### Union Calendar No. 134

119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3633

[Report No. 119-168, Parts I and II]

To provide for a system of regulation of the offer and sale of digital commodities by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 29, 2025

Mr. Hill of Arkansas (for himself, Mr. Thompson of Pennsylvania, Ms. Craig, Mr. Emmer, Mr. Johnson of South Dakota, Mr. Davis of North Carolina, Mr. Steil, Mr. Torres of New York, and Mr. Davidson) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

June 23, 2025

Additional sponsors: Mr. Gottheimer, Mr. Huizenga, Mr. Nunn of Iowa, Mr. Lawler, Mr. Meuser, Mr. Carter of Georgia, Mr. Moore of West Virginia, Mr. Begich, Ms. McDonald Rivet, Mr. Thanedar, Mr. Messmer, Mr. Bresnahan, and Ms. Stevens

June 23, 2025

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

#### June 23, 2025

Reported from the Committee on Financial Services with an amendment; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in boldface roman]
[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on May 29, 2025]

### A BILL

To provide for a system of regulation of the offer and sale of digital commodities by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Digital Asset Market Clarity Act of 2025" or the "CLAR-
- 6 ITY Act of 2025".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULEMAKING; PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION

- Sec. 101. Definitions under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Sec. 102. Definitions under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Sec. 103. Definitions under the Commodity Exchange Act.
- Sec. 104. Definitions under this Act.
- Sec. 105. Rulemakings.
- Sec. 106. Registration for digital commodity exchanges, brokers, and dealers; provisional status.
- Sec. 107. Commodity Exchange Act and securities laws savings provisions.
- Sec. 108. Administrative requirements.
- Sec. 109. International cooperation.
- Sec. 110. Application of the Bank Secrecy Act.
- Sec. 111. Implementation.

#### TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES

- Sec. 201. Treatment of investment contract assets.
- Sec. 202. Exempted primary transactions in digital commodities.
- Sec. 203. Treatment of secondary transactions in digital commodities that originally involved investment contracts.
- Sec. 204. Requirements for offers and sales of digital commodities by digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons.
- Sec. 205. Mature blockchain system requirements.
- Sec. 206. Effective date.

## TITLE III—REGISTRATION FOR INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

- Sec. 301. Treatment of digital commodities and permitted payment stablecoins.
- Sec. 302. Anti-fraud authority over permitted payment stablecoins and certain digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 303. Eligibility of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 304. Operation of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 305. Modernization of recordkeeping requirements.
- Sec. 306. Exemptive authority.

- Sec. 307. Additional registrations with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- Sec. 308. Exempting digital commodities from State securities laws.
- Sec. 309. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 310. Treatment of custody activities by banking institutions.
- Sec. 311. Digital commodity activities that are financial in nature.
- Sec. 312. Effective date; administration.
- Sec. 313. Studies on foreign adversary participation.

#### TITLE IV—REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY INTER-MEDIARIES AT THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

- Sec. 401. Commission jurisdiction over digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 402. Requiring futures commission merchants to use qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 403. Trading certification and approval for digital commodities.
- Sec. 404. Registration of digital commodity exchanges.
- Sec. 405. Qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 406. Registration and regulation of digital commodity brokers and dealers.
- Sec. 407. Registration of associated persons.
- Sec. 408. Registration of commodity pool operators and commodity trading advisors.
- Sec. 409. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 410. Resources for implementation and enforcement.
- Sec. 411. Digital commodity activities by SEC-registered entities.
- Sec. 412. Requirements related to control persons.
- Sec. 413. Other tradable assets.
- Sec. 414. Effective date.
- Sec. 415. Sense of Congress.

#### TITLE V—INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 501. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 502. Modernization of the Securities and Exchange Commission mission.
- Sec. 503. Strategic Hub for Innovation and Financial Technology.
- Sec. 504. Codification of LabCFTC.
- Sec. 505. Study on decentralized finance.
- Sec. 506. Study on non-fungible tokens.
- Sec. 507. Study on expanding financial literacy amongst digital commodity holders.
- Sec. 508. Study on financial market infrastructure improvements.
- Sec. 509. Study on illicit use of digital assets.
- Sec. 510. Conflict of interest rulemaking.

1	TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULE-
2	MAKING; PROVISIONAL REG-
3	ISTRATION
4	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF
5	1933.
6	Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
7	77b(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(20) Blockchain.—The term 'blockchain'
9	means—
10	"(A) any technology—
11	"(i) where data is—
12	"(I) shared across a network to
13	create a distributed ledger of independ-
14	ently verifiable transactions or infor-
15	mation among network participants;
16	"(II) linked using cryptography
17	to maintain the integrity of the dis-
18	tributed ledger and to execute other
19	functions; and
20	"(III) propagated among network
21	participants to reach consensus on the
22	state of the distributed ledger and any
23	other functions; and
24	"(ii) composed of source code that is
25	publicly available; and

1	"(B) any similar technology to the tech-
2	nology described in subparagraph (A).
3	"(21) Blockchain application.—The term
4	blockchain application' means any executable soft-
5	ware deployed to a blockchain composed of source code
6	that is publicly available, including a smart contract
7	or any network of smart contracts, or other similar
8	technology.
9	"(22) Blockchain protocol.—The term
10	blockchain protocol' means the freely and publicly
11	available source code of a blockchain that is executed
12	by the network participants of a blockchain to facili-
13	tate its functioning, or other similar technology.
14	"(23) Blockchain system.—The term
15	'blockchain system' means any blockchain, together
16	with its blockchain protocol or any blockchain appli-
17	cation or network of blockchain applications.
18	"(24) Decentralized Governance system.—
19	"(A) In General.—The term 'decentralized
20	governance system' means, with respect to a
21	blockchain system, any transparent, rules-based

system permitting persons to form consensus or

reach agreement in the development, provision,

publication, management, or administration of

such blockchain system, where participation is

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not limited to, or under the effective control of, any person or group of persons under common control.

> "(B) Relationship of Persons to De-Centralized Governance systems.—With respect to a decentralized governance system, the decentralized governance system and any persons participating in the decentralized governance system shall be treated as separate persons unless such persons are under common control.

> "(C) Legal entities for decentralized governance system' shall include a legal entity used to implement the rules-based system described in subparagraph (A), provided that the organizing and governing laws of such legal entity do not create or require centralized and hierarchical management of such legal entity. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the delegation of ministerial or administrative authority at the direction of the participants in a decentralized governance system shall not be construed to be centralized and hierarchical management.

"(25) DIGITAL ASSET.—The term 'digital asset' means any digital representation of value which is re-

1	corded on a cryptographically-secured distributed
2	ledger or other similar technology.
3	"(26) Digital commodity.—The term 'digital
4	commodity' has the meaning given that term under
5	section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
6	<i>1a)</i> .
7	"(27) Digital commodity affiliated per-
8	SON.—The term 'digital commodity affiliated person'
9	means a person (including a digital commodity re-
10	lated person) that, with respect to any digital com-
11	modity—
12	"(A) acquires 5 percent or more of the total
13	outstanding units of such digital commodity
14	from a digital commodity issuer;
15	"(B) is a founder of the digital commodity
16	issuer; or
17	"(C) is an executive director, director, trust-
18	ee, or general partner of the digital commodity
19	issuer or held such role at any point in the pre-
20	vious 12-month period.
21	"(28) Digital commodity issuer.—With re-
22	spect to a digital commodity, the term 'digital com-
23	modity issuer' means any person that—
24	"(A) proposes, issues, or causes to be issued
25	a unit of such digital commodity to a person; or

1	"(B) offers or sells a right to a future
2	issuance of a unit of such digital commodity to
3	a person.
4	"(29) Digital commodity related person.—
5	"(A) In general.—With respect to a dig-
6	ital commodity issuer, the term 'digital com-
7	modity related person' means—
8	"(i) a person that is or was in the pre-
9	vious 6-month period a promoter, senior
10	employee, advisory board member, consult-
11	ant, advisor, or person serving in a similar
12	capacity; and
13	"(ii) a person that acquires 1 percent
14	or more of the total outstanding units of
15	such digital commodity from a digital com-
16	modity issuer.
17	"(B) Senior employee defined.—In this
18	paragraph and with respect to a digital com-
19	modity issuer, the term 'senior employee' means
20	any employee materially involved in the man-
21	agement or planning of the digital commodity
22	issuer or the development of the blockchain sys-
23	tem to which the digital commodity relates.

1	"(30) End user distribution.—The term 'end
2	user distribution' means a distribution of a unit of a
3	digital commodity that—
4	"(A) does not involve an exchange of more
5	than a nominal value of cash, property, or other
6	assets; and
7	"(B) is distributed in a broad and equitable
8	manner based on conditions capable of being sat-
9	isfied by any participant in the blockchain sys-
10	tem, including, as incentive-based rewards—
11	"(i) to users of the digital commodity
12	or any blockchain system to which the dig-
13	$it al\ commodity\ relates;$
14	"(ii) for activities directly related to
15	the operation of the blockchain system, such
16	as mining, validating, staking, or other ac-
17	tivity directly tied to the operation of the
18	blockchain system; or
19	"(iii) to the existing holders of another
20	digital commodity, in proportion to the
21	total units of such other digital commodity
22	as are held by each person.
23	"(31) Mature blockchain system.—The term
24	'mature blockchain system' means a blockchain sys-
25	tem, together with its related digital commodity, that

1	is not controlled by any person or group of persons
2	under common control.
3	"(32) Permitted payment stablecoin.—
4	"(A) In General.—The term 'permitted
5	payment stablecoin' means a digital asset—
6	"(i) that is or is designed to be used as
7	a means of payment or settlement;
8	"(ii) that is denominated in a national
9	currency;
10	"(iii) the issuer of which is subject to
11	the regulatory and supervisory authority of
12	a State or Federal agency;
13	"(iv) the issuer of which—
14	"(I) is obligated to convert, re-
15	deem, or repurchase for a fixed amount
16	of monetary value; or
17	"(II) represents that the digital
18	asset will maintain or creates the rea-
19	sonable expectation that the digital
20	asset will maintain a stable value rel-
21	ative to the value of a fixed amount of
22	monetary value; and
23	"(v) that is not—
24	"(I) a national currency;
25	"(II) a security issued by—

1	"(aa) an investment com-
2	pany registered under section 8(a)
3	of the Investment Company Act of
4	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–8(a)); or
5	"(bb) a person that would be
6	an investment company under the
7	Investment Company Act of 1940
8	but for paragraphs (1) and (7) of
9	section 3(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C.
10	80a-3(c));
11	"(III) a deposit (as defined under
12	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insur-
13	ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)), regardless
14	of the technology used to record such
15	deposit; or
16	"(IV) an account (as defined in
17	section 101 of the Federal Credit
18	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)), regard-
19	less of the technology used to record
20	$such\ account.$
21	"(B) Monetary value defined.—The
22	term 'monetary value'—
23	"(i) means—
24	"(I) a national currency;

1	"(II) a deposit (as defined in sec-
2	tion 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
3	Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) that is denomi-
4	nated in a national currency; or
5	"(III) an account (as defined in
6	section 101 of the Federal Credit
7	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)); and
8	"(ii) does not include any agricultural
9	or other physical commodity (as defined in
10	section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act
11	(7 U.S.C. 1a)).
12	"(33) Securities LAWS.—The term 'securities
13	laws' has the meaning given that term under section
14	3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
15	U.S.C. 78c(a)).".
16	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
17	ACT OF 1934.
18	Section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
19	(15 U.S.C. 78c(a)) is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating the second paragraph (80)
21	(relating to funding portals) as paragraph (81); and
22	(2) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(82) Bank Secrecy act.—The term 'Bank Se-
24	crecy Act' means—

1	"(A) section 21 of the Federal Deposit In-
2	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
3	"(B) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91-
4	508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and
5	"(C) subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31,
6	United States Code.
7	"(83) Additional digital commodity-re-
8	LATED TERMS.—
9	"(A) Securities act of 1933.—The terms
10	blockchain system', 'decentralized governance
11	system', 'digital asset', 'digital commodity affili-
12	ated person', 'digital commodity issuer', 'digital
13	commodity related person', 'end user distribu-
14	tion', 'mature blockchain system', and 'permitted
15	payment stablecoin', have the meaning given
16	those terms, respectively, under section 2(a) of
17	the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).
18	"(B) Commodity exchange act.—The
19	terms 'digital commodity', 'digital commodity
20	broker', 'digital commodity dealer', 'digital com-
21	modity exchange', 'decentralized finance mes-
22	saging system', and 'decentralized finance trad-
23	ing protocol' have the meaning given those terms,
24	respectively, under section 1a of the Commodity
25	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).".

1	SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE COMMODITY EX-
2	CHANGE ACT.
3	(a) In General.—Section 1a of the Commodity Ex-
4	change Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (10)—
6	$(A)\ in\ subparagraph\ (A)$ —
7	(i) by redesignating clauses (iii) and
8	(iv) as clauses (iv) and (v), respectively;
9	and
10	(ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
11	following:
12	"(iii) digital commodity;"; and
13	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
14	subparagraph (C) and inserting after subpara-
15	graph (A) the following:
16	"(B) Exclusion.—For purposes of this
17	paragraph, the term 'trading in commodity in-
18	terests' shall not include transacting in digital
19	commodities for the purpose of—
20	"(i) acting as a digital commodity cus-
21	todian;
22	"(ii) establishing, maintaining, or
23	managing inventory or payment instru-
24	ments for commercial purposes; or

1	"(iii) maintaining or supporting the
2	operation of, or validating transactions on,
3	a blockchain system.";
4	(2) in paragraph (11)—
5	(A) in subparagraph (A)(i)—
6	(i) by redesignating subclauses (III)
7	and (IV) as subclauses (IV) and (V), respec-
8	tively; and
9	(ii) by inserting after subclause (II)
10	$the\ following:$
11	"(III) digital commodity;"; and
12	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
13	subparagraph (C) and inserting after subpara-
14	graph (A) the following:
15	"(B) Exclusion.—For purposes of this
16	paragraph, the term 'trading in commodity in-
17	terests' shall not include transacting in digital
18	commodities for the purpose of—
19	"(i) acting as a digital commodity cus-
20	todian;
21	"(ii) establishing, maintaining, or
22	managing inventory or payment instru-
23	ments for commercial purposes; or

1	"(iii) maintaining or supporting the
2	operation of, or validating transactions on,
3	a blockchain system.";
4	(3) in paragraph (12)(A)(i)—
5	(A) in subclause (II), by adding at the end
6	$a\ semicolon;$
7	(B) by redesignating subclauses (III) and
8	(IV) as subclauses (IV) and (V), respectively; and
9	(C) by inserting after subclause (II) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(III) a digital commodity;";
12	(4) by redesignating paragraphs (16) through
13	(51) as paragraphs (17) through (52), respectively,
14	and inserting after paragraph (15) the following:
15	"(16) Terms related to digital commod-
16	ITIES.—
17	"(A) Associated person of a digital
18	COMMODITY BROKER.—
19	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
20	in clause (ii), the term 'associated person of
21	a digital commodity broker' means a person
22	who is associated with a digital commodity
23	broker as a partner, officer, employee, or
24	agent (or any person occupying a similar

1	status or performing similar functions) in
2	any capacity that involves—
3	"(I) the solicitation or acceptance
4	of an order for the purchase or sale of
5	a digital commodity; or
6	"(II) the supervision of any per-
7	son engaged in the solicitation or ac-
8	ceptance of an order for the purchase
9	or sale of a digital commodity.
10	"(ii) Exclusion.—The term 'associ-
11	ated person of a digital commodity broker'
12	does not include any person associated with
13	a digital commodity broker the functions of
14	which are solely clerical or ministerial.
15	"(B) Associated person of a digital
16	COMMODITY DEALER.—
17	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
18	in clause (ii), the term 'associated person of
19	a digital commodity dealer' means a person
20	who is associated with a digital commodity
21	dealer as a partner, officer, employee, or
22	agent (or any person occupying a similar
23	status or performing similar functions) in
24	any capacity that involves—

1	"(I) the solicitation or acceptance
2	of a contract for the purchase or sale of
3	a digital commodity; or
4	"(II) the supervision of any per-
5	son engaged in the solicitation or ac-
6	ceptance of a contract for the purchase
7	or sale of a digital commodity.
8	"(ii) Exclusion.—The term 'associ-
9	ated person of a digital commodity dealer'
10	does not include any person associated with
11	a digital commodity dealer the functions of
12	which are solely clerical or ministerial.
13	"(C) Bank secrecy act.—The term 'Bank
14	Secrecy Act' means—
15	"(i) section 21 of the Federal Deposit
16	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
17	"(ii) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law
18	91-508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and
19	"(iii) subchapter II of chapter 53 of
20	title 31, United States Code.
21	"(D) Decentralized finance messaging
22	SYSTEM.—
23	"(i) In general.—The term 'decen-
24	tralized finance messaging system' means a
25	software application that provides a user

1	with the ability to create or submit an in-
2	struction, communication, or message to a
3	decentralized finance trading protocol for
4	the purpose of executing a transaction by
5	the user.
6	"(ii) Additional requirements.—
7	The term 'decentralized finance messaging
8	system' does not include any system that
9	provides any person other than the user
10	with control over—
11	"(I) the funds of the user; or
12	"(II) the execution of the trans-
13	action of the user.
14	"(E) Decentralized finance trading
15	PROTOCOL.—
16	"(i) In general.—The term 'decen-
17	tralized finance trading protocol' means a
18	blockchain system through which multiple
19	participants can execute a financial trans-
20	action—
21	"(I) in accordance with an auto-
22	mated rule or algorithm that is pre-
23	determined and non-discretionary; and
24	"(II) without reliance on any
25	other person to maintain control of the

1	digital assets of the user during any
2	part of the financial transaction.
3	"(ii) Exclusions.—
4	"(I) In general.—The term 'de-
5	centralized finance trading protocol'
6	does not include a blockchain system
7	if—
8	"(aa) a person or group of
9	persons under common control or
10	acting pursuant to an agreement
11	to act in concert has the author-
12	ity, directly or indirectly, through
13	any contract, arrangement, un-
14	derstanding, relationship, or oth-
15	erwise, to control or materially
16	alter the functionality, operation,
17	or rules of consensus or agreement
18	of the blockchain system; or
19	"(bb) the blockchain system
20	does not operate, execute, and en-
21	force its operations and trans-
22	actions based solely on pre-estab-
23	lished, transparent rules encoded
24	directly within the source code of
25	the blockchain system.

1	"(II) Special rule.—For pur-
2	poses of subclause (I), a decentralized
3	governance system shall not be consid-
4	ered to be a person or a group of per-
5	sons under common control or acting
6	pursuant to an agreement to act in
7	concert.
8	"(F) DIGITAL COMMODITY.—
9	"(i) In General.—The term 'digital
10	commodity' means a digital asset that is in-
11	trinsically linked to a blockchain system,
12	and the value of which is derived from or
13	is reasonably expected to be derived from
14	the use of the blockchain system.
15	"(ii) Relationship to a blockchain
16	System.—For purposes of this subpara-
17	graph, a digital asset is intrinsically linked
18	to a blockchain system if the digital asset is
19	directly related to the functionality or oper-
20	ation of the blockchain system or to the ac-
21	tivities or services for which the blockchain
22	system is created or utilized, including
23	where the digital asset is—

1	"(I) issued or generated by the
2	programmatic functioning of the
3	$block chain\ system;$
4	"(II) used to transfer value be-
5	tween participants in the blockchain
6	system;
7	"(III) used to access the activities
8	or services of the blockchain system;
9	"(IV) used to participate in the
10	decentralized governance system of the
11	$block chain\ system;$
12	"(V) used or removed from cir-
13	culation in whole or in part to pay
14	fees or otherwise verify or validate
15	transactions on the blockchain system;
16	"(VI) used as payment or incen-
17	tive to participants in the blockchain
18	system to engage in the activities of the
19	blockchain system, provide services to
20	other participants in the blockchain
21	system, or otherwise participate in the
22	functionality of the blockchain system;
23	or
24	"(VII) used as payment or incen-
25	tive to participants in the blockchain

1 system to validate transactions, secure	1
2 the blockchain system, provide com-	2
3 putational services, maintain or dis-	3
4 tribute information, or otherwise par-	4
ticipate in the operations of the	5
blockchain system.	6
7 "(iii) Exclusion.—The term 'digital	7
8 commodity' does not include any of the fol-	8
e lowing:	9
"(I) SECURITY.—	0
1 "(aa) Any security, other	1
than a note, an investment con-	2
3 tract, or a certificate of interest or	13
4 participation in any profit-shar-	4
ing agreement.	15
5 "(bb) A note, an investment	16
contract, or a certificate of inter-	17
est or participation in any profit-	8
Sharing agreement that—	9
O "(AA) represents or	20
gives the holder an ownership	21
2 interest or other interest in	22
the revenues, profits, obliga-	23
4 tions, debts, assets, or assets	24
or debts to be acquired of the	25

1	issuer of the digital asset or
2	another person (other than a
3	decentralized governance sys-
4	tem);
5	"(BB) makes the holder
6	a creditor of the issuer of the
7	digital asset or another per-
8	$son;\ or$
9	"(CC) represents or
10	gives the holder the right to
11	receive interest or the return
12	of principal from the issuer
13	of the digital asset or another
14	person.
15	"(II) Security derivative.—A
16	digital asset that, based on its terms
17	and other characteristics, is, represents,
18	or is functionally equivalent to an
19	agreement, contract, or transaction
20	that is—
21	"(aa) a security future, as
22	defined in section 2a of the Secu-
23	rities Act of 1933:

1	"(bb) a security-based swap,
2	as defined in section 2a of the Se-
3	$curities\ Act\ of\ 1933;$
4	"(cc) a put, call, straddle,
5	option, or privilege on any secu-
6	rity, certificate of deposit, or
7	group or index of securities (in-
8	cluding any interest therein or
9	based on the value thereof), as de-
10	fined in section 2a of the Securi-
11	ties Act of 1933; or
12	"(dd) a put, call, straddle,
13	option, or privilege on any secu-
14	rity, as defined in section 2a of
15	the Securities Act of 1933.
16	"(III) PERMITTED PAYMENT
17	STABLECOIN.—A digital asset that is a
18	permitted payment stablecoin.
19	"(IV) Banking deposit.—
20	"(aa) A deposit (as defined
21	under section 3 of the Federal De-
22	posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
23	1813)), regardless of the tech-
24	nology used to record the deposit.

1	"(bb) An account (as defined
2	in section 101 of the Federal
3	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
4	1752)), regardless of the tech-
5	nology used to record the account.
6	"(V) Commodity.—A digital asset
7	that references, represents an interest
8	in, or is functionally equivalent to—
9	"(aa) an agricultural com-
10	modity;
11	"(bb) an excluded com-
12	modity, other than a security; or
13	"(cc) an exempt commodity,
14	other than the digital commodity
15	itself, as shall be further defined
16	by the Commission.
17	"(VI) Commodity derivative.—
18	A digital asset that, based on its terms
19	and other characteristics, is, represents,
20	or is functionally equivalent to an
21	agreement, contract, or transaction
22	that is—
23	"(aa) a contract of sale of a
24	commodity for future delivery or
25	an option thereon;

1	"(bb) a security futures prod-
2	uct;
3	"(cc) a swap;
4	"(dd) an agreement, contract,
5	or transaction described in section
6	$2(c)(2)(C)(i) \ or \ 2(c)(2)(D)(i);$
7	"(ee) a commodity option
8	authorized under section 4c; or
9	"(ff) a leverage transaction
10	authorized under section 19.
11	"(VII) POOLED INVESTMENT VE-
12	HICLE.—
13	"(aa) In general.—A dig-
14	ital asset that, based on its terms
15	and other characteristics, is, rep-
16	resents, or is functionally equiva-
17	lent to—
18	"(AA) a commodity
19	pool, as defined in this Act;
20	or
21	"(BB) a pooled invest-
22	$ment\ vehicle.$
23	"(bb) Pooled investment
24	VEHICLE DEFINED.—In this sub-

1	clause, the term 'pooled invest-
2	ment vehicle' means—
3	"(AA) any investment
4	company as defined in sec-
5	tion 3(a) of the Investment
6	Company Act of 1940 (15
7	U.S.C. 80a-3(a));
8	"(BB) any company
9	that would be an investment
10	$company \ under \ section \ 3(a)$
11	of such Act but for the exclu-
12	sion provided from that defi-
13	nition by paragraph (1), (7),
14	or $(9)$ of section $3(c)$ of such
15	Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(1),
16	(7), or (9)); or
17	"(CC) any entity or
18	person that is not an invest-
19	ment company but holds or
20	will hold assets other than se-
21	curities.
22	"(VIII) Good, collectible, and
23	OTHER NON-COMMODITY ASSET.—A
24	digital asset that has value, utility, or
25	significance beyond its mere existence

1	as a digital asset, including the digital
2	equivalent of a tangible or intangible
3	good, such as—
4	"(aa) a work of art, a musi-
5	cal composition, a literary work,
6	or other intellectual property;
7	"(bb) collectibles, merchan-
8	dise, virtual land, and video game
9	assets;
10	"(cc) affinity, rewards, or
11	loyalty points, including airline
12	miles or credit card points, that
13	are not primarily speculative in
14	$nature;\ or$
15	"(dd) rights, licenses, and
16	tickets.
17	"(iv) Rule of construction.—No
18	presumption shall exist that a digital asset
19	is a security, nor shall a digital asset be ex-
20	cluded from being a digital commodity pur-
21	suant to clause (iii)(I), solely due to—
22	"(I) the digital asset providing
23	voting or economic rights with respect
24	to the blockchain system to which the
25	digital asset relates or the decentralized

1	governance system of the blockchain
2	system to which the digital asset re-
3	lates;
4	"(II) the value of the digital asset
5	having the potential to appreciate or
6	depreciate in response to the efforts,
7	operations, or financial performance of
8	the blockchain system to which the dig-
9	ital asset relates or the decentralized
10	governance system of the blockchain
11	system to which the digital asset re-
12	lates; or
13	"(III) the value of the digital
14	asset appreciating or depreciating due
15	to the use of the blockchain system to
16	which the digital asset relates or the
17	decentralized governance system of the
18	blockchain system to which the digital
19	asset relates.
20	"(G) Digital commodity broker.—
21	"(i) In general.—The term 'digital
22	commodity broker' means any person who,
23	as a regular business—
24	"(I) is engaged in—

"(aa) soliciting or accept	ting
an order from a customer for—	-
"(AA) the purchase	or
sale of a digital commod	lity;
OT	
"(BB) an agreem	ent,
contract, or transaction	de-
scribed in sec	tion
2(c)(2)(D)(iv); and	
"(bb) in conjunction with	the
activities in item (aa), accepts	s or
maintains control over—	
"(AA) the funds of	any
$customer;\ or$	
"(BB) the execution	of
any transaction of a	cus-
tomer;	
"(II) is engaged in soliciting	or
accepting orders from a customer	for
the purchase or sale of a unit of a	dig-
ital commodity on or subject to	the
rules of a registered entity; or	
"(III) is registered with the C	om-
mission as a digital commodity bro	ker.

1	"(ii) Exceptions.—The term 'digital
2	commodity broker' does not include a per-
3	son solely because the person—
4	"(I) solicits or accepts an order
5	described in clause (i)(I)(aa)(AA) from
6	a customer who is an eligible contract
7	participant;
8	"(II) enters into 1 or more digital
9	commodity transactions that are at-
10	tributable or solely incidental to mak-
11	ing, sending, receiving, or facilitating
12	payments, whether involving a pay-
13	ment service provider or on a peer-to-
14	peer basis; or
15	"(III) is a bank (as defined under
16	section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
17	Act of 1934) engaging in certain bank-
18	ing activities with respect to a digital
19	commodity in the same or a similar
20	manner as a bank is excluded from the
21	definition of a broker under such sec-
22	tion, as determined by the Commis-
23	sion.
24	"(iii) Further definition.—The
25	Commission, by rule or regulation, may ex-

1	clude from the term 'digital commodity
2	broker' any person or class of persons if the
3	Commission determines that the rule or reg-
4	ulation will effectuate the purposes of this
5	Act.
6	"(H) Digital commodity dealer.—
7	"(i) In general.—The term 'digital
8	commodity dealer' means any person who,
9	as a regular business—
10	"(I) is, or offers to be a
11	counterparty to a person for the pur-
12	chase or sale of a digital commodity as
13	a regular business, and in conjunction
14	with the activities, accepts or main-
15	tains control over the funds of any
16	$counterparty;\ or$
17	"(II) is registered with the Com-
18	mission as a digital commodity dealer.
19	"(ii) Exception.—The term 'digital
20	commodity dealer' does not include a person
21	solely because the person—
22	"(I) is or offers to be a
23	counterparty to a person who is an eli-
24	gible contract participant;

1	"(II) enters into a digital com-
2	modity transaction with an eligible
3	$contract\ participant;$
4	"(III) enters into a digital com-
5	modity transaction on or through a
6	registered digital commodity exchange,
7	with a registered digital commodity
8	broker, or through a decentralized fi-
9	nance trading protocol;
10	"(IV) enters into a digital com-
11	modity transaction for the person's
12	own account, either individually or in
13	a fiduciary capacity, but not as a part
14	of a regular business;
15	"(V) enters into 1 or more digital
16	commodity transactions that are at-
17	tributable or solely incidental to mak-
18	ing, sending, receiving, or facilitating
19	payments, whether involving a pay-
20	ment service provider or on a peer-to-
21	peer basis; or
22	"(VI) is a bank (as defined under
23	section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
24	Act of 1934) engaging in certain bank-
25	ing activities with respect to a digital

1	commodity in the same or a similar
2	manner as a bank is excluded from the
3	definition of a dealer under section
4	3(a)(5) of such Act, as determined by
5	the Commission.
6	"(iii) Further definition.—The
7	Commission, by rule or regulation, may ex-
8	clude from the term 'digital commodity
9	dealer' any person or class of persons if the
10	Commission determines that the rule or reg-
11	ulation will effectuate the purposes of this
12	Act.
13	"(I) Digital commodity exchange.—The
14	term 'digital commodity exchange' means a trad-
15	ing facility that offers or seeks to offer a cash or
16	spot market in at least 1 digital commodity.
17	$^{\prime\prime}(J)$ Mixed digital asset trans-
18	ACTION.—The term 'mixed digital asset trans-
19	action' means a transaction in which a digital
20	commodity is traded for a security.
21	"(K) Terms defined under the securi-
22	TIES ACT OF 1933.—The terms blockchain sys-
23	tem', 'decentralized governance system', 'digital
24	asset', 'digital commodity issuer', 'digital com-
25	modity affiliated person', 'digital commodity re-

1	lated person', 'end user distribution', 'mature
2	blockchain system', and 'permitted payment
3	stablecoin' have the meaning given those terms,
4	respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities
5	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a))."; and
6	(5) in paragraph (41) (as so redesignated by
7	paragraph (4) of this subsection)—
8	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
9	paragraph (E);
10	(B) by striking the period at the end of sub-
11	paragraph (F) and inserting "; and"; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(G) a digital commodity exchange reg-
14	istered under section 5i.".
15	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
16	(1) Each of the following provisions of law is
17	amended by striking "1a(18)" and inserting
18	"1a(19)":
19	(A) Section $4s(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the Commodity
20	Exchange $Act$ (7 U.S.C. $6s(h)(5)(A)(i)$ ).
21	(B) Section 5(e) of the Securities Act of
22	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77e(e)).
23	(C) Section $6(g)(5)(B)$ of the Securities Ex-
24	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. $78f(g)(5)(B)$ ).

1	(D) Section $15F(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the Securi-
2	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780-
3	10(h)(5)(A)(i)).
4	(2) Section 752 of the Wall Street Transparency
5	and Accountability Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C. 8325) is
6	amended by striking "1a(39)" and inserting
7	"1a(40)".
8	(3) Section $4s(f)(1)(D)$ of the Commodity Ex-
9	change $Act$ (7 U.S.C. $6s(f)(1)(D)$ ) is amended by
10	striking " $1a(47)(A)$ " and inserting " $1a(48)(A)$ ".
11	(4) Each of the following provisions of the Com-
12	modity Exchange Act is amended by striking
13	" $1a(47)(A)(v)$ " and inserting " $1a(48)(A)(v)$ ":
14	(A) Section $4t(b)(1)(C)$ (7 U.S.C.
15	6t(b)(1)(C)).
16	(B) Section $5(d)(23)$ (7 U.S.C. $7(d)(23)$ ).
17	(C) Section $5b(k)(3)$ (7 U.S.C. $7a-1(k)(3)$ ).
18	(D) Section $5h(f)(10)(A)(iii)$ (7 U.S.C. 7b-
19	3(f)(10)(A)(iii)).
20	(5) Section $21(f)(4)(C)$ of the Commodity Ex-
21	change $Act$ (7 U.S.C. $24a(f)(4)(C)$ ) is amended by
22	striking "1a(48)" and inserting "1a(49)".
23	(6) Section 403 of the Legal Certainty for Bank
24	Products Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 27a) is amended—

1	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$ , by striking
2	" $1a(47)(A)(v)$ " and inserting " $1a(48)(A)(v)$ ";
3	and
4	(B) in each of subsections (b)(1) and (c)(2),
5	by striking "1a(47)" and inserting "1a(48)".
6	(7) Section 712 of the Wall Street Transparency
7	and Accountability Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C. 8302) is
8	amended—
9	(A) in subsection $(a)(8)$ , by striking
10	"1a(47)(D)" each place it appears and inserting
11	" $1a(48)(D)$ "; and
12	(B) in subsection $(d)(1)$ , by striking
13	"1a(47)(A)(v)" each place it appears and insert-
14	ing "1a(48)(A)(v)".
15	SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS UNDER THIS ACT.
16	In this Act:
17	(1) Definitions under the commodity ex-
18	CHANGE ACT.—The terms "decentralized finance mes-
19	saging system", "decentralized finance trading pro-
20	tocol", "digital commodity", "digital commodity
21	broker", "digital commodity dealer", "digital com-
22	modity exchange", and "mixed digital asset trans-
23	action" have the meaning given those terms, respec-
24	tively, under section 1a of the Commodity Exchange
25	Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).

1	(2) Definitions under the securities act
2	OF 1933.—The terms "blockchain", "blockchain sys-
3	tem", "blockchain protocol", "decentralized govern-
4	ance system", "digital asset", "digital commodity
5	issuer", "end user distribution", "mature blockchain
6	system", "permitted payment stablecoin", and "secu-
7	rities laws" have the meaning given those terms, re-
8	spectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of
9	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).
10	(3) Definitions under the securities ex-
11	CHANGE ACT OF 1934.—The terms "Bank Secrecy
12	Act", "securities laws", and "self-regulatory organiza-
13	tion" have the meaning given those terms, respec-
14	tively, under section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
15	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
16	SEC. 105. RULEMAKINGS.
17	(a) Definitions.—The Commodity Futures Trading
18	Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
19	shall jointly issue rules to further define the following terms:
20	(1) The terms—
21	(A) "blockchain", "blockchain application",
22	"blockchain system", "blockchain protocol", "de-
23	centralized governance system", "digital com-
24	modity affiliated person", "digital commodity
25	issuer". "digital commodity related person".

1	"end user distribution", and "mature blockchain
2	system", as defined under section 2(a) of the Se-
3	curities Act of 1933;
4	(B) "unilateral authority", as such term is
5	used in section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act
6	of 1934 and section 1a of the Commodity Ex-
7	change Act; and
8	(C) "programmatic functioning", as such
9	term is used in sections 4C of the Securities Act
10	of 1933, section 42 of the Securities Exchange
11	Act of 1934, and section 1a of the Commodity
12	$Exchange\ Act.$
13	(2) The terms "digital commodity", "decentral-
14	ized finance messaging system", and "decentralized
15	finance trading protocol" as defined under section 1a
16	of the Commodity Exchange Act.
17	(b) Joint Rulemaking for Mixed Digital Asset
18	Transactions.—The Securities and Exchange Commis-
19	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
20	shall jointly issue rules applicable to mixed digital asset
21	transactions under this Act and the amendments made by
22	this Act, including by further defining such term.
23	(c) Protection of Self-Custody.—
24	(1) In General.—A United States individual
25	shall retain the right to—

1	(A) maintain a hardware wallet or software
2	wallet for the purpose of facilitating the individ-
3	ual's own lawful custody of digital assets; and
4	(B) engage in direct, peer-to-peer trans-
5	actions in digital assets with another individual
6	or entity for the individual's own lawful pur-
7	poses using a hardware wallet or software wallet,
8	if—
9	(i) such other individual or entity is
10	not a financial institution (as defined in
11	section 5312 of title 31, United States
12	Code); and
13	(ii) the transactions do not involve any
14	property or interests in property that are
15	blocked pursuant to, or are otherwise pro-
16	hibited by, United States sanctions.
17	(2) Application.—This subsection—
18	(A) applies solely to personal use by indi-
19	viduals; and
20	(B) does not apply to individuals acting in
21	a custodial or fiduciary capacity for others.
22	(3) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this
23	subsection shall be construed to limit the authority of
24	the Secretary of the Treasury, the Securities and Ex-
25	change Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading

1 Commission, the Board of Governors of the Federal 2 Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, the 3 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the Na-4 tional Credit Union Administration to carry out any enforcement action or special measure authorized 5 6 under applicable law, including— 7 (A) the Bank Secrecy Act, section 9714 of 8 the Combating Russian Money Laundering Act 9 (31 U.S.C. 5318A note), and section 7213A of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313a); 10 11 or 12 (B) any other law relating to illicit finance, 13 money laundering, terrorism financing. 14 United States sanctions. 15 (d) Joint Rulemaking, Procedures, or Guidance FOR DELISTING.—Not later than 180 days after the date 16 of the enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trad-17 ing Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, or guidance (as determined appropriate by the Commissions) regarding the process to delist an asset for trading under section 106 of this Act if the Commissions determine that the listing is inconsistent with the Commodity Exchange Act, the securities laws (including regulations under those laws), or this 25 *Act*.

1	(e) Joint Rules for Portfolio Margining Deter-
2	MINATIONS.—
3	(1) In general.—Not later than 360 days after
4	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commodity
5	Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and
6	Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules de-
7	scribing the process for persons registered with either
8	such Commission to seek a joint order or determina-
9	tion with respect to margin, customer protection, seg-
10	regation, or other requirements as necessary to facili-
11	tate portfolio margining of securities (including re-
12	lated extensions of credit), security-based swaps, con-
13	tracts for future delivery, options on a contract for fu-
14	ture delivery, swaps, and digital commodities, or any
15	subset thereof, in—
16	(A) a securities account carried by a reg-
17	istered broker or dealer or a security-based swap
18	account carried by a registered security-based
19	swap dealer;
20	(B) a futures or cleared swap account car-
21	ried by a registered futures commission mer-
22	chant;
23	(C) a swap account carried by a swap deal-
24	er; or

1	(D) a digital commodity account carried by
2	a registered digital commodity broker or digital
3	commodity dealer that is also registered in such
4	other capacity as is necessary to also carry the
5	other customer or counterparty positions being
6	held in the account.
7	(2) Process.—With respect to a joint order or
8	determination described in paragraph (1), the rules
9	required to be issued pursuant to paragraph (1) shall
10	require—
11	(A) the joint order or determination to be
12	issued only if the order or determination is in
13	the public interest and provides for the appro-
14	priate protection of customers;
15	(B) applicants to file a standard applica-
16	tion, in a form and manner determined by the
17	Securities and Exchange Commission and the
18	Commodity Futures Trading Commission, which
19	shall include the information necessary to make
20	the joint order or determination;
21	(C) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
23	mission to make a final determination not later
24	than 270 days after the filing of a completed ap-
25	plication;

1	(D) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
2	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
3	mission to consider the public interest of the
4	joint order or determination through the solicita-
5	tion of public comments; and
6	(E) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
7	sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
8	mission to consult with other relevant foreign or
9	domestic regulators, including the Board of Gov-
10	ernors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal
11	Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Office of
12	the Comptroller of the Currency, as appropriate.
13	SEC. 106. REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
14	CHANGES, BROKERS, AND DEALERS; PROVI-
15	SIONAL STATUS.
16	(a) Registration.—
17	(1) In general.—Unless exempted from reg-
18	istration under section 5k of the Commodity Ex-
19	change Act, a person shall not act as a digital com-
20	modity broker, digital commodity dealer, or digital
21	commodity exchange after the end of the 270-day pe-
22	
22	riod beginning on the date of the enactment of this

 $istered\ as\ a-\!\!\!\!-$ 

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1	(A) digital commodity broker pursuant to
2	section 4u of the Commodity Exchange Act;
3	(B) digital commodity dealer pursuant to
4	section 4u of the Commodity Exchange Act; or
5	(C) digital commodity exchange pursuant to
6	section 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act.
7	(2) Expedited process.—Not less than 270
8	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
9	Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall adopt,
10	by rule, regulation, or order, a process for expedited
11	registration of persons in provisional status pursuant
12	to subsection (b).
13	(b) Provisional Status.—
14	(1) In general.—A person who is registered in
15	accordance with subsection (a) of this section shall be
16	in provisional status until—
17	(A) in the case of a digital commodity
18	broker or dealer, 270 days after the final effective
19	date of the rulemakings required under section
20	4u of the Commodity Exchange Act; or
21	(B) in the case of a digital commodity ex-
22	change, 270 days after the final effective date of
23	the rulemakings required under section 5i of such
24	Act.

1 (2) Payment of fees.—A person in provisional 2 status shall pay all fees and penalties required under 3 section 410.

## (c) Operations Prior to Regulations.—

(1) REQUIREMENTS.—A person in provisional status shall apply and be subject to the statutory requirements of this Act and any rules or regulations promulgated under this Act, as applicable.

## (2) Listings.—

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- (A) In General.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person in provisional status may continue to offer, solicit, trade, facilitate, execute, clear, report, or otherwise deal in any digital asset offered on or through the facilities of the person before the date of registration under this section, until such time as the joint rule-making on definitions required under section 105(a) is effective.
- (B) Delisting.—Before the effective date of the joint rulemaking on definitions under section 105(a), person in provisional status shall cease offering, soliciting, trading, facilitating, executing, clearing, reporting, or otherwise dealing in any digital asset required to be delisted pur-

- suant to a joint delisting process established
   under section 105(d).
- 3 (3) Exemptive authority.—In order to pro-4 mote responsible innovation and fair competition, or 5 protect customers, the Commodity Futures Trading 6 Commission may exempt any persons or class of per-7 sons registered pursuant to subsection (a) and in pro-8 visional status pursuant to subsection (b) from any 9 requirements of this Act and any rules and regula-10 tions promulgated under this Act.
- 11 (d) Customer Disclosure Before Registra-12 tion.—
  - (1) In General.—Beginning 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any person acting as a digital commodity exchange, digital commodity broker, or digital commodity dealer shall disclose to the customers of the person so acting, in the disclosure documents, offering documents, and promotional material of the person so acting, in a prominent manner, that the person is not registered with or regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
    - (2) Expiration.—Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to any person who registers pursuant to subsection (a).

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1	SEC. 107. COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT AND SECURITIES
2	LAWS SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
3	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act shall affect or
4	apply to, or be interpreted to affect or apply to—
5	(1) any agreement, contract, or transaction that
6	is subject to the Commodity Exchange Act as—
7	(A) a contract of sale of a commodity for
8	future delivery or an option on such a contract;
9	$(B) \ a \ swap;$
10	(C) a security futures product;
11	(D) an option authorized under section 4c
12	$of\ such\ Act;$
13	(E) an agreement, contract, or transaction
14	described in section $2(c)(2)(C)(i)$ of such Act; or
15	(F) a leverage transaction authorized under
16	section 19 of such Act;
17	(2) any agreement, contract, or transaction that
18	is subject to the securities laws as—
19	(A) a security-based swap;
20	(B) a security futures product; or
21	(C) an option on or based on the value of
22	$a\ security;\ or$
23	(3) the activities of any person with respect to
24	any such agreement, contract, or transaction.
25	(b) Prohibitions on Spot Digital Commodity En-
26	TITIES.—Nothing in this Act authorizes, or shall be inter-

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1 preted to authorize, a digital commodity exchange, digital
   commodity broker, or digital commodity dealer to engage
   in any activities involving any transaction, contract, or
   agreement described in subsection (a)(1), solely by virtue
   of being registered as a digital commodity exchange, digital
   commodity broker, or digital commodity dealer.
 7
        (c) Definitions.—In this section, each term shall
   have the meaning provided in the Commodity Exchange Act
   or the regulations prescribed under such Act.
   SEC. 108. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS.
11
        Section 4c(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7)
    U.S.C.\ 6c(a)) is amended—
13
             (1) in paragraph (3)—
14
                  (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
15
             at the end;
                  (B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
16
17
             period and inserting "; or"; and
18
                  (C) by adding at the end the following:
19
                  "(D) a contract of sale of a digital com-
20
             modity.";
21
             (2) in paragraph (4)—
22
                  (A) in subparagraph (A)—
                      (i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
23
24
                  the end;
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1	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the pe-
2	riod and inserting "; or"; and
3	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
6	commodity.";
7	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
8	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
9	$the\ end;$
10	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the pe-
11	riod and inserting "; or"; and
12	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
15	commodity."; and
16	(C) in subparagraph (C)—
17	(i) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at
18	$the\ end;$
19	(ii) by striking "(iii) a swap, provided
20	however," and inserting the following:
21	"(iii) a swap; or
22	"(iv) a contract of sale of a digital
23	commodity,
24	provided, however,": and

1	(iii) by striking "clauses (i), (ii), or
2	(iii)" and insert "any of clauses (i) through
3	(iv)".
4	SEC. 109. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.
5	In order to promote greater consistency in effective and
6	consistent global regulation of digital assets, the Commodity
7	Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex-
8	change Commission, as appropriate—
9	(1) shall consult and coordinate with foreign reg-
10	ulatory authorities on the application of consistent
11	international standards with respect to the regulation
12	of digital assets; and
13	(2) may enter into such information-sharing ar-
14	rangements as may be deemed to be necessary or ap-
15	propriate in the public interest or for the protection
16	of investors, customers, and users of digital assets.
17	SEC. 110. APPLICATION OF THE BANK SECRECY ACT.
18	(a) In General.—Section 5312(c)(1)(A) of title 31,
19	United States Code, is amended—
20	(1) by inserting "digital commodity broker, dig-
21	ital commodity dealer," after "futures commission
22	merchant,"; and
23	(2) by inserting before the period the following:
24	"and any digital commodity exchange registered, or

1	required to register, under the Commodity Exchange
2	Act which permits direct customer access".
3	(b) GAO STUDY.—
4	(1) In general.—The Comptroller General of
5	the United States, in consultation with the Secretary
6	of the Treasury, shall conduct a study to—
7	(A) assess the risks posed by centralized
8	intermediaries that are primarily located in for-
9	eign jurisdictions that provide services to U.S.
10	persons without regulatory requirements that are
11	substantially similar to the requirements of the
12	Bank Secrecy Act; and
13	(B) provide any regulatory or legislative
14	recommendations to address these risks under
15	subparagraph (A).
16	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
18	shall issue a report to Congress containing all find-
19	ings and determinations made in carrying out the
20	study required under paragraph (1).
21	SEC. 111. IMPLEMENTATION.
22	(a) Global Rulemaking Timeframe.—Unless other-
23	wise provided in this Act or an amendment made by this
24	Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the
25	Securities and Exchange Commission, or both, shall indi-

1	vidually, and jointly where required, promulgate rules and
2	regulations required of each Commission under this Act or
3	an amendment made by this Act not later than 360 days
4	after the date of enactment of this Act.
5	(b) Rules and Registration Before Final Effec-
6	TIVE DATES.—
7	(1) In general.—In order to prepare for the
8	implementation of this Act, the Commodity Futures
9	Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex-
10	change Commission may, before any effective date
11	provided in this Act—
12	(A) promulgate rules, regulations, or orders
13	permitted or required by this Act;
14	(B) conduct studies and prepare reports
15	and recommendations required by this Act;
16	(C) register persons under this Act; and
17	(D) exempt persons, agreements, contracts,
18	or transactions from provisions of this Act,
19	under the terms contained in this Act.
20	(2) Limitation on effectiveness.—An action
21	by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission or
22	the Securities and Exchange Commission under para-
23	graph (1) shall not become effective before the effective
24	date otherwise applicable to the action under this Act.

## 1 TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF 2 DIGITAL COMMODITIES

3	SEC. 201. TREATMENT OF INVESTMENT CONTRACT ASSETS.
4	(a) Securities Act of 1933.—Section 2(a) of the Se-
5	curities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)), as amended by sec-
6	tion 101, is further amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the
8	following: "The term 'investment contract' does not
9	include an investment contract asset."; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(36) The term 'investment contract asset' means
12	a digital commodity—
13	"(A) that can be exclusively possessed and
14	transferred, person to person, without necessary
15	reliance on an intermediary, and is recorded on
16	a blockchain; and
17	"(B) sold or otherwise transferred, or in-
18	tended to be sold or otherwise transferred, pursu-
19	ant to an investment contract.".
20	(b) Investment Advisers Act of 1940.—Section
21	202(a)(18) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
22	U.S.C. 80b-2(a)(18)) is amended by adding at the end the
23	following: "The term 'investment contract' does not include
24	an investment contract asset (as such term is defined under
25	section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933) "

- 1 (c) Investment Company Act of 1940.—Section
- 2 2(a)(36) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 3 80a-2(a)(36)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 4 lowing: "The term 'investment contract' does not include
- 5 an investment contract asset (as such term is defined under
- 6 section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933).".
- 7 (d) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section
- 8 3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
- 9 78c(a)(10)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "The term 'investment contract' does not include an invest-
- 11 ment contract asset (as such term is defined under section
- 12 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933).".
- 13 (e) Securities Investor Protection Act of
- 14 1970.—Section 16(14) of the Securities Investor Protection
- 15 Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78lll(14)) is amended by adding
- 16 at the end the following: "The term 'investment contract'
- 17 does not include an investment contract asset (as such term
- 18 is defined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of
- 19 1933).".
- 20 SEC. 202. EXEMPTED PRIMARY TRANSACTIONS IN DIGITAL
- 21 **COMMODITIES.**
- 22 (a) In General.—The Securities Act of 1933 (15
- 23 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) is amended—
- 24 (1) in section 4(a), by adding at the end the fol-
- 25 lowing:

1	"(8) the offer or sale of an investment contract
2	involving units of a digital commodity by its digital
3	commodity issuer (including all entities controlled by
4	or under common control with the issuer), if—
5	"(A) the blockchain system to which the dig-
6	ital commodity relates, together with the digital
7	commodity, is certified as a mature blockchain
8	system under section 42 of the Securities Ex-
9	change Act of 1934 or the issuer intends for the
10	blockchain system to which the digital com-
11	modity relates to be a mature blockchain system
12	by the later of—
13	"(i) the date that is four years after
14	the first sale of the investment contract in-
15	volving such digital commodity; or
16	"(ii) the date that is four years after
17	the effective date of this paragraph;
18	"(B) the sum of all cash and other consider-
19	ation to be received by the digital commodity
20	issuer in reliance on the exemption provided
21	under this paragraph, during the 12-month pe-
22	riod preceding the date of such offering, includ-
23	ing the amount received in such offering, is not
24	more than \$75,000,000 (as such amount is annu-
25	ally adjusted by the Commission to reflect the

1	change in the Consumer Price Index for All
2	Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of
3	Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor);
4	"(C) after the completion of the transaction,
5	a purchaser does not own more than 10 percent
6	of the total amount of the outstanding units of
7	$the \ digital \ commodity;$
8	"(D) the transaction does not involve the
9	offer or sale of an investment contract involving
10	units of a digital commodity by its digital com-
11	modity issuer that—
12	"(i) is not organized under the laws of
13	a State, a territory of the United States, or
14	the District of Columbia;
15	"(ii) is a development stage company
16	that either—
17	"(I) has no specific business plan
18	or purpose; or
19	"(II) has indicated that the busi-
20	ness plan of the company is to merge
21	with or acquire an unidentified com-
22	pany;
23	"(iii) is an investment company, as
24	defined in section 3 of the Investment Com-
25	pany Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or is

1	excluded from the definition of investment
2	company by section $3(b)$ or section $3(c)$ of
3	that Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
4	"(iv) is issuing fractional undivided
5	interests in oil or gas rights, or a similar
6	interest in other mineral rights;
7	"(v) is, or has been, subject to any
8	order of the Commission entered pursuant
9	to section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange
10	Act of 1934 during the 5-year period before
11	the filing of the offering statement; or
12	"(vi) is disqualified pursuant to sec-
13	tion 230.262 of title 17, Code of Federal
14	Regulations; and
15	"(E) the issuer meets the requirements of
16	section $4B(b)$ ."; and
17	(2) by inserting after section 4A the following:
18	"SEC. 4B. REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN DIG-
19	ITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.
20	"(a) Commission Jurisdiction.—For the purposes of
21	this section:
22	"(1) The Commission shall have jurisdiction and
23	enforcement authority with respect to disclosures de-
24	scribed in this section.

"(2) Section 17 shall apply to a statement made
in an offering statement, disclosure, or report filed
under this section to the same extent as such section
17 applies to a statement made in any other offering
statement, disclosure, or report filed under this Act.
(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY
ISSUERS.—

"(1) Terms and conditions.—A digital commodity issuer offering or selling an investment contract involving units of a digital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall file with the Commission an offering statement and any related documents, in such form and with such content as prescribed by the Commission, including financial information, a description of the issuer and the operations of the issuer, the financial condition of the issuer, a description of the plan of distribution of any unit of a digital commodity that is to be offered as well as the intended use of the offering proceeds, and a description of the development plan for the blockchain system, and the related digital commodity, to become a mature blockchain system, if such blockchain system is not already certified as a mature blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seg.).

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"(2) Information required for pur-Chasers.—A digital commodity issuer that has filed a statement under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an investment contract involving a unit of a digital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall include in such statement the following information:

"(A) MATURITY STATUS.—Whether the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates has been certified as a mature blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) and, where such blockchain system is not so certified, a statement of the digital commodity issuer's intent for the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates to be a mature blockchain system within the time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A).

"(B) Source code, or a publicly accessible webpage displaying such source code, for any blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates, and whether the source code was sourced from an external third party, whether there are any existing external dependencies, and whether the code underwent a third-party security audit.

