

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4558

To designate the area between the intersections of 16th Street Northwest and Fuller Street Northwest and 16th Street Northwest and Euclid Street Northwest in Washington, District of Columbia, as “Oswaldo Payá Way”.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 21, 2025

Mr. DIAZ-BALART (for himself, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. SALAZAR, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. SOTO, and Ms. MALLIOTAKIS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform

A BILL

To designate the area between the intersections of 16th Street Northwest and Fuller Street Northwest and 16th Street Northwest and Euclid Street Northwest in Washington, District of Columbia, as “Oswaldo Payá Way”.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress finds that—

5 (1) the revolution led by Fidel Castro in Cuba
6 in 1959 started over 6 decades of an ongoing dicta-
7 torship, systemic human rights abuses, and a lack of

1 basic freedom of press, religion, assembly, and asso-
2 ciation that continue to this day under the Com-
3 munist rule of Raúl Castro and his successor,
4 Miguel Díaz-Canel;

5 (2) Oswaldo Payá Sardiñas was a Cuban polit-
6 ical dissident and activist dedicated to promoting
7 democratic freedoms and human rights in Cuba;

8 (3) the Communist Party of Cuba has always
9 viewed individuals with a commitment to democracy
10 and freedom as a threat to the existence of the Com-
11 munist Party of Cuba;

12 (4) on July 22, 2012, a violent car crash, wide-
13 ly believed to have been carried out by the Castro re-
14 gime, took the lives of Oswaldo Payá and Harold
15 Cepero, another democratic activist;

16 (5) Cuba's official investigation into the crash
17 has been demonstrated to be compromised, and the
18 Cuban regime has blocked all efforts to conduct a
19 credible and independent investigation into the
20 crash, leaving the circumstances of the death of
21 Oswaldo Payá unknown;

22 (6) opposition by Oswaldo Payá to the Com-
23 munist Party of Cuba began at a young age, when
24 he refused to become a member of the Young Com-
25 munist League as a primary school student, and

1 continued through high school, when he publicly
2 criticized the invasion of Czechoslovakia by the So-
3 viet Union;

4 (7) the Communist Party of Cuba responded to
5 the opposition by Oswaldo Payá to the invasion of
6 Czechoslovakia by the Soviet Union by sending
7 Oswaldo Payá to a labor camp for 3 years;

8 (8) Oswaldo Payá forewent a chance to escape
9 Cuba in the 1980 Mariel boatlift, deciding instead to
10 continue the fight for democracy in Cuba, saying,
11 “This is what I am supposed to be, this is what I
12 have to do.”;

13 (9) by creating the Varela Project in 1998,
14 Oswaldo Payá demonstrated his staunch commit-
15 ment to peacefully advocating for freedom of speech
16 and freedom of assembly for his fellow Cubans;

17 (10) in recognition of his determination for po-
18 litical reforms through peaceful protests, Oswaldo
19 Payá was awarded the Sakharov Prize for Freedom
20 of Thought by the European Parliament in 2002
21 and the W. Averell Harriman Democracy Award
22 from the National Democratic Institute for Inter-
23 national Affairs in 2003 and was nominated for the
24 Nobel Peace Prize by former Czech President
25 Va1clav Havel in 2005;

1 (11) on April 11, 2018, the Senate unanimously
 2 passed S. Res. 224, recognizing the sixth anniver-
 3 sary of the death of Oswaldo Payá Sardiñas, com-
 4 memorating his legacy and commitment to demo-
 5 cratic values and principles, and calling on the
 6 Cuban Government to allow an impartial, third-
 7 party investigation into the circumstances sur-
 8 rounding his death; and

9 (12) renaming the street in front of the Em-
 10 bassy of Cuba in the District of Columbia after
 11 Oswaldo Payá serves as an expression of solidarity
 12 between the people of the United States and the peo-
 13 ple of Cuba, who are engaged in a long, nonviolent
 14 struggle for fundamental human rights.

15 **SEC. 2. DESIGNATION OF OSWALDO PAYÁ WAY.**

16 (a) DESIGNATION OF WAY.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The area between the inter-
 18 sections of 16th Street Northwest and Fuller Street
 19 Northwest and 16th Street Northwest and Euclid
 20 Street Northwest in Washington, District of Colum-
 21 bia, shall be known and designated as “Oswaldo
 22 Payá Way”.

23 (2) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law,
 24 map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of
 25 the United States to the area referred to in para-

1 graph (1) shall be deemed to be a reference to
2 Oswaldo Payá Way.

3 (b) DESIGNATION OF ADDRESS.—

4 (1) DESIGNATION.—The address of 2630 16th
5 Street Northwest, Washington, District of Columbia,
6 shall be redesignated as 2630 Oswaldo Payá Way.

7 (2) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law,
8 map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of
9 the United States to the address referred to in para-
10 graph (1) shall be deemed to be a reference to 2630
11 Oswaldo Payá Way.

12 (c) SIGNS.—The District of Columbia shall construct
13 2 street signs that shall—

14 (1) contain the phrase “Oswaldo Payá Way”;

15 (2) be placed immediately above existing signs
16 at the intersections of 16th Street Northwest and
17 Fuller Street Northwest and 16th Street Northwest
18 and Euclid Street Northwest in Washington, District
19 of Columbia; and

20 (3) be similar in design to the signs used by the
21 District of Columbia to designate the location of
22 Metro stations.

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