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118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4424

To direct the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to encourage and expand the use of prescribed fire on land managed by the Department of the Interior or the Forest Service, with an emphasis on units of the National Forest System in the western United States, to acknowledge and support the long-standing use of cultural burning by Tribes and Indigenous practitioners, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 23, 2024

Mr. Wyden (for himself and Mr. Padilla) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

NOVEMBER 21, 2024

Reported by Mr. Manchin, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To direct the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to encourage and expand the use of prescribed fire on land managed by the Department of the Interior or the Forest Service, with an emphasis on units of the National Forest System in the western United States, to acknowledge and support the long-standing use of cultural burning by Tribes and Indigenous practitioners, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "National Prescribed Fire Act of 2024".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—USE OF FUNDS

- Sec. 101. Prescribed fire accounts.
- Sec. 102. Policies and practices.
- Sec. 103. Collaborative prescribed fire program.

TITLE H—FACILITATING IMPLEMENTATION AND OUTREACH

- Sec. 201. Cooperative agreements and contracts.
- Sec. 202. Human resources.
- Sec. 203. Liability of certified prescribed fire managers.
- See. 204. Prescribed fire claims fund study.
- See. 205. Environmental review.
- Sec. 206. Prescribed fire education program.

TITLE III—REPORTING

- Sec. 301. Annual reports to the National Fire Planning and Operations Database.
- Sec. 302. Annual implementation report.

8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 9 Congress finds that—
- 10 (1) in 2018, the Forest Service Fire Modeling
- 11 Institute determined that 63,070,000 acres of Na-
- tional Forest System land and 171,200,000 acres of
- other forest land were at high or very high risk of
- experiencing a wildfire that would be difficult to sup-
- 15 press;

1	(2) according to the National Interagency Co-
2	ordination Center, between 2010 and 2019, in the
3	United States, on average—
4	(A) 64,000 wildfires burned 6,847,000
5	acres annually; and
6	(B) 100,000 prescribed fires burned only
7	3,672,000 acres annually;
8	(3) indigenous communities have used cultural
9	burning to manage landscapes since time immemo-
10	rial;
11	(4) according to the National Interagency Co-
12	ordination Center, the annual cost of suppressing
13	wildfires in a State with an active prescribed burn-
14	ing program is less than 1 percent of the annual
15	cost of suppressing wildfires in a State without an
16	active prescribed burning program, despite each
17	State having the same number of wildfires;
18	(5) according to a 2021 Environmental Protec-
19	tion Agency report assessing the air quality and
20	health impacts of prescribed fire compared to wild-
21	fire, smoke impacts from prescribed fire were found
22	to be smaller in magnitude and shorter in duration;
23	(6) according to a 2019 study conducted by
24	Stanford University, smoke from prescribed fires ex-

1	poses children to fewer negative health effects than
2	the detrimental smoke generated by wildfires;
3	(7) according to a 2015 study published in
4	Ecology, trees that have not been burnt by a low-in-
5	tensity fire are unusually prone to bark beetle at-
6	tacks, and between 2000 and 2010, bark beetles
7	killed the majority of trees on 32,000,000 acres of
8	the 193,000,000 acres of National Forest System
9	land;
10	(8) as of March 1, 2023, there were—
11	(A) 38 prescribed fire councils in 34
12	States; and
13	(B) 113 prescribed burn associations in 19
14	States;
15	(9) according to the 2021 National Prescribed
16	Fire Use Survey Report—
17	(A) 41 States regulate prescribed fires by
18	issuing burn permits;
19	(B) 23 States offer prescribed burn man-
20	ager certification courses to facilitate respon-
21	sible burning on private land;
22	(C) only 5 States (Vermont, Massachu-
23	setts, Missouri, Connecticut, and Rhode Island)
24	lack laws to reduce liability associated with the
25	responsible use of prescribed fire; and

1	(D) only 8 States (Florida, Montana, Ne-
2	vada, Colorado, Michigan, Georgia, South Caro-
3	lina, and Washington) have laws that use a
4	standard of gross negligence for determining li-
5	abilities for the responsible use of prescribed
6	fire; and
7	(10) as of September 30, 2019, 31 States have
8	a formal process to track the number of acres treat-
9	ed for forestry purposes using prescribed fire.
10	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this Act:
12	(1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land"
13	means
14	(A) public lands (as defined in section 103
15	of the Federal Land Policy and Management
16	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702));
17	(B) units of the National Park System;
18	(C) units of the National Wildlife Refuge
19	System;
20	(D) land held in trust by the United States
21	for the benefit of Indian Tribes or members of
22	an Indian Tribe; and
23	(E) National Forest System land.
24	(2) Landscape-scale prescribed fire
25	PLAN.—The term "landscape-scale prescribed fire

1	plan" means a decision document prepared pursuant
2	to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
3	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) that—
4	(A) covers a unit of the National Forest
5	System, a Bureau of Land Management dis-
6	triet, or a subunit thereof;
7	(B) analyzes the site-specific environmental
8	consequences of prescribed fire on the land de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (A); and
10	(C) obviates the need for subsequent deci-
11	sions pursuant to the National Environmental
12	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.)
13	with respect to the unit, district, or subunit de-
14	scribed in subparagraph (A) .
15	(3) National forest system.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "National
17	Forest System" has the meaning given the term
18	in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland
19	Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
20	U.S.C. 1609(a)).
21	(B) Exclusion.—The term "National
22	Forest System" does not include the national
23	grasslands and land utilization projects admin-
24	istered under title III of the Bankhead-Jones
25	Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1010 et seq.).

1	(4) Prescribed fire.—The term "prescribed
2	fire" means a fire deliberately ignited to burn
3	wildland fuels in a natural or modified state—
4	(A) under specified environmental condi-
5	tions that are intended to allow the fire to be
6	confined to a predetermined area and produce
7	the fireline intensity and rate of spread re-
8	quired to attain planned resource management
9	objectives;
10	(B) that does not include pile burning; and
11	(C) in accordance with applicable law, in-
12	cluding applicable regulations.
13	(5) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
14	means
15	(A) the Secretary; and
16	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture.
17	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of the Interior.
19	TITLE I—USE OF FUNDS
20	SEC. 101. PRESCRIBED FIRE ACCOUNTS.
21	(a) Definition of Secretary Concerned.—In
22	this section, the term "Secretary concerned" means—
23	(1) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to
24	an account established by this section for the De-
25	partment of Agriculture; and

1	(2) the Secretary, with respect to an account
2	established by this section for the Department of the
3	Interior.
4	(b) Establishment of Accounts.—There are es-
5	tablished in the Treasury of the United States the fol-
6	lowing accounts:
7	(1) The Prescribed Fire account for the De-
8	partment of Agriculture.
9	(2) The Prescribed Fire account for the De-
10	partment of the Interior.
11	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
12	authorized to be appropriated to the accounts established
13	by subsection (b) a total of \$300,000,000 for fiscal year
14	2024 and each fiscal year thereafter.
15	(d) Presidential Budget Requests.—For fiscal
16	year 2024 and each fiscal year thereafter, each Secretary
17	concerned shall submit, in the budget justification mate-
18	rials submitted to Congress in support of the budget of
19	the relevant Department for each fiscal year (as submitted
20	with the budget of the President under section 1105(a)
21	of title 31, United States Code)—
22	(1) a request for amounts in the Wildland Fire
23	Management appropriation account of the Secretary
24	concerned to carry out the activities described in
25	subsection (e); and

1	(2) an accounting of costs with respect to pre-
2	scribed fire, by region of the National Forest System
3	or the Department of the Interior, as applicable, for
4	the previous 3 years, including—
5	(A) the amount spent on prescribed fire;
6	(B) the number of acres treated with pre-
7	scribed fire; and
8	(C) the number of personnel dedicated to
9	carrying out prescribed fire.
10	(e) USE OF FUNDS.—
11	(1) Mandatory activities.—The Secretary
12	concerned shall use amounts in the accounts estab-
13	lished by subsection (b)—
14	(A) to develop, in coordination with State,
15	local, and Tribal governments, a prescribed fire
16	operational strategy for each region of the Na-
17	tional Forest System or the Department of the
18	Interior, as applicable, specifically for using
19	funding provided through the Infrastructure In-
20	vestment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58;
21	135 Stat. 429) and other additional sources of
22	funding, that describes—
23	(i) the fire deficit by region;
24	(ii) staffing and funding needs;

1	(iii) plans to apply prescribed fire;
2	and
3	(iv) regional targets to demonstrate
4	an increase in prescribed fire with respect
5	to
6	(I) existing programs; and
7	(II) activities carried out using
8	additional funding sources;
9	(B) with respect to prescribed fires—
10	(i) to carry out necessary environ-
11	mental reviews;
12	(ii) to conduct outreach to the public,
13	Indian Tribes and beneficiaries, and adja-
14	cent landowners;
15	(iii) to conduct any required pre-igni-
16	tion cultural and environmental surveys:
17	and
18	(iv) to implement prescribed fires on
19	Federal land;
20	(C) to hire additional, dedicated personnel
21	and procure additional equipment, including un-
22	manned aerial systems equipped with an aerial
23	ignition system, to implement a greater number
24	of prescribed fires;

1	(D) to fund an increase in staffing (includ-
2	ing in-person and hybrid staff) in order to pro-
3	vide training for the implementation of pre-
4	scribed fire and management of smoke;
5	(E) to conduct post-prescribed fire activi-
6	ties, such as—
7	(i) reseeding to prevent the spread of
8	invasive species; and
9	(ii) recurring application of fire to
10	maintain desired conditions;
11	(F) to conduct monitoring for safety and
12	fire effects on ecosystem resilience and risk
13	mitigation; and
14	(G) to use key performance indicators, in-
15	cluding —
16	(i) the annual number of acres of Na-
17	tional Forest System land or public lands,
18	as applicable, where completed treatment
19	effectively mitigates wildfire risk or main-
20	tains or restores ecological integrity with
21	respect to—
22	(I) land in the wildland-urban
23	interface; and
24	(II) land not in the wildland-
25	urban interface;

1	(ii) the number of acres in a desired
2	condition as a result of fire management
3	objectives, as determined by the Secretary
4	concerned;
5	(iii) the number of acres treated with
6	prescribed fire and the quantity of emis-
7	sions from prescribed fires;
8	(iv) the number of acres where treat-
9	ment results in changes in fire regime con-
10	dition elass; and
11	(v) the number of burns conducted by
12	Indian Tribes or Indigenous-led organiza-
13	tions or pursuant to an agreement with an
14	Indian Tribe or Indigenous-led organiza-
15	tion.
16	(2) Joint coordination.—The Secretaries
17	shall coordinate to jointly develop a common data
18	management and analysis system for planning and
19	post-treatment accountability.
20	(3) Authorized activities.—The Secretary
21	concerned may—
22	(A) assist State, Tribal, local government,
23	or private prescribed fire programs—
24	(i) to establish a training or certifi-
25	cation program for teams comprised of

