant issued using the procedures described in the Fed-  
15                 eral Rules of Criminal Procedure (or, in the case of  
16                 a court-martial or other proceeding under the Uni-  
17                 form Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10,  
18                 United States Code), issued under section 846 of title  
19                 10, United States Code (article 46 of the Uniform  
20                 Code of Military Justice), in accordance with regula-  
21                 tions prescribed by the President) by a court of com-  
22                 petent jurisdiction.

23                 “(2) DELAYED WARRANTS.—To the extent con-  
24                 sistent with the Fourth Amendment to the Constitu-  
25                 tion of the United States, a court shall permit the

1       *temporary blocking of property under section 203*  
2       *without a warrant on an emergency basis, or use*  
3       *other means lawfully available to the court, to enable*  
4       *the Federal Government to identify the property that*  
5       *is subject to blocking while reducing the risk of prop-*  
6       *erty flight.*

7       “(c) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

8           “(1) IN GENERAL.—*A United States person that*  
9       *is the target of an action taken by the President pur-*  
10      *suant to any authority provided under section 203*  
11      *may bring an action in a United States court of com-*  
12      *petent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of any available*  
13      *administrative remedies, to obtain judicial review of*  
14      *the lawfulness of that action, including whether the*  
15      *action was authorized by the Executive order or or-*  
16      *ders specifying the measures to be taken under section*  
17      *203 in response to a determination issued under sec-*  
18      *tion 202.*

19           “(2) CONDUCT OF REVIEW.—*In an action*  
20      *brought under paragraph (1)—*

21           “(A) *the review of the court shall be de*  
22      *novo;*

23           “(B) *any party may introduce evidence not*  
24      *included in the administrative record;*

1               “(C) any administrative record or portions  
2               thereof may be entered into evidence, and ques-  
3               tions of authentication or hearsay shall bear on  
4               the weight to be accorded the evidence rather  
5               than its admissibility;

6               “(D) classified information shall be handled  
7               in accordance with the Classified Information  
8               Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.), except that ref-  
9               erences to the ‘defendant’ in such Act shall be  
10               deemed to apply to the plaintiff; and

11               “(E) the court shall have the authority to  
12               order injunctive relief, actual damages, and at-  
13               torneys’ fees.

14               “(3) OTHER MEANS OF REVIEW.—The avail-  
15               ability of judicial review under this subsection shall  
16               not preclude other available means of judicial review,  
17               including under section 702 of title 5, United States  
18               Code, except that a person may not exercise the right  
19               to judicial review under more than one provision of  
20               law.

21               “(d) UNITED STATES PERSON DEFINED.—In this sec-  
22               tion, the term ‘United States person’ means—

23               “(1) a United States national; or  
24               “(2) an entity—

1           “(A) organized under the laws of the United  
2           States or any jurisdiction within the United  
3           States; and

4           “(B) in which more than 50 percent of the  
5           controlling interest is owned by a person de-  
6           scribed in paragraph (1).”.

7 **SEC. 202. EXCLUSION OF AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE DUTIES  
8 AND IMPORT QUOTAS FROM INTERNATIONAL  
9 EMERGENCY ECONOMIC POWERS ACT.**

10          Section 203 of the International Emergency Economic  
11 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702) is amended—

12           (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection  
13 (d); and

14           (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-  
15 lowing:

16           “(c)(1) The authority granted to the President by this  
17 section does not include the authority to impose duties or  
18 tariff-rate quotas or (subject to paragraph (2)) other quotas  
19 on articles entering the United States.

20           “(2) The limitation under paragraph (1) does not pro-  
21 hibit the President from excluding all articles, or all of a  
22 certain type of article, imported from a country from enter-  
23 ing the United States.”.

1   **SEC. 203. PRESIDENTIAL WAR POWERS UNDER COMMU-**2                   **NICATIONS ACT OF 1934.**3         (a) *IN GENERAL.*—Section 706 of the Communications4   *Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 606) is amended—*5                 (1) *by striking subsections (c) through (g); and*6                 (2) *by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection*

7                 (c).

