

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 5079

To provide for special enforcement provisions with respect to COVID-related employee retention credit claims, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 18, 2024

Mr. ROMNEY (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. TILLIS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To provide for special enforcement provisions with respect to COVID-related employee retention credit claims, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “ERTC Repeal Act of
5 2024”.

1 **SEC. 2. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO**
2 **COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION**
3 **CREDITS.**

4 (a) INCREASE IN ASSESSABLE PENALTY ON COVID–
5 ERTC PROMOTERS FOR AIDING AND ABETTING UNDER–
6 STATEMENTS OF TAX LIABILITY.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—If any COVID–ERTC pro–
8 moter is subject to penalty under section 6701(a) of
9 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to
10 any COVID–ERTC document, notwithstanding
11 paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 6701(b) of such
12 Code, the amount of the penalty imposed under such
13 section 6701(a) shall be the greater of—

14 (A) \$200,000 (\$10,000, in the case of a
15 natural person), or

16 (B) 75 percent of the gross income derived
17 (or to be derived) by such promoter with re–
18 spect to the aid, assistance, or advice referred
19 to in section 6701(a)(1) of such Code with re–
20 spect to such document.

21 (2) NO INFERENCE.—Paragraph (1) shall not
22 be construed to create any inference with respect to
23 the proper application of the knowledge requirement
24 of section 6701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
25 of 1986.

1 (b) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DUE DILIGENCE RE-
2 QUIREMENTS TREATED AS KNOWLEDGE FOR PURPOSES
3 OF ASSESSABLE PENALTY FOR AIDING AND ABETTING
4 UNDERSTATEMENT OF TAX LIABILITY.—In the case of
5 any COVID–ERTC promoter, the knowledge requirement
6 of section 6701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
7 1986 shall be treated as satisfied with respect to any
8 COVID–ERTC document with respect to which such pro-
9 moter provided aid, assistance, or advice, if such promoter
10 fails to comply with the due diligence requirements re-
11 ferred to in subsection (c)(1).

12 (c) ASSESSABLE PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY
13 WITH DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any COVID–ERTC pro-
15 moter which provides aid, assistance, or advice with
16 respect to any COVID–ERTC document and which
17 fails to comply with due diligence requirements im-
18 posed by the Secretary with respect to determining
19 eligibility for, or the amount of, any COVID-related
20 employee retention tax credit, shall pay a penalty of
21 \$1,000 for each such failure.

22 (2) DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—Except
23 as otherwise provided by the Secretary, the due dili-
24 gence requirements referred to in paragraph (1)

1 shall be similar to the due diligence requirements
2 imposed under section 6695(g).

3 (3) RESTRICTION TO DOCUMENTS USED IN
4 CONNECTION WITH RETURNS OR CLAIMS FOR RE-
5 FUND.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect
6 to any COVID-ERTC document unless such docu-
7 ment constitutes, or relates to, a return or claim for
8 refund.

9 (4) TREATMENT AS ASSESSABLE PENALTY,
10 ETC.—For purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of
11 1986, the penalty imposed under paragraph (1) shall
12 be treated in the same manner as a penalty imposed
13 under section 6695(g).

14 (5) SECRETARY.—For purposes of this sub-
15 section, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary
16 of the Treasury or the Secretary’s delegate.

17 (d) ASSESSABLE PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO DIS-
18 CLOSE INFORMATION, MAINTAIN CLIENT LISTS, ETC.—
19 For purposes of sections 6111, 6112, 6707 and 6708 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986—

21 (1) any COVID-related employee retention tax
22 credit (whether or not the taxpayer claims such
23 COVID-related employee retention tax credit) shall
24 be treated as a listed transaction (and as a report-
25 able transaction) with respect to any COVID-ERTC

1 promoter if such promoter provides any aid, assistance,
2 or advice with respect to any COVID-ERTC
3 document relating to such COVID-related employee
4 retention tax credit, and

5 (2) such COVID-ERTC promoter shall be
6 treated as a material advisor with respect to such
7 transaction.