1	citizens or local fire services to conduct
2	prescribed fires on private land, consistent
3	with any standards developed by the Na-
4	tional Wildfire Coordinating Group or
5	State prescribed fire standards;
6	(ii) to enable additional fire managers
7	and apparatus, whether provided by the
8	local resources of an agency, private con-
9	tractors, nongovernmental organizations,
10	Indian Tribes, local fire services, or quali-
11	fied individuals, to assist in implementing
12	a prescribed fire;
13	(iii) in funding the completion of the
14	claims funds study under section 204; or
15	(iv) to finance the implementation of
16	a prescribed fire on State, Tribal, or pri-
17	vate land and any post-prescribed fire ac-
18	tivities as are determined to be necessary
19	by the Secretary concerned;
20	(B) provide technical or financial assist-
21	ance to a prescribed fire council or prescribed
22	burn association for the establishment or oper-
23	ation of the council or association; and

1	(C) provide funding for the collaborative
2	prescribed fire program established under sec-
3	tion 103.
4	(f) Prioritization of Funding.—
5	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
6	the Secretary concerned shall coordinate with Fed-
7	eral, State, and local agencies, Indian Tribes, and
8	nongovernmental organizations, including through
9	the Wildland Fire Leadership Council, to establish
10	prioritization criteria for expending funds under this
11	section for each activity described in subsection (e).
12	(2) Requirement.—In establishing criteria
13	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
14	give priority to a project that is—
15	(A) implemented across a large contiguous
16	area;
17	(B) cross-boundary in nature;
18	(C) in an area that is—
19	(i) threatening to, or located in, the
20	wildland-urban interface and identified as
21	a priority area in a statewide forest re-
22	source assessment or Community Wildfire
23	Protection Plan; or

1	(ii) identified as important to the pro-
2	tection of a Tribal trust resource or the re-
3	served or treaty rights of an Indian Tribe;
4	(D) on acres at high or very high risk of
5	experiencing a wildfire that would be difficult to
6	suppress;
7	(E) in an area that is designated as critical
8	habitat and in need of ecological restoration or
9	enhancement that can be achieved with the aid
10	of prescribed fire; or
11	(F) supportive of potential operational de-
12	lineations or a strategic response zone.
13	SEC. 102. POLICIES AND PRACTICES.
14	Beginning with the first fiscal year that begins after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, and for each of the
16	9 fiscal years thereafter, the Secretaries shall conduct pre-
17	scribed fires on Federal land such that the total number
18	and combined size of all prescribed fires on Federal land
19	is 10 percent greater than the total number and combined
20	size of all prescribed fires on Federal land in the preceding
21	fiscal year.
22	SEC. 103. COLLABORATIVE PRESCRIBED FIRE PROGRAM.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
24	within the Department of the Interior a collaborative pre-
25	scribed fire program (referred to in this section as the

1	"program") to provide financial assistance to eligible enti-
2	ties, including units of Federal land management agencies
3	within the Department of Agriculture and the Department
4	of the Interior, Indian Tribes, State or local governments
5	nongovernmental organizations, and prescribed fire coun-
6	eils, for the implementation of proposals to conduct pre-
7	scribed fires in priority landscapes in accordance with ap-
8	plicable existing policies.
9	(b) Proposal Criteria.—To be eligible for selection
10	for the program, a proposal shall—
11	(1) identify and prioritize planned prescribed
12	fires for a 6-year period within a landscape;
13	(2) establish annual accomplishment targets for
14	prescribed fires under the proposal;
15	(3) be developed through a collaborative proc-
16	ess;
17	(4) be implemented across multiple jurisdic-
18	tions;
19	(5) provide an estimate of—
20	(A) the amount of annual Federal financial
21	assistance necessary to implement the proposal
22	and
23	(B) the amount of non-Federal funds that
24	would be leveraged to implement the proposals

1	(6) describe benefits to sensitive wildlife, inver-
2	tebrate, and plant species of concern; and
3	(7) describe any established record of successful
4	collaborative planning or use of prescribed fire by
5	the entity submitting the proposal.
6	(c) Selection Criteria.—Subject to the avail-
7	ability of appropriations, the Secretary shall select pro-
8	posals for financial assistance under the program that, as
9	determined by the Secretary, would likely treat the most
10	strategic acres at high or very high risk of experiencing
11	a wildfire that would threaten critical values and be dif-
12	ficult to suppress.
13	(d) Limitations.—
14	(1) Number of Projects.—The Secretary
15	may not provide more than \$20,000,000 in total
16	funding under the program in any fiscal year.
17	(2) Project funding.—The Secretary may
18	not provide more than \$1,000,000 to any 1 project
19	under the program in any fiscal year.
20	(3) PROJECT PERFORMANCE.—The Secretary
21	shall cease funding any proposal that, for 3 consecu-
22	tive years, fails to meet the annual accomplishment
23	targets that were established under subsection
24	$\frac{(b)(2)}{(b)(2)}$

1	(e) Experiential Training Exchanges.—Not less
2	frequently than once every 3 years, a recipient of financial
3	assistance under the program shall provide to local entities
4	and non-local entities an experiential, group training
5	event, such as Prescribed Fire Training Exchange, relat-
6	ing to prescribed fires.
7	(f) Reporting.—
8	(1) PROJECT REPORTING.—A recipient of fi-
9	nancial assistance under the program shall annually
10	submit to the Secretary a report summarizing, at a
11	minimum—
12	(A) the number of acres mitigated with
13	prescribed fire by the recipient under the pro-
14	gram;
15	(B) the amount of Federal and non-Fed-
16	eral funds used by the recipient under the pro-
17	gram; and
18	(C) the status and progress of any collabo-
19	rative relationships associated with the project.
20	(2) Program reporting.—Not later than 2
21	years after the first fiscal year in which funding is
22	made available to carry out prescribed fires under
23	the program, and every 2 years thereafter, the Sec-
24	retary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and
25	Natural Recourses of the Senate and the Committee

1	on Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
2	tives a report on the program.
3	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
4	authorized to be appropriated to earry out this section
5	\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2033,
6	to remain available until expended.
7	TITLE II—FACILITATING IMPLE-
8	MENTATION AND OUTREACH
9	SEC. 201. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.
10	(a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this sec-
11	tion, the term "eligible entity" means—
12	(1) a State;
13	(2) an Indian Tribe;
14	(3) a county or municipal government;
15	(4) a fire district;
16	(5) a nongovernmental organization; and
17	(6) a private entity.
18	(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretaries may enter
19	into a cooperative agreement or contract with an eligible
20	entity to authorize the eligible entity to coordinate, plan,
21	or conduct a prescribed fire on Federal land.
22	(c) Subcontracts.—A State, Indian Tribe, or coun-
23	ty that enters into a cooperative agreement or contract
24	under subsection (b) may enter into a subcontract, in ac-
25	cordance with applicable contracting procedures of the

- 1 State, Indian Tribe, or county, to conduct a prescribed
- 2 fire on Federal land pursuant to that cooperative agree-
- 3 ment or contract.
- 4 (d) Agent of Secretary.—A cooperative agree-
- 5 ment or contract entered into under subsection (b) may
- 6 authorize the eligible entity to serve as the agent for the
- 7 Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture in coordinating,
- 8 planning, or conducting a prescribed fire—
- 9 (1) on Federal land; or
- 10 (2) across an area that—
- 11 (A) includes adjacent landowners; and
- 12 (B) includes Federal land.
- 13 (e) APPLICABLE LAW.—A prescribed fire conducted
- 14 under this section shall be carried out on a project-to-
- 15 project basis under existing authorities of the applicable
- 16 agency responsible for the management of the Federal
- 17 land.
- 18 (f) Preservation of Decision Authority.—No
- 19 project authorized under this section may be undertaken
- 20 without the prior written approval of the Secretary or the
- 21 Secretary of Agriculture.
- 22 (g) Long-Term Contracts.—A cooperative agree-
- 23 ment or contract with an eligible entity under subsection
- 24 (b) may authorize the eligible entity to conduct a series

1	of prescribed fires on Federal land for a period of not
2	longer than 10 years.
3	SEC. 202. HUMAN RESOURCES.
4	(a) Prescribed Fire Workforce.—
5	(1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
6	Congress that—
7	(A) in order to develop a prescribed fire
8	workforce, training in prescribed fire should be
9	developed with an emphasis on ecological out-
10	comes and wildfire risk reduction and outside of
11	the parameters of suppression-oriented training;
12	(B) the Secretaries should hire additional
13	employees and provide or support training and
14	development activities, including through part-
15	nerships with educational institutions, non-
16	governmental organizations, States, and Tribal
17	entities, to increase the number of skilled and
18	qualified practitioners dedicated to prescribed
19	fire with smoke management skills;
20	(C) qualifications or certifications in pre-
21	scribed fire should be broad to support an all-
22	hands, all-lands approach to burning that is re-
23	spectful of diverse cultural traditions and other
24	experiential learning; and

1	(D) training in prescribed fire may be re-
2	gionally focused and should include topics of
3	(i) cultural fire history and traditions,
4	which should be provided by or with the
5	consent of Indian Tribes or Indigenous-led
6	organizations;
7	(ii) fire ecology; and
8	(iii) smoke management.
9	(2) Overtime payments.—
10	(A) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the
11	amendment made by subparagraph (B) is to
12	allow the Secretaries to use additional new
13	budget authority for wildfire suppression for the
14	cost of overtime payments to employees imple-
15	menting a prescribed fire.
16	(B) AMENDMENT.—Section
17	251(b)(2)(F)(ii)(II) of the Balanced Budget
18	and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2
19	U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(F)(ii)(II)) is amended—
20	(i) in item (bb), by striking "and" at
21	the end;
22	(ii) in item (ee), by striking the period
23	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
24	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

"(dd) overtime payments to employees (including individuals employed in carrying out a con-tract between an Indian Tribe and the Department of Agri-culture or the Department of the Interior) implementing a pre-scribed fire (as defined in section 3 of the National Prescribed Fire Act of 2024).". (3) Increasing workforce retention.—

(A) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this paragraph is to require the Secretaries to earry out activities to retain sufficient workforce to implement prescribed fires and to remain competitive with other non-Federal firefighting programs.