1	"(C) Transaction history.—A descrip-
2	tion of the steps necessary to independently ac-
3	cess, search, and verify the transaction history of
4	any blockchain system to which the digital com-
5	modity relates, to the extent any such inde-
6	pendent access, search, and verification activities
7	are technically feasible with respect to such
8	blockchain system.
9	"(D) Digital commodity economics.—A
10	description of the purpose of any blockchain sys-
11	tem to which the digital commodity relates and
12	the operation of any such blockchain system, in-
13	cluding—
14	"(i) information explaining the launch
15	and supply process, including the number of
16	units of the digital commodity to be issued
17	in an initial allocation, the total number of
18	units of the digital commodity to be created,
19	the release schedule for the units of the dig-
20	ital commodity, and the total number of
21	units of the digital commodity outstanding;
22	"(ii) information explaining the tech-
23	nical requirements for holding, accessing,
24	and transferring the digital commodity;

1	"(iii) information on any applicable
2	consensus mechanism or process for vali-
3	dating transactions, method of generating
4	or mining digital commodities, and any
5	process for burning or destroying units of
6	the digital commodity on the blockchain
7	system;
8	"(iv) an explanation of any mecha-
9	nism for driving value to the digital com-
10	modity of such blockchain system; and
11	"(v) an explanation of governance
12	mechanisms for implementing changes to
13	the blockchain system or forming consensus
14	among holders of units of such digital com-
15	modity.
16	"(E) Plan of Development.—The current
17	state and timeline for the development of any
18	blockchain system to which the digital com-
19	modity relates, detailing how and when the
20	blockchain system is intended to be a mature
21	blockchain system, if the blockchain system is not
22	yet certified as a mature blockchain system, and
23	the various roles that exist or are intended to

exist in connection with the blockchain system,

such as users, service providers, developers,

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1 transaction validators, and governance partici-2 pants, including a discussion of any mechanisms by which control or authority are exerted with 3 4 respect to the blockchain system or its related 5 digital commodity, and any critical operational 6 dependencies of the blockchain system or its re-7 lated digital commodity. 8 "(F) Ownership disclosures.— 9 "(i) In general.—A list of all persons 10 who are digital commodity related persons 11 or digital commodity affiliated persons who 12 have been issued a unit of the digital com-13 modity by the digital commodity issuer or 14 have a right to a unit of the digital com-15 modity from the digital commodity issuer. 16 "(ii) Confidentiality.—The Commis-17 sion shall keep each list described under 18 clause (i) confidential, consistent with what 19 is necessary or appropriate in the public 20 interest or for the protection of investors. "(G) RISK FACTOR DISCLOSURES.—A de-21 22 scription of the material risks surrounding own-23 ership of a unit of a digital commodity. "(3) Ongoing disclosure requirements for 24 25 MATURING BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.—Subject to para-

1	graph (5), the issuer of a digital commodity related
2	to a blockchain system that is not yet certified as a
3	mature blockchain system that has filed a statement
4	under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an investment
5	contract involving a unit of a digital commodity in
6	reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall file the following with
7	the Commission:
8	"(A) Semiannual reports.—Every 6
9	months, a report containing—
10	"(i) an updated description of the cur-
11	rent state and timeline for the development
12	of the blockchain system to which the digital
13	commodity relates, showing how and when
14	the blockchain is intended to be a mature
15	$block chain\ system;$
16	"(ii) a description of the efforts of the
17	issuer and digital commodity related per-
18	sons in developing the blockchain system to
19	which the digital commodity relates; and
20	"(iii) the amount of money raised by
21	the digital commodity issuer in reliance on
22	section $4(a)(8)$ , how much of that money
23	has been spent, and the general categories of
24	activities for which that money has been
25	spent and amounts spent per category.

"(B) CURRENT REPORTS.—A current report reflecting any material changes relevant to the information previously reported to the Commis-sion by the digital commodity issuer, which shall be filed as soon as practicable after the material change occurred, in accordance with such rules as the Commission may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the pro-tection of investors.

- "(4) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall prescribe rules on requirements applicable to issuers of digital commodities in reliance on section 4(a)(8).
- "(5) Termination of Certain Reporting Re-Quirements; Post-maturity Reporting Require-Ments.—
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—The ongoing reporting requirements under paragraph (3) shall not apply to a digital commodity issuer 180 days after the end of the covered fiscal year, if the information with respect to the digital commodity and the blockchain system to which it relates described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph (2) is made publicly available and

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the disclosure requirements under subparagraph
(C) of this paragraph are satisfied.

"(B) Covered fiscal year of a digital commodity, the first fiscal year of a digital commodity issuer in which the blockchain system to which such digital commodity relates is certified as a mature blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

"(C) Post-maturity reporting require-Ments.—After the blockchain system to which a digital commodity relates is certified as a mature blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, any digital commodity issuer that has filed a statement under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an investment contract involving a unit of a digital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) and is engaged in material ongoing efforts related to the mature blockchain system shall disclose, in a manner reasonably calculated to inform the public, and at such frequency as the Commission may prescribe, by rule, a description of such efforts, including—

1	"(i) any participation in a decentral-
2	ized governance system of such blockchain
3	system;
4	"(ii) any participation in alterations
5	or proposed alterations to the functionality
6	or operation of such blockchain system;
7	"(iii) the use or planned use of any
8	funds raised in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$
9	or any rulemaking pursuant to section
10	202(d) of the CLARITY Act of 2025 in such
11	$\it efforts;$
12	"(iv) the amount of units of the digital
13	commodity, or rights thereto, owned and
14	controlled by such issuer and any use, sale,
15	trading, or other disposition thereof; and
16	"(v) any affiliations of such issuer ma-
17	terial to the efforts of such issuer.
18	"(D) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
19	subparagraph (C) may be construed to make any
20	digital commodity described in such subpara-
21	graph a security.
22	"(c) Requirements for Intermediaries.—A per-
23	son acting as an intermediary in connection with the offer
24	or sale of an investment contract involving units of a dig-
25	ital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall—

1	"(1) register with the Commission as a broker or
2	dealer; and
3	"(2) be a member of a national securities asso-
4	ciation registered under section 15A of the Securities
5	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780-3).
6	"(d) Disqualification Provisions.—The Commis-
7	sion shall issue rules to apply the disqualification provi-
8	sions under section 230.262 of title 17, Code of Federal Reg-
9	ulations, to the exemption provided under section 4(a)(8).
10	"(e) Failure To Mature.—
11	"(1) In general.—Not later than 270 days
12	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
13	Commission shall issue rules applying such addi-
14	tional obligations and disclosures for the digital com-
15	modity issuers, digital commodity related persons,
16	and digital commodity affiliated persons of a
17	block chain $system$ $described$ $under$ $subsection$ $(b)(1)$
18	that does not become a mature blockchain system
19	within the time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A)
20	as are necessary or appropriate in the public interest
21	or for the protection of investors. Such obligations
22	and disclosures shall include the following:
23	"(A) DISCLOSURES.—Disclosures regarding
24	$\it the\ following:$

1	"(i) Failure to mature.—The mate-
2	rial reasons that the blockchain system has
3	not become a mature blockchain system
4	within the time period described in section
5	4(a)(8)(A).
6	"(ii) Development plans.—The fu-
7	ture plans of development of the blockchain
8	system, including information required
9	under subsection $(b)(3)$ .
10	"(iii) Risk factor disclosures.—
11	The material risks surrounding ownership
12	of a unit of a digital commodity that relates
13	to a blockchain system described under sub-
14	section (b)(1) that has not become a mature
15	blockchain system within the time period
16	described in section $4(a)(8)(A)$ .
17	"(B) Obligations.—Transaction reporting
18	and beneficial ownership disclosure obligations
19	applicable to digital commodity related persons
20	and digital commodity affiliated persons of such
21	$block chain\ system.$
22	"(2) Qualification required.—The Commis-
23	sion may not permit any additional raising of cap-
24	ital by the issuer of a digital commodity related to a
25	blockchain system described under subsection (a)(1)

1	that has not become a mature blockchain system with-
2	in the time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A) un-
3	less the Commission has qualified any offering state-
4	ment related to such additional raising of capital.".
5	(b) Additional Exemptions.—
6	(1) Certain registration requirements.—
7	Section $12(g)(6)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of
8	1934 (15 U.S.C. $78l(g)(6)$ ) is amended by striking
9	"under section 4(6)" and inserting "under section
10	4(a)(6)  or  4(a)(8)".
11	(2) Exemption from state regulation.—Sec-
12	tion 18(b)(4) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
13	77r(b)(4)) is amended—
14	(A) in section (B), by striking "section
15	4(4)" and inserting "section 4(a)(4)";
16	(B) in section (C), by striking "section
17	4(6)" and inserting "section 4(a)(6)";
18	$(C)\ in\ subparagraph\ (F)$ —
19	(i) by striking "section 4(2)" each
20	place such term appears and inserting "sec-
21	tion $4(a)(2)$ "; and
22	(ii) by striking "or" at the end;
23	(D) in subparagraph (G), by striking the
24	period and inserting "; or"; and
25	(E) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(H) section $4(a)(8)$ .".
2	(c) Prior Issuers.—
3	(1) Reporting exception.—With respect to a
4	digital commodity, the digital commodity issuer shall
5	not be required to file the reports otherwise required
6	under section $4B(b)(3)$ of the Securities Act of 1933
7	(or, with respect to a digital commodity not issued in
8	reliance on section 4(a)(8) of the Securities Act of
9	1933, a comparable set of reports specified by the Se-
10	curities and Exchange Commission), if the digital
11	commodity issuer—
12	(A) last offered or sold an investment con-
13	tract involving a unit of the digital commodity
14	prior to January 1, 2020; or
15	(B) both—
16	(i) last offered or sold an investment
17	contract involving a unit of the digital com-
18	modity between January 1, 2020, and June
19	1, 2025; and
20	(ii) is no longer engaged in material
21	ongoing efforts related to the blockchain sys-
22	tem to which the digital commodity relates.
23	(2) Reporting application date for certain
24	PRIOR ISSUERS.—With respect to a digital com-
25	modity, if the digital commodity issuer is engaged in

material ongoing efforts related to the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates and last offered and sold an investment contract involving a unit of the digital commodity between January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, the digital commodity issuer shall file with the Commission a comparable set of reports to the reports described under, as applicable, section 4B(b)(3) or 4B(b)(5)(C) of the Securities Act of 1933, where required by the Commission, not later than one year after the effective date of this section.

(d) USE OF OTHER EXEMPTIONS.—

- (1) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section or the amendments made by this section may be construed as prohibiting the offer or sale of an investment contract involving units of a digital commodity in reliance on an exemption provided under section 3, 4(a), or 19 of the Securities Act of 1933 other than that provided under section 4(a)(8) of the Securities Act of 1933.
- (2) Rulemaking.—The Securities and Exchange Commission may issue rules—
  - (A) to permit the issuer of a digital commodity related to a blockchain system described under section 4B(b)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 that has not become a mature blockchain

1	system within the time period described in sec-
2	tion 4(a)(8)(A) of such Act to raise capital pur-
3	suant to an exempt offering, if the Commission
4	qualifies any offering statement related to such
5	raising of capital; and
6	(B) for the offer and sale of investment con-
7	tracts involving units of a digital commodity by
8	issuers that are not organized under the laws of
9	a State, a territory of the United States, or the
10	District of Columbia.
11	SEC. 203. TREATMENT OF SECONDARY TRANSACTIONS IN
12	DIGITAL COMMODITIES THAT ORIGINALLY IN-
13	VOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.
14	(a) Secondary Market Treatment.—Notwith-
15	standing any other provision of law, the offer or sale of a
16	digital commodity that originally involved an investment
17	contract by a person other than the issuer of such digital
18	commodity, or an agent or underwriter thereof, shall be
19	deemed not to be an offer or sale of the investment contract
20	originally involving the digital commodity between the
21	issuer of the investment contract involving the digital com-
22	modity, or an agent or underwriter thereof, and the pur-
23	chaser of such digital commodity under—
24	(1) the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et
25	sea.):

1	(2) the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
2	U.S.C. 80b-1 et seq.);
3	(3) the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
4	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.);
5	(4) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
6	U.S.C. 78a et seq.);
7	(5) the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970
8	(15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.); and
9	(6) any applicable provisions of State law.
10	(b) End User Distributions Not an Offer or
11	Sale of a Security.—An end user distribution does not
12	involve the offer or sale of a security.
13	(c) AGENT DEFINED.—In this section and with respect
14	to a digital commodity issuer, the term "agent" means any
15	person directly or indirectly controlled by the issuer or
16	under direct or indirect common control with the issuer.
17	SEC. 204. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG-
18	ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY
19	RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM-
20	MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.
21	The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.), as
22	amended by section 202, is further amended by inserting
23	after section 4B the following:

1	"SEC. 4C. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG-
2	ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY
3	RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM-
4	MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.
5	"(a) In General.—It shall be a violation of this Act
6	for a digital commodity affiliated person or a digital com-
7	modity related person to offer or sell a digital commodity
8	acquired directly from its issuer, or an agent or underwriter
9	thereof, pursuant to an investment contract in reliance on
10	section 4(a)(8) or another exemption under this Act, other
11	than as provided in this section.
12	"(b) Commission Jurisdiction.—
13	"(1) Where a digital commodity affiliated person
14	or a digital commodity related person offers or sells
15	a digital commodity acquired directly from its issuer,
16	or an agent or underwriter thereof, pursuant to an
17	investment contract in reliance on section $4(a)(8)$ , or
18	another exemption under this Act, other than as pro-
19	vided in this section, such digital commodity affili-
20	ated person or digital commodity related person shall
21	be considered an issuer of such investment contract.
22	"(2) For the purposes of this section, the Com-
23	mission shall have jurisdiction and enforcement au-
24	thority with respect to an offer or sale of a digital
25	commodity described in subsection (a).

1	"(c) Restrictions on Digital Commodity Related
2	Persons and Digital Commodity Affiliated Per-
3	SONS.—
4	"(1) Prior to being a mature blockchain
5	System.—Prior to the blockchain system to which a
6	digital commodity relates being certified as a mature
7	blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities
8	Exchange Act of 1934, units of the digital commodity
9	acquired by a digital commodity related person or
10	digital commodity affiliated person directly from its
11	issuer, or an agent or underwriter thereof, pursuant
12	to an investment contract in reliance on section
13	4(a)(8), or another exemption under this Act, may be
14	offered or sold by such digital commodity related per-
15	son or digital commodity affiliated person if—
16	"(A) reports with respect to such digital
17	commodity, where required under section
18	4B(b)(3) (or, with respect to a digital commodity
19	not issued in reliance on section 4(a)(8), a com-
20	parable set of reports where required by the Com-
21	mission) have been filed with the Commission;
22	"(B) the digital commodity related person
23	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
24	the units for not less than 12 months from the
25	date the units were delivered: and

1	"(C) the aggregate amount of the units of
2	the digital commodity offered or sold by the dig-
3	ital commodity related person or digital com-
4	modity affiliated person is—
5	"(i) in any 12-month period, not
6	greater than 15 percent of the total units of
7	the digital commodity acquired directly
8	from its issuer by the digital commodity re-
9	lated person or digital commodity affiliated
10	person; and
11	"(ii) not greater than 50 percent of the
12	total units of the digital commodity ac-
13	quired directly from its issuer by the digital
14	commodity related person or digital com-
15	modity affiliated person.
16	"(2) After becoming a mature blockchain
17	System.—After the blockchain system to which a dig-
18	ital commodity relates is certified as a mature
19	blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities
20	Exchange Act of 1934, units of the digital commodity
21	acquired by a digital commodity related person or
22	digital commodity affiliated person directly from its
23	issuer, or the issuer's agent or underwriter, pursuant

to an investment contract in reliance on section

24

1	4(a)(8) or another exemption under this Act, may
2	be—
3	"(A) offered or sold by a digital commodity
4	related person; or
5	"(B) offered or sold by a digital commodity
6	affiliated person if—
7	"(i) information described in section
8	4B(b)(5)(C), where required (or, with re-
9	spect to a digital commodity not issued in
10	reliance on section $4(a)(8)$ , a comparable set
11	of information, where required) is publicly
12	available;
13	"(ii) the digital commodity affiliated
14	person has held the units for not less than
15	the earlier of—
16	"(I) 12 months from the date the
17	units were delivered; or
18	"(II) 3 months following the date
19	on which the blockchain system is cer-
20	tified as a mature blockchain system
21	under section 42 of the Securities Ex-
22	change Act of 1934; and
23	"(iii) the aggregate amount of the
24	units of the digital commodity offered or
25	sold by the digital commodity affiliated per-

1	son in any 12-month period does not exceed
2	the greater of—
3	"(I) 8 percent of the total out-
4	standing amount of the digital com-
5	$modity;\ or$
6	"(II) 25 percent of the total units
7	of the digital commodity acquired di-
8	rectly from its issuer by the digital
9	commodity affiliated person.
10	"(d) Use of a Digital Commodity in the Pro-
11	GRAMMATIC FUNCTIONING OF THE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—
12	For purposes of this section, the use of a digital commodity
13	in the programmatic functioning of the blockchain system
14	to which it relates is not an offer or sale of a digital com-
15	modity.
16	"(e) Manipulative and Deceptive Devices; Re-
17	PORTING.—
18	"(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
19	digital commodity issuer, digital commodity related
20	person, or digital commodity affiliated person, di-
21	rectly or indirectly, by the use of any means or in-
22	strumentality of interstate commerce or of the mails,
23	to use or employ, in connection with the purchase or
24	sale of any digital commodity, any manipulative or
25	deceptive device or contrivance in contravention of

- such rules and regulations as the Commission may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.
  - "(2) Affirmative defense.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall issue rules to implement paragraph (1), including by providing any affirmative defenses to an enforcement action thereunder as the Commission may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.
    - "(3) REPORTING.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall issue rules to prescribe such transaction reporting and beneficial ownership disclosure obligations applicable to digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons, as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.
    - "(4) DIFFERENTIATION BETWEEN PERSONS.—In issuing rules required under paragraphs (2) and (3), the Commission shall differentiate between digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.

1	"(f) Rules for Previously-Issued Digital Com-
2	MODITIES.—
3	"(1) Units received prior to January 1,
4	2020.—If a unit of a digital commodity was received
5	by a digital commodity related person or digital com-
6	modity affiliated person prior to January 1, 2020,
7	the unit of the digital commodity may be offered or
8	sold by the digital commodity related person or dig-
9	ital commodity affiliated person without condition.
10	"(2) CERTAIN UNITS RELATED TO A NON-MA-
11	TURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—If a unit of a digital
12	commodity was received by a digital commodity re-
13	lated person or digital commodity affiliated person
14	between January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, and the
15	blockchain system to which the digital commodity re-
16	lates is not certified as a mature blockchain system
17	under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of
18	1934, the unit of the digital asset may be offered or
19	sold by a digital commodity related person or digital
20	commodity affiliated person if—
21	"(A) reports with respect to such digital
22	commodity comparable to the reports described

"(A) reports with respect to such digital commodity comparable to the reports described under section 4B(b)(3), where required by the Commission, have been filed with the Commission;

1	"(B) the digital commodity related person
2	or digital commodity affiliated person meets any
3	requirements pursuant to subsection (e)(3); and
4	"(C) the digital commodity related person
5	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
6	the units for not less than 12 months from the
7	date the units were delivered.
8	"(3) CERTAIN UNITS RELATED TO A MATURE
9	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—If a unit of a digital com-
10	modity was received by a digital commodity related
11	person or digital commodity affiliated person between
12	January 1, 2020, and June 1, 2025, and the
13	blockchain system to which the digital commodity re-
14	lates is certified as a mature blockchain system under
15	section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, it
16	may be offered or sold by a digital commodity related
17	person or digital commodity affiliated person if—
18	"(A) information described in section
19	4B(b)(5)(C) or comparable thereto, where re-
20	quired by the Commission, is publicly available;
21	and
22	"(B) the digital commodity related person
23	or digital commodity affiliated person has held
24	the units for not less than 12 months from the
25	date the units were delivered.

1	"(g) Rulemaking on Further Usage of Digital
2	Commodities.—Not later than 270 days after the date of
3	enactment of this section, the Commission may issue rules
4	to exempt, unconditionally or on stated terms or conditions,
5	a digital commodity related person or a digital commodity
6	affiliated person from the requirements of this section for
7	the offer or sale of a digital commodity in order to foster
8	the development of mature blockchain systems and fair and
9	orderly markets.".
10	SEC. 205. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.
11	Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
12	U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
13	following:
14	"SEC. 42. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.
15	"(a) Certification of Blockchain Systems.—
16	"(1) Certification.—For purposes of sections
17	4(a)(8), 4B, and 4C of the Securities Act of 1933 any
18	digital commodity issuer, digital commodity related
19	person, digital commodity affiliated person, or decen-
20	tralized governance system of the blockchain system
21	may certify to the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion that the blockchain system to which a digital
23	commodity relates is a mature blockchain system.
24	"(2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.—A certification de-
25	scribed under paragraph (1) shall be filed with the

1	Commission, and include such information that is
2	reasonably necessary to establish that the blockchain
3	system is not controlled by any person or group of
4	persons under common control, which may include
5	information regarding—
6	"(A) the operation of the blockchain system;
7	"(B) the functionality of the related digital
8	commodity;
9	"(C) how the market value of the digital
10	commodity is substantially derived from the pro-
11	grammatic functioning of such blockchain sys-
12	tem;
13	"(D) any decentralized governance system
14	which relates to the blockchain system; and
15	"(E) the current roles, if any, of the digital
16	commodity issuer, digital commodity affiliated
17	persons, and digital commodity related persons
18	where such roles are material to the development
19	or operation of such blockchain system or the de-
20	centralized governance system of such blockchain
21	system.
22	"(3) Rebuttable presumption.—The Commis-
23	sion may rebut a certification described under para-
24	graph (1) with respect to a blockchain system if the
25	Commission, within 60 days of receiving such certifi-

1	cation, determines that the blockchain system is not
2	a mature blockchain system.
3	"(4) Certification review.—
4	"(A) In general.—Any blockchain system
5	that relates to a digital commodity for which a
6	certification has been made under paragraph (1)
7	shall be considered a mature blockchain system
8	60 days after the date on which the Commission
9	receives a certification under paragraph (1), un-
10	less the Commission notifies the person who
11	made the certification within such time that the
12	Commission is staying the certification due to—
13	"(i) an inadequate explanation by the
14	person making the certification; or
15	"(ii) any novel or complex issues which
16	require additional time to consider.
17	"(B) Public Notice.—The Commission
18	shall make the following available to the public
19	and provide a copy to the Commodity Futures
20	Trading Commission:
21	"(i) Each certification received under
22	paragraph (1).
23	"(ii) Each stay of the Commission
24	under this subsection, and the reasons there-
25	for.

1	"(iii) Any response from a person
2	making a certification under paragraph (1)
3	to a stay of the certification by the Commis-
4	sion.
5	"(C) Consolidation.—The Commission
6	may consolidate and treat as one submission
7	multiple certifications made under paragraph
8	(1) for the same blockchain system which relates
9	to a digital commodity which are received dur-
10	ing the review period provided under this para-
11	graph.
12	"(5) Stay of certification.—
13	"(A) In general.—A notification by the
14	Commission pursuant to paragraph (4)(A) shall
15	stay the certification once for up to an addi-
16	tional 120 days from the date of the notification.
17	"(B) Public comment period.—Before the
18	end of the 60-day period described under para-
19	graph (4)(A), the Commission may begin a pub-
20	lic comment period of at least 30 days in con-
21	junction with a stay under this subsection.
22	"(6) Disposition of Certification.—A certifi-
23	cation made under paragraph (1) shall—
24	"(A) become effective—

1	"(i) upon the publication of a notifica-
2	tion from the Commission to the person who
3	made the certification that the Commission
4	does not object to the certification; or
5	"(ii) at the expiration of the certifi-
6	cation review period; and
7	"(B) not become effective upon the publica-
8	tion of a notification from the Commission to the
9	person who made the certification that the Com-
10	mission has rebutted the certification.
11	"(7) Recertification.—With respect to a
12	blockchain system for which a certification has been
13	rebutted under this subsection, no person may make
14	a certification under paragraph (1) with respect to
15	such blockchain system during the 90-day period be-
16	ginning on the date of such rebuttal.
17	"(8) APPEAL OF REBUTTAL.—
18	"(A) In general.—If a certification is re-
19	butted under this section, the person making
20	such certification may appeal the decision to the
21	United States Court of Appeals for the District
22	of Columbia, not later than 60 days after the no-
23	tice of rebuttal is made.
24	"(B) Review.—In an appeal under sub-
25	paragraph (A), the court shall have de novo re-

view of the determination to rebut the certification.

## "(b) Maturity Criteria.—

- "(1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of the Congress that protecting investors, maintaining fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and facilitating capital formation necessitates establishing clear criteria for blockchain systems to be deemed mature, as well as enabling the Commission to develop, without prejudice to any such criteria codified in statute, alternative criteria by which blockchain systems may be considered not to be controlled by any person or group of persons under common control in order to accommodate changes in markets and technology.
- "(2) In General.—The Commission may issue rules identifying conditions by which a blockchain system, together with its related digital commodity, shall be considered a mature blockchain system, consistent with the protection of investors, maintenance of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and the facilitation of capital formation.

## "(3) Rules of construction.—

"(A) Nothing in this subsection may be construed to permit the Commission to impose additional criteria to the criteria in subsection (c) for

1	certifying that a blockchain system is a mature
2	blockchain system pursuant to subsection (c).
3	"(B) Nothing in this subsection or sub-
4	section (c) may be construed to limit the Com-
5	mission's ability to identify alternative condi-
6	tions and criteria by which a blockchain system
7	may be considered a mature blockchain system.
8	"(c) Deemed Mature.—
9	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsection
10	(b), for the purposes of subsection (a), a digital com-
11	modity issuer, digital commodity related person, dig-
12	ital commodity affiliated person, or decentralized gov-
13	ernance system of the blockchain system may establish
14	that a blockchain system, together with its related
15	digital commodity, is not controlled by any person or
16	group of persons under common control, if the
17	blockchain system, together with its related digital
18	asset, meets the requirements described in paragraph
19	(2) or (3).
20	"(2) Criteria for any blockchain system.—
21	The requirements described in this paragraph are the
22	following:
23	"(A) System value.—
24	"(i) Market value.—The digital
25	commodity has a value that is substantially

1	derived from the adoption, use, and func-
2	tioning of the blockchain system.
3	"(ii) Development of value mecha-
4	NISM SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETED.—Where
5	the digital commodity issuer has made pub-
6	lic a development plan describing how the
7	digital commodity's value is reasonably ex-
8	pected to be derived from the programmatic
9	functioning of the blockchain system, the de-
10	velopment of such mechanisms has been sub-
11	stantially completed.
12	"(B) Functional system.—The blockchain
13	system allows network participants to engage in
14	the activities the blockchain system is intended to
15	provide, including—
16	"(i) using, transmitting, or storing
17	value, or otherwise executing transactions,
18	on the blockchain system;
19	"(ii) deploying, executing, or accessing
20	software or services, or otherwise offering or
21	participating in services, deployed on or in-
22	tegrated with the blockchain system;
23	"(iii) participating in the consensus
24	mechanism, transaction validation process,

1	or decentralized governance system of the
2	blockchain system; or
3	"(iv) operating any client, node,
4	validator, sequencer, or other form of com-
5	putational infrastructure with respect to the
6	blockchain system.
7	"(C) Open and interoperable system.—
8	The blockchain system—
9	"(i) is composed of source code that is
10	open source; and
11	"(ii) does not restrict or prohibit based
12	on the exercise of unilateral authority any
13	person, other than a digital commodity
14	issuer, digital commodity related person, or
15	a digital commodity affiliated person from
16	engaging in the activities the blockchain
17	system is intended to provide, including the
18	activities described in subparagraph (B).
19	"(D) PROGRAMMATIC SYSTEM.—The
20	blockchain system operates, executes, and enforces
21	its operations and transactions based solely on
22	pre-established, transparent rules encoded di-
23	rectly within the source code of the blockchain
24	system.

1	"(E) System governance.—No person or
2	group of persons under common control—
3	"(i) has the unilateral authority, di-
4	rectly or indirectly, through any contract,
5	arrangement, understanding, relationship,
6	or otherwise, to control or materially alter
7	the functionality, operation, or rules of con-
8	sensus or agreement of the blockchain sys-
9	tem or its related digital commodity; or
10	"(ii) has the unilateral authority to di-
11	rect the voting, in the aggregate, of 20 per-
12	cent or more of the outstanding voting
13	power of such blockchain system by means
14	of a related digital commodity, nodes or
15	validators, a decentralized governance sys-
16	tem, or otherwise, in a blockchain system
17	which can be altered by a voting system.
18	"(F) Impartial system.—No person or
19	group of persons under common control possesses
20	a unique permission or privilege to alter the
21	functionality, operation, or rules of consensus or
22	agreement of the blockchain system or its related
23	digital commodity, unless such alteration—
24	"(i) addresses errors, regular mainte-
25	nance, or cybersecurity risks of the

1	blockchain system that affect the pro-
2	grammatic functioning of the blockchain
3	system; and
4	"(ii) is adopted through the consensus
5	or agreement of a decentralized governance
6	system.
7	"(G) Distributed ownership.—No dig-
8	ital commodity issuer, digital commodity related
9	person, or digital commodity affiliated person
10	beneficially owns, in the aggregate, 20 percent or
11	more of the total amount of units of the digital
12	commodity.
13	"(3) Optional criteria for preexisting
14	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.—The requirements described
15	in this paragraph are that the blockchain system—
16	"(A) was created prior to the date of enact-
17	ment of this section;
18	"(B) met the requirements of subparagraphs
19	(A) through (F) of paragraph (2) prior to Janu-
20	ary 1, 2020; and
21	"(C) at least 50 percent of the units of the
22	digital commodity related to the blockchain sys-
23	tem are held by persons other than the digital
24	commodity issuer, a digital commodity related
25	person, or a digital commodity affiliated person.

- 1 "(d) Decentralized Governance System.—
- 2 "(1) For the purposes of this section, a decentral-3 ized governance system is not a 'person' or a 'group 4 of persons under common control'.
- "(2) A blockchain system, together with its dig-5 6 ital commodity, shall not be precluded from being considered a mature blockchain system solely based on 7 8 a functional, administrative, clerical, or ministerial 9 action of a decentralized governance system, including 10 any such action taken by a person acting on behalf 11 of and at the direction of the decentralized governance 12 system, as determined by the Commission and con-13 sistent with the protection of investors, maintenance 14 of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and the facili-15 tation of capital formation.
- "(e) RULEMAKING.—Not more than 270 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall issue rules to carry out this section.".

## 19 SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Unless otherwise provided in this title, this title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect 360 days after the date of enactment of this Act, except that, to the extent a provision of this title requires a rulemaking, the provision shall take effect on the later of—

1	(1) 360 days after the date of enactment of this
2	Act; or
3	(2) 60 days after the publication in the Federal
4	Register of the final rule implementing the provision.
5	TITLE III—REGISTRATION FOR
6	INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SE-
7	CURITIES AND EXCHANGE
8	COMMISSION
9	SEC. 301. TREATMENT OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES AND PER-
10	MITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
11	(a) Securities Act of 1933.—Section 2(a)(1) of the
12	Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)) is amended
13	by adding at the end the following: "The term does not in-
14	clude a digital commodity or permitted payment
15	stablecoin.".
16	(b) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section
17	3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
18	78c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The
19	term does not include a digital commodity or permitted
20	payment stablecoin."
21	(c) Investment Advisers Act of 1940.—Section
22	202(a) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
23	80b-2(a)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (18), by adding at the end the
2	following: "The term does not include a digital com-
3	modity or permitted payment stablecoin.";
4	(2) by redesignating the second paragraph (29)
5	(relating to commodity pools) as paragraph (31); and
6	(3) by adding at the end, the following:
7	"(32) Digital commodity-related terms.—
8	The terms 'digital commodity' and 'permitted pay-
9	ment stablecoin' have the meaning given those terms,
10	respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
11	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".
12	(d) Investment Company Act of 1940.—Section
13	2(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
14	80a-2) is amended—
15	(1) in paragraph (36), by adding at the end the
16	following: "The term does not include a digital com-
17	modity or permitted payment stablecoin."; and
18	(2) by adding at the end, the following:
19	"(55) Digital commodity-related terms.—
20	The terms 'digital commodity' and 'permitted pay-
21	ment stablecoin' have the meaning given those terms,
22	respectively, under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
23	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".
24	(e) Securities Investor Protection Act of
25	1970.—Section 16(14) of the Securities Investor Protection

1	Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78lll(14)) is amended by adding
2	at the end the following: "The term does not include a dig-
3	ital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin, as such
4	terms are defined, respectively, under section 2(a) of the Se-
5	curities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a))".
6	SEC. 302. ANTI-FRAUD AUTHORITY OVER PERMITTED PAY-
7	MENT STABLECOINS AND CERTAIN DIGITAL
8	COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Section 10 of the Securities Ex-
10	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78j) is amended—
11	(1) by moving subsection (c) so as to appear
12	after subsection (b);
13	(2) by designating the undesignated matter at
14	the end of that section as subsection (d); and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(e)(1) Rules promulgated under subsection (b) that
17	prohibit fraud, manipulation, or insider trading (but not
18	rules imposing or specifying reporting or recordkeeping re-
19	quirements, procedures, or standards as prophylactic meas-
20	ures against fraud, manipulation, or insider trading), and
21	judicial precedents decided under subsection (b) and rules
22	promulgated thereunder that prohibit fraud, manipulation,
23	or insider trading, shall apply with respect to permitted
24	payment stablecoin and digital commodity transactions en-
25	gaged in by a broker or dealer or through an alternative

- 1 trading system or, as applicable, a national securities ex-
- 2 change to the same extent as they apply to securities trans-
- 3 actions.
- 4 "(2) Judicial precedents decided under section 17(a)
- 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 and sections 9, 15, 16, 20,
- 6 and 21A of this title, and judicial precedents decided under
- 7 applicable rules promulgated under such sections, shall
- 8 apply to permitted payment stablecoins and digital com-
- 9 modities with respect to those circumstances in which the
- 10 permitted payment stablecoins and digital commodities are
- 11 brokered, traded, or custodied by a broker or dealer or
- 12 through an alternative trading system or, as applicable, a
- 13 national securities exchange to the same extent as they
- 14 apply to securities.".
- 15 (b) Treatment of Permitted Payment
- 16 Stablecoins.—Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 17 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by inserting after
- 18 section 6 the following:
- 19 "SEC. 6A. TREATMENT OF TRANSACTIONS IN PERMITTED
- 20 PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
- 21 "(a) Authority To Broker, Trade, and Custody
- 22 Permitted Payment Stablecoins.—Permitted payment
- 23 stablecoins may be brokered, traded, or custodied by a
- 24 broker, dealer or through an alternative trading system or
- $25 \quad national \ securities \ exchange.$

"(b) Commission Jurisdiction.—The Commission 1 shall only have jurisdiction over a transaction in a per-3 mitted payment stablecoin with respect to those circumstances in which a permitted payment stablecoin is bro-5 kered, traded, or custodied— "(1) by a broker or dealer; 6 7 "(2) through a national securities exchange; or 8 "(3) through an alternative trading system. 9 "(c) Limitation.—Subsection (b) shall only apply to 10 a transaction described in subsection (b) for the purposes of regulating the offer, execution, solicitation, or acceptance of a permitted payment stablecoin in those circumstances in which the permitted payment stablecoin is brokered, 14 traded, or custodied— 15 "(1) by a broker or dealer; "(2) through a national securities exchange; or 16 17 "(3) through an alternative trading system. 18 "(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-19 tion may be construed to prohibit permitted payment stablecoins from being custodied by any person or entity 20 21 that is not a broker, dealer, alternative trading system, or national securities exchange.". 23 SEC. 303. ELIGIBILITY OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYSTEMS. 24 (a) In General.—Section 5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78e) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "It" and inserting the following:
2	"(a) In General.—It";
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b) Digital Commodity Protections.—
5	"(1) In General.—The Commission may not
6	preclude a trading platform from operating pursuant
7	to a covered exemption on the basis that the assets
8	traded or to be traded on such platform include—
9	"(A) digital commodities or permitted pay-
10	ment stablecoins; and
11	"(B) securities.
12	"(2) Covered exemption.—In this subsection,
13	the term 'covered exemption' means an exemption—
14	"(A) described in subsection (a)(2); or
15	"(B) with respect to any other rule of the
16	Commission relating to the definition of 'ex-
17	change'.".
18	(b) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section
19	3(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
20	78c(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"An alternative trading system primarily facilitating the
22	trading of digital commodities, permitted payment
23	stablecoins, or both, is not a 'facility' of an exchange.".

1	(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section,
2	the amendments made by this section, or section 304 may
3	be construed to—
4	(1) prohibit a national securities exchange from
5	owning or operating any other type of alternative
6	trading system; or
7	(2) create a presumption that any other type of
8	alternative trading system owned or operated by a
9	national securities exchange is a facility of that ex-
10	change.
11	SEC. 304. OPERATION OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYSTEMS.
12	(a) Commission Authority.—The Securities and Ex-
13	change Commission shall have jurisdiction over digital
14	commodity activities and transactions engaged in by—
15	(1) a registered broker or registered dealer ex-
16	empt from registration with the Commodity Futures
17	Trading Commission pursuant to section 5k of the
18	Commodity Exchange Act; and
19	(2) a national securities exchange.
20	(b) Rulemaking Authority.—The Securities and
21	Exchange Commission shall have authority to issue rules
22	governing any digital commodity activities and trans-
23	actions engaged in by a broker, dealer, or national securi-
24	ties exchange registered with the Securities and Exchange
25	Commission and exempt from registration with the Com-

- 1 modity Futures Trading Commission pursuant to section
- 2 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, consistent with this sec-
- 3 tion and what is necessary or appropriate in the public
- 4 interest or for the protection of investors.
- 5 (c) National Securities Exchanges.—Not later
- 6 than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 7 the Securities and Exchange Commission shall revise the
- 8 covered regulations to permit a national securities exchange
- 9 or affiliate thereof to operate an alternative trading system
- 10 that permits the trading of digital commodities, permitted
- 11 payment stablecoins, or both by registered brokers or reg-
- 12 istered dealers that are exempt from registration with the
- 13 Commodity Futures Trading Commission pursuant section
- 14 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, consistent with this sec-
- 15 tion and what is necessary or appropriate in the public
- 16 interest or for the protection of investors.
- 17 (d) Registered Brokers and Registered Deal-
- 18 ERS.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enact-
- 19 ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission
- 20 shall revise the covered regulations to permit a registered
- 21 broker or registered dealer that is exempt from registration
- 22 with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission pursu-
- 23 ant to section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act to operate
- 24 an alternative trading system that permits the trading of
- 25 digital commodities, permitted payment stablecoins, or

- 1 both, consistent with this section and what is necessary or
- 2 appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of
- 3 investors.

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## (e) Permitted Trading.—

- (1) In General.—An alternative trading system 5 6 operated pursuant to this section and the regulations 7 promulgated hereunder shall be permitted to trade 8 upon notice to the Securities and Exchange Commis-9 sion in a manner prescribed by the Securities and 10 Exchange Commission any digital commodity that 11 has been listed by a digital commodity exchange in 12 compliance with section 5i(c)(3) of the Commodity 13 Exchange Act.
  - (2) Commission Authority.—Digital commodity transactions offered on an alternative trading system operating pursuant to this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Securities and Exchange Commission shall have authority to promulgate rules governing such digital commodity transactions of alternative trading systems, consistent with this section and what is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.
  - (3) Suspension of trading.—The Securities and Exchange Commission may suspend the trading

1	of a digital commodity by an alternative trading sys-
2	tem operating pursuant to this section as is necessary
3	or appropriate in the public interest and is consistent
4	with the protection of investors.
5	(f) Order Display and Execution Reporting.—
6	Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of
7	this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall
8	issue and revise rules, as necessary or appropriate in the
9	public interest or for the protection of investors, regarding
10	whether alternative trading systems operating pursuant to
11	subsections (c) and (d) have an obligation to provide the
12	prices and sizes of orders displayed to more than one person
13	in such alternative trading system of digital commodities
14	to self-regulatory organizations with members who trade in
15	digital commodities or permitted payment stablecoins.
16	(g) Principles of Trade.—Not later than 270 days
17	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities
18	and Exchange Commission shall issue and revise rules, as
19	necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the
20	protection of investors, to—
21	(1) apply the rules and standards promulgated
22	pursuant to paragraph (2) to the appropriate market
23	participants, including—

1	(A) national securities exchanges operating
2	an alternative trading system described in sub-
3	section (c); and
4	(B) registered brokers and registered dealers
5	operating or subscribing to an alternative trad-
6	ing system described in subsection (d); and
7	(2) apply, as appropriate to the market partici-
8	pants described in subparagraph (1) and customers
9	thereof rules and standards to—
10	(A) prevent fraudulent and manipulative
11	acts and practices;
12	(B) foster cooperation and coordination
13	with persons engaged in regulating, settling,
14	processing information with respect to, and fa-
15	cilitating transactions in digital commodities or
16	permitted payment stablecoins traded, as appli-
17	cable, on or by any alternative trading system
18	operating pursuant to subsection (c) or (d), or
19	any registered broker or registered dealer;
20	(C) remove impediments to and perfect the
21	mechanism of a free and open market in digital
22	commodities or permitted payment stablecoins
23	traded, as applicable, on or by any alternative
24	trading system operating pursuant to subsection

1	(c) or (d), or any registered broker or registered
2	dealer;
3	(D) in general, protect investors and the
4	public interest; and
5	(E) prohibit any unfair discrimination be-
6	tween—
7	$(i)\ customers;$
8	(ii) any market participants described
9	in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph
10	(1); or
11	(iii) issuers of digital commodities.
12	(h) Implementing Organizations.—The Securities
13	and Exchange Commission shall require any registered na-
14	tional securities association that has as a member a reg-
15	istered broker or registered dealer that operates an alter-
16	native trading system pursuant to subsection (d) or other-
17	wise transacts in digital commodities or permitted payment
18	stablecoins to adopt such rules as may be necessary to fur-
19	ther compliance with this section, including subsection
20	(g)(2), protect investors, maintain fair, orderly, and effi-
21	cient markets, and facilitate capital formation.
22	(i) Rule of Construction.—The enumeration of
23	any category of rules or regulations in this section shall
24	not be construed to limit the authority of the Securities and
25	Exchange Commission to promulgate such rules as may be

1	necessary or appropriate to implement this section and the
2	purposes of this Act, including over—
3	(1) system capacity, integrity, and security;
4	(2) examinations, inspections, and investiga-
5	tions;
6	(3) trade reporting; or
7	(4) written procedures for the confidential treat-
8	ment of trading information.
9	(j) Memorandum of Understanding.—Consistent
10	with section 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act and to
11	carry out this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commis-
12	sion shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with
13	the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to ensure—
14	(1) requirements imposed on registered brokers
15	or registered dealers operating an alternative trading
16	system pursuant to subsection (c) or otherwise
17	transacting in digital commodities or permitted pay-
18	ment stablecoins are consistent with the substantive
19	requirements under section 4u of the Commodity Ex-
20	$change\ Act;$
21	(2) requirements imposed on alternative trading
22	systems operating pursuant to subsection (c) or (d)
23	are not inconsistent with core principles of and are
24	consistent with the other substantive requirements
25	under section 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act; and

1	(3)	non-dupl	licative s	upervision	and	enforcemen	t
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- 2 with respect to registrants of the Securities and Ex-
- 3 change Commission notice registered with the Com-
- 4 modity Futures Trading Commission.
- 5 (k) Covered Regulations Defined.—In this sec-
- 6 tion, the term "covered regulations" means sections
- 7 242.300, 242.301, 242.302, 242.303, 242.304, and 242.1000
- 8 through 242.1007 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations.
- 9 (1) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
- 10 shall be construed to limit the anti-fraud, anti-manipula-
- 11 tion, or false reporting enforcement authorities of the Com-
- 12 modity Futures Trading Commission with respect to a con-
- 13 tract of sale of a commodity and persons effecting such con-
- 14 tracts.
- 15 SEC. 305. MODERNIZATION OF RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-
- 16 *MENTS*.
- 17 (a) In General.—For purposes of books and records
- 18 requirements for brokers, dealers, and exchanges under the
- 19 Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et
- 20 seq.), a person may consider records from a blockchain sys-
- 21 tem.
- 22 (b) Revision of Rules.—Not later than 180 days
- 23 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and
- 24 Exchange Commission shall issue and revise such rules as
- 25 may be necessary to implement this section.

1	SEC. 306. EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.
2	Section 28 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
3	77z-3) is amended by striking "by rule or regulation" and
4	inserting 'by rule, regulation, or order'.
5	SEC. 307. ADDITIONAL REGISTRATIONS WITH THE COM-
6	MODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.
7	Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
8	U.S.C. 780) is amended by adding at the end the following.
9	"(p) Additional Registrations With the Com-
10	MODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.—A registered
11	broker or registered dealer shall be permitted to maintain
12	a registration with the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
13	mission as a digital commodity broker or digital com-
14	modity dealer, to list or trade contracts of sale for digital
15	commodities.".
16	SEC. 308. EXEMPTING DIGITAL COMMODITIES FROM STATE
17	SECURITIES LAWS.
18	Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
19	77r(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
20	"(5) Exemption in connection with digital
21	COMMODITIES —A digital commodity shall be treated

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as a covered security.".

1	SEC. 309. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC-
2	TIVITIES.
3	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a
4	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 15G the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"SEC. 15H. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB-
7	JECT TO THIS ACT.
8	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
9	sion of this Act, a person shall not be subject to this Act
10	and the regulations promulgated under this Act based on
11	the person directly or indirectly engaging in any of the fol-
12	lowing activities, whether singly or in combination, in rela-
13	tion to the operation of a blockchain system or in relation
14	to a decentralized finance trading protocol:
15	"(1) Compiling network transactions or relay-
16	ing, searching, sequencing, validating, or acting in a
17	similar capacity.
18	"(2) Providing computational work, operating a
19	node or oracle service, or procuring, offering, or uti-
20	lizing network bandwidth, or providing other similar
21	incidental services.
22	"(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a
23	user to read and access data about a blockchain sys-
24	tem.
25	"(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, ad-
26	ministering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a

- blockchain system or a decentralized finance trading
   protocol.
- "(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a decentralized finance messaging system, or operating or participating in a liquidity pool, for the purpose of executing a contract of sale of a digital commodity.
- "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing
  software or systems that create or deploy hardware or
  software, including wallets or other systems, facilitating an individual user's own personal ability to
  keep, safeguard, or custody the user's digital assets or
  related private keys.
- 15 "(b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to 16 the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation authorities of the 17 Commission.".
- 18 SEC. 310. TREATMENT OF CUSTODY ACTIVITIES BY BANK19 ING INSTITUTIONS.
- 20 (a) TREATMENT OF CUSTODY ACTIVITIES.—The ap-21 propriate Federal banking agency, the National Credit 22 Union Administration (in the case of a credit union), and 23 the Securities and Exchange Commission may not require 24 a depository institution, national bank, Federal credit

1	union, State credit union, trust company, broker, or dealer,
2	or any affiliate thereof (the "entity")—
3	(1) to include assets held in custody that are not
4	owned by the entity as a liability on the financial
5	statement or balance sheet of the entity, including
6	digital commodity or permitted payment stablecoin
7	custody or safekeeping services;
8	(2) to hold regulatory capital against assets, in-
9	cluding reserves backing such assets, in custody or
10	safekeeping, except as necessary to mitigate against
11	operational risks inherent with the custody or safe-
12	keeping services, as determined by—
13	(A) the appropriate Federal banking agen-
14	cy;
15	(B) the National Credit Union Administra-
16	tion (in the case of a credit union);
17	(C) a State bank supervisor;
18	(D) a State credit union supervisor (as de-
19	fined in section 6003 of the Anti-Money Laun-
20	dering Act of 2020 (31 U.S.C. 5311 note)); or
21	(E) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion (in the case of a broker or dealer); and
23	(3) to recognize a liability for any obligations re-
24	lated to activities or services performed with respect
25	to digital commodities that the entity does not own

1	if that liability would exceed the expense recognized
2	in the income statement as a result of the cor-
3	responding obligation.
4	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Banking terms.—The terms "appropriate
6	Federal banking agency", "depository institution",
7	"national bank", and "State bank supervisor" have
8	the meaning given those terms, respectively, under
9	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
10	U.S.C. 1813).
11	(2) Credit union terms.—The terms "Federal
12	credit union" and "State credit union" have the
13	meaning given those terms, respectively, under section
14	101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
15	1752).
16	SEC. 311. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES THAT ARE FI-
17	NANCIAL IN NATURE.
18	Section 4(k)(4) of the Bank Holding Company Act of
19	1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(k)(4)) is amended—
20	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or securi-
21	ties" and inserting ", securities, or digital commod-
22	ities"; and
23	(2) in subparagraph (E), by inserting "or dig-
24	ital commodities" before the period at the end.

## 1 SEC. 312. EFFECTIVE DATE; ADMINISTRATION.

2	Except as otherwise provided under this title, this title
3	and the amendments made by this title shall take effect 360
4	days after the date of enactment of this Act, except that,
5	to the extent a provision of this title requires a rulemaking,
6	the provision shall take effect on the later of—
7	(1) 360 days after the date of enactment of this
8	Act; or
9	(2) 60 days after the publication in the Federal
10	Register of the final rule implementing the provision.
11	SEC. 313. STUDIES ON FOREIGN ADVERSARY PARTICIPA-
12	TION.
13	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in
14	consultation with the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
15	mission and the Securities and Exchange Commission,
16	shall, not later than 1 year after date of the enactment of
17	this section, conduct a study and submit a report to the
18	relevant congressional committees that—
19	(1) identifies any digital commodity registrants
20	which are owned by governments of foreign adver-
21	saries;
22	(2) determines whether any governments of for-
23	eign adversaries are collecting personal data or trad-
24	ing data about United States persons in the digital
25	commodity markets; and

1	(3) evaluates whether any proprietary intellec-
2	tual property of digital commodity registrants is
3	being misused or stolen by any governments of foreign
4	adversaries.
5	(b) GAO STUDY AND REPORT.—
6	(1) In General.—The Comptroller General
7	shall, not later than 1 year after date of the enact-
8	ment of this section, conduct a study and submit a
9	report to the relevant congressional committees that—
10	(A) identifies any digital commodity reg-
11	istrants which are owned by governments of for-
12	eign adversaries;
13	(B) determines whether any governments of
14	foreign adversaries are collecting personal data
15	or trading data about United States persons in
16	the digital commodity markets; and
17	(C) evaluates whether any proprietary in-
18	tellectual property of digital commodity reg-
19	istrants is being misused or stolen by any gov-
20	ernments of foreign adversaries.
21	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) Digital commodity registrant.—The
23	term "digital commodity registrant" means any per-
24	son required to register as a digital commodity ex-

1	change, digital commodity broker, or digital com-
2	modity dealer under the Commodity Exchange Act.
3	(2) Foreign Adversaries.—The term "foreign
4	adversaries" means the foreign governments and for-
5	eign non-government persons determined by the Sec-
6	retary of Commerce to be foreign adversaries under
7	section 7.4(a) of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations.
8	(3) Relevant congressional committees.—
9	The term "relevant congressional committees"
10	means—
11	(A) the Committees on Financial Services
12	and Agriculture of the House of Representatives;
13	and
14	(B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
15	and Urban Affairs and Agriculture, Nutrition,
16	and Forestry of the Senate.

1	TITLE IV—REGISTRATION FOR
2	DIGITAL COMMODITY INTER-
3	MEDIARIES AT THE COM-
4	MODITY FUTURES TRADING
5	COMMISSION
6	SEC. 401. COMMISSION JURISDICTION OVER DIGITAL COM-
7	MODITY TRANSACTIONS.
8	(a) Savings Clause.—Section 2(a)(1) of the Com-
9	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)) is amended by
10	adding at the end the following:
11	"(J) Except as expressly provided in this
12	Act, nothing in the CLARITY Act of 2025 shall
13	affect or apply to, or be interpreted to affect or
14	apply to—
15	"(i) any agreement, contract, or trans-
16	action that is subject to this Act as—
17	"(I) a contract of sale of a com-
18	modity for future delivery or an option
19	on such a contract;
20	$"(II) \ a \ swap;$
21	"(III) a security futures product;
22	"(IV) an option authorized under
23	section 4c of this Act;
24	"(V) an agreement, contract, or
25	transaction described in subparagraph

1	(C)(i) or $(D)(i)$ of subsection $(c)(2)$ of
2	this section; or
3	"(VI) a leverage transaction au-
4	thorized under section 19; or
5	"(ii) the activities of any person with
6	respect to any such an agreement, contract,
7	or transaction.".
8	(b) Limitation on Authority Over Permitted
9	Payment Stablecoins.—Section 2(c)(1) of the Com-
10	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(1)) is amended—
11	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or" at the
12	end;
13	(2) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period
14	and inserting "; or"; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(H) permitted payment stablecoins.".
17	(c) Commission Jurisdiction Over Financing
18	Agreements.—Section $2(c)(2)$ of the Commodity Ex-
19	change Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(2)) is amended—
20	(1) in subparagraph (D)—
21	(A) in clause $(ii)(I)$ , by inserting after
22	"paragraph (1)" the following: "(other than an
23	agreement, contract, or transaction in a per-
24	mitted payment stablecoin)": and

1	(B) by redesignating clause (iv) as clause
2	(v) and inserting after clause (iii) the following:
3	"(iv) Agreements for margin fi-
4	Nancing.—Notwithstanding clause (iii), a
5	digital commodity broker may, subject to
6	the requirements of section $4u(c)(2)$ , offer to
7	or enter into an agreement for margin fi-
8	nancing with a customer for the purchase or
9	sale of a digital commodity, provided any
10	purchase or sale made pursuant to the
11	agreement shall result in the delivery of the
12	digital commodity into or from an account
13	carried for the customer, as determined by
14	the Commission by rule or regulation, based
15	on commercial spot market practices."; and
16	(2) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(F) Commission jurisdiction with re-
18	SPECT TO DIGITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.—
19	"(i) In general.—Subject to sections
20	6d and 12(e), the Commission shall have ex-
21	clusive jurisdiction with respect to any ac-
22	count, agreement, contract, or transaction
23	involving a contract of sale of a digital
24	commodity in interstate commerce, includ-
25	ing in a digital commodity cash or spot

1	market, that is offered, solicited, traded, fa-
2	cilitated, executed, cleared, reported, or oth-
3	erwise dealt in—
4	"(I) on or subject to the rules of a
5	registered entity or an entity that is
6	required to be registered as a registered
7	entity; or
8	"(II) by any other entity reg-
9	istered, or required to be registered,
10	with the Commission.
11	"(ii) Limitations.—Clause (i) shall
12	not apply with respect to—
13	"(I) custodial or depository ac-
14	tivities for a digital commodity of an
15	entity regulated by an appropriate
16	Federal banking agency or a State
17	bank supervisor (within the meaning
18	of section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
19	surance Act); or
20	"(II) an offer or sale of an invest-
21	ment contract involving a digital com-
22	modity or of a securities offer or sale
23	involving a digital commodity.
24	"(iii) Mixed digital asset trans-
25	ACTIONS.—

1	"(I) In General.—Clause (i)
2	shall not apply to a mixed digital asset
3	transaction.
4	"(II) Reports on mixed digital
5	Asset transactions.—A digital com-
6	modity issuer, digital commodity re-
7	lated person, digital commodity affili-
8	ated person, or other person registered
9	with the Securities and Exchange
10	Commission that engages in a mixed
11	digital asset transaction, shall, on re-
12	quest of the Commission, open to in-
13	spection and examination by the Com-
14	mission all books and records relating
15	to the mixed digital asset transaction,
16	subject to the confidentiality and dis-
17	closure requirements of section 8.
18	"(G) AGREEMENTS, CONTRACTS, AND
19	TRANSACTIONS IN STABLECOINS.—
20	"(i) TREATMENT OF PERMITTED PAY-
21	MENT STABLECOINS ON COMMISSION-REG-
22	istered entities.—Subject to clauses (ii)
23	and (iii), the Commission shall have juris-
24	diction over a cash or spot agreement, con-
25	tract, or transaction in a permitted pay-

1	ment stablecoin that is offered, offered to
2	enter into, entered into, executed, confirmed
3	the execution of, solicited, or accepted—
4	"(I) on or subject to the rules of a
5	registered entity; or
6	"(II) by any other entity reg-
7	istered with the Commission.
8	"(ii) PERMITTED PAYMENT
9	STABLECOIN TRANSACTION RULES.—This
10	Act shall apply to a transaction described
11	in clause (i) only for the purpose of regu-
12	lating the offer, execution, solicitation, or
13	acceptance of a cash or spot permitted pay-
14	ment stablecoin transaction on a registered
15	entity or by any other entity registered with
16	the Commission, as if the permitted pay-
17	ment stablecoin were a digital commodity.
18	"(iii) No authority over permitted
19	${\it PAYMENT-STABLE COINS.} {\itNotwith standing}$
20	clauses (i) and (ii), the Commission shall
21	not make a rule or regulation, impose a re-
22	quirement or obligation on a registered enti-
23	ty or other entity registered with the Com-
24	mission, or impose a requirement or obliga-
25	tion on a permitted payment stablecoin

1	issuer, regarding the operation of a per-
2	mitted payment stablecoin issuer or a per-
3	mitted payment stablecoin.".
4	(d) Conforming Amendment.—Section 2(a)(1)(A) of
5	such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)(A)) is amended in the 1st sen-
6	tence by inserting "subparagraphs (F) and (G) of sub-
7	section (c)(2) of this section or" before "section 19".
8	SEC. 402. REQUIRING FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANTS
9	TO USE QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET
10	CUSTODIANS.
11	Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
12	6d) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
14	(A) in the 1st proviso, by striking "any
15	bank or trust company" and inserting "any
16	bank, trust company, or qualified digital asset
17	custodian, as applicable,"; and
18	(B) by inserting ": Provided further, That
19	any such property that is a digital asset shall be
20	held in a qualified digital asset custodian" before
21	the period at the end; and
22	(2) in subsection $(f)(3)(A)(i)$ , by striking "any
23	bank or trust company" and inserting "any bank,
24	trust company, or qualified digital asset custodian".