8 (e) COVID-ERTC PROMOTER.—For purposes of
9 this section—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The term “COVID-ERTC
11 promoter” means, with respect to any COVID-
12 ERTC document, any person which provides aid, as-
13 sistance, or advice with respect to such document
14 if—

15 (A) such person charges or receives a fee
16 for such aid, assistance, or advice which is
17 based on the amount of the refund or credit
18 with respect to such document and, with respect
19 to such person’s taxable year in which such per-
20 son provided such assistance or the preceding
21 taxable year, the aggregate gross receipts of
22 such person for aid, assistance, and advice with
23 respect to all COVID-ERTC documents exceeds
24 20 percent of the gross receipts of such person
25 for such taxable year, or

1 (B) with respect to such person's taxable
2 year in which such person provided such assist-
3 ance or the preceding taxable year—

4 (i) the aggregate gross receipts of
5 such person for aid, assistance, and advice
6 with respect to all COVID-ERTC docu-
7 ments exceeds 50 percent of the gross re-
8 ceipts of such person for such taxable year,
9 or

10 (ii) both—

11 (I) such aggregate gross receipts
12 exceeds 20 percent of the gross re-
13 ceipts of such person for such taxable
14 year, and

15 (II) the aggregate gross receipts
16 of such person for aid, assistance, and
17 advice with respect to all COVID–
18 ERTC documents (determined after
19 application of paragraph (3)) exceeds
20 \$500,000.

21 (2) EXCEPTION FOR CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL
22 EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.—The term “COVID–
23 ERTC promoter” shall not include a certified profes-
24 sional employer organization (as defined in section
25 7705).

1 (3) AGGREGATION RULE.—For purposes of
2 paragraph (1)(B)(ii)(II), all persons treated as a
3 single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of sec-
4 tion 52 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or
5 subsection (m) or (o) of section 414 of such Code,
6 shall be treated as 1 person.

7 (4) SHORT TAXABLE YEARS.—In the case of
8 any taxable year of less than 12 months, paragraph
9 (1) shall be applied with respect to the calendar year
10 in which such taxable year begins (in addition to ap-
11 plying to such taxable year).

12 (f) COVID-ERTC DOCUMENT.—For purposes of
13 this section, the term “COVID-ERTC document” means
14 any return, affidavit, claim, or other document related to
15 any COVID-related employee retention tax credit, includ-
16 ing any document related to eligibility for, or the calcula-
17 tion or determination of any amount directly related to
18 any COVID-related employee retention tax credit.

19 (g) COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX
20 CREDIT.—For purposes of this section, the term
21 “COVID-related employee retention tax credit” means—
22 (1) any credit, or advance payment, under sec-
23 tion 3134 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
24 and

1 (2) any credit, or advance payment, under sec-
 2 tion 2301 of the CARES Act.

3 (h) LIMITATION ON CREDIT AND REFUND OF
 4 COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX CRED-
 5 ITS.—Notwithstanding section 6511 of the Internal Rev-
 6 enue Code of 1986 or any other provision of law, no credit
 7 or refund of any COVID-related employee retention tax
 8 credit shall be allowed or made after January 31, 2024,
 9 unless a claim for such credit or refund is filed by the
 10 taxpayer on or before such date.

11 (i) AMENDMENTS TO EXTEND LIMITATION ON AS-
 12 SESSMENT.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3134(l) of the Inter-
 14 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as fol-
 15 lows:

16 “(l) EXTENSION OF LIMITATION ON ASSESSMENT.—
 17 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
 18 6501, the limitation on the time period for the as-
 19 essment of any amount attributable to a credit
 20 claimed under this section shall not expire before the
 21 date that is 6 years after the latest of—

22 “(A) the date on which the original return
 23 which includes the calendar quarter with re-
 24 spect to which such credit is determined is filed,

1 “(B) the date on which such return is
2 treated as filed under section 6501(b)(2), or

3 “(C) the date on which the claim for credit
4 or refund with respect to such credit is made.

5 “(2) DEDUCTION FOR WAGES TAKEN INTO AC-
6 COUNT IN DETERMINING IMPROPERLY CLAIMED
7 CREDIT.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sec-
9 tion 6511, in the case of an assessment attrib-
10 utable to a credit claimed under this section,
11 the limitation on the time period for credit or
12 refund of any amount attributable to a deduc-
13 tion for improperly claimed ERTC wages shall
14 not expire before the time period for such as-
15 essment expires under paragraph (1).

16 “(B) IMPROPERLY CLAIMED ERTC
17 WAGES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
18 term ‘improperly claimed ERTC wages’ means,
19 with respect to an assessment attributable to a
20 credit claimed under this section, the wages
21 with respect to which a deduction would not
22 have been allowed if the portion of the credit to
23 which such assessment relates had been prop-
24 erly claimed.”.

1 (2) APPLICATION TO CARES ACT CREDIT.—Section
2 2301 of the CARES Act is amended by adding
3 at the end the following new subsection:

4 “(o) EXTENSION OF LIMITATION ON ASSESSMENT.—

5 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
6 6501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the lim-
7 itation on the time period for the assessment of any
8 amount attributable to a credit claimed under this
9 section shall not expire before the date that is 6
10 years after the latest of—

11 “(A) the date on which the original return
12 which includes the calendar quarter with re-
13 spect to which such credit is determined is filed,

14 “(B) the date on which such return is
15 treated as filed under section 6501(b)(2) of
16 such Code, or

17 “(C) the date on which the claim for credit
18 or refund with respect to such credit is made.

19 “(2) DEDUCTION FOR WAGES TAKEN INTO AC-
20 COUNT IN DETERMINING IMPROPERLY CLAIMED
21 CREDIT.—

22 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sec-
23 tion 6511 of such Code, in the case of an as-
24 sessment attributable to a credit claimed under
25 this section, the limitation on the time period

1 for credit or refund of any amount attributable
2 to a deduction for improperly claimed ERTC
3 wages shall not expire before the time period
4 for such assessment expires under paragraph
5 (1).

6 “(B) IMPROPERLY CLAIMED ERTC
7 WAGES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
8 term ‘improperly claimed ERTC wages’ means,
9 with respect to an assessment attributable to a
10 credit claimed under this section, the wages
11 with respect to which a deduction would not
12 have been allowed if the portion of the credit to
13 which such assessment relates had been prop-
14 erly claimed.”.

15 (j) EFFECTIVE DATES.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
17 vided in this subsection, the provisions of this sec-
18 tion shall apply to aid, assistance, and advice pro-
19 vided after March 12, 2020.

20 (2) DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—Sub-
21 sections (b) and (c) shall apply to aid, assistance,
22 and advice provided after the date of the enactment
23 of this Act.

24 (3) LIMITATION ON CREDIT AND REFUND OF
25 COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX CRED-

1 ITS.—Subsection (h) shall apply to credits and re-
2 funds allowed or made after January 31, 2024.

3 (4) AMENDMENTS TO EXTEND LIMITATION ON
4 ASSESSMENT.—The amendments made by subsection
5 (i) shall apply to assessments made after the date of
6 the enactment of this Act.

7 (k) TRANSITION RULE WITH RESPECT TO REQUIRE-
8 MENTS TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION, MAINTAIN CLIENT
9 LISTS, ETC.—Any return under section 6111 of the Inter-
10 national Revenue Code of 1986, or list under section 6112 of
11 such Code, required by reason of subsection (d) of this
12 section to be filed or maintained, respectively, with respect
13 to any aid, assistance, or advice provided by a COVID–
14 ERTC promoter with respect to a COVID–ERTC docu-
15 ment before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall
16 not be required to be so filed or maintained (with respect
17 to such aid, assistance or advice) before the date which
18 is 90 days after such date.

19 (l) PROVISIONS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED TO CREATE
20 NEGATIVE INFERENCES.—

21 (1) NO INFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO APPLICA-
22 TION OF KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENT TO PRE-EN-
23 ACTMENT CONDUCT OF COVID-ERTC PROMOTERS,
24 ETC.—Subsection (b) shall not be construed to cre-
25 ate any inference with respect to the proper applica-

1 tion of section 6701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue
2 Code of 1986 with respect to any aid, assistance, or
3 advice provided by any COVID-ERTC promoter on
4 or before the date of the enactment of this Act (or
5 with respect to any other aid, assistance, or advice
6 to which such subsection does not apply).

7 (2) REQUIREMENTS TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION, MAINTAIN CLIENT LISTS, ETC.—Subsections
8 (d) and (k) shall not be construed to create any inference with respect to whether any COVID-related
9 employee retention tax credit is (without regard to
10 subsection (d)) a listed transaction (or reportable
11 transaction) with respect to any COVID-ERTC promoter; and, for purposes of subsection (j), a return
12 or list shall not be treated as required (with respect
13 to such aid, assistance, or advice) by reason of sub-
14 section (d) if such return or list would be so re-
15 quired without regard to subsection (d).

16 (m) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary (as defined in
17 subsection (c)(5)) shall issue such regulations or other
18 guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
19 the purposes of this section (and the amendments made
20 by this section).