(B) HAZARD PAY.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal employee in any classification series earrying out work completed during prescribed fire, as identified by the Secretaries, shall be entitled to be paid the appropriate differential under subsection (d) of section 5545 of title 5, United States Code, as if

1	such employee was covered by such sub-
2	section.
3	(ii) REGULATIONS.—The Director of
4	the Office of Personnel Management may
5	prescribe regulations to carry out this sub-
6	paragraph.
7	(C) OTHER BENEFITS.—The Secretaries
8	shall implement measures to promote retention
9	among Federal wildland firefighters of any clas-
10	sification series carrying out work related to
11	wildland fire and prescribed fire, such as portal-
12	to-portal pay, quarterly bonuses, or other bene-
13	fits.
14	(D) INCENTIVE PAYMENTS FOR FUELS AS-
15	SIGNMENTS.—To attract and retain a skilled
16	fuels workforce, the Secretaries shall implement
17	pay incentives that account for and offset the
18	more competitive pay options offered through
19	wildfire suppression assignments, including
20	such options as bonus pay, per diem payments,
21	or grading-up fuels positions.
22	(4) Dedicated prescribed fire task
23	FORCES.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL The Secretaries shall

1	(i) not later than 180 days after the
2	date of enactment of this Act, establish at
3	least 1 multiparty task force of Federal
4	employees and non-Federal entities within
5	each Geographic Area Coordination Center
6	to plan, lead, and support prescribed fire
7	across ownership boundaries that are pri-
8	orities at the landscape, region, State, or
9	Federal level; and
10	(ii) support each task force estab-
11	lished under clause (i) by assigning a dedi-
12	eated Federal employee—
13	(I) to aid necessary administra-
14	tive functions relating to partnership
15	agreements; and
16	(II) to coordinate prescribed fire
17	across ownership boundaries.
18	(B) TERM OF EMPLOYMENT FOR FEDERAL
19	TASK FORCE MEMBERS.—Federal employees as-
20	signed under subparagraph (A) may be hired as
21	permanent, full-time employees using direct hir-
22	ing authority by the Secretaries.
23	(C) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The
24	Secretaries may enter into 1 or more coopera-
25	tive agreements to carry out this paragraph.

1	(5) Conversion of Seasonal FireFighters
2	TO PERMANENT EMPLOYEES.—The Secretaries may
3	noncompetitively convert a Federal seasonal em-
4	ployee to a Federal permanent employee if—
5	(A) the listed job duties of the employee
6	include wildland firefighting;
7	(B) the employee received a rating of at
8	least "Fully Successful" in each of the perform-
9	ance appraisals of the employee for the 5 most
10	recent seasons of Federal employment of the
11	employee; and
12	(C) the job duties and performance stand-
13	ards of the position into which the permanent
14	employee converts emphasize implementing pre-
15	scribed fires.
16	(6) Employment of Formerly incarcer-
17	ATED INDIVIDUALS.—
18	(A) In General.—The Secretaries, in
19	consultation with the Attorney General and
20	State departments of corrections, shall seek to
21	provide career pathways, training, and wrap-
22	around support services, including through
23	partnerships with the Corps Network, to indi-
24	viduals described in subparagraph (B) to work
25	as prescribed fire practitioners.

1	(B) Individuals described.—An indi-
2	vidual referred to in subparagraph (A) is an in-
3	dividual that—
4	(i) has been convicted in any court of
5	a criminal offense, other than arson, and
6	was sentenced to a term of imprisonment
7	for that offense; and
8	(ii) during the term of imprisonment
9	described in clause (i), served on a
10	wildland firefighting crew or received other
11	comparable training.
12	(7) Underrepresented employees. To
13	further address the gender disparity in wildland fire-
14	fighting, the Secretaries shall support the develop-
15	ment and participation of women and nonbinary in-
16	dividuals pursuant to Executive Order 13988 (42
17	U.S.C. 2000e note; relating to preventing and com-
18	bating discrimination on the basis of gender identity
19	or sexual orientation) in leadership opportunities
20	mentorship networks, and training in prescribed fire
21	including the Fire Leadership for Women course and
22	Women-In-Fire Training Exchange and other re-
23	lated opportunities—
24	(A) to develop strong leaders;

1	(B) to increase the number of women over-
2	seeing prescribed fires; and
3	(C) to enhance the longevity and success of
4	women in wildland fire management.
5	(8) VETERANS CREWS.—
6	(A) In General.—The Secretaries, in
7	consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Af-
8	fairs, shall seek—
9	(i) to provide a career pathway to in-
10	dividuals described in subparagraph (B) to
11	work as prescribed fire practitioners; and
12	(ii) to establish erews composed pre-
13	dominantly of veterans to conduct pre-
14	seribed fires.
15	(B) Individuals described.—An indi-
16	vidual referred to in subparagraph (A) is an in-
17	dividual who—
18	(i) served in the active military, naval
19	or air service; and
20	(ii) was discharged or released under
21	conditions other than dishonorable.
22	(9) Inter-tribal organizations.—The Sec-
23	retaries may provide funding to Tribal, Indigenous-
24	led, and inter-Tribal organizations, including the

1	Intertribal Timber Council, to provide training and
2	workforce development opportunities in wildland fire.
3	(b) Additional Training Centers.—Subject to
4	the availability of appropriations, not later than 2 years
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in
6	cooperation with the Secretary of Agriculture (and the
7	Secretary of Defense in the case of a center located on
8	a military installation), shall—
9	(1) establish, operate, and facilitate a pre-
10	scribed fire training program or center in each Geo-
11	graphic Area Coordination Center region where such
12	a program or center does not exist on the date of
13	enactment of this Act;
14	(2) support the establishment of an Indigenous-
15	led prescribed fire and cultural burning training cen-
16	ter operated by an Indian Tribe or partnership of
17	Indian Tribes;
18	(3) establish a virtual prescribed fire training
19	center; and
20	(4) establish and operate a training center for
21	managing wildfire for resource objectives.
22	(e) Competencies for Firefighters.—
23	(1) Updates to required competencies
24	FOR SPECIFIC FIREFIGHTER POSITIONS.—The Sec-
25	retaries, in coordination with the Fire Executive

1	Council, the National Association of State Foresters,
2	and the Intertribal Timber Council, shall task the
3	National Wildfire Coordinating Group to add a re-
4	quirement for an individual to obtain the necessary
5	certification to serve in—
6	(A) the position of a single-resource boss;
7	and
8	(B) any other positions determined to be
9	necessary by the Secretaries.
10	(2) Additional experience.—The Secre-
11	taries shall require significant additional experience,
12	gained exclusively during a prescribed fire, to obtain
13	a certification described in paragraph (1).
14	(d) Indemnity of Federal and Tribal Employ-
15	EES.—Except in the ease of gross negligence, a Federal
16	employee, an employee contracted by an Indian Tribe, or
17	an Indian Tribe as a contracting entity, acting pursuant
18	to a contract under the Indian Self-Determination Act (25
19	U.S.C. 5321 et seq.) overseeing a prescribed fire, if that
20	prescribed fire escaped or caused loss or damage—
21	(1) shall not be subject to criminal prosecution;
22	and
23	(2) shall not be subject to civil proceedings, ex-
24	eept in accordance with section 2672 of title 28,
25	United States Code.

1	(e) Indemnity of Other Cooperators.—Except
2	in the case of gross negligence, an individual or entity in-
3	volved in a prescribed fire on Federal land or under Fed-
4	eral authority, if that prescribed fire escaped or caused
5	loss or damage—
6	(1) shall not be subject to criminal prosecution;
7	and
8	(2) shall not be subject to civil proceedings, ex-
9	cept in accordance with section 2672 of title 28,
10	United States Code.
11	(f) Indemnity for Prescribed Fires.—Except in
12	the case of gross negligence, an individual or entity in-
13	volved in a prescribed fire on any land, if that prescribed
14	fire escaped, caused harm or damage, or required suppres-
15	sion resources—
16	(1) shall not be liable for or subject to recovery
17	of Federal fire suppression costs and costs of inves-
18	tigation incurred by Federal agencies; and
19	(2) shall not be liable for monetary damages for
20	loss or damage to any natural resource or timber
21	values on Federal land.
22	(g) Enhancing Interoperability Between Fed-
23	ERAL AND NON-FEDERAL PRACTITIONERS.—
24	(1) QUALIFICATION DATABASES AND DISPATCH
25	SYSTEMS.—The Secretaries shall establish a collabo-

1	rative process to create mechanisms for non-Federal-
2	agency fire practitioners, including those without ju-
3	risdictional authority, to be included in wildfire re-
4	source ordering and reimbursement processes.
5	(2) PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS.—The Secre-
6	taries shall—
7	(A) develop partnership agreements for
8	prescribed fire with all relevant State, Federal,
9	Tribal, university, and nongovernmental entities
10	that choose to be included in resource ordering
11	and reimbursement processes under paragraph
12	(1);
13	(B) create agreements and structures nec-
14	essary to include non-Federal-agency and other
15	nontraditional partners in direct work with
16	Federal agencies to address prescribed fires;
17	and
18	(C) treat any prescribed fire practitioner
19	meeting the National Wildfire Coordinating
20	Group standards as eligible to be included in
21	statewide participating agreements.
22	SEC. 203. LIABILITY OF CERTIFIED PRESCRIBED FIRE MAN-
23	AGERS.
24	(a) DEFINITION OF COVERED LAW.—In this section,
25	the term "covered law" means a State law that establishes

- 1 the standard of eare in a civil suit against a certified pre-
- 2 scribed fire manager for an escaped prescribed fire to be
- 3 "gross negligence", if the certified prescribed fire man-
- 4 ager—
- 5 (1) obtained a permit for the prescribed fire;
- 6 (2) conducted the prescribed fire consistent
 7 with a written prescribed fire plan;
- 8 (3) was at the site of the prescribed fire for the
 9 duration of the prescribed fire;
- 10 (4) ensured adequate personnel, equipment, and
 11 firebreaks were in place during the prescribed fire,
 12 in accordance with the written prescribed fire plan;
 13 and
- 14 (5) complied with any applicable Federal, Trib-15 al, State, and local laws.
- 16 (b) MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.—Subject to the
- 17 availability of appropriations, in accordance with rec-
- 18 ommendation A3C of the special report of the Western
- 19 Governors' National Forest and Rangeland Management
- 20 Initiative, dated June 2017, the Secretary may enter into
- 21 a memorandum of agreement with the National Gov-
- 22 ernors' Association to host a conference, at which gov-
- 23 ernors can meet to discuss the benefits of addressing li-
- 24 ability protection and possible incentives for States to
- 25 enact a covered law.