1	SEC. 403. TRADING CERTIFICATION AND APPROVAL FOR
2	DIGITAL COMMODITIES.
3	Section 5c of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
4	7a-2) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "5(d) and
6	5b(c)(2)" and inserting " $5(d)$ , $5b(c)(2)$ , and $5i(c)$ ";
7	(2) in subsection (b)—
8	(A) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by
9	inserting "digital commodity exchange," before
10	"derivatives"; and
11	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "digital
12	commodity exchange," before "derivatives" each
13	place it appears;
14	(3) in subsection (c)—
15	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or par-
16	ticipants" before "(in a";
17	(B) in paragraph $(4)(B)$ , by striking
18	"1a(10)" and inserting "1a(9)"; and
19	(C) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
20	$the\ following:$
21	"(D) Special rules for digital com-
22	MODITY CONTRACTS.—In certifying any new rule
23	or rule amendment, or listing any new contract
24	or instrument, in connection with a contract of
25	sale of a commodity for future delivery, option,
26	swan or other gareement contract or trans-

1	action, that is based on or references a digital
2	commodity, a registered entity shall make or rely
3	on a certification under subsection (d) for the
4	digital commodity."; and
5	(4) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(d) Certifications for Digital Commodity
8	Trading.—
9	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsection
10	(c), for the purposes of listing or offering a digital
11	commodity for trading in a digital commodity cash
12	or spot market, an eligible entity shall submit a writ-
13	ten certification to the Commission that the digital
14	commodity meets the requirements of this Act (includ-
15	ing the regulations prescribed under this Act).
16	"(2) Contents of the certification.—
17	"(A) In general.—In making a written
18	certification under this paragraph, the eligible
19	entity shall furnish to the Commission an anal-
20	ysis of how the digital commodity meets the re-
21	quirements of section $5i(c)(3)$ .
22	"(B) Reliance on prior disclosures.—
23	In making a certification under this subsection,
24	an eligible entity may rely on the records and
25	disclosures of any relevant person registered with

1	the Securities and Exchange Commission or
2	other State or Federal agency.
3	"(3) Modifications.—
4	"(A) In general.—An eligible entity shall
5	modify a certification made under paragraph
6	(1) to—
7	"(i) account for significant changes in
8	any information provided to the Commis-
9	sion under paragraph (2)(A)(ii); or
10	"(ii) permit or restrict trading in
11	units of a digital commodity held by a dig-
12	ital commodity related person or a digital
13	commodity affiliated person.
14	"(B) Recertification.—Modifications re-
15	quired by this subsection shall be subject to the
16	same disapproval and review process as a new
17	certification under paragraphs (4) and (5).
18	"(4) Disapproval.—
19	"(A) In General.—The written certifi-
20	cation described in paragraph (1) shall become
21	effective unless the Commission finds that the
22	listing of the digital commodity is inconsistent
23	with the requirements of this Act or the rules
24	and regulations prescribed under this Act.

1	"(B) Analysis required.—The Commis-
2	sion shall include, with any findings referred to
3	in subparagraph (A), a detailed analysis of the
4	factors on which the decision was based.
5	"(C) Public findings.—The Commission
6	shall make public any disapproval decision, and
7	any related findings and analysis, made under
8	this paragraph.
9	"(5) Review.—
10	"(A) In General.—Unless the Commission
11	makes a disapproval decision under paragraph
12	(4), the written certification described in para-
13	graph (1) shall become effective, pursuant to the
14	certification by the eligible entity and notice of
15	the certification to the public (in a manner de-
16	termined by the Commission) on the date that
17	is—
18	"(i) 20 business days after the date the
19	Commission receives the certification (or
20	such shorter period as determined by the
21	Commission by rule or regulation), in the
22	case of a digital commodity that has not
23	been certified under this section or for
24	which a certification is being modified

under paragraph (3); or

25

1	"(ii) 1 business day after the date the
2	Commission receives the certification (or
3	such shorter period as determined by the
4	Commission by rule or regulation) for any
5	digital commodity that has been certified
6	under this section.
7	"(B) Extensions.—The time for consider-
8	ation under subparagraph (A) may be extended
9	through notice to the eligible entity that there are
10	novel or complex issues that require additional
11	time to analyze, that the explanation by the sub-
12	mitting eligible entity is inadequate, or of a po-
13	tential inconsistency with this Act—
14	"(i) once, for 30 business days, through
15	written notice to the eligible entity by the
16	Commission; and
17	"(ii) once, for an additional 30 busi-
18	ness days, through written notice to the eli-
19	gible entity from the Commission that in-
20	cludes a description of any deficiencies with
21	the certification, including any—
22	"(I) novel or complex issues which
23	require additional time to analyze;
24	"(II) missing information or in-
25	adequate explanations; or

1	"(III) potential inconsistencies
2	with this Act.
3	"(6) Prior approval before registration.—
4	"(A) In general.—A person applying for
5	registration with the Commission for the pur-
6	poses of listing or offering a digital commodity
7	for trading in a digital commodity cash or spot
8	market may request that the Commission grant
9	prior approval for the person to list or offer the
10	digital commodity on being registered with the
11	Commission.
12	"(B) Request for prior approval.—A
13	person seeking prior approval under subpara-
14	graph (A) shall furnish the Commission with a
15	written certification that the digital commodity
16	meets the requirements of this Act (including the
17	regulations prescribed under this Act) and the
18	information described in paragraph (2).
19	"(C) Deadline.—The Commission shall
20	take final action on a request for prior approval
21	not later than 90 business days after submission
22	of the request, unless the person submitting the
23	request agrees to an extension of the time limita-
24	tion established under this subparagraph.
25	"(D) Disapproval.—

1	"(i) In General.—The Commission
2	shall approve the listing of the digital com-
3	modity unless the Commission finds that
4	the listing is inconsistent with this Act (in-
5	cluding any regulation prescribed under
6	$this\ Act).$
7	"(ii) Analysis required.—The Com-
8	mission shall include, with any findings
9	made under clause (i), a detailed analysis
10	of the factors on which the decision is based.
11	"(iii) Public findings.—The Com-
12	mission shall make public any disapproval
13	decision, and any related findings and
14	analysis, made under this paragraph.
15	"(7) Eligible entity defined.—In this sub-
16	section, the term 'eligible entity' means a registered
17	entity or group of registered entities acting jointly.".
18	SEC. 404. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
19	CHANGES.
20	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is
21	amended by inserting after section 5h the following:
22	"SEC. 5i. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
23	CHANGES.
24	"(a) In General.—
25	"(1) Registration.—

1	"(A) In general.—A trading facility that
2	offers or seeks to offer a cash or spot market in
3	at least 1 digital commodity shall register with
4	the Commission as a digital commodity ex-
5	change.
6	"(B) APPLICATION.—A person desiring to
7	register as a digital commodity exchange shall
8	submit to the Commission an application in
9	such form and containing such information as
10	the Commission may require for the purpose of
11	making the determinations required for ap-
12	proval.
13	"(C) Exemptions.—A trading facility that
14	offers or seeks to offer a cash or spot market in
15	at least 1 digital commodity shall not be re-
16	quired to register under this section if the trad-
17	ing facility—
18	"(i) permits no more than a de mini-
19	mis amount of trading activity, as the Com-
20	mission may determine by rule or regula-
21	tion, in a digital commodity; or
22	"(ii) serves only customers in a single
23	State, territory, or possession of the United
24	States.
25	"(2) Additional registrations.—

1	"(A) With the commission.—In order to
2	foster the development of fair and orderly mar-
3	kets, protect customers, and promote responsible
4	innovation, the Commission—
5	"(i) shall prescribe rules to exempt an
6	entity registered with the Commission
7	under more than 1 section of this Act from
8	duplicative, conflicting, or unduly burden-
9	some provisions of this Act and the rules
10	under this Act;
11	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to address
12	conflicts of interests and activities of the en-
13	tity; and
14	"(iii) may, after an analysis of the
15	risks and benefits, prescribe rules to provide
16	for portfolio margining.
17	"(B) With a registered futures asso-
18	CIATION.—
19	"(i) In general.—A registered digital
20	commodity exchange shall become and re-
21	main a member of a registered futures asso-
22	ciation and comply with rules related to
23	such activity, if the registered digital com-
24	modity exchange accepts customer funds re-
25	quired to be segregated under subsection (d).

1	"(ii) Rulemaking required.—The
2	Commission shall require any registered fu-
3	tures association with a digital commodity
4	exchange as a member to provide such rules
5	as may be necessary to further compliance
6	with subsection (d), protect customers, and
7	promote the public interest.
8	"(C) Registration required.—A person
9	required to be registered as a digital commodity
10	exchange under this section shall register with
11	the Commission as such regardless of whether the
12	person is registered with another State or Fed-
13	eral regulator.
14	"(b) Trading.—
15	"(1) Prohibition on Certain trading prac-
16	TICES.—
17	"(A) Section 4b shall apply to any agree-
18	ment, contract, or transaction in a digital com-
19	modity as if the agreement, contract, or trans-
20	action were a contract of sale of a commodity for
21	future delivery.
22	"(B) Section 4c shall apply to any agree-
23	ment, contract, or transaction in a digital com-
24	modity as if the agreement, contract, or trans-

1	action were a transaction involving the purchase
2	or sale of a commodity for future delivery.
3	"(C) Section 4b-1 shall apply to any agree-
4	ment, contract, or transaction in a digital com-
5	modity as if the agreement, contract, or trans-
6	action were a contract of sale of a commodity for
7	future delivery.
8	"(2) Prohibition on acting as a
9	COUNTERPARTY.—
10	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
11	exchange or any affiliate of such an exchange
12	shall not trade on or subject to the rules of the
13	digital commodity exchange for its own account.
14	"(B) Exceptions.—Subject to any condi-
15	tions, requirements, or limitations imposed by
16	the Commission pursuant to subparagraph (C),
17	a digital commodity exchange may engage in
18	trading on the exchange so long as the trading
19	is not solely for the purpose of the profit of the
20	exchange, including the following:
21	"(i) Customer direction.—A trans-
22	action for, or entered into at the direction
23	of, or for the benefit of, an unaffiliated cus-
24	tomer.

1	"(ii) Risk management.—A trans-
2	action to manage the credit, market, and li-
3	quidity risks associated with the digital
4	commodity business of the exchange.
5	"(iii) Operational needs.—A trans-
6	action related to the operational needs of the
7	business of the digital commodity exchange
8	or its affiliate.
9	"(iv) Functional use.—A trans-
10	action related to the functional operation of
11	a blockchain system.
12	"(C) Rulemaking.—The Commission may,
13	by rule, establish conditions, requirements, or
14	other limitations on the activities of a digital
15	commodity exchange and its affiliate permitted
16	pursuant to subparagraph (B) that are necessary
17	for the protection of customers, the promotion of
18	innovation, or the maintenance of fair, orderly,
19	and efficient markets.
20	"(D) Notice requirement.—In order for
21	a digital commodity exchange or any affiliate of
22	a digital commodity exchange to engage in trad-
23	ing on the affiliated exchange pursuant to sub-
24	section (B), notice must be given to the Commis-
25	sion that shall enumerate how any proposed ac-

1	tivity is consistent with the exceptions in sub-
2	section (B) and the purposes of this Act.
3	"(c) Core Principles for Digital Commodity Ex-
4	CHANGES.—
5	"(1) Compliance with core principles.—
6	"(A) In general.—To be registered, and
7	maintain registration, as a digital commodity
8	exchange, a digital commodity exchange shall
9	comply with—
10	"(i) the core principles described in
11	this subsection; and
12	"(ii) any requirement that the Com-
13	mission may impose by rule or regulation
14	pursuant to section 8a(5).
15	"(B) Reasonable discretion of a dig-
16	ITAL COMMODITY EXCHANGE.—Unless otherwise
17	determined by the Commission by rule or regula-
18	tion, a digital commodity exchange described in
19	subparagraph (A) shall have reasonable discre-
20	tion in establishing the manner in which the
21	digital commodity exchange complies with the
22	core principles described in this subsection.
23	"(2) Compliance with rules.—A digital com-
24	modity exchange shall—

1	"(A) establish and enforce compliance with
2	any rule of the digital commodity exchange, in-
3	cluding—
4	"(i) the terms and conditions of the
5	trades traded or processed on or through the
6	digital commodity exchange; and
7	"(ii) any limitation on access to the
8	$digital\ commodity\ exchange;$
9	"(B) establish and enforce trading, trade
10	processing, and participation rules that will
11	deter abuses and have the capacity to detect, in-
12	vestigate, and enforce those rules, including
13	means—
14	"(i) to provide market participants
15	with impartial access to the market; and
16	"(ii) to capture information that may
17	be used in establishing whether rule viola-
18	tions have occurred; and
19	"(C) establish rules governing the operation
20	of the exchange, including rules specifying trad-
21	ing procedures to be used in entering and exe-
22	cuting orders traded or posted on the facility.
23	"(3) Listing standards for digital commod-
24	ITIES.—

1	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
2	exchange shall establish policies and procedures
3	to permit trading in a digital commodity only
4	if—
5	"(i) reports with respect to the digital
6	commodity required under, as applicable,
7	section $4B(b)(3)$ or $4B(b)(5)(C)$ of the Secu-
8	rities Act of 1933 (or, with respect to a dig-
9	ital commodity not issued in reliance on
10	section $4(a)(8)$ of the Securities Act of 1933,
11	a comparable set of reports, where required
12	by the Securities and Exchange Commis-
13	sion) have been filed with the Securities and
14	$Exchange\ Commission;$
15	"(ii) such other similar information as
16	the Commission may, by rule or regulation
17	require, that is related to the ongoing devel-
18	opment plan of the blockchain system and is
19	able to be publicly ascertained, has been
20	provided to the public; or
21	"(iii) the blockchain system to which
22	the digital commodity relates, together with
23	the digital commodity, is certified as a ma-
24	ture blockchain system under section 42 of
25	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

1	"(B) Public information require-
2	MENTS.—
3	"(i) In General.—A digital com-
4	modity exchange shall—
5	"(I) permit trading in a digital
6	commodity only if the digital com-
7	modity exchange reasonably determines
8	that the information required by clause
9	(ii) is correct, current, and available to
10	the public; and
11	"(II) establish policies and proce-
12	dures to determine that the informa-
13	tion provided pursuant to clause (ii) is
14	correct, current, and available to the
15	public.
16	"(ii) Required information.—With
17	respect to a digital commodity and each
18	blockchain system to which the digital com-
19	modity relates for which the digital com-
20	modity exchange will make the digital com-
21	modity available to the customers of the dig-
22	ital commodity exchange, the following in-
23	formation:

1	"(I) Source code.—The source
2	code for any blockchain system to
3	which the digital commodity relates.
4	"(II) Transaction history.—A
5	description of the steps necessary to
6	independently access, search, and
7	verify the transaction history of any
8	blockchain system to which the digital
9	commodity relates, to the extent any
10	such independent access, search, and
11	verification activities are technically
12	feasible with respect to the blockchain
13	system.
14	"(III) DIGITAL COMMODITY ECO-
15	NOMICS.—A narrative description of
16	the purpose of any blockchain system
17	to which the digital commodity relates
18	and the operation of any such
19	blockchain system, including—
20	"(aa) information explaining
21	the launch and supply process, in-
22	cluding the number of digital as-
23	sets to be issued in an initial allo-
24	cation, the total number of digital
25	commodities to be created, the re-

1	lease schedule for the digital com-
2	modities, and the total number of
3	digital commodities then out-
4	standing;
5	"(bb) information detailing
6	any applicable consensus mecha-
7	nism or process for validating
8	transactions, method of generating
9	or mining digital commodities,
10	and any process for burning or
11	destroying digital commodities on
12	$the\ block chain\ system;$
13	"(cc) an explanation of gov-
14	ernance mechanisms for imple-
15	menting changes to the blockchain
16	system or forming consensus
17	among holders of the digital com-
18	modities; and
19	"(dd) sufficient information
20	for a third party to create a tool
21	for verifying the transaction his-
22	tory of the digital asset.
23	"(IV) Trading volume and vol-
24	ATILITY.—The trading volume and vol-

1	atility of the digital commodity on the
2	exchange.
3	"(V) Additional informa-
4	tion.—Such additional information as
5	the Commission may determine by rule
6	to be necessary for a customer to un-
7	derstand the financial and operational
8	risks of a digital commodity, and to be
9	practically feasible to provide.
10	"(iii) Format.—The Commission shall
11	prescribe rules and regulations for the
12	standardization and simplification of dis-
13	closures under clause (ii), including requir-
14	ing that disclosures—
15	$``(I)\ be\ conspicuous;$
16	"(II) use plain language com-
17	prehensible to customers;
18	"(III) are not drafted in a way
19	that presumes the customer already has
20	a base knowledge, familiarity, or un-
21	derstanding of the basic terminology,
22	operation, and function of blockchain
23	systems; and

1	"(IV) succinctly explain the infor-
2	mation that is required to be commu-
3	nicated to the customer.
4	"(iv) Reliance on previous disclo-
5	Sures.—In complying with this subpara-
6	graph, a digital commodity exchange may
7	rely on and make available to the public
8	relevant information publicly disclosed to
9	the Commission, the Securities and Ex-
10	change Commission, or an appropriate Fed-
11	eral banking agency.
12	"(C) Digital commodities held by re-
13	LATED AND DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED
14	Persons.—A digital commodity exchange shall
15	establish policies and procedures designed to per-
16	mit the trading of a unit of a digital commodity
17	acquired from the issuer and held by a digital
18	commodity affiliated person or a digital com-
19	modity related person, only in accordance with
20	the requirements of section 4C of the Securities
21	Act of 1933.
22	"(4) Treatment of customer assets.—A dig-
23	ital commodity exchange shall establish policies and
24	procedures that are designed to protect and ensure the
25	safety of customer money, assets, and property.

1	"(5) Monitoring of trading and trade proc-
2	ESSING.—
3	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
4	exchange shall provide a competitive, open, and
5	efficient market and mechanism for executing
6	transactions that protects the price discovery
7	process of trading on the exchange.
8	"(B) Protection of Markets and Mar-
9	KET PARTICIPANTS.—A digital commodity ex-
10	change shall establish and enforce rules—
11	"(i) to protect markets and market
12	participants from abusive practices com-
13	mitted by any party, including abusive
14	practices committed by a party acting as
15	an agent for a participant; and
16	"(ii) to promote fair and equitable
17	trading on the exchange.
18	"(C) Trading procedures.—A digital
19	commodity exchange shall—
20	"(i) establish and enforce rules or
21	terms and conditions defining, or specifica-
22	tions detailing—
23	"(I) trading procedures to be used
24	in entering and executing orders trad-

1	ed on or through the facilities of the
2	digital commodity exchange; and
3	"(II) procedures for trade proc-
4	essing of digital commodities on or
5	through the facilities of the digital
6	commodity exchange; and
7	"(ii) monitor trading in digital com-
8	modities to prevent manipulation, price dis-
9	tortion, and disruptions, through surveil-
10	lance, compliance, and disciplinary prac-
11	tices and procedures, including methods for
12	conducting real-time monitoring of trading
13	and comprehensive and accurate trade re-
14	constructions.
15	"(6) Ability to obtain information.—A dig-
16	ital commodity exchange shall—
17	"(A) establish and enforce rules that will
18	allow the facility to obtain any necessary infor-
19	mation to perform any of the functions described
20	in this section;
21	"(B) provide the information to the Com-
22	mission on request; and
23	"(C) have the capacity to carry out such
24	international information-sharing agreements as
25	the Commission may require.

1	"(7) Emergency authority.—A digital com-
2	modity exchange shall adopt rules to provide for the
3	exercise of emergency authority, in consultation or co-
4	operation with the Commission or a registered entity,
5	as is necessary and appropriate, including the au-
6	thority to facilitate the liquidation or transfer of open
7	positions in any digital commodity or to suspend or
8	curtail trading in a digital commodity.
9	"(8) Timely publication of trading infor-
10	MATION.—
11	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
12	exchange shall make public timely information
13	on price, trading volume, and other trading data
14	on digital commodities to the extent prescribed
15	by the Commission.
16	"(B) Capacity of digital commodity ex-
17	CHANGE.—A digital commodity exchange shall
18	have the capacity to electronically capture and
19	transmit trade information with respect to
20	transactions executed on the exchange.
21	"(9) Recordkeeping and reporting.—
22	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
23	exchange shall—
24	"(i) maintain records relating to the
25	business of the exchange, including a com-

1	plete audit trail, in a form and manner ac-
2	ceptable to the Commission for a period of
3	5 years;
4	"(ii) report to the Commission, in a
5	form and manner acceptable to the Commis-
6	sion, such information as the Commission
7	determines to be necessary or appropriate
8	for the Commission to perform the duties of
9	the Commission under this Act; and
10	"(iii) keep any such records of digital
11	commodities which relate to a security open
12	to inspection and examination by the Secu-
13	rities and Exchange Commission.
14	"(B) Information-sharing.—Subject to
15	section 8, and on request, the Commission shall
16	share information collected under subparagraph
17	(A) with—
18	"(i) the Board;
19	"(ii) the Securities and Exchange
20	Commission;
21	"(iii) each appropriate Federal bank-
22	ing agency;
23	"(iv) each appropriate State bank su-
24	pervisor (within the meaning of section 3 of
25	$the\ Federal\ Deposit\ Insurance\ Act);$

1	"(v) the Financial Stability Oversight
2	Council;
3	"(vi) the Department of Justice; and
4	"(vii) any other person that the Com-
5	mission determines to be appropriate, in-
6	cluding—
7	"(I) foreign financial supervisors
8	(including foreign futures authorities);
9	"(II) foreign central banks; and
10	"(III) foreign ministries.
11	"(C) Confidentiality agreement.—Be-
12	fore the Commission may share information with
13	any entity described in subparagraph (B), the
14	Commission shall receive a written agreement
15	from the entity stating that the entity shall abide
16	by the confidentiality requirements described in
17	section 8 relating to the information on digital
18	commodities that is provided.
19	"(D) Providing information.—A digital
20	commodity exchange shall provide to the Com-
21	mission (including any designee of the Commis-
22	sion) information under subparagraph (A) in
23	such form and at such frequency as is required
24	by the Commission.

1	"(10) Antitrust considerations.—Unless nec-
2	essary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this
3	Act, a digital commodity exchange shall not—
4	"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions
5	that result in any unreasonable restraint of
6	trade; or
7	"(B) impose any material anticompetitive
8	burden on trading.
9	"(11) Conflicts of interest.—The digital
10	commodity exchange shall establish and enforce
11	rules—
12	"(A) to minimize conflicts of interest in the
13	decision making processes of the contract market;
14	and
15	"(B) to establish a process for resolving con-
16	flicts of interest referred to in subparagraph (A).
17	"(12) Financial resources.—
18	"(A) In general.—A digital commodity
19	exchange shall have adequate financial, oper-
20	ational, and managerial resources, as determined
21	by the Commission, to discharge each responsi-
22	bility of the digital commodity exchange.
23	"(B) Minimum amount of financial re-
24	SOURCES.—A digital commodity exchange shall

1	possess financial resources that, at a minimum,
2	exceed the sum of—
3	"(i) the total amount that would en-
4	able the digital commodity exchange to
5	cover the operating costs of the digital com-
6	modity exchange for a 1-year period, as cal-
7	culated on a rolling basis; and
8	"(ii) the total amount necessary to
9	meet the financial obligations of the digital
10	commodity exchange to all customers of the
11	digital commodity exchange.
12	"(13) Disciplinary procedures.—A digital
13	commodity exchange shall establish and enforce dis-
14	ciplinary procedures that authorize the digital com-
15	modity exchange to discipline, suspend, or expel mem-
16	bers or market participants that violate the rules of
17	the digital commodity exchange, or similar methods
18	for performing the same functions, including delega-
19	tion of the functions to third parties.
20	"(14) Governance fitness standards.—
21	"(A) GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS.—A
22	digital commodity exchange shall establish gov-
23	ernance arrangements that are transparent and
24	designed to permit consideration of the views of
25	market participants.

1	"(B) Fitness standards.—A digital com-
2	modity exchange shall establish and enforce ap-
3	propriate fitness standards for—
4	"(i) officers and directors; and
5	"(ii) any individual or entity with di-
6	rect access to, or control of, customer assets.
7	"(15) System safeguards.—A digital com-
8	modity exchange shall—
9	"(A) establish and maintain a program of
10	risk analysis and oversight to identify and mini-
11	mize sources of operational and security risks,
12	through the development of appropriate controls
13	and procedures, and automated systems in ac-
14	cordance with industry standards, that—
15	"(i) are reliable and secure; and
16	"(ii) have adequate scalable capacity;
17	"(B) establish and maintain emergency pro-
18	cedures, backup resources, and a plan for dis-
19	aster recovery that allow for—
20	"(i) the timely recovery and resump-
21	tion of operations; and
22	"(ii) the fulfillment of the responsibil-
23	ities and obligations of the digital com-
24	modity exchange; and

1	"(C) periodically conduct tests to verify that
2	the backup resources of the digital commodity ex-
3	change are sufficient to ensure continued—
4	"(i) order processing and trade match-
5	ing;
6	"(ii) price reporting;
7	"(iii) market surveillance; and
8	"(iv) maintenance of a comprehensive
9	and accurate audit trail.
10	"(d) Holding of Customer Assets.—
11	"(1) In general.—A digital commodity ex-
12	change shall hold customer money, assets, and prop-
13	erty in a manner to minimize the risk of loss to the
14	customer or unreasonable delay in customer access to
15	the money, assets, and property of the customer.
16	"(2) Segregation of funds.—
17	"(A) In General.—A digital commodity
18	exchange shall treat and deal with all money, as-
19	sets, and property that is received by the digital
20	commodity exchange, or accrues to a customer as
21	the result of trading in digital commodities, as
22	belonging to the customer.
23	"(B) Commingling prohibited.—Money,
24	assets, and property described in subparagraph
25	(A) shall be separately accounted for and shall

1 not be commingled with the funds of the digital 2 commodity exchange or be used to margin, se-3 cure, or quarantee any trades or accounts of any 4 customer or person other than the person for 5 whom the same are held. 6 "(C) Exceptions.— 7 "(i) Use of funds.— "(I) GENERAL.—Notwith-8 IN9 standing subparagraph (A), money, as-10 sets, and property described in sub-11 paragraph (A) may, for convenience, 12 be commingled and deposited in the same account or accounts with any 13 14 bank, trust company, derivatives clear-15 ing organization, or qualified digital 16 asset custodian. 17 "(II) WITHDRAWAL.—Notwith-18 standing subparagraph (A), such share 19 of the money, assets, and property de-20 scribed in subparagraph (A) as in the 21 normal course of business shall be nec-22 essary to margin, quarantee, secure, 23 transfer, adjust, or settle a contract of 24 sale of a digital commodity with a reg-

istered entity may be withdrawn and

applied to such purposes, including the
payment of commissions, brokerage, interest, taxes, storage, and other charges,
lawfully accruing in connection with
the contract.

"(ii) Commission action.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in accordance
with such terms and conditions as the Commission may prescribe by rule, regulation,
or order, any money, assets, or property of
the customers of a digital commodity exchange may be commingled and deposited
in customer accounts with any other money,
assets, or property received by the digital
commodity exchange and required by the
Commission to be separately accounted for
and treated and dealt with as belonging to
the customer of the digital commodity exchange.

"(3) PERMITTED INVESTMENTS.—Money described in paragraph (2) may be invested in obligations of the United States, in general obligations of any State or of any political subdivision of a State, and in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or in any other in-

vestment that the Commission may by rule or regulation prescribe, and such investments shall be made in accordance with such rules and regulations and subject to such conditions as the Commission may prescribe.

"(4) Customer protection during bankruptcy.—

"(A) Customer Property.—All assets held on behalf of a customer by a digital commodity exchange, and all money, assets, and property of any customer received by a digital commodity exchange for trading or custody, or to facilitate, margin, guarantee, or secure contracts of sale of a digital commodity (including money, assets, or property accruing to the customer as the result of the transactions), shall be considered customer property for purposes of section 761 of title 11, United States Code.

"(B) Transactions.—A transaction involving the sale of a unit of a digital commodity occurring on or subject to the rules of a digital commodity exchange shall be considered a contract for the purchase or sale of a commodity for future delivery, on or subject to the rules of, a contract market or board of trade for purposes of

1	the definition of 'commodity contract' in section
2	761 of title 11, United States Code.
3	"(C) Exchanges.—A digital commodity
4	exchange shall be considered a futures commis-
5	sion merchant for purposes of section 761 of title
6	11, United States Code.
7	"(D) Assets removed from segrega-
8	TION.—Assets removed from segregation due to a
9	customer election under paragraph (6) shall not
10	be considered customer property for purposes of
11	section 761 of title 11, United States Code.
12	"(5) Misuse of customer property.—
13	"(A) In general.—It shall be unlawful—
14	"(i) for any digital commodity ex-
15	change that has received any customer
16	money, assets, or property for custody to
17	dispose of, or use any such money, assets, or
18	property as belonging to the digital com-
19	modity exchange or any person other than
20	a customer of the digital commodity ex-
21	change; or
22	"(ii) for any other person, including
23	any depository, other digital commodity ex-
24	change, or digital asset custodian that has
25	received any customer money, assets, or

1	property for deposit, to hold, dispose of, or
2	use any such money, assets, or property, or
3	property, as belonging to the depositing dig-
4	ital commodity exchange or any person
5	other than the customers of the digital com-
6	modity exchange.
7	"(B) Use further defined.—For pur-
8	poses of this section, 'use' of a digital commodity
9	includes utilizing any unit of a digital asset to
10	participate in a blockchain service defined in
11	paragraph (6) or a decentralized governance sys-
12	tem associated with the digital commodity or the
13	blockchain system to which the digital com-
14	modity relates in any manner other than that
15	expressly directed by the customer from whom
16	the unit of a digital commodity was received.
17	"(6) Participation in blockchain serv-
18	ICES.—
19	"(A) In general.—A customer shall have
20	the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph
21	(2) for any unit of a digital commodity to be
22	used under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph,
23	by affirmatively electing, in writing to the dig-
24	ital commodity exchange, to waive the restric-

25

tions.

"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital commodities removed from segregation under subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by the digital commodity exchange or its designee to provide a blockchain service for a blockchain system to which the unit of the digital asset removed from segregation in subparagraph (A) relates.

## "(C) Limitations.—

"(i) In General.—The Commission shall, by rule, establish notice and disclosure requirements, and may, by rule, establish any other limitations and rules related to the waiving of any restrictions under this paragraph that are reasonably necessary to protect customers, including eligible contract participants, non-eligible contract participants, or any other class of customers.

"(ii) Customer choice.—A digital commodity exchange may not require a waiver from a customer described in subparagraph (A) as a condition of doing business on the exchange.

24 ness on the exchange.

1	"(D) Blockchain service defined.—In
2	this paragraph, the term 'blockchain service'
3	means any activity relating to validating trans-
4	actions on a blockchain system, providing secu-
5	rity for a blockchain system, or other similar ac-
6	tivity required for the ongoing operation of a
7	$block chain\ system.$
8	"(e) Market Access Requirements.—The Commis-
9	sion may, by rule, impose any additional requirements re-
10	lated to the operations and activities of the digital com-
11	modity exchange and an affiliated digital commodity
12	broker necessary to protect market participants, promote
13	fair and equitable trading on the digital commodity ex-
14	change, and promote responsible innovation.
15	"(f) Designation of Chief Compliance Officer.—
16	"(1) In general.—A digital commodity ex-
17	change shall designate an individual to serve as a
18	chief compliance officer.
19	"(2) DUTIES.—The chief compliance officer
20	shall—
21	"(A) report directly to the board or to the
22	senior officer of the exchange;
23	"(B) review compliance with the core prin-
24	ciples in this subsection;

1	"(C) in consultation with the board of the
2	exchange, a body performing a function similar
3	to that of a board, or the senior officer of the ex-
4	change, resolve any conflicts of interest that may
5	arise;
6	"(D) establish and administer the policies
7	and procedures required to be established pursu-
8	ant to this section;
9	"(E) ensure compliance with this Act and
10	the rules and regulations issued under this Act,
11	including rules prescribed by the Commission
12	pursuant to this section; and
13	"(F) establish procedures for the remedi-
14	ation of noncompliance issues found during com-
15	pliance office reviews, look backs, internal or ex-
16	ternal audit findings, self-reported errors, or
17	through validated complaints.
18	"(3) Requirements for procedures.—In es-
19	tablishing procedures under paragraph (2)( $F$ ), the
20	chief compliance officer shall design the procedures to
21	establish the handling, management response, remedi-
22	ation, retesting, and closing of noncompliance issues.
23	"(4) Annual reports.—
24	"(A) In General.—In accordance with
25	rules prescribed by the Commission, the chief

1	compliance officer shall annually prepare and
2	sign a report that contains a description of—
3	"(i) the compliance of the digital com-
4	modity exchange with this Act; and
5	"(ii) the policies and procedures, in-
6	cluding the code of ethics and conflicts of
7	interest policies, of the digital commodity
8	exchange.
9	"(B) Requirements.—The chief compli-
10	ance officer shall—
11	"(i) submit each report described in
12	subparagraph (A) with the appropriate fi-
13	nancial report of the digital commodity ex-
14	change that is required to be submitted to
15	the Commission pursuant to this section;
16	and
17	"(ii) include in the report a certifi-
18	cation that, under penalty of law, the report
19	is accurate and complete.
20	"(g) Appointment of Trustee.—
21	"(1) In General.—If a proceeding under section
22	5e results in the suspension or revocation of the reg-
23	istration of a digital commodity exchange, or if a dig-
24	ital commodity exchange withdraws from registration,
25	the Commission, on notice to the digital commodity

1	exchange, may apply to the appropriate United
2	States district court where the digital commodity ex-
3	change is located for the appointment of a trustee.
4	"(2) Assumption of Jurisdiction.—If the
5	Commission applies for appointment of a trustee
6	under paragraph (1)—
7	"(A) the court may take exclusive jurisdic-
8	tion over the digital commodity exchange and
9	the records and assets of the digital commodity
10	exchange, wherever located; and
11	"(B) if the court takes jurisdiction under
12	subparagraph (A), the court shall appoint the
13	Commission, or a person designated by the Com-
14	mission, as trustee with power to take possession
15	and continue to operate or terminate the oper-
16	ations of the digital commodity exchange in an
17	orderly manner for the protection of customers
18	subject to such terms and conditions as the court
19	may prescribe.
20	"(h) Qualified Digital Asset Custodian.—A dig-
21	ital commodity exchange shall hold in a qualified digital
22	asset custodian each unit of a digital asset that is—
23	"(1) the property of a customer of the digital
24	commodity exchange;

1	"(2) required to be held by the digital commodity
2	exchange under subsection $(c)(12)$ of this section; or
3	"(3) otherwise so required by the Commission to
4	reasonably protect customers.
5	"(i) Exemptions.—
6	"(1) In general.—In order to promote respon-
7	sible innovation and fair competition, or protect cus-
8	tomers, the Commission may (on its own initiative or
9	on application of the registered digital commodity ex-
10	change) exempt, either unconditionally or on stated
11	terms or conditions or for stated periods and either
12	retroactively or prospectively, or both, a registered
13	digital commodity exchange from the requirements of
14	this section, if the Commission determines that—
15	"(A) the exemption would be consistent with
16	the public interest and the purposes of this Act;
17	and
18	"(B) the exemption will not have a material
19	adverse effect on the ability of the Commission or
20	the digital commodity exchange to discharge reg-
21	ulatory or self-regulatory duties under this Act.
22	"(2) Foreign exchanges.—The Commission
23	may exempt, conditionally or unconditionally, a dig-
24	ital commodity exchange from registration under this
25	section if the Commission finds that the digital com-

- 1 modity exchange is subject to comparable, comprehen-
- 2 sive supervision and regulation on a consolidated
- 3 basis by the appropriate governmental authorities in
- 4 the home country of the facility.
- 5 "(j) Customer Defined.—In this section, the term
- 6 'customer' means any person that maintains an account for
- 7 the trading of digital commodities directly with a digital
- 8 commodity exchange (other than a person that is owned or
- 9 controlled, directly or indirectly, by the digital commodity
- 10 exchange) for its own behalf or on behalf of any other per-
- 11 *son*.
- 12 "(k) Federal Preemption.—Notwithstanding any
- 13 other provision of law, the Commission shall have exclusive
- 14 jurisdiction over any digital commodity exchange registered
- 15 under this section with respect to activities and trans-
- 16 actions subject to this Act.".
- 17 SEC. 405. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.
- 18 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), as
- 19 amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is amended
- 20 by inserting after section 5i the following:
- 21 "SEC. 5j. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.
- 22 "(a) In General.—A person is a qualified digital
- 23 asset custodian for purposes of this Act if the person—

1	"(1) holds digital assets on behalf of a person
2	registered under this Act or a customer of a person
3	registered under this Act; and
4	"(2) is in compliance with subsections (b) and
5	(c).
6	"(b) Supervision Requirement.—A person is in
7	compliance with this subsection if the person is subject to—
8	"(1) supervision and examination for custody
9	and safekeeping of digital assets by an appropriate
10	Federal banking agency, the National Credit Union
11	Administration, the Commission, or the Securities
12	and Exchange Commission; or
13	"(2) adequate supervision and appropriate regu-
14	lation for custody and safekeeping of digital assets
15	by—
16	"(A) a State bank supervisor (within the
17	meaning of section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
18	$surance\ Act);$
19	"(B) a State credit union supervisor, as de-
20	fined under section 6003 of the Anti-Money
21	Laundering Act of 2020; or
22	"(C) an appropriate foreign governmental
23	authority in the home country of the digital com-
24	$modity\ custodian.$

1	"(c) Other Requirements.—A person shall be in
2	compliance with this subsection if:
3	"(1) Not otherwise prohibited.—The person
4	has not been prohibited by its supervisor from engag-
5	ing in an activity with respect to the custody and
6	safekeeping of digital assets.
7	"(2) Information sharing.—
8	"(A) In General.—The person shares in-
9	formation with the Commission on request and
10	complies with such requirements for periodic
11	sharing of information regarding customer ac-
12	counts that the person holds on behalf of an enti-
13	ty registered with the Commission as the Com-
14	mission determines by rule are reasonably nec-
15	essary to effectuate any of the provisions, or to
16	accomplish any of the purposes, of this Act.
17	"(B) Provision of Information.—If the
18	person is subject to regulation and examination
19	by an appropriate Federal banking agency, the
20	person may satisfy any information request de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (A) by providing the
22	Commission with a detailed listing, in writing,
23	of the digital assets of a customer in the custody
24	of, or use by, the person.
25	"(C) Rulemaking for cftc entities.—

1	"(i) In General.—The Commission
2	shall prescribe rules to permit a person reg-
3	istered with the Commission to be a quali-
4	fied digital asset custodian in compliance
5	with this section.
6	"(ii) Content.—In prescribing the
7	rules under subparagraph (A), the Commis-
8	sion shall require a person registered with
9	the Commission to—
10	"(I) implement requirement con-
11	sistent with the requirements in sub-
12	section (d)(1);
13	"(II) establish sufficient system
14	safeguards;
15	"(III) prevent or mitigate con-
16	flicts of interest, as appropriate; and
17	"(IV) establish separate govern-
18	ance arrangements for the custodial
19	function of the entity.
20	"(d) Adequate Supervision and Appropriate
21	Regulation.—
22	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
23	(b), the terms 'adequate supervision' and 'appropriate
24	regulation' mean such minimum standards for super-
25	vision and regulation as are reasonably necessary to

1	protect the digital assets held by a person registered
2	under this Act, including standards relating to the li-
3	censing, examination, and supervisory processes that
4	require the person to, at a minimum—
5	"(A) receive a review and evaluation of
6	ownership, character and fitness, conflicts of in-
7	terest, business model, financial statements,
8	funding resources, and policies and procedures of
9	$the \ person;$
10	"(B) hold capital sufficient for the financial
11	integrity of the person;
12	"(C) protect customer assets;
13	"(D) establish and maintain books and
14	records regarding the business of the person;
15	"(E) submit financial statements and au-
16	dited financial statements to the applicable su-
17	pervisor described in subsection (b);
18	"(F) provide disclosures to the applicable
19	supervisor described in subsection (b) regarding
20	actions, proceedings, and other items as deter-
21	mined by the supervisor;
22	"(G) maintain and enforce policies and
23	procedures for compliance with applicable State
24	and Federal laws, including those related to
25	anti-money laundering and cybersecurity;

1	"(H) establish a business continuity plan to
2	ensure functionality in cases of disruption; and
3	"(I) establish policies and procedures to re-
4	$solve\ complaints.$
5	"(2) Rulemaking with respect to defini-
6	TIONS.—
7	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
8	section, the Commission may, by rule, further de-
9	fine the terms 'adequate supervision' and 'appro-
10	priate regulation' as necessary and appropriate
11	for the protection of customers, and consistent
12	with the purposes of this Act.
13	"(B) Conditional treatment of certain
14	CUSTODIANS BEFORE RULEMAKING.—Before the
15	effective date of a rulemaking under subpara-
16	graph (A), a trust company is deemed subject to
17	adequate supervision and appropriate regulation
18	if—
19	"(i) the trust company is expressly
20	permitted by a State bank supervisor to en-
21	gage in the custody and safekeeping of dig-
22	$it al\ assets;$
23	"(ii) the State bank supervisor has es-
24	tablished licensing, examination, and super-
25	visory processes that require the trust com-

1	pany to, at a minimum, meet the condi-
2	tions described in subparagraphs (A)
3	through (I) of paragraph (1); and
4	"(iii) the trust company is in good
5	standing with its State bank supervisor.
6	"(C) Transition period for certain
7	CUSTODIANS.—In implementing the rulemaking
8	under subparagraph (A), the Commission shall
9	provide a transition period of not less than 2
10	years for any trust company that is deemed sub-
11	ject to adequate supervision and appropriate reg-
12	ulation under subparagraph (B) on the effective
13	date of the rulemaking.
14	"(e) Authority To Temporarily Suspend Stand-
15	ARDS.—The Commission may, by rule or order, tempo-
16	rarily suspend, in whole or in part, any requirement im-
17	posed under, or any standard referred to in, this section,
18	or any requirement to utilize a qualified digital asset custo-
19	dian, if the Commission determines that the suspension
20	would be consistent with the public interest and the pur-
21	poses of this Act.".
22	SEC. 406. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL
23	COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.
24	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is
25	amended by inserting after section 4t the following:

1	"SEC. 4u. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL
2	COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.
3	"(a) Registration.—
4	"(1) Requirement.—It shall be unlawful for
5	any person to act as a digital commodity broker or
6	digital commodity dealer unless the person is reg-
7	istered as such with the Commission.
8	"(2) Additional registration.—
9	"(A) Rules.—In order to foster the devel-
10	opment of fair and orderly markets, protect cus-
11	tomers, and promote responsible innovation, the
12	Commission—
13	"(i) shall prescribe rules to exempt an
14	entity registered with the Commission
15	under more than 1 section of this Act from
16	duplicative, conflicting, or unduly burden-
17	some provisions of this Act and the rules
18	$under\ this\ Act;$
19	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to address
20	conflicts of interests and the activities of the
21	entity; and
22	"(iii) may after an analysis of the
23	risks and benefits, prescribe rules to provide
24	for portfolio margining.
25	"(B) With membership in a registered
26	FUTURES ASSOCIATION.—Any person required to

1 be registered as a digital commodity broker or 2 digital commodity dealer under this section shall become and remain a member of a registered fu-3 tures association. 4 5 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.— 6 "(1) In General.—A person shall register as a 7 digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer 8 by filing a registration application with the Commission. 9 "(2) Contents.— 10 11 "(A) In General.—The application shall 12 be made in such form and manner as is pre-13 scribed by the Commission, and shall contain 14 such information as the Commission considers 15 necessary concerning the business in which the 16 applicant is or will be engaged. 17 "(B) Continual reporting.—A person 18 that is registered as a digital commodity broker 19 or digital commodity dealer shall continue to 20 submit to the Commission reports that contain 21 such information pertaining to the business of 22 the person as the Commission may require. 23 "(3) Statutory disqualification.—Except to 24 the extent otherwise specifically provided by rule, reg-

ulation, or order, it shall be unlawful for a digital

commodity broker or digital commodity dealer to permit any person who is associated with a digital commodity broker or a digital commodity dealer and who is subject to a statutory disqualification to effect or be involved in effecting a contract of sale of a digital commodity on behalf of the digital commodity broker or the digital commodity dealer, respectively, if the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, of the statutory disqualification.

## "(c) Rulemaking.—

"(1) In General.—The Commission shall prescribe such rules applicable to registered digital commodity brokers and registered digital commodity dealers as are appropriate to carry out this section, including rules in the public interest that limit the activities of digital commodity brokers and digital commodity dealers.

## "(2) Financing agreements.—

"(A) In General.—The Commission shall prescribe rules and regulations applicable to digital commodity brokers or digital commodity dealers which shall set forth minimum requirements related to disclosure, recordkeeping, mar-

1	gin financing arrangements, rehypothecation,
2	capital, reporting, business conduct, documenta-
3	tion, and supervision of employees and agents,
4	in connection with—
5	"(i) an agreement described in section
6	2(c)(2)(D)(iv); or
7	"(ii) any other margined, leveraged, or
8	financing arrangement for the purchase or
9	sale of a digital commodity with an eligible
10	$contract\ participant.$
11	"(B) Specific authority.—Except as pro-
12	$hibited \ in \ section \ 2(c)(2)(G)(iii), \ the \ Commis-$
13	sion may also make, promulgate, and enforce
14	such rules and regulations as, in the judgment of
15	the Commission, are reasonably necessary to ef-
16	fectuate any of the provisions of, or to accom-
17	plish any of the purposes of, this Act in connec-
18	tion with an agreement referred to in subpara-
19	graph (A) of this paragraph.
20	"(d) Capital Requirements.—
21	"(1) In General.—Each digital commodity
22	broker and digital commodity dealer shall meet such
23	minimum capital requirements as the Commission
24	may prescribe to address the risks associated with
25	digital commodity trading and to ensure that the dig-

1	ital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer,
2	respectively, is able, at all times, to—
3	"(A) meet, and continue to meet the obliga-
4	tions of such a registrant; and
5	"(B) fulfill obligations to customers or
6	counterparties for any margined, leveraged, or
7	financed transactions.
8	"(2) Futures commission merchants and
9	OTHER DEALERS.—Each futures commission mer-
10	chant, introducing broker, digital commodity broker,
11	digital commodity dealer, broker, and dealer shall
12	maintain sufficient capital to comply with the strict-
13	er of any applicable capital requirements to which the
14	futures commission merchant, introducing broker,
15	digital commodity broker, digital commodity dealer,
16	broker, or dealer, respectively, is subject under this
17	Act or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
18	78a et seq.).
19	"(e) Reporting and Recordkeeping.—Each digital
20	commodity broker and digital commodity dealer—
21	"(1) shall make such reports as are required by
22	the Commission by rule or regulation regarding the
23	transactions, positions, and financial condition of the
24	digital commodity broker or digital commodity deal-
25	er, respectively;

1	"(2) shall keep books and records in such form
2	and manner and for such period as may be prescribed
3	by the Commission by rule or regulation; and

"(3) shall keep the books and records open to inspection and examination by any representative of the Commission.

## "(f) Daily Trading Records.—

- "(1) In General.—Each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain daily trading records of the transactions of the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, and all related records (including related forward or derivatives transactions) and recorded communications, including electronic mail, instant messages, and recordings of telephone calls, for such period as the Commission may require by rule or regulation.
- "(2) Information requirements.—The daily trading records shall include such information as the Commission shall require by rule or regulation.
- "(3) Counterparty records.—Each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain daily trading records for each customer or counterparty in a manner and form that is identifiable with each digital commodity transaction.

1	"(4) Audit trail.—Each digital commodity
2	broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain
3	a complete audit trail for conducting comprehensive
4	and accurate trade reconstructions.
5	"(g) Business Conduct Standards.—
6	"(1) In General.—Each digital commodity
7	broker and digital commodity dealer shall conform
8	with such business conduct standards as the Commis-
9	sion, by rule or regulation, prescribes related to—
10	"(A) fraud, manipulation, and other abu-
11	sive practices involving spot or margined, lever-
12	aged, or financed digital commodity transactions
13	(including transactions that are offered but not
14	$entered\ into);$
15	"(B) diligent supervision of the business of
16	the registered digital commodity broker or dig-
17	ital commodity dealer, respectively; and
18	"(C) such other matters as the Commission
19	deems appropriate.
20	"(2) Business conduct requirements.—The
21	Commission shall, by rule, prescribe business conduct
22	requirements which—
23	"(A) require disclosure by a registered dig-
24	ital commodity broker and registered digital
25	commodity dealer to any counterparty to the

1	transaction (other than an eligible contract par-
2	ticipant) of—
3	"(i) information about the material
4	risks and characteristics of the digital com-
5	modity; and
6	"(ii) information about the material
7	risks and characteristics of the transaction;
8	"(B) establish a duty for such a digital
9	commodity broker and such a digital commodity
10	dealer to communicate in a fair and balanced
11	manner based on principles of fair dealing and
12	good faith;
13	"(C) establish standards governing digital
14	commodity broker and digital commodity dealer
15	marketing and advertising, including
16	testimonials and endorsements; and
17	"(D) establish such other standards and re-
18	quirements as the Commission may determine
19	are appropriate for the protection of customers.
20	"(3) Prohibition on fraudulent prac-
21	TICES.—It shall be unlawful for a digital commodity
22	broker or digital commodity dealer to—
23	"(A) employ any device, scheme, or artifice
24	to defraud any customer or counterparty;

1	"(B) engage in any transaction, practice, or
2	course of business that operates as a fraud or de-
3	ceit on any customer or counterparty; or
4	"(C) engage in any act, practice, or course
5	of business that is fraudulent, deceptive, or ma-
6	nipulative.
7	"(h) Duties.—
8	"(1) RISK MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES.—Each
9	digital commodity broker and digital commodity
10	dealer shall establish robust and professional risk
11	management systems adequate for managing the day-
12	to-day business of the digital commodity broker or
13	digital commodity dealer, respectively.
14	"(2) Disclosure of general information.—
15	Each digital commodity broker and digital com-
16	modity dealer shall disclose to the Commission infor-
17	mation concerning—
18	"(A) the terms and conditions of the trans-
19	actions of the digital commodity broker or dig-
20	ital commodity dealer, respectively;
21	"(B) the trading operations, mechanisms,
22	and practices of the digital commodity broker or
23	digital commodity dealer, respectively;

1	"(C) financial integrity protections relating
2	to the activities of the digital commodity broker
3	or digital commodity dealer, respectively; and
4	"(D) other information relevant to trading
5	in digital commodities by the digital commodity
6	broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively.
7	"(3) Ability to obtain information.—Each
8	digital commodity broker and digital commodity
9	dealer shall—
10	"(A) establish and enforce internal systems
11	and procedures to obtain any necessary informa-
12	tion to perform any of the functions described in
13	this section; and
14	"(B) provide the information to the Com-
15	mission, on request.
16	"(4) Conflicts of interest.—Each digital
17	commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall
18	establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and
19	procedures reasonably designed, taking into consider-
20	ation the nature of the business of the person, to miti-
21	gate any conflicts of interest in transactions or ar-
22	rangements with affiliates.
23	"(5) Antitrust considerations.—Unless nec-
24	essary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this

1	Act, a digital commodity broker or digital commodity
2	dealer shall not—
3	"(A) adopt any process or take any action
4	that results in any unreasonable restraint of
5	trade; or
6	"(B) impose any material anticompetitive
7	burden on trading or clearing.
8	"(i) Designation of Chief Compliance Officer.—
9	"(1) In General.—Each digital commodity
10	broker and digital commodity dealer shall designate
11	an individual to serve as a chief compliance officer.
12	"(2) Duties.—The chief compliance officer
13	shall—
14	"(A) report directly to the board or to the
15	senior officer of the registered digital commodity
16	broker or registered digital commodity dealer;
17	"(B) review the compliance of the registered
18	digital commodity broker or registered digital
19	commodity dealer with respect to the registered
20	digital commodity broker and registered digital
21	commodity dealer requirements described in this
22	section;
23	"(C) in consultation with the board of di-
24	rectors, a body performing a function similar to
25	the board, or the senior officer of the organiza-

1	tion, resolve any conflicts of interest that may
2	arise;
3	"(D) be responsible for administering each
4	policy and procedure that is required to be estab-
5	lished pursuant to this section;
6	"(E) ensure compliance with this Act (in-
7	cluding regulations), including each rule pre-
8	scribed by the Commission under this section;
9	"(F) establish procedures for the remedi-
10	ation of noncompliance issues identified by the
11	chief compliance officer through any—
12	"(i) compliance office review;
13	"(ii) look-back;
14	"(iii) internal or external audit find-
15	ing;
16	"(iv) self-reported error; or
17	"(v) validated complaint; and
18	"(G) establish and follow appropriate proce-
19	dures for the handling, management response, re-
20	mediation, retesting, and closing of noncompli-
21	ance issues.
22	"(3) Annual reports.—
23	"(A) In General.—In accordance with
24	rules prescribed by the Commission the chief

1	compliance officer shall annually prepare and
2	sign a report that contains a description of—
3	"(i) the compliance of the registered
4	digital commodity broker or registered dig-
5	ital commodity dealer with this Act (includ-
6	ing regulations); and
7	"(ii) each policy and procedure of the
8	registered digital commodity broker or reg-
9	istered digital commodity dealer followed by
10	the chief compliance officer (including the
11	code of ethics and conflict of interest poli-
12	cies).
13	"(B) Requirements.—The chief compli-
14	ance officer shall ensure that a compliance report
15	under subparagraph (A)—
16	"(i) accompanies each appropriate fi-
17	nancial report of the registered digital com-
18	modity broker or registered digital com-
19	modity dealer that is required to be fur-
20	nished to the Commission pursuant to this
21	section; and
22	"(ii) includes a certification that,
23	under penalty of law, the compliance report
24	is accurate and complete.
25	"(j) Segregation of Digital Commodities.—

1	"(1) Holding of customer assets.—
2	"(A) In General.—Each digital com-
3	modity broker and digital commodity dealer
4	shall hold customer money, assets, and property
5	in a manner to minimize the risk of loss to the
6	customer or unreasonable delay in customer ac-
7	cess to the money, assets, and property of the
8	customer.
9	"(B) Qualified digital asset custo-
10	DIAN.—Each digital commodity broker and dig-
11	ital commodity dealer shall hold in a qualified
12	digital asset custodian each unit of a digital
13	asset that is—
14	"(i) the property of a customer or
15	counterparty of the digital commodity
16	broker or digital commodity dealer, respec-
17	tively;
18	"(ii) required to be held by the digital
19	commodity broker or digital commodity
20	dealer under subsection (e); or
21	"(iii) otherwise so required by the
22	Commission to reasonably protect customers
23	or promote the public interest.
24	"(2) Segregation of funds.—

"(A) 1 In general.—Each digital com-2 modity broker and digital commodity dealer shall treat and deal with all money, assets, and 3 4 property that is received by the digital com-5 modity broker or digital commodity dealer, or 6 accrues to a customer as the result of trading in 7 digital commodities, as belonging to the cus-8 tomer. 9 "(B) Commingling prohibited.— 10 "(i) In general.—Except as provided 11 in clause (ii), each digital commodity 12 broker and digital commodity dealer shall 13 separately account for money, assets, and 14 property of a digital commodity customer, 15 and shall not commingle any such money, 16 assets, or property with the funds of the dig-17 ital commodity broker or digital commodity 18 dealer, respectively, or use any such money, 19 assets, or property to margin, secure, or 20 guarantee any trades or accounts of any 21 customer or person other than the person for 22 whom the money, assets, or property are 23 held.

