

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 4953

To authorize a civil right of action for individuals on whom gender-related medical treatment was performed while such individual was a minor, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

AUGUST 12, 2025

Ms. MACE introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To authorize a civil right of action for individuals on whom gender-related medical treatment was performed while such individual was a minor, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Gender-Affirming
5 Child Abuse Prevention Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. CIVIL RIGHT OF ACTION RELATED TO GENDER-RE-
7 LATED MEDICAL TREATMENT.**

8 (a) CIVIL ACTION.—

9 (1) RIGHT OF ACTION.—

10 (B) RIGHTS ON BEHALF OF CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS.—In the case of an individual who is
11 under 18 years of age, incompetent, incapacitated, or deceased, the legal guardian of the individual or representative of the individual's estate, another family member, or any other person appointed as suitable by the court, may assume the individual's rights under this section.
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(3) CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED.—For the purposes of paragraph (1), the circumstances described in this paragraph are that—

22 (D) the defendant transmitted in interstate
23 or foreign commerce any communication relat-
24 ing to or in furtherance of the conduct de-
25 scribed in paragraph (1) using any means,

1 channel, facility, or instrumentality of interstate
2 or foreign commerce or in or affecting inter-
3 state or foreign commerce by any means or in
4 manner, including by computer, mail, wire, or
5 electromagnetic transmission;

6 (E) any instrument, item, substance, or
7 other object that has traveled in interstate or
8 foreign commerce was used to perform the con-
9 duct described in paragraph (1);

10 (F) the conduct described in paragraph (1)
11 occurred within the special maritime and terri-
12 torial jurisdiction of the United States, or any
13 territory or possession of the United States; or

14 (G) the conduct described in paragraph (1)
15 otherwise occurred in or affected interstate or
16 foreign commerce.

17 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

18 (1) GENDER-RELATED MEDICAL TREATMENT.—

19 The term “gender-related medical treatment”—

20 (A) means—

21 (i) with respect to a female individual,
22 medical treatments provided for purposes
23 of addressing the perception of such indi-
24 vidual that the gender or sex of such indi-
25 vidual is not female, including—

(I) surgical procedures, including—

3 (aa) vaginectomy;

4 (bb) hysterectomy;

5 (cc) oophorectomy;

6 (dd) reconstruction of the

7 urethra;

8 (ee) metoidioplasty;

9 (ff) phalloplasty;

10 (gg) salpingo-oophorectomy;

11 (hh) scrotoplasty;

(ii) implantation of erection

or testicular prostheses;

14 (jj) subcutaneous mastec-

15 tomy;

16 (kk) vocal cord surgery;

17 (ll) pectoral implants; and

18 (mm) penile transplantation;

19 (II) exogenous doses

20 terone or other androgens;

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23 (aa) GnRH agonists; and

(bb) synthetic drugs that

gen and progesterone or delay or suppress pubertal development in female individuals; and

(IV) such other medical treat-
t, identified by the Secretary of
Health and Human Services, that
be provided for purposes of ad-
sing the perception of such indi-
vidual that the gender or sex of such
individual is not male.

with respect to a male individual,
treatments provided for purposes
of changing the perception of such indi-
vidual as to the gender or sex of such indi-
vidual, not male, including—

(I) surgical procedures, includ-

(aa) penectomy;

(bb) orchectomy;

(cc) vaginoplasty;

(dd) clitoroplasty;

(ee) vulvoplasty;

(ff) augmentation
mammoplasty;

(gg) facial feminization surgery;

(hh) vocal cord surgery;

(ii) chondrolaryngoplasty;

(jj) gluteal augmentation;

and

(kk) uterine transplantation;

(II) exogenous doses of estrogen;

(III) puberty blockers, including—

(aa) GnRH agonists; and

(bb) synthetic drugs that suppress the production of testosterone or delay or suppress pubertal development in male individuals; and

(IV) such other medical treatment, identified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, that may be provided for purposes of addressing the perception of such individual that the gender or sex of such individual is not male.

(B) does not include any medical treatment performed on an individual for the purposes of treating—

(i) a disorder of sex development, diagnosed by a physician after such physician has determined through genetic or biochemical testing that such individual does not have normal sex chromosome structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action;

(ii) irresolvably ambiguous biological sex characteristics of such individual, including the presence of—

(I) 46 XX chromosomes with
virilization;

(II) 46 XY chromosomes with undervirilization; or

(III) both ovarian and testicular tissue; or

(iii) an infection, injury, disease, or disorder caused or exacerbated by gender-related medical treatment that was furnished to an individual.

1 (2) SEX.—The term “sex” means the biological
2 determination as to whether an individual is male or
3 female, as such terms are defined in this section.

4 (3) GENDER.—The term “gender”—

5 (A) means—

6 (i) males, females, or the natural dif-
7 ferences between males and females, unless
8 such term is otherwise specified or used
9 alone (rather than with or as an adjective
10 modifying other words); and

11 (ii) a synonym for sex; and

12 (B) does not mean a synonym for terms or
13 ideas such as gender identity, experienced gen-
14 der, gender expression, or gender roles.

15 (4) FEMALE.—The term “female” means an in-
16 dividual who naturally has, had, will have, or would
17 have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or
18 historical accident, the reproductive system that at
19 some point produces, transports, and utilizes eggs
20 for fertilization.

21 (5) MALE.—The term “male” means an indi-
22 vidual who naturally has, had, will have, or would
23 have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or
24 historical accident, the reproductive system that at

1 some point produces, transports, and utilizes sperm
2 for fertilization.

3 (6) MINOR.—The term “minor” means an individual under the age of 18.