1	(e) Funding.—The Secretary may provide not more
2	than $$1,000,000$ under the memorandum of agreement
3	under subsection (b).
4	SEC. 204. PRESCRIBED FIRE CLAIMS FUND STUDY.
5	(a) Commissioning of Study.—Not later than 1
6	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secre-
7	taries, in coordination with the Director of the Office of
8	Management and Budget, shall complete a study of the
9	feasibility, design, and effectiveness of a national pre-
10	scribed fire claims fund (or similar mechanism) to increase
11	the pace and scale of prescribed fire across all lands by
12	multiple users and for multiple objectives.
13	(b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under sub-
14	section (a) shall include an analysis of the following:
15	(1) The feasibility at the national level of a
16	claims fund or other mechanism to supplement, re-
17	place, or backstop private insurance for prescribed
18	fire and adverse smoke impacts.
19	(2) The design and administration of such a
20	fund.
21	(3) The effectiveness of a national claims fund
22	or other mechanism to supplement, replace, or back-
23	stop private market insurance for non-Federal or
24	State government prescribed fire practitioners.

1	(4) The eligibility requirements for submission
2	of claims to such a fund with an emphasis on equity
3	and inclusivity of all types of prescribed fire practi-
4	tioners and methods of practice.
5	(5)(A) The role and influence of State liability
6	laws on prescribed fire practitioner liability;
7	(B) the impact of State liability laws on the
8	availability and affordability of insurance for pre-
9	scribed fire; and
10	(C) how States may be incentivized to enact
11	laws clearly establishing and reducing practitioner li-
12	ability for civil suits and suppression and investiga-
13	tion cost recovery.
14	SEC. 205. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.
15	(a) Smoke Management Agencies.—
16	(1) Policy.—The Secretaries shall ensure that
17	policies, training, and programs of the Secretaries
18	are consistent with this subsection—
19	(A) to facilitate greater use of prescribed
20	fire; and
21	(B) to address public health and safety, in-
22	cluding impacts from smoke from wildfires and
23	prescribed fires.
24	(2) Expenditure of funds.—The Secretaries

1	reduction to mitigate the impacts of smoke from
2	prescribed fire.
3	(3) COORDINATION AMONG FEDERAL, TRIBAL,
4	AND STATE AIR QUALITY AGENCIES AND FEDERAL,
5	TRIBAL, AND STATE LAND MANAGEMENT AGEN-
6	CIES.—The Administrator of the Environmental
7	Protection Agency, in cooperation with Federal and
8	State land management agencies, shall coordinate
9	with State, Tribal, and local air quality agencies
10	that regulate smoke under the Clean Air Act (42
11	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) to facilitate the use of pre-
12	scribed fire on Federal land and State, Tribal, and
13	private land, including by—
14	(A) streamlining the decisionmaking proc-
15	ess for approving the use of prescribed fire
16	under a State, Tribal, or local government
17	smoke management program; and
18	(B)(i) promoting basic smoke management
19	practices;
20	(ii) disseminating information about basic
21	smoke management practices; and
22	(iii) educating landowners that use pre-
23	seribed fire about the importance of—
24	(I) using basic smoke management
25	practices; and

1	(II) including basic smoke manage-
2	ment practices as a component of a pre-
3	scribed fire plan.
4	(4) Exceptional event demonstrations.—
5	(A) REQUIREMENT TO SEEK EXCEPTIONAL
6	EVENT DEMONSTRATION. Subject to subpara-
7	graph (C), the appropriate State or Tribal air
8	quality agency shall develop and submit to the
9	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
10	Agency a demonstration in accordance with sec-
11	tion 50.14 of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
12	tions (or successor regulations), if—
13	(i) the Secretary, the Secretary of Ag-
14	riculture, a State land management agen-
15	ey, or an Indian Tribe conducts a pre-
16	scribed fire on Federal land, Tribally
17	owned fee land, or State land, as applica-
18	ble, in accordance with a State or Tribal
19	smoke management program that incor-
20	porates basic smoke management prac-
21	tices; and
22	(ii) the prescribed fire described in
23	elause (i) contributes to an exceedance or
24	other violation of a national ambient air
25	quality standard under section 109 of the

1	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409), as meas-
2	ured using a Federal reference monitor or
3	an equivalent method.
4	(B) Demonstration assistance.—For
5	an exceedance or other violation described in
6	clause (ii) of subparagraph (A), the Secretary
7	or Secretary of Agriculture, with the concur-
8	rence of the State or Tribal air quality agency,
9	shall assist with the development of the dem-
10	onstration under that subparagraph.
11	(C) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Subparagraph
12	(A) shall not apply if the exceedance or other
13	violation described in clause (ii) of that sub-
14	paragraph is the result of—
15	(i) a violation of a smoke management
16	program;
17	(ii) a failure to use basic smoke man-
18	agement practices; or
19	(iii) a violation of permit conditions
20	relating to the protection of air quality and
21	public health.
22	(5) Exemption for large prescribed
23	FRES.
24	(A) Federal Land management agency
25	EXEMPTION.—Consistent with subsection (b) of

1	section 118 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
2	7418), a prescribed fire conducted on Federal
3	land by the Secretary or the Secretary of Agri-
4	culture that burns more than 1,000 acres per
5	day shall be deemed to be in the paramount in-
6	terest of the United States and shall be exempt
7	from requirements with respect to the control of
8	pollution from Federal facilities under that Act
9	(42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) if the Secretary or the
10	Secretary of Agriculture determines that the
11	prescribed fire—
12	(i) will be conducted in an area where
13	the terrain or fuel load makes the area in-
14	accessible or unsafe for firefighting per-
15	sonnel;
16	(ii) is necessary to reduce hazardous
17	fuels;
18	(iii) will be conducted to minimize
19	smoke impacts on populated areas through
20	the use of basic smoke management prac-
21	tices; and
22	(iv) will be conducted under a smoke
23	management program, if applicable.
24	(B) STATE EXEMPTION.—If the Secretary
25	concerned conducts a prescribed fire that is

deemed to be in the paramount interest of the United States under subparagraph (A) on Federal land, a prescribed fire conducted by a State land management agency on State or private land that is contiguous to that Federal land shall be exempt from any applicable national ambient air quality standards under section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409).

(C) Tribal exemption.—Consistent with subsection (b) of section 118 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7418), a prescribed fire conducted on Tribal land by, or in accordance with an agreement with, an Indian Tribe that burns more than 1,000 acres per day shall be deemed to be in the paramount interest of the United States and shall be exempt from requirements with respect to the control of pollution from Federal facilities under that Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) if the Indian Tribe determines that the prescribed fire—

(i) will be conducted in an area where the terrain or fuel load makes the area inaccessible or unsafe for firefighting personnel;

1	(ii) is necessary to reduce hazardous
2	fuels;
3	(iii) will be conducted to minimize
4	smoke impacts on populated areas through
5	the use of basic smoke management prac-
6	tices; and
7	(iv) will be conducted under a smoke
8	management program, if applicable.
9	(D) Savings Provision.—Consistent with
10	section 118(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
11	7418(b)) —
12	(i) an exemption granted under this
13	paragraph shall apply to the applicable en-
14	tity for a period of not more than 1 year;
15	and
16	(ii) on a new determination of the
17	Secretary, the Secretary of Agriculture, or
18	an Indian Tribe under subparagraph (A)
19	or (C), as applicable, additional exemptions
20	under this paragraph may be granted for
21	subsequent periods after the expiration of
22	the exemption described in clause (i), each
23	of which shall apply for a period of not
24	more than 1 year.
25	(6) State and tribal standards.—

1	(A) APPROVAL OF STATE OR TRIBAL
2	STANDARDS.—Notwithstanding section 110 of
3	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410), when ap-
4	proving a State or Tribal implementation plan
5	under that section, the Administrator of the
6	Environmental Protection Agency may not ap-
7	prove any standards with respect to—
8	(i) preventing nuisance impacts that
9	result from prescribed fires that incor-
10	porate basic smoke management practices;
11	Or
12	(ii) criteria pollutants that result from
13	prescribed fires that are more stringent
14	than what is required to meet the national
15	ambient air quality standards for those
16	pollutants under section 109 of that Act
17	(42 U.S.C. 7409), as measured using a
18	Federal reference monitor or an equivalent
19	method.
20	(B) STATE AND TRIBAL ENFORCEMENT.
21	A State or an Indian Tribe may not enforce
22	standards in a State or Tribal implementation
23	plan that was approved under the Clean Air Act
24	(42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) before the date of en-

actment of this Act with respect to—

25

1	(i) preventing nuisance impacts that
2	result from prescribed fires that incor-
3	porate basic smoke management practices;
4	Ol'
5	(ii) criteria pollutants that result from
6	prescribed fires that are more stringent
7	than what is required to meet the national
8	ambient air quality standards for those
9	pollutants under section 109 of that Act
10	(42 U.S.C. 7409), as measured using a
11	Federal reference monitor or an equivalent
12	method.
13	(C) Amendment to anti-backsliding
14	PROVISION.—If a State or Tribal implementa-
15	tion plan under section 110 of the Clean Air
16	Act (42 U.S.C. 7410) is revised to include a
17	smoke management program for prescribed
18	fires in that implementation plan, subsection (1)
19	of that section shall not apply with respect to
20	that revision.
21	(7) EVALUATION.—The Secretary or the Sec-
22	retary of Agriculture, as applicable, shall conduct an
23	evaluation to facilitate learning new approaches for

predicting and preventing exceedances during subse-

24

1	quent prescribed fires if the Secretary or the Sec-
2	retary of Agriculture—
3	(A) conducts a prescribed fire on Federal
4	land—
5	(i) for which a demonstration is devel-
6	oped and submitted under paragraph
7	$(4)(\Lambda)$; or
8	(ii) that is subject to an exemption
9	under paragraph $(5)(A)$; and
10	(B) the prescribed fire described in sub-
11	paragraph (A) contributes to an exceedance of
12	a national ambient air quality standard under
13	section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
14	7409).
15	(8) Programs and research.—To address
16	the public health and safety risk of the expanded use
17	of prescribed fire under this Act, the Secretary of
18	Agriculture and the Secretary, in coordination with
19	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency and the Director of the Centers for Disease
21	Control and Prevention, shall conduct research to
22	improve or develop—
23	(A) wildland fire smoke prediction models;
24	(B) smoke impact display tools for the
25	public and decisionmakers;

1	(C) appropriate, cost-effective, and con-
2	sistent mitigation strategies for communities
3	impacted adversely by smoke from prescribed
4	fire;
5	(D) consistent nationally and scientifically
6	supported messages regarding personal protec-
7	tion equipment for the public; and
8	(E) prescribed fire activity tracking and
9	emission inventory systems for planning and
10	post-treatment accountability.
11	(b) DEVELOPMENT OF LANDSCAPE-SCALE FEDERAL
12	Prescribed Fire Plans.—
13	(1) DEFINITION OF SECRETARY CONCERNED.—
14	In this subsection, the term "Secretary concerned"
15	means
16	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with re-
17	spect to a unit of the National Forest System;
18	and
19	(B) the Secretary, with respect to a Bu-
20	reau of Land Management district.
21	(2) Inclusion of Landscape-scale pre-
22	SCRIBED FIRE PLANS.—The Secretary concerned
23	shall, with respect to units of the National Forest
24	System and Bureau of Land Management districts
25	with existing prescribed fire programs—