"(ii) Exceptions.—

"(I) Use of funds.—

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1	"(aa) In general.—A dig-
2	ital commodity broker or digital
3	commodity dealer may, for con-
4	venience, commingle and deposit
5	in the same account or accounts
6	with any bank, trust company,
7	derivatives clearing organization,
8	or qualified digital asset custo-
9	dian money, assets, and property
10	of customers.
11	"(bb) WITHDRAWAL.—The
12	share of the money, assets, and
13	property described in item (aa) as
14	in the normal course of business
15	shall be necessary to margin,
16	guarantee, secure, transfer, adjust,
17	or settle a contract of sale of a
18	digital commodity with a reg-
19	istered entity may be withdrawn
20	and applied to such purposes, in-
21	cluding the payment of commis-
22	sions, brokerage, interest, taxes,
23	storage, and other charges, law-
24	fully accruing in connection with
25	the contract.

"(II) 1 Commission action.—In 2 accordance with such terms and condi-3 tions as the Commission may prescribe 4 by rule, regulation, or order, any 5 money, assets, or property of the cus-6 tomers of a digital commodity broker 7 or digital commodity dealer may be 8 commingled and deposited in customer 9 accounts with any other money, assets, 10 or property received by the digital 11 commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, and re-12 13 quired by the Commission to be sepa-14 rately accounted for and treated and 15 dealt with as belonging to the customer 16 of the digital commodity broker or dig-17 ital commodity dealer, respectively.

"(3) PERMITTED INVESTMENTS.—Money described in paragraph (2) may be invested in obligations of the United States, in general obligations of any State or of any political subdivision of a State, in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or in any other investment that the Commission may by rule or regulation allow.

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1	"(4) Customer protection during bank-
2	RUPTCY.—
3	"(A) Customer property.—All money,
4	assets, or property described in paragraph (2)
5	shall be considered customer property for pur-
6	poses of section 761 of title 11, United States
7	Code.
8	"(B) Transaction in-
9	volving a unit of a digital commodity occurring
10	with a digital commodity broker or digital com-
11	modity dealer shall be considered a contract for
12	the purchase or sale of a commodity for future
13	delivery, on or subject to the rules of, a contract
14	market or board of trade for purposes of the defi-
15	nition of a 'commodity contract' in section 761
16	of title 11, United States Code.
17	"(C) Brokers and dealers.—A digital
18	commodity broker and a digital commodity deal-
19	er shall be considered a futures commission mer-
20	chant for purposes of section 761 of title 11,
21	United States Code.
22	"(D) Assets removed from segrega-
23	TION.—Assets removed from segregation due to a
24	customer election under paragraph (6) shall not

1	be considered customer property for purposes of
2	section 761 of title 11, United States Code.
3	"(5) Misuse of customer property.—
4	"(A) In general.—It shall be unlawful—
5	"(i) for any digital commodity broker
6	or digital commodity dealer that has re-
7	ceived any customer money, assets, or prop-
8	erty for custody to dispose of, or use any
9	such money, assets, or property as belonging
10	to the digital commodity broker or digital
11	commodity dealer, respectively, or any per-
12	son other than a customer of the digital
13	commodity broker or digital commodity
14	dealer, respectively; or
15	"(ii) for any other person, including
16	any depository, digital commodity ex-
17	change, other digital commodity broker,
18	other digital commodity dealer, or digital
19	commodity custodian that has received any
20	customer money, assets, or property for de-
21	posit, to hold, dispose of, or use any such
22	money, assets, or property, as belonging to
23	the depositing digital commodity broker or
24	digital commodity dealer or any person
25	other than the customers of the digital com-

1	modity broker or digital commodity dealer,
2	respectively.
3	"(B) Use further defined.—For pur-
4	poses of this section, 'use' of a digital commodity
5	includes utilizing any unit of a digital asset to
6	participate in a blockchain service defined in
7	paragraph (6) or a decentralized governance sys-
8	tem associated with the digital commodity or the
9	blockchain system to which the digital com-
10	modity relates in any manner other than that
11	expressly directed by the customer from whom
12	the unit of a digital commodity was received.
13	"(6) Participation in blockchain serv-
14	ICES.—
15	"(A) In general.—A customer shall have
16	the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph
17	(2) for any unit of a digital commodity to be
18	used under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph,
19	by affirmatively electing, in writing to the dig-
20	ital commodity broker or digital commodity
21	dealer, to waive the restrictions.
22	"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital
23	commodities removed from segregation under
24	subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by the
25	digital commodity broker or digital commodity

1 dealer, or one of their designees, to provide a 2 blockchain service for a blockchain system to which the unit of the digital asset removed from 3 4 segregation in subparagraph (A) relates. "(C) Limitations.— 6 "(i) In General.—The Commission 7 shall, by rule, establish notice and disclosure 8 requirements, and may, by rule, establish 9 any other limitations and rules related to 10 the waiving of any restrictions under this 11 paragraph that are reasonably necessary to 12 protect customers, including eligible con-13 tract participants, non-eligible contract 14 participants, or any other class of cus-15 tomers. 16 "(ii) Customer Choice.—A digital 17 commodity broker or digital commodity 18 dealer may not require a waiver from a 19 customer described in subparagraph (A) as 20 a condition of doing business with the 21 broker or dealer. 22 "(D) Blockchain service defined.—In 23 this paragraph, the term 'blockchain service' 24 means any activity relating to validating trans-

actions on a blockchain system, providing secu-

1	rity for a blockchain system, or other similar ac-
2	tivity required for the ongoing operation of a
3	$block chain\ system.$
4	"(k) Federal Preemption.—Notwithstanding any
5	other provision of law, the Commission shall have exclusive
6	jurisdiction over any digital commodity broker or digital
7	commodity dealer registered under this section with respect
8	to activities subject to this Act.
9	"(l) Exemptions.—In order to promote responsible
10	innovation and fair competition, or protect customers, the
11	Commission may (on its own initiative or on application
12	of the registered digital commodity broker or registered dig-
13	ital commodity dealer) exempt, unconditionally or on stat-
14	ed terms or conditions, or for stated periods, and retro-
15	actively or prospectively, or both, a registered digital com-
16	modity broker or registered digital commodity dealer from
17	the requirements of this section, if the Commission deter-
18	mines that—
19	"(1)(A) the exemption would be consistent with
20	the public interest and the purposes of this Act; and
21	"(B) the exemption will not have a material ad-
22	verse effect on the ability of the Commission to dis-
23	charge regulatory duties under this Act; or
24	"(2) the registered digital commodity broker or
25	registered digital commodity dealer is subject to com-

1 parable, comprehensive supervision and regulation by 2 the appropriate government authorities in the home 3 country of the registered digital commodity broker or 4 registered digital commodity dealer, respectively.". 5 SEC. 407. REGISTRATION OF ASSOCIATED PERSONS. 6 (a) In General.—Section 4k of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6k) is amended— 8 (1) by redesignating subsections (4) through (6) 9 as subsections (5) through (7), respectively; (2) by inserting after subsection (3) the fol-10 11 lowing: 12 "(4) It shall be unlawful for any person to act as an 13 associated person of a digital commodity broker or an associated person of a digital commodity dealer unless the per-14 15 son is registered with the Commission under this Act and such registration shall not have expired, been suspended 16 17 (and the period of suspension has not expired), or been re-18 voked. It shall be unlawful for a digital commodity broker or a digital commodity dealer to permit such a person to 19 become or remain associated with the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer if the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer knew or should have known that the person was not so registered or that the registration had expired, been suspended (and the period of

suspension has not expired), or been revoked."; and

1	(3) in subsection (5) (as so redesignated), by
2	striking "or of a commodity trading advisor" and in-
3	serting "of a commodity trading advisor, of a digital
4	commodity broker, or of a digital commodity dealer".
5	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The Commodity Ex-
6	change Act (7 U.S.C. 1a et seq.) is amended by striking
7	"section 4k(6)" each place it appears and inserting "section
8	4k(7)".
9	SEC. 408. REGISTRATION OF COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS
10	AND COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS.
11	(a) In General.—Section 4m(3) of the Commodity
12	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6m(3)) is amended—
13	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
14	(A) by striking "any commodity trading
15	advisor" and inserting "a commodity pool oper-
16	ator or commodity trading advisor"; and
17	(B) by striking "acting as a commodity
18	trading advisor" and inserting "acting as a
19	commodity pool operator or commodity trading
20	advisor"; and
21	(2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "digital
22	commodities," after "physical commodities,".
23	(b) Exemptive Authority.—Section 4m of such Act
24	(7 U.S.C. 6m) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(4)	Exemptive A	A <i>UTHORITY.</i> —	-The	Commission	shall
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- 2 promulgate rules to provide appropriate exemptions for
- 3 commodity pool operators and commodity trading advisors,
- 4 to provide relief from duplicative, conflicting, or unduly
- 5 burdensome requirements or to promote responsible innova-
- 6 tion, to the extent the exemptions foster the development of
- 7 fair and orderly cash or spot digital commodity markets,
- 8 are necessary or appropriate in the public interest, and are
- 9 consistent with the protection of customers.".
- 10 SEC. 409. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC-
- 11 TIVITIES.
- 12 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), as
- 13 amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is amended
- 14 by inserting after section 4u the following:
- 15 "SEC. 4v. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB-
- 16 **JECT TO THIS ACT.**
- 17 "(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 18 sion of this Act, a person shall not be subject to this Act
- 19 and the regulations promulgated under this Act based on
- 20 the person directly or indirectly engaging in any of the fol-
- 21 lowing activities, whether singly or in combination, in rela-
- 22 tion to the operation of a blockchain system or in relation
- 23 to decentralized finance trading protocol:

- 1 "(1) Compiling network transactions or relay-2 ing, searching, sequencing, validating, or acting in a 3 similar capacity.
  - "(2) Providing computational work, operating a node or oracle service, or procuring, offering, or utilizing network bandwidth, or other similar incidental services.
  - "(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a user to read, and access data about a blockchain system.
  - "(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a blockchain system other than a decentralized finance trading protocol.
  - "(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a decentralized finance messaging system or decentralized finance trading protocol, or operating or participating in a liquidity pool with respect thereto, for the purpose of executing a spot contract for the purchase or sale of a digital commodity.
  - "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing software or systems that create or deploy hardware or software, including wallets or other systems, facili-

1	tating an individual user's own personal ability to
2	keep, safeguard, or custody the user's digital assets or
3	related private keys.
4	"(b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a) shall not be inter-
5	preted to apply to the anti-fraud, anti-manipulation, or
6	false reporting enforcement authorities of the Commission."
7	SEC. 410. RESOURCES FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND EN
8	FORCEMENT.
9	(a) Collection of Fees.—
10	(1) In General.—The Commodity Futures
11	Trading Commission (in this section referred to as
12	the "Commission") shall charge and collect a fee from
13	each person in provisional status registered with the
14	Commission pursuant to section 106, on—
15	(A) the filing of the initial application for
16	registration; and
17	(B) an annual basis thereafter for main-
18	taining provisional status.
19	(2) Amount.—The fees authorized under para-
20	graph (1) may be collected and available for obliga-
21	tion only in the amounts provided in advance in an
22	$appropriation \ Act.$
23	(3) Authority to adjust fees.—Notwith-
24	standing the preceding provisions of this subsection,
25	to promote fair competition or innovation, the Com-

1	mission, in its sole discretion, may reduce or elimi-
2	nate any fee otherwise required to be paid by a small
3	or medium filer under this subsection.
4	(b) Fee Schedule.—
5	(1) In general.—The Commission shall publish
6	in the Federal Register a schedule of the fees to be
7	charged and collected under this section.
8	(2) Content.—The fee schedule for a fiscal year
9	shall include a written analysis of the estimate of the
10	Commission of the total costs of carrying out the
11	functions of the Commission under this Act during
12	the fiscal year.
13	(3) Submission to congress.—Before pub-
14	lishing the fee schedule for a fiscal year, the Commis-
15	sion shall submit a copy of the fee schedule to the
16	Committees on Agriculture and on Appropriations of
17	the House of Representatives and the Committees on
18	Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and on Appro-
19	priations of the Senate.
20	(4) Timing.—
21	(A) 1ST FISCAL YEAR.—The Commission
22	shall publish the fee schedule for the fiscal year
23	in which this Act is enacted within 30 days

 $after\ the\ date\ of\ the\ enactment\ of\ this\ Act.$ 

1	(B) Subsequent fiscal years.—The
2	Commission shall publish the fee schedule for
3	each subsequent fiscal year, not less than 90 days
4	before the due date prescribed by the Commission
5	for payment of the annual fee for the fiscal year.
6	(c) Late Payment Penalty.—
7	(1) In general.—The Commission may impose
8	a penalty against a person that fails to pay an an-
9	nual fee charged under this section, within 30 days
10	after the due date prescribed by the Commission for
11	payment of the fee.
12	(2) Amount.—The amount of the penalty shall
13	be—
14	(A) 5 percent of the amount of the fee due,
15	multiplied by
16	(B) the whole number of consecutive 30-day
17	periods that have elapsed since the due date.
18	(d) Reimbursement of Excess Fees.—To the ex-
19	tent that the total amount of fees collected under this section
20	during a fiscal year that begins after the date of the enact-
21	ment of this Act exceeds the amount provided under sub-
22	section (a)(2) with respect to the fiscal year, the Commis-
23	sion shall reimburse the excess amount to the persons who
24	have timely paid their annual fees, on a pro-rata basis that

1	excludes penalties, and shall do so within 60 days after the
2	end of the fiscal year.
3	(e) Deposit of Fees Into the Treasury.—All
4	amounts collected under this section shall be credited to the
5	currently applicable appropriation, account, or fund of the
6	Commission as discretionary offsetting collections, and shall
7	be available for the purposes authorized in subsection (f)
8	only to the extent and in the amounts provided in advance
9	in appropriations Acts.
10	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addi-
11	tion to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated to
12	the Commission, there is authorized to be appropriated to
13	the Commission amounts collected under this section to
14	cover the costs of carrying out the functions of the Commis-
15	sion under this Act.
16	(g) Expedited Hiring Authority.—
17	(1) Appointment authority.—The Chairman,
18	pursuant to section 6(a), may appoint individuals to
19	a position described in paragraph (2) of this sub-
20	section—
21	(A) in accordance with the statutes, rules,
22	and regulations governing appointments to posi-
23	tions in the excepted service (as defined in sec-
24	tion 2103 of title 5, United States Code); and

1	(B) without regard to any statute, rule, or
2	regulation governing appointments to positions
3	in the competitive service (as defined in section
4	2102 of such title).
5	(2) Position described.—A position referred
6	to in subparagraph (1) is a position at the Commis-
7	sion that—
8	(A) is in the competitive service (as defined
9	in section 2102 of such title); and
10	(B) requires specialized knowledge of digital
11	commodities markets, financial and capital mar-
12	ket formation or regulation, financial market
13	structures or surveillance, data collection or
14	analysis, or information technology, cybersecu-
15	rity, or system safeguards.
16	(3) Rule of construction.—The appointment
17	of a candidate to a position under this subsection
18	shall not be considered to cause the position to be con-
19	verted from the competitive service to the excepted
20	service.
21	(h) Sunset.—The authorities provided by this section
22	shall expire at the end of the 4th fiscal year that begins
23	after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 411. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES BY SEC-REG-
2	ISTERED ENTITIES.
3	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), as
4	amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is amended
5	by inserting after section 5j the following:
6	"SEC. 5k. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN REGISTERED ENTITIES
7	ENGAGED IN DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVI-
8	TIES.
9	"(a) By Alternative Trading Systems.—
0	"(1) In general.—On receipt by the Commis-
1	sion from an alternative trading system of a written
2	or electronic notice that contains such information as
3	the Commission, by rule, may prescribe as necessary
4	or appropriate in the public interest or for the protec-
5	tion of investors, the alternative trading system shall
6	be exempt from registration as a digital commodity
7	exchange pursuant to section 5i if—
8	"(A) the alternative trading system does not
9	list any retail commodity transactions pursuant
20	to section $2(c)(2)(D)$ ;
21	"(B) the provider, or an affiliated person of
22	the provider, of the alternative trading system is
23	not otherwise registered under this Act;
24	"(C) the alternative trading system lists or
25	trades no other contracts of sale of commodities

1	except for digital commodities, currencies, and
2	securities; and
3	"(D) the registration of the alternative trad-
4	ing system is not suspended pursuant to an
5	order by the Securities and Exchange Commis-
6	sion.
7	"(2) Further requirements.—An alternative
8	trading system that provides notice to the Commis-
9	sion pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection
10	shall be exempt from the requirements of section 5i to
11	the extent that the alternative trading system—
12	"(A) is in compliance with requirements
13	consistent with the requirements of section 5i
14	and imposed on the alternative trading system
15	by the Securities and Exchange Commission;
16	"(B) annually files with the Commission, in
17	a form and manner acceptable to the Commis-
18	sion, a notice that demonstrates compliance with
19	this paragraph and contains any other informa-
20	tion the Commission determines to be necessary
21	or appropriate to perform the duties of the Com-
22	mission under this Act; and
23	"(C) has total trading volume in digital
24	commodities during any calendar quarter in ei-

1	ther of its 2 most recently completed fiscal years
2	that does not exceed the lesser of—
3	"(i) 25 percent of the total trading vol-
4	ume for all transactions over the same pe-
5	$riod;\ or$
6	"(ii) \$50,000,000,000.
7	"(3) Enforcement.—This subsection shall not
8	be construed to limit any jurisdiction that the Com-
9	mission may otherwise have under any other provi-
10	sion of this Act with respect to a contract of sale of
11	a digital commodity or persons effecting contracts of
12	sale of digital commodities.
13	"(b) By Registered Intermediaries.—
14	"(1) In general.—On receipt by the Commis-
15	sion, from a broker or dealer that is registered with
16	the Securities and Exchange Commission, of a writ-
17	ten or electronic notice that contains such informa-
18	tion as the Commission, by rule, may prescribe as
19	necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for
20	the protection of investors, the broker or dealer shall
21	be exempt from registration as a digital commodity
22	broker or digital commodity dealer pursuant to sec-
23	tion 4u of this Act if—

1	"(A) the broker or dealer does not offer or
2	engage in any retail commodity transactions
3	pursuant to section $2(c)(2)(D)$ of this Act;
4	"(B) the broker or dealer, or an affiliated
5	person of the broker or dealer, is not otherwise
6	registered under this Act;
7	"(C) the broker or dealer does not offer or
8	engage in any other contracts of sale of commod-
9	ities, except for digital commodities, currencies,
10	and securities;
11	"(D) the broker or dealer is not subject to
12	a statutory disqualification, as defined under
13	section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of
14	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)); and
15	"(E) the broker or dealer is a member of a
16	national securities association registered pursu-
17	ant to section 15A of the Securities Exchange
18	Act of 1934.
19	"(2) Further requirements.—A broker or
20	dealer that provides notice to the Commission pursu-
21	ant to paragraph (1) shall be exempt from the re-
22	quirements of section 4u to the extent that the broker
23	or dealer—
24	"(A) is in compliance with requirements
25	consistent with the requirements of section 4u

1	and imposed on the broker or dealer by the Secu-
2	rities and Exchange Commission;
3	"(B) annually files with the Commission, in
4	a form and manner acceptable to the Commis-
5	sion, a notice that demonstrates compliance with
6	this subsection and contains any other informa-
7	tion the Commission determines to be necessary
8	or appropriate to perform the duties of the Com-
9	mission under this Act; and
10	"(C) has consolidated annual gross finan-
11	cial revenues in either of its 2 most recently com-
12	pleted fiscal years from sales, commissions or
13	other activities in digital commodities that do
14	not exceed the lesser of—
15	"(i) 10 percent of the total annual
16	gross revenues during the same period; or
17	"(ii) \$100,000,000.
18	"(3) Enforcement.—This subsection shall not
19	be construed to limit any jurisdiction that the Com-
20	mission may otherwise have under any other provi-
21	sion of this Act with respect to a contract of sale of
22	a digital commodity and persons effecting contracts of
23	sale of digital commodities.".

1	SEC. 412. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO CONTROL PERSONS.
2	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), as
3	amended the preceding provisions of this Act, is amended
4	by inserting after section 4v the following:
5	"SEC. 4w. LIMITATION ON TRANSACTIONS BY BLOCKCHAIN
6	CONTROL PERSONS.
7	"(a) Limitation.—It shall be unlawful for a
8	blockchain control person with respect to a blockchain sys-
9	tem certified as a mature blockchain system in accordance
10	with section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to
11	sell a unit of a digital commodity related to the blockchain
12	system unless the person files notice with the Commission,
13	in a form and manner determined by the Commission, that
14	the person has or intends to obtain an authority described
15	$in \ subsection \ (b) (1) \ with \ respect \ to \ the \ blockchain \ system,$
16	and complies with rules adopted by the Commission that
17	require—
18	"(1) disclosure of information to the Commission
19	and the public about the material activities, as deter-
20	mined by the Commission, of the blockchain control
21	person; and
22	"(2)(A) the use of a digital commodity broker to
23	effect the sale; or
24	"(B) such other sales restrictions applicable to
25	the blockchain control person, or any affiliated
26	blockchain control person, to prevent manipulation

1 and distortion of the value of the digital commodity 2 and promote further maturity of the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates. 3 "(b) Definitions.—In this section: 4 "(1) Blockchain control person.—The term 5 'blockchain control person' means, with respect to a 6 7 blockchain system, any person or group of persons 8 under common control, other than a decentralized 9 governance system, who— 10 "(A) has the unilateral authority, directly 11 or indirectly, through any contract, arrange-12 ment, understanding, relationship, or otherwise, 13 to control or materially alter the functionality, 14 operation, or rules of consensus or agreement of 15 the blockchain system or its related digital com-16 modity; or 17 "(B) has the unilateral authority to direct 18 the voting, in the aggregate, of 20 percent or 19 more of the outstanding voting power of the 20 blockchain system by means of a related digital 21 commodity, nodes or validators, a decentralized 22 governance system, or otherwise, in a blockchain 23 system which can be altered by a voting system. 24 "(2) Affiliated blockchain control per-

SON.—The term 'affiliated blockchain control person'

1	means any person directly or indirectly controlling,
2	controlled by, or under common control with a
3	blockchain control person, as the Commission by rule
4	or regulation, may determine will effectuate the pur-
5	poses of this section.".
6	SEC. 413. OTHER TRADABLE ASSETS.
7	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), as
8	amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is amended
9	by inserting after section 4w the following:
10	"SEC. 4x. TRADING REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER TRADABLE
11	ASSETS.
12	"(a) Limitation.—A tradable asset shall not be of-
13	fered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed, cleared, re-
14	ported, or otherwise dealt in, on or subject to the rules of
15	a registered entity, or by any other entity registered with
16	the Commission, except in accordance with subsection (b).
17	"(b) Requirements.—
18	"(1) Treatment of tradable assets.—A
19	tradable asset that is offered, solicited, traded, facili-
20	tated, executed, cleared, reported, or otherwise dealt in
21	on or subject to the rules of a registered entity, or by
22	any other entity registered with the Commission, shall
23	be treated as a digital commodity for purposes of this

Act.

1	"(2) Additional rulemaking authority.—In
2	addition to the other requirements of this Act, the
3	Commission may, by rule or regulation, impose addi-
4	tional obligations on any person registered under this
5	Act offering, soliciting, trading, facilitating, exe-
6	cuting, clearing, reporting, or otherwise dealing in a
7	tradable asset, or class thereof, pursuant to paragraph
8	(1) as are necessary for the protection of customers,
9	the promotion of innovation, and the maintenance of
10	fair, orderly, and efficient markets, including addi-
11	tional obligations related to—
12	$"(A) \ disclosure;$
13	$``(B)\ record keeping;$
14	"(C) capital;
15	"(D) reporting;
16	``(E) business conduct;
17	$``(F)\ documentation;$
18	"(G) supervision of employees; and
19	$"(H) \ segregation.$
20	"(3) Prohibition on trading.—A tradable
21	asset, the primary purpose of which is to be used to
22	commit fraud or market manipulation, or engage in
23	any other conduct that would result in abusive prac-
24	tices or be disruptive to market integrity, shall not be
25	offered, solicited, traded, facilitated, executed, cleared,

- 1 reported, or otherwise dealt in on or subject to the
- 2 rules of a registered entity, or by any other entity reg-
- 3 istered with the Commission.
- 4 "(c) Tradable Asset Defined.—In this section, the
- 5 term 'tradable asset' means a digital asset other than—
- 6 "(1) a digital commodity that is treated as such
- 7 other than by reason of subsection (b)(1) of this sec-
- 8 tion; or
- 9 "(2) a digital asset excluded from the definition
- 10 of digital commodity pursuant to subclause (I)
- 11 through (VII) of section 1a(16)(F)(iii).
- 12 "(d) Guidance on Fraudulent, Manipulative, or
- 13 Disruptive Tradable Assets.—The Commission may,
- 14 after public notice and comment, issue guidance estab-
- 15 lishing criteria for determining if the primary purpose of
- 16 a tradable asset is to be used to commit fraud or market
- 17 manipulation, or engage in any other conduct that would
- 18 result in abusive practices or be disruptive to market integ-
- 19 rity.".
- 20 SEC. 414. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 21 Unless otherwise provided in this title, this title and
- 22 the amendments made by this title shall take effect 270 days
- 23 after the date of the enactment of this Act.

## 1 SEC. 415. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2	It is the sense of Congress that nothing in this Act or
3	any amendment made by this Act should be interpreted to
4	authorize any entity to regulate any commodity, other than
5	a digital commodity, on any spot market.
6	TITLE V—INNOVATION AND
7	TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS
8	SEC. 501. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
9	(a) Findings.—Congress finds the following:
10	(1) Entrepreneurs and innovators are building
11	and deploying this next generation of the internet.
12	(2) Digital commodity networks represent a new
13	way for people to join together and cooperate with one
14	another to undertake certain activities.
15	(3) Digital commodities have the potential to be
16	the foundational building blocks of these systems,
17	aligning the economic incentive for individuals to co-
18	operate with one another to achieve a common pur-
19	pose.
20	(4) The digital commodity ecosystem has the po-
21	tential to grow our economy and improve everyday
22	lives of Americans by facilitating collaboration
23	through the use of technology to manage activities, al-
24	locate resources, and facilitate decision making.
25	(5) Blockchain systems and the digital commod-

ities they empower provide control, enhance trans-

- parency, reduce transaction costs, and increase efficiency if proper protections are put in place for investors, consumers, our financial system, and our national security.
  - (6) Blockchain technology facilitates new types of network participation which businesses in the United States may utilize in innovative ways.
  - (7) Other digital commodity companies are setting up their operations outside of the United States, where countries are establishing frameworks to embrace the potential of blockchain technology and digital commodities and provide safeguards for consumers.
  - (8) Digital commodities, despite the purported anonymity, provide law enforcement with an exceptional tracing tool to identify illicit activity and bring criminals to justice.
  - (9) The Financial Services Committee of the House of Representatives has held multiple hearings highlighting various risks that digital commodities can pose to the financial markets, consumers, and investors that must be addressed as we seek to harness the benefits of these innovations.
- 24 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress 25 that—

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- (1) the United States should seek to prioritize understanding the potential opportunities of the next generation of the internet;
  - (2) the United States should seek to foster advances in technology that have robust evidence indicating they can improve our financial system and create more fair and equitable access to financial services for everyday Americans while protecting our financial system, investors, and consumers;
  - (3) the United States must support the responsible development of digital commodities and the underlying technology in the United States or risk the shifting of the development of such assets and technology outside of the United States, to less regulated countries;
  - (4) Congress should consult with public and private sector stakeholders to understand how to enact a functional framework tailored to the specific risks and unique benefits of different digital commodity-related activities, distributed ledger technology, distributed networks, and mature blockchain systems;
  - (5) Congress should enact a functional framework tailored to the specific risks of different digital commodity-related activities and unique benefits of

1	distributed ledger technology, distributed networks,
2	and mature blockchain systems; and
3	(6) consumers and market participants will ben-
4	efit from a framework for digital commodities con-
5	sistent with longstanding investor protections in secu-
6	rities and commodities markets, yet tailored to the
7	unique benefits and risks of the digital commodity
8	e cosystem.
9	SEC. 502. MODERNIZATION OF THE SECURITIES AND EX-
10	CHANGE COMMISSION MISSION.
11	(a) Securities Act of 1933.—Section 2(b) of the Se-
12	curities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77(b)) is amended—
13	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Innovation,"
14	after "Efficiency,"; and
15	(2) by inserting "innovation," after "efficiency,".
16	(b) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section
17	3(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
18	78(c)) is amended—
19	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Innovation,"
20	after "Efficiency,"; and
21	(2) by inserting "innovation," after "efficiency,".
22	(c) Investment Advisers Act of 1940.—Section
23	202(c) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
24	80b-2) is amended—

1	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Innovation,"
2	after "Efficiency,"; and
3	(2) by inserting "innovation," after "efficiency,".
4	(d) Investment Company Act of 1940.—Section
5	2(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
6	80a-2) is amended—
7	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Innovation,"
8	after "Efficiency,"; and
9	(2) by inserting "innovation," after "efficiency,".
10	SEC. 503. STRATEGIC HUB FOR INNOVATION AND FINAN-
11	CIAL TECHNOLOGY.
12	Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
13	U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(k) Strategic Hub for Innovation and Finan-
15	CIAL TECHNOLOGY.—
16	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days
17	after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the
18	Securities and Exchange Commission shall establish a
19	committee to be known as the Strategic Hub for Inno-
20	vation and Financial Technology (referred to in this
21	subsection as the 'FinHub') to support engagement on
22	emerging technologies in the financial sector.
23	"(2) Members.—The composition of FinHub
24	shall be determined by the Commission, drawing from
25	relevant divisions as appropriate, including the Divi-

1	sion of Trading and Markets, Division of Corporate
2	Finance, and Division of Investment Management.
3	"(3) Responsibilities.—FinHub shall—
4	"(A) serve as a resource for the Commission
5	on emerging financial technology advancements;
6	"(B) engage with market participants work-
7	ing on emerging financial technologies; and
8	"(C) facilitate communication between the
9	Commission and businesses working in emerging
10	financial technology fields with information on
11	the Commission, its rules, and regulations.
12	"(4) Report to the commission.—
13	"(A) In general.—Not later than October
14	31 of each year after 2025, FinHub shall provide
15	an annual summary of its engagement activities
16	to the Commission, which shall be included in
17	the Commission's annual report to Congress.
18	"(B) Confidentiality.—Each report sub-
19	mitted under this paragraph shall not contain
20	$confidential\ information.".$
21	SEC. 504. CODIFICATION OF LABCETC.
22	(a) In General.—Section 18 of the Commodity Ex-
23	change Act (7 U.S.C. 22) is amended by adding at the end
24	the following:
25	"(c) LabCFTC.—

1	"(1) Establishment.—There is established in
2	$the \ Commission \ Lab CFTC.$
3	"(2) Purpose.—The purposes of LabCFTC are
4	to—
5	"(A) promote responsible financial tech-
6	nology innovation and fair competition for the
7	benefit of the American public;
8	"(B) serve as an information platform to
9	inform the Commission about new financial
10	technology innovation; and
11	"(C) provide outreach to financial tech-
12	nology innovators to discuss their innovations
13	and the regulatory framework established by this
14	Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
15	"(3) DIRECTOR.—LabCFTC shall have a Direc-
16	tor, who shall be appointed by the Commission and
17	serve at the pleasure of the Commission. Notwith-
18	standing section $2(a)(6)(A)$ , the Director shall report
19	directly to the Commission and perform such func-
20	tions and duties as the Commission may prescribe.
21	"(4) Duties.—LabCFTC shall—
22	"(A) advise the Commission with respect to
23	rulemakings or other agency or staff action re-
24	garding financial technology;

1	"(B) provide internal education and train-
2	ing to the Commission regarding financial tech-
3	nology;
4	"(C) advise the Commission regarding fi-
5	nancial technology that would bolster the Com-
6	mission's oversight functions;
7	"(D) engage with academia, students, and
8	professionals on financial technology issues,
9	ideas, and technology relevant to activities under
10	$this\ Act;$
11	"(E) provide persons working in emerging
12	technology fields with information on the Com-
13	mission, its rules and regulations, and the role
14	of a registered futures association; and
15	"(F) encourage persons working in emerg-
16	ing technology fields to engage with the Commis-
17	sion and obtain feedback from the Commission
18	on potential regulatory issues.
19	"(5) Report to congress.—
20	"(A) In general.—Not later than October
21	31 of each year after 2025, LabCFTC shall sub-
22	mit to the Committee on Agriculture of the
23	House of Representatives and the Committee on
24	Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Sen-
25	ate a report on its activities.

1	"(B) Contents.—Each report required
2	under paragraph (1) shall include—
3	"(i) the total number of persons that
4	$met\ with\ LabCFTC;$
5	"(ii) a summary of general issues dis-
6	cussed during meetings with the person;
7	"(iii) information on steps LabCFTC
8	has taken to improve Commission services,
9	including responsiveness to the concerns of
10	persons;
11	"(iv) recommendations made to the
12	Commission with respect to the regulations,
13	guidance, and orders of the Commission
14	and such legislative actions as may be ap-
15	propriate; and
16	"(v) any other information determined
17	appropriate by the Director of LabCFTC.
18	"(C) Confidentiality.—A report under
19	paragraph (A) shall abide by the confidentiality
20	requirements in section 8.
21	"(6) Records and engagement.—The Com-
22	mission shall—
23	"(A) maintain systems of records to track
24	engagements with the public through LabCFTC;

1	"(B) store communications and materials
2	received in connection with any such engagement
3	in accordance with Commission policies and
4	procedures on data retention and confidentiality;
5	and
6	"(C) take reasonable steps to protect any
7	confidential or proprietary information received
8	through LabCFTC engagement.".
9	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 2(a)(6)(A)
10	of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(6)(A)) is amended—
11	(1) by striking "paragraph and in" and insert-
12	ing "paragraph,"; and
13	(2) by inserting "and section 18(c)(3)," before
14	"the executive".
15	(c) Effective Date.—The Commodity Futures Trad-
16	ing Commission shall implement the amendments made by
17	this section (including complying with section $18(c)(7)$ of
18	the Commodity Exchange Act) within 180 days after the
19	date of the enactment of this Act.
20	SEC. 505. STUDY ON DECENTRALIZED FINANCE.
21	(a) In General.—The Commodity Futures Trading
22	Commission, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and
23	the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly carry out a study
24	on decentralized finance that analyzes—

1	(1) the nature, size, role, and use of decentralized
2	finance blockchain applications;
3	(2) the operation of blockchain applications that
4	comprise decentralized finance;
5	(3) the interoperability of blockchain applica-
6	tions and other blockchain systems;
7	(4) the interoperability of blockchain applica-
8	tions and software-based systems, including websites
9	and wallets;
10	(5) the decentralized governance systems through
11	which blockchain applications may be developed, pub-
12	lished, constituted, administered, maintained, or oth-
13	erwise distributed, including—
14	(A) whether the systems enhance or detract
15	from—
16	(i) the decentralization of the decen-
17	tralized finance; and
18	(ii) the inherent benefits and risks of
19	the decentralized governance system; and
20	(B) any procedures, requirements, or best
21	practices that would mitigate the risks identified
22	$in\ subparagraph\ (A)(ii);$
23	(6) the benefits of decentralized finance, includ-
24	ing—

1	(A) operational resilience and availability
2	of blockchain systems;
3	(B) interoperability of blockchain systems;
4	(C) market competition and innovation;
5	(D) transaction efficiency;
6	(E) transparency and traceability of trans-
7	actions; and
8	$(F)\ disintermediation;$
9	(7) the risks of decentralized finance, includ-
10	ing—
11	(A) pseudonymity of users and transactions;
12	(B) disintermediation; and
13	(C) cybersecurity vulnerabilities;
14	(8) the extent to which decentralized finance has
15	integrated with the traditional financial markets and
16	any potential risks or improvements to the stability
17	of the markets;
18	(9) how the levels of illicit activity in decentral-
19	ized finance compare with the levels of illicit activity
20	in traditional financial markets;
21	(10) methods for addressing illicit activity in de-
22	centralized finance and traditional markets that are
23	tailored to the unique attributes of each;
24	(11) how decentralized finance may increase the
25	accessibility of cross-border transactions; and

1	(12) the feasibility of embedding self-executing
2	compliance and risk controls into decentralized fi-
3	nance.
4	(b) Consultation.—In carrying out the study re-
5	quired under subsection (a), the Commodity Futures Trad-
6	ing Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commis-
7	sion shall consult with the Secretary of the Treasury on
8	the factors described under paragraphs (7) through (10) of
9	subsection (a).
10	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
11	enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading
12	Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
13	shall jointly submit to the relevant congressional committees
14	a report that includes the results of the study required by
15	subsection (a).
16	(d) GAO Study.—The Comptroller General of the
17	United States shall—
18	(1) carry out a study on decentralized finance
19	that analyzes the information described under para-
20	graphs (1) through (12) of subsection (a); and
21	(2) not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
22	ment of this Act, submit to the relevant congressional
23	committees a report that includes the results of the
24	study required by paragraph (1).
25	(e) DEFINITIONS —In this section:

1	(1) Decentralized finance.—
2	(A) In general.—The term "decentralized
3	finance" means blockchain applications (includ-
4	ing decentralized finance trading protocols and
5	related decentralized finance messaging systems)
6	that allow users to engage in financial trans-
7	actions in a self-directed manner so that a third-
8	party intermediary does not effectuate the trans-
9	actions or take custody of digital commodities of
10	a user during any part of the transactions.
11	(B) Relationship to excluded activi-
12	TIES.—The term "decentralized finance" shall
13	not be interpreted to limit or exclude any activ-
14	ity from the activities described in section 15I(a)
15	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or section
16	4v(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act.
17	(2) Relevant congressional committees.—
18	The term "relevant congressional committees"
19	means—
20	(A) the Committees on Financial Services
21	and Agriculture of the House of Representatives,
22	and
23	(B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
24	and Urban Affairs and Agriculture, Nutrition,
25	and Forestry of the Senate.

1	SEC. 506. STUDY ON NON-FUNGIBLE TOKENS.
2	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the
3	United States shall carry out a study of non-fungible tokens
4	that analyzes—
5	(1) the nature, size, role, purpose, and use of
6	non-fungible tokens;
7	(2) the similarities and differences between non-
8	fungible tokens and other digital commodities, includ-
9	ing digital commodities and permitted payment
10	stablecoins, and how the markets for those digital
11	commodities intersect with each other;
12	(3) how non-fungible tokens are minted by
13	issuers and subsequently administered to purchasers,
14	(4) how non-fungible tokens are stored after
15	being purchased by a consumer;
16	(5) the interoperability of non-fungible tokens be-
17	tween different blockchain systems;
18	(6) the scalability of different non-fungible tokens
19	mark et places;
20	(7) the benefits of non-fungible tokens, including
21	$verifiable\ digital\ ownership;$
22	(8) the risks of non-fungible tokens, including—
23	(A) intellectual property rights;
24	(B) cybersecurity risks; and

(C) market risks;

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1	(9) whether and how non-fungible tokens have
2	integrated with traditional marketplaces, including
3	those for music, real estate, gaming, events, and trav-
4	el;
5	(10) whether and how non-fungible tokens can be
6	used to facilitate commerce or other activities through
7	the representation of documents, identification, con-
8	tracts, licenses, and other commercial, government, or
9	personal records;
10	(11) any potential risks to traditional markets
11	from such integration; and
12	(12) the levels and types of illicit activity in
13	non-fungible tokens markets.
14	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
15	the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General, shall
16	make publicly available a report that includes the results
17	of the study required by subsection (a).
18	SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY
19	AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS.
20	(a) In General.—The Commodity Futures Trading
21	Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commission
22	shall jointly conduct a study to identify—
23	(1) the existing level of financial literacy among
24	retail digital commodity holders, including subgroups
25	of investors identified by the Commodity Futures

- 1 Trading Commission with the Securities and Ex-2 change Commission;
- 3 (2) methods to improve the timing, content, and 4 format of financial literacy materials regarding dig-5 ital commodities provided by the Commodity Futures 6 Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex-7 change Commission;
  - (3) methods to improve coordination between the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with other agencies, including the Financial Literacy and Education Commission as well as nonprofit organizations and State and local jurisdictions, to better disseminate financial literacy materials;
    - (4) the efficacy of current financial literacy efforts with a focus on rural communities and communities with majority minority populations;
    - (5) the most useful and understandable relevant information, including clear disclosures, that retail digital commodity holders need to make informed financial decisions before engaging with or purchasing a digital commodity or service that is typically sold to retail investors of digital commodities;

1	(6) the most effective public-private partnerships
2	in providing financial literacy regarding digital com-
3	modities to consumers;
4	(7) the most relevant metrics to measure success-
5	ful improvement of the financial literacy of an indi-
6	vidual after engaging with financial literacy efforts;
7	and
8	(8) in consultation with the Financial Literacy
9	and Education Commission, a strategy (including to
10	the extent practicable, measurable goals and objec-
11	tives) to increase financial literacy of investors re-
12	garding digital commodities.
13	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
14	the enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading
15	Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
16	shall jointly submit a written report on the study required
17	by subsection (a) to the Committees on Financial Services
18	and on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the
19	Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and
20	on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.
21	SEC. 508. STUDY ON FINANCIAL MARKET INFRASTRUCTURE
22	IMPROVEMENTS.
23	(a) In General.—The Commodity Futures Trading
24	Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission
25	shall jointly conduct a study to assess whether additional

1	guidance or rules are necessary to facilitate the development
2	of tokenized securities and derivatives products, and to the
3	extent such guidance or rules would foster the development
4	of fair and orderly financial markets, be necessary or ap-
5	propriate in the public interest, and be consistent with the
6	protection of investors and customers.
7	(b) Report.—
8	(1) Time limit.—Not later than 1 year after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures
10	Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex-
11	change Commission shall jointly submit to the rel-
12	evant congressional committees a report that includes
13	the results of the study required by subsection (a).
14	(2) Relevant congressional committees de-
15	FINED.—In this section, the term "relevant congres-
16	sional committees" means—
17	(A) the Committees on Financial Services
18	and on Agriculture of the House of Representa-
19	tives; and
20	(B) the Committees on Banking, Housing,
21	and Urban Affairs and on Agriculture, Nutri-
22	tion, and Forestry of the Senate.
23	SEC. 509. STUDY ON ILLICIT USE OF DIGITAL ASSETS.
24	(a) In General.—One year after the date of the enact-
25	ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission

- 1 and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, in con-
- 2 junction with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall conduct
- 3 a comprehensive review of how Foreign Terrorist Organiza-
- 4 tions and Transnational Criminal Syndicates utilize dig-
- 5 ital assets in connection with illicit activities.
- 6 (b) Scope.—This review shall include an analysis of
- 7 whether the Securities and Exchange Commission and the
- 8 Commodity Futures Trading Commission have the nec-
- 9 essary tools and resources to effectively detect, disrupt, and
- 10 deter illicit financial activity.
- 11 (c) Report.—The two Commissions shall jointly issue
- 12 a report to the Committees on Agriculture and on Financial
- 13 Services of the House of Representatives and the Committees
- 14 on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and on Banking,
- 15 Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate on the findings
- 16 of the Commissions.
- 17 SEC. 510. CONFLICT OF INTEREST RULEMAKING.
- No later than 360 days after the date of the enactment
- 19 of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 20 shall issue rules establishing requirements for the identifica-
- 21 tion, mitigation, and resolution of conflicts of interest
- 22 among and across registered entities (within the meaning
- 23 of the Commodity Exchange Act) and persons required to
- 24 be registered with the Commission, including conflicts of in-

- 1 terest related to vertically integrated market structures and
- 2 their varying responsibilities.
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as
- 5 the "Digital Asset Market Clarity Act of 2025"
- 6 or the "CLARITY Act of 2025".
- 7 **(b)** TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of con-
- 8 tents for this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

## TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULEMAKING; PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION

- Sec. 101. Definitions under the Securities Act of 1933.
- Sec. 102. Definitions under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Sec. 103. Definitions under the Commodity Exchange Act.
- Sec. 104. Definitions under this Act.
- Sec. 105. Rulemakings.
- Sec. 106. Provisional registration for digital commodity exchanges, brokers, and dealers.
- Sec. 107. Commodity Exchange Act and securities laws savings provisions.
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- Sec. 109. International cooperation.
- Sec. 110. Treatment of certain non-controlling blockchain developers.
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#### TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES

- Sec. 201. Treatment of investment contract assets.
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## TITLE III—REGISTRATION FOR INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

- Sec. 301. Treatment of digital commodities and permitted payment stablecoins.
- Sec. 302. Anti-fraud authority over permitted payment stablecoins and certain digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 303. Eligibility of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 304. Operation of alternative trading systems.
- Sec. 305. Modernization of recordkeeping requirements.
- Sec. 306. Exemptive authority.
- Sec. 307. Additional registrations with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- Sec. 308. Exempting digital commodities from State securities laws.
- Sec. 309. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 310. Treatment of custody activities by banking institutions.
- Sec. 311. Broker and dealer disclosures regarding the treatment of assets.
- Sec. 312. Digital commodity activities that are financial in nature.
- Sec. 313. Effective date; administration.
- Sec. 314. Studies on foreign adversary participation.

# TITLE IV—REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COMMODITY INTERMEDIARIES AT THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

- Sec. 401. Commission jurisdiction over digital commodity transactions.
- Sec. 402. Requiring futures commission merchants to use qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 403. Trading certification and approval for digital commodities.
- Sec. 404. Registration of digital commodity exchanges.
- Sec. 405. Qualified digital asset custodians.
- Sec. 406. Registration and regulation of digital commodity brokers and dealers.
- Sec. 407. Registration of associated persons.
- Sec. 408. Registration of commodity pool operators and commodity trading advisors.
- Sec. 409. Exclusion for decentralized finance activities.
- Sec. 410. Resources for implementation and enforcement.
- Sec. 411. Digital commodity activities by SEC-registered entities.
- Sec. 412. Requirements related to control persons.
- Sec. 413. Effective date.
- Sec. 414. Sense of Congress.

#### TITLE V—INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 501. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 502. Modernization of the Securities and Exchange Commission mission.
- Sec. 503. Strategic Hub for Innovation and Financial Technology.

Sec. 504. Codification of LabCFTC.

	<ul> <li>Sec. 505. Study on decentralized finance.</li> <li>Sec. 506. Study on non-fungible tokens.</li> <li>Sec. 507. Study on expanding financial literacy amongst digital commodity holders.</li> <li>Sec. 508. Study on financial market infrastructure improve-</li> </ul>
	ments. Sec. 509. Study on blockchain in payments.
1	TITLE I—DEFINITIONS; RULE-
2	MAKING; PROVISIONAL REG-
3	ISTRATION
4	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF
5	1933.
6	Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933
7	(15 U.S.C. 77b(a)) is amended by adding at the
8	end the following:
9	"(20) BLOCKCHAIN.—The term
10	'blockchain' means—
11	"(A) any technology—
12	"(i) where data is—
13	"(I) shared across a net-
14	work to create a distributed
15	ledger of independently
16	verifiable transactions or in-
17	formation among network
18	participants;
19	"(II) linked using cryptog-
20	raphy to maintain the integ-
21	rity of the distributed ledger

1	and to execute other func-
2	tions; and
3	"(III) propagated among
4	network participants to reach
5	consensus on the state of the
6	distributed ledger and any
7	other functions; and
8	"(ii) composed of source code
9	that is publicly available; and
10	"(B) any similar technology to the
11	technology described in subpara-
12	graph (A).
13	"(21) BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATION.—The
14	term 'blockchain application' means any
15	executable software that is deployed to a
16	blockchain and composed of source code
17	that is publicly available, including a
18	smart contract or any network of smart
19	contracts, or other similar technology.
20	"(22) BLOCKCHAIN PROTOCOL.—The
21	term 'blockchain protocol' means publicly
22	available source code of a blockchain
23	that is executed by the network partici-
24	pants of a blockchain to facilitate its
25	functioning, or other similar technology.

1	"(23) BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—The term
2	'blockchain system' means any
3	blockchain, together with its blockchain
4	protocol or any blockchain application or
5	network of blockchain applications.
6	"(24) DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYS-

"(24) DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYSTEM.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—The term 'decentralized governance system' means, with respect to a blockchain system, any transparent, rules-based system permitting persons to form consensus or reach agreement in the development, provision, publication, maintenance, or administration of such blockchain system, where participation is not limited to, or under the effective control of, any person or group of persons under common control.

"(B) RELATIONSHIP OF PERSONS TO DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYS-TEMS.—With respect to a decentralized governance system, the decentralized governance system and any

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persons participating in the decentralized governance system shall be treated as separate persons unless such persons are under common control or acting pursuant to an agreement to act in concert.

"(C) LEGAL ENTITIES FOR DECEN-TRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYSTEMS.—The term 'decentralized governance system' shall include a legal entity used to implement the rules-based system described in subparagraph (A), provided that the legal entity does not operate pursuant to centralized management. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the delegation of ministerial or administrative authority at the direction of the participants in a decentralized governance system shall not be construed to be centralized management.

"(25) DIGITAL ASSET.—The term 'digital asset' means any digital representation of value which is recorded on a cryp-

1	tographically-secured distributed ledger
2	or other similar technology.
3	"(26) DIGITAL COMMODITY.—The term
4	'digital commodity' has the meaning
5	given that term under section 1a of the
6	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).
7	"(27) DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED
8	PERSON.—The term 'digital commodity af-
9	filiated person' means a person (includ-
10	ing a digital commodity related person)
11	that, with respect to any digital com-
12	modity—
13	"(A) acquires or has any right to
14	acquire 5 percent or more of the total
15	outstanding units of such digital com-
16	modity from a digital commodity
17	issuer or an agent or underwriter
18	thereof (other than a decentralized
19	governance system);
20	"(B) is a founder of the digital
21	commodity issuer; or
22	"(C) is an executive officer, direc-
23	tor, trustee, general partner, or per-
24	son serving in a similar capacity of
25	the digital commodity issuer or held

1	such role at any point in the previous
2	12-month period.
3	"(28) DIGITAL COMMODITY ISSUER.—
4	"(A) In general.—With respect to
5	a digital commodity, the term 'digital
6	commodity issuer' means any person
7	that—
8	"(i) issues or causes to be
9	issued, or proposes to issue or
10	cause to be issued, a unit of such
11	digital commodity to a person; or
12	"(ii) offers or sells a right to a
13	future issuance of a unit of such
14	digital commodity to a person.
15	"(B) Prohibition on evasion.—It
16	shall be unlawful for any person to
17	knowingly evade classification as a
18	'digital commodity issuer' and facili-
19	tate an arrangement for the primary
20	purpose of effecting an offer, sale,
21	distribution, or other issuance of a
22	digital commodity, including via any
23	arrangement involving the transfer of
24	intellectual property associated with

1	the blockchain system to which the
2	digital commodity relates.
3	"(29) DIGITAL COMMODITY RELATED PER-
4	son.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to
6	a digital commodity issuer, the term
7	'digital commodity related person'
8	means a person—
9	"(i) that is or was in the pre-
10	vious 6-month period a promoter,
11	senior employee, advisory board
12	member, consultant, advisor, or
13	person serving in a similar capac-
14	ity; or
15	"(ii) that acquires or has any
16	right to acquire 1 percent or more
17	of the total outstanding units of
18	such digital commodity from a
19	digital commodity issuer or an
20	agent or underwriter thereof
21	(other than a decentralized gov-
22	ernance system).
23	"(B) SENIOR EMPLOYEE DEFINED.—
24	In this paragraph and with respect to
25	a digital commodity issuer, the term

1	'senior employee' means any em-
2	ployee materially involved in the
3	management of the digital commodity
4	issuer, including management of the
5	development of the blockchain sys-
6	tem to which the digital commodity
7	relates.
8	"(30) END USER DISTRIBUTION.—The
9	term 'end user distribution' means a dis-
10	tribution of a unit of a digital commodity
11	that—
12	"(A) does not involve an exchange
13	of more than a nominal value of cash,
14	property, or other assets; and
15	"(B) is distributed in a broad and
16	equitable manner based on condi-
17	tions capable of being satisfied by
18	any participant in the blockchain sys-
19	tem, including, as incentive-based re-
20	wards—
21	"(i) to users of the digital com-
22	modity or any blockchain system
23	to which the digital commodity
24	relates;

1	"(ii) for activities directly re-
2	lated to the operation of the
3	blockchain system, such as min-
4	ing, validating, staking, or other
5	activity directly tied to the oper-
6	ation of the blockchain system; or
7	"(iii) to the existing holders of
8	another digital commodity, in
9	proportion to the total units of
10	such other digital commodity as
11	are held by each person.
12	"(31) MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—
13	The term 'mature blockchain system'
14	means a blockchain system, together with
15	its related digital commodity, that is not
16	controlled by any person or group of per-
17	sons under common control.
18	"(32) PERMITTED PAYMENT
19	STABLECOIN.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'per-
21	mitted payment stablecoin' means a
22	digital asset—
23	"(i) that is or is designed to be
24	used as a means of payment or
25	settlement;

1	"(ii) that is denominated in a
2	national currency;
3	"(iii) the issuer of which is
4	subject to the regulatory and su-
5	pervisory authority of a State or
6	Federal agency;
7	"(iv) the issuer of which—
8	"(I) is obligated to con-
9	vert, redeem, or repurchase
10	for a fixed amount of mone-
11	tary value; or
12	"(II) represents that the
13	digital asset will maintain or
14	creates the reasonable expec-
15	tation that the digital asset
16	will maintain a stable value
17	relative to the value of a fixed
18	amount of monetary value;
19	and
20	"(v) that is not—
21	"(I) a national currency;
22	"(II) a security issued by—
23	"(aa) an investment
24	company registered under
25	section 8(a) of the Invest-

1	ment Company Act of 1940
2	(15 U.S.C. 80a-8(a)); or
3	"(bb) a person that
4	would be an investment
5	company under the In-
6	vestment Company Act of
7	1940 but for paragraphs
8	(1) and (7) of section $3(c)$
9	of that Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-
10	<b>3(c))</b> ;
11	"(III) a deposit (as defined
12	under section 3 of the Federal
13	Deposit Insurance Act (12
14	U.S.C. 1813)), regardless of the
15	technology used to record
16	such deposit; or
17	"(IV) an account (as de-
18	fined in section 101 of the
19	Federal Credit Union Act (12
20	U.S.C. 1752)), regardless of the
21	technology used to record
22	such account.
23	"(B) MONETARY VALUE DEFINED.—
24	The term 'monetary value'—
25	"(i) means—

1	"(I) a national currency;
2	"(II) a deposit (as defined
3	in section 3 of the Federal De-
4	posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
5	1813)) that is denominated in
6	a national currency; or
7	"(III) an account (as de-
8	fined in section 101 of the
9	Federal Credit Union Act (12
10	U.S.C. 1752)); and
11	"(ii) does not include any agri-
12	cultural or other physical com-
13	modity (as defined in section 1a
14	of the Commodity Exchange Act
15	(7 U.S.C. 1a)).
16	"(33) SECURITIES LAWS.—The term 'se-
17	curities laws' has the meaning given that
18	term under section 3(a) of the Securities
19	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).".
20	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES EX-
21	CHANGE ACT OF 1934.
22	Section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
23	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating the second para-
2	graph (80) (relating to funding portals) as
3	paragraph (81); and
4	(2) by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(82) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term
7	'Bank Secrecy Act' means—
8	"(A) section 21 of the Federal De-
9	posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
10	"(B) chapter 2 of title I of Public
11	Law 91-508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.);
12	and
13	"(C) subchapter II of chapter 53 of
14	title 31, United States Code.
15	"(83) Additional digital commodity-
16	RELATED TERMS.—
17	"(A) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—The
18	terms 'blockchain system', 'decentral-
19	ized governance system', 'digital
20	asset', 'digital commodity affiliated
21	person', 'digital commodity issuer',
22	'digital commodity related person',
23	'end user distribution', 'mature
24	blockchain system', and 'permitted
25	payment stablecoin' have the mean-

1	ing given those terms, respectively,
2	under section 2(a) of the Securities
3	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).
4	"(B) COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT.—
5	The terms 'digital commodity', 'digital
6	commodity broker', 'digital com-
7	modity dealer', 'digital commodity ex-
8	change', 'decentralized finance mes-
9	saging system', and 'decentralized fi-
10	nance trading protocol' have the
11	meaning given those terms, respec-
12	tively, under section 1a of the Com-
13	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).".
14	SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS UNDER THE COMMODITY EX-
15	CHANGE ACT.
16	(a) In General.—Section 1a of the Com-
17	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amend-
18	ed—
19	(1) in paragraph (10)—
20	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
21	(i) by redesignating clauses
22	(iii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and
23	(v), respectively; and
24	(ii) by inserting after clause
25	(ii) the following:

1	"(iii) digital commodity;"; and
2	(B) by redesignating subpara-
3	graph (B) as subparagraph (C) and in-
4	serting after subparagraph (A) the
5	following:
6	"(B) Exclusion.—For purposes of
7	this paragraph, the term 'trading in
8	commodity interests' shall not in-
9	clude transacting in digital commod-
10	ities for the purpose of—
11	"(i) acting as a digital com-
12	modity custodian;
13	"(ii) establishing, maintaining,
14	or managing inventory or pay-
15	ment instruments for commercial
16	purposes; or
17	"(iii) maintaining or sup-
18	porting the operation of, or vali-
19	dating transactions on, a
20	blockchain system.";
21	(2) in paragraph (11)—
22	(A) in subparagraph (A)(i)—
23	(i) by redesignating sub-
24	clauses (III) and (IV) as sub-

1	clauses (IV) and (V), respectively;
2	and
3	(ii) by inserting after sub-
4	clause (II) the following:
5	"(III) digital commodity;";
6	and
7	(B) by redesignating subpara-
8	graph (B) as subparagraph (C) and in-
9	serting after subparagraph (A) the
10	following:
11	"(B) Exclusion.—For purposes of
12	this paragraph, the term 'trading in
13	commodity interests' shall not in-
14	clude transacting in digital commod-
15	ities for the purpose of—
16	"(i) acting as a digital com-
17	modity custodian;
18	"(ii) establishing, maintaining,
19	or managing inventory or pay-
20	ment instruments for commercial
21	purposes; or
22	"(iii) maintaining or sup-
23	porting the operation of, or vali-
24	dating transactions on, a
25	blockchain system.":

1	(3) in paragraph (12)(A)(i)—
2	(A) in subclause (II), by adding at
3	the end a semicolon;
4	(B) by redesignating subclauses
5	(III) and (IV) as subclauses (IV) and
6	(V), respectively; and
7	(C) by inserting after subclause
8	(II) the following:
9	"(III) a digital com-
10	modity;";
11	(4) by redesignating paragraphs (16)
12	through (51) as paragraphs (17) through
13	(52), respectively, and inserting after
14	paragraph (15) the following:
15	"(16) TERMS RELATED TO DIGITAL COM-
16	MODITIES.—
17	"(A) ASSOCIATED PERSON OF A DIG-
18	ITAL COMMODITY BROKER.—
19	"(i) In GENERAL.—Except as
20	provided in clause (ii), the term
21	'associated person of a digital
22	commodity broker' means a per-
23	son who is associated with a dig-
24	ital commodity broker as a part-
25	ner, officer, employee, or agent

1	(or any person occupying a simi-
2	lar status or performing similar
3	functions) in any capacity that in-
4	volves—
5	"(I) the solicitation or ac-
6	ceptance of an order for the
7	purchase or sale of a digital
8	commodity; or
9	"(II) the supervision of
10	any person engaged in the so-
11	licitation or acceptance of an
12	order for the purchase or sale
13	of a digital commodity.
14	"(ii) Exclusion.—The term 'as-
15	sociated person of a digital com-
16	modity broker' does not include
17	any person associated with a dig-
18	ital commodity broker the func-
19	tions of which are solely clerical
20	or ministerial.
21	"(B) ASSOCIATED PERSON OF A DIG-
22	ITAL COMMODITY DEALER.—
23	"(i) In GENERAL.—Except as
24	provided in clause (ii), the term
25	'associated person of a digital

1	commodity dealer' means a per-
2	son who is associated with a dig-
3	ital commodity dealer as a part-
4	ner, officer, employee, or agent
5	(or any person occupying a simi-
6	lar status or performing similar
7	functions) in any capacity that in-
8	volves—
9	"(I) the solicitation or ac-
10	ceptance of a contract for the
11	purchase or sale of a digital
12	commodity; or
13	"(II) the supervision of
14	any person engaged in the so-
15	licitation or acceptance of a
16	contract for the purchase or
17	sale of a digital commodity.
18	"(ii) Exclusion.—The term 'as-
19	sociated person of a digital com-
20	modity dealer' does not include
21	any person associated with a dig-
22	ital commodity dealer the func-
23	tions of which are solely clerical
24	or ministerial.

