119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1865

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 5, 2025

Mr. Grijalva (for himself and Mr. Huffman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Mining Waste, Fraud, and Abuse Prevention Act of
- 6 2025".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions and references.
- Sec. 3. Application rules.

TITLE I—MINERAL LEASING, EXPLORATION, AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 101. Closure to entry and location.
- Sec. 102. Limitation on patents.
- Sec. 103. Prospecting licenses and hardrock leases.
- Sec. 104. Competitive leasing.
- Sec. 105. Small miner's lease.
- Sec. 106. Land containing nonhardrock minerals; other uses.
- Sec. 107. Royalty.
- Sec. 108. Existing production.
- Sec. 109. Hardrock mining claim maintenance fee.
- Sec. 110. Effect of payments for use and occupancy of claims.
- Sec. 111. Protection of special places.
- Sec. 112. Suitability determination.

TITLE II—CONSULTATION PROCEDURE

Sec. 201. Requirement for consultation.

TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS OF MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 301. General standard for hardrock mining on Federal land.
- Sec. 302. Permits.
- Sec. 303. Exploration permit.
- Sec. 304. Operations permit.
- Sec. 305. Persons ineligible for permits.
- Sec. 306. Financial assurance.
- Sec. 307. Operation and reclamation.
- Sec. 308. State law and regulation.

TITLE IV—ABANDONED HARDROCK MINE RECLAMATION PROGRAM

- Sec. 401. Funds credited to the Abandoned Hardrock Mine Reclamation Program.
- Sec. 402. Displaced material reclamation fee.

TITLE V—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 501. Policy functions.
- Sec. 502. User fees and inflation adjustment.
- Sec. 503. Inspection and monitoring.
- Sec. 504. Citizens suits.
- Sec. 505. Administrative and judicial review.
- Sec. 506. Reporting requirements.
- Sec. 507. Enforcement.
- Sec. 508. Regulations.
- Sec. 509. Oil shale claims.
- Sec. 510. Savings clause.
- Sec. 511. Availability of public records.
- Sec. 512. Miscellaneous powers.

Sec. 513. Mineral materials.Sec. 514. Effective date.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCES.

2	(a) In General.—As used in this Act:
3	(1) The term "Abandoned Hardrock Mine Rec-
4	lamation Program" means the program established
5	by section 40704 of the Infrastructure Investment
6	and Jobs Act (30 U.S.C. 1245).
7	(2) The term "adjacent land" means any land
8	not more than 2 miles from the boundary of a de-
9	scribed land tract.
10	(3) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to
11	any person, any of the following:
12	(A) Any person that controls, is controlled
13	by, or is under common control with such per-
14	son.
15	(B) Any partner of such person.
16	(C) Any person owning at least 10 percent
17	of the voting shares of such person.
18	(4) The term "agency" has the meaning given
19	the term in section 3502 of title 44, United States
20	Code.
21	(5) The term "applicant" means any person ap-
22	plying for a lease, license, or permit under this Act
23	or a modification to or a renewal of a lease, license,
24	or permit issued under this Act.

1	(6) The term "beneficiation" means the crush-
2	ing and grinding of hardrock mineral ore and such
3	processes as are employed to free the mineral from
4	other constituents, including physical and chemical
5	separation techniques.
6	(7) The term "casual use"—
7	(A) means mineral activities that do not
8	ordinarily result in any disturbance of Federal
9	land and resources;
10	(B) includes collection of geochemical
11	rock, soil, or mineral specimens using
12	handtools, hand panning, or nonmotorized sluic-
13	ing; and
14	(C) does not include—
15	(i) the use of mechanized earth-mov-
16	ing equipment, suction dredging, or explo-
17	sives;
18	(ii) the use of motor vehicles in areas
19	closed to off-road vehicles;
20	(iii) the construction of roads or drill
21	pads; or
22	(iv) the use of toxic or hazardous ma-
23	terials.
24	(8) The term "claim holder" means—

1	(A) any person holding a mining claim,
2	millsite, or tunnel site located under the general
3	mining laws or this Act and maintained in com-
4	pliance with such laws; and
5	(B) any agent of such person.
6	(9) The term "control" means having the abil-
7	ity, directly or indirectly, to determine (without re-
8	gard to whether exercised through 1 or more cor-
9	porate structures) the manner in which an entity
10	conducts mineral activities, through any means, in-
11	cluding—
12	(A) ownership interest;
13	(B) authority to commit the real or finan-
14	cial assets of the entity;
15	(C) position as a director, officer, or part-
16	ner of the entity; or
17	(D) contractual arrangement.
18	(10) The term "displaced material" means any
19	raw ore or waste dislodged from its location by
20	human disturbance, including from hardrock mineral
21	activities.
22	(11) The term "exploration"—
23	(A) means creating surface disturbance,
24	other than casual use, to evaluate the type, ex-
25	tent, quantity, or quality of minerals present;

1	(B) includes mineral activities associated
2	with sampling, drilling, and analyzing hardrock
3	mineral values; and
4	(C) does not include extraction of mineral
5	material for commercial use or sale.
6	(12) The term "Federal land"—
7	(A) means any land, and any interest in
8	land, that is owned by the United States; and
9	(B) does not include—
10	(i) lands in the National Park System;
11	(ii) Indian lands; or
12	(iii) lands on the Outer Continental
13	Shelf.
14	(13) The term "hardrock mineral"—
15	(A) means any mineral that was subject to
16	location under the general mining laws as of the
17	effective date of this Act, and that is not sub-
18	ject to disposition under—
19	(i) the Mineral Leasing Act (30
20	U.S.C. 181 et seq.);
21	(ii) the Geothermal Steam Act of
22	1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.);
23	(iii) the Act of July 31, 1947, com-
24	monly known as the Materials Act of 1947

1	(iv) the Mineral Leasing Act for Ac-
2	quired Lands (30 U.S.C. 351 et seq.); and
3	(B) does not include any mineral that is
4	subject to a restriction against alienation im-
5	posed by the United States and is—
6	(i) held in trust by the United States
7	for any Indian or Indian Tribe, as defined
8	in section 2 of the Indian Mineral Develop-
9	ment Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101); or
10	(ii) owned by any Indian or Indian
11	Tribe, as defined in that section.
12	(14) The term "Indian lands" means—
13	(A) lands held in trust for the benefit of
14	an Indian Tribe or Indian;
15	(B) lands held by an Indian Tribe or In-
16	dian subject to a restriction by the United
17	States against alienation; or
18	(C) lands held by an Alaska Native village,
19	village corporation, or regional corporation, as
20	defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska
21	Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601
22	et seq.).
23	(15) The term "Indian Tribe" means any In-
24	dian Tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized
25	group or community, including any Alaska Native

- village, village corporation, or regional corporation,
 as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska
 Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et
 seq.), that is recognized as eligible for the special
 programs and services provided by the United States
 to Indians because of their status as Indians.

 (16) The term "mining claim" means any min-
 - (16) The term "mining claim" means any mining claim made pursuant to—
 - (A) this Act; or

- 10 (B) the Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 11 22 et seq.) before the effective date of this Act.
 - (17) The term "mineral activities" means any activity carried out on a mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site, authorized by a lease, license, or permit issued under this Act, for, related to, or incidental to, mineral exploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or reclamation activities for any hardrock mineral.
 - (18) The term "National Conservation System unit" means any unit of the National Park System, National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, National Wilderness Preservation System, National Landscape Conservation System, or National Trails System, or a National Conservation Area, a National Recreation Area, a Wil-

1	derness Study Area, a National Monument, or any
2	unit of the National Wilderness Preservation System
3	or lands within the National Forest System, includ-
4	ing the following:
5	(A) National Volcanic Monuments.
6	(B) Recreation Areas, Scenic Recreation
7	Areas, and Winter Recreation Areas.
8	(C) Scenic Areas, Scenic-Research Areas
9	Scenic Highways, and National Scenic and
10	Wildlife Areas.
11	(D) National Game and Wildlife Preserves.
12	(E) Special Management, Wildlife, Con-
13	servation, and Protection Areas, including bo-
14	tanical, hydrological (watershed), geological
15	historical, paleontological, and zoological areas.
16	(F) Experimental Forests, Ranges, and
17	Watersheds.
18	(G) Research Sites and Research Natural
19	Areas.
20	(H) Inventoried Roadless Area, Colorado
21	Roadless Area, and Idaho Roadless Area.
22	(I) Recommended Wilderness and Primi-
23	tive Areas.
24	(19) The term "operator" means—

1 (A) any person proposing or authorized by 2 a permit issued under this Act to conduct min-3 eral activities; and 4 (B) any agent of such person. (20) The term "person" means an individual, 5 6 Indian Tribe, partnership, association, society, joint 7 venture, joint stock company, firm, company, cor-8 poration, cooperative, or other organization and any 9 instrumentality of State or local government, includ-10 ing any publicly owned utility or publicly owned cor-11 poration of State or local government. (21) The term "processing" means processes 12 13 downstream of beneficiation employed to prepare 14 hardrock mineral ore into a final marketable prod-15 uct, including smelting and electrolytic refining. (22) The term "raw ore" means ore in its un-16 17 processed form, containing profitable amounts of a 18 hardrock mineral. 19 (23) The term "reclamation" means taking 20 measures following the disturbance of Federal land 21 by mineral activities to meet applicable performance

standards and achieve conditions required by the

Secretary concerned at the conclusion of such min-

eral activities, including, where applicable—

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1	(A) isolation, control, or removal of acid-
2	forming, toxic, or deleterious substances;
3	(B) regrading and reshaping to conform
4	with adjacent landforms, facilitate revegetation,
5	control drainage, and minimize erosion;
6	(C) rehabilitation of fisheries or wildlife
7	habitat;
8	(D) placement of growth medium and es-
9	tablishment of self-sustaining revegetation;
10	(E) removal or stabilization of buildings,
11	structures, or other support facilities;
12	(F) plugging of drill holes and closure of
13	underground workings; and
14	(G) providing for post-mining monitoring,
15	maintenance, or treatment.
16	(24) The term "sacred site" means any specific
17	delineated location on Federal land that is identified
18	by an Indian Tribe—
19	(A) as sacred by virtue of its established
20	religious significance to, or ceremonial use by,
21	an Indian religion; or
22	(B) to be of established cultural signifi-
23	cance.
24	(25) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
25	of the Interior, unless otherwise specified.

1	(26) The term "Secretary concerned" means—
2	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture (acting
3	through the Chief of the Forest Service) with
4	respect to National Forest System land; and
5	(B) the Secretary of the Interior (acting
6	through the Director of the Bureau of Land
7	Management) with respect to other Federal
8	land.
9	(27)(A) The term "small miner" means a per-
10	son (including all related parties thereto) that—
11	(i) holds not more than 10 mining claims,
12	millsites, or tunnel sites, or any combination
13	thereof, on Federal land;
14	(ii) is a claim holder or operator with re-
15	spect to not more than 200 acres of Federal
16	land;
17	(iii) certifies to the Secretary in writing
18	that the person had annual gross income in the
19	preceding calendar year from mineral produc-
20	tion in an amount less than \$50,000; and
21	(iv) has performed assessment work re-
22	quired under the Mining Law of 1872 (30
23	U.S.C. 22 et seq.) to maintain any mining
24	claims held by the person and all related parties
25	thereto for the assessment year ending on noon

1	of September 1 of the calendar year in which
2	payment of the claim maintenance fee was due.
3	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), with re-
4	spect to any person, the term "all related parties"
5	means—
6	(i) the spouse or qualifying child (as such
7	term is defined in section 152 of the Internal
8	Revenue Code of 1986) of such person; or
9	(ii) an affiliate of the person concerned.
10	(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A)(iii), the
11	dollar amount shall be applied, for a person, to the
12	aggregate of all annual gross income from mineral
13	production under all mining claims held by or as-
14	signed to such person and all related parties with re-
15	spect to such person, including mining claims lo-
16	cated or for which a patent was issued before the ef-
17	fective date of this Act.
18	(28) The term "temporary cessation" means a
19	halt in mineral activities for a continuous period
20	that does not exceed 5 years.
21	(29) The term "ton" means 2,000 pounds av-
22	oirdupois (.90718 metric ton).
23	(30) The term "unnecessary or undue degrada-
24	tion" means irreparable harm to significant sci-

- entific, cultural, or environmental resources on Federal land.
- 3 (31) The term "valuable mineral deposit"
 4 means a deposit of hardrock minerals that is of suf5 ficient value for a prudent operator to extract, re6 move, and market at a profit.
- 7 (32) The term "waste" means rock that must 8 be fractured and removed in order to gain access to 9 raw ore.

10 (b) References to Other Laws.—

- 11 (1) GENERAL MINING LAWS.—Any reference in 12 this Act to the term "general mining laws" is a ref-13 erence to those Acts that generally comprise chap-14 ters 2, 12A, and 16, and sections 161 and 162, of 15 title 30, United States Code.
- 16 (2) ACT OF JULY 23, 1955.—Any reference in 17 this Act to the Act of July 23, 1955, is a reference 18 to the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of 19 July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681) and the mining laws 20 to provide for multiple use of the surface of the 21 same tracts of the public lands, and for other pur-22 poses" (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

23 SEC. 3. APPLICATION RULES.

24 (a) APPLICATION TO EXISTING CLAIMS.—This Act
25 shall apply to any mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site

- 1 located under the general mining laws before or on the
- 2 effective date of this Act.
- 3 (b) Application to Benefaction or Processing
- 4 ACTIVITIES.—This Act shall apply in the same manner
- 5 and to the same extent to mining claims, millsites, tunnel
- 6 sites, and any land included in a lease, license, or permit
- 7 issued under this Act used for beneficiation or processing
- 8 activities for any hardrock mineral.