1	(A) not later than 1 year after the date of
2	enactment of this Act, determine which of those
3	units or districts have landscape-scale pre-
4	scribed fire plans; and
5	(B) not later than 2 years after the date
6	of enactment of this Act—
7	(i) determine whether each plan de-
8	scribed in subparagraph (A) requires revi-
9	sion;
10	(ii) establish a schedule for the revi-
11	sion of each plan described in subpara-
12	graph (A) that requires revision; and
13	(iii) develop landscape-scale prescribed
14	fire plans for any units or districts that de
15	not have landscape-scale fire plans.
16	(3) Environmental compliance.—In car-
17	rying out paragraph (2), the Secretary concerned
18	shall—
19	(A) comply with—
20	(i) the National Environmental Policy
21	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
22	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of
23	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
24	(iii) division A of subtitle III of title
25	54, United States Code; and

1	(iv) any other applicable laws; and
2	(B) consider the site-specific environmental
3	consequences of the landscape-scale prescribed
4	fire decisions under this subsection.
5	(4) Collaborative Development.—In car-
6	rying out paragraph (2), the Secretary concerned
7	shall collaborate with diverse actors from academia,
8	the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management
9	research and development, nongovernmental organi-
10	zations, cultural fire practitioners, and other enti-
11	ties, as determined appropriate by the Secretary
12	concerned.
13	(5) Consultation with indian tribes.—The
14	Secretary concerned shall engage in government-to-
15	government consultation with Indian Tribes in com-
16	plying with this subsection.
17	(6) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the
18	date of enactment of this Act, and annually there-
19	after, the Secretary concerned shall submit to Con-
20	gress a report on the progress of the Secretary con-
21	eerned with respect to earrying out this subsection.
22	SEC. 206. PRESCRIBED FIRE EDUCATION PROGRAM.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, act-
24	ing through the Chief of the Forest Service, and the Sec-
25	retary, acting through the Director of the Office of

1	Wildland Fire, shall carry out a national prescribed fire
2	education program focused on fire ecology and prescribed
3	fire planning and implementation.
4	(b) Program Elements.—A prescribed fire edu-
5	eation program authorized under subsection (a) may in-
6	elude—
7	(1) public service advertisements;
8	(2) the use of social media;
9	(3) campaign and educational activities and ma-
10	terials;
11	(4) commercial licensing;
12	(5) character images and appearances; and
13	(6) awards and recognition.
14	TITLE III—REPORTING
15	SEC. 301. ANNUAL REPORTS TO THE NATIONAL FIRE PLAN-
16	NING AND OPERATIONS DATABASE.
17	(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to en-
18	sure an accurate reporting of annual prescribed fire ac-
19	complishments in the United States.
20	(b) Cost-Share.—Subject to the availability of ap-
21	propriations, the Secretary may provide financial assist-
22	ance to States to pay a portion of the costs associated
23	with annually reporting prescribed fire accomplishments.
24	(e) ELIGIBILITY FOR FUNDS.—If, by December 31
	(c) Emainment For Funds.—II, by December 91

- 1 Planning and Operations Database, at a minimum, the
- 2 number of acres mitigated using prescribed fire in the
- 3 State, the State shall not be eligible to receive any
- 4 amounts made available under this Act for the previous
- 5 fiscal year.
- 6 SEC. 302. ANNUAL IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.
- 7 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 8 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretaries shall
- 9 each submit to Congress a report on the activities carried
- 10 out under this Act.
- 11 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 12 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Na-
- 13 tional Prescribed Fire Act of 2024".
- 14 (b) Table of Contents for
- 15 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—USE OF FUNDS

- Sec. 101. Definition of prescribed fire.
- Sec. 102. Prescribed fire funding.
- Sec. 103. Policies and practices.
- Sec. 104. Collaborative Prescribed Fire Program.

TITLE II—FACILITATING IMPLEMENTATION AND OUTREACH

- Sec. 201. Cooperative agreements and contracts.
- Sec. 202. Human resources.
- Sec. 203. Liability of prescribed fire managers.
- Sec. 204. Prescribed fire claims fund study.
- Sec. 205. Environmental review.
- Sec. 206. Prescribed fire education program.

TITLE III—REPORTING

- Sec. 301. Annual reports to the National Fire Planning and Operations Database.
- Sec. 302. Annual implementation report.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) Congressional committees.—The term
4	"congressional committees" means—
5	(A) the Committee on Energy and Natural
6	Resources, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutri-
7	tion, and Forestry, and the Committee on Ap-
8	propriations of the Senate; and
9	(B) the Committee on Natural Resources,
10	the Committee on Agriculture, and the Com-
11	mittee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-
12	resentatives.
13	(2) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land"
14	means—
15	(A) land under the jurisdiction of the Sec-
16	retary; and
17	(B) National Forest System land.
18	(3) Landscape-scale prescribed fire
19	PLAN.—The term 'landscape-scale prescribed fire
20	plan" means a decision document prepared pursuant
21	to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
22	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) that—
23	(A) covers a unit of the National Forest
24	System, a Bureau of Land Management district,
25	or a subunit thereof;

1	(B) analyzes the site-specific environmental
2	consequences of prescribed fire on the land de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A); and
4	(C) obviates the need for subsequent deci-
5	sions pursuant to the National Environmental
6	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) with
7	respect to the unit, district, or subunit described
8	in subparagraph (A).
9	(4) National forest system.—
10	(A) In general.—The term "National For-
11	est System" has the meaning given the term in
12	section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Re-
13	newable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
14	$U.S.C.\ 1609(a)).$
15	(B) Exclusion.—The term "National For-
16	est System" does not include the national grass-
17	lands and land utilization projects administered
18	under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Ten-
19	ant Act (7 U.S.C. 1010 et seq.).
20	(5) Prescribed Fire.—The term "prescribed
21	fire" means a fire deliberately ignited to burn
22	wildland fuels in a natural or modified state—
23	(A) under specified environmental condi-
24	tions that are intended to allow the fire to be
25	confined to a predetermined area and produce

1	the fireline intensity and rate of spread required
2	to attain planned resource management objec-
3	tives; and
4	(B) in accordance with applicable law, in-
5	cluding applicable regulations.
6	(6) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
7	means—
8	(A) the Secretary; and
9	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture.
10	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
11	the Secretary of the Interior.
12	(8) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
13	retary concerned" means—
14	(A) the Secretary, in the case of land under
15	the jurisdiction of the Secretary; and
16	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture, in the case
17	of land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of
18	A griculture.
19	TITLE I—USE OF FUNDS
20	SEC. 101. DEFINITION OF PRESCRIBED FIRE.
21	(a) In General.—In this title, the term "prescribed
22	fire" has the meaning given the term in section 2.
23	(b) Exclusion.—In this title, the term "prescribed
24	fire" does not include a fire that is ignited for the primary
25	purpose of pile burning.

1 SEC. 102. PRESCRIBED FIRE FUNDING.

2	(a) Funding Flexibility.—
3	(1) Department of agriculture.—The Sec-
4	retary of Agriculture may use not more than 15 per-
5	cent of funds appropriated for each fiscal year for
6	hazardous fuels management in the National Forest
7	System for activities described in subsection (b).
8	(2) Department of the interior.—The Sec-
9	retary may use not more than 15 percent of funds ap-
10	propriated for each fiscal year for hazardous fuels
11	management and post-fire activities in the account
12	for wildland fire management of the Department of
13	the Interior for activities described in subsection (b).
14	(b) Eligible Activities.—The activities referred to
15	in subsection (a) are—
16	(1) with respect to prescribed fires on Federal
17	land, or on non-Federal land if the Secretary con-
18	cerned determines that such activities would benefit
19	resources on Federal land—
20	(A) entering into procurement contracts or
21	cooperative agreements for prescribed fire activi-
22	ties;
23	(B) issuing grants to a State, Tribal gov-
24	ernment, local government, prescribed fire coun-
25	cil, prescribed burn association, or nonprofit or-

1	ganization for the implementation of prescribed
2	fires, including—
3	(i) carrying out necessary environ-
4	mental reviews;
5	(ii) carrying out any site preparation
6	necessary for implementing prescribed fires;
7	and
8	(iii) conducting any required pre-igni-
9	tion cultural and environmental surveys;
10	and
11	(C) conducting outreach to the public, In-
12	dian Tribes and beneficiaries, and adjacent
13	landowners;
14	(2) implementing prescribed fires on non-Federal
15	land, if the Secretary concerned determines that the
16	prescribed fire would benefit Federal land, includ-
17	ing—
18	(A) carrying out necessary environmental
19	reviews;
20	(B) carrying out any site preparation nec-
21	essary for implementing prescribed fires; and
22	(C) conducting any required pre-ignition
23	cultural and environmental surveys;

1	(3) providing training for prescribed fire and
2	basic smoke management practices to Federal employ-
3	ees and cooperators;
4	(4) conducting post-prescribed fire activities,
5	such as monitoring for hazard trees or reignitions
6	and invasive species management;
7	(5) providing technical or financial assistance to
8	a State, Tribal government, local government, pre-
9	scribed fire council, prescribed burn association, or
10	nonprofit organization for the purpose of providing
11	training for prescribed fire or basic smoke manage-
12	ment practices, consistent with any standards devel-
13	oped by the National Wildfire Coordinating Group or
14	State prescribed fire standards;
15	(6) completing the prescribed fire claims fund
16	study under section 204; and
17	(7) providing funding for the applicable Collabo-
18	rative Prescribed Fire Program established under sec-
19	tion 104.
20	(c) Prioritization.—
21	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), the

Secretary concerned shall coordinate with the other
Secretary concerned, State and local government
agencies, Indian Tribes, and applicable nongovernmental organizations to establish prioritization cri-

1	teria for expending amounts pursuant to subsection
2	(a) for activities described in paragraphs (2), (5), (6),
3	and (7) of subsection (b).
4	(2) Requirement.—In establishing criteria
5	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
6	give priority to a project that is—
7	(A) implemented across a large contiguous
8	area;
9	(B) cross-boundary in nature;
10	(C) in an area that is—
11	(i) within or adjacent to the wildland-
12	urban interface and identified as a priority
13	area in a statewide forest action plan or
14	Community Wildfire Protection Plan; or
15	(ii) identified as important to the pro-
16	tection of a Tribal trust resource or the re-
17	served or treaty rights of an Indian Tribe;
18	(D) on land that is at high or very high
19	risk of experiencing a wildfire that would be dif-
20	ficult to suppress;
21	(E) in an area that is designated as critical
22	habitat and in need of ecological restoration or
23	enhancement that can be achieved with the aid
24	of prescribed fire; or