1	"(C) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term
2	'Bank Secrecy Act' means—
3	"(i) section 21 of the Federal
4	Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
5	1829b);
6	"(ii) chapter 2 of title I of Pub-
7	lic Law 91-508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et
8	seq.); and
9	"(iii) subchapter II of chapter
10	53 of title 31, United States Code.
11	"(D) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE MES-
12	SAGING SYSTEM.—
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'de-
14	centralized finance messaging
15	system' means a software applica-
16	tion that provides a user with the
17	ability to create or submit an in-
18	struction, communication, or mes-
19	sage to a decentralized finance
20	trading protocol for the purpose
21	of executing a transaction by the
22	user.
23	"(ii) Additional require-
24	MENTS.—The term 'decentralized
25	finance messaging system' does

1	not include any system that pro-
2	vides any person other than the
3	user with control over—
4	"(I) the funds of the user;
5	or
6	"(II) the execution of the
7	transaction of the user.
8	"(E) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE TRAD-
9	ING PROTOCOL.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'de-
11	centralized finance trading pro-
12	tocol' means a blockchain system
13	through which multiple partici-
14	pants can execute a financial
15	transaction—
16	"(I) in accordance with an
17	automated rule or algorithm
18	that is predetermined and
19	non-discretionary; and
20	"(II) without reliance on
21	any other person to maintain
22	control of the digital assets of
23	the user during any part of
24	the financial transaction.
25	"(ii) Exclusions.—

1 "(I) IN GENERAL.—The term	1
2 'decentralized finance trading	2
3 protocol' does not include a	3
4 blockchain system if—	4
5 "(aa) a person or	5
6 group of persons under	6
7 common control has the	7
8 unilateral authority, di-	8
9 rectly or indirectly,	9
through any contract, ar-	10
rangement, under-	11
standing, relationship, or	12
otherwise, to control or	13
materially alter the	14
functionality, operation,	15
or rules of consensus or	16
agreement of the	17
blockchain system; or	18
19 <b>"(bb) the blockchain</b>	19
system does not operate,	20
execute and enforce its	21
operations and trans-	22
actions based solely on	23
pre-established, trans-	24
parent rules encoded di-	25

1	rectly within the source
2	code of the blockchain
3	system.
4	"(II) SPECIAL RULE.—For
5	purposes of subclause (I), a
6	decentralized governance sys-
7	tem shall not be considered to
8	be a person or a group of per-
9	sons under common control.
10	"(F) DIGITAL COMMODITY.—
11	"(i) In GENERAL.—The term
12	'digital commodity' means a dig-
13	ital asset that is intrinsically
14	linked to a blockchain system,
15	and the value of which is derived
16	from or is reasonably expected to
17	be derived from the use of the
18	blockchain system.
19	"(ii) RELATIONSHIP TO A
20	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—For pur-
21	poses of this subparagraph, a dig-
22	ital asset is intrinsically linked to
23	a blockchain system if the digital
24	asset is directly related to the
25	functionality or operation of the

1	blockchain system or to the ac-
2	tivities or services for which the
3	blockchain system is created or
4	utilized, including where the dig-
5	ital asset is—
6	"(I) issued or generated by
7	the programmatic functioning
8	of the blockchain system;
9	"(II) used to transfer value
10	between participants in the
11	blockchain system;
12	"(III) used to access the
13	activities or services of the
14	blockchain system;
15	"(IV) used to participate
16	in the decentralized govern-
17	ance system of the blockchain
18	system;
19	"(V) used or removed from
20	circulation in whole or in part
21	to pay fees or otherwise verify
22	or validate transactions on
23	the blockchain system;
24	"(VI) used as payment or
25	incentive to participants in

the blockchain system to en-	1
gage in the activities of the	2
blockchain system, provide	3
services to other participants	4
in the blockchain system, or	5
otherwise participate in the	6
functionality of the	7
8 blockchain system; or	8
"(VII) used as payment or	9
incentive to participants in	10
the blockchain system to vali-	11
date transactions, secure the	12
blockchain system, provide	13
computational services, main-	14
tain or distribute information,	15
or otherwise participate in	16
the operations of the	17
blockchain system.	18
"(iii) Exclusion.—The term	19
'digital commodity' does not in-	20
clude any of the following:	21
2 "(I) SECURITY.—	22
"(aa) Any security,	23
other than a note, an in-	24
vestment contract, or a	25

certificate of interest or
participation in any profe
3 it-sharing agreement.
4 "(bb) A note, an in-
5 vestment contract, or a
6 certificate of interest or
7 participation in any profe
8 it-sharing agreement that
9 represents or gives the
holder an ownership in
terest or other interest in
the revenues, profits, obli-
gations, debts, assets, or
assets or debts to be ac-
15 quired of the issuer of the
digital asset or another
person (other than a de-
centralized governance
19 <b>system).</b>
20 "(II) SECURITY DERIVA
21 TIVE.—A digital asset that
based on its terms and other
characteristics, is, represents
or is functionally equivalent

1	to an agreement, contract, or
2	transaction that is—
3	"(aa) a security future,
4	as defined in section 2a of
5	the Securities Act of 1933;
6	"(bb) a security-based
7	swap, as defined in sec-
8	tion 2a of the Securities
9	Act of 1933;
10	"(cc) a put, call, strad-
11	dle, option, or privilege on
12	any security, certificate of
13	deposit, or group or index
14	of securities (including
15	any interest therein or
16	based on the value there-
17	of), as defined in section
18	2a of the Securities Act of
19	1933; or
20	"(dd) a put, call, strad-
21	dle, option, or privilege on
22	any security, as defined in
23	section 2a of the Securi-
24	ties Act of 1933.

1	"(III) PERMITTED PAYMENT
2	STABLECOIN.—A digital asset
3	that is a permitted payment
4	stablecoin.
5	"(IV) BANKING DEPOSIT.—
6	"(aa) A deposit (as de-
7	fined under section 3 of
8	the Federal Deposit Insur-
9	ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)),
10	regardless of the tech-
11	nology used to record the
12	deposit.
13	"(bb) An account (as
14	defined in section 101 of
15	the Federal Credit Union
16	Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)), re-
17	gardless of the technology
18	used to record the ac-
19	count.
20	"(V) COMMODITY.—A digital
21	asset that references, rep-
22	resents an interest in, or is
23	functionally equivalent to—
24	"(aa) an agricultural
25	commodity;

1	"(bb) an excluded com-
2	modity, other than a secu-
3	rity; or
4	"(cc) an exempt com-
5	modity, other than the
6	digital commodity itself,
7	as shall be further defined
8	by the Commission.
9	"(VI) COMMODITY DERIVA-
10	TIVE.—A digital asset that,
11	based on its terms and other
12	characteristics, is, represents,
13	or is functionally equivalent
14	to an agreement, contract, or
15	transaction that is—
16	"(aa) a contract of sale
17	of a commodity for future
18	delivery or an option
19	thereon;
20	"(bb) a security fu-
21	tures product;
22	"(cc) a swap;
23	"(dd) an agreement,
24	contract, or transaction
25	described in section

2(c)(2)(C)(i) or	1
2(c)(2)(D)(i);	2
"(ee) a commodity op	3
tion authorized under sec	4
tion 4c; or	5
"(ff) a leverage trans	6
action authorized under	7
section 19.	8
"(VII) POOLED INVESTMENT	9
VEHICLE.—	10
"(aa) In GENERAL.—A	11
digital asset that, based	12
on its terms and other	13
characteristics, is, rep	14
resents, or is functionally	15
equivalent to—	16
"(AA) a commodity	17
pool, as defined in this	18
Act; or	19
"(BB) a pooled in	20
vestment vehicle.	21
"(bb) Pooled invest	22
MENT VEHICLE DEFINED.—In	23
this subclause, the term	24
'pooled investment vehi	25

1	cle' means any investment
2	company as defined in
3	section 3(a) of the Invest-
4	ment Company Act of 1940
5	(15 U.S.C. 80a-3(a)) or any
6	company that would be an
7	investment company
8	under section 3(a) of such
9	Act but for the exclusion
10	provided from that defini-
11	tion by paragraph (1), (7),
12	or (9) of section 3(c) of
13	such Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-
14	3(c)(1), (7), or (9)).
15	"(VIII) GOOD, COLLECTIBLE,
16	AND OTHER NON-COMMODITY
17	ASSET.—A digital asset that
18	has inherent value, utility, or
19	significance beyond its mere
20	existence as a digital asset, in-
21	cluding the digital equivalent
22	of a tangible or intangible
23	good, such as—
24	"(aa) a work of art, a
25	musical composition, a lit-

1	erary work, or other intel-
2	lectual property;
3	"(bb) collectibles, mer-
4	chandise, virtual land,
5	and video game assets;
6	"(cc) affinity, rewards,
7	or loyalty points, includ-
8	ing airline miles or credit
9	card points, that are not
10	primarily speculative in
11	nature; or
12	"(dd) rights, licenses,
13	and tickets.
14	"(iv) Rule of construction.—
15	No presumption shall exist that a
16	digital asset is a security, nor
17	shall a digital asset be excluded
18	from being a digital commodity
19	pursuant to clause (iii)(I), solely
20	due to—
21	"(I) the digital asset pro-
22	viding voting or economic
23	rights with respect to the
24	blockchain system to which
25	the digital asset relates or the

1	decentralized governance sys-
2	tem of the blockchain system;
3	"(II) the value of the dig-
4	ital asset having the potential
5	to appreciate or depreciate in
6	response to the efforts, oper-
7	ations, or financial perform-
8	ance of the decentralized gov-
9	ernance system of the
10	blockchain system to which
11	the digital asset relates; or
12	"(III) the value of the dig-
13	ital asset appreciating or de-
14	preciating due to the adop-
15	tion and use of the blockchain
16	system to which the digital
17	asset relates or the decentral-
18	ized governance system of the
19	blockchain system.
20	"(G) DIGITAL COMMODITY BROKER.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term
22	'digital commodity broker' means
23	any person who, as a regular
24	business—
25	"(I) is engaged in—

"(aa) soliciting or ac-	1
cepting an order from a	2
customer for—	3
"(AA) the purchase	4
or sale of a digital	5
commodity; or	6
"(BB) an agree-	7
ment, contract, or	8
transaction described	9
in section	10
2(c)(2)(D)(iv); and	11
"(bb) in conjunction	12
with the activities in item	13
(aa), accepts or maintains	14
control over—	15
"(AA) the funds of	16
any customer; or	17
"(BB) the execu-	18
tion of any transaction	19
of a customer;	20
"(II) is engaged in solic-	21
iting or accepting orders from	22
a customer for the purchase	23
or sale of a unit of a digital	24
commodity on or subject to	25

1	the rules of a registered enti-
2	ty; or
3	"(III) is registered with
4	the Commission as a digital
5	commodity broker.
6	"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The term
7	'digital commodity broker' does
8	not include a person solely be-
9	cause the person—
10	"(I) solicits or accepts an
11	order described in clause
12	(i)(I)(aa)(AA) from a customer
13	who is an eligible contract
14	participant;
15	"(II) enters into a digital
16	commodity transaction the
17	primary purpose of which is
18	to make, send, receive, or fa-
19	cilitate payments, whether in-
20	volving a payment service
21	provider or on a peer-to-peer
22	basis; or
23	"(III) is a bank (as defined
24	under section 3(a) of the Secu-
25	rities Exchange Act of 1934)

1	engaging in certain banking
2	activities with respect to a
3	digital commodity in the same
4	or a similar manner as a bank
5	is excluded from the defini-
6	tion of a broker under such
7	section, as determined by the
8	Commission.
9	"(iii) Further definition.—
10	The Commission, by rule or regu-
11	lation, may exclude from the term
12	'digital commodity broker' any
13	person or class of persons if the
14	Commission determines that the
15	rule or regulation will effectuate
16	the purposes of this Act.
17	"(H) DIGITAL COMMODITY DEALER.—
18	"(i) In GENERAL.—The term
19	'digital commodity dealer' means
20	any person who, as a regular
21	business—
22	"(I) is, or offers to be a
23	counterparty to a person for
24	the purchase or sale of a dig-
25	ital commodity as a regular

1	business, and in conjunction
2	with the activities, accepts or
3	maintains control over the
4	funds of any counterparty; or
5	"(II) is registered with the
6	Commission as a digital com-
7	modity dealer.
8	"(ii) Exception.—The term
9	'digital commodity dealer' does
10	not include a person solely be-
11	cause the person—
12	"(I) is or offers to be a
13	counterparty to a person who
14	is an eligible contract partici-
15	pant;
16	"(II) enters into a digital
17	commodity transaction with
18	an eligible contract partici-
19	pant;
20	"(III) enters into a digital
21	commodity transaction on or
22	through a registered digital
23	commodity exchange, with a
24	registered digital commodity
25	hroker or through a decen-

1	tralized finance trading pro-
2	tocol;
3	"(IV) enters into a digital
4	commodity transaction for the
5	person's own account, either
6	individually or in a fiduciary
7	capacity, but not as a part of
8	a regular business;
9	"(V) enters into a digital
10	commodity transaction the
11	primary purpose of which is
12	to make, send, receive, or fa-
13	cilitate payments, whether in-
14	volving a payment service
15	provider or on a peer-to-peer
16	basis; or
17	"(VI) is a bank (as defined
18	under section 3(a) of the Secu-
19	rities Exchange Act of 1934)
20	engaging in certain banking
21	activities with respect to a
22	digital commodity in the same
23	or a similar manner as a bank
24	is excluded from the defini-
25	tion of a dealer under section

1	3(a)(5) of such Act, as deter-
2	mined by the Commission.
3	"(iii) Further definition.—
4	The Commission, by rule or regu-
5	lation, may exclude from the term
6	'digital commodity dealer' any
7	person or class of persons if the
8	Commission determines that the
9	rule or regulation will effectuate
10	the purposes of this Act.
11	"(I) DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
12	CHANGE.—The term 'digital com-
13	modity exchange' means a trading fa-
14	cility that offers or seeks to offer a
15	cash or spot market in at least 1 dig-
16	ital commodity.
17	"(J) MIXED DIGITAL ASSET TRANS-
18	ACTION.—The term 'mixed digital asset
19	transaction' means a transaction in
20	which a digital commodity is traded
21	for a security.
22	"(K) TERMS DEFINED UNDER THE SE-
23	CURITIES ACT OF 1933.—The terms
24	'blockchain system', 'decentralized
25	governance system', 'digital asset',

1	'digital commodity issuer', 'digital
2	commodity affiliated person', 'digital
3	commodity related person', 'end user
4	distribution', 'mature blockchain sys-
5	tem', and 'permitted payment
6	stablecoin' have the meaning given
7	those terms, respectively, under sec-
8	tion 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933
9	(15 U.S.C. 77b(a))."; and
10	(5) in paragraph (41) (as so redesig-
11	nated by paragraph (4) of this sub-
12	section)—
13	(A) by striking "and" at the end of
14	subparagraph (E);
15	(B) by striking the period at the
16	end of subparagraph (F) and insert-
17	ing "; and"; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(G) a digital commodity ex-
21	change registered under section 5i.".
22	(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
23	(1) Each of the following provisions of
24	law is amended by striking "1a(18)" and
25	inserting "1a(19)":

1	(A) Section $4s(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the
2	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
3	6s(h)(5)(A)(i)).
4	(B) Section 5(e) of the Securities
5	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77e(e)).
6	(C) Section 6(g)(5)(B) of the Secu-
7	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
8	78f(g)(5)(B)).
9	(D) Section $15F(h)(5)(A)(i)$ of the
10	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
11	U.S.C. $78o-10(h)(5)(A)(i)$ .
12	(2) Section 752 of the Wall Street
13	Transparency and Accountability Act of
14	2010 (15 U.S.C. 8325) is amended by strik-
15	ing "1a(39)" and inserting "1a(40)".
16	(3) Section $4s(f)(1)(D)$ of the Com-
17	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6s(f)(1)(D))
18	is amended by striking "1a(47)(A)" and in-
19	serting "1a(48)(A)".
20	(4) Each of the following provisions of
21	the Commodity Exchange Act is amended
22	by striking "1a(47)(A)(v)" and inserting
23	"1a(48)(A)(v)":
24	(A) Section $4t(b)(1)(C)$ (7 U.S.C.
25	6t(b)(1)(C)).

1	(B) Section 5(d)(23) (7 U.S.C.
2	7(d)(23)).
3	(C) Section 5b(k)(3) (7 U.S.C. 7a-
4	1(k)(3)).
5	(D) Section $5h(f)(10)(A)(iii)$ (7)
6	U.S.C. 7b-3(f)(10)(A)(iii)).
7	(5) Section $21(f)(4)(C)$ of the Com-
8	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
9	24a(f)(4)(C)) is amended by striking
10	"1a(48)" and inserting "1a(49)".
11	(6) Section 403 of the Legal Certainty
12	for Bank Products Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C.
13	27a) is amended—
14	(A) in subsection (a)(2), by strik-
15	ing " $1a(47)(A)(v)$ " and inserting
16	"1a(48)(A)(v)"; and
17	(B) in each of subsections $(b)(1)$
18	and $(c)(2)$ , by striking " $1a(47)$ " and in-
19	serting "1a(48)".
20	(7) Section 712 of the Wall Street
21	Transparency and Accountability Act of
22	2010 (15 U.S.C. 8302) is amended—
23	(A) in subsection (a)(8), by strik-
24	ing "1a(47)(D)" each place it appears
25	and inserting "1a(48)(D)"; and

1	(B) in subsection $(d)(1)$ , by strik-
2	ing "1a(47)(A)(v)" each place it ap-
3	pears and inserting "1a(48)(A)(v)".

4 SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS UNDER THIS ACT.

## 5 In this Act:

- (1) DEFINITIONS UNDER THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT.—The terms "decentralized finance messaging system", "decentralized finance trading protocol", "digital commodity", "digital commodity broker", "digital commodity dealer", "digital commodity exchange", and "mixed digital asset transaction" have the meaning given those terms, respectively, under section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).
  - (2) DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES

    ACT OF 1933.—The terms "blockchain",

    "blockchain system", "blockchain protocol", "decentralized governance system", "digital asset", "digital commodity
    issuer", "end user distribution", "mature
    blockchain system", "permitted payment
    stablecoin", and "securities laws" have
    the meaning given those terms, respec-

1	tively, under section 2(a) of the Securities
2	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).

- 3 (3) DEFINITIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES
  4 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—The terms "Bank
  5 Secrecy Act", "securities laws", and "self6 regulatory organization" have the mean7 ing given those terms, respectively, under
  8 section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
  9 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
- 10 SEC. 105. RULEMAKINGS.

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11 (a) DEFINITIONS.—The Commodity Futures 12 Trading Commission and the Securities and 13 Exchange Commission shall jointly issue rules 14 to further define the following terms:

## (1) The terms—

(A) "blockchain", "blockchain application", "blockchain system", "blockchain protocol", "decentralized governance system", "digital commodity affiliated person", "digital commodity issuer", "digital commodity related person", "end user distribution", and "mature blockchain system", as defined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933;

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1	(B) "unilateral authority", as such
2	term is used in section 42 of the Secu-
3	rities Exchange Act of 1934 and sec-
4	tion 1a of the Commodity Exchange
5	Act; and
6	(C) "programmatic functioning",
7	as such term is used in sections 4C of
8	the Securities Act of 1933, section 42
9	of the Securities Exchange Act of
10	1934, and section 1a of the Com-
11	modity Exchange Act.
12	(2) The terms "digital commodity".

- "decentralized finance messaging sys-13 tem", and "decentralized finance trading 14 protocol", as defined under section 1a of 15 the Commodity Exchange Act. 16
- (b) Joint Rulemaking for Mixed Digital 18 ASSET TRANSACTIONS.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Fu-20 tures Trading Commission shall jointly issue 21 rules applicable to mixed digital asset trans-22 actions under this Act and the amendments 23 made by this Act, including by further defin-
- 25 (c) PROTECTION OF SELF-CUSTODY.—

24 ing such term.

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—A United States indi-
2	vidual shall retain the right to—
3	(A) maintain a hardware wallet or
4	software wallet for the purpose of fa-
5	cilitating the individual's own lawful
6	custody of digital assets; and
7	(B) engage in direct, peer-to-peer
8	transactions in digital assets with an-
9	other individual or entity for the in-
10	dividual's own lawful purposes using
11	a hardware wallet or software wallet,
12	if—
13	(i) such other individual or
14	entity is not a financial institu-
15	tion (as defined in section 5312 of
16	title 31, United States Code); and
17	(ii) the transactions do not in-
18	volve any property or interests in
19	property that are blocked pursu-
20	ant to, or are otherwise prohib-
21	ited by, United States sanctions.
22	(2) APPLICATION.—This subsection—
23	(A) applies solely to personal use
24	by individuals; and

1	(B) does not apply to individuals
2	acting in a custodial or fiduciary ca-
3	pacity for others.
4	(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing
5	in this subsection shall be construed to
6	limit the authority of the Secretary of the
7	Treasury, the Securities and Exchange
8	Commission, the Commodity Futures
9	Trading Commission, the Board of Gov-
10	ernors of the Federal Reserve System, the
11	Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal
12	Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the
13	National Credit Union Administration to
14	carry out any enforcement action or spe-
15	cial measure authorized under applicable
16	law, including—
17	(A) the Bank Secrecy Act, section
18	9714 of the Combating Russian Money
19	Laundering Act (31 U.S.C. 5318A
20	note), and section 7213A of the
21	Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C.
22	2313a); or
23	(B) any other law relating to il-
24	licit finance, money laundering, ter-

1	rorism	financing,	or	United	States
2	sanctio	ns.			

- 3 (d) Joint Rulemaking, Procedures, or 4 Guidance for Delisting.—Not later than 180 5 days after the date of the enactment of this 6 Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-7 sion and the Securities and Exchange Com-8 mission shall jointly issue rules, procedures, 9 or guidance (as determined appropriate by 10 the Commissions) regarding the process to 11 delist an asset for trading under section 106 12 of this Act if the Commissions determine that 13 the listing is inconsistent with the Commodity 14 Exchange Act, the securities laws (including 15 regulations under those laws), or this Act.
- (e) Joint Rules for Portfolio Margining
   Determinations.—
- 18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 360 19 days after the date of the enactment of 20 this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex-21 change Commission shall jointly issue 22 23 rules describing the process for persons registered with either such Commission 24 to seek a joint order or determination 25

1	with respect to margin, customer protec-
2	tion, segregation, or other requirements
3	as necessary to facilitate portfolio mar-
4	gining of securities (including related ex-
5	tensions of credit), security-based swaps,
6	contracts for future delivery, options on a
7	contract for future delivery, swaps, and
8	digital commodities, or any subset there-
9	of, in—

- (A) a securities account carried by a registered broker or dealer or a security-based swap account carried by a registered security-based swap dealer;
- (B) a futures or cleared swap account carried by a registered futures commission merchant;
- (C) a swap account carried by a swap dealer; or
- (D) a digital commodity account carried by a registered digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer that is also registered in such other capacity as is necessary to also carry the other customer or

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1	counterparty positions being held in
2	the account.
3	(2) Process.—With respect to a joint
4	order or determination described in
5	paragraph (1), the rules required to be
6	issued pursuant to paragraph (1) shall re-
7	quire—
8	(A) the joint order or determina-
9	tion to be issued only if the order or
10	determination is in the public inter-
11	est and provides for the appropriate
12	protection of customers;
13	(B) applicants to file a standard
14	application, in a form and manner de-
15	termined by the Securities and Ex-
16	change Commission and the Com-
17	modity Futures Trading Commission,
18	which shall include the information
19	necessary to make the joint order or
20	determination;
21	(C) the Securities and Exchange
22	Commission and the Commodity Fu-
23	tures Trading Commission to make a

final determination not later than 270

1	days after the filing of a completed
2	application;

- (D) the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to consider the public interest of the joint order or determination through the solicitation of public comments; and
- (E) the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to consult with other relevant foreign or domestic regulators, including the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, as appropriate.
- 19 (f) CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS TO ADDRESS
  20 NETTING AGREEMENTS.—No later than 360 days
  21 following the date of enactment of this Act,
  22 the Board of Governors of the Federal Re23 serve System, the Comptroller of the Cur24 rency, and the Federal Deposit Insurance
  25 Corporation shall develop risk-based and le-

- 1 verage capital requirements for insured de-
- 2 pository institutions, depository institution
- 3 holding companies, and nonbank financial
- 4 companies supervised by the Board of Gov-
- 5 ernors that address netting agreements that
- 6 provide for termination and close-out netting
- 7 across multiple types of financial trans-
- 8 actions, consistent with subsection (e), in the
- 9 event of a counterparty's default.
- 10 SEC. 106. PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION FOR DIGITAL COM-
- 11 MODITY EXCHANGES, BROKERS, AND DEAL-
- 12 ERS.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 14 (1) Provisional registration.—With-
- in 180 days after the date of the enact-
- ment of this Act, a person acting as a dig-
- ital commodity exchange, digital com-
- modity broker, or digital commodity deal-
- 19 er shall file a statement of provisional
- 20 registration with the Commodity Futures
- 21 Trading Commission (in this subsection
- referred to as the "Commission"), unless
- 23 exempted from registration under section
- 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, as
- 25 **a**—

	200
1	(A) digital commodity exchange,
2	for a person acting as a digital com-
3	modity exchange;
4	(B) digital commodity broker, for
5	a person acting as a digital com-
6	modity broker; or
7	(C) digital commodity dealer, for
8	a person acting as a digital com-
9	modity dealer.
10	(2) CONDITIONS.—
11	(A) Non-registered entities.—A
12	person, other than a registered enti-
13	ty, who files a statement of provi-
14	sional registration under paragraph
15	(1) shall be considered to be in com-
16	pliance with this section if the per-
17	son—
18	(i) is a member of a futures
19	association registered under sec-
20	tion 17 of the Commodity Ex-
21	change Act, and complies with the
22	rules of the association, including
23	the rules of the association per-
24	taining to customer disclosures

and protection of customer assets;

1	(ii) submits to the Commis-
2	sion, in the form and manner de-
3	termined by the Commission, and
4	continues to materially update, as
5	necessary or required by the
6	Commission, a statement of the
7	nature of the digital commodity-
8	related activities the person is
9	pursuing or intends to pursue;
10	(iii) submits to the Commis-
11	sion and continues to materially
12	update the information required
13	by this subsection;
14	(iv) complies with subsection
15	(c) of this section; and
16	(v) pays all fees and penalties
17	imposed on the person under sec-
18	tion 410 of this Act.
19	(B) REGISTERED ENTITY.—
20	(i) IN GENERAL.—A registered
21	entity who files a statement of
22	provisional registration under
23	paragraph (1) shall be considered
24	to be in compliance with this sec-
25	tion if the person—

1	(I) submits to the Commis-
2	sion and continues to materi-
3	ally update, a statement of the
4	nature of the digital com-
5	modity-related activities the
6	person is pursuing or intends
7	to pursue;
8	(II) submits, and con-
9	tinues to materially update,
10	the information required by
11	this subsection and sub-
12	section (b);
13	(III) complies with sub-
14	section (c); and
15	(IV) pays all fees and pen-
16	alties imposed on the person
17	under section 410.
18	(ii) DEFINITION.—In this para-
19	graph, the term "registered enti-
20	ty" means a person who is des-
21	ignated by the Commodity Fu-
22	tures Trading Commission as a
23	contract market or registered
24	with the Commodity Futures

1	Trading Commission as a swap
2	execution facility.
3	(b) DISCLOSURE OF GENERAL INFORMA-
4	TION.—A person who files a statement of pro-
5	visional registration under subsection (a)
6	shall disclose to the Commission, unless al-
7	ready known to the Commission, the fol-
8	lowing:
9	(1) MANAGEMENT.—Information con-
10	cerning the management of the person,
11	including information describing—
12	(A) the ownership and manage-
13	ment of the person;
14	(B) the financial condition of the
15	person;
16	(C) affiliated entities;
17	(D) potential conflicts of interest;
18	(E) the address of the person, in-
19	cluding—
20	(i) the place of incorporation;
21	(ii) principal place of busi-
22	ness; and
23	(iii) an address for service of
24	process: and

1	(F) a list of the States in which
2	the person has operations.
3	(2) DIGITAL COMMODITY OPERATIONS.—
4	Information concerning the digital com-
5	modity operations of the person, includ-
6	ing—
7	(A) a general description of the
8	person's business and the terms of
9	service for United States customers;
10	(B) a description of the person's
11	account approval process;
12	(C) any rulebook or other cus-
13	tomer order fulfillment rules or pro-
14	cedures;
15	(D) risk management procedures;
16	(E) a description of the product
17	listing process; and
18	(F) policies and procedures for
19	compliance with the Bank Secrecy
20	Act.
21	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—A person who files a
22	statement of provisional registration under
23	subsection (a) shall comply with the following
24	requirements.

- (1) STATUTORY DISQUALIFICATIONS.—Ex-1 2 cept to the extent otherwise specifically provided by the Commission or any reg-3 istered futures association rule, regula-4 tion, or order, the person shall not permit 5 an individual who is subject to a statu-6 7 tory disqualification under paragraph (2) or (3) of section 8a of the Commodity Ex-8 change Act or subject to a statutory dis-9 qualification as defined in section 3(a) of 10 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 11 U.S.C. 78c(a)) to effect or be involved in 12 effecting transactions on behalf of the 13 person, if the person knew, or in the ex-14 ercise of reasonable care should have 15 known, of the statutory disqualification. 16
  - (2) BOOKS AND RECORDS.—The person shall keep their books and records open to inspection and examination by the Commission and by any registered futures association or national securities association of which the person is a member.
  - (3) CUSTOMER DISCLOSURES.—The person shall disclose to customers—

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1	(A) information about the mate-
2	rial risks and characteristics of the
3	assets listed for trading on the per-
4	son;
5	(B) information about the legal
6	entity that custodies customer assets
7	and the general manner in which the
8	digital assets of the customer will be
9	and are custodied;
10	(C) information concerning the
11	policies and procedures of the person
12	that are related to the protection of
13	customers of the person, including in-
14	formation regarding any conflicts of
15	interest or material affiliates; and
16	(D) in their disclosure documents,
17	offering documents, and promotional
18	material—
19	(i) in a prominent manner,
20	that they are not registered with
21	or regulated by the Commission;
22	and
23	(ii) the contact information
24	for the whistleblower, complaint,

1	and reparation programs of the
2	Commission.
3	(d) Authority.—
4	(1) In general.—
5	(A) DEEMED REGISTRATION.—A per-
6	son who remains in compliance with
7	the requirements of this section is
8	deemed to be—
9	(i) a registered digital com-
10	modity exchange, pursuant to sec-
11	tion 5i, if the person filed a state-
12	ment of provisional registration
13	as a digital commodity exchange;
14	or
15	(ii) a registered digital com-
16	modity broker or dealer, pursuant
17	to section 4u, if the person filed a
18	statement of provisional registra-
19	tion as a digital commodity
20	broker or dealer, as the case may
21	be.
22	(B) SUNSET.—The applicability of
23	subparagraph (A) shall expire—
24	(i) in the case of a digital com-
25	modity exchange deemed reg-

1	istered pursuant to subparagraph
2	(A)(i), 180 days after the final ef-
3	fective date of the rulemakings
4	required under 5i; or
5	(ii) in the case of a digital

- (ii) in the case of a digital commodity broker or dealer deemed registered pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii), 180 days after the final effective date of the rulemakings required under 4u.
- 12 (2) SUPERIORITY OF COMMISSION-ADOPT13 ED REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of
  14 the preceding provisions of this section
  15 shall not supersede any requirements ap16 plicable to registered persons adopted by
  17 the Commission under the Commodity
  18 Exchange Act.
- (e) DELISTING.—This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of the Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission to jointly require a person to delist an asset for trading if the Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission determine, in accordance with rules, proce-

- 1 dures or guidance jointly issued by the Com-
- 2 mission and the Securities and Exchange
- 3 Commission to delist an asset for trading, that
- 4 the listing is inconsistent with the Commodity
- 5 Exchange Act, the securities laws (including
- 6 regulations under those laws), or this Act.
- 7 (f) REGISTRATION.—A person may not file a
- 8 statement of provisional registration with the
- 9 Commission after the Commission has final-
- 10 ized its rules for the registration of digital
- 11 commodity exchanges, digital commodity bro-
- 12 kers, or digital commodity dealers, as appro-
- 13 **priate.**
- 14 **(g) RULEMAKING.**—
- 15 (1) In GENERAL.—Within 180 days after
- the date of the enactment of this Act, a
- 17 registered futures association shall adopt
- and enforce rules applicable to persons
- required by subsection (a)(2) to be mem-
- 20 **bers of the association.**
- 21 (2) FEES.—The rules adopted under
- subparagraph (A) of this paragraph may
- provide for dues in accordance with sec-
- tion 17(b)(6) of the Commodity Exchange
- 25 **Act.**

1	(3) Effect.—A registered futures as-
2	sociation shall submit to the Commission
3	any rule adopted under subparagraph (A)
4	of this paragraph, which shall take effect
5	pursuant to the requirements of section

- 6 17(j) of the Commodity Exchange Act.
- 8 lawful for any person to provide false infor-

(h) LIABILITY OF THE FILER.—It shall be un-

- 9 mation in support of a filing under this sec-
- 10 tion if the person knew or reasonably should
- 11 have known that the information was false.
- 12 (i) WHISTLEBLOWER ENFORCEMENT.—For 13 purposes of section 23 of the Commodity Ex-14 change Act, the term "this Act" includes this
- 15 section.

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- 16 (j) FEDERAL PREEMPTION.—
- 17 (1) This section shall supersede any 18 State or local law (other than antifraud provisions of general applicability) that 19 20 regulates the offer or sale of digital assets in the case of a transaction con-21 ducted in compliance with this section 22 and conducted on or through a person 23 who files a statement of provisional reg-24

istration under subsection (a) and com-

1	plies with the requirements of this sec-
2	tion.
3	(2) Notwithstanding any other provi-
4	sion of law, the Commission shall have
5	exclusive jurisdiction over the digital
6	asset activities of a person who-
7	(A) files a statement of provi-
8	sional registration under subsection
9	(a); and
10	(B) complies with the require-
11	ments of this section.
12	SEC. 107. COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT AND SECURITIES
13	LAWS SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
14	(a) In GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act shall
15	affect or apply to, or be interpreted to affect
16	or apply to—
17	(1) any agreement, contract, or trans-
18	action that is subject to the Commodity
19	Exchange Act as—
20	(A) a contract of sale of a com-
21	modity for future delivery or an op-
22	tion on such a contract;
23	(B) a swap;
24	(C) a security futures product;

1	(D) an option authorized under
2	section 4c of such Act;
3	(E) an agreement, contract, or
4	transaction described in section
5	2(c)(2)(C)(i) of such Act; or
6	(F) a leverage transaction author-
7	ized under section 19 of such Act;
8	(2) any agreement, contract, or trans-
9	action that is subject to the securities
10	laws as—
11	(A) a security-based swap;
12	(B) a security futures product; or
13	(C) an option on or based on the
14	value of a security; or
15	(3) the activities of any person with
16	respect to any such agreement, contract,
17	or transaction.
18	(b) Prohibitions on Spot Digital Com-
19	MODITY ENTITIES.—Nothing in this Act author-
20	izes, or shall be interpreted to authorize, a
21	digital commodity exchange, digital com-
22	modity broker, or digital commodity dealer to
23	engage in any activities involving any trans-
24	action, contract, or agreement described in
25	subsection (a)(1), solely by virtue of being reg-

1	istered or filing a statement of provisional
2	registration as a digital commodity exchange,
3	digital commodity broker, or digital com-
4	modity dealer.
5	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, each
6	term shall have the meaning provided in the
7	Commodity Exchange Act or the regulations
8	prescribed under such Act.
9	SEC. 108. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS.
10	Section 4c(a) of the Commodity Exchange
11	Act (7 U.S.C. 6c(a)) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (3)—
13	(A) in subparagraph (B), by strik-
14	ing "or" at the end;
15	(B) in subparagraph (C), by strik-
16	ing the period and inserting "; or";
17	and
18	(C) by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(D) a contract of sale of a digital
21	commodity.";
22	(2) in paragraph (4)—
23	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
24	(i) in clause (ii), by striking
25	"or" at the end:

1	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking
2	the period and inserting "; or";
3	and
4	(iii) by adding at the end the
5	following:
6	"(iv) a contract of sale of a
7	digital commodity.";
8	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
9	(i) in clause (ii), by striking
10	"or" at the end;
11	(ii) in clause (iii), by striking
12	the period and inserting "; or";
13	and
14	(iii) by adding at the end the
15	following:
16	"(iv) a contract of sale of a
17	digital commodity."; and
18	(C) in subparagraph (C)—
19	(i) in clause (ii), by striking
20	"or" at the end;
21	(ii) by striking "(iii) a swap,
22	provided however," and inserting
23	the following:
24	"(iii) a swap: or

1	"(iv) a contract of sale of a
2	digital commodity,
3	provided, however,"; and
4	(iii) by striking "clauses (i),
5	(ii), or (iii)" and insert "any of
6	clauses (i) through (iv)".
7	SEC. 109. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.
8	In order to promote greater consistency
9	in effective and consistent global regulation
10	of digital assets, the Commodity Futures
11	Trading Commission and the Securities and
12	Exchange Commission, as appropriate—
13	(1) shall consult and coordinate with
14	foreign regulatory authorities on the ap-
15	plication of consistent international
16	standards with respect to the regulation
17	of digital assets; and
18	(2) may enter into such information-
19	sharing arrangements as may be deemed
20	to be necessary or appropriate in the
21	public interest or for the protection of in-
22	vestors, customers, and users of digital
23	assets.

1	SEC. 110. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN NON-CONTROLLING
2	BLOCKCHAIN DEVELOPERS.
3	(a) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding appli-
4	cable law, a non-controlling blockchain devel-
5	oper or provider of a blockchain service shall
6	not be treated as a money transmitter or as
7	engaged in "money transmitting" or, fol-
8	lowing the date of enactment of this Act, be
9	otherwise subject to any new registration re-
10	quirement that is substantially similar to the
11	requirement that currently applies to money
12	transmitters, solely on the basis of—
13	(1) creating or publishing software to
14	facilitate the creation of, or provision of
15	maintenance services to, a blockchain or
16	blockchain service;
17	(2) providing hardware or software to
18	facilitate a customer's own custody or
19	safekeeping of the customer's digital as-
20	sets; or
21	(3) providing infrastructure support
22	to maintain a blockchain service.
23	(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
	this section shall be construed to affect
	whether a blockchain developer or provider
26	of a blockchain service is otherwise subject to

- 1 classification or treatment as a money trans-
- 2 mitter, or as engaged in "money transmit-
- 3 ting", under applicable State or Federal law,
- 4 including laws relating to anti-money laun-
- 5 dering or countering the financing of ter-
- 6 rorism, based on conduct outside the scope of
- 7 subsection (a). Nothing in this section shall be
- 8 construed to affect whether a blockchain de-
- 9 veloper or provider of a blockchain service is
- 10 otherwise subject to classification or treat-
- 11 ment as a financial institution under the
- 12 Bank Secrecy Act, this Act, or any Act enacted
- 13 after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 14 (c) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—
- 15 (1) Intellectual property law.—
- Nothing in this section shall be construed
- to limit or expand any law pertaining to
- intellectual property.
- 19 (2) STATE LAW.—Nothing in this sec-
- 20 tion shall be construed to prevent any
- 21 State from enforcing any State law that is
- consistent with this section. No cause of
- action may be brought and no liability
- 24 may be imposed under any State or local
- law that is inconsistent with this section.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) BLOCKCHAIN DEVELOPER.—The term "blockchain developer" means any person or business that creates or publishes software to facilitate the creation of, or provide maintenance to, a blockchain or a blockchain service.
  - (2) BLOCKCHAIN SERVICE.—The term "blockchain service" means any information, transaction, or computing service or system that provides or enables access to a blockchain network by multiple users, including specifically a service or system that enables users to send, receive, exchange, or store digital assets described by blockchain networks.
  - (3) Non-controlling blockchain developer of a blockchain developer or provider of a blockchain service" means a blockchain developer or provider of a blockchain service of a blockchain service of a blockchain service that in the regular course of operations, does not have the legal right or the unilateral and independent ability to

1	control, initiate upon demand, or effec-
2	tuate transactions involving digital assets
3	that users are entitled to, without the ap-
4	proval, consent, or direction of any other
5	third party.
6	SEC. 111. APPLICATION OF THE BANK SECRECY ACT.
7	(a) In General.—Section 5312(c)(1)(A) of
8	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
9	(1) by inserting "digital commodity
10	broker, digital commodity dealer," after
11	"futures commission merchant,"; and
12	(2) by inserting before the period the
13	following: "and any digital commodity ex-
14	change registered, or required to reg-
15	ister, under the Commodity Exchange Act
16	which permits direct customer access".
17	(b) GAO STUDY.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller
19	General of the United States, in consulta-
20	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury,
21	shall conduct a study to—
22	(A) assess the risks posed by cen-
23	tralized intermediaries that are pri-
24	marily located in foreign jurisdictions
25	that provide services to U.S. persons

1	without regulatory requirements that
2	are substantially similar to the re-
3	quirements of the Bank Secrecy Act;
4	and

- 5 (B) provide any regulatory or leg-6 islative recommendations to address 7 these risks under subparagraph (A).
- 8 (2) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year 9 after the date of enactment of this Act, 10 the Comptroller General shall issue a re-11 port to Congress containing all findings 12 and determinations made in carrying out 13 the study required under paragraph (1).
- 14 SEC. 112. IMPLEMENTATION.
- 15 (a) GLOBAL RULEMAKING TIMEFRAME.—Un16 less otherwise provided in this Act or an
  17 amendment made by this Act, the Commodity
  18 Futures Trading Commission and the Securi19 ties and Exchange Commission, or both, shall
  20 individually, and jointly where required, pro21 mulgate rules and regulations required of
  22 each Commission under this Act or an amend-

23 ment made by this Act not later than 360 days

24 after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	(b) Rules and Registration Before Final
2	EFFECTIVE DATES.—
3	(1) In general.—In order to prepare
4	for the implementation of this Act, the
5	<b>Commodity Futures Trading Commission</b>
6	and the Securities and Exchange Com-
7	mission may, before any effective date
8	provided in this Act—
9	(A) promulgate rules, regulations,
10	or orders permitted or required by
11	this Act;
12	(B) conduct studies and prepare
13	reports and recommendations re-
14	quired by this Act;
15	(C) register persons under this
16	Act; and
17	(D) exempt persons, agreements,
18	contracts, or transactions from provi-
19	sions of this Act, under the terms con-
20	tained in this Act.
21	(2) LIMITATION ON EFFECTIVENESS.—An
22	action by the Commodity Futures Trad-
23	ing Commission or the Securities and Ex-
24	change Commission under paragraph (1)
25	shall not become offective before the of-

1	fective date otherwise applicable to the
2	action under this Act.
3	TITLE II—OFFERS AND SALES OF
4	DIGITAL COMMODITIES
5	SEC. 201. TREATMENT OF INVESTMENT CONTRACT ASSETS.
6	(a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 2(a)
7	of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)),
8	as amended by section 101, is further amend-
9	ed—
10	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the
11	end the following: "The term 'investment
12	contract' does not include an investment
13	contract asset."; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(34) The term 'investment contract
17	asset' means a digital commodity—
18	"(A) that can be exclusively pos-
19	sessed and transferred, person to per-
20	son, without necessary reliance on an
21	intermediary, and is recorded on a
22	blockchain; and
23	"(B) sold or otherwise trans-
24	ferred, or intended to be sold or oth-

1	erwise	transferred,	pursuant	to	an	in-

- 2 **vestment contract.".**
- 3 (b) INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940.—
- 4 Section 202(a)(18) of the Investment Advisers
- 5 Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-2(a)(18)) is amended
- 6 by adding at the end the following: "The term
- 7 'investment contract' does not include an in-
- 8 vestment contract asset (as such term is de-
- 9 fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
- 10 **of 1933).".**
- 11 (c) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—
- 12 Section 2(a)(36) of the Investment Company
- 13 Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(36)) is amended
- 14 by adding at the end the following: "The term
- 15 'investment contract' does not include an in-
- 16 vestment contract asset (as such term is de-
- 17 fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
- 18 **of 1933).".**
- 19 (d) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—
- 20 Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange
- 21 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(10)) is amended
- 22 by adding at the end the following: "The term
- 23 'investment contract' does not include an in-
- 24 vestment contract asset (as such term is de-

1	fined under section 2(a) of the Securities Act
2	of 1933).".
3	(e) SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION ACT
4	OF 1970.—Section 16(14) of the Securities In-
5	vestor Protection Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C.
6	78lll(14)) is amended by adding at the end the
7	following: "The term 'investment contract'
8	does not include an investment contract asset
9	(as such term is defined under section 2(a) of
10	the Securities Act of 1933).".
11	SEC. 202. EXEMPTED PRIMARY TRANSACTIONS IN DIGITAL
12	COMMODITIES.
13	(a) In General.—The Securities Act of
14	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) is amended—
15	(1) in section 4(a), by adding at the
16	end the following:
17	"(8) the offer or sale of an investment
18	contract involving units of a digital com-
19	modity by its digital commodity issuer
20	(including all entities controlled by or
21	under common control with the issuer),
22	if—
23	"(A) the blockchain system to
24	which the digital commodity relates,
25	together with the digital commodity,

1	is certified as a mature blockchain
2	system under section 42 of the Securi-
3	ties Exchange Act of 1934 or the
4	issuer intends for the blockchain sys-
5	tem to which the digital commodity
6	relates to be a mature blockchain sys-
7	tem by the later of—
8	"(i) the date that is four years

"(i) the date that is four years after the first sale of the investment contract involving a unit of such digital commodity in reliance on the exemption provided under this paragraph, subject to any extensions as may be granted by the Commission; or

"(ii) the date that is four years after the effective date of this paragraph;

"(B) the sum of all cash and other consideration to be received by the digital commodity issuer in reliance on the exemption provided under this paragraph, during the 12-month period preceding the date of such offering, including the amount received in

1	such offering, is not more than
2	\$75,000,000 (as such amount is annu-
3	ally adjusted by the Commission to
4	reflect the change in the Consumer
5	Price Index for All Urban Consumers
6	published by the Bureau of Labor
7	Statistics of the Department of
8	Labor);
9	"(C) after the completion of the
10	transaction, a purchaser does not
11	own more than 10 percent of the total
12	amount of the outstanding units of
13	the digital commodity;
14	"(D) the transaction does not in-
15	volve the offer or sale of an invest-
16	ment contract involving units of a
17	digital commodity by its digital com-
18	modity issuer that—
19	"(i) is not organized under the
20	laws of a State, a territory of the
21	United States, or the District of
22	Columbia;
23	"(ii) is a development stage
24	company that either—

1	"(I) has no specific busi-
2	ness plan or purpose; or
3	"(II) has indicated that
4	the business plan of the com-
5	pany is to merge with or ac-
6	quire an unidentified com-
7	pany;
8	"(iii) is an investment com-
9	pany, as defined in section 3 of
10	the Investment Company Act of
11	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or is ex-
12	cluded from the definition of in-
13	vestment company by section 3(b)
14	or section 3(c) of that Act (15
15	U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
16	"(iv) is issuing fractional un-
17	divided interests in oil or gas
18	rights, or a similar interest in
19	other mineral rights;
20	"(v) is, or has been, subject to
21	any order of the Commission en-
22	tered pursuant to section 12(j) of
23	the Securities Exchange Act of
24	1934 during the 5-vear period be-

1	fore the filing of the offering
2	statement; or
3	"(vi) is disqualified pursuant
4	to section 230.262 of title 17, Code
5	of Federal Regulations; and
6	"(E) the issuer meets the require-
7	ments of section 4B(b)."; and
8	(2) by inserting after section 4A the
9	following:
10	"SEC. 4B. REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN DIG-
11	ITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.
12	"(a) COMMISSION JURISDICTION.—For the
13	purposes of this section:
14	"(1) The Commission shall have juris-
15	diction and enforcement authority with
16	respect to disclosures described in this
17	section.
18	"(2) Section 17 shall apply to a state-
19	ment made in an offering statement, dis-
20	closure, or report filed under this section
21	to the same extent as such section 17 ap-
22	plies to a statement made in any other of-
23	fering statement, disclosure, or report
	refing statement, asserts are, or report

- 1 "(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR DIGITAL COM-2 MODITY ISSUERS.—
- 3 "(1) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A digital commodity issuer offering or selling an 4 5 investment contract involving units of a digital commodity in reliance on section 6 4(a)(8) shall file with the Commission an 7 offering statement and any related docu-8 ments, in such form and with such con-9 10 tent as prescribed by the Commission, including financial information, a descrip-11 tion of the issuer and the operations of 12 the issuer, the financial condition of the 13 issuer, a description of the plan of dis-14 tribution of any unit of a digital com-15 modity that is to be offered as well as the 16 17 intended use of the offering proceeds, 18 and a description of the development 19 plan for the blockchain system, and the 20 related digital commodity, to become a mature 21 blockchain system, if such 22 blockchain system is not already certified as a mature blockchain system pursuant 23 to section 42 of the Securities Exchange 24 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.). 25

"(2) Information required for pur-CHASERS.—A digital commodity issuer that has filed a statement under para-graph (1) to offer and sell an investment contract involving a unit of a digital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall include in such statement the following information: 

"(A) MATURITY STATUS.—Whether the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates has been certified as a mature blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) and, where such blockchain system is not so certified, a statement of the digital commodity issuer's intent for the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates to be a mature blockchain system within the time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A).

"(B) SOURCE CODE.—The source code, or a publicly accessible webpage displaying such source code,

for any blockchain system to which
the digital commodity relates, and
whether the source code was sourced
from an external third party, whether
there are any existing external dependencies, and whether the code underwent a third-party security audit,
along with material results of any
such audit.

"(C) Transaction history.—A description of the steps necessary to independently access, search, and verify the transaction history of any blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates, to the extent any such independent access, search, and verification activities are technically feasible with respect to such blockchain system.

"(D) DIGITAL COMMODITY ECONOM-ICS.—A description of the purpose of any blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates and the operation of any such blockchain system, including—

1	"(i) information explaining
2	the launch and supply process, in-
3	cluding the number of units of
4	the digital commodity to be
5	issued in an initial allocation, the
6	total number of units of the dig-
7	ital commodity to be created, the
8	release schedule for the units of
9	the digital commodity, and the
10	total number of units of the dig-
11	ital commodity outstanding;
12	"(ii) information explaining
13	the technical requirements for
14	holding, accessing, and transfer-
15	ring the digital commodity;
16	"(iii) information on any ap-
17	plicable consensus mechanism or
18	process for validating trans-
19	actions, method of generating or
20	mining digital commodities, and
21	any process for burning or de-
22	stroying units of the digital com-
23	modity on the blockchain system;
24	"(iv) an explanation of any
25	mechanism for driving value to

1	the	digital	commodity	of	such
2	bloc	kchain s	system; and		

"(v) an explanation of governance mechanisms for implementing changes to the blockchain system or forming consensus among holders of units of such digital commodity.