9 TITLE I—MINERAL LEASING, EX-

10 PLORATION, AND DEVELOP-

11 **MENT**

- 12 SEC. 101. CLOSURE TO ENTRY AND LOCATION.
- 13 (a) Closure.—Except as otherwise provided in this
- 14 section, as of the effective date of this Act, all Federal
- 15 land is closed to entry and location under the general min-
- 16 ing laws, and no new rights under the general mining laws
- 17 may be acquired.
- 18 (b) Existing Claims Without Plan of Oper-
- 19 ATIONS.—
- 20 (1) Claims without plan of operations.—
- Any claim under the general mining laws existing on
- 22 the effective date of this Act for which a plan of op-
- erations is not approved, or a notice of operations is
- 24 not filed, before such date shall be subject to the re-
- 25 quirements of this Act, and may remain in effect

1	until not later than the end of the 10-year period be-
2	ginning on such date if the claim holder remains in
3	compliance with section 109, unless the claim hold-
4	er—
5	(A) relinquishes the claim; or
6	(B) demonstrates eligibility for a lease and
7	requests conversion under the regulations
8	issued under subsection (d).
9	(2) Shortening of Period.—The 10-year pe-
10	riod referred to in paragraph (1) shall be shortened
11	to 3 years if—
12	(A) the claim is for an area that is located
13	in an area withdrawn or temporarily segregated
14	from location under the general mining laws as
15	of the effective date of this Act; or
16	(B) the claim belongs to a small miner.
17	(3) Conversion.—The Secretary concerned
18	may convert a claim described in paragraph (1) to
19	a noncompetitive mining lease pursuant to the regu-
20	lations issued under subsection (d) if such Secretary
21	determines that the claim holder has shown the
22	presence of a valuable mineral deposit on the land
23	subject to such claim.
24	(4) Claims not converted.—Any claims de-
25	scribed in paragraph (1) not converted to non-

1	competitive leases under paragraph (3) at the end of
2	the applicable period under paragraph (1) or (2)
3	shall be void.
4	(c) Existing Claims With Plan of Oper-
5	ATIONS.—
6	(1) In general.—In the case of any claim
7	under the general mining laws for which a plan of
8	operations has been approved but for which oper-
9	ations have not commenced before the on the effec-
10	tive date of this Act—
11	(A) during the 10-year period beginning on
12	the effective date of this Act—
13	(i) mineral activities on lands subject
14	to such claim shall be subject to such plan
15	of operations; and
16	(ii) the Secretary shall allow the oper-
17	ator to make changes to such plan subject
18	to applicable law as in effect on the day
19	before the effective date of this Act if the
20	Secretary determines that the requested
21	changes are minor; and
22	(B) the operator shall bring such mineral
23	activities into compliance with this Act by the
24	end of such 10-year period.

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(2) ACTIVITIES PENDING DECISION ON MODI-FICATION TO PLAN OF OPERATIONS.—If an application for modification of a plan of operations referred to in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) has been timely submitted by the claim holder and an approved plan of operations expires before the Secretary concerned takes action on such application, mineral activities and reclamation may continue in accordance with the terms of the expired plan of operations until the Secretary concerned makes an administrative decision on the application.

(3) Conversion requirement.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—A claim described in paragraph (1) may remain in effect for a period of not more than 10 years.
- (B) FEE.—A claim described in paragraph (1) that is not converted to a noncompetitive lease pursuant to the regulations issued under subsection (d) before the end of such period shall, beginning on the first date after the end of such period, be subject to a fee of \$100 per acre per day until such claim is converted to a noncompetitive lease.

(d) Conversion Regulations.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the effective date of this Act, the Secretary shall
3	issue regulations regarding the conversion of existing
4	mining claims to noncompetitive mining leases.
5	(2) Content.—Such regulations shall—
6	(A) prohibit the conversion of a mining
7	claim to a mining lease by a claim holder who
8	is in violation of this Act or other State or Fed-
9	eral environmental, health, or worker safety
10	laws;
11	(B) allow the Secretary to exercise discre-
12	tion to include nonmineral lands within the
13	boundaries of any millsite associated with the
14	mining claim to be converted to a noncompeti-
15	tive lease;
16	(C) prohibit the area in any noncompetitive
17	mining lease issued under this section from ex-
18	ceeding the maximum area authorized by this
19	Act to be leased to any person;
20	(D) require the consent of the surface
21	managing agency for conversion of a mining
22	claim to a noncompetitive mining lease;
23	(E) require the financial terms of the con-
24	verted noncompetitive mining lease to be the

1	same as those provided in this Act for other
2	hardrock mining leases; and
3	(F) include any other terms the Secretary
4	considers appropriate.
5	(e) NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT.—The
6	Secretary is not required to conduct an environmental
7	analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act of
8	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) to issue a noncompetitive
9	mining lease under this section, unless such noncompeti-
10	tive mining lease modifies or extends the surface disturb-
11	ance already authorized under a mine plan of operations
12	covering the mining claim that is converted.
13	SEC. 102. LIMITATION ON PATENTS.
14	(a) Mining Claims.—
15	(1) Determinations required.—After the
16	effective date of this Act, no patent shall be issued
17	by the United States for any mining claim located
18	under the general mining laws unless the Secretary
19	determines that, for such mining claim—
20	(A) a patent application was filed with the
21	Secretary on or before September 30, 1994;
22	and
23	(B) all requirements established under sec-
24	tions 2325 and 2326 of the Mining Law of
25	1872 (30 U.S.C. 29 and 30), in the case of a

vein or lode claim, or sections 2329, 2330, 2331, and 2333 of that Act (30 U.S.C. 35, 36, and 37), in the case of a placer claim, were fully complied with by that date.

(2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes the determinations required under paragraph (1) for any mining claim, the claim holder shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder would have been entitled to before the effective date of this Act, unless such determinations are withdrawn or invalidated by the Secretary or by a court of the United States.

(b) MILLSITES.—

- (1) Determinations required.—After the effective date of this Act, no patent shall be issued by the United States for any millsite located under the general mining laws unless the Secretary determines that, for such millsite—
 - (A) a patent application was filed with the Secretary on or before September 30, 1994; and
- 23 (B) all requirements applicable to such 24 patent application were fully complied with be-25 fore that date.

- 1 (2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes 2 the determinations required under paragraph (1) for 3 any millsite, the claim holder shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder would have been entitled 5 6 to before the effective date of this Act, unless such 7 determinations are withdrawn or invalidated by the 8 Secretary or by a court of the United States. SEC. 103. PROSPECTING LICENSES AND HARDROCK 10 LEASES. 11 (a) In General.—No person may conduct mineral 12 prospecting for commercial purposes for any hardrock mineral on Federal land without a prospecting license or 13 14 a small miner's lease.
- 15 (b) Prospecting Licenses.—
- 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, under
 17 such regulations as the Secretary may issue and
 18 with the concurrence of the relevant surface manage19 ment agency, grant an applicant a prospecting li20 cense that shall give the exclusive right to prospect
 21 for specified hardrock minerals on Federal land for
 22 a period not longer than 2 years.
- 23 (2) MAXIMUM AREA.—The area subject to a 24 prospecting license granted under paragraph (1)

- shall not exceed 2,560 acres of land, in reasonably compact form.
 - (3) Prospecting license application

 FEE.—The Secretary shall charge a fee for each prospecting license application to cover the costs of reviewing such application.
 - (4) Annual Rental.—Each prospecting license granted under paragraph (1) shall be subject to annual rentals equal to \$10 per acre per year.
 - (5) Terms and conditions.—A prospecting license shall conform with the terms and conditions of a comprehensive land use plan approved under—
- 13 (A) the Federal Land Policy and Manage-14 ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
 - (B) the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.).
 - (6) Areas without approved comprehensive sive land use plan treating hardrock mining as a multiple-use activity has not been completed, the Secretary concerned shall ensure that such land is suitable for mineral activities.

- (7) EXTENSION.—The Secretary may extend a prospecting license granted under this subsection for not more than additional 4 years upon a showing by the licensee that—
 - (A) the licensee explored with reasonable diligence and was unable to determine the existence and workability of a valuable mineral deposit covered by the license; or
 - (B) if the licensee failed to perform diligent prospecting activities, such failure was due to conditions beyond the control of the licensee.

(c) Noncompetitive Leases.—

(1) In General.—Upon a showing to the satisfaction of the Secretary by a prospecting licensee under subsection (a) that a valuable mineral deposit has been discovered by the licensee within an area covered by the prospecting license and with the consent of the surface agency, the licensee shall be entitled to a lease for any or all of the land included in the prospecting license, as well as any nonmineral lands necessary for processing or milling operations, at a royalty of not less than 12.5 percent of the gross value of production of hardrock minerals or mineral concentrates or products derived from hardrock minerals under the lease.

1	(2) Rentals.—
2	(A) In general.—Rentals for a lease
3	under this section shall be set by the Secretary
4	at not less than \$10 per acre per year, with
5	rentals paid in any 1 year credited against roy-
6	alties accruing for that year.
7	(B) OPERATIONS PERMIT.—A lessee under
8	this section is not entitled to an operations per-
9	mit.
10	(3) Lease Period.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—A lease under this sub-
12	section shall be for a period of 20 years, with
13	the right to renew for successive periods of 10
14	years if hardrock minerals are being produced
15	in commercial quantities under the lease.
16	(B) EXTENSION DURING NONPRODUC-
17	TION.—The Secretary may issue not more than
18	1 10-year extension of a lease under this sub-
19	section if hardrock minerals are not being pro-
20	duced in commercial quantities at the end of
21	the primary, or any subsequent, term of such
22	lease and—
23	(i) it is in the interest of conservation
24	or reclamation maintenance;

1	(ii) the lessee shows that the lease
2	cannot be successfully operated at a profit;
3	or
4	(iii) the Secretary determines that
5	issuing such extension is appropriate.
6	(C) Definition of commercial quan-
7	TITIES.—In this paragraph, the term "commer-
8	cial quantities" means any economic amount
9	sold, bartered, or traded for profit.
10	(d) Cumulative Acreage Limitation.—No person
11	may take, hold, own, or control at 1 time, whether ac-
12	quired directly from the Secretary under this Act or other-
13	wise, hardrock mining leases or licenses for an aggregate
14	of more than 20,480 acres in any 1 State.
15	(e) REDUCTION OF ROYALTY RATE.—
16	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
17	the Secretary—
18	(A) may reduce the royalty rate for a lease
19	under this section upon a showing by clear and
20	convincing evidence by the operator that pro-
21	duction would not occur without the reduction
22	in royalty rate; and
23	(B) may reduce the royalty and rental
24	rates for a lease under this section to encourage
25	exploration for and development of critical min-

- 1 erals (as such term is defined in section
- 2 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C.
- 1606(a)).
- 4 (2) Limitation.—The Secretary may not re-
- 5 duce the royalty rate for a lease pursuant to para-
- 6 graph (1) to less than 6.25 percent.
- 7 (f) Protection of Land and Other Re-
- 8 SOURCES.—The Secretary, in consultation with any appli-
- 9 cable surface management agency, may include in any
- 10 lease or license issued under this Act such provisions as
- 11 are necessary to adequately protect land and other re-
- 12 sources in the vicinity of the area subject to the lease or
- 13 license.

14 SEC. 104. COMPETITIVE LEASING.

- 15 (a) In General.—Subject to sections 111 and 112,
- 16 Federal land known to contain valuable mineral deposits
- 17 that is not covered by claims, licenses, or leases issued
- 18 under this Act may only be open to hardrock mineral ex-
- 19 ploration or development through competitive leasing by
- 20 the Secretary through such methods the Secretary may
- 21 adopt by regulation and in such areas as the Secretary
- 22 may determine, including nonmineral lands the Secretary
- 23 considers necessary for processing or milling operations.

- 1 (b) LIMITATION.—The total area of land subject to
- 2 a competitive lease under this section shall not exceed
- 3 2,560 acres.
- 4 (c) Terms and Requirements.—All terms and re-
- 5 quirements for competitive leases under this section shall
- 6 be the same as if the leases were issued noncompetitively
- 7 under section 103(c).

8 SEC. 105. SMALL MINER'S LEASE.

- 9 (a) In General.—The Secretary may issue a small
- 10 miner's lease to a qualified small miner that applies, under
- 11 such regulations as the Secretary may issue, including
- 12 conditions to require diligent development of such lease
- 13 and to ensure protection of surface resources and ground
- 14 water.
- 15 (b) Exclusive Right.—A small miner's lease shall
- 16 give the lessee the exclusive right to prospect for hardrock
- 17 minerals for 3 years on not more than 200 acres of contig-
- 18 uous or noncontiguous Federal land.
- 19 (c) Application Fee.—The Secretary shall charge
- 20 a reasonable application fee for a small miner's lease
- 21 under this subsection (a).
- 22 (d) Rentals.—Annual rentals for a small miner's
- 23 lease issued under this section shall be \$5 per acre per
- 24 year for the first 3 years.

- 1 (e) Renewal.—A small miner's leases issued under
- 2 this section may be renewed for any number of additional
- 3 3-year periods. The rental for such a renewed lease shall
- 4 be \$10 per acre per year rental charged.
- 5 (f) Challenge.—
- 6 (1) In general.—Any individual may file a
- 7 challenge with the Secretary that a lessee is in viola-
- 8 tion of the diligence terms of a small miner's lease
- 9 or does not qualify as a small miner.
- 10 (2) Renewal when subject to chal-
- 11 LENGE.—A small miner's lease that is subject to a
- challenge under paragraph (1) may not be renewed
- unless the Secretary has determined that the lessee
- is a small miner and is in compliance with all the
- terms of the small miner's lease.
- 16 (g) No ROYALTIES.—The Secretary shall not charge
- 17 royalties for commercial production under a small miner's
- 18 lease.
- 19 (h) Conversion of Existing Claims.—A claim ex-
- 20 isting on the effective date of this Act that belongs to an
- 21 individual that qualifies as a small miner may be converted
- 22 to a small miner's lease under the same terms and condi-
- 23 tions that apply to a small miner's lease under this sec-
- 24 tion, except that such lease—

1	(1) shall not be subject to rental during the pri-
2	mary term of the lease;
3	(2) shall be subject to a rental of \$5 per acre
4	per year for the first 3-year renewal of the lease;
5	and
6	(3) shall be subject to a rental of \$10 per acre
7	per year for any subsequent 3-year renewal of the
8	lease.
9	(i) Limitations.—A small miner's lease—
10	(1) may only be held by the primary lease hold-
11	er, a spouse thereof, or a direct descendent thereof;
12	(2) may not be sold or transferred, other than
13	to a spouse or direct descendent of the primary lease
14	holder; and
15	(3) is subject to all permitting requirements
16	under this Act.
17	(j) Conversion to Hardrock Mineral Lease.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—If, with regard to a small
19	miner's lease, the lessee does not qualify as a small
20	miner at the time such lessee applies for a renewal
21	of such lease, such lessee shall not be eligible to
22	renew such lease, but shall be eligible for a non-
23	competitive hardrock mineral lease issued under sec-

tion 103(c).

1	(2) ROYALTIES.—Notwithstanding section
2	103(c)(1), royalties under a small miner's lease con-
3	verted to a hardrock mineral lease under this sub-
4	section shall only be due on the gross income that
5	exceeds \$50,000 annually or the amount of gross in-
6	come specified by the Secretary as of the time such
7	noncompetitive lease is issued.
8	SEC. 106. LAND CONTAINING NONHARDROCK MINERALS;
9	OTHER USES.
10	(a) In General.—In issuing licenses and leases
11	under this Act for land that contains deposits of coal or
12	other nonhardrock minerals, the Secretary shall reserve to
13	the United States such nonhardrock minerals for disposal
14	under applicable laws.
15	(b) Other Uses of Licensed and Leased
16	Lands.—
17	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall issue
18	regulations to allow for other uses of the land cov-
19	ered by a prospecting license under this Act, includ-
20	ing leases for other minerals, if such other uses
21	would not unreasonably interfere with operations
22	under the prospecting license.
23	(2) Terms and conditions.—The Secretary
24	shall include in each prospecting license issued under
25	section 103(b) such terms and conditions as the Sec-

- retary determines necessary to avoid unreasonable interference with other uses occurring on, or other leases of, the licensed land.
- 4 (3) Leases.—The Secretary shall include in leases issued under this Act stipulations to allow for simultaneous operations under other leases for the same land.

8 SEC. 107. ROYALTY.

(a) Existing Production.—

- (1) In General.—Production of hardrock minerals, mineral concentrates, or products derived from hardrock minerals on Federal land under an operations permit from which valuable hardrock minerals were produced in commercial quantities before the effective date of this Act, other than production under a small miner's lease, shall be subject to a royalty established by the Secretary of not less than 8 percent of the gross value of such production.
- (2) ADDITIONAL FEDERAL LAND.—Production of hardrock minerals, mineral concentrates, or products derived from hardrock minerals on Federal land added through a plan modification to an operations permit that is submitted after the effective date of this Act shall be subject to a royalty established by

- 1 the Secretary for such lease of not less than 12.5
- 2 percent of the gross value such production.
- 3 (b) Liability.—The claim holder or lessee, or any
- 4 operator to whom the claim holder or lessee has assigned
- 5 the obligation to make royalty payments under the claim
- 6 or lease and any person who controls such claim or lease
- 7 holder or operator, shall be liable for payment of such roy-
- 8 alties.
- 9 (c) DISPOSITION.—Of the revenues collected under
- 10 this title, including rents, royalties, claim maintenance
- 11 fees, interest charges, fines, and penalties—
- 12 (1) 25 percent shall be paid to the State within
- the boundaries of which the leased, licensed, or
- claimed lands, or operations subject to such interest
- charges, fines, or penalties are or were located; and
- 16 (2) the remainder shall be made available to
- carry out, to remain available until expended without
- 18 fiscal year limitation, the Abandoned Hardrock Mine
- 19 Reclamation Program.
- 20 (d) Duties of Claim Holders, Lessees, Opera-
- 21 Tors, and Transporters.—
- 22 (1) REGULATION.—The Secretary shall issue
- regulations regarding the time and manner in which
- a person who is required to make a royalty payment
- 25 under this section shall—

1	(A) make such payment; and
2	(B) notify the Secretary of any assignment
3	that such person may have made of the obliga-
4	tion to make any royalty or other payment
5	under a mining claim or lease under this title.
6	(2) Written instrument.—Any person pay-
7	ing royalties under this section shall file a written
8	instrument, together with the first royalty payment,
9	affirming that such person is responsible for making
10	proper payments for all amounts due for all time pe-
11	riods for which such person has a payment responsi-
12	bility.
13	(3) Additional amounts.—Such responsi-
14	bility for the periods referred to in paragraph (2)
15	shall include any and all additional amounts billed
16	by the Secretary and determined to be due by final
17	agency or judicial action.
18	(4) Joint and Several Liability.—Any per-
19	son liable for royalty payments under this section
20	who assigns any payment obligation shall remain
21	jointly and severally liable for such royalty pay-
22	ments.
23	(5) Obligations.—A person conducting min-
24	eral activities shall—

- (A) develop and comply with the site security provisions in the operations permit designed to protect from theft the hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom that are produced or stored on the area subject to a mining claim or lease, and such provisions shall conform with such minimum standards as the Secretary may issue by regulation, taking into account the variety of circumstances on areas subject to mining claims and leases; and
 - (B) not later than the fifth business day after production begins anywhere on an area subject to a mining claim or lease, or production resumes after more than 90 days after production was suspended, notify the Secretary, in the manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the date on which such production has begun or resumed.
 - (6) REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION.—The Secretary may by regulation require any person engaged in transporting a hardrock mineral, concentrate, or product derived therefrom to carry on his or her person, in his or her vehicle, or in his or her immediate control, documentation showing, at a minimum, the

1	amount, origin, and intended destination of the
2	hardrock mineral, concentrate, or product derived
3	therefrom in such circumstances as the Secretary
4	determines appropriate.
5	(e) Recordkeeping and Reporting Require-
6	MENTS.—
7	(1) In general.—
8	(A) REQUIREMENT.—A claim holder or
9	lessee, operator, or other person directly in-
10	volved in developing, producing, processing,
11	transporting, purchasing, or selling hardrock
12	minerals, concentrates, or products derived
13	therefrom, subject to this Act, through the
14	point of royalty computation shall establish and
15	maintain any records, make any reports, and
16	provide any information that the Secretary may
17	reasonably require for the purposes of imple-
18	menting this section or determining compliance
19	with regulations or orders under this section.
20	(B) Inclusions.—
21	(i) Records.—Records described in
22	subparagraph (A) shall include periodic re-
23	ports, records, documents, and other data.
24	(ii) Reports.—Reports described in
25	subparagraph (A) may include pertinent

- technical and financial data relating to the quantity, quality, composition volume, weight, and assay of all minerals extracted from the mining claim or lease.
 - (2) AVAILABILITY FOR INSPECTION.—Upon the request of any officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary to conduct an audit or investigation pursuant to this section, the appropriate records, reports, or information that may be required by this section shall be made available for inspection and duplication by such officer or employee.
 - (3) FORFEITURE.—Failure by a claim holder or lessee, operator, or other person referred to in paragraph (1)(A) to cooperate with an audit or investigation under paragraph (2), provide data required by the Secretary, or grant access to information may, at the discretion of the Secretary, result in involuntary forfeiture of the claim or lease.

(4) Maintenance of Records.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Records required by the Secretary under this section shall be maintained for 7 years after release of financial assurance under section 306 unless the Secretary notifies the operator that the Secretary has initiated an audit or investigation involving such

records and that such records must be maintained for a longer period.

(B) AUDIT OR INVESTIGATION.—In any case when an audit or investigation is underway, records shall be maintained until the Secretary releases the operator of the obligation to maintain such records.

(f) Audits.—

- (1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized to conduct such audits of all claim holders or lessees, operators, transporters, purchasers, processors, or other persons directly or indirectly involved in the production or sale of minerals covered by this Act, as the Secretary determines necessary for the purposes of ensuring compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—For purposes of performing such audits, the Secretary shall, at reasonable times and upon request, have access to, and may copy, all books, papers, and other documents that relate to compliance with any provision of this section by any person.

(g) Cooperative Agreements.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the Sec-

- retary of Agriculture to share information concerning the royalty management of hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom to carry out inspection, auditing, investigation, or enforcement (not including the collection of royalties, civil or criminal penalties, or other payments) activities under this section, and to carry out any other activity described in this section.
 - (2) Secretary of Agriculture.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), and pursuant to a cooperative agreement entered into under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Agriculture shall, upon request, have access to all royalty accounting information in the possession of the Secretary with respect to the production, removal, or sale of hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from claims or leases on land open to mineral exploration and production under this Act.

(3) Confidential information.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Trade secrets, proprietary information, and other confidential information protected from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, shall be made available by the Secretary to other Fed-

1	eral agencies as necessary to ensure compliance
2	with this Act and other Federal laws.
3	(B) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—The
4	Secretary, the Secretary of Agriculture, and
5	other Federal officials shall ensure that the in-
6	formation described in subparagraph (A) is pro-
7	vided protection in accordance with the require-
8	ments of that section.
9	(h) Interest and Substantial Underreporting
10	Assessments.—
11	(1) Payments not received.—
12	(A) In general.—In the case of mining
13	claims or leases where royalty payments are not
14	received by the Secretary on the date that such
15	payments are due, the Secretary shall charge
16	interest on such underpayments at the same in-
17	terest rate as the rate applicable under section
18	6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
19	1986.
20	(B) COMPUTATION.—In the case of an un-
21	derpayment, interest shall be computed and
22	charged only on the amount of the deficiency
23	and not on the total amount.
24	(2) Underreporting.—If there is any under-
25	reporting of royalty owed on production from a

1	claim or lease for any production month by any per-
2	son liable for royalty payments under this section,
3	the Secretary shall assess a penalty of not more
4	than 25 percent of the amount of the under-
5	reporting.
6	(3) Self-reporting.—The Secretary may
7	waive or reduce the assessment under paragraph (2)
8	if the person liable for royalty payments under this
9	section corrects the underreporting before the later
10	of—
11	(A) the date such person receives notice
12	from the Secretary that an underreporting may
13	have occurred; and
14	(B) the date that is 90 days after the ef-
15	fective date of this Act.
16	(4) Waiver.—The Secretary shall waive any
17	portion of an assessment under paragraph (2) at-
18	tributable to that portion of the underreporting for
19	which the person responsible for paying the royalty
20	demonstrates that such person—
21	(A) had written authorization from the
22	Secretary to report royalty on the value of the
23	production on the basis on which it was re-

ported;

- 1 (B) had substantial authority for reporting 2 royalty on the value of the production on the 3 basis on which it was reported;
 - (C) previously had notified the Secretary, in such manner as the Secretary may by regulation issue, of relevant reasons or facts affecting the royalty treatment of specific production which led to the underreporting; or
 - (D) meets any other exception which the Secretary may, by regulation, establish.
 - (5) ABANDONED HARDROCK MINE RECLAMATION PROGRAM.—All penalties collected under this subsection shall be shall be made available to carry out, to remain available until expended without fiscal year limitation, the Abandoned Hardrock Mine Reclamation Program.
 - (6) Underreporting defined.—In this subsection, the term "underreporting" means the difference between the royalty on the value of the production that should have been reported and the royalty on the value of the production which was reported, if the value that should have been reported is greater than the value that was reported.
- 24 (i) EXPANDED ROYALTY OBLIGATIONS.—Each per-25 son liable for royalty payments under this section shall

- 1 be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all hardrock
- 2 minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom that
- 3 are lost or wasted from a mining claim or lease if such
- 4 loss or waste is due to negligence on the part of any person
- 5 or due to the failure to comply with this section.
- 6 (j) Failure To Comply With Royalty Require-
- 7 MENTS.—Any person who fails to comply with the require-
- 8 ments of this section shall be liable for a civil penalty
- 9 under section 109 of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty
- 10 Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1719) to the same
- 11 extent as if the claim or lease maintained in compliance
- 12 with this Act were a lease under such Act.
- 13 (k) Gross Income From Mining Defined.—In
- 14 this section, for any hardrock mineral, the term "gross
- 15 income from mining" has the meaning given the term
- 16 "gross income" in section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue
- 17 Code of 1986.
- 18 (l) Effective Date.—Royalties under this Act shall
- 19 take effect with respect to the production of hardrock min-
- 20 erals after the effective date of this Act, but any royalty
- 21 payments attributable to production during the first 12
- 22 calendar months after the effective date of this Act shall
- 23 be payable at the expiration of such 12-month period.

1 SEC. 108. EXISTING PRODUCTION.

2	(a) In General.—The claim holder of a mining
3	claim located or converted under this Act for which min-
4	eral activities have commenced under an approved plan of
5	operations as of the effective date of this Act shall have
6	the exclusive right of possession and use of the land sub-
7	ject to such mining claim for mineral activities, including
8	the right of ingress and egress to such land for mineral
9	activities, subject to the rights of the United States under
10	this Act and other applicable Federal law.
11	(b) TERMINATION.—The rights of the claim holder
12	under subsection (a) shall terminate upon completion of
13	mineral activities on such land to the satisfaction of the
14	Secretary.
15	SEC. 109. HARDROCK MINING CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEE.
16	(a) Fee.—
1617	(a) Fee.— (1) In general.—
17	(1) In general.—
17 18	(1) In general.— (A) Required fees.—
17 18 19	(1) In general.—(A) Required fees.—(i) In general.—Except as provided
17 18 19 20	 (1) IN GENERAL.— (A) REQUIRED FEES.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy
17 18 19 20 21	 (1) IN GENERAL.— (A) REQUIRED FEES.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30 U.S.C. 242(e)(2)) and as
17 18 19 20 21 22	 (1) IN GENERAL.— (A) REQUIRED FEES.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30 U.S.C. 242(e)(2)) and as otherwise provided in this Act, for each
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 (1) IN GENERAL.— (A) REQUIRED FEES.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30 U.S.C. 242(e)(2)) and as otherwise provided in this Act, for each unpatented mining claim, millsite, or tun-

1	retary, on or before September 1 of each
2	year, a claim maintenance fee of \$200 per
3	claim to hold such unpatented mining
4	claim, millsite, or tunnel site for the as-
5	sessment year beginning at noon the fol-
6	lowing day.
7	(ii) FEE IN PLACE OF ASSESSMENT
8	WORK.—A claim maintenance fee paid
9	under clause (i) shall be in lieu of the as-
10	sessment work requirement in the Mining
11	Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) and
12	the related filing requirements in sections
13	314(a) and (c) of the Federal Land Policy
14	and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
15	1744(a) and (c)).
16	(B) FEE ADJUSTMENTS.—Any adjustment
17	to a fee under this subsection made under sec-
18	tion 502 shall begin to apply in the first assess-
19	ment year which begins after the adjustment is
20	made.
21	(C) EXCEPTION FOR SMALL MINERS.—
22	Subparagraph (A) and the assessment work re-
23	quirement in the Mining Law of 1872 (30
24	U.S.C. 28 et seq.) shall not apply with respect

to a small miner's lease.

- 1 (2) Reclamation program.—Moneys received 2 under this subsection that are not otherwise allo-3 cated for the administration of this Act by the Sec-4 retary shall be made available to carry out, to re-5 main available until expended without fiscal year 6 limitation, the Abandoned Hardrock Mine Reclama-7 tion Program.
- 8 (b) Co-Ownership.—The co-ownership provisions of 9 the Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) shall re-10 main in effect except that the annual claim maintenance 11 fee under subsection (a), where applicable, shall replace 12 applicable assessment requirements and expenditures 13 under that Act.
- 14 (c) Failure To Pay.—Failure to pay the claim
 15 maintenance fee under subsection (a) in a timely manner
 16 shall conclusively constitute a forfeiture of the unpatented
 17 mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site by the claimant and
 18 the claim, millsite, or tunnel site shall be deemed null and
 19 void by operation of law.

20 (d) Other Requirements.—

21 (1) REQUIRED FILINGS.—Nothing in this sec-22 tion shall change or modify the requirements of sec-23 tion 314(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-24 ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(b)) or the re-25 quirements of section 314(c) of that Act (43 U.S.C.

- 1 1744(c)) related to filings required by section 314(b)
- of that Act (43 U.S.C. 1744(b)), which remain in ef-
- 3 fect.
- 4 (2) MINING LAW OF 1872.—Section 2324 of the
- 5 Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28) is amended by
- 6 inserting "or section 103(a) of the Mining Waste,
- 7 Fraud, and Abuse Prevention Act of 2025" after
- 8 "Act of 1993".

9 SEC. 110. EFFECT OF PAYMENTS FOR USE AND OCCUPANCY

- 10 **OF CLAIMS.**
- Except as otherwise provided in section 101, timely
- 12 payment of the claim maintenance fee required by section
- 13 109 or any related law relating to the use of Federal land,
- 14 asserts the authority of the claimant to use and occupy
- 15 the Federal land concerned for prospecting and explo-
- 16 ration, consistent with the requirements of this Act and
- 17 other applicable law.
- 18 SEC. 111. PROTECTION OF SPECIAL PLACES.
- 19 (a) Protection of National Park System Units
- 20 AND NATIONAL MONUMENTS.—No agency may authorize
- 21 any mineral activity that would impair the land or re-
- 22 sources of a unit of the National Park System or a na-
- 23 tional monument, including—

1	(1) any diminution of the affected land, includ-
2	ing wildlife, scenic assets, water resources, air qual-
3	ity, and acoustic qualities; or
4	(2) other changes that would impair a the expe-
5	rience of a citizen at the National Park System unit
6	or a national monument.
7	(b) Protection of National Conservation Sys-
8	TEM UNITS.—In order to protect the resources and values
9	of National Conservation System units, the Secretary, as
10	appropriate, shall use authority under this Act and other
11	applicable law to the fullest extent necessary to prevent
12	mineral activities that could have an adverse impact on
13	the resources or values for which such units were estab-
14	lished.
15	(c) Lands Not Open to Mining.—Notwithstanding
16	any other provision of law and subject to valid existing
17	rights, no agency shall authorize mineral activities within
18	any of the following areas:
19	(1) Sacred sites.
20	(2) Wilderness study areas.
21	(3) Habitat designated as critical habitat under
22	section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
23	U.S.C. 1533).
24	(4) Areas of critical environmental concern (as
25	such term is defined in section 103 of the Federal

- Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43
 U.S.C. 1702)).
 (5) Units of the National Conservation System.
 (6) Areas designated for inclusion in the Na-
 - (6) Areas designated for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System pursuant to the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.), areas designated for potential addition to such system pursuant to section 5(a) of that Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(a)), and areas determined to be eligible for inclusion in such system pursuant to section 5(d) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(d)).
- 12 (7) Inventoried Roadless Areas under the 13 Roadless Area Conservation Rule, part 294 of title 14 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Colorado Roadless 15 Areas, or Idaho Roadless Areas.

16 SEC. 112. SUITABILITY DETERMINATION.

- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with subsection (b),
 18 the Secretary concerned shall make each determination of
 19 whether land is suitable for mineral activities that is re20 quired by this Act.
- 21 (b) Suitability.—

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22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned 23 shall consider land suitable for mineral activities if 24 the Secretary concerned finds that such mineral ac-25 tivities would not result in unnecessary or undue

- degradation to a special characteristic described in paragraph (2) of such land that cannot be prevented by the imposition of conditions in the permit required for such activities under title III.
 - (2) SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall consider each of the following to be a special characteristic:
 - (A) The existence of a significant water resource or supply in or associated with such land, including any aquifer or aquifer recharge area.
 - (B) The presence on such land, or any adjacent land, of a publicly owned place that is listed on, or determined by the Secretary to be eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places.
 - (C) The designation of all or any portion of such land, or any adjacent land, as a National Conservation System unit.
 - (D) The designation of all or any portion of such land, or any adjacent land, as critical habitat under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

1	(E) The designation of all or any portion
2	of such land, or any adjacent land, as a class
3	I area under section 162 of the Clean Air Act
4	(42 U.S.C. 7472).
5	(F) The presence of such other resource
6	values as the Secretary concerned may by regu-
7	lation specify, determined based upon field test-
8	ing, evaluation, or credible information that
9	verifies such values.
10	(G) The designation of such land, or adja-
11	cent land, as a Research Natural Area.
12	(H) The presence on such land, or any ad-
13	jacent land, of a sacred site.
14	(I) The presence or designation of such
15	land adjacent to land not open to mining pursu-
16	ant to section 111.
17	(3) Public comment.—A determination under
18	this subsection of suitability for mineral activities
19	shall be made after publication of notice and an op-
20	portunity for submission of public comment for a pe-
21	riod of not less than 60 days.
22	(4) Inclusion in federal land use plan.—
23	Any determination made in accordance with this
24	subsection with respect to land shall be incorporated

into each Federal land use plan applicable to such

1	land, at the time such Federal land use plan is
2	adopted, revised, or significantly amended pursuant
3	to any Federal law other than this Act.
4	(c) Change Request.—The Secretary concerned
5	shall, by regulation, provide an opportunity for any person
6	to request a change in determination for any Federal land
7	found suitable under subsection (a).
8	(d) Existing Operations.—Nothing in this section
9	shall be construed to affect land on which mineral activi-
10	ties were being conducted on the effective date of this Act
11	under an approved plan of operations or under notice.
10	TITLE II—CONSULTATION
12	IIILE II—CONSULTATION
13	PROCEDURE
13	PROCEDURE
13 14	PROCEDURE SEC. 201. REQUIREMENT FOR CONSULTATION.
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13 14 15 16 17 18	PROCEDURE SEC. 201. REQUIREMENT FOR CONSULTATION. Agencies shall conduct meaningful timely consultation with Indian Tribes following the procedures of the President's Memorandum of Uniform Standards for Tribal Consultation, issued on November 30, 2022, before undertaking any mineral activities that may have a direct,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PROCEDURE SEC. 201. REQUIREMENT FOR CONSULTATION. Agencies shall conduct meaningful timely consultation with Indian Tribes following the procedures of the President's Memorandum of Uniform Standards for Tribal Consultation, issued on November 30, 2022, before undertaking any mineral activities that may have a direct, indirect, or cumulative impact on—

1	(2) Tribal land, cultural practices, resources, or
2	access to traditional areas of cultural or religious
3	importance;
4	(3) any part of any Federal land that shares a
5	border with Indian country, as such term is defined
6	in section 1151 of title 18, United States Code;
7	(4) the protected rights of an Indian Tribe,
8	whether or not such rights are enumerated in a trea-
9	ty, including water, hunting, gathering, and fishing
10	rights;
11	(5) the ability of an Indian Tribe to govern or
12	provide services to members of the Indian Tribe;
13	(6) the relationship between the Federal Gov-
14	ernment and an Indian Tribe; or
15	(7) the trust responsibility of the Federal Gov-
16	ernment to an Indian Tribe.
17	TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL
18	CONSIDERATIONS OF MIN-
19	ERAL EXPLORATION AND DE-
20	VELOPMENT
21	SEC. 301. GENERAL STANDARD FOR HARDROCK MINING ON
22	FEDERAL LAND.
23	Notwithstanding section 302(b) of the Federal Land
24	Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1732(b)),
25	the first section of the Act of June 4, 1897 (16 U.S.C.

- 1 478), and the National Forest Management Act of 1976
- 2 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.), and in accordance with this title
- 3 and applicable law, unless expressly stated otherwise in
- 4 this Act, the Secretary shall ensure that mineral activities
- 5 on any Federal land that is subject to a mining claim,
- 6 millsite, tunnel site, or any authorization issued under title
- 7 I of this Act are carefully controlled to prevent unneces-
- 8 sary or undue degradation of Federal land and resources.

9 **SEC. 302. PERMITS.**

- 10 (a) Permits Required.—No person may engage in
- 11 mineral activities on Federal land that may cause a dis-
- 12 turbance of surface resources, including land, air, ground
- 13 water and surface water, and fish and wildlife, unless a
- 14 permit is issued to such person under this title authorizing
- 15 such activities.
- 16 (b) Casual Use.—Notwithstanding subsection (a),
- 17 a permit under this title shall not be required for mineral
- 18 activities that are a casual use of the Federal land.
- 19 (c) National Environmental Policy Act.—
- 20 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Sec-
- 21 retary of Agriculture shall conduct the permit proc-
- esses under this Act in accordance with the timing
- and other requirements under section 102 of the Na-
- tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
- 25 4332).

1 (2) COORDINATION.—To the extent practicable, 2 the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall 3 coordinate the permit process. 4 SEC. 303. EXPLORATION PERMIT. 5 (a) AUTHORIZED EXPLORATION ACTIVITY.— 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—A person may apply for an 7 exploration permit for any mining claim, license, or 8 lease authorizing the applicant to remove a reason-9 able amount of the hardrock minerals, as defined in 10 the license or lease or established in such regulations 11 as the Secretary shall issue, from the area that is 12 subject to the mining claim, license, or lease, respec-13 tively, for analysis, study, and testing. 14 (2) Limitation.—Such permit shall not au-15 thorize the applicant to remove any mineral for sale 16 nor to conduct any activities other than those re-17 quired for exploration for hardrock minerals and rec-18 lamation. 19 Permit APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—To 20 apply for an exploration permit under this section, a per-21 son shall submit to the Secretary concerned an application 22 for such permit in a manner determined satisfactory by 23 the Secretary concerned, which shall include—

(1) an exploration plan;

1	(2) a reclamation plan for the proposed explo-
2	ration; and
3	(3) such documentation as is necessary to en-
4	sure compliance with applicable Federal and State
5	environmental laws and regulations.
6	(c) RECLAMATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The rec-
7	lamation plan required to be included in a permit applica-
8	tion under subsection (b) shall include such provisions as
9	may be jointly issued by the Secretary and the Secretary
10	of Agriculture by regulation, including the following re-
11	quirements:
12	(1) The applicant has demonstrated that pro-
13	posed reclamation can be accomplished.
14	(2) The proposed exploration activities and con-
15	dition of the land after the completion of exploration
16	activities and final reclamation will conform with the
17	land use plan applicable to the area subject to min-
18	eral activities.
19	(3) The area subject to the proposed explo-
20	ration permit is not included within an area listed
21	in section 111.
22	(4) The applicant has demonstrated that the
23	exploration plan and reclamation plan will be in
24	compliance with the requirements of this Act and all

other applicable Federal requirements, and any

1	State requirements agreed to by the Secretary con-
2	cerned.
3	(5) The applicant has demonstrated that the re-
4	quirements of section 306 will be met.
5	(6) The applicant is eligible to receive a permit
6	under section 305.
7	(d) Term of Permit.—An exploration permit shall
8	be for a stated term, which shall be—
9	(1) not greater than that necessary to accom-
10	plish the proposed exploration; and
11	(2) in no case for more than 10 years.
12	(e) Permit Modification.—
13	(1) In general.—An exploration permit holder
14	may, during the term of the exploration permit, sub-
15	mit to the Secretary concerned an application to
16	modify such permit.
17	(2) Approval of modification.—To approve
18	a proposed modification to the permit, the Secretary
19	concerned shall make the same determinations as
20	are required in the case of an original permit, except
21	that the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture
22	may specify by joint regulation the extent to which
23	requirements for initial exploration permits under
24	this section shall apply to applications to modify an

exploration permit based on whether the Secretary

1	concerned determines such modifications are signifi-
2	cant or minor.
3	(f) Transfer, Assignment, or Sale of Rights.—
4	(1) Prior written approval.—No transfer,
5	assignment, or sale of rights granted by an explo-
6	ration permit issued under this section may be made
7	without the prior written approval of the Secretary
8	concerned.
9	(2) APPROVAL.—The Secretary concerned shall
10	allow an exploration permit holder to transfer, as-
11	sign, or sell rights under such permit to a successor,
12	if the Secretary concerned finds in writing that the
13	successor—
14	(A) is eligible to receive a permit under
15	section 304;
16	(B) has submitted evidence of financial as-
17	surance satisfactory under section 306; and
18	(C) meets any other requirements specified
19	by the Secretary concerned.
20	(3) Assumed Liability.—The successor in in-
21	terest shall assume the liability and reclamation re-
22	sponsibilities established by the existing exploration
23	permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in
24	full compliance with this Act, and the terms and

1 conditions of the exploration permit as in effect at 2 the time of transfer, assignment, or sale.

(4) FEE.—Each application for approval of an exploration permit transfer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary concerned in such amount as may be established by the Secretary concerned, which shall be equal to the actual or anticipated cost to the Secretary concerned of reviewing and approving or disapproving such transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Secretary concerned.

13 SEC. 304. OPERATIONS PERMIT.

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- (a) Operations Permit.—
- (1) In General.—A person that is in compliance with this Act may apply to the Secretary concerned for an operations permit authorizing the person to carry out mineral activities on—
- 19 (A) any valid mining claim, millsite, tunnel 20 site, or lease issued under this Act; and
- 21 (B) such additional Federal land as the 22 Secretary concerned may determine is necessary 23 to conduct the proposed mineral activities, if 24 the operator—

1	(i) obtains a right-of-way permit for
2	use of such additional lands under title V
3	of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
4	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761 et
5	seq.); and
6	(ii) agrees to pay all fees required
7	under that title for such permit.
8	(2) Terms and conditions.—The Secretary
9	concerned shall include in each permit issued under
10	this section such terms and conditions as the Sec-
11	retary concerned determines necessary to carry out
12	this title.
13	(b) Permit Application Requirements.—To
14	apply for an operations permit under this section, a person
15	shall submit to the Secretary concerned an application for
16	such permit in a manner determined satisfactory by the
17	Secretary concerned, which shall include site characteriza-
18	tion data, an operations plan, a reclamation plan, moni-
19	toring plans, long-term maintenance plans, to the extent
20	necessary, and such documentation as necessary to ensure
21	compliance with applicable Federal and State environ-
22	mental laws and regulations. If the proposed mineral ac-

23 tivities will be carried out in conjunction with mineral ac-

24 tivities on adjacent non-Federal land, information on the

1 location and nature of such operations may be required2 by the Secretary.

(c) Permit Issuance or Denial.—

- (1) In General.—After providing for public participation pursuant to subsection (i), the Secretary concerned shall issue an operations permit if the Secretary concerned makes each of the following determinations in writing, and shall deny an operations permit if the Secretary concerned finds that the application and applicant do not fully meet the following requirements:
 - (A) The permit application, including the site characterization data, operations plan, and reclamation plan, are complete, accurate, and sufficient to develop a good understanding of the anticipated impacts of the mineral activities and the effectiveness of proposed mitigation and control of such mineral activities.
 - (B) The applicant has demonstrated that the proposed reclamation in the operations and reclamation plans can be and is likely to be accomplished by the applicant and will not cause unnecessary or undue degradation.
 - (C) The condition of the land subject to the operations permit, including the fish and

1	wildlife resources and habitat contained there-
2	on, will be fully reclaimed after the completion
3	of mineral activities.
4	(D) The area subject to the proposed plan
5	is not listed in section 111 or otherwise ineli-
6	gible for mineral activities.
7	(E) The proposed operation has been de-
8	signed to prevent material damage to the hy-
9	drologic balance outside the land subject to the
10	operations permit.
11	(F) The applicant will fully comply with
12	the requirements of section 306 before the initi-
13	ation of operations.
14	(G) Neither the applicant nor operator (or
15	any subsidiary or affiliate the applicant or oper-
16	ator) is ineligible to receive a permit under sec-
17	tion 305.
18	(H) The reclamation plan demonstrates
19	that 10 years after the end of mineral activities
20	under the operations permit, no treatment of
21	surface or ground water for carcinogens or tox-
22	ins will be required to meet water quality stand-
23	ards at the point of discharge.
24	(2) Consultation with environmental
25	PROTECTION AGENCY.—With respect to any activi-

1	ties specified in the reclamation plan referred to in
2	subsection (b) that constitute a removal or remedial
3	action under section 101 of the Comprehensive Envi-
4	ronmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
5	Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601), the Secretary con-
6	cerned shall consult with the Administrator of the
7	Environmental Protection Agency before the
8	issuance of an operations permit, who shall ensure
9	that the reclamation plan does not require activities
10	that would increase the costs or likelihood of re-
11	moval or remedial actions under the that Act (42
12	U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) or corrective actions under the
13	Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).
14	(d) TERM OF PERMIT; RENEWAL.—
15	(1) In General.—An operations permit
16	shall—
17	(A) be for an initial term not longer than
18	the shorter of—
19	(i) the period necessary to accomplish
20	the proposed mineral activities subject to
21	the permit; and
22	(ii) the length of time remaining on
23	the hardrock mining lease of the applicant;
24	(B) be renewed for additional 10-year peri-
25	ods if—

1	(i) the operation subject to the permit
2	is in compliance with the requirements of
3	this Act and other applicable law; and
4	(ii) the hardrock mining lease of the
5	applicant has been renewed for that 10-
6	year period; and
7	(C) expire 5 years after the commencement
8	of a temporary cessation unless, before the expi-
9	ration of the 5 years, the operator has filed
10	with the Secretary concerned a request for ap-
11	proval to resume operations.
12	(2) Failure to commence mineral activi-
13	TIES.—Failure by the operator to commence mineral
14	activities not later than 2 years after the date sched-
15	uled in an operations permit shall require a modi-
16	fication of the permit if the Secretary concerned de-
17	termines that modifications are necessary to comply
18	with section 111.
19	(e) Permit Modification.—
20	(1) Application.—An operator may, during
21	the term of the operations permit, submit to the
22	Secretary concerned an application to modify such
23	permit or the operations plan or reclamation plan

associated with such permit.

1	(2) Modification by secretary con-
2	CERNED.—
3	(A) In General.—At any time, the Sec-
4	retary concerned may require reasonable modi-
5	fication to any operations plan or reclamation
6	plan upon a determination that the require-
7	ments of this Act cannot be met if the plan is
8	followed as approved, which shall be based or
9	a written finding and subject to public notice
10	and hearing requirements established by the
11	Secretary concerned.
12	(B) Waiver of public notice and
13	Hearing.—The Secretary concerned may waive
14	the public notice and hearing requirements
15	under subparagraph (A) in the case of immi-
16	nent threat to health, safety, or the environ-
17	ment.
18	(3) Unanticipated events or condi-
19	TIONS.—A permit modification is required before
20	changes are made to the approved operations plan
21	or if unanticipated events or conditions exist on the
22	land subject to the permit, including in the case of—
23	(A) development of acid or toxic drainage
24	(B) loss of springs or water supplies;

1	(C) water quantity, water quality, or other
2	resulting water impacts that are significantly
3	different than those predicted in the application
4	for the operations permit;
5	(D) the need for long-term water treat-
6	ment;
7	(E) significant reclamation difficulties or
8	reclamation failure;
9	(F) the discovery of significant scientific or
10	biological resources that were not addressed in
11	the original plan;
12	(G) the discovery of property eligible for
13	listing on the National Register of Historic
14	Places; or
15	(H) the discovery of a hazard to public
16	safety.
17	(f) Temporary Cessation of Operations.—
18	(1) Secretarial approval required.—An
19	operator conducting mineral activities under an op-
20	erations permit in effect under this title may not
21	temporarily cease mineral activities for a period of
22	more than 180 days unless the Secretary concerned
23	has approved such temporary cessation or unless the
24	temporary cessation is permitted under the original

operations permit.

(2) Previously issued operations per-Mits.—An operator that temporarily ceases mineral activities for a period of more than 90 days under an operations permit issued before the effective date of this Act shall submit, before the expiration of such 90-day period, a complete application for temporary cessation of operations to the Secretary concerned for approval unless the temporary cessation is permitted under the original operations permit.

(3) Required information.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—To apply for an approval of temporary cessation of operations, an operator shall submit to the Secretary concerned such information required under subsection (b) and any other provisions prescribed by the Secretary concerned to minimize impacts on human health, the environment, or property eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.
- (B) Inspection.—After receipt of a complete application for temporary cessation of operations, the Secretary concerned shall conduct an inspection of the area for which temporary cessation of operations has been requested.

- (4) Conditions for approval.—The Secretary concerned may approve an application for temporary cessation of operations if such Secretary determines the following:
 - (A) The methods for securing surface facilities and restricting access to the land subject to the operations permit, or relevant portions thereof, will effectively protect against hazards to the health and safety of the public and fish and wildlife or damage to property eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.
 - (B) Reclamation is in compliance with the approved reclamation plan, except in those areas specifically designated in the application for temporary cessation of operations for which a delay in meeting such standards is necessary to facilitate the resumption of operations.
 - (C) The amount of financial assurance filed with the permit application is sufficient to ensure completion of the reclamation activities identified in the approved reclamation plan in the event of forfeiture.
 - (D) Any outstanding notices of violation and cessation orders incurred in connection

- 1 with the plan for which temporary cessation is 2 being requested are either stayed pursuant to 3 an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding 4 or are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned.
- Permit Reviews.—The Secretary concerned 6 7 shall review each operations permit issued under this sec-8 tion every 10 years during the term of such operations permit, and before approving the resumption of operations 10 under subsection (f), the Secretary concerned shall require the operator to take such actions as the Secretary con-11 12 cerned deems necessary to ensure that mineral activities conform to the operations permit, including adjustment of financial assurance requirements. 14
- 15 (h) Transfer, ASSIGNMENT, SALE OROF 16 RIGHTS.—
- 17 (1) Written approval.—No transfer, assign-18 ment, or sale of rights granted by an operations per-19 mit under this section may be made without the 20 prior written approval of the Secretary concerned.
 - (2) Conditions of Approval.—The Secretary concerned may allow a permit holder to transfer, assign, or sell rights under the permit to a successor, if the Secretary concerned finds, in writing, that the

25 successor-

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- 1 (A) has submitted all required information 2 and is eligible to receive a permit in accordance 3 with section 305;
 - (B) has submitted evidence of financial assurance satisfactory under section 306; and
 - (C) meets any other requirements specified by the Secretary concerned.
 - (3) Assumed Liability.—The successor described in paragraph (2) shall assume the liability and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing operations permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full compliance with this Act and the terms and conditions of the operations permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment, or sale.
 - (4) FEE.—Each application for approval of an operations permit transfer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary concerned in such amount as may be established by the Secretary concerned, which shall be equal to the actual or anticipated cost of reviewing and approving or disapproving such transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Secretary concerned.

- 71 1 (i) Public Participation.—The Secretary and the 2 Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly issue regulations to 3 ensure transparency and public participation in permit de-4 cisions required under this Act, consistent with any requirements that apply to such decisions under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42) U.S.C. 4332). 8 SEC. 305. PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR PERMITS. 9 (a) Current Violations.—Unless corrective action 10 has been taken in accordance with subsection (c), no permit under this title may be issued, transferred, assigned, or sold to an applicant if the applicant or any agent of 12 the applicant, the operator (if different from the appli-
- 14 cant), any claim or lease holder (if different from the ap-
- 15 plicant) of the claim, license, or lease concerned, or any
- 16 affiliate of the applicant is in violation of the following:
- 17 (1) This Act.
- 18 (2) An applicable State or Federal toxic sub-19 stance, solid waste, air, water quality, or fish and 20 wildlife conservation law or regulation at any site 21 where mining, beneficiation, or processing activities 22 are occurring or have occurred.
- (3) The Surface Mining Control and Reclama tion Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.) at any

1	site where surface coal mining operations are occur-
2	ring or have occurred.
3	(b) Suspension.—The Secretary concerned shall
4	suspend a permit, in whole or in part, if the Secretary
5	concerned determines that any of the entities described in
6	subsection (a) were in violation of any requirement de-
7	scribed in subsection (a) at the time such permit was
8	issued.
9	(c) Correction.—
10	(1) Reinstatement.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary con-
12	cerned may issue or reinstate a permit under
13	this title if the applicant submits proof that—
14	(i) the violation under subsection (a)
15	or (b) has been corrected or is in the proc-
16	ess of being corrected to the satisfaction of
17	the Secretary concerned and the regulatory
18	authority involved; or
19	(ii) the violator has filed, and is pur-
20	suing at the time of such submission, a di-
21	rect administrative or judicial appeal to
22	contest the existence of the violation.
23	(B) Appeal of relationship to affil-
24	IATE.—An appeal of the relationship of an ap-
25	plicant to an affiliate shall not constitute a di-

1 rect administrative or judicial appeal to contest 2 the existence of the violation under subpara-3 graph (A)(ii). 4 (2) Conditional approval.— (A) IN GENERAL.—A permit that is issued 6 or reinstated based upon proof submitted under 7 this subsection shall be conditionally issued or 8 conditionally reinstated, respectively. 9 (B) Suspension; Revocation.—The Sec-10 retary concerned shall suspend or revoke a per-11 mit that is conditionally issued or conditionally 12 reinstated if the relevant violation is not suc-13 cessfully abated or is upheld on appeal. 14 (d) Pattern of Willful Violation.—No permit may be issued under this Act to any applicant if there is a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of the envi-16 ronmental protection requirements of this Act by the ap-17 plicant, an affiliate of the applicant, or the operator or 18 claim, license, or lease holder if different than the appli-19 20 cant. 21 SEC. 306. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE. 22 (a) Financial Assurance Required.— 23 (1) FORM OF ASSURANCE.—After a permit is 24 issued under this title and before any exploration or 25 operations begin under the relevant permit, the oper-

- ator shall file with the Secretary concerned evidence of financial assurance payable to the United States, which shall be provided in the form of a surety bond, letters of credit, certificates of deposit, or cash.
 - (2) COVERED ACTIVITIES.—The financial assurance required under paragraph (1) shall cover all land within the initial permit area and all affected waters that may require restoration, treatment, or other management as a result of mineral activities, and shall be extended to cover all land and water added to the permit area pursuant to any permit modification made under section 303(e) or 304(e) or affected by mineral activities within the permit area.

 (b) Amount.—

(1) In General.—The amount of the financial assurance required under this section shall be sufficient to ensure the completion of reclamation satisfying the requirements of this Act if the work were to be performed by the Secretary concerned, or by a third-party contractor hired by the Secretary concerned, in the event of forfeiture, including the construction and maintenance costs for any treatment facilities necessary to meet Federal and State environmental requirements.

- 1 (2) CALCULATION.—The calculation of the 2 amount under paragraph (1) shall take into account 3 the maximum estimated cost of reclamation, as de-4 termined by the best available science, and adminis-5 trative costs associated with a government agency 6 reclaiming the site.
- 7 (c) DURATION.—The financial assurance required 8 under this section shall be held for the duration of the 9 mineral activities and for an additional period sufficient 10 to cover the responsibility of the operator for reclamation, 11 long-term maintenance, and effluent treatment as specified in subsection (g).

13 (d) Adjustments.—

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- (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned may adjust the amount of the financial assurance required under this section and the terms of the acceptance of the financial assurance as needed as the land subject to the relevant permit is increased or decreased, the costs of reclamation or treatment change, or pursuant to section 304(f), but the financial assurance shall otherwise be in compliance with this section.
- (2) Review.—The Secretary concerned shall review the financial assurance every 3 years and as

- 1 part of the permit application review under section
- 2 304(g).
- 3 (e) Release.—The Secretary concerned may, upon
- 4 request, after consultation with the Administrator of the
- 5 Environmental Protection Agency, notice and opportunity
- 6 for public comment, and inspection by the Secretary con-
- 7 cerned, release, in whole or in part, the financial assurance
- 8 required under this section if the Secretary concerned
- 9 makes both of the following determinations:
- 10 (1) Reclamation or restoration covered by the
- 11 financial assurance has been accomplished as re-
- 12 quired by this Act.
- 13 (2) The terms and conditions of any other ap-
- 14 plicable Federal requirements, and State require-
- ments applicable pursuant to cooperative agreements
- under section 308, have been fulfilled.
- 17 (f) Release Schedule.—The release referred to in
- 18 subsection (e) shall be according to the following schedule:
- 19 (1) After the operator has completed any re-
- quired backfilling, regrading, and drainage control of
- an area subject to mineral activities and covered by
- the financial assurance, and has commenced revege-
- tation on the regraded areas subject to mineral ac-
- 24 tivities in accordance with the approved reclamation
- plan, that portion of the total financial assurance se-

- cured for the area subject to mineral activities attributable to the completed activities may be released, except that sufficient financial assurance must be retained to address other required reclamation needs and to ensure the long-term success of the revegetation.
- 7 (2) After the operator has successfully com-8 pleted all remaining mineral activities and reclama-9 tion activities and all requirements of the operations 10 plan and the reclamation plan, and all other require-11 ments of this Act have been fully met, the remaining 12 portion of the financial assurance may be released. 13 During the period following release of the financial assurance as specified in paragraph (1), until the remaining 14 15 portion of the financial assurance is released as provided in paragraph (2), the operator shall be required to comply 16 with the relevant permit issued under this title.

(g) Effluent.—

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19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 20 307(b)(2)(D), where any discharge or other water-21 related condition resulting from mineral activities re-22 quires treatment in order to meet applicable effluent 23 limitations and water quality standards, the finan-24 cial assurance shall include the estimated cost of 25 maintaining such treatment for the projected period

- that will be needed after the cessation of mineral activities.
- 3 (2) Release of financial assurance.—The portion of the financial assurance attributable to 5 such estimated cost of treatment shall not be re-6 leased until such discharge has ceased for a period 7 of 5 years, as determined by ongoing monitoring and 8 testing, or, if the discharge continues, until the oper-9 ator has met all applicable effluent limitations and 10 water quality standards for 5 full years without 11 treatment.
- 12 (h) Environmental Hazards.—If the Secretary concerned determines, after final release of a financial assurance, that an environmental hazard resulting from the 14 15 mineral activities exists, or the terms and conditions of the exploration permit or operations permit of this Act 16 were not fulfilled at the time of such release, the Secretary 18 concerned shall issue an order under section 507 requiring 19 the claim holder or operator (or any person who controls 20 the claim holder or operator) to correct the condition such 21 that applicable laws and regulations and any conditions from the operations plan are met.
- 23 SEC. 307. OPERATION AND RECLAMATION.
- 24 (a) General Rule.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—An operator shall reclaim 2 land subject to mineral activities carried out under 3 a permit issued under this title to a condition capa-4 ble of supporting—
 - (A) the uses which such land was capable of supporting before surface disturbance by the operator; or
 - (B) other beneficial uses which conform to applicable land use plans as determined by the Secretary concerned.
 - (2) Contemporaneous reclamation.—Reclamation shall proceed as contemporaneously as practicable with the conduct of mineral activities, and in the case of a cessation of mineral activities beyond that provided for as a temporary cessation under this Act, reclamation activities shall begin immediately.

(b) OPERATION AND RECLAMATION STANDARDS.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly issue regulations that establish operations and reclamation standards for mineral activities permitted under this Act and may determine whether outcome-based performance standards or technology-based design standards are most appropriate.

1	(2) Inclusions.—The regulations required
2	under paragraph (1) shall address the following:
3	(A) Segregation, protection, and replace-
4	ment of topsoil or other suitable growth me-
5	dium, and the prevention, where possible, of soil
6	contamination.
7	(B) Maintenance of the stability of all sur-
8	face areas.
9	(C) Control of sediments to prevent erosion
10	and manage drainage.
11	(D) Minimization of the formation and mi-
12	gration of acidic, alkaline, metal-bearing, or
13	other deleterious leachate.
14	(E) Reduction of the visual impact of min-
15	eral activities to the surrounding topography,
16	including as necessary pit backfill.
17	(F) Establishment of a diverse, effective,
18	and permanent vegetative cover of the same
19	seasonal variety native to the area affected by
20	mineral activities, and equal in extent of cover
21	to the natural vegetation of the area.
22	(G) Design and maintenance of leach oper-
23	ations, impoundments, and excess waste accord-
24	ing to standard engineering standards to

1	achieve and maintain stability and reclamation
2	of the site.
3	(H) Removal of structures and roads and
4	sealing of drill holes.
5	(I) Restoration of, or mitigation for, fish
6	and wildlife habitat disturbed by mineral activi-
7	ties.
8	(J) Preservation of cultural, paleontolog-
9	ical, and cave resources.
10	(K) Prevention and suppression of fire
11	within the area affected by mineral activities.
12	(c) Surface or Ground Water Withdrawals.—
13	The Secretary concerned shall work with State and local
14	governments with authority over the allocation and use of
15	surface and ground water in the area around the mine
16	site as necessary to ensure that any surface or ground
17	water withdrawals made as a result of mineral activities
18	approved under this title do not cause undue degradation.
19	(d) Special Rule.—Reclamation activities for a
20	mining claim, license, or lease that has been forfeited, re-
21	linquished, or lapsed, or a plan that has expired or been
22	revoked or suspended, shall continue subject to review and
23	approval by the Secretary concerned.
24	SEC. 308. STATE LAW AND REGULATION.
25	(a) State Law.—

- 1 (1)RECLAMATION, LAND USE, **ENVIRON-**2 MENTAL, AND PUBLIC HEALTH STANDARDS.—Any 3 reclamation, land use, environmental, or public 4 health protection standard or requirement in State 5 law that meets or exceeds the requirements of this 6 Act shall not be construed to be inconsistent with 7 any such standard.
 - (2) Bonding Requirements.—Any bonding standard or requirement in State law that meets or exceeds the requirements of this Act shall not be construed to be inconsistent with such requirements.
- 12 (3) Inspection standards.—Any inspection 13 standard or requirement in State law that meets or 14 exceeds the requirements of this Act shall not be 15 construed to be inconsistent with such requirements.
- 16 (b) Applicability of Other State Require-17 ments.—
 - (1) Environmental standards.—Nothing in this Act may be construed to affect any toxic substance, solid waste, or air or water quality standard or requirement of any State, local, or Tribal law that may be applicable to mineral activities on land subject to this Act.
 - (2) Water resources.—Nothing in this Act may be construed to affect the right of any person

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to enforce or protect, under applicable law, the interest of such person in water resources affected by mineral activities on land subject to this Act.

(c) Cooperative Agreements.—

(1) In General.—A State may enter into a cooperative agreement with the Secretary concerned for the purpose of the Secretary concerned applying such standards and requirements referred to in subsections (a) and (b) to mineral activities or reclamation on land subject to this Act.

(2) Common regulatory framework.—

- (A) In General.—If a proposed mineral activity would affect land not subject to this Act in addition to land subject to this Act, in order to approve a plan of operations, the Secretary concerned shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the State that establishes a common regulatory framework consistent with the requirements of this Act for the purposes of such plan of operations.
- (B) AUTHORITY OF FEDERAL GOVERN-MENT.—Any common regulatory framework established under subparagraph (A) may not negate the authority of the Federal Government

1	to independently inspect mines and operations
2	and bring enforcement actions for violations.
3	(3) Notice and public comment.—The Sec-
4	retary concerned may not enter into a cooperative
5	agreement with a State under this section until after
6	notice in the Federal Register and opportunity for
7	public comment and hearing.
8	(d) Prior Agreements.—Any cooperative agree-
9	ment between the Secretary concerned and a State, or po-
10	litical subdivision thereof, relating to the management of
11	mineral activities on land subject to this Act that was in
12	existence on the effective date of this Act may only con-
13	tinue in force until 1 year after the effective date of this
14	Act, during which such period the Secretary concerned
15	and the State shall review the terms of such agreement
16	or other understanding and make changes that are nec-
17	essary to be consistent with this Act.
18	TITLE IV—ABANDONED
19	HARDROCK MINE RECLAMA-
20	TION PROGRAM
21	SEC. 401. FUNDS CREDITED TO THE ABANDONED
22	HARDROCK MINE RECLAMATION PROGRAM.
23	(a) In General.—The following amounts shall be
24	made available to carry out, to remain available until ex-

pended without fiscal year limitation, the Abandoned Hardrock Mine Reclamation Program: 3 (1) All moneys collected pursuant to sections 4 502 and 506. (2)All fees received under section 6 304(a)(1)(B). 7 All gifts contributed under subsection 8 (b)(1). 9 (4) All amounts deposited in the Abandoned 10 Hardrock Mine Reclamation Program under title I. 11 (5) All amounts displaced material reclamation 12 fees paid under section 402. 13 (b) Donations.— 14 (1) Acceptance.—The Secretary may accept a 15 gift of money, to remain available until expended 16 without fiscal year limitation, to carry out the Aban-17 doned Hardrock Mine Reclamation Program. 18 (2) Rejection.—The Secretary may reject a 19 gift under paragraph (1) if such rejection is in the 20 interest of the Federal Government. 21 SEC. 402. DISPLACED MATERIAL RECLAMATION FEE. 22 (a) Imposition of Fee.—Except as provided in sub-23 section (g), each operator conducting mineral activities

shall pay to the Secretary a displaced material reclamation

fee of 7 cents per ton of displaced material.

- 1 (b) PAYMENT DEADLINE.—An operator shall pay the
- 2 reclamation fee required by subsection (a) with respect to
- 3 each calendar year beginning with the first calendar year
- 4 that begins after the effective date of this Act not later
- 5 than March 1 of the succeeding year.
- 6 (c) Submission of Statement.—Each operator
- 7 conducting mineral activities shall submit to the Secretary
- 8 a statement of the amount of displaced material produced
- 9 during mineral activities carried out during the preceding
- 10 calendar year, the accuracy of which shall be sworn to by
- 11 the operator and notarized.
- 12 (d) Criminal Penalty.—Any corporate officer,
- 13 agent, or director of an operator conducting mineral ac-
- 14 tivities, and any other person acting on behalf of such a
- 15 person, who knowingly makes any false statement, rep-
- 16 resentation, or certification, or knowingly fails to make
- 17 any statement, representation, or certification required
- 18 under this section with respect to such mineral activities
- 19 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more
- 20 than \$10,000 for deposit in the Abandoned Hardrock
- 21 Mine Reclamation Program.
- 22 (e) CIVIL ACTION TO RECOVER FEE.—Any portion
- 23 of the reclamation fee required under subsection (a) that
- 24 is not properly or promptly paid pursuant to this section
- 25 shall be recoverable, with statutory interest, from the op-

- 87 erator, in any court of competent jurisdiction in any action 2 at law to compel payment of debts. 3 (f) Effect.—Nothing in this section requires a re-4 duction in, or otherwise affects, any similar fee required 5 under any law or regulation of any State. 6 (g) Exemption.—The fee under this section shall not apply for a small miner's lease. TITLE V—ADDITIONAL 8 **PROVISIONS** 9 10 SEC. 501. POLICY FUNCTIONS. 11 (a) Minerals Policy.—Section 101 of the Mining 12 and Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 21a) is 13 amended— (1) by inserting "and to ensure that mineral ex-14 15 traction and processing do not cause unnecessary or 16 undue degradation of the natural and cultural re-17 sources of the public lands" after "activities"; and 18 (2) by adding at the end the following: "It shall 19 also be the responsibility of the Secretary of Agri-20 culture to carry out the policy provisions of para-21 graphs (1) and (2) of this section.". 22 (b) MINERAL DATA.—Section 5(e)(3) of the National
- 23 Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development
- Act of 1980 (30 U.S.C. 1604(e)(3)) is amended by insert-
- ing before the period the following: ", except that for Na-

- 1 tional Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture
- 2 shall promptly initiate actions to improve the availability
- 3 and analysis of mineral data in Federal land-use decision-
- 4 making".

5 SEC. 502. USER FEES AND INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.

- 6 (a) User Fees.—The Secretary and the Secretary
- 7 of Agriculture may each establish and collect from persons
- 8 subject to the requirements of this Act such user fees as
- 9 may be necessary to reimburse the United States for ex-
- 10 penses incurred in the administration of such require-
- 11 ments. Fees may be assessed and collected under this sec-
- 12 tion only in such manner as may reasonably be expected
- 13 to result in an aggregate amount of the fees collected dur-
- 14 ing any fiscal year which does not exceed the aggregate
- 15 amount of administrative expenses referred to in this sec-
- 16 tion.

17 (b) Adjustment of User Fees.—

- 18 (1) Inflation.—The Secretary shall adjust the
- user fees established by this section, and all claim
- 20 maintenance fees, rental rates, penalty amounts, and
- other dollar amounts established in this Act, to re-
- flect changes in the Consumer Price Index published
- by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Depart-
- 24 ment of Labor every 3 years after the effective date

- of this Act, or more frequently if the Secretary determines an adjustment to be reasonable.
- 3 (2) Notice.—The Secretary shall provide claim 4 holders, license holders, and lease holders notice of 5 any adjustment made under this subsection not later 6 than July 1 of the year in which the adjustment is 7 made.
- 8 (3) APPLICABILITY.—A fee adjustment under 9 this subsection shall begin to apply the calendar year 10 following the calendar year in which it is made.

11 SEC. 503. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.

12 (a) Inspections.—

- 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned 14 shall conduct inspections of mineral activities so as 15 to ensure compliance with the requirements of this 16 Act.
 - (2) Frequency.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned shall establish a frequency of inspections
 for mineral activities conducted under a permit
 issued under title III, but in no event shall such
 inspection frequency be less than 1 complete inspection per calendar quarter or, in the case of
 a permit for which the Secretary concerned ap-

1	proves an application under section $304(f)$, 2
2	per calendar quarter.
3	(B) Frequency after revegetation.—
4	After revegetation has been completed in ac-
5	cordance with a reclamation plan, the Secretary
6	concerned shall conduct 2 complete inspections
7	annually.
8	(C) SEASONAL MINERAL ACTIVITIES.—The
9	Secretary concerned may modify the inspection
10	frequency for mineral activities that are con-
11	ducted on a seasonal basis.
12	(D) Termination.—Inspections shall con-
13	tinue under this subsection until final release of
14	financial assurance.
15	(3) By request.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person that has
17	reason to believe such person is or may be ad-
18	versely affected by mineral activities due to any
19	violation of the requirements of a permit ap-
20	proved under this Act may request an inspec-
21	tion under this section of such mineral activi-
22	ties.
23	(B) Review Period.—Not later than 30
24	business days after the date the Secretary con-
25	cerned receives a request under subparagraph

- 1 (A), the Secretary concerned shall determine 2 whether the request states a reason to believe 3 that a violation exists.
 - (C) Imminent threat.—If, in a request submitted under subparagraph (A), a person alleges and provides reason to believe that an imminent threat to the environment or danger to the health or safety of the public exists, subparagraph (B) shall not apply and the inspection shall be conducted immediately.
 - (D) Notification.—The Secretary concerned shall notify the person that submitted a request under subparagraph (A) when an inspection is conducted pursuant to such request, and such person may accompany the Secretary concerned during the inspection.
 - (E) LIABILITY.—The Secretary concerned shall not incur any liability for granting a request to allow any person to accompany such Secretary concerned under subparagraph (D).
 - (F) Anonymity.—If a person that submits a request under subparagraph (A) or (C) requests that the identity of such person remain confidential, the Secretary concerned shall keep such information confidential unless such per-

1	son accompanies the Secretary concerned dur-
2	ing the inspection under subparagraph (D).
3	(G) Procedures.—The Secretary and the
4	Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly issue regu-
5	lations to establish procedures for the review
6	of—
7	(i) any decision by an authorized rep-
8	resentative of such Secretaries not to carry
9	out an inspection under this paragraph; or
10	(ii) any refusal by such authorized
11	representative to ensure that remedial ac-
12	tions are taken with respect to any alleged
13	violation.
14	(H) Written statement.—The Sec-
15	retary concerned shall give a person that sub-
16	mits a request under subparagraph (A) a writ-
17	ten statement of the reasons for the final dis-
18	position of the request.
19	(b) Monitoring.—
20	(1) Monitoring system.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary con-
22	cerned shall require all operators to develop and
23	maintain a monitoring and evaluation system
24	that shall identify compliance with all require-
25	ments of a permit issued under this Act.

(B) Additional monitoring.—The Secretary concerned may require an operator to conduct additional monitoring as necessary to ensure compliance with the reclamation and other environmental standards of this Act. Such monitoring and evaluation system described in subparagraph (A) and any additional monitoring required by this subparagraph is subject to the approval of the Secretary.

(2) Reporting requirements.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—An operator shall file reports with the Secretary concerned, on a frequency and containing such information as determined by the Secretary concerned, regarding the results of the monitoring and evaluation system, except that if the monitoring and evaluation system shows a violation of the requirements of a permit issued under this Act, the operator shall immediately report such violation to the Secretary concerned.
- (B) Enforcement.—The Secretary concerned shall evaluate the reports submitted pursuant to this paragraph, and, based on such reports and any necessary inspection, shall take enforcement action pursuant to section 506.

1	(C) Maintenance of Reports; avail-
2	ABILITY TO PUBLIC.—The Secretary concerned
3	and each operator shall both maintain each re-
4	port submitted by such operator under this
5	paragraph and make each such report available
6	to the public.
7	(3) Failure to report.—If an operator fails
8	to file a report as required under this section such
9	failure shall constitute a violation of this Act and
10	subject the operator to enforcement action pursuant
11	to section 506.
12	SEC. 504. CITIZENS SUITS.
13	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
14	(c), any person may commence a civil action to compe
15	compliance—
16	(1) against any person that is alleged to be in
17	violation of this Act or any term or condition of any
18	lease, license, or permit issued under this Act; or
19	(2) against the Secretary concerned if the Sec-
20	retary concerned failed to perform any act or duty
21	under this Act, or to issue any regulation under this
22	Act, required by this Act.
23	(b) DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States district
25	courts shall have jurisdiction over an action brought

- under this section, without regard to the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, including actions brought to apply any civil penalty under this Act.
 - (2) AGENCY ACTION UNREASONABLY DE-LAYED.—The United States district courts shall have jurisdiction to compel agency action unreasonably delayed, except that an action to compel agency action reviewable under section 505 may only be filed in a United States district court within the circuit in which such action would be reviewable under section 505.

(c) Exceptions.—

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(1) Notice.—No action may be commenced under subsection (a) before the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date the plaintiff has given notice in writing of such alleged violation to the alleged violator and the Secretary concerned, except that any such action may be brought immediately after such notification if the violation complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the environment or to the health or safety of the public or to property eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

- 1 (2) Ongoing litigation.—No action may be 2 brought against any person other than the Secretary 3 concerned under subsection (a)(1) if the Secretary 4 concerned has commenced and is diligently pros-5 ecuting a civil or criminal action in a court of the 6 United States to require compliance.
- 7 (3) Exception.—No action may be commenced 8 under subsection (a)(2) against the Secretary con-9 cerned to review any regulation issued, or any per-10 mit issued or denied, by the Secretary concerned if 11 such regulation or permit issuance or denial is judi-12 cially reviewable under section 505 or under any 13 other provision of law at any time after such 14 issuance or denial is final.
- 15 (d) VENUE.—Venue of all actions brought under this 16 section shall be determined in accordance with section 17 1391 of title 28, United States Code.
- 18 (e) Costs.—The court, in issuing any final order in 19 any action brought pursuant to this section, may award 20 costs of litigation (including attorney and expert witness 21 fees) to any party whenever the court determines such 22 award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary re-23 straining order or preliminary injunction is sought, require 24 the filing of a bond or equivalent security in accordance

(f) Savings Clause.—

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- (1) In General.—Nothing in this section shall restrict any right which any person (or class of persons) may have under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, under this section, or under any other statute or common law to bring an action to seek any relief against the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture or against any other person, including any action for any violation of this Act or of any regulation or permit issued under this Act or for any failure to act as required by law.
- (2) JURISDICTION.—Nothing in this section shall affect the jurisdiction of any court under any provision of title 28, United States Code, including any action for any violation of this Act or of any regulation or permit issued under this Act or for any failure to act as required by law.

18 SEC. 505. ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- (a) REVIEW BY SECRETARY CONCERNED.—
- 20 (1) NOTICE OF VIOLATION.—Any person issued 21 a notice of violation or cessation order under section 22 507, or any person having an interest which is or 23 may be adversely affected by such notice or order, 24 may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of 25 such notice or order not later than 30 days after re-

- ceipt thereof, or as the case may be, not later than
 days after such notice or order is modified, vacated, or terminated.
 - (2) Review of Penalty.—Any person that is subject to a penalty assessed under section 507 may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the assessment not later than 45 days of notification of such penalty.
 - (3) Third-party requests.—Any person may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of a decision under this subsection not later than 30 days after such decision is issued.
 - (4) STAYS PENDING REVIEW.—Pending a review by the Secretary concerned or resolution of an administrative appeal, final decisions (except enforcement actions under section 507) shall be stayed.
 - (5) Public Hearing.—The Secretary concerned shall provide an opportunity for public hearing at the request of any party to a review under paragraph (1). The filing of an application for review under this subsection shall not operate as a stay of any order or notice issued under section 507.
- 24 (6) Written decision.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—For any review under
2	this subsection, the Secretary concerned shall
3	make findings of fact and shall issue a written
4	decision incorporating therein an order
5	vacating, affirming, modifying, or terminating
6	the notice, order, or decision, or with respect to
7	an assessment, the amount of penalty that is
8	warranted.
9	(B) DEADLINE.—Where an application for
10	review under this subsection concerns a ces-
11	sation order issued under section 506, the Sec-
12	retary concerned shall, unless temporary relief
13	has been granted by the Secretary concerned
14	under paragraph (7), issue the written decision
15	not later than the later of—
16	(i) 30 days after the date of the re-
17	ceipt of the application for review; and
18	(ii) 30 days after the conclusion of
19	any hearing referred to in paragraph (5).
20	(7) Temporary relief.—
21	(A) In general.—Pending completion of
22	any review under this subsection, the person
23	that submitted an application for review under
24	paragraph (1) may file with the Secretary con-

cerned a written request that the Secretary con-

- cerned grant temporary relief from any order issued under section 507 including a detailed statement of the basis for such relief.
 - (B) DECISION.—The Secretary concerned shall expeditiously issue an order or decision granting or denying an application for temporary relief submitted under subparagraph (A).
 - (C) LIMITATION.—The Secretary concerned may grant temporary relief under subparagraph (B) under such conditions as they may prescribe only if the Secretary concerned determines that such relief will not adversely affect the health or safety of the public or cause imminent environmental harm to land, air, or water resources.
 - (8) Savings clause.—The availability of review under this subsection shall not be construed to limit the operation of rights under section 504.

(b) Judicial Review.—

(1) COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—Any final action by the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture in issuing regulations to implement this Act, or any other final actions constituting rulemaking to implement this Act, shall be

- subject to judicial review only in a United States

 Court of Appeals for a circuit in which an affected

 State is located or within the District of Columbia.
 - (2) Petition for Review.—A petition for review of any action subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be filed not later than 60 days after the date of such action, or after such date if the petition is based solely on grounds arising after the 60th day. Any such petition may be made by any person that commented or otherwise participated in the rulemaking or any person that may be adversely affected by the action of the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture.
 - (3) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—Final agency action under this subsection, including such final action on those matters described under subsection (a), shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with paragraph (4) and pursuant to section 1391 of title 28, United States Code, not later than 60 days after the date of such final action. Any action subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed unless the court concludes that such action is arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise inconsistent with law.

- 1 (4) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—The availability of judi-2 cial review established in this subsection shall not be 3 construed to limit the operations of rights under sec-4 tion 504.
 - (5) RECORD.—The court shall hear any petition or complaint filed under this subsection solely on the record made before the Secretary concerned. The court may affirm or vacate any order or decision or may remand the proceedings to the Secretary concerned for such further action as it may direct.
 - (6) COMMENCEMENT OF A PROCEEDING NOT A STAY.—The commencement of a proceeding under this section shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the action, order, or decision of the Secretary concerned.
- 16 (c) Costs.—Whenever a proceeding occurs under 17 subsection (a) or (b), at the request of any person, a sum 18 equal to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses 19 (including attorney fees) as determined by the Secretary 20 concerned or the court to have been reasonably incurred 21 by such person for or in connection with participation in 22 such proceedings, including any judicial review of the pro-23 ceeding, may be assessed against either party as the court, in the case of judicial review, or the Secretary concerned in the case of administrative proceedings, deems appro-

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- 1 priate if it is determined that such party prevailed in
- 2 whole or in part, achieving some success on the merits,
- 3 and that such party made a substantial contribution to
- 4 a full and fair determination of the issues.

5 SEC. 506. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- 6 (a) Report to Secretary Concerned.—An oper-
- 7 ator engaging in any mineral activities on Federal land
- 8 or on Indian land shall submit to the Secretary concerned
- 9 an annual report, in a time and manner prescribed by the
- 10 Secretary concerned, describing the total amount (in met-
- 11 ric tons) and value of hardrock minerals produced through
- 12 such mineral activities, including the total amount and
- 13 value of any hardrock minerals produced from a mine par-
- 14 tially located on either Federal land or Indian land,
- 15 disaggregated by hardrock mineral and by percentage ex-
- 16 tracted from Federal land and percentage extracted from
- 17 Indian land.
- 18 (b) Failure To Report.—Any person that fails to
- 19 comply with the requirements of subsection (a) shall be
- 20 subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day
- 21 during which such failure continues, which may be as-
- 22 sessed by the Secretary concerned.
- 23 (c) Report to Congress.—The Secretary shall an-
- 24 nually submit to Congress a report providing the following

1	information for each hardrock mine located on Federal
2	land or on Indian land:
3	(1) The data submitted for such mine under
4	subsection (a).
5	(2) The name of the operator of such mine.
6	(3) The State in which such mine is located.
7	(4) The Bureau of Land Management field of-
8	fice with jurisdiction over such mine.
9	(5) Whether such mine is located on Federal
10	land.
11	(6) Whether such mine is located on Indian
12	land.
13	(d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the
14	effective date of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such
15	regulations as are necessary to carry out this section.
16	SEC. 507. ENFORCEMENT.
17	(a) Orders.—
18	(1) NOTICE OF VIOLATION.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary con-
20	cerned determines that any person is in viola-
21	tion of any environmental protection require-
22	ment or any regulation issued by the Secretary
23	concerned to implement this Act, such the Sec-
24	retary concerned shall issue to such person a

- notice of violation describing the violation and the corrective measures to be taken.
 - (B) Time to abate.—A person issued a notice of violation under subparagraph (A) shall abate such violation within a time period determined by the Secretary concerned which shall not exceed 30 days.
 - (C) EXTENSION OF TIME TO ABATE.—The Secretary concerned may, upon a showing of good cause by the person issued a notice of violation under subparagraph (A), extend the period of time under subparagraph (B).
 - (D) CONTINUED VIOLATION.—If, upon the expiration of the time period under subparagraph (B), including any extension under subparagraph (C), the Secretary concerned finds that the person issued a notice of violation under subparagraph (A) has not abated such violation, the Secretary concerned shall immediately order a cessation of all mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to the violation.
 - (2) Order for immediate cessation.—If the Secretary concerned determines that any condition or practice exists, or that any person is in violation of any requirement under a permit issued under this

- Act, and such condition, practice, or violation is causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause either of the following, the Secretary concerned shall immediately order a cessation of all mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to the condition, practice, or violation:
 - (A) An imminent danger to the health or safety of the public.
 - (B) Significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air, water, or fish or wildlife resources.

(3) Duration.—

- (A) TERMINATION.—A cessation order issued pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) shall remain in effect until the Secretary concerned determines that the condition, practice, or violation has been abated or until such order is modified, vacated, or terminated by the Secretary concerned. In any such order, the Secretary concerned shall determine the steps necessary to abate the violation in the most expeditious manner possible and shall include the necessary measures in such order.
- (B) FINANCIAL ASSURANCES.—The Secretary concerned shall require appropriate fi-

ment obligations are met when issuing a cessation order under this section.

(C) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY CON-CERNED.—Any notice or order issued pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) may be modified, vacated, or terminated by the Secretary concerned. Any person to whom any such notice or order is issued shall be entitled to a hearing on the record.

(4) ALTERNATIVE ENFORCEMENT ACTION.—

(A) In General.—If, 30 days after the notice of violation referred to in paragraph (1)(A) is issued, the required abatement has not occurred, the Secretary concerned shall take such alternative enforcement action against the claim holder, license holder, lease holder, or operator (or any person who controls the claim holder, license holder, lease holder, or operator) as will most likely bring about such required abatement in the most expeditious manner possible, which may include seeking appropriate injunctive relief to bring about abatement.

(B) EARLIER ALTERNATIVE ENFORCE-MENT ACTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the Secretary concerned from taking alternative enforcement action before the expiration of the 30-day period described in subparagraph (A).

(5) Failure or Default.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—If a claim holder, license holder, lease holder, or operator (or any person who controls the claim holder, license holder, lease holder, or operator) fails to abate a violation or defaults on the terms of a permit issued under this Act, the Secretary concerned shall forfeit the financial assurance required under section 306 as necessary to ensure abatement and reclamation under this Act.
- (B) Reclamation by surety.—The Secretary concerned may prescribe conditions under which a surety may perform reclamation in accordance with section 307 in lieu of forfeiture under subparagraph (A).
- (6) Pending review.—The Secretary concerned shall not cause forfeiture of financial assurance while administrative or judicial review is pending.
- 24 (7) LIABILITY IN THE EVENT OF FOR-25 FEITURE.—In the event of forfeiture, the claim hold-

- 1 er, license holder, lease holder, operator, or any affil-
- 2 iate thereof, as determined appropriate by the Sec-
- 3 retary by regulation, shall be jointly and severally
- 4 liable for any remaining reclamation obligations
- 5 under this Act.
- 6 (b) Compliance.—The Secretary concerned may re-
- 7 quest that the Attorney General institute a civil action for
- 8 relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or
- 9 restraining order and any other appropriate enforcement
- 10 order, including the imposition of civil penalties, in the
- 11 United States district court for the district in which the
- 12 mineral activities are located, whenever a person—
- 13 (1) violates, fails, or refuses to comply with any
- order issued by the Secretary concerned under sub-
- 15 section (a); or
- 16 (2) interferes with, hinders, or delays the Sec-
- 17 retary concerned in carrying out an inspection under
- 18 section 503.
- 19 Such court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief
- 20 as may be appropriate. Any relief granted by such court
- 21 to enforce an order under paragraph (1) shall continue
- 22 in effect until the completion or final termination of all
- 23 proceedings for review of such order unless the court
- 24 granting such relief sets it aside.

1	(c) Delegation.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
2	sion of law, the Secretary may utilize personnel of the Of-
3	fice of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to
4	ensure compliance with the requirements of this Act.
5	(d) Penalties.—
6	(1) Failure to comply with requirements
7	OF A PERMIT.—
8	(A) In general.—A person who fails to
9	comply with any requirement of a permit issued
10	under this Act or any regulation issued to im-
11	plement this Act shall be liable for a penalty of
12	not more than \$25,000 per violation.
13	(B) Separate violations.—Each day of
14	violation may be deemed a separate violation
15	for purposes of a penalty assessment under this
16	paragraph.
17	(2) Failure to comply with a cessation
18	ORDER.—A person who fails to correct a violation
19	for which a cessation order has been issued under
20	subsection (a) within the period permitted for cor-
21	rection of such violation shall be assessed a civil pen-
22	alty of not less than \$1,000 per violation for each
23	day during which such failure continues.
24	(3) Penalties for directors, officers,
25	AND AGENTS.—Whenever a corporation is in viola-

1	tion of a requirement of a permit issued under this
2	Act or any regulation issued to implement this Act
3	or fails or refuses to comply with an order issued
4	under subsection (a), any director, officer, or agent
5	of such corporation who knowingly authorized, or-
6	dered, or carried out such violation, failure, or re-
7	fusal shall be subject to the same penalties as may
8	be imposed upon a person described in paragraph
9	(1).
10	(e) Suspensions or Revocations.—The Secretary
11	concerned shall suspend or revoke a permit issued under
12	title II, in whole or in part, if the operator—
13	(1) knowingly made or knowingly makes any
14	false, inaccurate, or misleading material statement
15	in any mining claim, notice of location, application,
16	record, report, plan, or other document filed or re-
17	quired to be maintained under this Act;
18	(2) fails to abate a violation covered by a ces-
19	sation order issued under subsection (a);
20	(3) fails to comply with an order of the Sec-
21	retary concerned;
22	(4) refuses to permit an audit pursuant to this
23	Act;

(5) fails to maintain an adequate financial as-

surance under section 306;

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1	(6) fails to pay claim maintenance fees, rentals,
2	or other moneys due and owing under this Act; or
3	(7) with regard to plans conditionally approved
4	under section $305(e)(2)$ —
5	(A) fails to abate a violation to the satis-
6	faction of the Secretary concerned; or
7	(B) the validity of the violation is upheld
8	on the appeal which formed the basis for the
9	conditional approval.
10	(f) False Statements; Tampering.—
11	(1) In general.—A person who knowingly car-
12	ries out any of the following actions shall, upon an
13	initial conviction, be fined not more than \$10,000,
14	imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both, and,
15	upon a subsequent conviction, be fined not more
16	than \$20,000, imprisoned for not more than 4 years,
17	or both:
18	(A) Make a false material statement, rep-
19	resentation, or certification in, or omit or con-
20	ceal material information from, or unlawfully
21	alter, any mining claim, notice of location, ap-
22	plication, record, report, plan, or other docu-
23	ments filed or required to be maintained under
24	this Act.

1	(B) Falsify, tamper with, render inac-
2	curate, or fail to install any monitoring device
3	or method required to be maintained under this
4	Act.
5	(2) Separate violations.—Each day of con-
6	tinuing violation may be deemed a separate violation
7	for purposes of penalty assessment under paragraph
8	(1).
9	(g) Mineral Activities Without a Permit.—
10	(1) In general.—A person that knowingly
11	carries out any of the following actions shall, upon
12	an initial conviction, be fined not less than \$5,000
13	and not more than \$50,000, imprisoned for not
14	more than 3 years, or both, and, upon a subsequent
15	conviction, be fined not less than \$10,000, impris-
16	oned for not more than 6 years, or both:
17	(A) Engage in mineral activities without a
18	permit required under title II.
19	(B) Violate any other requirement of a
20	permit issued under this Act, or any condition
21	or limitation thereof.
22	(2) Separate violations.—Each day of con-
23	tinuing violation shall be deemed a separate violation
24	for purposes of penalty assessment under paragraph

(1).

- 1 (h) Knowing and Willful Violations.—A person
- 2 that knowingly and willfully commits an act for which a
- 3 civil penalty is provided in subsection (g)(1)(A) shall, upon
- 4 conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than
- 5 \$50,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 2 years,
- 6 or both.
- 7 (i) Person Defined.—In this section, the term
- 8 "person" includes any officer, agent, or employee of a per-
- 9 son.
- 10 SEC. 508. REGULATIONS.
- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Secretary
- 12 of Agriculture shall issue such regulations as are necessary
- 13 to implement this Act.
- 14 (b) REGULATIONS AFFECTING FOREST SERVICE.—
- 15 Not later than 1 year after the effective date of this Act,
- 16 the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly
- 17 issue regulations implementing titles II and III and this
- 18 title that affect the Forest Service.
- 19 SEC. 509. OIL SHALE CLAIMS.
- Section 2511(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30
- 21 U.S.C. 242(f); Public Law 102–486) is amended—
- 22 (1) by striking "as prescribed by the Sec-
- retary"; and
- 24 (2) by inserting before the period the following:
- 25 "in the same manner as required by title II of the

1 Mining Waste, Fraud, and Abuse Prevention Act of 2 2025". 3 SEC. 510. SAVINGS CLAUSE. 4 (a) Special Application of Mining Laws.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to— 6 (1) repeal or modify any Federal law, regula-7 tion, order, or land use plan in effect before the ef-8 fective date of this Act that prohibits or restricts the 9 application of the general mining laws, including 10 laws that provide for special management criteria for 11 operations under the general mining laws as in ef-12 fect before the effective date of this Act, to the ex-13 tent such laws provide for protection of natural and 14 cultural resources and the environment greater than 15 required under this Act; 16 (2) apply to or limit mineral investigations, 17 studies, or other mineral activities conducted by any 18 Federal or State agency acting in the governmental 19 capacity of such agency pursuant to other authority; 20 or21 (3) affect or limit any assessment, investigation, 22 evaluation, or listing pursuant to the Comprehensive 23 Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liabil-24 ity Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) or the

Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 3251 et seq.).

1	(b) CLAIMS CONVERTED TO LEASES.—Any Federal
2	law described in subsection (a) shall remain in force and
3	effect with respect to claims converted to leases under this
4	Act.
5	(c) EFFECT ON OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—
6	(1) General mining laws.—The provisions of
7	this Act shall supersede the general mining laws.
8	(2) Other laws.—Except for the general min-
9	ing laws, nothing in this Act shall be construed to
10	supersede, modify, amend, or repeal any provision of
11	Federal law not expressly superseded, modified,
12	amended, or repealed by this Act.
13	(3) Environmental laws.—Nothing in this
14	Act shall be construed to alter, affect, amend, mod-
15	ify, or change, directly or indirectly, any law which
16	refers to and provides authorities or responsibilities
17	for, or is administered by, the Administrator of the
18	Environmental Protection Agency, including—
19	(A) the Federal Water Pollution Control
20	Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
21	(B) the National Environmental Policy Act
22	of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
23	(C) title XIV of the Public Health Service
24	Act (the Safe Drinking Water Act) (42 U.S.C.
25	300f et seq.);

1	(D) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et
2	seq.);
3	(E) the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990
4	(42 U.S.C. 13101 et seq.);
5	(F) the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
6	U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
7	(G) the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
8	Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.);
9	(H) the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
10	Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.);
11	(I) the Motor Vehicle Information and
12	Cost Savings Act (15 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.);
13	(J) the Federal Hazardous Substances Act
14	(15 U.S.C. 1261 et seq.);
15	(K) the Endangered Species Act of 1973
16	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
17	(L) the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
18	U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);
19	(M) the Noise Control Act of 1972 (42
20	U.S.C. 4901 et seq.);
21	(N) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
22	U.S.C. 6901 et seq.);
23	(O) the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
24	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of
25	1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et sea.):

1	(P) the Superfund Amendments and Reau-
2	thorization Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-499;
3	100 Stat. 1613);
4	(Q) the Ocean Dumping Act (33 U.S.C.
5	1401 et seq.);
6	(R) the Environmental Research, Develop-
7	ment, and Demonstration Authorization Act of
8	1978 (42 U.S.C. 4365);
9	(S) the Pollution Prosecution Act of 1990
10	(42 U.S.C. 4321 note; Public Law 101–593);
11	(T) the Federal Facilities Compliance Act
12	of 1992 (Public Law 102–386; 106 Stat.
13	1505); and
14	(U) any statute containing an amendment
15	to any of such Acts.
16	(4) Federal Indian Law.—Nothing in this
17	Act shall be construed to modify or affect any provi-
18	sion of—
19	(A) the Native American Graves Protection
20	and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.);
21	(B) the American Indian Religious Free-
22	dom Act (42 U.S.C. 1996);
23	(C) the National Historic Preservation Act
24	(16 U.S.C. 470 et seg.):

1	(D) the Religious Freedom Restoration Act
2	of 1993 (42 U.S.C. 2000bb et seq.); or
3	(E) the Archaeological Resources Protec-
4	tion Act of 1979 (16 U.S.C. 470aa et seq.).
5	(d) Sovereign Immunity of Indian Tribes.—
6	Nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to waive the
7	sovereign immunity of any Indian Tribe.
8	SEC. 511. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC RECORDS.
9	Copies of records, reports, inspection materials, or in-
10	formation obtained by the Secretary or the Secretary of
11	Agriculture under this Act shall be made immediately
12	available to the public, consistent with section 552 of title
13	5, United States Code, in central and sufficient locations
14	in the county, multicounty, and State area of mineral ac-
15	tivities or reclamation and on the internet so that such
16	information is conveniently available to residents in the
17	area proposed or approved for mineral activities.
18	SEC. 512. MISCELLANEOUS POWERS.
19	(a) In General.—The Secretary concerned, in car-
20	rying out the duties of the Secretary concerned under this
21	Act, may conduct any investigation, inspection, or other
22	inquiry and may conduct, after notice, any hearing or
23	audit, that is necessary and appropriate to carry out such
24	duties.

- 1 (b) Ancillary Powers.—In connection with any hearing, inquiry, investigation, or audit under this Act, the 3 Secretary concerned may carry out any of the following 4 actions: (1) Require, by special or general order, any 5 6 person to submit in writing such affidavits and an-
- 7 swers to questions as the Secretary concerned may 8 reasonably prescribe, which submission shall be 9 made within such reasonable period and under oath 10 or otherwise, as may be necessary.
 - (2) Administer oaths.

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- (3) Require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books, papers, records, documents, matter, and materials as the Secretary concerned may request.
- (4) Order testimony to be taken by deposition before any person that is designated by the Secretary concerned and that has the power to administer oaths, and compel testimony and the production of evidence in the same manner as authorized under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
- (5) Pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as are paid in like circumstances in the courts of the United States.
- 25 (c) Enforcement.—

- 1 (1) In general.—In cases of refusal to obey 2 a subpoena served upon any person under this sec-3 tion, the United States district courts for any dis-4 trict in which such person is found, resides, or 5 transacts business, upon application by the Attorney 6 General at the request of the Secretary concerned 7 and after notice to such person, shall have jurisdic-8 tion to issue an order requiring such person to ap-9 pear and produce documents before the Secretary 10 concerned.
 - (2) Failure to obey an order issued under paragraph (1) may be punished by the court that issued such order as contempt thereof and the person subject to such order shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$10,000 per day.
- 17 (d) Entry and Access.—Without advance notice 18 and upon presentation of appropriate credentials, the Sec-19 retary concerned—
 - (1) shall have the right of entry to, upon, and through the site of any claim, license, lease, mineral activities, or any premises in which any records required to be maintained under this Act are located;
- 24 (2) may, at reasonable times and without delay, 25 have access to records, inspect any monitoring

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- equipment, and review any method of operation required under this Act;
 - (3) may engage in any work and do all things necessary or expedient to implement and administer the provisions of this Act;
 - (4) may, on any mining claim, license, or lease maintained in compliance with this Act, stop and inspect any motorized form of transportation that the Secretary concerned has probable cause to believe is carrying hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from a claim site for the purpose of determining whether the operator of such vehicle has documentation related to such hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom as required by law, if such documentation is required under this Act; and
 - (5) may, if accompanied by a appropriate law enforcement officer, or an appropriate law enforcement officer alone, stop and inspect any motorized form of transportation which is not on a claim site if the Secretary concerned or the appropriate law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe such vehicle is carrying hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from a claim site, license, or lease on Federal land or allocated to such

- claim site, license, or lease for the purpose of determining whether the operator of such vehicle has the documentation required by law, if such documentation is required under this Act.
- 5 SEC. 513. MINERAL MATERIALS.
- 6 (a) Determinations.—Section 3 of the Act of July
- 7 23, 1955, commonly known as the Surface Resources Act
- 8 of 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended—
- 9 (1) by striking "No" and inserting "(a) No";
- 10 (2) by inserting "mineral materials, including"
- after "varieties of";
- 12 (3) by striking "or cinders" and inserting "cin-
- ders, and clay,"; and
- 14 (4) by adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(b)(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the date
- 16 of the enactment of the Mining Waste, Fraud, and Abuse
- 17 Prevention Act of 2025, notwithstanding the reference to
- 18 common varieties in subsection (a) and to the exception
- 19 to such term relating to a deposit of materials with some
- 20 property giving it distinct and special value, all deposits
- 21 of mineral materials referred to in such subsection, includ-
- 22 ing the block pumice referred to in such subsection, shall
- 23 be subject to disposal only under the terms and conditions
- 24 of the Materials Act of 1947 (30 U.S.C. 601–603).

1	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid
2	existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any
3	such mineral material—
4	"(A) had and still has some property giving it
5	the distinct and special value referred to in sub-
6	section (a), or as the case may be, met the definition
7	of block pumice referred to in such subsection;
8	"(B) was properly located and maintained
9	under the general mining laws before the date of the
10	enactment of the Mining Waste, Fraud, and Abuse
11	Prevention Act of 2025; and
12	"(C) was supported by a discovery of a valuable
13	mineral deposit within the meaning of the general
14	mining laws as in effect immediately before the date
15	of the enactment of the Mining Waste, Fraud, and
16	Abuse Prevention Act of 2025.".
17	(b) Mineral Materials Disposal Clarifica-
18	TION.—Section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955, commonly
19	known as the Surface Resources Act of 1955 (30 U.S.C.
20	612), is amended—
21	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting "and mineral
22	material" after "vegetative"; and
23	(2) in subsection (c), by inserting "and mineral
24	material" after "vegetative".

- 1 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1 of the
- 2 Act of July 31, 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the
- 3 disposal of materials on the public lands of the United
- 4 States" (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) is amended by striking
- 5 "common varieties of" in the first sentence.
- 6 (d) Short Titles.—
- 7 (1) Surface resources.—The Act of July
- 8 23, 1955, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 "Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the 'Surface Re-
- 11 sources Act of 1955'.".
- 12 (2) Mineral materials.—The Act of July 31,
- 13 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of
- materials on the public lands of the United States"
- 15 (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
- end the following:
- 17 "Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the 'Materials Act
- 18 of 1947'.".
- 19 (e) Repeals.—Subject to valid existing rights, the
- 20 following are repealed:
- 21 (1) The Act of August 4, 1892, commonly
- known as the Building Stone Act (chapter 375; 27
- 23 Stat. 348; 30 U.S.C. 161).

- 1 (2) The Act of January 31, 1901, commonly
- 2 known as the Saline Placer Act (chapter 186; 31
- 3 Stat. 745; 30 U.S.C. 162).
- 4 SEC. 514. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 5 This Act shall take effect on the date of the enact-
- 6 ment of this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

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