1	(F) supportive of potential operational de-
2	lineations or strategic response zones.
3	SEC. 103. POLICIES AND PRACTICES.
4	(a) Increasing Prescribed Fire.—Beginning with
5	the first fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, and for each of the 9 fiscal years thereafter,
7	the Secretaries shall conduct prescribed fires on Federal
8	land such that the total acreage of Federal land on which
9	prescribed fires are conducted is 10 percent greater than
10	the total acreage of all Federal land on which prescribed
11	fires were conducted in the preceding fiscal year.
12	(b) Operational Strategy.—The Secretary con-
13	cerned shall develop, in coordination with State, local, and
14	Tribal governments, a prescribed fire operational strategy
15	for each region of the National Forest System or the Depart-
16	ment of the Interior, as applicable, that describes—
17	(1) the fire deficit by region; and
18	(2) staffing and funding needs to address the fire
19	deficit under paragraph (1).
20	SEC. 104. COLLABORATIVE PRESCRIBED FIRE PROGRAM.
21	(a) In General.—The Secretary concerned, in coordi-
22	nation with the other Secretary concerned, shall establish
23	a Collaborative Prescribed Fire Program (referred to in this
24	section as a "program") to select and fund prescribed fire

1	projects (each of which is referred to in this section as a
2	"project") in accordance with—
3	(1) the prioritization criteria established under
4	section $102(c)$;
5	(2) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
6	U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
7	(3) the National Environmental Policy Act of
8	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
9	(4) the applicable land use or land management
10	plan; and
11	(5) any other applicable law.
12	(b) Eligibility Criteria.—To be eligible for nomi-
13	nation under subsection (c), a proposal for a project shall—
14	(1) be consistent with a landscape restoration
15	strategy—
16	(A) that is complete or substantially com-
17	plete;
18	(B) that identifies and prioritizes pre-
19	scribed fire treatments for a 10-year period with-
20	in a landscape that is—
21	(i) at least 50,000 acres;
22	(ii) composed primarily of forested
23	Federal land under the jurisdiction of the
24	Secretary concerned, but may also include
25	other Federal, State, Tribal, or private

1	land, if a treatment on that land would
2	benefit the applicable Federal land;
3	(iii) in need of—
4	(I) active ecosystem restoration; or
5	(II) maintenance activities to re-
6	tain previously treated land in a wild-
7	fire-resilient state;
8	(C) that incorporates the best available
9	science and scientific application tools to iden-
10	tify project areas;
11	(D) that fully maintains, or contributes to-
12	ward the restoration of, the structure and com-
13	position of old growth stands according to the
14	pre-fire suppression old growth conditions char-
15	acteristic of the forest type—
16	(i) taking into account the contribu-
17	tion of the stand to landscape fire adapta-
18	tion and watershed health; and
19	(ii) retaining the large trees contrib-
20	uting to old growth structure;
21	(E) under which would be carried out any
22	forest restoration treatments that reduce haz-
23	ardous fuels through the use of fire for ecological
24	restoration and maintenance and reestablishing
25	natural fire regimes, where appropriate, which—

1	(i) may include site preparation, if
2	necessary to prepare the landscape for rees-
3	tablishment of a natural fire regime; and
4	(ii) shall maximize the retention of
5	large trees, as appropriate for the forest
6	type, to the extent that the trees promote
7	fire-resilient stands; and
8	(F) under which—
9	(i) no permanent roads would be estab-
10	lished; and
11	(ii) funding would be committed to de-
12	commission all temporary roads constructed
13	to carry out the strategy;
14	(2) be developed and implemented through a col-
15	laborative process that—
16	(A) includes multiple interested persons rep-
17	resenting diverse interests; and
18	(B) is transparent and nonexclusive;
19	(3) describe plans, as applicable—
20	(A) to reduce the risk of uncharacteristic
21	wild fire;
22	(B) to improve fish and wildlife habitat, in-
23	cluding for endangered, threatened, and sensitive
24	species;

1	(C) to maintain or improve water quality
2	and watershed function;
3	(D) to prevent, remediate, or control inva-
4	sions of exotic species;
5	(E) to maintain, decommission, and reha-
6	bilitate roads and trails;
7	(F) to report annually on performance, in-
8	cluding setting accomplishment targets for each
9	year;
10	(G) to take into account any applicable
11	community wildfire protection plan; and
12	(H) to mitigate smoke impacts on nearby
13	communities;
14	(4) include an analysis of any anticipated cost
15	savings, including savings resulting from—
16	(A) a reduced risk of wildfire damages, es-
17	pecially to high-value resources; and
18	(B) a decrease in the unit costs of imple-
19	menting ecological restoration treatments over
20	time;
21	(5) include estimates of—
22	(A) the amount of annual Federal funding
23	necessary to implement the proposed project: and

1	(B) the amount of new non-Federal invest-
2	ment for carrying out the proposed project that
3	would be leveraged;
4	(6) describe the collaborative process described in
5	paragraph (2) through which the proposal was devel-
6	oped, including a description of—
7	(A) participation by or consultation with
8	State, local, and Tribal governments; and
9	(B) any established record of successful col-
10	laborative planning and implementation of pre-
11	scribed fire projects on National Forest System
12	land and other land included in the proposal by
13	$the\ collaborators;$
14	(7) propose to benefit local economies by pro-
15	viding local employment or training opportunities
16	through contracts, grants, or agreements for planning,
17	design, implementation, or monitoring with—
18	(A) local private, nonprofit, or cooperative
19	entities;
20	(B) Youth Conservation Corps crews or re-
21	lated partnerships with State, local, and non-
22	profit youth groups;
23	(C) existing or proposed small or micro-
24	businesses, clusters, or incubators; or

1	(D) other entities that will hire or train
2	local individuals to complete those contracts,
3	grants, or agreements; and
4	(8) be subject to any other requirements that the
5	Secretary concerned determines to be necessary for the
6	efficient and effective administration of the program.
7	(c) Nomination Process.—
8	(1) Submission.—A proposal for a project shall
9	be submitted to the appropriate Regional Forester,
10	State Director, or other similar official.
11	(2) Nomination.—
12	(A) In general.—An official described in
13	paragraph (1) may nominate for selection by the
14	Secretary concerned any proposals received by
15	the official under that paragraph that meet the
16	eligibility criteria described in subsection (b).
17	(B) Concurrence.—In the case of a pro-
18	posal for a project that involves activities on the
19	land of both of the Secretaries concerned, a nom-
20	ination under subparagraph (A) shall include
21	the concurrence of the appropriate official for the
22	applicable land that is not under the jurisdiction
23	of the official nominating the proposal.
24	(3) Other Land.—In the case of a proposal for
25	a project that involves activities on land that is not

1	under the jurisdiction of either of the Secretaries con-
2	cerned, a nomination under subparagraph (A) shall
3	include evidence that the landowner intends to par-
4	ticipate in, and provide appropriate funding to carry
5	out, the activities.
6	(d) Selection Process.—
7	(1) In general.—The Secretary concerned, in
8	consultation with the other Secretary concerned, shall
9	select for implementation proposals for projects—
10	(A) that have been nominated under sub-
11	section (c)(2);
12	(B) that meet the eligibility criteria de-
13	scribed in subsection (b); and
14	(C) in accordance with the prioritization
15	$criteria\ established\ under\ section\ 102(c).$
16	(2) Criteria.—In selecting proposals under
17	paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall give spe-
18	cial consideration to—
19	(A) the strength of the proposal, including
20	the landscape restoration strategy described in
21	$subsection\ (b)(1)\ of\ the\ proposal;$
22	(B) the strength of the ecological case of the
23	proposal and the proposed ecological restoration
24	strategies under the proposal;

1	(C) the strength of the collaborative process
2	described in subsection (b)(2) through which the
3	proposal was developed and the likelihood of suc-
4	$cessful\ collaboration\ throughout\ implementation;$
5	(D) the extent to which the proposal is like-
6	ly to achieve reductions in long-term wildfire
7	risk and increased protection of high-value re-
8	sources;
9	(E) the extent to which an appropriate level
10	of non-Federal investment would be leveraged in
11	carrying out the proposed project; and
12	(F) ensuring geographic diversity of projects
13	implemented under this section.
14	(3) Limitation.—The Secretary concerned may
15	select not more than—
16	(A) 20 proposals under paragraph (1) to be
17	funded during any fiscal year; and
18	(B) the number of proposals under para-
19	graph (1) that the Secretary concerned deter-
20	mines are likely to receive adequate funding.
21	(e) Reporting.—
22	(1) Project reporting.—A recipient of finan-
23	cial assistance to carry out a project under the pro-
24	gram shall annually submit to the Secretary con-
25	cerned a report summarizing, at a minimum—

1	(A) the number of acres of land treated with
2	prescribed fire by the recipient under the pro-
3	gram; and
4	(B) the amount of Federal and non-Federal
5	funds used by the recipient under the program.
6	(2) Program report.—Not later than 5 years
7	after the first fiscal year in which funding is made
8	available to carry out projects under the program,
9	and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary concerned
10	shall submit to the congressional committees a report
11	on the program, including an assessment of whether,
12	and to what extent, the program is fulfilling the pur-
13	poses of this section.
14	(f) Limitations.—
15	(1) Total funding.—The Secretary concerned
16	shall not provide more than \$20,000,000 in total
17	funding for projects under the program in any fiscal
18	year.
19	(2) Project size limitation.—The Secretary
20	concerned shall not provide more than \$1,000,000 for
21	any 1 project under the program in any fiscal year.
22	(3) Project sunset.—The Secretary concerned
23	shall not provide funding for a project under the pro-

gram for a period of more than 10 fiscal years.