> "(E) PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT.—The current state and timeline for the development of any blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates, detailing how and when the blockchain system is intended to be a mature blockchain system, if the blockchain system is not yet certified as a mature blockchain system, and the various roles that exist or are intended to exist in connection with the blockchain system, such as users, service providers, developers, transaction validators, and governance participants, including a discussion of any mechanisms by which control or authority are exerted with respect

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1	to the blockchain system or its re-
2	lated digital commodity, and any crit-
3	ical operational dependencies of the
4	blockchain system or its related dig-
5	ital commodity.
6	"(F) OWNERSHIP DISCLOSURES.—
7	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A list of all
8	persons who are digital com-
9	modity related persons or digital
10	commodity affiliated persons who
11	have been issued a unit of the
12	digital commodity by the digital
13	commodity issuer or have a right
14	to a unit of the digital commodity
15	from the digital commodity
16	issuer.
17	"(ii) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The
18	Commission shall keep each list
19	described under clause (i) con-
20	fidential, consistent with what is
21	necessary or appropriate in the
22	public interest or for the protec-
23	tion of investors.
24	"(G) RISK FACTOR DISCLOSURES.—A
25	description of the material risks sur-

1	rounding ownership of a unit of a
2	digital commodity.
3	"(3) Ongoing disclosure require-
4	MENTS FOR MATURING BLOCKCHAIN SYS-
5	TEMS.—Subject to paragraph (5), the
6	issuer of a digital commodity related to a
7	blockchain system that is not yet cer-
8	tified as a mature blockchain system
9	under section 42 of the Securities Ex-
10	change Act of 1934 that has filed a state-
11	ment under paragraph (1) to offer and
12	sell an investment contract involving a
13	unit of a digital commodity in reliance on
14	section 4(a)(8) shall file the following
15	with the Commission:
16	"(A) SEMIANNUAL REPORTS.—Every
17	6 months, a report containing—
18	"(i) an updated description of
19	the current state and timeline for
20	the development of the
21	blockchain system to which the
22	digital commodity relates, show-
23	ing how and when the blockchain

intended to be a mature

is

blockchain system;

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1	"(ii) a description of the ef-
2	forts of the issuer and digital
3	commodity related persons in de-
4	veloping the blockchain system to
5	which the digital commodity re-
6	lates;
7	"(iii) the amount of money
8	raised by the digital commodity
9	issuer in reliance on section
10	4(a)(8), how much of that money
11	has been spent, and the general
12	categories of activities for which
13	that money has been spent and
14	amounts spent per category; and
15	"(iv) financial statements,
16	where applicable.
17	"(B) CURRENT REPORTS.—A current
18	report reflecting any material
19	changes relevant to the information
20	previously reported to the Commis-
21	sion by the digital commodity issuer,
22	which shall be filed as soon as prac-
23	ticable after the material change oc-
24	curred, in accordance with such rules

as the Commission may prescribe as

necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.

- "(4) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall prescribe rules on requirements applicable to issuers of digital commodities in reliance on section 4(a)(8).
- "(5) TERMINATION OF CERTAIN REPORT-ING REQUIREMENTS; POST-MATURITY REPORT-ING REQUIREMENTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The ongoing reporting requirements under paragraph (3) shall not apply to a digital commodity issuer 180 days after the end of the covered fiscal year, if the information with respect to the digital commodity and the blockchain system to which it relates described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph (2) is made publicly available and the disclosure requirements under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph are satisfied.

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"(B) COVERED FISCAL YEAR DE-FINED.—In this paragraph, the term 'covered fiscal year' means, with respect to a digital commodity, the first fiscal year of a digital commodity issuer in which the blockchain system to which such digital commodity relates is certified as a mature blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

> "(C) Post-maturity reporting re-QUIREMENTS.—After blockchain the system to which a digital commodity relates is certified as a mature blockchain system under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, any digital commodity issuer that has filed a statement under paragraph (1) to offer and sell an investment contract involving a unit of a digital commodity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) and is engaged in material ongoing efforts related to the mature blockchain system shall disclose, in a manner reasonably calculated to in-

1	form the public, and at such fre-
2	quency as the Commission may pre-
3	scribe, by rule, a description of such
4	efforts, including—
5	"(i) any participation in a de-
6	centralized governance system of
7	such blockchain system;
8	"(ii) any participation in alter-
9	ations or proposed alterations to
10	the functionality or operation of
11	such blockchain system;
12	"(iii) the use or planned use of
13	any funds raised in reliance on
14	section 4(a)(8) or any rulemaking
15	pursuant to section 202(c) of the
16	CLARITY Act of 2025 in such ef-
17	forts;
18	"(iv) the amount of units of
19	the digital commodity, or rights
20	thereto, owned and controlled by
21	such issuer and any use, sale,
22	trading, or other disposition
23	thereof; and

tivity involving the digital com-

1	modity of such digital commodity
2	issuer is taking place.
3	"(E) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—
4	Nothing in subparagraph (C) may be
5	construed to make any digital com-
6	modity described in such subpara-
7	graph a security.
8	"(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERMEDIARIES.—
9	A person acting as an intermediary in connec-
10	tion with the offer or sale of an investment
11	contract involving units of a digital com-
12	modity in reliance on section 4(a)(8) shall—
13	"(1) register with the Commission as
14	a broker or dealer; and
15	"(2) be a member of a national securi-
16	ties association registered under section
17	15A of the Securities Exchange Act of
18	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o-3).
19	"(d) DISQUALIFICATION PROVISIONS.—The
20	Commission shall issue rules to apply the dis-
21	qualification provisions under section 230.262
22	of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, to the
23	exemption provided under section 4(a)(8).
24	"(e) FAILURE TO MATURE.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270
2	days after the date of the enactment of
3	this section, the Commission shall issue
4	rules applying such additional obliga-
5	tions and disclosures for the digital com-
6	modity issuers, digital commodity related
7	persons, and digital commodity affiliated
8	persons of a blockchain system described
9	under subsection (b)(1) that does not be-
10	come a mature blockchain system within
11	the time period described in section
12	4(a)(8)(A) as are necessary or appropriate
13	in the public interest or for the protec-
14	tion of investors. Such obligations and
15	disclosures shall include the following:
16	"(A) DISCLOSURES.—Disclosures re-
17	garding the following:
18	"(i) FAILURE TO MATURE.—A de-
19	tailed explanation of the reason
20	that the blockchain system has
21	not become a mature blockchain
22	system within the time period de-
23	scribed in section $4(a)(8)(A)$ .
24	"(ii) DEVELOPMENT PLANS.—
25	The future plans of development

1	of the blockchain system,	includ.
2	ing information required	l under
3	subsection (b)(3).	

- "(iii) RISK FACTOR DISCLO-SURES.—The material risks surrounding ownership of a unit of a digital commodity that relates to a blockchain system described under subsection (b)(1) that has not become a mature blockchain system within the time period described in section 4(a)(8)(A).
- "(B) OBLIGATIONS.—Transaction reporting and beneficial ownership disclosure obligations applicable to digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons of such blockchain system.
- "(2) QUALIFICATION REQUIRED.—The Commission may not permit any additional reliance on an exempt offering for the offer or sale of an investment contract involving a unit of a digital commodity by the issuer of the digital commodity related to a blockchain system de-

1	scribed under subsection (a)(1) that has
2	not become a mature blockchain system
3	within the time period described in sec-
4	tion 4(a)(8)(A) unless the Commission has
5	qualified any offering statement related
6	to such exempt offering.".
7	(b) Additional Exemptions.—
8	(1) CERTAIN REGISTRATION REQUIRE-
9	MENTS.—Section 12(g)(6) of the Securities
10	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78l(g)(6))
11	is amended by striking "under section
12	4(6)" and inserting "under section 4(a)(6)
13	or 4(a)(8)".
14	(2) EXEMPTION FROM STATE REGULA-
15	TION.—Section 18(b)(4) of the Securities
16	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(4)) is amend-
17	ed—
18	(A) in subparagraph (B), by strik-
19	ing "section 4(4)" and inserting "sec-
20	tion 4(a)(4)";
21	(B) in subparagraph (C), by strik-
22	ing "section 4(6)" and inserting "sec-
23	tion 4(a)(6)";
24	(C) in subparagraph (F)—

1	(i) by striking "section 4(2)"
2	each place such term appears and
3	inserting "section 4(a)(2)"; and
4	(ii) by striking "or" at the end;
5	(D) in subparagraph (G), by strik-
6	ing the period and inserting "; or";
7	and
8	(E) by adding at the end the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(H) section 4(a)(8).".
11	(c) USE OF OTHER EXEMPTIONS.—
12	(1) Rule of construction.—Except as
13	provided in this subsection, nothing in
14	this section or the amendments made by
15	this section may be construed as prohib-
16	iting the offer or sale of an investment
17	contract involving units of a digital com-
18	modity in reliance on an exemption pro-
19	vided under section 3, 4(a), or 19 of the
20	Securities Act of 1933 other than that
21	provided under section 4(a)(8) of the Se-
22	curities Act of 1933.
23	(2) RULEMAKINGS.—
24	(A) The Securities and Exchange
25	Commission may issue rules—

(i) to permit the issuer of a
2 digital commodity related to a
3 blockchain system described
4 under section 4B(b)(1) of the Se-
5 curities Act of 1933 that has not
6 become a mature blockchain sys-
7 tem within the time period de-
8 scribed in section 4(a)(8)(A) of
9 such Act, or the issuer of a digital
commodity described in subpara-
graph (B)(iii), to utilize an exempt
offering to offer or sell an invest-
ment contract involving the dig-
ital commodity, if the Commission
qualifies any offering statement
related to such exempt offering;
17 <b>and</b>
18 (ii) for the offer and sale of in-
vestment contracts involving
20 units of a digital commodity by
issuers that are not organized
22 under the laws of a State, a terri-

tory of the United States, or the

District of Columbia.

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(B) Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue the following rules:

(i) A rule requiring a digital commodity issuer that last offered or sold an investment contract involving units of a digital commodity in reliance on an exemption provided under section 3, 4(a), or 19 of the Securities Act of 1933 prior to the date of enactment of this Act, to file a comparable set of disclosures to those described under section 4B of the Securities Act of 1933 as the Commission determines appropriate based on the exemption, the maturity of the blockchain system to which such digital commodity relates, and any material ongoing efforts of such digital commodity issuer (provided that for blockchains certified as a mature

blockchain system under section
2 42 of the Securities Exchange Act
of 1934, such disclosures shall be
4 comparable to those under sec-
5 tion $4B(b)(5)(C)$ , not later than
6 the later of—
7 (I) one year after the ef
8 fective date of this section; or
9 (II) the date of any sec-
ondary market sale of such
digital commodity made in re-
liance on section 203.
3 (ii) A rule requiring a digital
4 commodity issuer that offers or
sells an investment contract in
6 volving units of a digital com-
7 modity in reliance on an exemp-
tion provided under section 3
9 4(a), or 19 of the Securities Act of
0 1933, other than that provided
under section 4(a)(8) of the Secu-
2 rities Act of 1933, on or after the
date of enactment of this Act, to
file a comparable set of disclo-
sures to those described under

section 4B of the Securities Act of 1933 as the Commission determines appropriate based on the exemption, the maturity of the blockchain system to which such digital commodity relates, and any material ongoing efforts of such digital commodity issuer, prior to the date of any secondary market sale of such digital commodity made in reliance on section 203.

(iii) With respect to a digital commodity where the digital commodity issuer is required to file disclosures under clause (i) or (ii) and where the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates is not certified as a mature blockchain system pursuant to section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 after the 4-year period beginning on the date that the first such disclosure is filed—

1	(I) a rule prohibiting the
2	offer or sale of an investment
3	contract involving units of the
4	digital commodity unless the
5	Commission has qualified any
6	offering statement related to
7	such offer or sale, where such
8	offer or sale is permitted pur-
9	suant to subparagraph (A)(i);
10	and
11	(II) a rule requiring the
12	digital commodity issuer to
13	make disclosures comparable
14	to those described in
15	4B(e)(1)(A) of the Securities
16	Act of 1933.
17	SEC. 203. TREATMENT OF SECONDARY TRANSACTIONS IN
18	DIGITAL COMMODITIES THAT ORIGINALLY
19	INVOLVED INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.
20	(a) SECONDARY MARKET TREATMENT.—Not-
21	withstanding any other provision of law, the
22	offer or sale of a digital commodity that origi-
23	nally involved an investment contract by a
24	person other than the issuer of such digital
25	commodity, or an agent or underwriter there-

- 1 of, shall be deemed not to be an offer or sale
- 2 of such investment contract between the
- 3 issuer of the investment contract involving
- 4 the digital commodity, or an agent or under-
- 5 writer thereof, and the purchaser of such dig-
- 6 ital commodity under—
- 7 (1) the Securities Act of 1933 (15
- 8 **U.S.C. 77a et seq.)**;
- 9 (2) the Investment Advisers Act of
- 10 **1940** (15 U.S.C. 80b-1 et seq.);
- 11 (3) the Investment Company Act of
- 12 **1940** (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.);
- 13 (4) the Securities Exchange Act of
- 14 **1934** (**15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.**);
- 15 **(5) the Securities Investor Protection**
- 16 Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.); and
- 17 **(6) any applicable provisions of State**
- 18 **law.**
- 19 **(b)** END USER DISTRIBUTIONS NOT AN OFFER
- 20 OR SALE OF A SECURITY.—An end user distribu-
- 21 tion does not involve the offer or sale of a se-
- 22 curity.
- 23 (c) AGENT DEFINED.—In this section and
- 24 with respect to a digital commodity issuer,
- 25 the term "agent" means any person directly or

l indirectly controlled by the issuer or und
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- 2 direct or indirect common control with the
- 3 issuer.
- 4 SEC. 204. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG-
- 5 ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY
- 6 RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM-
- 7 MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.
- 8 The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a
- 9 et seq.), as amended by section 202, is further
- 10 amended by inserting after section 4B the fol-
- 11 **lowing:**
- 12 "SEC. 4C. REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFERS AND SALES OF DIG-
- 13 ITAL COMMODITIES BY DIGITAL COMMODITY
- 14 RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COM-
- 15 MODITY AFFILIATED PERSONS.
- 16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be a violation of
- 17 this Act for a digital commodity affiliated per-
- 18 son or a digital commodity related person to
- 19 offer or sell a digital commodity acquired di-
- 20 rectly from its issuer, or an agent or under-
- 21 writer thereof, pursuant to an investment
- 22 contract in reliance on section 4(a)(8) or an-
- 23 other exemption under this Act, other than as
- 24 provided in this section.
- 25 **"(b) Commission Jurisdiction.—**

"(1) Where a digital commodity affili-1 2 ated person or a digital commodity re-3 lated person offers or sells a digital commodity acquired directly from its issuer, 4 5 or an agent or underwriter thereof, pursuant to an investment contract in reli-6 7 ance on section 4(a)(8), or another exemption under this Act, other than as pro-8 vided in this section, such digital com-9 modity affiliated person or digital com-10 modity related person shall be consid-11 ered an issuer of such investment con-12 13 tract.

- "(2) For the purposes of this section, the Commission shall have jurisdiction and enforcement authority with respect to an offer or sale of a digital commodity described in subsection (a).
- 19 "(c) RESTRICTIONS ON DIGITAL COMMODITY
- 20 RELATED PERSONS AND DIGITAL COMMODITY AF-
- 21 FILIATED PERSONS.—

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- 22 "(1) PRIOR TO BEING A MATURE
- 23 BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—Prior to the
- 24 blockchain system to which a digital com-
- 25 modity relates being certified as a ma-

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, units of the digital commodity acquired by a digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person directly from its issuer (or an agent or underwriter thereof) pursuant to an investment contract in reliance on section 4(a)(8), or another exemption under this Act, may be offered or sold by such digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person if—

"(A) reports with respect to such digital commodity, where required under section 4B(b)(3) (or, with respect to a digital commodity not issued in reliance on section 4(a)(8), a comparable set of reports where required by the Commission) have been filed with the Commission;

"(B) the digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person has held the units for not less than 12 months; and "(C) the aggregate amount of the units of the digital commodity offered or sold by the digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person is—

"(i) in any 12-month period, or shorter period as the Commission may prescribe, not less than 5 percent or greater than 20 percent of the total units of the digital commodity acquired directly from its issuer (or an agent or underwriter thereof) by the digital commodity related person or digital commodity affiliated person, as determined by the Commission pursuant to paragraph (3); and

"(ii) an amount, as determined by the Commission pursuant to paragraph (3), not less than 30 percent or greater than 50 percent of the total units of the digital commodity acquired directly from its issuer (or an agent or underwriter thereof) by the digital

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1	commodity related person or dig-
2	ital commodity affiliated person.
3	"(2) AFTER BECOMING A MATURE
4	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—After the
5	blockchain system to which a digital com-
6	modity relates is certified as a mature
7	blockchain system under section 42 of the
8	Securities Exchange Act of 1934, units of
9	the digital commodity acquired by a dig-
10	ital commodity related person or digital
11	commodity affiliated person directly from
12	its issuer (or an agent or underwriter
13	thereof) pursuant to an investment con-
14	tract in reliance on section 4(a)(8) or an-
15	other exemption under this Act, may be—
16	"(A) offered or sold by a digital
17	commodity related person; or
18	"(B) offered or sold by a digital
19	commodity affiliated person if—
20	"(i) information described in
21	section 4B(b)(5)(C), where re-
22	quired (or, with respect to a dig-
23	ital commodity not issued in reli-
24	ance on section 4(a)(8), a com-

1	parable set of information, where
2	required) is publicly available;
3	"(ii) the digital commodity af-
4	filiated person has held the units
5	for not less than the earlier of—
6	"(I) 12 months; or
7	"(II) 3 months following
8	the date on which the
9	blockchain system is certified
10	as a mature blockchain sys-
11	tem under section 42 of the
12	Securities Exchange Act of
13	1934; and
14	"(iii) the aggregate amount of
15	the units of the digital commodity
16	offered or sold by the digital com-
17	modity affiliated person in any
18	12-month period is an amount, as
19	determined by the Commission
20	pursuant to paragraph (3), not
21	less than 5 percent or greater
22	than 10 percent of the total out-
23	standing amount of the digital
24	commodity.

**"(3)** RULEMAKINGS REQUIRED.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this section, consistent with protecting investors, fostering the devel-opment of mature blockchain systems, facilitating capital formation, and main-taining fair and orderly markets the Commission, by rule, after notice and comment—

> "(A) shall set the percentage amounts described in paragraphs (1)(C)(i), (1)(C)(ii), and (2)(B)(iii); and

> "(B) may provide an exemption from the limitation described in paragraph (1)(C)(ii), if the Commission requires any offer or sale pursuant to such exemption of a digital commodity related to a blockchain system that has failed to become a mature blockchain system under this Act or any rule promulgated hereunder to be accompanied by the disclosures required under, as applicable, section 4B(e)(1)(A) or section

1	202(c)(2)(B)(iii)(II) of the CLARITY
2	Act of 2025.
3	"(d) Use of a Digital Commodity in the
4	PROGRAMMATIC FUNCTIONING OF THE
5	BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM.—For purposes of this
6	section, the use of a digital commodity in the
7	programmatic functioning of the blockchain
8	system to which it relates is not an offer or
9	sale of a digital commodity.
10	"(e) MANIPULATIVE AND DECEPTIVE DEVICES;
11	REPORTING.—
12	"(1) In GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful
13	for any digital commodity issuer, digital
14	commodity related person, or digital com-
15	modity affiliated person, directly or indi-
16	rectly, by the use of any means or instru-
17	mentality of interstate commerce or of
18	the mails, to use or employ, in connection
19	with the purchase or sale of any digital
20	commodity, any manipulative or decep-
21	tive device or contrivance in contraven-

tion of such rules and regulations as the

Commission may prescribe as necessary

or appropriate in the public interest or

for the protection of investors.

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- "(2) Affirmative defense.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enact-ment of this section, the Commission shall issue rules to implement paragraph (1), including by providing any affirma-tive defenses to an enforcement action thereunder as the Commission may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of in-vestors.
  - "(3) Reporting.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Commission shall issue rules to prescribe such transaction reporting and beneficial ownership disclosure obligations applicable to digital commodity related persons and digital commodity affiliated persons, as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.
  - "(4) DIFFERENTIATION BETWEEN PER-SONS.—In issuing rules required under paragraphs (2) and (3), the Commission shall differentiate between digital commodity related persons and digital com-

- 1 modity affiliated persons, as necessary or
- 2 appropriate in the public interest or for
- 3 the protection of investors.
- 4 "(f) CERTAIN UNITS RECEIVED PRIOR TO EN-
- 5 ACTMENT.—A unit of a digital commodity re-
- 6 ceived from the digital commodity issuer
- 7 prior to the date of the enactment of this sec-
- 8 tion through an offer or sale of an investment
- 9 contract involving units of a digital com-
- 10 modity in reliance on an exemption provided
- 11 under section 3, 4(a), or 19, may be offered or
- 12 sold by a digital commodity related person or
- 13 digital commodity affiliated person, if—
- 14 "(1) the digital commodity issuer is no
- longer engaged in material ongoing ef-
- forts related to the blockchain system to
- which the digital commodity relates and
- the blockchain system to which the dig-
- ital commodity relates is certified as a
- 20 mature blockchain system under section
- 21 **42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**;
- 22 "(2) the digital commodity issuer is
- engaged in material ongoing efforts re-
- lated to the blockchain system to which
- 25 the digital commodity relates and the

- blockchain system to which the digital 1 commodity relates is certified as a ma-2 ture blockchain system under section 42 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 4 and the appropriate disclosures required 5 under section 202(c)(2)(B) of the CLAR-6 7 ITY Act of 2025 have been made with the 8 Commission; or
- "(3) the digital commodity issuer is 9 engaged in material ongoing efforts re-10 lated to the blockchain system to which 11 12 the digital commodity relates and the blockchain system to which the digital 13 commodity relates is not certified as a 14 mature blockchain system under section 15 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 16 17 and the appropriate disclosures required 18 under section 202(c)(2)(B) of the CLAR-19 ITY Act of 2025 have been made with the 20 Commission.
- "(g) RULEMAKING ON FURTHER USAGE OF
  DIGITAL COMMODITIES.—The Commission, consistent with protecting investors, fostering
  the development of mature blockchain sys-
- 25 tems, facilitating capital formation, and main-

- 1 taining fair and orderly markets, may, by
- 2 rule, exempt unconditionally or on stated
- 3 terms or conditions, a digital commodity re-
- 4 lated person or a digital commodity affiliated
- 5 person, or any class thereof, from the require-
- 6 ments of this section for the offer or sale of
- 7 a digital commodity.".
- 8 SEC. 205. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.
- 9 Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 10 **1934** (**15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.**) is amended by add-
- 11 ing at the end the following:
- 12 "SEC. 42. MATURE BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.
- 13 "(a) CERTIFICATION OF BLOCKCHAIN SYS-
- 14 **TEMS.**—
- 15 "(1) CERTIFICATION.—For purposes of
- sections 4(a)(8), 4B, and 4C of the Securi-
- ties Act of 1933, any digital commodity
- issuer, digital commodity related person,
- 19 digital commodity affiliated person, or
- 20 decentralized governance system of the
- 21 blockchain system may certify to the Se-
- curities and Exchange Commission that
- the blockchain system to which a digital
- 24 commodity relates is a mature blockchain
- 25 **system.**

1	"(2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.—A certifi-
2	cation described under paragraph (1)
3	shall be filed with the Commission, and
4	include such information that is reason-
5	ably necessary to establish that the
6	blockchain system is not controlled by
7	any person or group of persons under
8	common control, which may include in-
9	formation regarding—
10	"(A) the operation of the
11	blockchain system;
12	"(B) the functionality of the re-
13	lated digital commodity;
14	"(C) how the market value of the
15	digital commodity is substantially de-
16	rived from the programmatic func-
17	tioning of such blockchain system;
18	"(D) any decentralized govern-
19	ance system which relates to the
20	blockchain system; and
21	"(E) the current roles, if any, of
22	the digital commodity issuer, digital
23	commodity affiliated persons, and
24	digital commodity related persons
25	where such roles are material to the

development or operation of such
blockchain system or the decentralized governance system of such
blockchain system.

"(3) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—The Commission may rebut a certification described under paragraph (1) with respect to a blockchain system if the Commission, within 60 days of receiving such certification, determines that the blockchain system is not a mature blockchain system.

## "(4) CERTIFICATION REVIEW.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any blockchain system that relates to a digital commodity for which a certification has been made under paragraph (1) shall be considered a mature blockchain system 60 days after the date on which the Commission receives a certification under paragraph (1), unless the Commission notifies the person who made the certification within such time that the Commission is staying the certification due to—

1	"(i) an inadequate explanation
2	by the person making the certifi-
3	cation; or
4	"(ii) any novel or complex
5	issues which require additional
6	time to consider.
7	"(B) PUBLIC NOTICE.—The Commis-
8	sion shall make the following avail-
9	able to the public and provide a copy
10	to the Commodity Futures Trading
11	Commission:
12	"(i) Each certification re-
13	ceived under paragraph (1).
14	"(ii) Each stay of the Commis-
15	sion under this subsection, and
16	the reasons therefor.
17	"(iii) Any response from a per-
18	son making a certification under
19	paragraph (1) to a stay of the cer-
20	tification by the Commission.
21	"(C) CONSOLIDATION.—The Com-
22	mission may consolidate and treat as
23	one submission multiple certifi-
24	cations made under paragraph (1) for
25	the same blockchain system which re-

1	lates to a digital commodity which
2	are received during the review period
3	provided under this paragraph.
4	"(5) STAY OF CERTIFICATION.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A notification
6	by the Commission pursuant to para-
7	graph (4)(A) shall stay the certifi-
8	cation once for up to an additional
9	120 days from the date of the notifica-
10	tion.
11	"(B) PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD.—Be-
12	fore the end of the 60-day period de-
13	scribed under paragraph (4)(A), the
14	Commission may begin a public com-
15	ment period of at least 30 days in con-
16	junction with a stay under this sub-
17	section.
18	"(6) DISPOSITION OF CERTIFICATION.—A
19	certification made under paragraph (1)
20	shall—
21	"(A) become effective—
22	"(i) upon the publication of a
23	notification from the Commission
24	to the person who made the cer-
25	tification that the Commission

1	does not object to the certifi-
2	cation; or
3	"(ii) at the expiration of the
4	certification review period; and
5	"(B) not become effective upon
6	the publication of a notification from
7	the Commission to the person who
8	made the certification that the Com-
9	mission has rebutted the certifi-
10	cation.
11	"(7) RECERTIFICATION.—With respect
12	to a blockchain system for which a cer-
13	tification has been rebutted under this
14	subsection, no person may make a certifi-
15	cation under paragraph (1) with respect
16	to such blockchain system during the 90-
17	day period beginning on the date of such
18	rebuttal.
19	"(8) APPEAL OF REBUTTAL.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a certifi-
21	cation is rebutted under this section,
22	the person making such certification
23	may appeal the decision to the United
24	States Court of Appeals for the Dis-
25	trict of Columbia, not later than 60

days after the notice of rebuttal is made.

"(B) REVIEW.—In an appeal under subparagraph (A), the court shall have de novo review of the determination to rebut the certification.

## "(b) MATURITY CRITERIA.—

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"(1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that protecting investors, maintaining fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and facilitating capital formation necessitates establishing clear criteria for blockchain systems to be deemed mature, as well as enabling the Commission to develop, without prejudice to any such criteria codified in statalternative criteria by which ute. blockchain systems may be considered not to be controlled by any person or group of persons under common control in order to accommodate changes in markets and technology.

"(2) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may issue rules identifying conditions by which a blockchain system, together with its related digital commodity, shall be considered a mature blockchain system, consistent with the protection of investors, maintenance of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and the facilitation of capital formation.

## "(3) Rules of construction.—

"(A) Nothing in this subsection may be construed to permit the Commission to impose additional criteria to the criteria in subsection (c) for certifying that a blockchain system is a mature blockchain system pursuant to subsection (c).

"(B) Nothing in this subsection or subsection (c) may be construed to limit the Commission's ability to identify alternative conditions and criteria by which a blockchain system may be considered a mature blockchain system.

## "(c) DEEMED MATURE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), for the purposes of subsection (a), a digital commodity issuer,

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1	digital commodity related person, digital
2	commodity affiliated person, or decen-
3	tralized governance system of the
4	blockchain system may establish that a
5	blockchain system, together with its re-
6	lated digital commodity, is not controlled
7	by any person or group of persons under
8	common control, if the blockchain sys-
9	tem, together with its related digital
10	asset, meets the requirements described
11	in paragraph (2) or (3).
12	"(2) CRITERIA FOR ANY BLOCKCHAIN SYS-
13	TEM.—The requirements described in this
14	paragraph are the following:
15	"(A) System value.—
16	"(i) MARKET VALUE.—The dig-
17	ital commodity has a value that is
18	substantially derived from the
19	use and functioning of the
20	blockchain system.
21	"(ii) DEVELOPMENT OF VALUE
22	MECHANISM SUBSTANTIALLY COM-
23	PLETED.—Where the digital com-
24	modity issuer has made public a
25	development plan describing how

1	the digital commodity's value is
2	reasonably expected to be derived
3	from the programmatic func-
4	tioning of the blockchain system,
5	the development of such mecha-
6	nisms has been substantially com-
7	pleted.
8	"(B) FUNCTIONAL SYSTEM.—The
9	blockchain system allows network
10	participants to engage in the activi-
11	ties the blockchain system is in-
12	tended to provide, including—
13	"(i) using, transmitting, or
14	storing value, or otherwise exe-
15	cuting transactions, on the
16	blockchain system;
17	"(ii) deploying, executing, or
18	accessing software or services, or
19	otherwise offering or partici-
20	pating in services, deployed on or
21	integrated with the blockchain
22	system;
23	"(iii) participating in the con-
24	sensus mechanism, transaction
25	validation process, or decentral-

1	ized governance system of the
2	blockchain system; or
3	"(iv) operating any client,
4	node, validator, or other form of
5	computational infrastructure
6	with respect to the blockchain
7	system.
8	"(C) OPEN AND INTEROPERABLE SYS-
9	TEM.—The blockchain system—
10	"(i) is composed of source
11	code that is open source; and
12	"(ii) does not restrict or pro-
13	hibit based on the exercise of uni-
14	lateral authority any person,
15	other than a digital commodity
16	issuer, digital commodity related
17	person, or digital commodity af-
18	filiated person from engaging in
19	the activities the blockchain sys-
20	tem is intended to provide, in-
21	cluding the activities described in
22	subparagraph (B).
23	"(D) PROGRAMMATIC SYSTEM.—The
24	blockchain system operates, executes,
25	and enforces its operations and trans-

1	actions based solely on pre-estab-
2	lished, transparent rules encoded di-
3	rectly within the source code of the
4	blockchain system.
5	"(E) System governance.—No per-
6	son or group of persons under com-
7	mon control—
8	"(i) has the unilateral author-
9	ity, directly or indirectly, through
10	any contract, arrangement, un-
11	derstanding, relationship, or oth-
12	erwise, to control or materially
13	alter the functionality, operation,
14	or rules of consensus or agree-
15	ment of the blockchain system or
16	its related digital commodity; or
17	"(ii) has the unilateral author-
18	ity to direct the voting, in the ag-
19	gregate, of 20 percent or more of
20	the outstanding voting power of
21	such blockchain system by means
22	of a related digital commodity,
23	nodes or validators, a decentral-
24	ized governance system, or other-

wise, in a blockchain system

1	which can be altered by a voting
2	system.
3	"(F) IMPARTIAL SYSTEM.—No per-
4	son or group of persons under com-
5	mon control possesses a unique per-
6	mission or privilege to alter the
7	functionality, operation, or rules of
8	consensus or agreement of the
9	blockchain system or its related dig-
10	ital commodity, unless such alter-
11	ation—
12	"(i) addresses errors, regular
13	maintenance, or cybersecurity
14	risks of the blockchain system
15	that affect the programmatic
16	functioning of the blockchain sys-
17	tem; and
18	"(ii) is adopted through the
19	consensus or agreement of a de-
20	centralized governance system.
21	"(G) DISTRIBUTED OWNERSHIP.—No
22	digital commodity issuer, digital com-
23	modity related person, or digital com-
24	modity affiliated person beneficially

owns, in the aggregate, 20 percent or

1	more of the total amount of units of
2	the digital commodity.
3	"(3) OPTIONAL CRITERIA FOR PRE-
4	EXISTING BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS.—The re-
5	quirements described in this paragraph
6	are that the blockchain system—
7	"(A) was created prior to the date
8	of enactment of this section;
9	"(B) met the requirements of sub-
10	paragraphs (A) through (F) of para-
11	graph (2) prior to January 1, 2020;
12	and
13	"(C) at least 50 percent of the
14	units of the digital commodity related
15	to the blockchain system are held by
16	persons other than the digital com-
17	modity issuer, a digital commodity re-
18	lated person, or a digital commodity
19	affiliated person.
20	"(d) DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE SYS-
21	TEM.—
22	"(1) For the purposes of this section,
23	a decentralized governance system is not
24	a 'person' or a 'group of persons under
25	common control'.

- "(2) A blockchain system, together 1 2 with its digital commodity, shall not be precluded from being considered a ma-3 ture blockchain system solely based on a 4 functional, administrative, clerical, or 5 ministerial action of a decentralized gov-6 7 ernance system, including any such action taken by a person acting on behalf of 8 and at the direction of the decentralized 9 10 governance system, as determined by the Commission and consistent with the pro-11 12 tection of investors, maintenance of fair, orderly, and efficient markets, and the fa-13 14 cilitation of capital formation.
- "(e) RULEMAKING.—Not more than 270 days
  after the date of enactment of this section, the
  Commission shall issue rules to carry out this
  section.".
- 19 SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 20 Unless otherwise provided in this title,
- 21 this title and the amendments made by this
- 22 title shall take effect 360 days after the date
- 23 of enactment of this Act, except that, to the
- 24 extent a provision of this title requires a rule-

1	making, the provision shall take effect on the
2	later of—
3	(1) 360 days after the date of enact-
4	ment of this Act; or
5	(2) 60 days after the publication in
6	the Federal Register of the final rule im-
7	plementing the provision.
8	TITLE III—REGISTRATION FOR
9	INTERMEDIARIES AT THE SE-
10	CURITIES AND EXCHANGE
11	COMMISSION
12	SEC. 301. TREATMENT OF DIGITAL COMMODITIES AND PER-
13	MITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
14	(a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section
15	2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
16	77b(a)(1)), as amended by section 201(a)(1), is
17	further amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing: "The term does not include a digital
19	commodity or permitted payment
20	stablecoin.".
21	(b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—
22	Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Exchange
23	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)), as amended by
24	section 201(d) is further is amended by adding
25	at the end the following: "The term does not

1	include a digital commodity or permitted pay-
2	ment stablecoin.".
3	(c) Investment Advisers Act of 1940.—
4	Section 202(a) of the Investment Advisers Act
5	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b–2(a)) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (18)), as amended by
7	section 201(b), by adding at the end the
8	following: "The term does not include a
9	digital commodity or permitted payment
10	stablecoin.";
11	(2) by redesignating the second para-
12	graph (29) (relating to commodity pools)
13	as paragraph (31); and
14	(3) by adding at the end, the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(32) DIGITAL COMMODITY-RELATED
17	TERMS.—The terms 'digital commodity'
18	and 'permitted payment stablecoin' have
19	the meaning given those terms, respec-
20	tively, under section 2(a) of the Securities
21	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".
22	(d) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—
	Section 2(a) of the Investment Company Act
24	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (36), as amended by
2	section 201(c), by adding at the end the
3	following: "The term does not include a
4	digital commodity or permitted payment
5	stablecoin."; and
6	(2) by adding at the end, the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(55) DIGITAL COMMODITY-RELATED
9	TERMS.—The terms 'digital commodity'
10	and 'permitted payment stablecoin' have
11	the meaning given those terms, respec-
12	tively, under section 2(a) of the Securities
13	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)).".
14	(e) SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION ACT
15	OF 1970.—Section 16 of the Securities Investor
16	Protection Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78111) is
17	amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (14), as amended by
19	section 201(e), by adding at the end the
20	following: "The term does not include a
21	digital commodity or permitted payment
22	stablecoin, as such terms are defined, re-

spectively, under section 2(a) of the Secu-

rities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a))"; and

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1	(2) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(15) TREATMENT OF PERMITTED PAY-
4	MENT STABLECOINS.—A permitted payment
5	stablecoin, as defined in section 2(a) of
6	the Securities Act of 1933, shall not qual-
7	ify as 'cash' and a claim for a permitted
8	payment stablecoin shall not qualify as a
9	'claim for cash'.".
10	SEC. 302. ANTI-FRAUD AUTHORITY OVER PERMITTED PAY-
11	MENT STABLECOINS AND CERTAIN DIGITAL
12	COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.
13	(a) In General.—Section 10 of the Securi-
14	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78j) is
15	amended—
16	(1) by moving subsection (c) so as to
17	appear after subsection (b);
18	(2) by inserting after subsection (c)
19	the following:
20	"(d) To use or employ, in connection
21	with the purchase or sale of any per-
22	mitted payment stablecoin or digital com-
23	modity, including, as applicable, by or
24	through a broker or dealer or an alter-
25	native trading system, any manipulative

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or deceptive device or contrivance in contravention of such rules and regulations as the Commission may prescribe as necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors."; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: "Rules promulgated under subsection (b) that prohibit fraud, manipulation, or insider trading (but not rules imposing or specifying reporting or recordkeeping requirements, procedures, prophylactic standards as measures against fraud, manipulation, or insider trading), and judicial precedents decided under subsection (b) and rules promulgated thereunder that prohibit fraud, manipulation, or insider trading, shall apply with to permitted respect payment stablecoin and digital commodity transactions engaged in by a broker or dealer or through an alternative trading system or, as applicable, a national securities exchange to the same extent as they apply to securities transactions. Judicial prece-

- dents decided under section 17(a) of the
- 2 Securities Act of 1933 and sections 9, 15,
- 3 16, 20, and 21A of this title, and judicial
- 4 precedents decided under applicable
- 5 rules promulgated under such sections,
- 6 shall apply to permitted payment
- 7 stablecoins and digital commodities with
- 8 respect to those circumstances in which
- 9 the permitted payment stablecoins and
- digital commodities are brokered, traded,
- or custodied by a broker or dealer or
- through an alternative trading system or,
- as applicable, a national securities ex-
- change to the same extent as they apply
- to securities.".".
- 16 **(b)** Treatment of Permitted Payment
- 17 STABLECOINS.—Title I of the Securities Ex-
- 18 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is
- 19 amended by inserting after section 6 the fol-
- 20 **lowing:**
- 21 "SEC. 6A. TREATMENT OF TRANSACTIONS IN PERMITTED
- 22 PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
- 23 "(a) AUTHORITY TO BROKER, TRADE, AND
- 24 CUSTODY PERMITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.—
- 25 Permitted payment stablecoins may be bro-

- 1 kered, traded, or custodied by a broker or
- 2 dealer or through an alternative trading sys-
- 3 tem or national securities exchange.
- 4 "(b) COMMISSION JURISDICTION.—The Com-
- 5 mission shall only have jurisdiction over a
- 6 transaction in a permitted payment
- 7 stablecoin with respect to those cir-
- 8 cumstances in which a permitted payment
- 9 stablecoin is brokered, traded, or custodied—
- 10 "(1) by a broker or dealer;
- "(2) through a national securities ex-
- 12 **change; or**
- 13 "(3) through an alternative trading
- 14 **system.**
- 15 "(c) LIMITATION.—Subsection (b) shall only
- 16 apply to a transaction described in subsection
- 17 (b) for the purposes of regulating the offer,
- 18 execution, solicitation, or acceptance of a per-
- 19 mitted payment stablecoin in those cir-
- 20 cumstances in which the permitted payment
- 21 stablecoin is brokered, traded, or custodied—
- 22 "(1) by a broker or dealer;
- 23 "(2) through a national securities ex-
- change; or

1	"(3) through an alternative trading
2	system.".
3	SEC. 303. ELIGIBILITY OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYS-
4	TEMS.
5	(a) In General.—Section 5 of the Securi-
6	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78e) is
7	amended—
8	(1) by striking "It" and inserting the
9	following:
10	"(a) In General.—It"; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(b) DIGITAL COMMODITY PROTECTIONS.—
14	"(1) In GENERAL.—The Commission
15	may not preclude a trading platform from
16	operating pursuant to a covered exemp-
17	tion on the basis that the assets traded or
18	to be traded on such platform include—
19	"(A) digital commodities or per-
20	mitted payment stablecoins; and
21	"(B) securities.
22	"(2) COVERED EXEMPTION.—In this sub-
23	section, the term 'covered exemption'
24	means an exemption—

1	"(A) described in subsection
2	(a)(2); or
3	"(B) with respect to any other
4	rule of the Commission relating to
5	the definition of 'exchange'.".
6	(b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—
7	Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act
8	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(2)) is amended by
9	adding at the end the following: "An alter-
10	native trading system primarily facilitating
11	the trading of digital commodities, permitted
12	payment stablecoins, or both, is not a 'facility'
13	of an exchange.".
14	(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
15	this section, the amendments made by this
16	section, or section 304 may be construed to-
17	(1) prohibit a national securities ex-
18	change from owning or operating any
19	other type of alternative trading system;
20	or
21	(2) create a presumption that any
22	other type of alternative trading system
23	owned or operated by a national securi-
24	ties exchange is a facility of that ex-
25	change.

- 1 SEC. 304. OPERATION OF ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYSTEMS.
- 2 (a) Commission Authority.—The Securi-
- 3 ties and Exchange Commission shall have ju-
- 4 risdiction over digital commodity activities
- 5 and transactions engaged in by—
- 6 (1) a registered broker or registered
- 7 dealer exempt from registration with the
- 8 Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 9 pursuant to section 5k of the Commodity
- 10 Exchange Act; and
- 11 (2) an alternative trading system ex-
- empt from registration with the Com-
- 13 modity Futures Trading Commission pur-
- suant to section 5k of the Commodity Ex-
- change Act, including where such alter-
- native trading system is operated by a
- 17 national securities exchange or affiliate
- 18 **thereof.**
- 19 **(b)** RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The Securi-
- 20 ties and Exchange Commission shall have au-
- 21 thority to issue rules governing any digital
- 22 commodity activities and transactions en-
- 23 gaged in by a registered broker or registered
- 24 dealer, or an alternative trading system, in-
- 25 cluding where such alternative trading sys-
- 26 tem is operated by a national securities ex-

- 1 change or affiliate thereof, that is exempt
- 2 from registration with the Commodity Fu-
- 3 tures Trading Commission pursuant to sec-
- 4 tion 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act, con-
- 5 sistent with this section and what is nec-
- 6 essary or appropriate in the public interest or
- 7 for the protection of investors.
- 8 (c) NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES.—Not
- 9 later than 270 days after the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange
- 11 Commission shall revise the covered regula-
- 12 tions to permit a national securities exchange
- 13 or affiliate thereof to operate an alternative
- 14 trading system that permits the trading of
- 15 digital commodities, permitted payment
- 16 stablecoins, or both by registered brokers or
- 17 registered dealers that are exempt from reg-
- 18 istration with the Commodity Futures Trad-
- 19 ing Commission pursuant section 5k of the
- 20 Commodity Exchange Act, consistent with
- 21 this section and what is necessary or appro-
- 22 priate in the public interest or for the protec-
- 23 tion of investors.
- 24 (d) REGISTERED BROKERS AND REGISTERED
- 25 DEALERS.—Not later than 270 days after the

- 1 date of the enactment of this Act, the Securi-
- 2 ties and Exchange Commission shall revise
- 3 the covered regulations to permit a registered
- 4 broker or registered dealer that is exempt
- 5 from registration with the Commodity Fu-
- 6 tures Trading Commission pursuant to sec-
- 7 tion 5k of the Commodity Exchange Act to op-
- 8 erate an alternative trading system that per-
- 9 mits the trading of digital commodities, per-
- 10 mitted payment stablecoins, or both, con-
- 11 sistent with this section and what is nec-
- 12 essary or appropriate in the public interest or
- 13 for the protection of investors.

## 14 **(e) PERMITTED TRADING.—**

- 15 (1) In General.—An alternative trad-
- ing system operated pursuant to this sec-
- tion and the regulations promulgated
- 18 hereunder shall be permitted to trade
- 19 upon notice to the Securities and Ex-
- change Commission in a manner pre-
- scribed by the Securities and Exchange
- 22 Commission any digital commodity that
- has been listed by a digital commodity
- 24 exchange in compliance with section
- 25 **5i(c)(3) of the Commodity Exchange Act.**

- **(2)** COMMISSION **AUTHORITY.—Digital** 1 2 commodity transactions offered on an al-3 ternative trading system operating pursuant to this section shall be subject to 4 the jurisdiction of the Securities and Ex-5 change Commission. The Securities and 6 7 Exchange Commission shall have authority to promulgate rules governing such 8 digital commodity transactions of alter-9 native trading systems, consistent with 10 this section and what is necessary or ap-11 12 propriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors. 13
  - (3) SUSPENSION OF TRADING.—The Securities and Exchange Commission may suspend the trading of a digital commodity by an alternative trading system operating pursuant to this section as is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and is consistent with the protection of investors.
- 22 (f) ORDER DISPLAY AND EXECUTION.—Not 23 later than 270 days after the date of the enact-24 ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange 25 Commission shall issue and revise rules, as

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1	necessary or appropriate in the public inter-
2	est or for the protection of investors, regard-
3	ing whether alternative trading systems oper-
4	ating pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) have
5	an obligation to provide the prices and sizes
6	of orders displayed to more than one person
7	in such alternative trading system of digital
8	commodities to self-regulatory organizations
9	with members who trade in digital commod-
10	ities or permitted payment stablecoins.
11	(g) PRINCIPLES OF TRADE.—Not later than
12	270 days after the date of the enactment of
13	this Act, the Securities and Exchange Com-
14	mission shall issue and revise rules, as nec-
15	essary or appropriate in the public interest or
16	for the protection of investors, to—
17	(1) apply the rules and standards pro-
18	mulgated pursuant to paragraph (2) to
19	the appropriate market participants, in-
20	cluding—
21	(A) national securities exchanges
22	operating an alternative trading sys-
23	tem described in subsection (c); and
24	(B) registered brokers and reg-
25	istered dealers operating or sub-

1	scribing to an alternative trading sys-
2	tem described in subsection (d); and
3	(2) apply, as appropriate to the mar-
4	ket participants described in paragraph
5	(1) and customers thereof, rules and
6	standards to—
7	(A) prevent fraudulent and ma-
8	nipulative acts and practices;
9	(B) foster cooperation and coordi-
10	nation with persons engaged in regu-
11	lating, settling, processing informa-
12	tion with respect to, and facilitating
13	transactions in digital commodities
14	or permitted payment stablecoins
15	traded, as applicable, on or by any al-
16	ternative trading system operating
17	pursuant to subsection (c) or (d), or
18	any registered broker or registered
19	dealer;
20	(C) remove impediments to and
21	perfect the mechanism of a free and
22	open market in digital commodities
23	or permitted payment stablecoins
24	traded, as applicable, on or by any al-

ternative trading system operating

1	pursuant to subsection (c) or (d), or
2	any registered broker or registered
3	dealer;
4	(D) in general, protect investors
5	and the public interest; and
6	(E) prohibit any unfair discrimi-
7	nation between—
8	(i) customers;
9	(ii) any market participants
10	described in subparagraphs (A)
11	and (B) of paragraph (1); or
12	(iii) issuers of digital commod-
13	ities.
14	(h) IMPLEMENTING ORGANIZATIONS.—The
15	Securities and Exchange Commission shall re-
16	quire any registered national securities asso-
17	ciation that has as a member a registered
18	broker or registered dealer that operates an
19	alternative trading system pursuant to sub-
20	section (d) or otherwise transacts in digital
21	commodities or permitted payment
22	stablecoins to adopt such rules as may be nec-
23	essary to further compliance with this sec-
24	tion, including subsection (g)(2), protect in-

1	vestors, maintain fair, orderly, and efficient
2	markets, and facilitate capital formation.
3	(i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The enumera-
4	tion of any category of rules or regulations in
5	this section shall not be construed to limit the
6	authority of the Securities and Exchange
7	Commission to promulgate such rules as may
8	be necessary or appropriate to implement this
9	section and the purposes of this Act, including
10	over—
11	(1) system capacity, integrity, and se-
12	curity;
13	(2) examinations, inspections, and in-
14	vestigations;
15	(3) trade reporting; or
16	(4) written procedures for the con-
17	fidential treatment of trading informa-
18	tion.
19	(j) Memorandum of Understanding.—
20	Consistent with section 5k of the Commodity
21	Exchange Act and to carry out this Act, the
22	Securities and Exchange Commission shall

23 enter into a memorandum of understanding

24 with the Commodity Futures Trading Com-

25 mission to ensure—

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- 1 (1) requirements imposed on reg-2 istered brokers or registered dealers op-3 erating an alternative trading system pursuant to subsection (c) or otherwise 4 5 transacting in digital commodities or per-6 mitted payment stablecoins are con-7 sistent with the substantive requirements under section 4u of the Commodity Ex-8 change Act; 9
  - (2) requirements imposed on alternative trading systems operating pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) are not inconsistent with core principles of and are consistent with the other substantive requirements under section 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act; and
    - (3) non-duplicative supervision and enforcement with respect to registrants of the Securities and Exchange Commission notice registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 22 (k) COVERED REGULATIONS DEFINED.—In 23 this section, the term "covered regulations" 24 means sections 242.300, 242.301, 242.302, 25 242.303, 242.304, and 242.1000 through

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- 1 242.1007 of title 17, Code of Federal Regula-
- 2 tions.
- 3 (1) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
- 4 this section shall be construed to limit the
- 5 anti-fraud, anti-manipulation, or false report-
- 6 ing enforcement authorities of the Com-
- 7 modity Futures Trading Commission with re-
- 8 spect to a contract of sale of a commodity and
- 9 persons effecting such contracts.
- 10 SEC. 305. MODERNIZATION OF RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-
- 11 MENTS.
- 12 (a) In General.—For purposes of books
- 13 and records requirements for brokers, deal-
- 14 ers, transfer agents, national securities ex-
- 15 changes under the Securities and Exchange
- 16 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.), investment
- 17 advisers under the Investment Advisers Act of
- 18 **1940** (15 U.S.C. 80b-1 et seq.), and investment
- 19 companies under the Investment Company
- 20 Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.), a person
- 21 may consider records from a blockchain sys-
- 22 **tem.**
- 23 **(b)** REVISION OF RULES.—Not later than 180
- 24 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 25 the Securities and Exchange Commission

- 1 shall issue and revise such rules as may be
- 2 necessary to implement this section.
- 3 SEC. 306. EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.
- 4 Section 28 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
- 5 U.S.C. 77z-3) is amended by striking "by rule
- 6 or regulation" and inserting "by rule, regula-
- 7 tion, or order".
- 8 SEC. 307. ADDITIONAL REGISTRATIONS WITH THE COM-
- 9 MODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.
- 10 Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act
- 11 of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780) is amended by adding
- 12 **at the end the following:**
- 13 "(p) ADDITIONAL REGISTRATIONS WITH THE
- 14 COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION.—A
- 15 registered broker or registered dealer shall be
- 16 permitted to maintain a registration with the
- 17 Commodity Futures Trading Commission as a
- 18 digital commodity broker or digital com-
- 19 modity dealer, to list or trade contracts of sale
- 20 for digital commodities.".
- 21 SEC. 308. EXEMPTING DIGITAL COMMODITIES FROM STATE
- 22 **SECURITIES LAWS.**
- 23 Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933
- 24 (15 U.S.C. 77r(b)) is amended by adding at the
- 25 **end the following:**

1	"(5) EXEMPTION IN CONNECTION WITH
2	DIGITAL COMMODITIES.—A digital com-
3	modity shall be treated as a covered secu-
4	rity.".
5	SEC. 309. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC
6	TIVITIES.
7	The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
8	U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by inserting
9	after section 15G the following:
10	"SEC. 15H. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB-
11	JECT TO THIS ACT.
12	"(a) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
13	other provision of this Act, a person shall not
14	be subject to this Act and the regulations pro-
15	mulgated under this Act based on the person
16	directly or indirectly engaging in any of the
17	following activities, whether singly or in com-
18	bination, in relation to the operation of a
19	blockchain system or in relation to a decen-
20	tralized finance trading protocol:
21	"(1) Compiling network transactions
22	or relaying, searching, sequencing, vali-
23	dating, or acting in a similar capacity.
24	"(2) Providing computational work
25	operating a node or oracle service, or

- procuring, offering, or utilizing network bandwidth, or providing other similar incidental services.
  - "(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a user to read and access data about a blockchain system.
  - "(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a blockchain system or a decentralized finance trading protocol.
  - "(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a decentralized finance messaging system, or operating or participating in a liquidity pool, for the purpose of executing a spot contract for the purchase or sale of a digital commodity in relation to a decentralized finance trading protocol.
  - "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing software or systems that create or deploy hardware or software, including wallets or other sys-

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1	tems,	facilitating	an	individual	user's
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- 2 own personal ability to keep, safeguard,
- or custody the user's digital assets or re-
- 4 lated private keys.
- 5 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not
- 6 apply to the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation
- 7 authorities of the Commission.".
- 8 SEC. 310. TREATMENT OF CUSTODY ACTIVITIES BY BANK-
- 9 ING INSTITUTIONS.
- 10 (a) Treatment of Custody Activities.—
- 11 The appropriate Federal banking agency, the
- 12 National Credit Union Administration (in the
- 13 case of a credit union), and the Securities and
- 14 Exchange Commission may not require a de-
- 15 pository institution, national bank, Federal
- 16 credit union, State credit union, trust com-
- 17 pany, broker, or dealer, or any affiliate there-
- 18 **of (the "entity")**—
- 19 (1) to include assets held in custody
- that are not owned by the entity as a li-
- ability on the financial statement or bal-
- 22 ance sheet of the entity, including digital
- 23 commodity or permitted payment
- stablecoin custody or safekeeping serv-
- 25 **ices**;

1	(2) to hold regulatory capital against
2	assets, including reserves backing such
3	assets, in custody or safekeeping, except
4	as necessary to mitigate against oper-
5	ational risks inherent with the custody or
6	safekeeping services, as determined by-
7	(A) the appropriate Federal bank-
8	ing agency;
9	(B) the National Credit Union Ad-
10	ministration (in the case of a credit
11	union);
12	(C) a State bank supervisor;
13	(D) a State credit union super-
14	visor (as defined in section 6003 of
15	the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
16	2020 (31 U.S.C. 5311 note)); or
17	(E) the Securities and Exchange
18	Commission (in the case of a broker
19	or dealer); and
20	(3) to recognize a liability for any ob-
21	ligations related to activities or services
22	performed with respect to digital com-
23	modities that the entity does not own if
24	that liability would exceed the expense

- recognized in the income statement as a result of the corresponding obligation.
- 3 **(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:**
- 4 (1) BANKING TERMS.—The terms "appropriate Federal banking agency", "de6 pository institution", "national bank",
  7 and "State bank supervisor" have the
  8 meaning given those terms, respectively,
  9 under section 3 of the Federal Deposit In10 surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813).
- 11 (2) CREDIT UNION TERMS.—The terms
  12 "Federal credit union" and "State credit
  13 union" have the meaning given those
  14 terms, respectively, under section 101 of
  15 the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
  16 1752).
- 17 SEC. 311. BROKER AND DEALER DISCLOSURES REGARDING
- 18 THE TREATMENT OF ASSETS.
- 19 (a) In General.—Not later than 270 days
- 20 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 21 Securities and Exchange Commission shall
- 22 issue rules requiring written disclosures re-
- 23 garding the treatment of customer assets in
- 24 the event of an insolvency, resolution, or liq-
- 25 uidation proceeding to be provided by a reg-

1	istered broker or dealer to an investor before
2	a digital commodity, a permitted payment
3	stablecoin, or an investment contract involv-
4	ing a unit of a digital commodity is received,
5	acquired, or held by the broker or dealer for
6	the account of the investor, which shall in-
7	clude, as necessary or appropriate for the pro-
8	tection of investors—
9	(1) a description of the manner in
10	which any digital commodity, permitted
11	payment stablecoin, or investment con-
12	tact involving a unit of a digital com-
13	modity received, acquired, or held by the
14	broker or dealer for the account of such
15	investor would be treated in an insol-
16	vency, resolution, or liquidation pro-
17	ceeding with respect to the broker or
18	dealer under—
19	(A) title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall
20	Street Reform and Consumer Protec-
21	tion Act (12 U.S.C. 5381 et seq.);
22	(B) the Securities Investor Protec-
23	tion Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et
24	seq.); or

1	(C) as applicable, chapter 7 or
2	chapter 11 of title 11, United States
3	Code; and
4	(2) how the treatment described in
5	paragraph (1) differs from the treatment
6	of securities and cash received, acquired,
7	or held by the broker or dealer for the ac-
8	count of such investor in the event of an
9	insolvency, resolution, or liquidation pro-
10	ceeding with respect to the broker or
11	dealer under each law described under
12	subparagraph (A) through (C) of para-
13	graph (1).
14	SEC. 312. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES THAT ARE FI-
15	NANCIAL IN NATURE.
16	(a) DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES THAT
17	ARE FINANCIAL IN NATURE.—Section 4(k)(4) of
18	the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12
19	U.S.C. 1843(k)(4)) is amended—
20	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking
21	"or securities" and inserting ", securities,
22	or digital commodities"; and
23	(2) in subparagraph (E), by inserting
24	"or digital commodities" before the pe-
25	riod at the end.