8         (b) *TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.*—Sec-9   *tion 309(h) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.*10 *309(h)) is amended—*11                 (1) *by inserting “and” before “(2)”;* and12                 (2) *by striking “Act;” and all that follows and*13                 *inserting “Act.”.*14   **SEC. 204. DISCLOSURE TO CONGRESS OF PRESIDENTIAL**15                   **EMERGENCY ACTION DOCUMENTS.**16         (a) *IN GENERAL.*—Not later than 3 days after the con-17   *clusion of the process for approval, adoption, or revision*18   *of any presidential emergency action document, the Presi-*19   *dent shall submit that document to the appropriate congres-*20   *sional committees.*21         (b) *DOCUMENTS IN EXISTENCE BEFORE DATE OF EN-*22   *ACTMENT.*—Not later than 15 days after the date of the en-23   *actment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appro-*24   *priate congressional committees all presidential emergency*25   *action documents in existence before such date of enactment.*26         (c) *OVERSIGHT.*—

1                   (1) *SENATE.*—*The Committee on Homeland Se-*  
2 *curity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate shall*  
3 *have—*

4                   (A) *continuing legislative oversight jurisdiction*  
5 *in the Senate with respect to the proposal,*  
6 *creation, implementation, and execution of presi-*  
7 *dential emergency action documents; and*  
8                   (B) *access to any and all presidential emer-*  
9 *gency action documents.*

10                  (2) *HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.*—*The Com-*  
11 *mittee on Oversight and Accountability of the House*  
12 *of Representatives shall have—*

13                  (A) *continuing legislative oversight jurisdiction*  
14 *in the House of Representatives with respect*  
15 *to the proposal, creation, implementation, and*  
16 *execution of presidential emergency action docu-*  
17 *ments; and*

18                  (B) *access to any and all presidential emer-*  
19 *gency action documents.*

20                  (3) *DUTY TO COOPERATE.*—*All officers and em-*  
21 *ployees of any Federal agency shall have the duty to*  
22 *cooperate with the exercise of oversight jurisdiction*  
23 *described in this subsection.*

24                  (4) *SECURITY CLEARANCES.*—*The chairpersons*  
25 *and ranking members of the appropriate congres-*

1       *sional committees, and designated staff of those com-*  
2       *mittees, shall be granted all security clearances re-*  
3       *quired to access, and granted access to, presidential*  
4       *emergency action documents, including under rel-*  
5       *evant Presidential or agency special access and com-*  
6       *partmented access programs.*

7       *(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:*

8           *(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-*  
9       *TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional commit-*  
10      *tees” means—*

11       *(A) the Committee on Homeland Security*  
12      *and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and*

13       *(B) the Committee on Oversight and Ac-*  
14      *countability of the House of Representatives.*

15       *(2) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term “Federal agen-*  
16      *cy”—*

17       *(A) has the meaning given the term “agen-*  
18      *cy” in section 552(f) of title 5, United States*  
19      *Code; and*

20       *(B) includes the Executive Office of the*  
21      *President, the Executive Office of the Vice Presi-*  
22      *dent, the Office of Management and Budget, and*  
23      *the National Security Council.*

24       *(3) PRESIDENTIAL EMERGENCY ACTION DOCU-*  
25      *MENT.—The term “presidential emergency action doc-*

1       ument” refers to any document created by any Federal  
2       agency before, on, or after the date of the enactment  
3       of this Act, that is—

4                     (A) designated as a presidential emergency  
5       action document or presidential emergency ac-  
6       tion directive;

7                     (B) designed to implement a presidential  
8       decision or transmit a presidential request when  
9       an emergency disrupts normal executive, legisla-  
10      tive, judicial, or other Federal governmental  
11      processes;

12                  (C) a Presidential Policy Directive, regard-  
13      less of whether the directive is available to the  
14      public, that triggers any change in policies, pro-  
15      cedures, or operations of the Federal Government  
16      upon the declaration by the President of an  
17      emergency; or

18                  (D) any other document, briefing, or plan,  
19      regardless of whether the document, briefing, or  
20      plan exists in any tangible or written form, that  
21      triggers any change in operations of the Federal  
22      Government upon the declaration by the Presi-  
23      dent of an emergency.



**Calendar No. 736**

118TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION  
**S. 4373**

[Report No. 118-316]

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**A BILL**

To provide for congressional approval of national emergency declarations.

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DECEMBER 19 (legislative day, DECEMBER 16), 2024

Reported with an amendment