24

1	(4) Project cancellation.—The Secretary
2	concerned shall cease funding any project under the
3	program that, for 3 consecutive years, fails to meet
4	the annual accomplishment targets set under sub-
5	section $(b)(3)(F)$.
6	(g) Funding.—Of the amounts made available under
7	section 102(a), the Secretary concerned may use to carry
8	out this section not more than \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal
9	years 2025 through 2034.
10	TITLE II—FACILITATING IMPLE-
11	MENTATION AND OUTREACH
12	SEC. 201. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.
13	(a) Definition of Eligible Entity.—In this sec-
14	tion, the term "eligible entity" means—
15	(1) a State;
16	(2) an Indian Tribe;
17	(3) a county or municipal government;
18	(4) a fire district;
19	(5) a nongovernmental organization; and
20	(6) a private entity.
21	(b) Authorization.—The Secretary concerned may
22	enter into a cooperative agreement or contract with an eli-
23	gible entity to authorize the eligible entity to coordinate,
24	plan, or conduct a prescribed fire on Federal land in ac-

1	cordance with other applicable laws, regulations, and land
2	management plans.
3	(c) Subcontracts.—The Secretary concerned may
4	authorize a State, an Indian Tribe, or a county that enters
5	into a cooperative agreement or contract under subsection
6	(b) to enter into a subcontract to conduct a prescribed fire
7	on Federal land pursuant to that cooperative agreement or
8	contract, subject to any other terms and conditions that the
9	Secretary concerned determines to be appropriate.
10	(d) Long-term Contracts.—A cooperative agree-
11	ment or contract with an eligible entity under subsection
12	(b) may authorize the eligible entity to conduct a series of
13	prescribed fires on Federal land for a period of not longer
14	than 10 years.
15	SEC. 202. HUMAN RESOURCES.
16	(a) Prescribed Fire Workforce.—
17	(1) Increasing workforce retention.—
18	(A) Hazard Pay.—
19	(i) In General.—Each Federal em-
20	ployee in any classification series, as identi-
21	fied by the Secretaries, shall be entitled to
22	be paid the appropriate differential under
23	subsection (d) of section 5545 of title 5,
24	United States Code, as if such employee was
25	covered by such subsection, when such em-

1	ployee carries out work directly related to
2	the ignition, management, and control of a
3	prescribed fire.
4	(ii) REGULATIONS.—The Director of
5	the Office of Personnel Management shall
6	prescribe regulations to carry out this sub-
7	paragraph.
8	(B) Incentive payments for fuels as-
9	SIGNMENTS.—The Secretaries shall submit to the
10	congressional committees a joint report describ-
11	ing mechanisms to attract and retain a skilled
12	fuels workforce, including pay incentives that
13	would account for and offset the more competi-
14	tive pay options offered through wildfire suppres-
15	$sion\ assignments.$
16	(2) Dedicated prescribed fire task
17	FORCES.—
18	(A) In general.—The Secretaries shall—
19	(i) not later than 180 days after the
20	date of enactment of this Act, establish at
21	least 1 multiparty task force of Federal em-
22	ployees and non-Federal entities within
23	each Geographic Area Coordination Center
24	to plan, lead, and support prescribed fire
25	across ownership boundaries that are prior-

1	ities at the landscape, region, State, or Fed-
2	eral level; and
3	(ii) support each task force established
4	under clause (i) by assigning a dedicated
5	Federal employee—
6	(I) to aid necessary administra-
7	tive functions relating to partnership
8	agreements; and
9	(II) to coordinate prescribed fire
10	across ownership boundaries.
11	(B) Cooperative agreements.—The Sec-
12	retaries may enter into 1 or more cooperative
13	agreements to carry out this paragraph.
14	(3) Conversion of seasonal firefighters to
15	PERMANENT EMPLOYEES.—The Secretaries may non-
16	competitively convert a Federal seasonal employee to
17	a Federal permanent employee if—
18	(A) the listed job duties of the employee in-
19	clude wildland firefighting;
20	(B) the employee received a rating of at
21	least "Fully Successful" in each of the perform-
22	ance appraisals of the employee for the 3 most
23	recent seasons of Federal employment of the em-
24	ployee; and

1	(C) the job duties and performance stand-
2	ards of the position into which the permanent
3	employee converts emphasize implementing pre-
4	scribed fires.
5	(4) Employment of formerly incarcerated
6	INDIVIDUALS.—
7	(A) In General.—The Secretaries, in con-
8	sultation with the Attorney General and State
9	departments of corrections, shall seek to provide
10	career pathways, training, and wraparound sup-
11	port services, including through partnerships
12	with the Corps Network, to individuals described
13	in subparagraph (B) to work as prescribed fire
14	practitioners.
15	(B) Individuals described.—An indi-
16	vidual referred to in subparagraph (A) is an in-
17	dividual that—
18	(i) has been convicted in any court of
19	a criminal offense, other than arson or a
20	violent crime (as defined by the Secretaries,
21	in consultation with the Attorney General
22	and State departments of corrections), and
23	was sentenced to a term of imprisonment
24	for that offense; and

1	(ii) during the term of imprisonment
2	described in clause (i), served on a wildland
3	firefighting crew or received other com-
4	parable training.
5	(5) Underrepresented employees.—The
6	Secretaries shall support the development and partici-
7	pation of underrepresented groups, as determined by
8	the Secretaries, in the wildland fire workforce, includ-
9	ing by fostering leadership opportunities, mentorship
10	networks, and training.
11	(6) Veterans crews.—
12	(A) In General.—The Secretaries, in con-
13	sultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs,
14	shall seek—
15	(i) to provide a career pathway to in-
16	dividuals described in subparagraph (B) to
17	work as prescribed fire practitioners; and
18	(ii) to establish crews composed pre-
19	dominantly of veterans to conduct pre-
20	scribed fires.
21	(B) Individuals described.—An indi-
22	vidual referred to in subparagraph (A) is an in-
23	dividual who—
24	(i) served in the active military, naval,
25	or air service; and

1	(ii) was discharged or released under
2	conditions other than dishonorable.
3	(b) Additional Training Centers.—Subject to the
4	availability of appropriations, not later than 2 years after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coopera-
6	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture (and the Secretary
7	of Defense in the case of a center located on a military in-
8	stallation), shall—
9	(1) establish, operate, and facilitate a prescribed
10	fire training program or center that offers training in
11	prescribed fire within each Geographic Area Coordi-
12	nation Center region where such a program or center
13	does not exist on the date of enactment of this Act;
14	and
15	(2) support the establishment of an Indigenous-
16	led prescribed fire and cultural burning training cen-
17	ter operated by an Indian Tribe or partnership of In-
18	dian Tribes.
19	(c) Competencies for Firefighters.—The Secre-
20	taries, in coordination with the Fire Executive Council,
21	shall task the National Wildfire Coordinating Group with
22	the duty to adjust training requirements to obtain a certifi-
23	cation to serve in a supervisory role for a prescribed fire
24	and any other positions determined to be necessary by the
25	Secretaries—

1	(1) in order to reduce the time required to obtain
2	such a certification; and
3	(2) such that significant experience, gained ex-
4	clusively during a prescribed fire, is required to ob-
5	tain such a certification.
6	(d) Enhancing Interoperability Between Fed-
7	ERAL AND NON-FEDERAL PRACTITIONERS.—
8	(1) Qualification databases and dispatch
9	Systems.—The Secretaries shall establish a collabo-
10	rative process to create mechanisms for non-Federal-
11	agency fire practitioners to be included in prescribed
12	fire and wildfire resource ordering and reimburse-
13	ment processes.
14	(2) Partnership agreements.—The Secre-
15	taries shall—
16	(A) develop partnership agreements for pre-
17	scribed fire with all relevant State, Federal,
18	Tribal, university, and nongovernmental entities
19	that choose to be included in resource ordering
20	and reimbursement processes under paragraph
21	(1);
22	(B) create agreements and structures nec-
23	essary to include non-Federal-agency and other
24	nontraditional partners in direct work with Fed-
25	eral agencies to address prescribed fires: and

1	(C) treat any prescribed fire practitioner
2	meeting the National Wildfire Coordinating
3	Group standards as eligible to be included in
4	statewide participating agreements.
5	SEC. 203. LIABILITY OF PRESCRIBED FIRE MANAGERS.
6	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) Covered activity.—The term "covered ac-
8	tivity" means an activity carried out on Federal land
9	directly related to a wildland fire, prescribed fire, or
10	prescribed fire with cultural objectives in the course of
11	executing a Federal action.
12	(2) Covered enti-
13	ty" means a non-Federal entity engaged in a covered
14	activity, if that non-Federal entity is acting—
15	(A) under the direct supervision of a Fed-
16	eral employee; and
17	(B) within the scope of a contract or agree-
18	ment in carrying out that covered activity.
19	(3) Covered Law.—The term "covered law"
20	means a State law that establishes the standard of
21	care in a civil suit against a certified prescribed fire
22	manager for an escaped prescribed fire to be "gross
23	negligence", if the certified prescribed fire manager—
24	(A) obtained a permit for the prescribed
25	fire

1	(B) conducted the prescribed fire consistent
2	with a written prescribed fire plan;
3	(C) was at the site of the prescribed fire for
4	the duration of the prescribed fire;
5	(D) ensured adequate personnel, equipment,
6	and firebreaks were in place during the pre-
7	scribed fire, in accordance with the written pre-
8	scribed fire plan; and
9	(E) complied with any applicable Federal,
10	Tribal, State, and local laws.
11	(b) Memorandum of Agreement.—
12	(1) In general.—Subject to the availability of
13	appropriations, the Secretary may enter into a
14	memorandum of agreement with the National Gov-
15	ernors' Association to host a conference, at which gov-
16	ernors can meet to discuss the benefits of addressing
17	liability protection and possible incentives for States
18	to enact a covered law.
19	(2) Funding.—The Secretary may provide not
20	more than \$1,000,000 under the memorandum of
21	agreement under paragraph (1).
22	(c) Indemnity of Federal and Tribal Employ-
23	EES.—The Secretaries, in coordination with the Attorney
24	General, shall develop a voluntary training course for em-
25	ployees involved in covered activities describing—

- (1) liability protections afforded to those employ ees when acting within the scope of their employment;
 - (2) the limits on any liability protections under paragraph (1); and
 - (3) reimbursements available for qualified employees for professional liability insurance under section 636 of division A of Public Law 104–208 (5 U.S.C. prec. 5941 note).

(d) Indemnity of Other Cooperators.—

- (1) In General.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, a covered entity shall be considered an employee of the Federal Government for purposes of chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Tort Claims Act"), while that covered entity is engaged in covered activities.
- (2) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall issue guidance on the necessary provisions and implementation requirements for contracts or agreements that would extend liability protections to covered entities under paragraph (1).
- (3) Reimbursement.—Beginning in the first fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment of

1	this Act,	the	Secretaries	shall	t request,	through	annual

- 2 appropriations, funds sufficient to reimburse the
- 3 Treasury for any claims paid in the prior fiscal year
- 4 pursuant to paragraph (1).
- 5 (e) Effect.—Nothing in this section shall be con-
- 6 strued to limit or otherwise affect—
- 7 (1) the application of any statutory or judicial
- 8 immunity to Federal employees;
- 9 (2) the application of the chapter 171 of title 28,
- 10 United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal
- 11 Tort Claims Act") to Federal employees; or
- 12 (3) the application of section 314 of Public Law
- 13 101–512 (25 U.S.C. 5321 note).
- 14 SEC. 204. PRESCRIBED FIRE CLAIMS FUND STUDY.
- 15 (a) Commissioning of Study.—Not later than 1 year
- 16 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in
- 17 coordination with the Director of the Office of Management
- 18 and Budget, shall complete a study of the feasibility, design,
- 19 and effectiveness of a national prescribed fire claims fund
- 20 (or similar mechanism) to increase the pace and scale of
- 21 prescribed fire across all lands by multiple users and for
- 22 multiple objectives.
- 23 (b) Elements.—The study required under subsection
- 24 (a) shall include an analysis of the following:

1	(1) The feasibility at the national level of a
2	claims fund or other mechanism to supplement, re-
3	place, or backstop private insurance for prescribed
4	fire and adverse smoke impacts.
5	(2) The design and administration of such a
6	fund.
7	(3) The effectiveness of a national claims fund or
8	other mechanism to supplement, replace, or backstop
9	private market insurance for non-Federal or State
10	government prescribed fire practitioners.
11	(4) The eligibility requirements for submission of
12	claims to such a fund with an emphasis on equity
13	and inclusivity of all types of prescribed fire practi-
14	tioners and methods of practice.
15	(5)(A) The role and influence of State liability
16	laws on prescribed fire practitioner liability;
17	(B) the impact of State liability laws on the
18	availability and affordability of insurance for pre-
19	scribed fire; and
20	(C) how States may be incentivized to enact laws
21	clearly establishing and reducing practitioner liabil-
22	ity for civil suits and suppression and investigation
23	cost recovery.
24	SEC. 205. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.
25	(a) Smoke Management Agencies —

1	(1) Policy.—The Secretaries shall ensure that
2	policies, training, and programs of the Secretaries are
3	consistent with this subsection—
4	(A) to facilitate greater use of prescribed
5	fire; and
6	(B) to address public health and safety, in-
7	cluding impacts from smoke from wildfires and
8	prescribed fires.
9	(2) Coordination among federal, tribal,
10	AND STATE AIR QUALITY AGENCIES AND FEDERAL,
11	TRIBAL, AND STATE LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCIES.—
12	To facilitate the use of prescribed fire on Federal,
13	State, Tribal, and private land, the Administrator of
14	the Environmental Protection Agency, in cooperation
15	with Federal and State land management agencies,
16	shall coordinate with State, Tribal, and local air
17	quality agencies that regulate smoke under the Clean
18	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.)—
19	(A) to the maximum extent practicable, to
20	provide State, Tribal, and local air quality
21	agencies with guidance, data, imagery, or mod-
22	eling to support the development of exceptional
23	event demonstrations in accordance with sections
24	50.14 and 51.930 of title 40, Code of Federal
25	Regulations (or successor regulations):

1	(B) to develop archives and automated tools
2	to provide State, Tribal, and local air quality
3	agencies with the data, imagery, and modeling
4	under subparagraph (A);
5	(C) to develop decision support tools for
6	State, Tribal, and local air quality agencies to
7	assist in determining whether an exceptional
8	event demonstration, if the Administrator of the
9	Environmental Protection Agency concurs with
10	such demonstration, would have regulatory sig-
11	nificance;
12	(D) to provide technical assistance, best
13	practices, or templates to States, Indian Tribes,
14	and local governments for the use of the State,
15	Indian Tribe, or local government in approving
16	the use of prescribed fire under a State, Tribal,
17	or local government smoke management pro-
18	gram;
19	(E)(i) to promote basic smoke management
20	practices and other best practices to protect the
21	public from wildland fire smoke;
22	(ii) to disseminate information about basic
23	smoke management practices;
24	(iii) to educate landowners that use pre-
25	scribed fire about the importance of—

1	(I) using basic smoke management
2	practices; and
3	(II) including basic smoke manage-
4	ment practices as a component of a pre-
5	scribed fire plan; and
6	(iv) to share information with the public, in
7	coordination with other public health agencies,
8	about measures that individuals can take to pro-
9	tect themselves from wildland fire smoke; and
10	(F) to develop guidance and tools to stream-
11	line the demonstration of a clear causal relation-
12	ship between prescribed fire smoke and a related
13	exceedance of a national ambient air quality
14	standard.
15	(3) Exceptional event demonstrations.—
16	(A) In General.—The appropriate State
17	or Tribal air quality agency (including any
18	local air quality agency delegated authority by a
19	State) may develop and submit to the Adminis-
20	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency
21	an exceptional event demonstration in accord-
22	ance with sections 50.14 and 51.930 of title 40,
23	Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regula-
24	tions), for a prescribed fire.

1	(B) APPROVAL.—The Administrator of the
2	Environmental Protection Agency shall concur
3	with an exceptional event demonstration sub-
4	mitted under subparagraph (A) in accordance
5	with the requirements of sections 50.14 and
6	51.930 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations
7	(or successor regulations), including that the ap-
8	plicable prescribed fire was not reasonably con-
9	trollable or preventable and that the applicable
10	prescribed fire was a human activity unlikely to
11	recur, if the State or Tribal air quality agency
12	demonstrates in that exceptional event dem-
13	onstration that, at a minimum, the applicable
14	prescribed fire was—
15	(i) conducted in accordance with a
16	State or Tribal smoke management program
17	or basic smoke management practices; and
18	(ii) consistent with a land or resource
19	management plan with a stated objective to
20	establish, restore, or maintain a sustainable
21	and resilient ecosystem.
22	(C) Demonstration assistance for fed-
23	ERAL LAND.—For any prescribed fire conducted
24	on Federal land, the Secretary concerned—

1	(i) shall assist with the development of
2	an exceptional event demonstration under
3	subparagraph (A) on request of a State or
4	Tribal air quality agency; and
5	(ii) may develop and submit an excep-
6	tional event demonstration under subpara-
7	graph (A) with the concurrence of the appli-
8	cable State or Tribal air quality agency.
9	(4) Programs and research.—To address the
10	public health and safety risk of the expanded use of
11	prescribed fire under this Act, the Secretaries, in co-
12	ordination with the Administrator of the Environ-
13	mental Protection Agency and the Director of the
14	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall con-
15	duct research to improve or develop—
16	(A) wildland fire smoke prediction models;
17	(B) smoke impact display tools for the pub-
18	lic and decisionmakers;
19	(C) appropriate, cost-effective, and con-
20	sistent strategies to mitigate the impacts of
21	smoke from prescribed fire on nearby commu-
22	nities;
23	(D) consistent nationally and scientifically
24	supported messages regarding personal protec-
25	tion equipment for the public; and

1	(E) prescribed fire activity tracking and
2	emission inventory systems for planning and
3	$post-treatment\ accountability.$
4	(b) Development of Landscape-scale Federal
5	Prescribed Fire Plans.—
6	(1) Inclusion of Landscape-scale pre-
7	SCRIBED FIRE PLANS.—The Secretary concerned
8	shall, with respect to units of the National Forest Sys-
9	tem and Bureau of Land Management districts with
10	existing prescribed fire programs—
11	(A) not later than 1 year after the date of
12	enactment of this Act, determine which of those
13	units or districts have landscape-scale prescribed
14	fire plans; and
15	(B) not later than 2 years after the date of
16	enactment of this Act—
17	(i) determine whether each plan de-
18	scribed in subparagraph (A) requires revi-
19	sion;
20	(ii) establish a schedule for the revision
21	of each plan described in subparagraph (A)
22	that requires revision; and
23	(iii) develop landscape-scale prescribed
24	fire plans for any units or districts that do

1	not have landscape-scale prescribed fire					
2	plans.					
3	(2) Environmental compliance.—In carrying					
4	out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall—					
5	(A) comply with—					
6	(i) the National Environmental Policy					
7	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);					
8	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of					
9	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);					
10	(iii) division A of subtitle III of title					
11	54, United States Code; and					
12	(iv) any other applicable laws; and					
13	(B) consider the site-specific environmental					
14	consequences of the landscape-scale prescribed					
15	fire decisions under this subsection.					
16	(3) Collaborative Development.—In car-					
17	rying out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned					
18	shall collaborate with diverse actors from academia,					
19	the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management					
20	research and development, nongovernmental organiza-					
21	tions, cultural fire practitioners, and other entities, as					
22	determined appropriate by the Secretary concerned.					
23	(4) Consultation with indian tribes.—The					
24	Secretary concerned shall engage in government-to-					

1	government consultation with Indian Tribes in com-					
2	plying with this subsection.					
3	(5) Reports.—Not later than 1 year after th					
4	date of enactment of this Act, and annually ther					
5	after, the Secretary concerned shall submit to Co					
6	gress a report on the progress of the Secretary con					
7	cerned with respect to carrying out this subsection.					
8	SEC. 206. PRESCRIBED FIRE EDUCATION PROGRAM.					
9	(a) In General.—The Secretaries shall carry out a					
10	national prescribed fire education program focused on fire					
11	ecology and prescribed fire planning and implementation					
12	(b) Program Elements.—A prescribed fire education					
13	program authorized under subsection (a) may include—					
14	(1) public service advertisements;					
15	(2) the use of social media;					
16	(3) campaign and educational activities and					
17	materials;					
18	(4) commercial licensing;					
19	(5) character images and appearances; and					
20	(6) awards and recognition.					

TITLE III—REPORTING

- 2 SEC. 301. ANNUAL REPORTS TO THE NATIONAL FIRE PLAN-
- 3 NING AND OPERATIONS DATABASE.
- 4 (a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to ensure
- 5 an accurate reporting of annual prescribed fire accomplish-
- 6 ments in the United States.

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- 7 (b) Cost-share.—Subject to the availability of ap-
- 8 propriations, the Secretary may provide financial assist-
- 9 ance to States to pay a portion of the costs associated with
- 10 annually reporting prescribed fire accomplishments.
- 11 (c) Eligibility for Funds.—If, by December 31 of
- 12 each year, a State has not reported to the National Fire
- 13 Planning and Operations Database (or a successor data-
- 14 base), at a minimum, the number of acres on which
- 15 uncharacteristic wildfire risk is effectively mitigated using
- 16 prescribed fire in the State, the State shall not be eligible
- 17 to receive any amounts made available under this Act for
- 18 the previous fiscal year.
- 19 SEC. 302. ANNUAL IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
- 21 this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretaries shall each
- 22 submit to the congressional committees a report on the ac-
- 23 tivities carried out under this Act.

Calendar No. 624

118TH CONGRESS **S. 4424**

A BILL

To direct the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to encourage and expand the use of prescribed fire on land managed by the Department of the Interior or the Forest Service, with an emphasis on units of the National Forest System in the western United States, to acknowledge and support the long-standing use of cultural burning by Tribes and Indigenous practitioners, and for other purposes.

November 21, 2024 Reported with an amendment