## (b) NATIONAL BANK ACTIVITY.—

- 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—A national bank may
  3 use a digital asset or blockchain system
  4 to perform, provide, or deliver any activ5 ity, function, product, or service that the
  6 national bank is otherwise authorized by
  7 law to perform, provide, or deliver.
- 8 (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to 9 exempt a national bank's performance, 10 provision, or delivery of an activity, func-11 tion, product, or service from a require-12 ment that would apply if the activity 13 were not performed, provided, or deliv-14 ered using a digital asset or blockchain 15 16 system.
- 17 (c) Insured State Banks and Subsidiaries
  18 OF Insured State Banks.—For purposes of
  19 sections 24(a) and 24(d) of the Federal Deposit
  20 Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1831a(a) and (d)), all
  21 of the activities authorized for a national
  22 bank under subsection (b) that are principal
  23 activities shall be permissible for an insured
  24 State bank and subsidiary of an insured State
  25 bank.

1 SEC. 313. EFFECTIVE DATE; ADMINISTRATION	IKAIION.
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- 2 Except as otherwise provided under this
- 3 title, this title and the amendments made by
- 4 this title shall take effect 360 days after the
- 5 date of enactment of this Act, except that, to
- 6 the extent a provision of this title requires a
- 7 rulemaking, the provision shall take effect on
- 8 the later of—
- 9 (1) 360 days after the date of enact-
- 10 ment of this Act; or
- 11 (2) 60 days after the publication in
- the Federal Register of the final rule im-
- 13 **plementing the provision.**
- 14 SEC. 314. STUDIES ON FOREIGN ADVERSARY PARTICIPA-
- 15 TION.
- 16 (a) In General.—The Secretary of the
- 17 Treasury, in consultation with the Com-
- 18 modity Futures Trading Commission and the
- 19 Securities and Exchange Commission, shall,
- 20 not later than 1 year after date of the enact-
- 21 ment of this section, conduct a study and sub-
- 22 mit a report to the relevant congressional
- 23 committees that—
- 24 (1) identifies any digital commodity
- 25 registrants which are owned by govern-
- 26 ments of foreign adversaries;

- 1 (2) determines whether any govern2 ments of foreign adversaries are col3 lecting personal data or trading data
  4 about United States persons in the digital
  5 commodity markets; and
  - (3) evaluates whether any proprietary intellectual property of digital commodity registrants is being misused or stolen by any governments of foreign adversaries.

## (b) GAO STUDY AND REPORT.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General shall, not later than 1 year after date of the enactment of this section, conduct a study and submit a report to the relevant congressional committees that—
  - (A) identifies any digital commodity registrants which are owned by governments of foreign adversaries;
  - (B) determines whether any governments of foreign adversaries are collecting personal data or trading data about United States persons in the digital commodity markets; and

1 (C) evaluates whether any propri-2 etary intellectual property of digital 3 commodity registrants is being mis-4 used or stolen by any governments of 5 foreign adversaries.

## (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) DIGITAL COMMODITY REGISTRANT.—
  The term "digital commodity registrant"
  means any person required to register as
  a digital commodity exchange, digital
  commodity broker, or digital commodity
  dealer under the Commodity Exchange
  Act.
- (2) FOREIGN ADVERSARIES.—The term "foreign adversaries" means the foreign governments and foreign non-government persons determined by the Secretary of Commerce to be foreign adversaries under section 7.4(a) of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (3) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "relevant congressional committees" means—

1	(A) the Committees on Financial
2	Services and Agriculture of the House
3	of Representatives; and
4	(B) the Committees on Banking,
5	Housing, and Urban Affairs and Agri-
6	culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of
7	the Senate.
8	TITLE IV—REGISTRATION FOR
9	DIGITAL COMMODITY INTER-
10	MEDIARIES AT THE COM-
11	MODITY FUTURES TRADING
12	COMMISSION
13	SEC. 401. COMMISSION JURISDICTION OVER DIGITAL COM-
14	MODITY TRANSACTIONS.
15	(a) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Section 2(a)(1) of the
16	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)) is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(J) Except as expressly provided
19	in this Act, nothing in the CLARITY
20	Act of 2025 shall affect or apply to, or
21	be interpreted to affect or apply to-
22	"(i) any agreement, contract,
23	or transaction that is subject to
24	this Act as—

1	"(I) a contract of sale of a
2	commodity for future delivery
3	or an option on such a con-
4	tract;
5	"(II) a swap;
6	"(III) a security futures
7	product;
8	"(IV) an option authorized
9	under section 4c of this Act;
10	"(V) an agreement, con-
11	tract, or transaction de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (C)(i)
13	or (D)(i) of subsection (c)(2) of
14	this section; or
15	"(VI) a leverage trans-
16	action authorized under sec-
17	tion 19; or
18	"(ii) the activities of any per-
19	son with respect to any such an
20	agreement, contract, or trans-
21	action.".
22	(b) Limitation on Authority Over Per-
23	MITTED PAYMENT STABLECOINS.—Section 2(c)(1)
24	of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
25	2(c)(1) is amended—

1	(1) in subparagraph (F), by striking
2	"or" at the end;
3	(2) in subparagraph (G), by striking
4	the period and inserting "; or"; and
5	(3) by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(H) permitted payment
8	stablecoins.".
9	(c) Commission Jurisdiction Over Financ-
10	ING AGREEMENTS.—Section 2(c)(2) of the Com-
11	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(2)) is
12	amended—
13	(1) in subparagraph (D), by redesig-
14	nating clause (iv) as clause (v) and insert-
15	ing after clause (iii) the following:
16	"(iv) Notwithstanding clause
17	(iii), a digital commodity broker
18	may, subject to the requirements
19	of section $4u(c)(3)$ , offer to or
20	enter into an agreement for mar-
21	gin financing with a customer for
22	the purchase or sale of a digital
23	commodity."; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(F) Commission Jurisdiction With Re-
2	SPECT TO DIGITAL COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS.—
3	"(i) In general.—Subject to sections
4	6d and 12(e), the Commission shall have
5	exclusive jurisdiction with respect to any
6	account, agreement, contract, or trans-
7	action involving a contract of sale of a
8	digital commodity in interstate com-
9	merce, including in a digital commodity
10	cash or spot market, that is offered, solic-
11	ited, traded, facilitated, executed,
12	cleared, reported, or otherwise dealt in-
13	"(I) on or subject to the rules of a
14	registered entity or an entity that is
15	required to be registered as a reg-
16	istered entity; or
17	"(II) by any other entity reg-
18	istered, or required to be registered,
19	with the Commission.
20	"(ii) LIMITATIONS.—Clause (i) shall not
21	apply with respect to—
22	"(I) custodial or depository activi-
23	ties for a digital commodity of an en-
24	tity regulated by an appropriate Fed-
25	eral banking agency or a State bank

1	supervisor (within the meaning of
2	section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
3	surance Act); or
4	"(II) an offer or sale of an invest-
5	ment contract involving a digital
6	commodity or of a securities offer or
7	sale involving a digital commodity.
8	"(iii) MIXED DIGITAL ASSET TRANS-
9	ACTIONS.—
10	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) shall
11	not apply to a mixed digital asset
12	transaction.
13	"(II) REPORTS ON MIXED DIGITAL
14	ASSET TRANSACTIONS.—A digital com-
15	modity issuer, digital commodity re-
16	lated person, digital commodity affili-
17	ated person, or other person reg-
18	istered with the Securities and Ex-
19	change Commission that engages in a
20	mixed digital asset transaction, shall,
21	on request of the Commission, open
22	to inspection and examination by the
23	Commission all books and records re-

lating to the mixed digital asset

transaction, subject to the confiden-

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1	tiality and disclosure requirements of
2	section 8.
3	"(G) AGREEMENTS, CONTRACTS, AND TRANS-
4	ACTIONS IN STABLECOINS.—
5	"(i) TREATMENT OF PERMITTED PAYMENT
6	STABLECOINS ON COMMISSION-REGISTERED
7	ENTITIES.—Subject to clauses (ii) and (iii),
8	the Commission shall have jurisdiction
9	over a cash or spot agreement, contract,
10	or transaction in a permitted payment
11	stablecoin that is offered, offered to enter
12	into, entered into, executed, confirmed
13	the execution of, solicited, or accepted—
14	"(I) on or subject to the rules of a
15	registered entity; or
16	"(II) by any other entity reg-
17	istered with the Commission.
18	"(ii) PERMITTED PAYMENT STABLECOIN
19	TRANSACTION RULES.—This Act shall apply
20	to a transaction described in clause (i)
21	only for the purpose of regulating the
22	offer, execution, solicitation, or accept-
23	ance of a cash or spot permitted payment
24	stablecoin transaction on a registered en-
25	tity or by any other entity registered

- with the Commission, as if the permitted
- 2 payment stablecoin were a digital com-
- 3 **modity.**
- 4 "(iii) No AUTHORITY OVER PERMITTED
- 5 PAYMENT STABLECOINS.—Notwithstanding
- 6 clauses (i) and (ii), the Commission shall
- 7 not make a rule or regulation, impose a
- 8 requirement or obligation on a registered
- 9 entity or other entity registered with the
- 10 Commission, or impose a requirement or
- obligation on a permitted payment
- stablecoin issuer, regarding the oper-
- ation of a permitted payment stablecoin
- 14 issuer or a permitted payment
- 15 **stablecoin.".**
- 16 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section
- 17 2(a)(1)(A) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(1)(A)) is
- 18 amended in the 1st sentence by inserting
- 19 "subparagraphs (F) and (G) of subsection
- 20 (c)(2) of this section or" before "section 19".
- 21 SEC. 402. REQUIRING FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANTS
- TO USE QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET
- 23 CUSTODIANS.
- 24 Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange
- 25 **Act (7 U.S.C. 6d) is amended**—

1	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
2	(A) in the 1st proviso, by striking
3	"any bank or trust company" and in-
4	serting "any bank, trust company, or
5	qualified digital asset custodian, as
6	applicable,"; and
7	(B) by inserting ": Provided fur-
8	ther, That any such property that is a
9	digital asset shall be held in a quali-
10	fied digital asset custodian" before
11	the period at the end; and
12	(2) in subsection (f)(3)(A)(i), by strik-
13	ing "any bank or trust company" and in-
14	serting "any bank, trust company, or
15	qualified digital asset custodian".
16	SEC. 403. TRADING CERTIFICATION AND APPROVAL FOR
17	DIGITAL COMMODITIES.
18	Section 5c of the Commodity Exchange
19	Act (7 U.S.C. 7a-2) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "5(d)
21	and $5b(c)(2)$ " and inserting " $5(d)$ , $5b(c)(2)$ ,
22	and 5i(c)";
23	(2) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) in each of paragraphs (1) and
2	(2), by inserting "digital commodity
3	exchange," before "derivatives"; and
4	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting
5	"digital commodity exchange," before
6	"derivatives" each place it appears;
7	(3) in subsection (c)—
8	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting
9	"or participants" before "(in";
10	(B) in paragraph (4)(B), by strik-
11	ing "1a(10)" and inserting "1a(9)"; and
12	(C) in paragraph (5), by adding at
13	the end the following:
14	"(D) SPECIAL RULES FOR DIGITAL
15	COMMODITY CONTRACTS.—In certifying
16	any new rule or rule amendment, or
17	listing any new contract or instru-
18	ment, in connection with a contract
19	of sale of a commodity for future de-
20	livery, option, swap, or other agree-
21	ment, contract, or transaction, that is
22	based on or references a digital com-
23	modity, a registered entity shall make
24	or rely on a certification under sub-

1	section (d) for the digital com-
2	modity."; and
3	(4) by inserting after subsection (c)
4	the following:
5	"(d) CERTIFICATIONS FOR DIGITAL COM-
6	MODITY TRADING.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
8	subsection (c), for the purposes of listing
9	or offering a digital commodity for trad-
10	ing in a digital commodity cash or spot
11	market, an eligible entity shall submit a
12	written certification to the Commission
13	that the digital commodity meets the re-
14	quirements of this Act (including the reg-
15	ulations prescribed under this Act).
16	"(2) CONTENTS OF THE CERTIFICATION.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In making a
18	written certification under this para-
19	graph, the eligible entity shall furnish
20	to the Commission an analysis of how
21	the digital commodity meets the re-
22	quirements of section $5i(c)(3)$ .
23	"(B) RELIANCE ON PRIOR DISCLO-
24	sures.—In making a certification
25	under this subsection, an eligible en-

1	tity may rely on the records and dis-
2	closures of any relevant person reg-
3	istered with the Securities and Ex-
4	change Commission or other State or
5	Federal agency.
6	"(3) Modifications.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible enti-
8	ty shall modify a certification made
9	under paragraph (1) to—
10	"(i) account for significant
11	changes in any information pro-
12	vided to the Commission under
13	paragraph (2)(A)(ii); or
14	"(ii) permit or restrict trading
15	in units of a digital commodity
16	held by a digital commodity re-
17	lated person or a digital com-
18	modity affiliated person.
19	"(B) RECERTIFICATION.—Modifica-
20	tions required by this subsection
21	shall be subject to the same dis-
22	approval and review process as a new
23	certification under paragraphs (4)
24	and (5).
25	"(4) DISAPPROVAL—

1	"(A) In general.—The written cer-
2	tification described in paragraph (1)
3	shall become effective unless the
4	Commission finds that the listing of
5	the digital commodity is inconsistent
6	with the requirements of this Act or
7	the rules and regulations prescribed
8	under this Act.
9	"(B) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The

- "(B) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The Commission shall include, with any findings referred to in subparagraph (A), a detailed analysis of the factors on which the decision was based.
- "(C) PUBLIC FINDINGS.—The Commission shall make public any disapproval decision, and any related findings and analysis, made under this paragraph.

## "(5) **REVIEW.**—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Unless the Commission makes a disapproval decision under paragraph (4), the written certification described in paragraph (1) shall become effective, pursuant to the certification by the eligible entity

1	and notice of the certification to the
2	public (in a manner determined by
3	the Commission) on the date that is—
4	"(i) 20 business days after the
5	date the Commission receives the
6	certification (or such shorter pe-
7	riod as determined by the Com-
8	mission by rule or regulation), in
9	the case of a digital commodity
10	that has not been certified under
11	this section or for which a certifi-
12	cation is being modified under
13	paragraph (3); or
14	"(ii) 1 business day after the
15	date the Commission receives the
16	certification (or such shorter pe-
17	riod as determined by the Com-
18	mission by rule or regulation) for
19	any digital commodity that has
20	been certified under this section.
21	"(B) EXTENSIONS.—The time for
22	consideration under subparagraph
23	(A) may be extended through notice
24	to the eligible entity that there are
25	novel or complex issues that require

1	additional time to analyze, that the
2	explanation by the submitting eligible
3	entity is inadequate, or of a potential
4	inconsistency with this Act—
5	"(i) once, for 30 business days,
6	through written notice to the eli-
7	gible entity by the Commission;
8	and
9	"(ii) once, for an additional 30
10	business days, through written
11	notice to the eligible entity from
12	the Commission that includes a
13	description of any deficiencies
14	with the certification, including
15	any—
16	"(I) novel or complex
17	issues which require addi-
18	tional time to analyze;
19	"(II) missing information
20	or inadequate explanations;
21	or
22	"(III) potential inconsist-
23	encies with this Act.
24	"(6) Prior approval before registra-
25	TION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person apply-1 ing for registration with the Commis-2 sion for the purposes of listing or of-3 fering a digital commodity for trading 4 in a digital commodity cash or spot market may request that the Commis-6 7 sion grant prior approval for the person to list or offer the digital com-8 9 modity on being registered with the Commission. 10

> "(B) REQUEST FOR PRIOR AP-PROVAL.—A person seeking prior approval under subparagraph (A) shall furnish the Commission with a written certification that the digital commodity meets the requirements of this Act (including the regulations prescribed under this Act) and the information described in paragraph (2).

> "(C) DEADLINE.—The Commission shall take final action on a request for prior approval not later than 90 business days after submission of the request, unless the person submitting the request agrees to an extension of

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1	the time limitation established under
2	this subparagraph.
3	"(D) DISAPPROVAL.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commis-
5	sion shall approve the listing of
6	the digital commodity unless the
7	Commission finds that the listing
8	is inconsistent with this Act (in-
9	cluding any regulation prescribed
10	under this Act).
11	"(ii) Analysis required.—The
12	Commission shall include, with
13	any findings made under clause
14	(i), a detailed analysis of the fac-
15	tors on which the decision is
16	based.
17	"(iii) PUBLIC FINDINGS.—The
18	Commission shall make public
19	any disapproval decision, and any
20	related findings and analysis,
21	made under this paragraph.
22	"(7) ELIGIBLE ENTITY DEFINED.—In this
23	subsection, the term 'eligible entity'
24	means a registered entity or group of reg-
25	istered entities acting jointly.".

1	SEC. 404. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
2	CHANGES.
3	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1
4	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
5	5h the following:
6	"SEC. 5i. REGISTRATION OF DIGITAL COMMODITY EX-
7	CHANGES.
8	"(a) In General.—
9	"(1) REGISTRATION.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A trading facil-
11	ity that offers or seeks to offer a cash
12	or spot market in at least 1 digital
13	commodity shall register with the
14	Commission as a digital commodity
15	exchange.
16	"(B) APPLICATION.—A person desir-
17	ing to register as a digital commodity
18	exchange shall submit to the Commis-
19	sion an application in such form and
20	containing such information as the
21	Commission may require for the pur-
22	pose of making the determinations re-
23	quired for approval.
24	"(C) EXEMPTIONS.—A trading facil-
25	ity that offers or seeks to offer a cash
26	or spot market in at least 1 digital

1	commodity shall not be required to
2	register under this section if the trad-
3	ing facility—
4	"(i) permits no more than a de
5	minimis amount of trading activ-
6	ity, as the Commission may deter-
7	mine by rule or regulation, in a
8	digital commodity; or
9	"(ii) serves only customers in
10	a single State, territory, or posses-
11	sion of the United States.
12	"(2) Additional registrations.—
13	"(A) WITH THE COMMISSION.—In
14	order to foster the development of
15	fair and orderly markets, protect cus-
16	tomers, and promote responsible in-
17	novation, the Commission—
18	"(i) shall prescribe rules to ex-
19	empt an entity registered with
20	the Commission under more than
21	1 section of this Act from duplica-
22	tive, conflicting, or unduly bur-
23	densome provisions of this Act
24	and the rules under this Act;

1	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to
2	address conflicts of interests and
3	activities of the entity; and
4	"(iii) may, after an analysis of
5	the risks and benefits, prescribe
6	rules to provide for portfolio mar-
7	gining.
8	"(B) WITH A REGISTERED FUTURES
9	ASSOCIATION.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A registered
11	digital commodity exchange shall
12	also be a member of a registered
13	futures association and comply
14	with rules related to such activ-
15	ity, if the registered digital com-
16	modity exchange accepts cus-
17	tomer funds required to be seg-
18	regated under subsection (d).
19	"(ii) RULEMAKING REQUIRED.—
20	The Commission shall require any
21	registered futures association
22	with a digital commodity ex-
23	change as a member to provide
24	such rules as may be necessary to
25	further compliance with sub-

1	section (d), protect customers,
2	and promote the public interest.
3	"(C) REGISTRATION REQUIRED.—A
4	person required to be registered as a
5	digital commodity exchange under
6	this section shall register with the
7	Commission as such regardless of
8	whether the person is registered with
9	another State or Federal regulator.
10	"(b) TRADING.—
11	"(1) Prohibition on certain trading
12	PRACTICES.—
13	"(A) Section 4b shall apply to any
14	agreement, contract, or transaction in
15	a digital commodity as if the agree-
16	ment, contract, or transaction were a
17	contract of sale of a commodity for
18	future delivery.
19	"(B) Section 4c shall apply to any
20	agreement, contract, or transaction in
21	a digital commodity as if the agree-
22	ment, contract, or transaction were a
23	transaction involving the purchase or
24	sale of a commodity for future deliv-
25	ery.

1	"(C) Section 4b-1 shall apply to
2	any agreement, contract, or trans-
3	action in a digital commodity as if the
4	agreement, contract, or transaction
5	were a contract of sale of a com-
6	modity for future delivery.
7	"(2) PROHIBITION ON ACTING AS A
8	COUNTERPARTY.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
10	modity exchange or any affiliate of
11	such an exchange shall not trade on
12	or subject to the rules of the digital
13	commodity exchange for its own ac-
14	count.
15	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The Commis-
16	sion shall, by rule, permit a digital
17	commodity exchange or any affiliate
18	of a digital commodity exchange to
19	engage in trading on the exchange so
20	long as the trading is not solely for
21	the purpose of the profit of the ex-
22	change, including the following:
23	"(i) Customer direction.—A
24	transaction for or entered into at

1	the direction of, or for the benefit
2	of, an unaffiliated customer.
3	"(ii) RISK MANAGEMENT.—A
4	transaction to manage the credit,
5	market, and liquidity risks associ-
6	ated with the digital commodity
7	business of the exchange.
8	"(iii) OPERATIONAL NEEDS.—A
9	transaction related to the oper-
10	ational needs of the business of
11	the digital commodity exchange
12	or its affiliate.
13	"(iv) Functional use.—A
14	transaction related to the func-
15	tional operation of a blockchain
16	system.
17	"(C) NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—In
18	order for a digital commodity ex-
19	change or any affiliate of a digital
20	commodity exchange to engage in
21	trading on the affiliated exchange
22	pursuant to subsection (B), notice
23	must be given to the Commission that
24	shall enumerate how any proposed
25	activity is consistent with the excep-

1	tions in subsection (B) and the pur-
2	poses of this Act.
3	"(c) CORE PRINCIPLES FOR DIGITAL COM-
4	MODITY EXCHANGES.—
5	"(1) COMPLIANCE WITH CORE PRIN-
6	CIPLES.—
7	"(A) In GENERAL.—To be reg-
8	istered, and maintain registration, as
9	a digital commodity exchange, a dig-
10	ital commodity exchange shall com-
11	ply with—
12	"(i) the core principles de-
13	scribed in this subsection; and
14	"(ii) any requirement that the
15	Commission may impose by rule
16	or regulation pursuant to section
17	8a(5).
18	"(B) REASONABLE DISCRETION OF A
19	DIGITAL COMMODITY EXCHANGE.—Unless
20	otherwise determined by the Commis-
21	sion by rule or regulation, a digital
22	commodity exchange described in
23	subparagraph (A) shall have reason-
24	able discretion in establishing the
25	manner in which the digital com-

1	modity exchange complies with the
2	core principles described in this sub-
3	section.
4	"(2) COMPLIANCE WITH RULES.—A dig-
5	ital commodity exchange shall—
6	"(A) establish and enforce compli-
7	ance with any rule of the digital com-
8	modity exchange, including-
9	"(i) the terms and conditions
10	of the trades traded or processed
11	on or through the digital com-
12	modity exchange; and
13	"(ii) any limitation on access
14	to the digital commodity ex-
15	change;
16	"(B) establish and enforce trad-
17	ing, trade processing, and participa-
18	tion rules that will deter abuses and
19	have the capacity to detect, inves-
20	tigate, and enforce those rules, in-
21	cluding means—
22	"(i) to provide market partici-
23	pants with impartial access to the
24	market; and

1	"(ii) to capture information
2	that may be used in establishing
3	whether rule violations have oc-
4	curred; and
5	"(C) establish rules governing the
6	operation of the exchange, including
7	rules specifying trading procedures
8	to be used in entering and executing
9	orders traded or posted on the facil-
10	ity.
11	"(3) LISTING STANDARDS FOR DIGITAL
12	COMMODITIES.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
14	modity exchange shall not permit
15	trading in a digital commodity un-
16	less—
17	"(i) reports with respect to
18	the digital commodity required
19	under section 4B(b)(3) of the Se-
20	curities Act of 1933 (or, with re-
21	spect to a digital commodity not
22	issued in reliance on section
23	4(a)(8) of the Securities Act of
24	1933, a comparable set of reports,
25	where required by the Securities

1	and Exchange Commission) have
2	been filed with the Securities and
3	<b>Exchange Commission; or</b>
4	"(ii) the blockchain system to
5	which the digital commodity re-
6	lates, together with the digital
7	commodity, is certified as a ma-
8	ture blockchain system under sec-
9	tion 42 of the Securities Exchange
10	Act of 1934.
11	"(B) Public information require-
12	MENTS.—
13	"(i) In GENERAL.—A digital
14	commodity exchange shall permit
15	trading only in a digital com-
16	modity if the information re-
17	quired in clause (ii) is correct,
18	current, and available to the pub-
19	lic.
20	"(ii) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—
21	With respect to a digital com-
22	modity and each blockchain sys-
23	tem to which the digital com-
24	modity relates for which the dig-
25	ital commodity exchange will

make the digital commodity avail-	1
able to the customers of the dig-	2
ital commodity exchange, the in-	3
formation required in this clause	4
is as follows:	5
"(I) SOURCE CODE.—The	6
source code for any	7
blockchain system to which	8
the digital commodity relates.	9
"(II) TRANSACTION HIS-	10
TORY.—A description of the	11
steps necessary to independ-	12
ently access, search, and	13
verify the transaction history	14
of any blockchain system to	15
which the digital commodity	16
relates, to the extent any such	17
independent access, search,	18
and verification activities are	19
technically feasible with re-	20
spect to the blockchain sys-	21
tem.	22
"(III) DIGITAL COMMODITY	23
ECONOMICS.—A narrative de-	24
scription of the purpose of	25

any blockchain system to	1
which the digital commodity	2
relates and the operation of	3
any such blockchain system,	4
5 including—	5
6 <b>"(aa) information ex-</b>	6
7 plaining the launch and	7
8 supply process, including	8
9 the number of digital as-	9
o sets to be issued in an ini-	10
tial allocation, the total	11
number of digital com-	12
modities to be created, the	13
4 release schedule for the	14
digital commodities, and	15
6 the total number of digital	16
7 commodities then out-	17
8 standing;	18
9 "(bb) information de-	19
tailing any applicable con-	20
sensus mechanism or	21
process for validating	22
3 transactions, method of	23
generating or mining dig-	24
5 ital commodities, and any	25

process for burning or de
2 stroying digital commod
ities on the blockchair
4 system;
5 "(cc) an explanation of
6 governance mechanism
7 for implementing change
8 to the blockchain system
9 or forming consensu
among holders of the dig
ital commodities; and
12 <b>"(dd) sufficient info</b>
mation for a third party t
create a tool for verifying
the transaction history of
the digital asset.
17 "(IV) TRADING VOLUME AND
18 <b>VOLATILITY.—The trading vol</b>
19 ume and volatility of the dig
ital commodity on the ex
change.
22 "(V) Additional informa
23 TION.—Such additional infor
mation as the Commission
25 may determine by rule to b

1	necessary for a customer to
2	understand the financial and
3	operational risks of a digital
4	commodity, and to be prac-
5	tically feasible to provide.
6	"(iii) FORMAT.—The Commis-
7	sion shall prescribe rules and reg-
8	ulations for the standardization
9	and simplification of disclosures
10	under clause (ii), including re-
11	quiring that disclosures—
12	"(I) be conspicuous;
13	"(II) use plain language
14	comprehensible to customers;
15	and
16	"(III) succinctly explain
17	the information that is re-
18	quired to be communicated to
19	the customer.
20	"(iv) RELIANCE ON PREVIOUS
21	DISCLOSURES.—In complying with
22	this subparagraph, a digital com-
23	modity exchange may rely on and
24	make available to the public rel-
25	evant information publicly dis-

1	closed to the Commission, the Se-
2	curities and Exchange Commis-
3	sion, or an appropriate Federal
4	banking agency.
5	"(C) DIGITAL COMMODITIES HELD BY
6	RELATED AND DIGITAL COMMODITY AF-
7	FILIATED PERSONS.—A digital com-
8	modity exchange shall permit the
9	trading of a unit of a digital com-
10	modity held by a digital commodity
11	affiliated person or a digital com-
12	modity related person, only pursuant
13	to section 4C of the Securities Act of
14	1933.
15	"(4) TREATMENT OF CUSTOMER ASSETS.—
16	A digital commodity exchange shall es-
17	tablish policies and procedures that are
18	designed to protect and ensure the safety
19	of customer money, assets, and property.
20	"(5) MONITORING OF TRADING AND
21	TRADE PROCESSING.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
23	modity exchange shall provide a com-
24	petitive, open, and efficient market
25	and mechanism for executing trans-

1	actions that protects the price dis-
2	covery process of trading on the ex-
3	change.
4	"(B) PROTECTION OF MARKETS AND
5	MARKET PARTICIPANTS.—A digital com-
6	modity exchange shall establish and
7	enforce rules—
8	"(i) to protect markets and
9	market participants from abusive
10	practices committed by any party,
11	including abusive practices com-
12	mitted by a party acting as an
13	agent for a participant; and
14	"(ii) to promote fair and equi-
15	table trading on the exchange.
16	"(C) TRADING PROCEDURES.—A dig-
17	ital commodity exchange shall—
18	"(i) establish and enforce
19	rules or terms and conditions de-
20	fining, or specifications detail-
21	ing—
22	"(I) trading procedures to
23	be used in entering and exe-
24	cuting orders traded on or
25	through the facilities of the

1	digital commodity exchange;
2	and
3	"(II) procedures for trade
4	processing of digital commod-
5	ities on or through the facili-
6	ties of the digital commodity
7	exchange; and
8	"(ii) monitor trading in digital
9	commodities to prevent manipula-
10	tion, price distortion, and disrup-
11	tions, through surveillance, com-
12	pliance, and disciplinary prac-
13	tices and procedures, including
14	methods for conducting real-time
15	monitoring of trading and com-
16	prehensive and accurate trade re-
17	constructions.
18	"(6) ABILITY TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.—
19	A digital commodity exchange shall—
20	"(A) establish and enforce rules
21	that will allow the facility to obtain
22	any necessary information to perform
23	any of the functions described in this
24	section:

1	"(B) provide the information to
2	the Commission on request; and
3	"(C) have the capacity to carry
4	out such international information-
5	sharing agreements as the Commis-
6	sion may require.
7	"(7) EMERGENCY AUTHORITY.—A digital
8	commodity exchange shall adopt rules to
9	provide for the exercise of emergency au-
10	thority, in consultation or cooperation
11	with the Commission or a registered enti-
12	ty, as is necessary and appropriate, in-
13	cluding the authority to facilitate the liq-
14	uidation or transfer of open positions in
15	any digital commodity or to suspend or
16	curtail trading in a digital commodity.
17	"(8) TIMELY PUBLICATION OF TRADING
18	INFORMATION.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
20	modity exchange shall make public
21	timely information on price, trading
22	volume, and other trading data on
23	digital commodities to the extent pre-
24	scribed by the Commission.

1	"(B) CAPACITY OF DIGITAL COM-
2	MODITY EXCHANGE.—A digital com-
3	modity exchange shall have the ca-
4	pacity to electronically capture and
5	transmit trade information with re-
6	spect to transactions executed on the
7	exchange.
8	"(9) RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
10	modity exchange shall—
11	"(i) maintain records relating
12	to the operation of the exchange,
13	including a complete audit trail,
14	in a form and manner acceptable
15	to the Commission for a period of
16	5 years;
17	"(ii) report to the Commission,
18	in a form and manner acceptable
19	to the Commission, such informa-
20	tion as the Commission deter-
21	mines to be necessary or appro-
22	priate for the Commission to per-
23	form the duties of the Commis-
24	sion under this Act; and

1	"(iii) keep any such records of
2	digital commodities which relate
3	to a security open to inspection
4	and examination by the Securities
5	and Exchange Commission.
6	"(B) Information-sharing.—Sub-
7	ject to section 8, and on request, the
8	Commission shall share information
9	collected under subparagraph (A)
10	with—
11	"(i) the Board;
12	"(ii) the Securities and Ex-
13	change Commission;
14	"(iii) each appropriate Fed-
15	eral banking agency;
16	"(iv) each appropriate State
17	bank supervisor (within the
18	meaning of section 3 of the Fed-
19	eral Deposit Insurance Act);
20	"(v) the Financial Stability
21	Oversight Council;
22	"(vi) the Department of Jus-
23	tice; and

1	"(vii) any other person that
2	the Commission determines to be
3	appropriate, including—
4	"(I) foreign financial su-
5	pervisors (including foreign
6	futures authorities);
7	"(II) foreign central
8	banks; and
9	"(III) foreign ministries.
10	"(C) CONFIDENTIALITY AGREE-
11	MENT.—Before the Commission may
12	share information with any entity de-
13	scribed in subparagraph (B), the
14	Commission shall receive a written
15	agreement from the entity stating
16	that the entity shall abide by the con-
17	fidentiality requirements described
18	in section 8 relating to the informa-
19	tion on digital commodities that is
20	provided.
21	"(D) Providing information.—A
22	digital commodity exchange shall
23	provide to the Commission (including
24	any designee of the Commission) in-
25	formation under subparagraph (A) in

1	such form and at such frequency as is
2	required by the Commission.
3	"(10) Antitrust considerations.—Un-
4	less necessary or appropriate to achieve
5	the purposes of this Act, a digital com-
6	modity exchange shall not—
7	"(A) adopt any rules or take any
8	actions that result in any unreason-
9	able restraint of trade; or
10	"(B) impose any material anti-
11	competitive burden on trading.
12	"(11) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—The
13	digital commodity exchange shall estab-
14	lish and enforce rules—
15	"(A) to minimize conflicts of inter-
16	est in the decision making processes
17	of the contract market; and
18	"(B) to establish a process for re-
19	solving conflicts of interest referred
20	to in subparagraph (A).
21	"(12) FINANCIAL RESOURCES.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A digital com-
23	modity exchange shall have adequate
24	financial, operational, and manage-
25	rial resources as determined by the

1	Commission, to discharge each re-
2	sponsibility of the digital commodity
3	exchange.
4	"(B) MINIMUM AMOUNT OF FINAN-
5	CIAL RESOURCES.—A digital commodity
6	exchange shall possess financial re-
7	sources that, at a minimum, exceed—
8	"(i) the total amount that
9	would enable the digital com-
10	modity exchange to cover the op-
11	erating costs of the digital com-
12	modity exchange for a 1-year pe-
13	riod, as calculated on a rolling
14	basis; and
15	"(ii) the total amount nec-
16	essary to meet the financial obli-
17	gations of the digital commodity
18	exchange to all customers of the
19	digital commodity exchange.
20	"(13) DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES.—A
21	digital commodity exchange shall estab-
22	lish and enforce disciplinary procedures
23	that authorize the digital commodity ex-
24	change to discipline, suspend, or expel
25	members or market participants that vio-

1	late the rules of the digital commodity ex-
2	change, or similar methods for per-
3	forming the same functions, including
4	delegation of the functions to third par-
5	ties.
6	"(14) GOVERNANCE FITNESS STAND-
7	ARDS.—
8	"(A) GOVERNANCE ARRANGE-
9	MENTS.—A digital commodity ex-
10	change shall establish governance ar-
11	rangements that are transparent and
12	designed to permit consideration of
13	the views of market participants.
14	"(B) FITNESS STANDARDS.—A digital
15	commodity exchange shall establish
16	and enforce appropriate fitness
17	standards for—
18	"(i) officers and directors; and
19	"(ii) any individual or entity
20	with direct access to, or control
21	of, customer assets.
22	"(15) System safeguards.—A digital
23	commodity exchange shall—
24	"(A) establish and maintain a pro-
25	gram of risk analysis and oversight to

1	identify and minimize sources of
2	operational and security risks,
3	through the development of appro-
4	priate controls and procedures, and
5	automated systems in accordance
6	with industry standards, that—
7	"(i) are reliable and secure;
8	and
9	"(ii) have adequate scalable
10	capacity;
11	"(B) establish and maintain emer-
12	gency procedures, backup resources,
13	and a plan for disaster recovery that
14	allow for—
15	"(i) the timely recovery and
16	resumption of operations; and
17	"(ii) the fulfillment of the re-
18	sponsibilities and obligations of
19	the digital commodity exchange;
20	and
21	"(C) periodically conduct tests to
22	verify that the backup resources of
23	the digital commodity exchange are
24	sufficient to ensure continued—

1	"(i) order processing and
2	trade matching;
3	"(ii) price reporting;
4	"(iii) market surveillance; and
5	"(iv) maintenance of a com-
6	prehensive and accurate audit
7	trail.
8	"(d) Holding of Customer Assets.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
10	exchange shall hold customer money, as-
11	sets, and property in a manner to mini-
12	mize the risk of loss to the customer or
13	unreasonable delay in customer access to
14	the money, assets, and property of the
15	customer.
16	"(A) SEGREGATION OF FUNDS.—
17	"(i) In GENERAL.—A digital
18	commodity exchange shall treat
19	and deal with all money, assets,
20	and property that is received by
21	the digital commodity exchange,
22	or accrues to a customer as the
23	result of trading in digital com-
24	modities, as belonging to the cus-
25	tomer.

"(ii) COMMINGLING 1 PROHIB-ITED.—Money, assets, and prop-2 erty of a customer described in 3 clause (i) shall be separately ac-4 counted for and shall not be commingled with the funds of the dig-6 ital commodity exchange or be 7 8 used to margin, secure, or guar-9 antee any trades or accounts of 10 any customer or person other 11 than the person for whom the same are held. 12 13

## "(B) EXCEPTIONS.—

### "(i) Use of funds.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), money, assets, and property of customers of a digital commodity exchange described in subparagraph (A) may, for convenience, be commingled and deposited in the same account or accounts with any bank, trust company, derivatives clearing organization, or

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1	qualified digital asset custo-
2	dian.
3	"(II) WITHDRAWAL.—Not-
4	withstanding subparagraph
5	(A), such share of the money,
6	assets, and property de-
7	scribed in subclause (I) of this
8	clause as in the normal course
9	of business shall be necessary
10	to margin, guarantee, secure,
11	transfer, adjust, or settle a
12	contract of sale of a digital
13	commodity with a registered
14	entity may be withdrawn and
15	applied to such purposes, in-
16	cluding the payment of com-
17	missions, brokerage, interest,
18	taxes, storage, and other
19	charges, lawfully accruing in
20	connection with the contract
21	of sale of a digital commodity.
22	"(ii) COMMISSION ACTION.—Not-
23	withstanding subparagraph (A),
24	in accordance with such terms
25	and conditions as the Commission

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may prescribe by rule, regulation, or order, any money, assets, or property of the customers of a digital commodity exchange described in subparagraph (A) may be commingled and deposited in customer accounts with any other money, assets, or property received by the digital commodity exchange and required by the Commission to be separately accounted for and treated and dealt with as belonging to the customer of the digital commodity change.

"(2) PERMITTED INVESTMENTS.—Money described in subparagraph (A) may be invested in obligations of the United States, in general obligations of any State or of any political subdivision of a State, and in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or in any other investment that the Commission may by rule or regulation prescribe, and such investments shall be

made in accordance with such rules and regulations and subject to such conditions as the Commission may prescribe.

# "(3) CUSTOMER PROTECTION DURING BANKRUPTCY.—

"(A) CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—All assets held on behalf of a customer by a digital commodity exchange, and all money, assets, and property of any customer received by a digital commodity exchange for trading or custody, or to facilitate, margin, guarantee, or secure contracts of sale of a digital commodity (including money, assets, or property accruing to the customer as the result of the transactions), shall be considered customer property for purposes of section 761 of title 11, United States Code.

"(B) TRANSACTIONS.—A transaction involving the sale of a unit of a digital commodity occurring on or subject to the rules of a digital commodity exchange shall be considered

a contract for the purchase or sale of
a commodity for future delivery, on
or subject to the rules of, a contract
market or board of trade for purposes
of the definition of 'commodity con-
tract' in section 761 of title 11, United
States Code.
"(C) EXCHANGES.—A digital com-
modity exchange shall be considered
a futures commission merchant for
purposes of section 761 of title 11,
United States Code.
"(D) ASSETS REMOVED FROM SEG-
REGATION.—Assets removed from seg-
regation due to a customer election
under paragraph (5) shall not be con-
sidered customer property for pur-
poses of section 761 of title 11, United
States Code.
"(4) MISUSE OF CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—It shall be un-
lawful—
"(i) for any digital commodity
exchange that has received any

customer money, assets, or prop-

erty for custody to dispose of, or
use any such money, assets, or
property as belonging to the digital commodity exchange or any
person other than a customer of
the digital commodity exchange;
or

"(ii) for any other person, including any depository, other digital commodity exchange, or digital asset custodian that has received any customer money, assets, or property for deposit, to hold, dispose of, or use any such money, assets, or property, or property, as belonging to the depositing digital commodity exchange or any person other than the customers of the digital commodity exchange.

"(B) USE FURTHER DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, 'use' of a digital commodity includes utilizing any unit of a digital asset to participate in a blockchain service defined in para-

graph (5) or a decentralized governance system associated with the digital commodity or the blockchain system to which the digital commodity
relates in any manner other than that
expressly directed by the customer
from whom the unit of a digital commodity was received.

# "(5) PARTICIPATION IN BLOCKCHAIN SERVICES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer shall have the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph (1) for any unit of a digital commodity to be used under subparagraph (B), by affirmatively electing, in writing to the digital commodity exchange, to waive the restrictions.

"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital commodities removed from segregation under subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by the digital commodity exchange or its designee to provide a blockchain service for a blockchain system to which the unit

1	of the digital asset removed from seg-
2	regation in subparagraph (A) relates.
3	"(C) LIMITATIONS.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commis-
5	sion shall, by rule, establish no-
6	tice and disclosure requirements,
7	and may, by rule, establish any
8	other limitations and rules re-
9	lated to the waiving of any re-
10	strictions under this paragraph
11	that are reasonably necessary to
12	protect customers, including eligi-
13	ble contract participants, non-eli-
14	gible contract participants, or any
15	other class of customers.
16	"(ii) Customer choice.—A dig-
17	ital commodity exchange may not
18	require a waiver from a customer
19	described in subparagraph (A) as
20	a condition of doing business on
21	the exchange.
22	"(D) BLOCKCHAIN SERVICE DE-
23	FINED.—In this subparagraph, the
24	term 'blockchain service' means any
25	activity relating to validating trans-

1	actions on a blockchain system, pro-
2	viding security for a blockchain sys-
3	tem, or other similar activity re-
4	quired for the ongoing operation of a
5	blockchain system.
6	"(e) MARKET ACCESS REQUIREMENTS.—The
7	Commission may, by rule, impose any addi-
8	tional requirements related to the operations
9	and activities of the digital commodity ex-
10	change and an affiliated digital commodity
11	broker necessary to protect market partici-
12	pants, promote fair and equitable trading on
13	the digital commodity exchange, and promote
14	responsible innovation.
15	"(f) DESIGNATION OF CHIEF COMPLIANCE OF-
16	FICER.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A digital commodity
18	exchange shall designate an individual to
19	serve as a chief compliance officer.
20	"(2) DUTIES.—The chief compliance of-
21	ficer shall—
22	"(A) report directly to the board
23	or to the senior officer of the ex-
24	change;

1	"(B) review compliance with the
2	core principles in this subsection;
3	"(C) in consultation with the
4	board of the exchange, a body per-
5	forming a function similar to that of a
6	board, or the senior officer of the ex-
7	change, resolve any conflicts of inter-
8	est that may arise;
9	"(D) establish and administer the
10	policies and procedures required to
11	be established pursuant to this sec-
12	tion;
13	"(E) ensure compliance with this
14	Act and the rules and regulations
15	issued under this Act, including rules
16	prescribed by the Commission pursu-
17	ant to this section; and
18	"(F) establish procedures for the
19	remediation of noncompliance issues
20	found during compliance office re-
21	views, look backs, internal or exter-
22	nal audit findings, self-reported er-
23	rors, or through validated com-

plaints.

1	"(3) REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCEDURES.—
2	In establishing procedures under para-
3	graph (2)(F), the chief compliance officer
4	shall design the procedures to establish
5	the handling, management response, re-
6	mediation, retesting, and closing of non-
7	compliance issues.
8	"(4) ANNUAL REPORTS.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance
10	with rules prescribed by the Commis-
11	sion, the chief compliance officer
12	shall annually prepare and sign a re-
13	port that contains a description of—
14	"(i) the compliance of the dig-
15	ital commodity exchange with
16	this Act; and
17	"(ii) the policies and proce-
18	dures, including the code of eth-
19	ics and conflicts of interest poli-
20	cies, of the digital commodity ex-
21	change.
22	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The chief
23	compliance officer shall—
24	"(i) submit each report de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (A) with

the appropriate financial report
of the digital commodity exchange that is required to be submitted to the Commission pursuant to this section; and

"(ii) include in the report a certification that, under penalty of law, the report is accurate and complete.

# "(g) APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEE.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a proceeding under section 5e results in the suspension or revocation of the registration of a digital commodity exchange, or if a digital commodity exchange withdraws from registration, the Commission, on notice to the digital commodity exchange, may apply to the appropriate United States district court where the digital commodity exchange is located for the appointment of a trustee.
- "(2) ASSUMPTION OF JURISDICTION.—If the Commission applies for appointment of a trustee under paragraph (1)—

"(A) the court may take exclusive
jurisdiction over the digital commodity exchange and the records and
assets of the digital commodity exchange, wherever located; and

"(B) if the court takes jurisdiction under subparagraph (A), the court shall appoint the Commission, or a person designated by the Commission, as trustee with power to take possession and continue to operate or terminate the operations of the digital commodity exchange in an orderly manner for the protection of customers subject to such terms and conditions as the court may prescribe.

- 18 "(h) QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTO-19 DIAN.—A digital commodity exchange shall 20 hold in a qualified digital asset custodian 21 each unit of a digital asset that is—
- 22 "(1) the property of a customer of the 23 digital commodity exchange;

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1	"(2) required to be held by the digital
2	commodity exchange under subsection
3	(c)(12) of this section; or
4	"(3) otherwise so required by the
5	Commission to reasonably protect cus-
6	tomers.
7	"(i) Exemptions.—
8	"(1) In order to promote responsible
9	innovation and fair competition, or pro-
10	tect customers, the Commission may (on
11	its own initiative or on application of the
12	registered digital commodity exchange)
13	exempt, either unconditionally or on stat-
14	ed terms or conditions or for stated peri-
15	ods and either retroactively or prospec-
16	tively, or both, a registered digital com-
17	modity exchange from the requirements
18	of this section, if the Commission deter-
19	mines that—
20	"(A) the exemption would be con-
21	sistent with the public interest and
22	the purposes of this Act; and
23	"(B) the exemption will not have a
24	material adverse effect on the ability

of the Commission or the digital com-

- modity exchange to discharge regulatory or self-regulatory duties under
- 3 this Act.
- "(2) The Commission may exempt, 4 conditionally or unconditionally, a digital 5 commodity exchange from registration 6 7 under this section if the Commission finds that the digital commodity ex-8 change is subject to comparable, com-9 prehensive supervision and regulation on 10 a consolidated basis by the appropriate 11 governmental authorities in the home 12 country of the facility. 13
- "(j) CUSTOMER DEFINED.—In this section,
  the term 'customer' means any person that
  maintains an account for the trading of digital commodities directly with a digital commodity exchange (other than a person that is
  owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by
  the digital commodity exchange) for its own
  behalf or on behalf of any other person.
- 22 "(k) FEDERAL PREEMPTION.—Notwith-23 standing any other provision of law, the Com-24 mission shall have exclusive jurisdiction over 25 any digital commodity exchange registered

- 1 under this section with respect to activities
- 2 and transactions subject to this Act.".
- 3 SEC. 405. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.
- 4 The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1
- 5 et seq.), as amended by the preceding provi-
- 6 sions of this Act, is amended by inserting after
- 7 section 5i the following:
- 8 "SEC. 5j. QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUSTODIANS.
- 9 "(a) In GENERAL.—A person is a qualified
- 10 digital asset custodian for purposes of this
- 11 Act if the person—
- "(1) holds digital assets on behalf of a
- person registered under this Act or a cus-
- tomer of a person registered under this
- 15 Act; and
- 16 "(2) is in compliance with subsections
- 17 **(b) and (c).**
- 18 "(b) SUPERVISION REQUIREMENT.—A person
- 19 is in compliance with this subsection if the
- 20 **person is subject to—**
- 21 "(1) supervision and examination for
- custody and safekeeping of digital assets
- by an appropriate Federal banking agen-
- 24 cy, the National Credit Union Administra-

1	tion, the Commission, or the Securities
2	and Exchange Commission; or
3	"(2) adequate supervision and appro-
4	priate regulation for custody and safe-
5	keeping of digital assets by—
6	"(A) a State bank supervisor
7	(within the meaning of section 3 of
8	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act);
9	"(B) a State credit union super-
10	visor, as defined under section 6003
11	of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
12	<b>2020; or</b>
13	"(C) an appropriate foreign gov-
14	ernmental authority in the home
15	country of the digital commodity cus-
16	todian.
17	"(c) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—A person shall
18	be in compliance with this subsection if:
19	"(1) NOT OTHERWISE PROHIBITED.—The
20	person has not been prohibited by its su-
21	pervisor from engaging in an activity
22	with respect to the custody and safe-
23	keeping of digital assets.
24	"(2) Information sharing.—

shares information with the Commission on request and complies with such requirements for periodic sharing of information regarding customer accounts that the person holds on behalf of an entity registered with the Commission as the Commission determines by rule are reasonably necessary to effectuate any of the provisions, or to accomplish any of the purposes, of this Act.

"(B) Provision of information.—
If the person is subject to regulation and examination by an appropriate Federal banking agency, the person may satisfy any information request described in subparagraph (A) by providing the Commission with a detailed listing, in writing, of the digital assets of a customer in the custody of, or use by, the person.

"(C) RULEMAKING FOR CFTC ENTI-TIES.—

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commis-
2	sion shall prescribe rules to per-
3	mit a person registered with the
4	Commission to be a qualified dig-
5	ital asset custodian in compliance
6	with this section.
7	"(ii) CONTENT.—In prescribing
8	the rules under subparagraph (A),
9	the Commission shall require a
10	person registered with the Com-
11	mission to—
12	"(I) implement require-
13	ment consistent with the re-
14	quirements in subsection
15	(d)(1);
16	"(II) establish sufficient
17	system safeguards;
18	"(III) prevent or mitigate
19	conflicts of interest, as appro-
20	priate; and
21	"(IV) establish separate
22	governance arrangements for
23	the custodial function of the
24	entity.

1	"(d) ADEQUATE SUPERVISION AND APPRO-
2	PRIATE REGULATION.—
3	"(1) In general.—For purposes of sub-
4	section (b), the terms 'adequate super-
5	vision' and 'appropriate regulation' mean
6	such minimum standards for supervision
7	and regulation as are reasonably nec-
8	essary to protect the digital assets held
9	by a person registered under this Act, in-
10	cluding standards relating to the licens-
11	ing, examination, and supervisory proc-
12	esses that require the person to, at a min-
13	imum—
14	"(A) receive a review and evalua-
15	tion of ownership, character and fit-
16	ness, conflicts of interest, business
17	model, financial statements, funding
18	resources, and policies and proce-
19	dures of the person;
20	"(B) hold capital sufficient for the
21	financial integrity of the person;
22	"(C) protect customer assets;
23	"(D) establish and maintain books
24	and records regarding the business of
25	the person;

1	"(E) submit financial statements
2	and audited financial statements to
3	the applicable supervisor described
4	in subsection (b);
5	"(F) provide disclosures to the ap-
6	plicable supervisor described in sub-
7	section (b) regarding actions, pro-
8	ceedings, and other items as deter-
9	mined by the supervisor;
10	"(G) maintain and enforce poli-
11	cies and procedures for compliance
12	with applicable State and Federal
13	laws, including those related to anti-
14	money laundering and cybersecurity;
15	"(H) establish a business con-
16	tinuity plan to ensure functionality in
17	cases of disruption; and
18	"(I) establish policies and proce-
19	dures to resolve complaints.
20	"(2) RULEMAKING WITH RESPECT TO
21	DEFINITIONS.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of
23	this section, the Commission may, by
24	rule, further define the terms 'ade-
25	quate supervision' and 'appropriate

1	regulation' as necessary and appro-
2	priate for the protection of cus-
3	tomers, and consistent with the pur-
4	poses of this Act.
5	"(B) CONDITIONAL TREATMENT OF
6	CERTAIN CUSTODIANS BEFORE RULE-
7	MAKING.—Before the effective date of
8	a rulemaking under subparagraph
9	(A), a trust company is deemed sub-
10	ject to adequate supervision and ap-
11	propriate regulation if—
12	"(i) the trust company is ex-
13	pressly permitted by a State bank
14	supervisor to engage in the cus-
15	tody and safekeeping of digital as-
16	sets;
17	"(ii) the State bank supervisor
18	has established licensing, exam-
19	ination, and supervisory proc-
20	esses that require the trust com-
21	pany to, at a minimum, meet the
22	conditions described in subpara-
23	graphs (A) through (I) of para-

graph (1); and

1	"(iii) the trust company is in
2	good standing with its State bank
3	supervisor.
4	"(C) TRANSITION PERIOD FOR CER-
5	TAIN CUSTODIANS.—In implementing
6	the rulemaking under subparagraph
7	(A), the Commission shall provide a
8	transition period of not less than 2
9	years for any trust company that is
10	deemed subject to adequate super-
11	vision and appropriate regulation
12	under subparagraph (B) on the effec-
13	tive date of the rulemaking.
14	"(e) AUTHORITY TO TEMPORARILY SUSPEND
15	STANDARDS.—The Commission may, by rule or
16	order, temporarily suspend, in whole or in
17	part, any requirement imposed under, or any
18	standard referred to in, this section if the
19	Commission determines that the suspension
20	would be consistent with the public interest
21	and the purposes of this Act.".

1	SEC. 406. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL
2	COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.
3	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1
4	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
5	4t the following:
6	"SEC. 4u. REGISTRATION AND REGULATION OF DIGITAL
7	COMMODITY BROKERS AND DEALERS.
8	"(a) REGISTRATION.—
9	"(1) REQUIREMENT.—It shall be unlaw-
10	ful for any person to act as a digital com-
11	modity broker or digital commodity deal-
12	er unless the person is registered as such
13	with the Commission.
14	"(2) ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION.—
15	"(A) RULES.—In order to foster the
16	development of fair and orderly mar-
17	kets, protect customers, and promote
18	responsible innovation, the Commis-
19	sion—
20	"(i) shall prescribe rules to ex-
21	empt an entity registered with
22	the Commission under more than
23	1 section of this Act from duplica-
24	tive, conflicting, or unduly bur-
25	densome provisions of this Act
26	and the rules under this Act.

1	"(ii) shall prescribe rules to
2	address conflicts of interests and
3	the activities of the entity; and
4	"(iii) may after an analysis of
5	the risks and benefits, prescribe
6	rules to provide for portfolio mar-
7	gining.
8	"(B) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN A REG-
9	ISTERED FUTURES ASSOCIATION.—Any
10	person required to be registered as a
11	digital commodity broker or digital
12	commodity dealer under this section
13	shall be a member of a registered fu-
14	tures association.
15	"(b) REQUIREMENTS.—
16	"(1) In general.—A person shall reg-
17	ister as a digital commodity broker or
18	digital commodity dealer by filing a reg-
19	istration application with the Commis-
20	sion.
21	"(2) CONTENTS.—
22	"(A) In GENERAL.—The application
23	shall be made in such form and man-
24	ner as is prescribed by the Commis-
25	sion, and shall contain such informa-

tion as the Commission considers necessary concerning the business in which the applicant is or will be engaged.

"(B) CONTINUAL REPORTING.—A person that is registered as a digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer shall continue to submit to the Commission reports that contain such information pertaining to the business of the person as the Commission may require.

"(3) STATUTORY DISQUALIFICATION.—Except to the extent otherwise specifically provided by rule, regulation, or order, it shall be unlawful for a digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer to permit any person who is associated with a digital commodity broker or a digital commodity dealer and who is subject to a statutory disqualification to effect or be involved in effecting a contract of sale of a digital commodity on behalf of the digital commodity dealer, respectively, if the digital

commodity broker or digital commodity
dealer, respectively, knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have
known, of the statutory disqualification.

#### "(c) RULEMAKING.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall prescribe such rules applicable to registered digital commodity brokers and registered digital commodity dealers as are appropriate to carry out this section, including rules in the public interest that limit the activities of digital commodity brokers and digital commodity dealers.

### "(2) FINANCING AGREEMENTS.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—The Commission shall prescribe rules and regulations applicable to digital commodity brokers or digital commodity dealers which shall set forth minimum requirements related to disclosure, recordkeeping, margin and financing arrangements, rehypothecation, capital, reporting, business conduct, documentation, and supervision of em-

1	ployees and agents, in connection
2	with—
3	"(i) an agreement described in
4	section $2(c)(2)(D)(iv)$ ; or
5	"(ii) any other margined, le-
6	veraged, or financing arrange-
7	ment for the purchase or sale of a
8	digital commodity with an eligi-
9	ble contract participant.
10	"(B) SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.—Except
11	as prohibited in section 2(c)(2)(G)(iii),
12	the Commission may also make, pro-
13	mulgate, and enforce such rules and
14	regulations as, in the judgment of the
15	Commission, are reasonably nec-
16	essary to effectuate any of the provi-
17	sions of, or to accomplish any of the
18	purposes of, this Act in connection
19	with an agreement referred to in sub-
20	paragraph (A) of this paragraph,
21	which may include, without limita-
22	tion, requirements regarding reg-
23	istration with the Commission and
24	membership in a registered futures
25	association.

1	"(d) CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS.—
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- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall meet such minimum capital requirements as the Commission may prescribe to address the risks associated with digital commodity trading and to ensure that the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, is able, at all times, to—
- "(A) meet, and continue to meet the obligations of such a registrant; and
  - "(B) fulfill obligations to customers or counterparties for any margined, leveraged, or financed transactions.
- "(2) FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANTS
  AND OTHER DEALERS.—Each futures commission merchant, introducing broker,
  digital commodity broker, digital commodity dealer, broker, and dealer shall
  maintain sufficient capital to comply
  with the stricter of any applicable capital
  requirements to which the futures com-

1	mission merchant, introducing broker,
2	digital commodity broker, digital com-
3	modity dealer, broker, or dealer, respec-
4	tively, is subject under this Act or the Se-
5	curities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
6	78a et seq.).
7	"(e) REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING.—
8	Each digital commodity broker and digital
9	commodity dealer—
10	"(1) shall make such reports as are re-
11	quired by the Commission by rule or reg-
12	ulation regarding the transactions, posi-
13	tions, and financial condition of the dig-
14	ital commodity broker or digital com-
15	modity dealer, respectively;
16	"(2) shall keep books and records in
17	such form and manner and for such pe-
18	riod as may be prescribed by the Com-
19	mission by rule or regulation; and
20	"(3) shall keep the books and records
21	open to inspection and examination by
22	any representative of the Commission.
23	"(f) Daily Trading Records.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital com-
25	modity broker and digital commodity

- 1 dealer shall maintain daily trading 2 records of the transactions of the digital 3 commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, and all related 4 5 records (including related forward or derivatives transactions) and recorded com-6 7 munications, including electronic mail, instant messages, and recordings of tele-8 9 phone calls, for such period as the Commission may require by rule or regula-10 tion. 11
  - "(2) Information requirements.—The daily trading records shall include such information as the Commission shall require by rule or regulation.
  - "(3) COUNTERPARTY RECORDS.—Each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain daily trading records for each customer or counterparty in a manner and form that is identifiable with each digital commodity transaction.
  - "(4) AUDIT TRAIL.—Each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall maintain a complete audit

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1	trail for conducting comprehensive and
2	accurate trade reconstructions.
3	"(g) Business Conduct Standards.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital com-
5	modity broker and digital commodity
6	dealer shall conform with such business
7	conduct standards as the Commission, by
8	rule or regulation, prescribes related to-
9	"(A) fraud, manipulation, and
10	other abusive practices involving
11	spot or margined, leveraged, or fi-
12	nanced digital commodity trans-
13	actions (including transactions that
14	are offered but not entered into);
15	"(B) diligent supervision of the
16	business of the registered digital com-
17	modity broker or digital commodity
18	dealer, respectively; and
19	"(C) such other matters as the
20	Commission deems appropriate.
21	"(2) BUSINESS CONDUCT REQUIRE-
22	MENTS.—The Commission shall, by rule,
23	prescribe business conduct requirements
24	which—

1	"(A) require disclosure by a reg-
2	istered digital commodity broker and
3	registered digital commodity dealer
4	to any counterparty to the trans-
5	action (other than an eligible con-
6	tract participant) of—
7	"(i) information about the ma-
8	terial risks and characteristics of
9	the digital commodity;
10	"(ii) information about the
11	material risks and characteristics
12	of the transaction;
13	"(B) establish a duty for such a
14	digital commodity broker and such a
15	digital commodity dealer to commu-
16	nicate in a fair and balanced manner
17	based on principles of fair dealing
18	and good faith;
19	"(C) establish standards gov-
20	erning digital commodity broker and
21	digital commodity dealer marketing
22	and advertising, including
23	testimonials and endorsements; and
24	"(D) establish such other stand-
25	ards and requirements as the Com-

1	mission may determine are appro-
2	priate for the protection of cus-
3	tomers.
4	"(3) Prohibition on fraudulent prac-
5	TICES.—It shall be unlawful for a digital
6	commodity broker or digital commodity
7	dealer to—
8	"(A) employ any device, scheme,
9	or artifice to defraud any customer or
10	counterparty;
11	"(B) engage in any transaction,
12	practice, or course of business that
13	operates as a fraud or deceit on any
14	customer or counterparty; or
15	"(C) engage in any act, practice,
16	or course of business that is fraudu-
17	lent, deceptive, or manipulative.
18	"(h) Duties.—
19	"(1) RISK MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES.—
20	Each digital commodity broker and dig-
21	ital commodity dealer shall establish ro-
22	bust and professional risk management
23	systems adequate for managing the day-
24	to-day business of the digital commodity

1	broker or digital commodity dealer, re-
2	spectively.
3	"(2) DISCLOSURE OF GENERAL INFORMA-
4	TION.—Each digital commodity broker
5	and digital commodity dealer shall dis-
6	close to the Commission information con-
7	cerning—
8	"(A) the terms and conditions of
9	the transactions of the digital com-
10	modity broker or digital commodity
11	dealer, respectively;
12	"(B) the trading operations, mech-
13	anisms, and practices of the digital
14	commodity broker or digital com-
15	modity dealer, respectively;
16	"(C) financial integrity protec-
17	tions relating to the activities of the
18	digital commodity broker or digital
19	commodity dealer, respectively; and
20	"(D) other information relevant to
21	trading in digital commodities by the
22	digital commodity broker or digital
23	commodity dealer, respectively.

1	"(3) ABILITY TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.—
2	Each digital commodity broker and dig-
3	ital commodity dealer shall—
4	"(A) establish and enforce inter-
5	nal systems and procedures to obtain
6	any necessary information to perform
7	any of the functions described in this
8	section; and
9	"(B) provide the information to
10	the Commission, on request.
11	"(4) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—Each
12	digital commodity broker and digital
13	commodity dealer shall establish, main-
14	tain, and enforce written policies and
15	procedures reasonably designed, taking
16	into consideration the nature of the busi-
17	ness of the person, to mitigate any con-
18	flicts of interest in transactions or ar-
19	rangements with affiliates.
20	"(5) Antitrust considerations.—Un-
21	less necessary or appropriate to achieve
22	the purposes of this Act, a digital com-
23	modity broker or digital commodity deal-
24	er shall not—

1	"(A) adopt any process or take		
2	any action that results in any unrea-		
3	sonable restraint of trade; or		
4	"(B) impose any material anti-		
5	competitive burden on trading or		
6	clearing.		
7	"(i) DESIGNATION OF CHIEF COMPLIANCE OF-		
8	FICER.—		
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each digital com-		
10	modity broker and digital commodity		
11	dealer shall designate an individual to		
12	serve as a chief compliance officer.		
13	"(2) DUTIES.—The chief compliance of-		
14	ficer shall—		
15	"(A) report directly to the board		
16	or to the senior officer of the reg-		
17	istered digital commodity broker or		
18	registered digital commodity dealer;		
19	"(B) review the compliance of the		
20	registered digital commodity broker		
21	or registered digital commodity deal-		
22	er with respect to the registered dig-		
23	ital commodity broker and registered		
24	digital commodity dealer require-		
25	ments described in this section:		

1	"(C) in consultation with the
2	board of directors, a body performing
3	a function similar to the board, or the
4	senior officer of the organization, re-
5	solve any conflicts of interest that
6	may arise;
7	"(D) be responsible for admin-
8	istering each policy and procedure
9	that is required to be established pur-
10	suant to this section;
11	"(E) ensure compliance with this
12	Act (including regulations), including
13	each rule prescribed by the Commis-
14	sion under this section;
15	"(F) establish procedures for the
16	remediation of noncompliance issues
17	identified by the chief compliance of-
18	ficer through any—
19	"(i) compliance office review;
20	"(ii) look-back;
21	"(iii) internal or external
22	audit finding;
23	"(iv) self-reported error; or
24	"(v) validated complaint; and

1	"(G) establish and follow appro-
2	priate procedures for the handling,
3	management response, remediation,
4	retesting, and closing of noncompli-
5	ance issues.
6	"(3) ANNUAL REPORTS.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance
8	with rules prescribed by the Commis-
9	sion, the chief compliance officer
10	shall annually prepare and sign a re-
11	port that contains a description of—
12	"(i) the compliance of the reg-
13	istered digital commodity broker
14	or registered digital commodity
15	dealer with this Act (including
16	regulations); and
17	"(ii) each policy and proce-
18	dure of the registered digital com-
19	modity broker or registered dig-
20	ital commodity dealer followed by
21	the chief compliance officer (in-
22	cluding the code of ethics and
23	conflict of interest policies).
24	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The chief
25	compliance officer shall ensure that a

1	compliance report under subpara-
2	graph (A)—
3	"(i) accompanies each appro-
4	priate financial report of the reg-
5	istered digital commodity broker
6	or registered digital commodity
7	dealer that is required to be fur-
8	nished to the Commission pursu-
9	ant to this section; and
10	"(ii) includes a certification
11	that, under penalty of law, the
12	compliance report is accurate and
13	complete.
14	"(j) SEGREGATION OF DIGITAL COMMOD-
15	ITIES.—
16	"(1) HOLDING OF CUSTOMER ASSETS.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each digital
18	commodity broker and digital com-
19	modity dealer shall hold customer
20	money, assets, and property in a man-
21	ner to minimize the risk of loss to the
22	customer or unreasonable delay in
23	customer access to the money, assets,
24	and property of the customer.

1	"(B) QUALIFIED DIGITAL ASSET CUS-
2	TODIAN.—Each digital commodity
3	broker and digital commodity dealer
4	shall hold in a qualified digital asset
5	custodian each unit of a digital asset
6	that is—
7	"(i) the property of a customer
8	or counterparty of the digital
9	commodity broker or digital com-
10	modity dealer, respectively;
11	"(ii) required to be held by
12	the digital commodity broker or
13	digital commodity dealer under
14	subsection (e); or
15	"(iii) otherwise so required by
16	the Commission to reasonably
17	protect customers or promote the
18	public interest.
19	"(2) SEGREGATION OF FUNDS.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each digital
21	commodity broker and digital com-
22	modity dealer shall treat and deal
23	with all money, assets, and property
24	that is received by the digital com-
25	modity broker or digital commodity

dealer, or accrues to a customer as
the result of trading in digital commodities, as belonging to the customer.

## "(B) COMMINGLING PROHIBITED.—

"(i) In GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), each digital commodity broker and digital commodity dealer shall rately account for money, assets, and property of a digital commodity customer, and shall not commingle any such money, assets, or property with the funds of the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, or use any such money, assets, or property to margin, secure, or guarantee any trades or accounts of any customer or person other than the person for whom the money, assets, or property are held.

"(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—

"(I) Use of funds.—

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1	"(aa) In GENERAL.—A
2	digital commodity broker
3	or digital commodity deal-
4	er may, for convenience,
5	commingle and deposit in
6	the same account or ac-
7	counts with any bank,
8	trust company, deriva-
9	tives clearing organiza-
10	tion, or qualified digital
11	asset custodian money, as-
12	sets, and property of cus-
13	tomers.
14	"(bb) WITHDRAWAL.—
15	The share of the money,
16	assets, and property de-
17	scribed in item (aa) as in
18	the normal course of busi-
19	ness shall be necessary to
20	margin, guarantee, secure,
21	transfer, adjust, or settle a
22	contract of sale of a dig-
23	ital commodity with a reg-
24	istered entity may be
25	withdrawn and applied to

such purposes, including
the payment of commissions, brokerage, interest,
taxes, storage, and other
charges, lawfully accruing
in connection with the
contract.

"(II) COMMISSION ACTION.— In accordance with terms and conditions as the Commission may prescribe by rule, regulation, or order, any money, assets, or property of the customers of a digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer may be commingled and deposited in customer accounts with any other money, assets, or property received by the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, and required by the Commission to be separately accounted for and treated and

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dealt with as belonging to the
2 customer of the digital com-
3 modity broker or digital com-
4 modity dealer, respectively.
5 "(3) PERMITTED INVESTMENTS.—Money
6 described in paragraph (2) may be in-
7 vested in obligations of the United States
8 in general obligations of any State or of
9 any political subdivision of a State, in ob-
ligations fully guaranteed as to principal
and interest by the United States, or in
any other investment that the Commis-
sion may by rule or regulation allow.
14 "(4) CUSTOMER PROTECTION DURING
15 BANKRUPTCY.—
16 "(A) CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—All
money, assets, or property described
in paragraph (2) shall be considered
19 <b>customer property for purposes of</b>
section 761 of title 11, United States
21 <b>Code.</b>
22 "(B) Transactions.—A transaction
23 involving a unit of a digital com-
24 modity occurring with a digital com-

modity broker or digital commodity

dealer shall be considered a 'contract
for the purchase or sale of a commodity for future delivery, on or subject to the rules of, a contract market
or board of trade' for purposes of the
definition of a 'commodity contract'
in section 761 of title 11, United
States Code.

- "(C) Brokers and digital commodity broker and a digital commodity dealer shall be considered a futures commission merchant for purposes of section 761 of title 11, United States Code.
- "(D) Assets removed from segregation.—Assets removed from segregation due to a customer election under paragraph (6) shall not be considered customer property for purposes of section 761 of title 11, United States Code.
- "(5) MISUSE OF CUSTOMER PROPERTY.—
- 23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—It shall be un-24 lawful—

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"(i) for any digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer that has received any customer money, assets, or property for custody to dispose of, or use any such money, assets, or property as belonging to the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively, or any person other than a customer of the digital commodity broker or digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, respectively; or

"(ii) for any other person, including any depository, digital commodity exchange, other digital commodity broker, other digital commodity dealer, or digital commodity custodian that has received any customer money, assets, or property for deposit, to hold, dispose of, or use any such money, assets, or property, as belonging to the depositing digital commodity broker or digital com-

1	modity dealer or any person other
2	than the customers of the digital
3	commodity broker or digital com-
4	modity dealer, respectively.

"(B) USE FURTHER DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, 'use' of a digital commodity includes utilizing any unit of a digital asset to participate in a blockchain service defined in paragraph (6) or a decentralized governance system associated with the digital commodity or the blockchain system to which the digital commodity relates in any manner other than that expressly directed by the customer from whom the unit of a digital commodity was received.

## "(6) PARTICIPATION IN BLOCKCHAIN SERVICES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer shall have the right to waive the restrictions in paragraph (2) for any unit of a digital commodity to be used under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by affirmatively electing, in

writing to the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, to waive the restrictions.

"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Customer digital commodities removed from segregation under subparagraph (A) may be pooled and used by the digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer, or one of their designees, to provide a blockchain service for a blockchain system to which the unit of the digital asset removed from segregation in subparagraph (A) relates.

## "(C) LIMITATIONS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall, by rule, establish notice and disclosure requirements, and may, by rule, establish any other limitations and rules related to the waiving of any restrictions under this paragraph that are reasonably necessary to protect customers, including eligible contract participants, non-eli-

gible contract participants, or any other class of customers.

"(ii) CUSTOMER CHOICE.—A digital commodity broker or digital commodity dealer may not require a waiver from a customer described in subparagraph (A) as a condition of doing business with the broker or dealer.

"(D) BLOCKCHAIN SERVICE DE-FINED.—In this subparagraph, the term 'blockchain service' means any activity relating to validating transactions on a blockchain system, providing security for a blockchain system, or other similar activity required for the ongoing operation of a blockchain system.

19 "(k) FEDERAL PREEMPTION.—Notwith20 standing any other provision of law, the Com21 mission shall have exclusive jurisdiction over
22 any digital commodity broker or digital com23 modity dealer registered under this section
24 with respect to activities subject to this Act,
25 except as provided in section 5k.

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1	"(l) EXEMPTIONS.—In order to promote re-
2	sponsible innovation and fair competition, or
3	protect customers, the Commission may (on
4	its own initiative or on application of the reg-
5	istered digital commodity broker or reg-
6	istered digital commodity dealer) exempt, un-
7	conditionally or on stated terms or condi-
8	tions, or for stated periods, and retroactively
9	or prospectively, or both, a registered digital
10	commodity broker or registered digital com-
11	modity dealer from the requirements of this
12	section, if the Commission determines that—
13	"(1)(A) the exemption would be con-
14	sistent with the public interest and the
15	purposes of this Act; and
16	"(B) the exemption will not have a
17	material adverse effect on the ability of
18	the Commission to discharge regulatory
19	duties under this Act; or
20	"(2) the registered digital commodity
21	broker or registered digital commodity
22	dealer is subject to comparable, com-
23	prehensive supervision and regulation by

the appropriate government authorities

in the home country of the registered dig-

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- ital commodity broker or registered dig-
- 2 ital commodity dealer, respectively.".
- 3 SEC. 407. REGISTRATION OF ASSOCIATED PERSONS.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4k of the Com-
- 5 modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6k) is amend-
- 6 **ed**—
- 7 (1) by redesignating subsections (4)
- 8 through (6) as subsections (5) through (7),
- 9 respectively;
- 10 (2) by inserting after subsection (3)
- 11 **the following:**
- 12 "(4) It shall be unlawful for any person to
- 13 act as an associated person of a digital com-
- 14 modity broker or an associated person of a
- 15 digital commodity dealer unless the person is
- 16 registered with the Commission under this
- 17 Act and such registration shall not have ex-
- 18 pired, been suspended (and the period of sus-
- 19 pension has not expired), or been revoked. It
- 20 shall be unlawful for a digital commodity
- 21 broker or a digital commodity dealer to per-
- 22 mit such a person to become or remain associ-
- 23 ated with the digital commodity broker or
- 24 digital commodity dealer if the digital com-
- 25 modity broker or digital commodity dealer

1	knew or should have known that the person
2	was not so registered or that the registration
3	had expired, been suspended (and the period
4	of suspension has not expired), or been re-
5	voked."; and
6	(3) in subsection (5) (as so redesig-
7	nated), by striking "or of a commodity
8	trading advisor" and inserting "of a com-
9	modity trading advisor, of a digital com-
10	modity broker, or of a digital commodity
11	dealer".
12	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The Com-
13	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a et seq.) is
14	amended by striking "section 4k(6)" each
15	place it appears and inserting "section 4k(7)".
16	SEC. 408. REGISTRATION OF COMMODITY POOL OPERA-
17	TORS AND COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS.
18	(a) In General.—Section 4m(3) of the
19	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6m(3)) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
22	(A) by striking "any commodity
23	trading advisor" and inserting "a
24	commodity pool operator or com-
25	modity trading advisor"; and

1	(B) by striking "acting as a com-
2	modity trading advisor" and inserting
3	"acting as a commodity pool operator
4	or commodity trading advisor"; and
5	(2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting
6	"digital commodities," after "physical
7	commodities,".
8	(b) EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.—Section 4m of
9	such Act (7 U.S.C. 6m) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"(4) EXEMPTIVE AUTHORITY.—The Commis-
12	sion shall promulgate rules to provide appro-
13	priate exemptions for commodity pool opera-
14	tors and commodity trading advisors, to pro-
15	vide relief from duplicative, conflicting, or
16	unduly burdensome requirements or to pro-
17	mote responsible innovation, to the extent the
18	exemptions foster the development of fair and
19	orderly cash or spot digital commodity mar-
20	kets, are necessary or appropriate in the pub-
21	lic interest, and are consistent with the pro-
22	tection of customers.".

1	SEC. 409. EXCLUSION FOR DECENTRALIZED FINANCE AC-
2	TIVITIES.
3	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1
4	et seq.), as amended by the preceding provi-
5	sions of this Act, is amended by inserting after
6	section 4u the following:
7	"SEC. 4v. DECENTRALIZED FINANCE ACTIVITIES NOT SUB-
8	JECT TO THIS ACT.
9	"(a) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
10	other provision of this Act, a person shall not
11	be subject to this Act and the regulations pro-
12	mulgated under this Act based on the person
13	directly or indirectly engaging in any of the
14	following activities, whether singly or in com-
15	bination, in relation to the operation of a
16	blockchain system or in relation to decentral-
17	ized finance trading protocol:
18	"(1) Compiling network transactions
19	or relaying, searching, sequencing, vali-
20	dating, or acting in a similar capacity.
21	"(2) Providing computational work,
22	operating a node or oracle service, or
23	procuring, offering, or utilizing network
24	bandwidth, or other similar incidental
25	services.

- "(3) Providing a user-interface that enables a user to read, and access data about a blockchain system.
  - "(4) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a blockchain system or a decentralized finance trading protocol.
  - "(5) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing a decentralized finance messaging system or operating or participating in a liquidity pool for the purpose of executing a contract of sale of a digital commodity.
  - "(6) Developing, publishing, constituting, administering, maintaining, or otherwise distributing software or systems that create or deploy hardware or software, including wallets or other systems, facilitating an individual user's own personal ability to keep, safeguard, or custody the user's digital assets or related private keys.

- "(b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a) shall not 1 be interpreted to apply to the anti-fraud, antimanipulation, or false reporting enforcement authorities of the Commission.". SEC. 410. RESOURCES FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND EN-6 FORCEMENT. 7 (a) COLLECTION OF FEES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Fu-8 tures Trading Commission (in this sec-9 tion referred to as the "Commission") 10 11 shall charge and collect a filing fee from 12 each person who files with the Commission a statement of provisional registra-13 tion as a digital commodity exchange, 14 digital commodity broker, or digital com-15 modity dealer pursuant to section 106. 16 17 AMOUNT.—The fees authorized 18 under paragraph (1) may be collected and 19 available for obligation only in the 20 amounts provided in advance in an ap-21 propriation Act. 22 (3) AUTHORITY TO ADJUST FEES.—Not
  - withstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, to promote fair competition or innovation, the Commission, in its

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- sole discretion, may reduce or eliminate any fee otherwise required to be paid by a small or medium filer under this subsection.
  - (b) FEE SCHEDULE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall publish in the Federal Register a schedule of the fees to be charged and collected under this section.
- (2) CONTENT.—The fee schedule for a fiscal year shall include a written analysis of the estimate of the Commission of the total costs of carrying out the functions of the Commission under this Act during the fiscal year.
- (3) Submission to congress.—Before publishing the fee schedule for a fiscal year, the Commission shall submit a copy of the fee schedule to the Committees on Agriculture and on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and on Appropriations of the Senate.
- **(4) TIMING.**—

1	(A) 1ST FISCAL YEAR.—The Com-
2	mission shall publish the fee schedule
3	for the fiscal year in which this Act is
4	enacted, within 30 days after the date
5	of the enactment of this Act.
6	(B) SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEARS.—
7	The Commission shall publish the fee
8	schedule for each subsequent fiscal
9	year, not less than 90 days before the
10	due date prescribed by the Commis-
11	sion for payment of the annual fee for
12	the fiscal year.
13	(c) LATE PAYMENT PENALTY.—
14	(1) In general.—The Commission may
15	impose a penalty against a person that
16	fails to pay an annual fee charged under
17	this section, within 30 days after the due
18	date prescribed by the Commission for
19	payment of the fee.
20	(2) AMOUNT.—The amount of the pen-
21	alty shall be—
22	(A) 5 percent of the amount of the
23	fee due, multiplied by

1	(B) the whole number of consecu-
2	tive 30-day periods that have elapsed
3	since the due date.

- 4 (d) REIMBURSEMENT OF EXCESS FEES.—To
  5 the extent that the total amount of fees col6 lected under this section during a fiscal year
  7 that begins after the date of the enactment of
  8 this Act exceeds the amount provided under
  9 subsection (a)(2) with respect to the fiscal
  10 year, the Commission shall reimburse the ex11 cess amount to the persons who have timely
  12 paid their annual fees, on a pro-rata basis
  13 that excludes penalties, and shall do so within
  14 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.
- 15 (e) DEPOSIT OF FEES INTO THE TREASURY.—
  16 All amounts collected under this section shall
  17 be credited to the currently applicable appro18 priation, account, or fund of the Commission
  19 as discretionary offsetting collections, and
  20 shall be available for the purposes authorized
  21 in subsection (f) only to the extent and in the
  22 amounts provided in advance in appropria23 tions Acts.
- 24 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In 25 addition to amounts otherwise authorized to

1	be appropriated to the Commission, there is
2	authorized to be appropriated to the Commis-
3	sion amounts collected under this section to
4	cover the costs the costs of carrying out the
5	functions of the Commission under this Act
6	(g) Expedited Hiring Authority.—
7	(1) APPOINTMENT AUTHORITY.—The
8	Chairman, pursuant to section 6(a), may
9	appoint individuals to a position de-
10	scribed in paragraph (2) of this sub-
11	section—
12	(A) in accordance with the stat-
13	utes, rules, and regulations governing
14	appointments to positions in the ex-
15	cepted service (as defined in section
16	2103 of title 5, United States Code)
17	and
18	(B) without regard to any statute,
19	rule, or regulation governing appoint-
20	ments to positions in the competitive
21	service (as defined in section 2102 of
22	such title).
23	(2) Position described.—A position
24	referred to in subparagraph (1) is a posi-
25	tion at the Commission that—

1	(A) is in the competitive service
2	(as defined in section 2102 of such
3	title); and
4	(B) requires specialized knowle
5	edge of digital commodities markets
6	financial and capital market forma
7	tion or regulation, financial market
8	structures or surveillance, data col
9	lection or analysis, or information
10	technology, cybersecurity, or system
11	safeguards.
12	(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The ap-
13	pointment of a candidate to a position
14	under this subsection shall not be consider
15	ered to cause the position to be con-
16	verted from the competitive service to
17	the excepted service.
18	(h) SUNSET.—The authorities provided by
19	this section shall expire at the end of the 4th
20	fiscal year that begins after the date of the en
21	actment of this Act.
22	SEC. 411. DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVITIES BY SEC-REG
23	ISTERED ENTITIES.
24	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 ILS.C. 1

25 et seq.), as amended by the preceding provi-

1	sions of this Act, is amended by inserting after
2	section 5j the following:
3	"SEC. 5k. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN REGISTERED ENTITIES
4	ENGAGED IN DIGITAL COMMODITY ACTIVI-
5	TIES.
6	"(a) By Alternative Trading Systems.—
7	"(1) In general.—On receipt by the
8	Commission from an alternative trading
9	system of a written or electronic notice
10	that contains such information as the
11	Commission, by rule, may prescribe as
12	necessary or appropriate in the public in-
13	terest or for the protection of investors,
14	the alternative trading system shall be
15	exempt from registration as a digital
16	commodity exchange pursuant to section
17	5i if—
18	"(A) the alternative trading sys-
19	tem does not list any retail com-
20	modity transactions pursuant to sec-
21	tion 2(c)(2)(D);
22	"(B) the provider, or an affiliate
23	person of the provider, of the alter-
24	native trading system is not other-
25	wise registered under this Act.

1	"(C) the alternative trading sys-
2	tem lists or trades no other contracts
3	of sale of commodities, except for dig-
4	ital commodities, currencies, and se-
5	curities; and
6	"(D) the registration of the alter-
7	native trading system is not sus-
8	pended pursuant to an order by the
9	Securities and Exchange Commission.
10	"(2) FURTHER REQUIREMENTS.—An al-
11	ternative trading system that provides
12	notice to the Commission pursuant to
13	paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be
14	exempt from the requirements of section
15	5i to the extent that the alternative trad-
16	ing system—
17	"(A) is in compliance with re-
18	quirements consistent with the re-
19	quirements of section 5i and imposed
20	on the alternative trading system by
21	the Securities and Exchange Commis-
22	sion;
23	"(B) annually files with the Com-
24	mission, in a form and manner ac-
25	ceptable to the Commission, a notice

1	that demonstrates compliance with
2	this paragraph and contains any
3	other information the Commission de-
4	termines to be necessary or appro-
5	priate to perform the duties of the
6	Commission under this Act; and
7	"(C) has total trading volume in
8	digital commodities during any cal-
9	endar quarter in either of its 2 most
10	recently completed fiscal years that
11	does not exceed the lesser of—
12	"(i) 25 percent of the total
13	trading volume for all trans-
14	actions over the same period; or
15	"(ii) \$50,000,000,000.
16	"(3) Enforcement.—This subsection
17	shall not be construed to limit any juris-
18	diction that the Commission may other-
19	wise have under any other provision of
20	this Act with respect to a contract of sale
21	of a digital commodity or persons effect-
22	ing contracts of sale of digital commod-
23	ities.
24	"(b) By Registered Intermediaries.—

1	"(1) In GENERAL.—On receipt by the
2	Commission, from a broker or dealer that
3	is registered with the Securities and Ex-
4	change Commission, of a written or elec-
5	tronic notice that contains such informa-
6	tion as the Commission, by rule, may pre-
7	scribe as necessary or appropriate in the
8	public interest or for the protection of in-
9	vestors, the broker or dealer shall be ex-
10	empt from registration as a digital com-
11	modity broker or digital commodity deal-
12	er pursuant to section 4u of this Act if—
13	"(A) the broker or dealer does not
14	offer or engage in any retail com-
15	modity transactions pursuant to sec-
16	tion $2(c)(2)(D)$ of this Act or other
17	contracts of sale of commodities, ex-
18	cept for digital commodities, cur-
19	rencies, and securities;
20	"(B) the broker or dealer is not

- "(B) the broker or dealer is not otherwise registered under this Act;
- "(C) the broker or dealer is not subject to a statutory disqualification, as defined under section 3(a) of

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1	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
2	(15 U.S.C. 78c(a)); and
3	"(D) the broker or dealer is a
4	member of a national securities asso-
5	ciation registered pursuant to section
6	15A of the Securities Exchange Act of
7	1934.
8	"(2) FURTHER REQUIREMENTS.—A
9	broker or dealer that provides notice to
10	the Commission pursuant to paragraph
11	(1) shall be exempt from the require-
12	ments of section 4u to the extent that the
13	broker or dealer—
14	"(A) is in compliance with re-
15	quirements consistent with the re-
16	quirements of section 4u and imposed
17	on the broker or dealer by the Securi-
18	ties and Exchange Commission;
19	"(B) annually files with the Com-
20	mission, in a form and manner ac-
21	ceptable to the Commission, a notice
22	that demonstrates compliance with
23	this subsection and contains any
24	other information the Commission de-
25	termines to be necessary or appro-

1	priate to perform the duties of the
2	Commission under this Act; and
3	"(C) has consolidated annual
4	gross financial revenues in either of
5	its 2 most recently completed fiscal
6	years from sales, commissions or
7	other activities in digital commod-
8	ities that do not exceed the lesser of—
9	"(i) 10 percent of the total an-
10	nual gross revenues during the
11	same period; or
12	"(ii) \$100,000,000.
13	"(3) Enforcement.—This subsection
14	shall not be construed to limit any juris-
15	diction that the Commission may other-
16	wise have under any other provision of
17	this Act with respect to a contract of sale
18	of a digital commodity and persons ef-
19	fecting contracts of sale of digital com-
20	modities.".
21	SEC. 412. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO CONTROL PER-
22	SONS.
23	The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1
24	et seq.), as amended the preceding provisions

1	of this Act, is amended by inserting after sec-
2	tion 4v the following:
3	"SEC. 4w. LIMITATION ON TRANSACTIONS BY BLOCKCHAIN
4	CONTROL PERSONS.
5	"(a) LIMITATION.—It shall be unlawful for
6	a blockchain control person with respect to a
7	blockchain system certified as a mature
8	blockchain system in accordance with section
9	42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to
10	sell a unit of a digital commodity related to
11	the blockchain system unless the person files
12	notice with the Commission, in a form and
13	manner determined by the Commission, that
14	the person has or intends to obtain an author-
15	ity described in subsection (b)(1) with respect
16	to the blockchain system, and complies with
17	rules adopted by the Commission that re-
18	quire—
19	"(1) disclosure of information to the
20	Commission and the public about the ma-
21	terial activities, as determined by the
22	Commission, of the blockchain control
23	person; and
24	"(2)(A) the use of a digital commodity
25	broker to effect the sale; or

"(B) such other sales restrictions ap-plicable to blockchain control person, or any of its digital commodity affiliated persons, to prevent manipulation and dis-tortion of the value of the digital com-modity and promote further maturity of the blockchain system to which the dig-ital commodity relates.

### "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) BLOCKCHAIN CONTROL PERSON.—
The term 'blockchain control person'
means, with respect to a blockchain system, any person or group of persons
under common control who—

"(A) has the unilateral authority, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise, to control or materially alter the functionality, operation, or rules of consensus or agreement of the blockchain system or its related digital commodity; or

"(B) has the unilateral authority to direct the voting, in the aggregate,

of 20 percent or more of the out-1 2 standing voting of the power blockchain system by means of a re-3 lated digital commodity, nodes or 4 validators, a decentralized govern-6 ance system, or otherwise, in a blockchain system which can be al-7 8 tered by a voting system.

9 "(2) DIGITAL COMMODITY AFFILIATED 10 PERSON.—The term 'digital commodity affiliated person' means any person di-11 12 rectly or indirectly controlling, con-13 trolled by, or under common control with a blockchain control person, as the Com-14 mission by rule or regulation, may deter-15 mine will effectuate the purposes of this 16 17 section.".

18 SEC. 413. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- Unless otherwise provided in this title, 20 this title and the amendments made by this
- 21 title shall take effect 360 days after the date
- 22 of the enactment of this Act, except that, to
- 23 the extent a provision of this title requires a
- 24 rulemaking, the provision shall take effect on
- 25 the later of—

1	(1) 360 days after the date of the en-
2	actment of this Act; or
3	(2) 60 days after the publication in
4	the Federal Register of the final rule im-
5	plementing the provision.
6	SEC. 414. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
7	It is the sense of Congress that nothing in
8	this Act or any amendment made by this Act
9	should be interpreted to authorize any entity
10	to regulate any commodity, other than a dig-
11	ital commodity, on any spot market.
12	TITLE V—INNOVATION AND
13	TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS
14	SEC. 501. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
15	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the fol-
16	lowing:
17	(1) Entrepreneurs and innovators are
18	building and deploying this next genera-
19	tion of the internet.
20	(2) Digital commodity networks rep-
21	resent a new way for people to join to-
22	gether and cooperate with one another to
23	undertake certain activities.
24	(3) Digital commodities have the po-
25	tential to be the foundational building

- blocks of these systems, aligning the economic incentive for individuals to cooperate with one another to achieve a common purpose.
  - (4) The digital commodity ecosystem has the potential to grow our economy and improve everyday lives of Americans by facilitating collaboration through the use of technology to manage activities, allocate resources, and facilitate decision making.
  - (5) Blockchain systems and the digital commodities they empower provide control, enhance transparency, reduce transaction costs, and increase efficiency if proper protections are put in place for investors, consumers, our financial system, and our national security.
  - (6) Blockchain technology facilitates new types of network participation which businesses in the United States may utilize in innovative ways.
  - (7) Other digital commodity companies are setting up their operations outside of the United States, where countries

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- are establishing frameworks to embrace the potential of blockchain technology and digital commodities and provide safeguards for consumers.
  - (8) Digital commodities, despite the purported anonymity, provide law enforcement with an exceptional tracing tool to identify illicit activity and bring criminals to justice.
  - (9) The Financial Services Committee of the House of Representatives has held multiple hearings highlighting various risks that digital commodities can pose to the financial markets, consumers, and investors that must be addressed as we seek to harness the benefits of these innovations.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense ofCongress that—
- 20 (1) the United States should seek to 21 prioritize understanding the potential op-22 portunities of the next generation of the 23 internet;
- 24 **(2)** the United States should seek to 25 foster advances in technology that have

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- robust evidence indicating they can improve our financial system and create more fair and equitable access to financial services for everyday Americans while protecting our financial system, investors, and consumers;
  - (3) the United States must support the responsible development of digital commodities and the underlying technology in the United States or risk the shifting of the development of such assets and technology outside of the United States, to less regulated countries;
  - (4) Congress should consult with public and private sector stakeholders to understand how to enact a functional framework tailored to the specific risks and unique benefits of different digital commodity-related activities, distributed ledger technology, distributed networks, and mature blockchain systems;
  - (5) Congress should enact a functional framework tailored to the specific risks of different digital commodity-related activities and unique benefits of

1	distributed ledger technology, distributed
2	networks, and mature blockchain sys-
3	tems; and
4	(6) consumers and market partici-
5	pants will benefit from a framework for
6	digital commodities consistent with long-
7	standing investor protections in securi-
8	ties and commodities markets, yet tai-
9	lored to the unique benefits and risks of
10	the digital commodity ecosystem.
11	SEC. 502. MODERNIZATION OF THE SECURITIES AND EX-
12	CHANGE COMMISSION MISSION.
13	(a) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 2(b)
14	of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77(b))
15	is amended—
16	(1) in the heading, by inserting "INNO-
17	VATION," after "EFFICIENCY,"; and
18	(2) by inserting "innovation," after
19	"efficiency,".
20	(b) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—
21	Section 3(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of
22	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78(c)) is amended—
23	(1) in the heading, by inserting "INNO-
24	VATION," after "EFFICIENCY,"; and

1	(2) by inserting "innovation," after
2	"efficiency,".
3	(c) Investment Advisers Act of 1940.—
4	Section 202(c) of the Investment Advisers Act
5	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-2) is amended—
6	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Inno-
7	VATION," after "EFFICIENCY,"; and
8	(2) by inserting "innovation," after
9	"efficiency,".
10	(d) Investment Company Act of 1940.—
11	Section 2(c) of the Investment Company Act of
12	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2) is amended—
13	(1) in the heading, by inserting "Inno-
14	VATION," after "EFFICIENCY,"; and
15	(2) by inserting "innovation," after
16	"efficiency,".
17	SEC. 503. STRATEGIC HUB FOR INNOVATION AND FINAN-
18	CIAL TECHNOLOGY.
19	Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act
20	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(1) STRATEGIC HUB FOR INNOVATION AND FI-
23	NANCIAL TECHNOLOGY.—
24	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than
25	180 days after the date of the enactment

1	of this subsection, the Securities and Ex-
2	change Commission shall establish a com-
3	mittee to be known as the Strategic Hub
4	for Innovation and Financial Technology
5	(referred to in this subsection as the
6	'FinHub') to support engagement on
7	emerging technologies in the financial
8	sector.
9	"(2) MEMBERS.—The composition of
10	FinHub shall be determined by the Com-
11	mission, drawing from relevant divisions
12	as appropriate, including the Division of
13	Trading and Markets, Division of Cor-
14	porate Finance, and Division of Invest-
15	ment Management.
16	"(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—FinHub
17	shall—
18	"(A) serve as a resource for the
19	Commission on emerging financial
20	technology advancements;
21	"(B) engage with market partici-
22	pants working on emerging financial
23	technologies; and
24	"(C) facilitate communication be-
25	twoon the Commission and husinesses

1	working in emerging financial tech-
2	nology fields with information on the
3	Commission, its rules, and regula-
4	tions.
5	"(4) REPORT TO THE COMMISSION.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
7	October 31 of each year after 2025,
8	FinHub shall provide an annual sum-
9	mary of its engagement activities to
10	the Commission, which shall be in-
11	cluded in the Commission's annual
12	report to Congress.
13	"(B) CONFIDENTIALITY.—Each re-
14	port submitted under this paragraph
15	shall not contain confidential infor-
16	mation.".
17	SEC. 504. CODIFICATION OF LABCETC.
18	(a) In General.—Section 18 of the Com-
19	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 22) is amended
20	by adding at the end the following:
21	"(c) LABCFTC.—
22	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
23	lished in the Commission LabCFTC.
24	"(2) PURPOSE.—The purposes of
25	LabCFTC are to—

1	"(A) promote responsible finan-
2	cial technology innovation and fair
3	competition for the benefit of the
4	American public;
5	"(B) serve as an information plat-
6	form to inform the Commission about
7	new financial technology innovation;
8	and
9	"(C) provide outreach to financial
10	technology innovators to discuss
11	their innovations and the regulatory
12	framework established by this Act
13	and the regulations promulgated
14	thereunder.
15	"(3) DIRECTOR.—LabCFTC shall have a
16	Director, who shall be appointed by the
17	Commission and serve at the pleasure of
18	the Commission. Notwithstanding section
19	2(a)(6)(A), the Director shall report di-
20	rectly to the Commission and perform
21	such functions and duties as the Commis-
22	sion may prescribe.
23	"(4) DUTIES.—LabCFTC shall—
24	"(A) advise the Commission with
25	respect to rulemakings or other agen-

1	cy or staff action regarding financial
2	technology;
3	"(B) provide internal education
4	and training to the Commission re-
5	garding financial technology;
6	"(C) advise the Commission re-
7	garding financial technology that
8	would bolster the Commission's over-
9	sight functions;
10	"(D) engage with academia, stu-
11	dents, and professionals on financial
12	technology issues, ideas, and tech-
13	nology relevant to activities under
14	this Act;
15	"(E) provide persons working in
16	emerging technology fields with in-
17	formation on the Commission, its
18	rules and regulations, and the role of
19	a registered futures association; and
20	"(F) encourage persons working
21	in emerging technology fields to en-
22	gage with the Commission and obtain
23	feedback from the Commission on po-
24	tential regulatory issues.
25	"(5) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

1	"(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than
2	October 31 of each year after 2025,
3	LabCFTC shall submit to the Com-
4	mittee on Agriculture of the House of
5	Representatives and the Committee
6	on Agriculture, Nutrition, and For-
7	estry of the Senate a report on its ac-
8	tivities.
9	"(B) CONTENTS.—Each report re-
10	quired under paragraph (1) shall in-
11	clude—
12	"(i) the total number of per-
13	sons that met with LabCFTC;
14	"(ii) a summary of general
15	issues discussed during meetings
16	with the person;
17	"(iii) information on steps
18	LabCFTC has taken to improve
19	Commission services, including
20	responsiveness to the concerns of
21	persons;
22	"(iv) recommendations made
23	to the Commission with respect to
24	the regulations, guidance, and or-
25	ders of the Commission and such

1	legislative actions as may be ap-
2	propriate; and
3	"(v) any other information de-
4	termined appropriate by the Di-
5	rector of LabCFTC.
6	"(C) CONFIDENTIALITY.—A report
7	under paragraph (A) shall abide by
8	the confidentiality requirements in
9	section 8.
10	"(6) RECORDS AND ENGAGEMENT.—The
11	Commission shall—
12	"(A) maintain systems of records
13	to track engagements with the public
14	through LabCFTC;
15	"(B) store communications and
16	materials received in connection with
17	any such engagement in accordance
18	with Commission policies and proce-
19	dures on data retention and confiden-
20	tiality; and
21	"(C) take reasonable steps to pro-
22	tect any confidential or proprietary
23	information received through
24	LabCFTC engagement.".

1	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section
2	2(a)(6)(A) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2(a)(6)(A)) is
3	amended—
4	(1) by striking "paragraph and in"
5	and inserting "paragraph,"; and
6	(2) by inserting "and section 18(c)(3),"
7	before "the executive".
8	(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The Commodity Fu-
9	tures Trading Commission shall implement
10	the amendments made by this section (includ-
11	ing complying with section 18(c)(7) of the
12	Commodity Exchange Act) within 180 days
13	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
14	SEC. 505. STUDY ON DECENTRALIZED FINANCE.
15	(a) In General.—The Commodity Futures
16	Trading Commission, the Securities and Ex-
17	change Commission, and the Secretary of the
18	Treasury shall jointly carry out a study on de-
19	centralized finance that analyzes—
20	(1) the nature, size, role, and use of
21	decentralized finance blockchain applica-
22	tions;
23	(2) the operation of blockchain appli-
24	cations that comprise decentralized fi-
25	nance:

1	(3) the interoperability of blockchain
2	applications and other blockchain sys-
3	tems;
4	(4) the interoperability of blockchain
5	applications and software-based systems,
6	including websites and wallets;
7	(5) the decentralized governance sys-
8	tems through which blockchain applica-
9	tions may be developed, published, con-
10	stituted, administered, maintained, or
11	otherwise distributed, including—
12	(A) whether the systems enhance
13	or detract from—
14	(i) the decentralization of the
15	decentralized finance; and
16	(ii) the inherent benefits and
17	risks of the decentralized govern-
18	ance system; and
19	(B) any procedures, requirements,
20	or best practices that would mitigate
21	the risks identified in subparagraph
22	(A)(ii);
23	(6) the benefits of decentralized fi-
24	nance including—

1	(A) operational resilience and
2	availability of blockchain systems;
3	(B) interoperability of blockchain
4	systems;
5	(C) market competition and inno-
6	vation;
7	(D) transaction efficiency;
8	(E) transparency and traceability
9	of transactions; and
10	(F) disintermediation;
11	(7) the risks of decentralized finance,
12	including—
13	(A) pseudonymity of users and
14	transactions;
15	(B) disintermediation; and
16	(C) cybersecurity vulnerabilities;
17	(8) the extent to which decentralized
18	finance has integrated with the tradi-
19	tional financial markets and any poten-
20	tial risks or improvements to the stability
21	of the markets;
22	(9) how the levels of illicit activity in
23	decentralized finance compare with the
24	levels of illicit activity in traditional fi-
25	nancial markets:

1	(10) methods for addressing illicit ac-
2	tivity in decentralized finance and tradi-
3	tional markets that are tailored to the
4	unique attributes of each;

- 5 (11) how decentralized finance may 6 increase the accessibility of cross-border 7 transactions; and
- 8 (12) the feasibility of embedding self-9 executing compliance and risk controls 10 into decentralized finance.
- 11 (b) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the 12 study required under subsection (a), the Com-13 modity Futures Trading Commission and the 14 Securities and Exchange Commission shall 15 consult with the Secretary of the Treasury on 16 the factors described under paragraphs (7) 17 through (10) of subsection (a).
- 18 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after 19 the date of enactment of this Act, the Com-20 modity Futures Trading Commission and the 21 Securities and Exchange Commission shall 22 jointly submit to the relevant congressional 23 committees a report that includes the results 24 of the study required by subsection (a).

1	(d) GAO STUDY.—The Comptroller General
2	of the United States shall—

- (1) carry out a study on decentralized finance that analyzes the information described under paragraphs (1) through (12) of subsection (a); and
  - (2) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the relevant congressional committees a report that includes the results of the study required by paragraph (1).

## (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

### (1) DECENTRALIZED FINANCE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "decentralized finance" means blockchain applications (including decentralized finance trading protocols and related decentralized finance messaging systems) that allow users to engage in financial transactions in a self-directed manner so that a third-party intermediary does not effectuate the transactions or take custody of digital commodities of a user during any part of the transactions.

1	(B) RELATIONSHIP TO EXCLUDED AC-
2	TIVITIES.—The term "decentralized fi-
3	nance" shall not be interpreted to
4	limit or exclude any activity from the
5	activities described in section 15I(a)
6	of the Securities Exchange Act of
7	1934 or section 4v(a) of the Com-
8	modity Exchange Act.
9	(2) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
10	TEES.—The term "relevant congressional
11	committees" means—
12	(A) the Committees on Financial
13	Services and Agriculture of the House
14	of Representatives; and
15	(B) the Committees on Banking,
16	Housing, and Urban Affairs and Agri-
17	culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of
18	the Senate.
19	SEC. 506. STUDY ON NON-FUNGIBLE TOKENS.
20	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General
21	of the United States shall carry out a study of
22	non-fungible tokens that analyzes—
23	(1) the nature, size, role, purpose, and
24	use of non-fungible tokens;

1	(2) the similarities and differences be-
2	tween non-fungible tokens and other dig-
3	ital commodities, including digital com-
4	modities and permitted payment
5	stablecoins, and how the markets for
6	those digital commodities intersect with
7	each other;
8	(3) how non-fungible tokens are mint-
9	ed by issuers and subsequently adminis-
10	tered to purchasers;
11	(4) how non-fungible tokens are
12	stored after being purchased by a con-
13	sumer;
14	(5) the interoperability of non-fun-
15	gible tokens between different
16	blockchain systems;
17	(6) the scalability of different non-
18	fungible tokens marketplaces;
19	(7) the benefits of non-fungible to-
20	kens, including verifiable digital owner-
21	ship;
22	(8) the risks of non-fungible tokens,
23	including—
24	(A) intellectual property rights;
25	(B) cybersecurity risks; and

1	(C) market risks;
2	(9) whether and how non-fungible to-
3	kens have integrated with traditional
4	marketplaces, including those for music,
5	real estate, gaming, events, and travel;
6	(10) whether and how non-fungible
7	tokens can be used to facilitate commerce
8	or other activities through the represen-
9	tation of documents, identification, con-
10	tracts, licenses, and other commercial,
11	government, or personal records;
12	(11) any potential risks to traditional
13	markets from such integration; and
14	(12) the levels and types of illicit ac-
15	tivity in non-fungible tokens markets.
16	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
17	the date of the enactment of this Act, the
18	Comptroller General, shall make publicly
19	available a report that includes the results of
20	the study required by subsection (a).
21	SEC. 507. STUDY ON EXPANDING FINANCIAL LITERACY
22	AMONGST DIGITAL COMMODITY HOLDERS.
23	(a) In General.—The Commodity Futures
24	Trading Commission with the Securities and

- 1 Exchange Commission shall jointly conduct a2 study to identify—
- (1) the existing level of financial literacy among retail digital commodity holders, including subgroups of investors identified by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with the Securities and Exchange Commission;
  - (2) methods to improve the timing, content, and format of financial literacy materials regarding digital commodities provided by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission;
  - (3) methods to improve coordination between the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with other agencies, including the Financial Literacy and Education Commission as well as non-profit organizations and State and local jurisdictions, to better disseminate financial literacy materials;
  - (4) the efficacy of current financial literacy efforts with a focus on rural com-

- munities and communities with majority
   minority populations;
  - (5) the most useful and understandable relevant information, including clear disclosures, that retail digital commodity holders need to make informed financial decisions before engaging with or purchasing a digital commodity or service that is typically sold to retail investors of digital commodities;
    - (6) the most effective public-private partnerships in providing financial literacy regarding digital commodities to consumers;
    - (7) the most relevant metrics to measure successful improvement of the financial literacy of an individual after engaging with financial literacy efforts; and
    - (8) in consultation with the Financial Literacy and Education Commission, a strategy (including to the extent practicable, measurable goals and objectives) to increase financial literacy of investors regarding digital commodities.

- 1 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
- 2 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Com-
- 3 modity Futures Trading Commission and the
- 4 Securities and Exchange Commission shall
- 5 jointly submit a written report on the study
- 6 required by subsection (a) to the Committees
- 7 on Financial Services and on Agriculture of
- 8 the House of Representatives and the Com-
- 9 mittees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
- 10 fairs and on Agriculture, Nutrition, and For-
- 11 estry of the Senate.
- 12 SEC. 508. STUDY ON FINANCIAL MARKET INFRASTRUCTURE
- 13 IMPROVEMENTS.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commodity Futures
- 15 Trading Commission and the Securities and
- 16 Exchange Commission shall jointly conduct a
- 17 study to assess whether additional guidance
- 18 or rules are necessary to facilitate the devel-
- 19 opment of tokenized securities and deriva-
- 20 tives products, and to the extent such guid-
- 21 ance or rules would foster the development of
- 22 fair and orderly financial markets, be nec-
- 23 essary or appropriate in the public interest,
- 24 and be consistent with the protection of in-
- 25 vestors and customers.

1	(b) REPORT.—
1	(b) <b>REPORT.</b> —

- (1) TIME LIMIT.—Not later than 1 year 2 3 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-4 sion and the Securities and Exchange 5 Commission shall jointly submit to the 6 7 relevant congressional committees a report that includes the results of the study 8 required by subsection (a). 9
- 10 **(2)** RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT11 TEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term
  12 "relevant congressional committees"
  13 means—
- 14 (A) the Committees on Financial 15 Services and on Agriculture of the 16 House of Representatives; and
- 17 (B) the Committees on Banking, 18 Housing, and Urban Affairs and on 19 Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry 20 of the Senate.
- 21 SEC. 509. STUDY ON BLOCKCHAIN IN PAYMENTS.
- 22 (a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the
- 23 Treasury shall conduct a study on the poten-
- 24 tial use of blockchain technology by the do-
- 25 mestic private sector to address—

1	(1) fraud in payments;
2	(2) transaction costs and transaction
3	times;
4	(3) automated payments; and
5	(4) efficiency in commercial trans-
6	actions.
7	(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
8	one year after the date of enactment of this
9	Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the
10	Committee on Financial Services of the House
11	of Representatives and the Committee on
12	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
13	Senate that summarizes the findings of the
14	study required under subsection (a).
15	(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
16	this section shall be construed to mandate the
17	use of blockchain technology by any public or
18	private entity.

# Union Calendar No. 134

119TH CONGRESS H. R. 3633

[Report No. 119-168, Parts I and II]

## BILL

To provide for a system of regulation of the offer and sale of digital commodities by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, and for other purposes.

June 23, 2025

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture with an amendment

June 23, 2025

Reported from the Committee on Financial Services with an amendment; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed