

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 6636

To advance sensible priorities.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 11, 2025

Mr. FITZPATRICK introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Natural Resources, Education and Workforce, Transportation and Infrastructure, Science, Space, and Technology, Agriculture, Appropriations, Armed Services, the Budget, Rules, Ethics, Financial Services, Foreign Affairs, Homeland Security, House Administration, the Judiciary, Intelligence (Permanent Select), Oversight and Government Reform, Small Business, and Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To advance sensible priorities.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Table of contents.

TITLE I—MARKET CHOICE ACT

Sec. 101. Short title.

Sec. 102. Findings.

Subtitle A—Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Sec. 10101. Treatment of domestic greenhouse gas emissions.

Sec. 10102. Border greenhouse gas adjustments.

Subtitle B—Distribution of Revenues From Taxation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions

CHAPTER 1—REBUILDING INFRASTRUCTURE AND SOLUTIONS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT TRUST FUND

Sec. 10201. Establishment of the RISE Trust Fund.

Sec. 10202. Appropriations from the RISE Trust Fund.

Sec. 10203. State grants.

CHAPTER 2—CERTAIN MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES

Sec. 10211. Repeal of Federal motor vehicle and aviation fuel taxes.

Sec. 10212. Modifications of qualifying advanced coal project credit.

Subtitle C—Amendments to Other Laws

CHAPTER 1—AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES

Sec. 10301. Amendments to the Clean Air Act.

Sec. 10302. Frequent and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects.

Sec. 10303. No preemption of State law.

CHAPTER 2—ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR

Sec. 10321. Assistance to displaced workers in the energy sector.

Subtitle D—National Climate Commission

Sec. 10401. Establishment of Commission.

Sec. 10402. Duties of Commission.

Sec. 10403. Powers of Commission.

Sec. 10404. Funding for the activities of the Commission.

Sec. 10405. Staff of the Commission.

TITLE II—KO CANCER ACT

Sec. 201. Short title.

Sec. 202. Increasing NCI budget for cancer research.

Sec. 203. Report to Congress on cancer drug shortages.

TITLE III—COORDINATOR FOR ENGAGEMENT WITH PFAS-IMPACTED DEFENSE COMMUNITIES

Sec. 301. Coordinator for engagement for PFAS-impacted defense communities.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL BIPARTISAN FISCAL COMMISSION

Sec. 401. Establishment of National Bipartisan Fiscal Commission.

Sec. 402. Consideration of Commission recommendations in Congress.

TITLE V—RESTRICTION OF TRADING AND OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Sec. 501. Restriction.

TITLE VI—SANCTIONING RUSSIA ACT

Sec. 601. Short title.

Sec. 602. Definitions.

Sec. 603. Covered determination.

Sec. 604. Imposition of sanctions on certain persons affiliated with or supporting the Government of the Russian Federation.

Sec. 605. Imposition of sanctions with respect to financial institutions affiliated with the Government of the Russian Federation.

Sec. 606. Imposition of sanctions with respect to other entities owned by or affiliated with the Government of the Russian Federation.

Sec. 607. Prohibition on transfers of funds involving the Russian Federation.

Sec. 608. Prohibition on listing or trading of Russian entities on United States securities exchanges.

Sec. 609. Prohibition on investments by United States financial institutions that benefit the Government of the Russian Federation.

Sec. 610. Prohibition on energy exports to, and investments in energy sector of, the Russian Federation.

Sec. 611. Prohibition on purchases of sovereign debt of the Russian Federation by United States persons.

Sec. 612. Prohibition on provision of services to sanctioned financial institutions by international financial messaging systems.

Sec. 613. Prohibition on importing, and sanctions with respect to, uranium from the Russian Federation.

Sec. 614. Increases in duties on goods and services imported from the Russian Federation.

Sec. 615. Imposition of CAATSA sanctions.

Sec. 616. Duties on countries that purchase Russian-origin oil, uranium, and petroleum products.

Sec. 617. Exceptions.

Sec. 618. Implementation; penalties.

Sec. 619. Termination authority; reimposition of sanctions.

TITLE VII—SAFER SCHOOLS ACT

Sec. 701. Short title.

Sec. 702. Installation or modification of interior and exterior doors in schools.

TITLE VIII—LET AMERICA VOTE ACT

Sec. 801. Short title.

Sec. 802. Requiring States to permit unaffiliated voters to vote in primary elections.

Sec. 803. Prohibiting noncitizens from voting.

TITLE IX—REVIEW OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE SHARING WITH UKRAINE

Sec. 901. Review of certain intelligence sharing with Ukraine.

TITLE X—FAIRNESS TO VETERAN SMALL BUSINESSES FOR
INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT ACT

Sec. 1001. Disadvantaged business enterprises.

TITLE XI—JUSTICE FOR ALS VETERANS ACT

Sec. 1101. Short title.

Sec. 1102. Extension of increased dependency and indemnity compensation to surviving spouses of veterans who die from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

Sec. 1103. Report on additional medical conditions.

1 **TITLE I—MARKET CHOICE ACT**

2 **SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.**

3 This title may be cited as the “Modernizing America
4 with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-
5 first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Ex-
6 pansion Act” or the “MARKET CHOICE Act”.

7 **SEC. 102. FINDINGS.**

8 Congress finds that—

9 (1) roads, bridges, airports, and urban trans-
10 portation systems are essential to the economic and
11 national security of the United States;

12 (2) there is a chronic shortfall in funding for
13 the maintenance of highways, bridges, and other
14 critical infrastructure;

15 (3) strategic investments in new infrastructure
16 will allow for economic growth and dynamism in the
17 21st century;

18 (4) there has been a marked increase in ex-
19 treme weather events and the negative impacts of a

1 changing climate are expected to worsen in every re-
 2 gion of the United States;

3 (5) if left unaddressed, the consequences of a
 4 changing climate have the potential to adversely im-
 5 pact the health of all Americans, harm the economy,
 6 and impose substantial costs on local, State, and
 7 Federal budgets;

8 (6) efforts to reduce climate risk should protect
 9 our Nation’s economy, security, infrastructure, agri-
 10 culture, water supply, public health, and public safe-
 11 ty; and

12 (7) there is bipartisan support for pursuing ef-
 13 forts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through
 14 economically viable, broadly supported private and
 15 public policies and solutions.

16 **Subtitle A—Greenhouse Gas** 17 **Emissions**

18 **SEC. 10101. TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC GREENHOUSE GAS** 19 **EMISSIONS.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Internal Revenue Code of
 21 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
 22 subtitle:

“Subtitle L—Greenhouse Gas Emissions

“Part 1—Taxation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions

“Sec. 9901. Imposition of tax on combusted fossil fuel greenhouse gas emis-
 sions.

“Sec. 9902. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain indus-
 trial processes.

“Sec. 9903. Imposition of tax on greenhouse gas emissions from certain product uses.

“Sec. 9904. Calculation of taxable emissions.

“Sec. 9905. Credit for State payments.

“Sec. 9906. Penalties for nonpayment.

“Sec. 9907. Definitions.

1 **“SEC. 9901. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON COMBUSTED FOSSIL**
 2 **FUEL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.**

3 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
 4 on fossil fuels produced within, or imported into, the
 5 United States.

6 “(b) RATE OF TAX.—

7 “(1) GREENHOUSE GASES THAT WOULD BE RE-
 8 LEASED IF THE FOSSIL FUEL WERE COMBUSTED.—
 9 The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be the appli-
 10 cable amount per ton of carbon dioxide equivalent of
 11 all greenhouse gasses that would be released if the
 12 fossil fuel were combusted.

13 “(2) APPLICABLE AMOUNT OF CARBON DIOXIDE
 14 EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS.—For purposes of para-
 15 graph (1), the term ‘applicable amount’ means—

16 “(A) for calendar year 2027, \$35 per met-
 17 ric ton of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions,
 18 and

19 “(B) for each calendar year after 2027,
 20 the tax rate shall be the sum of—

21 “(i) the previous calendar year’s tax
 22 rate, plus

1 “(ii) the sum of—

2 “(I) 5 percentage points, plus

3 “(II) a percentage increase in the
4 previous year’s tax rate equal to the
5 increase in the Consumer Price Index
6 for the previous calendar year.

7 “(3) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ANY CAL-
8 ENDAR YEAR.—For purposes of subparagraph (B),
9 the Consumer Price Index for the previous calendar
10 year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for
11 all-urban consumers published by the Department of
12 Labor as of the close of the 12-month period ending
13 on August 31 of such calendar year. For purposes
14 of the preceding sentence, the revision of the Con-
15 sumer Price Index which is most consistent with the
16 Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1986 shall
17 be used.

18 “(4) RATE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON EMISSION
19 LEVELS.—

20 “(A) REPORT.—Not later than March 30,
21 2028, and annually thereafter, the Secretary
22 and the Administrator shall jointly report the
23 emissions during the calendar year ending on
24 the preceding December 31 from sources sub-
25 ject to taxation under this part. The report

1 shall determine whether the cumulative amount
2 of annual emissions reported for the period be-
3 ginning in calendar year 2027 and through the
4 end of the preceding calendar year were less
5 than the emissions levels specified in the fol-
6 lowing schedule:

7 “(i) The total emissions through cal-
8 endar year 2027 are 4,700 million metric
9 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

10 “(ii) The total emissions through cal-
11 endar year 2028 are 9,400 million metric
12 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

13 “(iii) The total emissions through cal-
14 endar year 2029 are 14,000 million metric
15 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

16 “(iv) The total emissions through cal-
17 endar year 2030 are 18,300 million metric
18 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

19 “(v) The total emissions through cal-
20 endar year 2031 are 22,600 million metric
21 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

22 “(vi) The total emissions through cal-
23 endar year 2032 are 26,800 million metric
24 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

1 “(vii) The total emissions through cal-
2 endar year 2033 are 31,000 million metric
3 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

4 “(viii) The total emissions through
5 calendar year 2034 are 35,100 million
6 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

7 “(ix) The total emissions through cal-
8 endar year 2035 are 39,100 million metric
9 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

10 “(x) The total emissions through cal-
11 endar year 2036 are 43,100 million metric
12 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

13 “(xi) The total emissions through cal-
14 endar year 2037 are 47,100 million metric
15 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

16 “(B) ADJUSTMENTS FOR REPORT PE-
17 RIOD.—

18 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
19 March 30, 2029, and every two years
20 thereafter, the Secretary shall determine
21 whether an adjustment is required in ac-
22 cordance with clause (ii).

23 “(ii) PERIOD THROUGH 2036.—If the
24 emission level reported under subpara-
25 graph (A) for calendar year 2028, and

1 every second calendar year thereafter
2 through calendar year 2038, exceeds the
3 level for such calendar year specified in
4 clauses (i) through (xi) of subparagraph
5 (A), then the applicable amount under
6 paragraph (2) for the calendar year begin-
7 ning on the next January 1 following the
8 determination in clause (i) shall, after the
9 increase under paragraph (2) for such next
10 calendar year, be increased by an addi-
11 tional \$4 per metric ton.

12 “(c) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
13 section (a) shall be paid by the owner of the fossil fuel
14 at the point of taxation.

15 “(d) POINT OF TAXATION.—

16 “(1) For fossil fuels produced within the United
17 States, the point of taxation shall be—

18 “(A) for coal, the mine mouth or, for
19 washed coal, the exit from the coal preparation
20 and processing plant,

21 “(B) for petroleum products, the exit point
22 from the refinery, and

23 “(C) for natural gas, the exit from the gas
24 processing plant or, for natural gas that is not
25 treated at a gas processing plant, the point of

1 sale to the person who combusts the gas or in-
2 corporates it into a product that is not intended
3 for combustion.

4 “(2) For any fossil fuel imported into the
5 United States, the point of taxation shall be the
6 point at which it first enters the United States.

7 “(e) EXEMPTIONS.—

8 “(1) EXEMPTION FOR NONCOMBUSTIVE
9 USES.—

10 “(A) REFUND FOR REDUCTION OR ELIMI-
11 NATION OF EMISSIONS.—Any manufacturer of a
12 product that incorporates a fossil fuel that has
13 been taxed under this section who can dem-
14 onstrate to the Secretary that the fossil fuel has
15 been transformed via the manufacture of the
16 product so that the fossil fuel’s emissions will
17 be reduced or eliminated over the product’s life-
18 time shall be entitled to a refund of the tax
19 paid under this section on the proportion of the
20 emissions reduced thereby, as determined by
21 the Secretary.

22 “(B) RULE.—The Secretary, in consulta-
23 tion with the Administrator, shall establish by
24 rule the criteria and process by which product

1 manufacturers can demonstrate that the condi-
2 tions in subparagraph (A) have been satisfied.

3 “(C) PUBLICATION OF REGULATIONS.—

4 The Secretary shall publish the regulations re-
5 quired by this subsection no later than one year
6 prior to the start of the calendar year referred
7 to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary may
8 not collect the tax imposed by this section for
9 any calendar year that begins less than one
10 year after the regulations are published.

11 “(2) EXEMPTION FOR CARBON CAPTURE AND
12 STORAGE.—

13 “(A) REFUND FOR SEQUESTERS.—Any
14 person who sequesters greenhouse gas emissions
15 resulting from the combustion of fossil fuel that
16 has passed through a point of taxation shall be
17 entitled to a refund of the tax imposed by this
18 section. Emissions that are used for enhanced
19 oil recovery shall be entitled for such refund
20 provided that these emissions meet all of the
21 criteria applicable to other emissions that qual-
22 ify for such refund.

23 “(B) RULE.—The Secretary shall establish
24 by rule the procedures by which to apply for
25 such refunds and such refunds shall be paid

1 within six months of the Secretary receiving an
2 approvable application.

3 “(C) TIME OF REFUND.—The Secretary
4 may not refund any amounts under this para-
5 graph until such time as the Secretary has pub-
6 lished the regulations described in section
7 45Q(f)(2).

8 **“SEC. 9902. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS**
9 **EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL**
10 **PROCESSES.**

11 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
12 on industrial process greenhouse gas emissions by certain
13 source categories.

14 “(b) LIST OF SOURCE CATEGORIES.—

15 “(1) INITIAL LIST.—The Congress establishes
16 for purposes of this section a list of source cat-
17 egories subject to this section as follows:

18 “(A) Iron and steel production and met-
19 allurgical coke production.

20 “(B) Underground coal mining.

21 “(C) Coal preparation and processing
22 plants.

23 “(D) Refineries.

24 “(E) Cement production.

25 “(F) Petrochemical production.

- 1 “(G) Lime production.
- 2 “(H) Ammonia production.
- 3 “(I) Aluminum production.
- 4 “(J) Soda ash production.
- 5 “(K) Ferroalloy production.
- 6 “(L) Phosphoric acid production.
- 7 “(M) Glass production.
- 8 “(N) Zinc production.
- 9 “(O) Lead production.
- 10 “(P) Magnesium production and proc-
- 11 essing.
- 12 “(Q) Nitric acid production.
- 13 “(R) Adipic acid production.
- 14 “(S) Semiconductor manufacture.
- 15 “(T) Electrical transmission and distribu-
- 16 tion.
- 17 “(2) REVISION OF THE LIST.—The Adminis-
- 18 trator shall review the list of source categories estab-
- 19 lished by this subsection not less than once every
- 20 five years to determine if they should continue to be
- 21 listed and publish the results of that review. The Ad-
- 22 ministrator may, if appropriate, add any source cat-
- 23 egories to this list by rule.

1 “(3) REMOVAL OF A SOURCE CATEGORY FROM
2 THE LIST.—The Administrator may remove a source
3 category from this list only if—

4 “(A) the total emissions from the entire
5 source category which are taxable under this
6 section have been less than 250,000 metric tons
7 of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for each
8 of three consecutive years,

9 “(B) the average emissions from facilities
10 in the source category which are taxable under
11 this section have been less than 25,000 metric
12 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year for
13 each of the years referred in subparagraph (A),
14 and

15 “(C) the Administrator determines that
16 there is no reasonable possibility that the total
17 emissions from the entire source category which
18 are taxable under this section will exceed
19 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide
20 equivalent within any of the five years following
21 such determination.

22 “(4) ADDITION OF A SOURCE CATEGORY TO
23 THE LIST.—The Administrator may add a source
24 category to this list only if the Administrator deter-
25 mines that—

1 “(A) the total emissions from the entire
2 source category which are taxable under this
3 section have been greater than 250,000 metric
4 tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in
5 any two years out of the preceding five years,

6 “(B) the average emissions from facilities
7 in the source category which are taxable under
8 this section have been greater than 25,000 met-
9 ric tons per year of carbon dioxide equivalent in
10 the years in which emissions from the entire
11 source category have been greater than 250,000
12 tons per year, and

13 “(C) there is a reasonable possibility that
14 the total emissions from the entire source cat-
15 egory which are taxable under this section will
16 be greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of
17 carbon dioxide equivalent in any year within the
18 next five years following such determination.

19 “(c) RATE OF TAX.—The rate of tax shall be the
20 same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).

21 “(d) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
22 section (a) shall be paid by the owner or operator of the
23 point of taxation.

24 “(e) POINT OF TAXATION.—The point of taxation
25 shall be any facility in a source category which emits more

1 than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent sub-
 2 ject to taxation under this section in any calendar year.

3 **“SEC. 9903. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON GREENHOUSE GAS**
 4 **EMISSIONS FROM CERTAIN PRODUCT USES.**

5 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed a tax
 6 on non-fossil-fuel-greenhouse-gas emissions by certain
 7 manufactured products when used for their intended pur-
 8 poses that are manufactured within or imported into, the
 9 United States.

10 “(b) LIST OF PRODUCTS.—

11 “(1) INITIAL LIST.—The Congress establishes
 12 for purposes of this section a list of products subject
 13 to this section as follows:

14 “(A) Fuel ethanol.

15 “(B) Industrial carbonates.

16 “(C) Carbon dioxide urea.

17 “(D) Soda ash.

18 “(E) Nitrous oxide.

19 “(F) Ozone depleting substances, but not
 20 if the United States has ratified the Kigali
 21 Amendment to the Montreal Protocol and is
 22 subject to Article 2J, paragraph 1 of the
 23 Amended Montreal Protocol.

24 “(G) Biodiesel.

25 “(H) Solid biomass fuels.

1 “(2) REVISION OF THE LIST.—The Adminis-
2 trator shall review the list of products established by
3 this subsection not less than once every five years to
4 determine if they should continue to be listed and
5 publish the results of that review. The Administrator
6 may, if appropriate, add any product to this list by
7 rule.

8 “(3) REMOVAL OF A PRODUCT FROM THE
9 LIST.—The Administrator may remove a product
10 from this list only if—

11 “(A) the total emissions from all of the
12 product used within the United States has been
13 less than 250,000 metric tons per year of car-
14 bon dioxide equivalent for each of three con-
15 secutive years, and

16 “(B) the Administrator determines that
17 there is no reasonable possibility that the total
18 emissions from all of the product used in the
19 United States will exceed 250,000 metric tons
20 per year of carbon dioxide equivalent within any
21 of the five years following such determination.

22 “(4) ADDITION OF A PRODUCT TO THE LIST.—
23 The Administrator may add a product to this list
24 only if the Administrator determines that—

1 “(A) the total emissions from all of the
2 product used within the United States has been
3 greater than 250,000 metric tons per year of
4 carbon dioxide equivalent in any two years out
5 of the preceding five years, and

6 “(B) there is a reasonable possibility that
7 the total emissions from all of the product used
8 within the United States will be greater than
9 250,000 metric tons per year of carbon dioxide
10 equivalent in any year within the next five years
11 following such determination.

12 “(c) RATE OF TAX.—The rate of tax shall be the
13 same as the rate given in section 9901(b)(2).

14 “(d) BY WHOM PAID.—The tax imposed by sub-
15 section (a) shall be paid—

16 “(1) for products manufactured in the United
17 States, by the owner or operator of the point of tax-
18 ation, and

19 “(2) for products imported into the United
20 States, by the owner of the product when it enters
21 the United States.

22 “(e) POINT OF TAXATION.—The point of taxation
23 shall be—

24 “(1) for products manufactured in the United
25 States, the manufacturing facility,

1 “(2) for products imported into the United
2 States, the point at which it first enters the United
3 States, and

4 “(3) for domestically produced biomass fuel by
5 a facility that emits from combusted biomass fuel
6 more than 25,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
7 equivalent greenhouse gases in a year, the facility
8 that combusts the biomass fuel.

9 **“SEC. 9904. CALCULATION OF TAXABLE EMISSIONS.**

10 “(a) HOW TO CALCULATE TAXABLE EMISSIONS.—
11 In consultation with the Department of Energy, the Ad-
12 ministrator shall establish by rule (and may, from time
13 to time, revise) the method by which taxable emissions
14 under this part shall be calculated.

15 “(b) CATEGORIES AND SUBCATEGORIES CONSID-
16 ERED.—For purposes of calculating emissions taxable
17 under—

18 “(1) section 9901, the Administrator shall de-
19 termine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equiv-
20 alent that would be emitted if each fossil fuel were
21 combusted, and the Administrator may establish by
22 rule such subcategories of each fuel and the means
23 by which it is combusted as the Administrator deems
24 appropriate,

1 “(2) section 9902, the Administrator may de-
2 termine by rule such subcategories of any industrial
3 process category listed in subsection 9902(b) as the
4 Administrator deems appropriate, and

5 “(3) section 9903, for fuel ethanol, biodiesel,
6 and solid biomass fuels the Administrator shall de-
7 termine by rule the amount of carbon dioxide equiv-
8 alent that would be emitted based on the lifecycle
9 greenhouse gas emissions of the product (excluding
10 emissions from fossil fuels that have passed through
11 a point of taxation), and the Administrator may de-
12 termine by rule such subcategories of manufactured
13 products listed in subsection 9903(b) as the Admin-
14 istrator deems appropriate.

15 “(c) METHODS.—Where greenhouse gas emissions
16 subject to taxation under any section of this part are com-
17 bined with greenhouse gas emissions subject to taxation
18 under any other section of this part, the Administrator
19 shall ensure, to the greatest degree possible, that the
20 methods required to determine the emissions taxable
21 under any section of this part do not include any emissions
22 taxable under any other section of this part.

23 “(d) METHOD COST DIFFERENCES.—The Adminis-
24 trator shall not require the use of any method to calculate
25 taxable emissions whereby the difference in cost of the

1 method compared to the next cheapest alternative method
2 is greater than the amount of the tax that would be paid
3 on the additional emissions determined by the more expen-
4 sive method.

5 “(e) PUBLICATION OF REGULATIONS.—The Adminis-
6 trator shall publish the regulations required by this section
7 no later than one year prior to the start of the calendar
8 year referred to in section 9901(b)(2)(A). The Secretary
9 may not collect the tax imposed by any section in this part
10 for any calendar year that begins less than one year after
11 the regulations applicable to each such section are pub-
12 lished.

13 **“SEC. 9905. CREDIT FOR STATE PAYMENTS.**

14 “(a) CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall
15 allow any person who is required to make payment for
16 greenhouse gas emissions under this part a credit for pay-
17 ments made on those emissions required under any State
18 law in the following manner:

19 “(1) For the year given in section 9901(b)(2),
20 a credit equal to 100 percent of the amount paid
21 pursuant to requirements of State law.

22 “(2) For the first year following the year used
23 in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 80 percent of the
24 amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.

1 “(3) For the second year following the year
2 used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 60 percent
3 of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of
4 State law.

5 “(4) For the third year following the year used
6 in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 40 percent of the
7 amount paid pursuant to requirements of State law.

8 “(5) For the fourth year following the year
9 used in paragraph (1), a credit equal to 20 percent
10 of the amount paid pursuant to requirements of
11 State law.

12 “(b) NO CREDIT.—For all years following the year
13 used in paragraph (5), no credit shall be allowed.

14 **“SEC. 9906. PENALTIES FOR NONPAYMENT.**

15 “Any person who fails to comply with the require-
16 ments of section 9901, 9902, or 9903 shall be liable for
17 payment to the Secretary, without demand, of a penalty
18 in the amount equal to 3 times the applicable amount
19 specified by those sections for the same tax year as the
20 year in which the person failed to comply with such re-
21 quirements.

22 **“SEC. 9907. DEFINITIONS.**

23 “Unless otherwise provided, the definitions provided
24 herein are applicable to all provisions of this subtitle.

1 “(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term ‘Adminis-
2 trator’ means the Administrator of the Environ-
3 mental Protection Agency.

4 “(2) CARDON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The
5 term ‘carbon dioxide equivalent’ means the number
6 of metric tons of CO2 emissions with the same glob-
7 al warming potential over a 100-year period as one
8 metric ton of another greenhouse gas.

9 “(3) COAL.—The term ‘coal’ means any of the
10 recognized classifications and ranks of coal, includ-
11 ing anthracite, bituminous, semibituminous, subbitu-
12 minous, lignite, and peat.

13 “(4) COAL PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
14 PLANT.—The term ‘coal preparation and processing
15 plant’ means any facility (excluding underground
16 mining operations) which prepares coal by one or
17 more of the following processes: breaking, crushing,
18 screening, wet or dry cleaning, and thermal drying.

19 “(5) ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY.—The term
20 ‘enhanced oil recovery’ has the meaning defined at
21 section 1.193–1(b)(2) of title 26, Code of Federal
22 Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of
23 this section.

24 “(6) FACILITY.—The term ‘facility’ means any
25 physical property, plant, building, structure, source,

1 or stationary equipment located on one or more con-
2 tiguous or adjacent properties in actual physical con-
3 tact or separated solely by a public roadway or other
4 public right-of-way and under common ownership or
5 common control, that emits or may emit any green-
6 house gas.

7 “(7) FOSSIL FUEL.—The term ‘fossil fuel’
8 means coal, petroleum products, or natural gas.

9 “(8) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term ‘greenhouse
10 gas’ means carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane,
11 hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur
12 hexafluoride.

13 “(9) GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECTS.—The term
14 ‘greenhouse gas effects’ means the adverse effects of
15 greenhouse gasses on health or welfare caused by
16 the greenhouse gas’s heat-trapping potential or its
17 effect on ocean acidification.

18 “(10) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMIS-
19 SIONS.—The term ‘lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
20 sions’ has the meaning given that term in section
21 211 of the Clear Air Act.

22 “(11) NATURAL GAS.—The term ‘natural gas’
23 means any fuel consisting in whole or in part of nat-
24 ural gas, including components of natural gas such
25 as methane and ethane; liquid petroleum gas; syn-

1 thetic gas derived from coal, petroleum, or natural
2 gas liquids; or any mixture of natural gas and syn-
3 thetic gas.

4 “(12) PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.—The term ‘pe-
5 troleum products’ means unfinished oils, liquefied
6 petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline,
7 motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type
8 jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil,
9 petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubri-
10 cants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still
11 gas, and miscellaneous products obtained from the
12 processing of crude oil (including lease condensate),
13 natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. The
14 term does not include natural gas, liquefied natural
15 gas, biofuels, methanol, and other nonpetroleum
16 fuels.

17 “(13) PUBLISH.—The term ‘publish’ means
18 publication in the Federal Register.

19 “(14) REFINERY.—The term ‘refinery’ means
20 any facility engaged in producing gasoline, kerosene,
21 distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, lubricants, or
22 other products through distillation of petroleum or
23 through redistillation, cracking, or reforming of un-
24 finished petroleum derivatives.

1 “(15) OWNER.—The term ‘owner’ with respect
2 to any fossil fuel means any person who has legal
3 title to the fossil fuel.

4 “(16) OWNER OR OPERATOR.—The term ‘owner
5 or operator’ with respect to any fossil fuel means
6 any person who has legal title to the fossil fuel.

7 “(17) SEQUESTERS.—The term ‘sequesters’
8 means the permanent storage of carbon dioxide or
9 other greenhouse gas such that it does not escape
10 into the atmosphere, and is in compliance with the
11 regulations issued pursuant to section 45Q(f)(2).

12 “(18) SOLID BIOMASS.—The term ‘solid bio-
13 mass’ means nonfossilized and biodegradable organic
14 material originating from plants, animals, or micro-
15 organisms, including products, byproducts, residues
16 and waste from agriculture, forestry, and related in-
17 dustries as well as the nonfossilized and biodegrad-
18 able organic fractions of industrial and municipal
19 wastes, but does not include gases and liquids recov-
20 ered from the decomposition of nonfossilized and
21 biodegradable organic material.

22 “(19) SOURCE CATEGORY.—The term ‘source
23 category’ means any category or subcategory regu-
24 lated under part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-

1 ulations, or part 90 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
2 ulations.”.

3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of subtitles
4 for the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add-
5 ing at the end the following new item:

“Subtitle L—Greenhouse gas emissions”.

6 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
7 this section shall apply to emissions after the later of De-
8 cember 31, 2025, and the date that is one year after the
9 date regulations are promulgated under section 9914 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

11 **SEC. 10102. BORDER GREENHOUSE GAS ADJUSTMENTS.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle L of the Internal Rev-
13 enue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a), is further
14 amended by adding at the end the following new part:

15 **“PART 2—TAX ADJUSTMENTS FOR IMPORTS AND**
16 **EXPORTS OF GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSIVE**
17 **PRODUCTS**

“Sec. 9911. Purposes.

“Sec. 9912. Definitions.

“Sec. 9913. Notification of foreign countries.

“Sec. 9914. Border tax adjustment rate.

18 **“SEC. 9911. PURPOSES.**

19 “(a) PURPOSES OF PART.—The purposes of this part
20 are—

21 “(1) to promote a strong global effort to signifi-
22 cantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and

1 “(2) to prevent carbon leakage.

2 “(b) ADDITIONAL PURPOSES OF PART.—The pur-
3 poses of this part are additionally—

4 “(1) to provide a rebate to exporters in domes-
5 tic eligible industrial sectors for the greenhouse gas
6 emission costs of the owners and operators incurred
7 under this title, but not for costs associated with
8 other related or unrelated market dynamics,

9 “(2) to ensure that imports from other coun-
10 tries, and, in particular, fast-growing developing
11 countries, do not enjoy competitive advantages be-
12 cause of the carbon tax liability of domestic manu-
13 facturers, and therefore increase their emissions,

14 “(3) to encourage foreign countries to take sub-
15 stantial action with respect to their greenhouse gas
16 emissions, and

17 “(4) to ensure that the measures described in
18 this subpart are designed and implemented in a
19 manner consistent with applicable international
20 agreements to which the United States is a party.

21 **“SEC. 9912. DEFINITIONS.**

22 “In this part:

23 “(1) CARBON LEAKAGE.—The term ‘carbon
24 leakage’ means any substantial increase (as deter-
25 mined by the Secretary) in greenhouse gas emissions

1 by entities located in other countries caused by a
2 cost of production increase in the United States re-
3 sulting from implementation of this title.

4 “(2) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT.—The term
5 ‘border tax adjustment’ means the levying of a tax
6 on imported covered goods equivalent to the amount
7 of tax paid pursuant to part 1 of this subtitle in the
8 manufacture of comparable domestic manufactured
9 goods, and the rebating of the tax paid pursuant to
10 part 1 of this subtitle that has been paid on covered
11 goods exported from the United States.

12 “(3) BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.—The
13 term ‘border tax adjustment rate’ means the amount
14 of tax that would be paid on a covered good pro-
15 duced in the United States in the current year.

16 “(4) COMMISSIONER.—The term ‘Commis-
17 sioner’ means the Commissioner of United States
18 Customs and Border Protection.

19 “(5) COVERED GOOD.—The term ‘covered good’
20 means a good that is—

21 “(A) entered under a heading or sub-
22 heading of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of
23 the United States that corresponds to the
24 NAICS code for an eligible industrial sector, as
25 established in the concordance between NAICS

1 codes and the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of
2 the United States prepared by the United
3 States Census Bureau, or

4 “(B) a manufactured item for consump-
5 tion.

6 “(6) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The
7 term ‘eligible industrial sector’ means an industrial
8 sector determined by the Secretary under section
9 9913.

10 “(7) INDUSTRIAL SECTOR.—The term ‘indus-
11 trial sector’ means any sector that—

12 “(A) is in the manufacturing sector (as de-
13 fined in NAICS codes 31, 32, and 33), or

14 “(B) is part of, or an entire, sector that
15 beneficiates or otherwise processes (including
16 agglomeration) metal ores, including iron and
17 copper ores, soda ash, and phosphate. The term
18 ‘industrial sector’ does not include any part of
19 a sector that extracts fossil fuels, metal ores,
20 soda ash, or phosphate.

21 “(8) MANUFACTURED ITEM FOR CONSUMP-
22 TION.—The term ‘manufactured item for consump-
23 tion’ means any good—

1 “(A) that includes in substantial quantities
2 one or more goods like the goods produced by
3 an eligible industrial sector, and

4 “(B) for which the Secretary has deter-
5 mined, with the concurrence of the Commis-
6 sioner, that the application of the border tax
7 adjustment program pursuant to this part is
8 technically and administratively feasible and ap-
9 propriate to achieve the purposes of this part,
10 taking into account the greenhouse gas inten-
11 sity, and where appropriate the trade intensity,
12 of the industrial sector that produces the good,
13 as measured consistent with section 9913 and
14 the ability of the producers to recover cost in-
15 creases in the marketplace and other appro-
16 priate factors.

17 “(9) NAICS.—The term ‘NAICS’ means the
18 North American Industrial Classification System of
19 2002.

20 “(10) OUTPUT.—The term ‘output’ means the
21 total tonnage or other standard unit of production
22 (as determined by the Secretary) produced by an en-
23 tity in an industrial sector.

1 **“SEC. 9913. NOTIFICATION OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.**

2 “(a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the
3 date of the enactment of the Modernizing America with
4 Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first
5 Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expan-
6 sion Act, the President shall notify each foreign country—

7 “(1) requesting the foreign country to take ap-
8 propriate measures to limit the greenhouse gas emis-
9 sions of the foreign country, and

10 “(2) indicating that a border tax adjustment
11 may apply to covered goods imported into and ex-
12 ported from the United States.

13 “(b) LISTS.—

14 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
15 the date of the enactment of the Modernizing Amer-
16 ica with Rebuilding to Kickstart the Economy of the
17 Twenty-first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-
18 Centered Expansion Act, the Secretary shall promul-
19 gate a rule designating, based on the criteria under
20 subsection (c)(2), industrial sectors where covered
21 products are liable for the border tax adjustment.

22 “(2) CONTENT.—The list shall include the
23 amount of the border tax adjustment rate for each
24 covered good in the following calendar year pursuant
25 to section 9914.

1 “(3) SUBSEQUENT LISTS.—Not later than Jan-
 2 uary 31 of each calendar year after the calendar
 3 year in which the Modernizing America with Re-
 4 building to Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-
 5 first Century with a Historic Infrastructure-Cen-
 6 tered Expansion Act is enacted, the Secretary shall
 7 publish in the Federal Register an updated version
 8 of the list published under paragraph (1).

9 “(c) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—

10 “(1) PRESUMPTIVELY ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL
 11 SECTORS.—

12 “(A) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—

13 “(i) IN GENERAL.—

14 “(I) Imported covered goods are
 15 liable under this part if they are pro-
 16 duced in the United States in an in-
 17 dustrial sector that is included in a 6-
 18 digit classification of the NAICS that
 19 meets the criteria in both clauses (ii)
 20 and (iii).

21 “(II) Exported covered goods are
 22 eligible under this part if they are
 23 produced in the United States in an
 24 industrial sector that is included in a
 25 6-digit classification of the NAICS

1 that meets the criteria in clauses (ii)
2 and (iii).

3 “(ii) GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSITY.—

4 As determined by the Secretary, an indus-
5 trial sector meets the criteria of this clause
6 if the United States industrial sector has a
7 greenhouse gas intensity of at least 5 per-
8 cent, calculated by dividing—

9 “(I) the number of metric tons of
10 carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse
11 gas emissions (including direct emis-
12 sions from fuel combustion, process
13 emissions, and indirect emissions from
14 the generation of electricity used to
15 produce the output of the sector) of
16 the sector based on data described in
17 subparagraph (C), multiplied by the
18 applicable rate in section 9901(b)(2),
19 by

20 “(II) the value of the shipments
21 of the sector, based on data described
22 in subparagraph (C).

23 “(iii) TRADE INTENSITY.—As deter-
24 mined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
25 tor meets the criteria of this clause if the

1 industrial sector has a trade intensity of at
2 least 15 percent, calculated by dividing—

3 “(I) the value of the total im-
4 ports and exports of the sector, by

5 “(II) the value of the shipments
6 plus the value of imports of the sec-
7 tor, based on data described in sub-
8 paragraph (C).

9 “(B) METAL AND PHOSPHATE PRODUC-
10 TION CLASSIFIED UNDER MORE THAN ONE
11 NAICS CODE.—For purposes of this section, the
12 Secretary shall—

13 “(i) aggregate data for the
14 beneficiation or other processing (including
15 agglomeration) of metal ores, including
16 iron and copper ores, soda ash, or phos-
17 phate with subsequent steps in the process
18 of metal and phosphate manufacturing, re-
19 gardless of the NAICS code under which
20 the activity is classified, and

21 “(ii) aggregate data for the manufac-
22 turing of steel with the manufacturing of
23 steel pipe and tube made from purchased
24 steel in a nonintegrated process.

25 “(C) DATA SOURCES.—

1 “(i) VALUE OF SHIPMENTS.—

2 “(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
3 retary shall determine the value of
4 shipments under this subsection from
5 data from the United States Census
6 Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

7 “(II) AVERAGE DATA AVAIL-
8 ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
9 average of data from the most recent
10 3 years for which the data are avail-
11 able.

12 “(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
13 AVAILABLE.—If data described in sub-
14 clause (II) are unavailable, the Sec-
15 retary shall make a determination
16 based on—

17 “(aa) data from the most
18 detailed industrial classification
19 level of the Manufacturing En-
20 ergy Consumption Survey of the
21 Energy Information Administra-
22 tion, and

23 “(bb) data from the most re-
24 cent Economic Census of the
25 United States.

1 “(IV) DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR
2 SECTOR.—If data from the Manufac-
3 turing Energy Consumption Survey or
4 Economic Census are unavailable for
5 any sector at the 6-digit classification
6 level in the NAICS, the Secretary may
7 use available Manufacturing Energy
8 Consumption Survey or Economic
9 Census data pertaining to a broader
10 industrial category classified in the
11 NAICS.

12 “(V) DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR
13 PROCESSING.—If data relating to the
14 beneficiation or other processing (in-
15 cluding agglomeration) of metal ores
16 (including iron and copper ores, soda
17 ash, or phosphate) are not available
18 from the specified data sources, the
19 Secretary—

20 “(aa) shall use the best
21 available Federal or State gov-
22 ernment data, and

23 “(bb) may use, to the extent
24 necessary, representative data
25 submitted by entities that per-

1 form the beneficiation or other
2 processing (including agglomer-
3 ation), in making a determina-
4 tion.

5 “(ii) IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—

6 “(I) IN GENERAL.—The Sec-
7 retary shall base the value of imports
8 and exports under this subsection on
9 United States International Trade
10 Commission data.

11 “(II) AVERAGE DATA AVAIL-
12 ABLE.—The Secretary shall use the
13 average of data from the three most
14 recent years for which the data are
15 available.

16 “(III) AVERAGE DATA NOT
17 AVAILABLE.—If data from the United
18 States International Trade Commis-
19 sion are unavailable for any sector at
20 the 6-digit classification level in the
21 NAICS, the Secretary may use United
22 States International Trade Commis-
23 sion data pertaining to a broader in-
24 dustrial category classified in the
25 NAICS.

1 “(iii) PERCENTAGES.—The Secretary
 2 shall round the greenhouse gas intensity
 3 and trade intensity percentages under sub-
 4 paragraph (A) to the nearest whole num-
 5 ber.

6 “(iv) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION
 7 CALCULATIONS.—When calculating the
 8 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
 9 greenhouse gas emissions for each sector
 10 under subparagraph (A)(ii)(I), the Sec-
 11 retary—

12 “(I) shall use the best available
 13 data from the three most recent years
 14 for which the data are available, and

15 “(II) may, to the extent nec-
 16 essary with respect to a sector, use
 17 economic and engineering models and
 18 the best available information on tech-
 19 nology performance levels for the sec-
 20 tor.

21 “(2) ADMINISTRATIVE DETERMINATION OF AD-
 22 DITIONAL ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS.—

23 “(A) UPDATED TRADE INTENSITY DATA.—
 24 The Secretary shall designate as liable for the

1 border tax adjustment rate on imported prod-
2 ucts under this part an industrial sector that—

3 “(i) met the greenhouse gas intensity
4 criteria in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) as of the
5 date of promulgation of the rule under
6 paragraph (1), and

7 “(ii) meets the trade intensity criteria
8 established under paragraph (1)(A)(iii),
9 using data sources described in paragraph
10 (1)(C) from any year after the passage of
11 this Act.

12 “(B) INDIVIDUAL SHOWING PETITION.—

13 “(i) PETITION.—In addition to des-
14 ignation under subparagraph (A), the
15 owner or operator of an entity or a group
16 of entities that collectively produce not less
17 than 80 percent of the average annual
18 value of shipments from within the sector
19 of the group consistent with subclause (I),
20 that manufacture similar products in an
21 industrial sector may petition the Sec-
22 retary to designate as eligible industrial
23 sectors under this part an entity or a
24 group of entities that—

1 “(I) represent a sector using a
2 standard product classification, and

3 “(II) meet the respective import
4 and/or export eligibility criteria in
5 paragraph (1)(A)(i).

6 “(ii) DATA.—In making a determina-
7 tion under this subparagraph, the Sec-
8 retary shall consider—

9 “(I) data submitted by the peti-
10 tioner,

11 “(II) data solicited by the Sec-
12 retary from other entities in the sec-
13 tor, and

14 “(III) data specified in para-
15 graph (1)(C).

16 “(iii) BASIS OF SUBSECTOR DETER-
17 MINATION.—

18 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
19 provided in subclause (II), the Sec-
20 retary shall determine an entity or
21 group of entities to be a subsector of
22 a 6-digit section of the NAICS code
23 based only on the products manufac-
24 tured and not the industrial process

1 by which the products are manufac-
2 tured.

3 “(II) TYPE OF MATERIAL.—The
4 Secretary may determine an entity or
5 group of entities that manufacture a
6 product from primarily virgin material
7 to be a separate subsector from an-
8 other entity or group of entities that
9 manufacture the same product pri-
10 marily from recycled material.

11 “(iv) USE OF MOST RECENT DATA.—
12 In determining whether to designate a sec-
13 tor or subsector as an eligible industrial
14 sector under this subparagraph, the Sec-
15 retary shall use the most recent data avail-
16 able from the sources described in para-
17 graph (1)(C), rather than the data from
18 the years specified in paragraph (1)(C), to
19 determine the trade intensity of the sector
20 or subsector, but only for determining the
21 trade intensity.

22 “(v) FINAL ACTION.—The Secretary
23 shall take final action on a petition de-
24 scribed in this subparagraph not later than

1 180 days after the date the completed peti-
2 tion is received by the Secretary.

3 “(3) CESSATION OF QUALIFYING ACTIVITIES.—

4 If, as determined by the Secretary, an industrial sec-
5 tor or a covered good within the sector is no longer
6 liable to be designated under this section, the Com-
7 missioner shall cease to apply the border tax adjust-
8 ment on the relevant covered goods with effect from
9 January 1 of the following year.

10 **“SEC. 9914. BORDER TAX ADJUSTMENT RATE.**

11 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, with the con-
12 currence of the Commissioner, shall, no later than the date
13 that is one year after the date of the enactment of this
14 section, promulgate regulations—

15 “(1) establishing the products which are liable
16 for, and requiring payment of, the border tax adjust-
17 ment rate,

18 “(2) establishing a general methodology for cal-
19 culating the level of the border tax adjustment rate
20 that a domestic importer of any covered good must
21 submit and the rebate that an exporter will receive,

22 “(3) establishing an administrative process
23 whereby any determination by the Secretary under
24 this subsection may be appealed,

1 “(4) exempting from this section products that
2 originate from—

3 “(A) any country that the United Nations
4 has identified as among the least developed of
5 developing countries, or

6 “(B) any country that the President has
7 determined to be responsible for less than 0.5
8 percent of total global greenhouse gas emissions
9 and less than 5 percent of global production in
10 the eligible industrial sector,

11 “(5) specifying the procedures that the Com-
12 missioner will apply for the declaration and entry of
13 covered goods with respect to the eligible industrial
14 sector into the customs territory of the United
15 States, and

16 “(6) establishing procedures that prevent cir-
17 cumvention of the carbon tax liability for covered
18 goods that are manufactured or processed in more
19 than one foreign country.

20 “(b) PRESIDENTIAL DISCRETION.—The President
21 may elect not to levy the border tax adjustment for an
22 eligible industrial sector or for specific products within
23 that sector if the President determines and certifies to
24 Congress that the program would not be in the national

1 interest, economic interest, or environmental interest of
 2 the United States.”.

3 (b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by
 4 this section shall apply to emissions after the later of De-
 5 cember 31, 2025, and the date that is one year after the
 6 date regulations are promulgated under section 9914 of
 7 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

8 **Subtitle B—Distribution of Reve-**
 9 **nues From Taxation of Green-**
 10 **house Gas Emissions**

11 **CHAPTER 1—REBUILDING INFRASTRUC-**
 12 **TURE AND SOLUTIONS FOR THE ENVI-**
 13 **RONMENT TRUST FUND**

14 **SEC. 10201. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RISE TRUST FUND.**

15 There is hereby created in the Treasury of the United
 16 States a trust fund to be known as the “Rebuilding Infra-
 17 structure and Solutions for the Environment Trust Fund”
 18 (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “RISE Trust
 19 Fund”), consisting of amounts paid into the Treasury pur-
 20 suant to subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
 21 (as added by title I of this Act), and 75 percent of such
 22 amounts are hereby appropriated and transferred to the
 23 RISE Trust Fund.

1 **SEC. 10202. APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE RISE TRUST**
2 **FUND.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the RISE Trust
4 Fund for a fiscal year shall be available, as provided by
5 appropriation Acts, as follows:

6 (1) 70 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
7 through 2036 to the Highway Trust Fund.

8 (2) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
9 through 2036 for the weatherization program devel-
10 oped under part A of title IV of the Energy Con-
11 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861 et
12 seq.).

13 (3) 3 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
14 through 2036 for assistance for displaced energy
15 workers under section 321.

16 (4) 2.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
17 through 2036 to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund
18 under section 9502 of the Internal Revenue Code of
19 1986.

20 (5) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
21 through 2036 to the Leaking Underground Storage
22 Trust Fund under section 9508 of the Internal Rev-
23 enue Code of 1986.

24 (6) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
25 through 2036 to the Abandoned Mine Reclamation

1 Fund under section 401 of the Surface Mining Con-
2 trol and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1231).

3 (7) 4 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
4 through 2036 for frequent and chronic coastal flood-
5 ing mitigation and adaptation infrastructure projects
6 under section 302.

7 (8) 1.5 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
8 through 2036 for Advanced Research Projects Agen-
9 cy-Energy under section 5012 of the America COM-
10 PETES Act (42 U.S.C. 16538).

11 (9) 0.7 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
12 through 2036 for the Carbon Capture Research and
13 Development Program of the National Energy Tech-
14 nology Laboratory, Office of Fossil Energy, Depart-
15 ment of Energy.

16 (10) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
17 2027 through 2036 for assistance for Carbon Stor-
18 age DOE Fossil Energy Research, Development, and
19 Demonstration Program Areas, Coal Program Area
20 (Carbon Storage).

21 (11) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
22 2027 through 2036 for assistance to the National
23 Energy Technology Laboratory of the Office of Fos-
24 sil Energy for the research and development of car-
25 bon removal technologies.

1 (12) 0.3 percent for each of the fiscal years
2 2027 through 2036 to the Secretary of Energy for
3 research and development to identify and assess
4 novel uses for carbon oxides, including the conver-
5 sion of carbon dioxide for commercial and industrial
6 products, such as chemicals, plastics, building mate-
7 rials, fuels, cement, products of coal use in power
8 systems or other applications, or other products with
9 demonstrated market value.

10 (13) 0.2 percent for each of the fiscal years
11 2027 through 2036 to the Secretary of Energy to
12 provide grants to entities constructing common car-
13 rier pipeline infrastructure to transport anthropo-
14 genic carbon dioxide for the incremental cost of pro-
15 viding extra capacity for future carbon dioxide trans-
16 port needs.

17 (14) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
18 2027 through 2036 for research and development re-
19 lating to energy storage by battery through the Of-
20 fice of Electricity, Department of Energy.

21 (15) 10 percent for each of the fiscal years
22 2027 through 2036 for State grants under section
23 203.

1 (16) 1 percent for each of the fiscal years 2027
2 through 2036 to the Reforestation Trust Fund (16
3 U.S.C. 1606a).

4 (17) 0.1 percent for each of the fiscal years
5 2027 through 2036 for assistance through coopera-
6 tive agreements to decrease the environmental im-
7 pact of energy-related activities pursuant to section
8 931 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
9 16231).

10 (18) 1.6 percent for each of the fiscal years
11 2027 through 2036 for the environmental quality in-
12 centives program under chapter 4 of subtitle D of
13 title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
14 U.S.C. 3839aa et seq.) for payments to producers to
15 implement practices that promote improvements
16 identified in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of section
17 1240B(d)(3) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2).

18 (19) 0.5 percent for each of the fiscal years
19 2027 through 2036 for the regional conservation
20 partnership program under section 1271 of the Food
21 Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871) for eligible
22 activities on eligible land through partnership agree-
23 ments with eligible partners and contracts with pro-
24 ducers that address one of the following goals:

25 (A) Soil health.

1 (B) Nutrient management.

2 (C) Forest restoration.

3 (D) Reduction of methane emissions.

4 (E) Other related activities that the Sec-
5 retary determines will help achieve conservation
6 benefits and increase carbon sequestration or
7 reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

8 (b) CARBON REMOVAL.—For purposes of subsection
9 (a)(11), the term “carbon removal technologies” includes:

10 (1) Direct air capture and storage technologies,
11 which shall not include any equipment which cap-
12 tures carbon dioxide which is deliberately released
13 from naturally occurring subsurface springs or using
14 natural photosynthesis.

15 (2) Bioenergy with carbon capture and seques-
16 tration.

17 (3) Enhanced geological weathering.

18 (4) Agricultural and grazing practices.

19 (5) Forest management and afforestation.

20 (6) Planned or managed carbon sinks, including
21 natural and artificial.

22 (c) WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding
23 any other provision of law and in a manner consistent with
24 other provisions in this title, all laborers and mechanics
25 employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects

1 funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and
 2 through the Federal Government pursuant to this title
 3 shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing
 4 on projects of a character similar in the locality as deter-
 5 mined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sub-
 6 chapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.
 7 With respect to the labor standards specified in this sec-
 8 tion, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and
 9 functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14
 10 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145
 11 of title 40, United States Code.

12 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

13 (1) LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK
 14 TRUST FUND.—Section 9508(b) of the Internal Rev-
 15 enue Code of 1986 is amended—

16 (A) by striking “and” at the end of para-
 17 graph (3),

18 (B) by striking the period at the end of
 19 paragraph (4) and inserting “, and”, and

20 (C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
 21 following:

22 “(5) amounts made available to the Leaking
 23 Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund from the
 24 RISE Trust Fund under section 202(a)(5) of the
 25 Modernizing America with Rebuilding to Kickstart

1 the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with a
2 Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act.”.

3 (2) REFORESTATION TRUST FUND.—

4 (A) SOURCE OF FUNDS.—Section 303(a)
5 of the Act of October 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C.
6 1606a(a)), is amended by striking “subsection
7 (b)(1)” and inserting “paragraph (1) or (4) of
8 subsection (b)”.

9 (B) SPECIAL RULE RELATING TO LIMITA-
10 TION.—Section 303(b) of the Act of October
11 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C. 1606a(b)), is amended—

12 (i) in paragraph (2) by inserting
13 “under paragraph (1)” after “The Sec-
14 retary of the Treasury shall transfer”, and

15 (ii) by adding at the end the fol-
16 lowing:

17 “(4) Not later than 9 months after the enact-
18 ment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
19 Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century
20 with a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion
21 Act, the Secretary shall transfer to the Trust Fund
22 the amounts made available under section
23 202(a)(13) of such Act.”.

1 **SEC. 10203. STATE GRANTS.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—From amounts made available
3 under section 202(a)(15), the Secretary of the Treasury
4 shall make a annual grant to each State (hereafter in this
5 section referred to as “State grant”) to distribute to eligi-
6 ble low-income households in accordance with this section.

7 (b) ELIGIBLE LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD.—A house-
8 hold shall be considered to be an eligible low-income house-
9 hold for purposes of this section if—

10 (1) except as provided in subsection (d)(4), the
11 gross income of the household does not exceed 150
12 percent of the poverty line;

13 (2) the appropriate State agency for the State
14 in which the household is located determines that
15 the household is participating in—

16 (A) the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
17 Program authorized by the Food and Nutrition
18 Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);

19 (B) the Food Distribution Program on In-
20 dian Reservations authorized by section 4(b) of
21 such Act (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)); or

22 (C) the program for nutrition assistance in
23 Puerto Rico or American Samoa under section
24 19 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2028);

25 (3) the household consists of a single individual
26 or a married couple, and—

1 (A) receives the subsidy described in sec-
2 tion 1860D–14 of the Social Security Act (42
3 U.S.C. 1395w–114); or

4 (B)(i) participates in the program under
5 title XVIII of the Social Security Act; and

6 (ii) meets the income requirements de-
7 scribed in section 1860D–14(a)(1) or
8 (a)(2) of the Social Security Act (42
9 U.S.C. 1395w–114(a)(1) or (a)(2)); or

10 (4) the household consists of a single individual
11 or a married couple, and receives benefits under the
12 supplemental security income program under title
13 XVI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1381–
14 1383f).

15 (c) AMOUNT.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
16 sultation with the Secretary of Energy and the Adminis-
17 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall de-
18 termine the amount of each State grant in proportion to
19 the percentage of total United States greenhouse gas emis-
20 sions attributable to electricity, natural gas, gasoline, die-
21 sel, and fuel ethanol sold in such State during the pre-
22 ceding calendar year.

23 (d) RULE RELATING TO PROCESS.—Not later than
24 1 year after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
25 the Treasury shall establish by rule a date in each year

1 by which each State shall notify the Secretary how the
 2 State intends to distribute the State Grant. The Secretary
 3 shall transfer the State Grant to each State only upon
 4 the State demonstrating to the Secretary's satisfaction
 5 that the State intends to distribute the State Grant in ac-
 6 cordance with this section.

7 (e) STATE.—For the purposes of this section, the
 8 term “State” includes the District of Columbia and any
 9 territory or possession of the United States.

10 **CHAPTER 2—CERTAIN MANUFACTURERS** 11 **EXCISE TAXES**

12 **SEC. 10211. REPEAL OF FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE AND** 13 **AVIATION FUEL TAXES.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part III of sub-
 15 chapter A of chapter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of
 16 1986 is hereby repealed.

17 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The repeal made by sub-
 18 section (a) shall apply to transactions after December 31,
 19 2025.

20 **SEC. 10212. MODIFICATIONS OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED** 21 **COAL PROJECT CREDIT.**

22 (a) SEQUESTRATION REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN
 23 EQUIPMENT.—Section 48A(e)(1)(G) of the Internal Rev-
 24 enue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting “and 60 per-
 25 cent in the case of an application for a reallocation of cred-

1 its under subsection (d)(4) with respect to an electrical
 2 generating unit in existence on October 3, 2008” after
 3 “under subsection (d)(4)”.

4 (b) NAMEPLATE GENERATING CAPACITY REQUIRE-
 5 MENT.—Section 48A(e)(1)(C) of such Code is amended by
 6 striking “400 megawatts” and inserting “200
 7 megawatts”.

8 (c) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
 9 NOLOGY REQUIREMENTS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 48A(f)(1) of such
 11 Code is amended by striking “generation technology
 12 if—” and all that follows through “the unit is de-
 13 signed” and inserting “generation technology if the
 14 unit is designed”.

15 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section
 16 48A(f) is amended—

17 (A) by striking all that precedes “the pur-
 18 pose of this section” and inserting the fol-
 19 lowing:

20 “(f) ADVANCED COAL-BASED GENERATION TECH-
 21 NOLOGY.—For”;

22 (B) by striking “in subparagraph (B)” in
 23 the second sentence and inserting “in this sub-
 24 section”; and

25 (C) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3).

1 (d) PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS IN CASE OF
 2 BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY.—Section
 3 48A(f) of such Code, as amended by this Act, is amended
 4 by adding at the end the following: “In the case of a ret-
 5 rofit of a unit which has undergone a best available control
 6 technology analysis after August 8, 2005, with respect to
 7 the removal or emissions of any pollutant which is SO₂
 8 or NO_x, the removal or emissions design level with respect
 9 to such pollutant shall be the level determined in such
 10 analysis.”.

11 (e) CLARIFICATION OF REALLOCATION AUTHOR-
 12 ITY.—Section 48A(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of
 13 1986 is amended—

14 (1) in subparagraph (A)—

15 (A) by striking “Not later than 6 years
 16 after the date of enactment of this section, the”
 17 and inserting “The”; and

18 (B) by inserting “and every 6 months
 19 thereafter until all credits available under this
 20 section have been allowed” after “the date
 21 which is 6 years after the date of enactment of
 22 this section”;

23 (2) in subparagraph (B)—

24 (A) by striking “may reallocate credits
 25 available under clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph

1 (3)(B)” and inserting “shall reallocate credits
2 remaining available under paragraph (3)”;

3 (B) by striking “or” at the end of clause
4 (i); and

5 (C) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
6 following:

7 “(ii) any applicant for certification
8 which submitted an accepted application
9 has subsequently failed to satisfy the re-
10 quirements under paragraph (2)(D), or

11 “(iii) any certification made pursuant
12 to paragraph (2) has been revoked pursu-
13 ant to paragraph (2)(E).”; and

14 (3) in subparagraph (C)—

15 (A) by striking “clause (i) or (ii) of para-
16 graph (3)(B)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”;

17 (B) by striking “is authorized to” and in-
18 serting “shall”; and

19 (C) by striking “an additional program”
20 and inserting “additional programs”.

21 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
23 graph (2), the amendments made by this section
24 shall apply to allocations and reallocations after the
25 date of the enactment of this Act.

8 **CHAPTER 1—AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL**
9 **ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title III of the Clean Air Act (42
12 U.S.C. 7601) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13 lowing:

“(a) FUELS.—Unless specifically authorized in section 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, after a fossil fuel has passed through a point of taxation as provided in section 9901(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, subject to subsection (g), the Administrator shall not issue or enforce any rule limiting the emission of greenhouse gases from the combustion of that fuel under this Act (or impose any requirement on any State to limit such emission) on the basis of the emission’s greenhouse gas effects.

1 “(b) EMISSIONS.—Unless specifically authorized in
2 section 202, 211, 213, 231, or this section, if emission
3 of any greenhouse gas is subject to taxation pursuant to
4 section 9902 or 9903 of the Internal Revenue Code of
5 1986, the Administrator shall not issue or enforce any rule
6 limiting such emission under this Act (or impose any re-
7 quirement on any State to limit such emission) on the
8 basis of the emission’s greenhouse gas effects.

9 “(c) AUTHORIZED REGULATION.—Notwithstanding
10 subsections (a) and (b), nothing in this section limits the
11 Administrator’s authority pursuant to any other provision
12 of this Act—

13 “(1) to limit the emission of any greenhouse
14 gas because of any adverse impact on health or wel-
15 fare other than its greenhouse gas effects;

16 “(2) in limiting emissions as described in para-
17 graph (1), to consider the collateral benefits of lim-
18 iting the emissions because of greenhouse gas ef-
19 fects;

20 “(3) to limit the emission of any other pollutant
21 that is not a greenhouse gas that the Administrator
22 determines by rule has heat-trapping properties; or

23 “(4) to take any action with respect to any
24 greenhouse gas other than limiting its emission, in-
25 cluding—

1 “(A) monitoring, reporting, and record-
2 keeping requirements;

3 “(B) conducting or supporting investiga-
4 tions; and

5 “(C) information collection.

6 “(d) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN GREENHOUSE GAS
7 EMISSIONS.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b),
8 nothing in this section limits the Administrator’s authority
9 to regulate greenhouse gas emissions from—

10 “(1) facilities that—

11 “(A) are subject to subpart OOOO or
12 OOOOa of part 60 of title 40, Code of Federal
13 Regulations, as in effect on January 1, 2018; or

14 “(B) would be subject to either subpart
15 OOOO or OOOOa if those subparts applied to
16 facilities without regard to the date on which
17 construction, modification, or reconstruction
18 commenced; and

19 “(2) POTW Treatment Plants (as defined in
20 section 403.3(r) of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
21 tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this
22 section)).

23 “(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms
24 ‘greenhouse gas’ and ‘greenhouse gas effects’ have the

1 meanings given to those terms in section 9907 of the In-
2 ternal Revenue Code of 1986.

3 “(f) MORATORIUM EXPIRATION.—Subsections (a)
4 and (b) shall cease to apply beginning on January 1, 2039.

5 “(g) EXCEPTIONS.—

6 “(1) 2030.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)
7 and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this
8 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30,
9 2031, pursuant to the report required by section
10 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of
11 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from
12 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901
13 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-
14 endar years 2027 through 2030 exceed the emission
15 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code
16 for calendar year 2028, then beginning on October
17 1, 2031, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to apply.

18 “(2) 2034.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)
19 and (b) of this section and section 211(c)(5) of this
20 Act, if the Administrator determines by March 30,
21 2035, pursuant to the report required by section
22 9901(b)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of
23 1986, that total greenhouse gas emissions from
24 sources subject to taxation under sections 9901
25 through 9903 of such Code during the period of cal-

1 endar years 2027 through 2034 exceed the emission
2 level specified in section 9901(b)(3)(A) of such Code
3 for calendar year 2034, then beginning on October
4 1, 2035, subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to
5 apply.”.

6 (b) NEW MOTOR VEHICLES AND NEW MOTOR VEHI-
7 CLE ENGINES.—Section 202(b) of the Clean Air Act (42
8 U.S.C. 7521(b)) is amended—

9 (1) by redesignating the second paragraph (3)
10 (as redesignated by section 230(4)(C) of Public Law
11 101–549 (104 Stat. 2529)) as paragraph (4); and

12 (2) by adding at the end the following:

13 “(5) Notwithstanding section 330(a), the Ad-
14 ministrator may—

15 “(A) limit the emission of any greenhouse
16 gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code of 1986) on the basis of the
18 emission’s greenhouse gas effects (as defined in
19 section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code of
20 1986) from any class or classes of new motor
21 vehicles or new motor vehicle engines subject to
22 regulation under subsection (a)(1); and

23 “(B) grant a waiver under section
24 209(b)(1) for standards for the control of
25 greenhouse gas emissions.”.

1 (c) FUELS.—Section 211(c) of the Clean Air Act (42
2 U.S.C. 7545(c)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
3 lowing new paragraph:

4 “(5) Except as required in subsection (o), the
5 Administrator shall not, pursuant to this subsection,
6 impose on any manufacturer, processor, or dis-
7 tributor of fuel any requirement for the purpose of
8 reducing the emission of any greenhouse gas (as de-
9 fined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 of 1986) produced by combustion of the fuel on the
11 basis of the emission’s greenhouse gas effects (as de-
12 fined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 of 1986).”.

14 (d) NONROAD ENGINES AND VEHICLES EMISSIONS
15 STANDARDS.—Section 213 of the Clean Air Act (42
16 U.S.C. 7547) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
17 lowing:

18 “(e) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—Notwith-
19 standing subsections (a) and (b) of section 330, the Ad-
20 ministrator may limit the emission of any greenhouse gas
21 (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 of 1986) on the basis of the emission’s greenhouse gas
23 effects (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal Revenue
24 Code of 1986) from any nonroad engines and nonroad ve-
25 hicles subject to regulation under this section.”.

1 (e) AIRCRAFT EMISSION STANDARDS.—Section 231
 2 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 757) is amended by add-
 3 ing at the end the following new subsection:

4 “(d) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of sec-
 5 tion 330, the Administrator may limit the emission of any
 6 greenhouse gas (as defined in section 9907 of the Internal
 7 Revenue Code of 1986) on the basis of the emission’s
 8 greenhouse gas effects (as defined in section 9907 of the
 9 Internal Revenue Code of 1986) from any class or classes
 10 of aircraft engines, so long as any such limitation is not
 11 more stringent than the standards adopted by the Inter-
 12 national Civil Aviation Organization.”.

13 **SEC. 10302. FREQUENT AND CHRONIC FLOODING MITIGA-**
 14 **TION AND ADAPTATION INFRASTRUCTURE**
 15 **PROJECTS.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce and
 17 the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter referred to as “the
 18 Secretaries”), in consultation with the Secretary of Home-
 19 land Security, may make grants to State and local govern-
 20 ments and federally recognized Indian Tribes for frequent
 21 and chronic flooding mitigation and adaptation infrastruc-
 22 ture projects.

23 (b) AUTHORIZED USES.—Amounts provided as a
 24 grant under this section may be used for any of the fol-
 25 lowing:

1 (1) Adaptation of existing infrastructure to
2 mitigate impacts of climate change, including en-
3 hancements to both built and natural environments.

4 (2) Maintenance and updating of existing flood
5 risk reduction infrastructure, such as gravity drain-
6 age structures, road elevation, bulkheads, gates, and
7 floodwalls.

8 (3) Increasing resilience to frequent and chronic
9 flooding, including (as combined or separate
10 projects)—

11 (A) the creation of bulkheads, levees, and
12 other hard infrastructure alone or in combina-
13 tion with natural infrastructure described in
14 subparagraph (B); and

15 (B) habitat restoration work, including
16 dune enhancement, vegetative restoration,
17 beach renourishment, coral and oyster reef res-
18 toration, floodplain restoration, and other ac-
19 tions to restore the function of the natural eco-
20 logical function and processes to provide flood
21 risk reduction benefits.

22 (4) Improvements to conveyance, diversion, re-
23 moval, and storage infrastructure to reduce risks
24 caused by frequent and chronic flooding.

1 (5) Innovative methods to reduce risks caused
2 by chronic flooding along street infrastructure sys-
3 tems, including canal streets, absorbent streets,
4 floodable parks, bioswales, rain gardens, permeable
5 pavement, and underground cisterns.

6 (6) Deployment of technologies designed to
7 mitigate power outages, continue delivery of vital
8 electricity services, and maintain the flow of power
9 to facilities critical to public health, safety and wel-
10 fare, including distributed generation, energy stor-
11 age, and microgrids.

12 (c) LIMITATION ON PROJECT ELIGIBILITY.—A
13 project shall not be eligible for funding under this section
14 if it will have any long-term negative impact on important
15 ecological functions and habitat or existing natural protec-
16 tion features and functions.

17 (d) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this section
18 the Secretaries shall give priority to the following:

19 (1) Protecting areas designated as special flood
20 hazard areas for purposes of the national flood in-
21 surance program under the National Flood Insur-
22 ance Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) and the
23 Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C.
24 4001 et seq.), hazard areas that incorporate at least

1 2 feet of additional freeboard, or 3 feet in the case
2 of critical infrastructure, above base flood elevation.

3 (2) Protecting critical infrastructure, as that
4 term is defined in section 1016(e) of the USA PA-
5 TRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).

6 (3) Projects that yield flood risk reduction ben-
7 efits and additional environmental, social, and eco-
8 nomic benefits.

9 (e) JOINT APPLICATION.—Two or more contiguous
10 local governments or Tribes may jointly apply for, and re-
11 ceive, a grant under this section.

12 (f) COST SHARING.—

13 (1) LIMITATION ON FEDERAL SHARE.—The
14 Federal share of the cost of any activity carried out
15 with a grant under this section shall not exceed 90
16 percent of the cost of such activity.

17 (2) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The Secretary
18 shall apply to the non-Federal share of an activity
19 carried out with a grant under this section the
20 amount of funds, and the fair market value of prop-
21 erty and services, provided by non-Federal sources
22 and used for the activity.

23 (g) REPORTS.—Each recipient of a grant under this
24 section shall report annually to the Secretaries on the
25 progress made on the project carried out with the grant.

1 **SEC. 10303. NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.**

2 Nothing in this title shall preempt or supersede, or
3 be interpreted to preempt or supersede, any State law or
4 regulation.

5 **CHAPTER 2—ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED**
6 **WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR**

7 **SEC. 10321. ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS IN THE**
8 **ENERGY SECTOR.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—For a period of 10 years after the
10 enactment of the Modernizing America with Rebuilding to
11 Kickstart the Economy of the Twenty-first Century with
12 a Historic Infrastructure-Centered Expansion Act, from
13 amounts made available under section 202 of this Act, the
14 Secretary of Labor shall carry out a program to assist
15 workers in the energy sector.

16 (b) WORKERS IN THE ENERGY SECTOR.—For pur-
17 poses of this section, the term “workers in the energy sec-
18 tor” means—

19 (1) workers in fossil energy sectors that may be
20 displaced as a result of the enactment of this Act;
21 and

22 (2) workers in the nuclear power sector that
23 work at a nuclear power plant—

24 (A) that ceased operation in the two years
25 preceding the date of enactment of this Act; or

1 (B) the owner of which announced prior to
2 the date of enactment of this Act its intent to
3 cease the operation of the plant at a future
4 date.

5 (c) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Such assistance may
6 take the form of the following:

7 (1) Worker retraining.

8 (2) Relocation expenses for those who move to
9 find new employment.

10 (3) Early retirement.

11 (4) Health benefits.

12 (5) Block grants to affected communities for
13 economic redevelopment and infrastructure invest-
14 ments.

15 (6) Transfers to the trustees of the 1974
16 United Mine Workers of America Pension Plan to
17 pay benefits required under that plan. No such
18 transfer shall be made in a first fiscal year begin-
19 ning after a plan year for which the funded percent-
20 age (as defined in section 432(j)(2) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code of 1986) of the 1974 United Mine
22 Workers of America Pension Plan is at least 100
23 percent.

1 **Subtitle D—National Climate**
2 **Commission**

3 **SEC. 10401. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.**

4 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a bipar-
5 tisan commission to be known as the “National Climate
6 Commission” (in this title referred to as the “Commis-
7 sion”).

8 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—

9 (1) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be
10 composed of 10 members, appointed as follows:

11 (A) One cochair appointed by the Presi-
12 dent.

13 (B) One cochair appointed by the majority
14 or minority leader of the Senate, whoever is of
15 the opposite party as the President, in consulta-
16 tion with the Speaker or minority leader of the
17 House of Representatives, whoever is of the op-
18 posite party as the President.

19 (C) Two members appointed by the major-
20 ity leader of the Senate.

21 (D) Two members appointed by the minor-
22 ity leader of the Senate.

23 (E) Two members appointed by the Speak-
24 er of the House of Representatives.

1 (F) Two members appointed by the minor-
2 ity leader of the House of Representatives.

3 (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—

4 (A) IN GENERAL.—To be considered for
5 membership on the Commission, an individual
6 shall demonstrate expertise in the economy, en-
7 ergy, climate, or public health, and be a rep-
8 resentative from—

9 (i) an academic, scientific, or other
10 non-governmental organization; or

11 (ii) an industry organization or small
12 business in a relevant sector such as—

13 (I) energy supply and trans-
14 mission, including fossil fuels and re-
15 newable energy;

16 (II) energy exploration and pro-
17 duction, including fossil fuels and re-
18 newable energy;

19 (III) solid waste and wastewater;

20 (IV) transportation;

21 (V) chemical manufacturing;

22 (VI) agriculture;

23 (VII) construction; and

24 (VIII) forestry.

1 (B) CERTAIN PERSONS INELIGIBLE.—No
2 employee, owner, director, or other person affili-
3 ated with an entity that has donated funding
4 for the activities of the Commission pursuant to
5 section 404(a) may be appointed to the Com-
6 mission.

7 (C) APPOINTMENT DEADLINE.—Members
8 of the Commission shall be appointed not later
9 than 180 days after the date of the enactment
10 of this Act.

11 (D) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT.—Members
12 of the Commission shall be appointed for a
13 term of 6 years, which may be renewed.

14 (E) VACANCY.—A vacancy in the Commis-
15 sion shall not affect the powers of the Commis-
16 sion and shall be filled in the same manner in
17 which the original appointment was made.

18 (3) COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES.—Each
19 member of the Commission may be compensated at
20 a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the an-
21 nual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level
22 IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of
23 title 5, United States Code, for each day during
24 which that member is engaged in the performance of
25 the duties of the Commission.

1 (4) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall
2 receive travel expenses to perform the duties of the
3 Commission, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
4 ence, at rates authorized under subchapter I of
5 chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

6 (c) MEETINGS.—

7 (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
8 hold its first meeting not later than 2 years after the
9 date of enactment of this Act.

10 (2) MEETING.—The Commission shall meet not
11 less than once every 3 years.

12 (3) QUORUM.—Six members of the Commission
13 shall constitute a quorum.

14 **SEC. 10402. DUTIES OF COMMISSION.**

15 (a) GOALS.—The Commission shall set goals for
16 emissions reduction to be achieved by 2031 and every five
17 years thereafter through 2056, using such estimated rates
18 of reduction as the Commission determines reflect the lat-
19 est scientific findings of what is necessary to avoid the
20 serious human health and environmental consequences of
21 climate change.

22 (b) REVIEW.—The Commission shall assess the effect
23 of existing policies and programs of the Federal Govern-
24 ment with the aim of achieving the emissions reduction
25 goals in subsection (a).

1 (c) REPORT.—Beginning in 2032, and every 5 years
2 thereafter, the Commission shall issue a report to the
3 President, Congress, and the States, which shall include—

4 (1) an analysis of whether the policies and pro-
5 grams assessed under subsection (b) are on pace to
6 achieving the emissions reduction goals set under
7 subsection (a);

8 (2) recommendations, if any, for reducing
9 greenhouse gas emissions; and

10 (3) a minority report with dissenting views, if
11 applicable.

12 **SEC. 10403. POWERS OF COMMISSION.**

13 (a) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may secure
15 directly from any executive department, bureau,
16 agency, board, commission, office, independent es-
17 tablishment, or instrumentality of the Government,
18 unrestricted information, suggestions, estimates, and
19 statistics for the purpose of carrying out this title.
20 Each department, bureau, agency, board, commis-
21 sion, office, independent establishment, or instru-
22 mentality shall, to the extent authorized by provi-
23 sions of law other than this section, furnish such un-
24 restricted information, suggestions, estimates, and
25 statistics directly to the Commission, upon request

1 made by a cochair or any member designated by a
2 majority of the Commission.

3 (2) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DIS-
4 SEMINATION.—Unrestricted information provided to
5 the Commission under paragraph (1) shall be re-
6 ceived, handled, stored, and disseminated only by
7 members and staff of the Commission, consistent
8 with any applicable statutes, regulations, or Execu-
9 tive orders.

10 (b) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—

11 (1) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.—
12 The Administrator of General Services shall provide
13 to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, admin-
14 istrative support and other services for the perform-
15 ance of the functions of the Commission.

16 (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In
17 addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph
18 (1), departments and agencies of the United States
19 may provide to the Commission such services, funds,
20 facilities, staff, and other support services as they
21 may determine advisable and as may be authorized
22 by law.

23 (c) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use
24 the United States mail in the same manner and under the

1 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
2 United States.

3 **SEC. 10404. FUNDING FOR THE ACTIVITIES OF THE COM-**
4 **MISSION.**

5 (a) PRIVATE SECTOR DONATIONS.—The Secretary of
6 Commerce may collect private sector donations for the
7 purpose of carrying out this title, to be deposited in the
8 Treasury and made available consistent with the author-
9 ization of appropriations in subsection (c).

10 (b) TRANSPARENCY.—The amounts and sources of
11 all funds donated under subsection (a) and all spending
12 by the Commission shall be made publicly available on the
13 website of the Commission.

14 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
15 authorized to be appropriated to the Commission, for the
16 purpose of carrying out the activities of this title,
17 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2036.

18 **SEC. 10405. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.**

19 (a) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—Any
20 Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
21 Commission without reimbursement from the Commission,
22 and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of
23 civil service status or privilege.

24 (b) EXPERT AND CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The
25 Commission may procure the services of experts and con-

1 sultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United
2 States Code, at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent
3 of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position
4 at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315
5 of title 5, United States Code.

6 **TITLE III—KO CANCER ACT**

7 **SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.**

8 This title may be cited as the “Knock Out Cancer
9 Act” or the “KO Cancer Act”.

10 **SEC. 202. INCREASING NCI BUDGET FOR CANCER RE-** 11 **SEARCH.**

12 To conduct or support cancer research, there is here-
13 by appropriated, for each of fiscal years 2026 through
14 2030, to the National Cancer Institute, out of amounts
15 in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount
16 that is equal to 25 percent of the total amount appro-
17 priated to the National Cancer Institute for fiscal year
18 2024, to remain available until expended. Amounts appro-
19 priated pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be in ad-
20 dition to amounts otherwise made available to the Na-
21 tional Cancer Institute.

22 **SEC. 203. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON CANCER DRUG SHORT-** 23 **AGES.**

24 (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Health and Human
25 Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food and

1 Drugs, in collaboration with such other agencies as the
2 Secretary deems necessary, shall study the reasons for
3 cancer drug shortages, including—

4 (1) economic reasons;

5 (2) supply chain failures;

6 (3) delays and other complications relating to—

7 (A) the development of cancer drugs; and

8 (B) the approval of such drugs by the
9 Food and Drug Administration; and

10 (4) insufficient generic drugs and biosimilar bi-
11 ological products.

12 (b) REPORT.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
14 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
15 Health and Human Services, acting through the
16 Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall complete
17 the study under subsection (a) and submit a report
18 to the appropriate committees of the Congress on
19 the results of such study.

20 (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The report under
21 paragraph (1) shall include recommendations for ad-
22 dressing the reasons for cancer drug shortages.

1 **TITLE III—COORDINATOR FOR**
2 **ENGAGEMENT WITH PFAS-IM-**
3 **PACTED DEFENSE COMMU-**
4 **NITIES**

5 **SEC. 301. COORDINATOR FOR ENGAGEMENT FOR PFAS-IM-**
6 **PACTED DEFENSE COMMUNITIES.**

7 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than one year after
8 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall des-
9 ignate an official of the Department of Defense as the
10 “Coordinator for Engagement with Defense Communities
11 Affected by PFAS”.

12 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the
13 Coordinator designated under subsection (a) are—

14 (1) to improve the outreach, education, and
15 communication efforts of the Department with re-
16 spect to current or former defense communities lo-
17 cated in the United States that have been affected
18 by the contamination or leakage of perfluoroalkyl
19 and polyfluoroalkyl substances (referred to in this
20 section as “PFAS”); and

21 (2) to serve as a dedicated liaison between the
22 Department of State and local governments, advoca-
23 cacy organizations, and individual citizens in the
24 current and former defense communities where the

1 Department has ongoing or incomplete PFAS reme-
2 diation projects.

3 (c) DEFINITION OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND
4 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—For the purposes of
5 this section, the terms “perfluoroalkyl substance” and
6 “polyfluoroalkyl substance” have the meanings given such
7 terms in section 333(b) of the National Defense Author-
8 ization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283;
9 134 Stat. 3531; 10 U.S.C. 3062 note).

10 **TITLE IV—NATIONAL BIPAR-** 11 **TISAN FISCAL COMMISSION**

12 **SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL BIPARTISAN FIS-** 13 **CAL COMMISSION.**

14 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after
15 the enactment of this Act, there shall be established within
16 the legislative branch a Commission to be known as the
17 National Bipartisan Fiscal Commission (referred to in this
18 title as the “Commission”).

19 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—

20 (1) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be
21 composed of 20 members, including the following:

22 (A) 4 members of Congress, not more than
23 two who shall be from the same party, ap-
24 pointed by the President.

1 (B) 4 members of Congress from each of
2 the Speaker of the House, the Minority Leader
3 in the House, the Majority Leader in the Sen-
4 ate, and the Minority Leader in the Senate.

5 (2) APPOINTMENT.—Members of the Commis-
6 sion shall be appointed not later than 30 days after
7 the establishment of the Commission.

8 (3) CHAIR.—Two of the members of the Com-
9 mission appointed by the President shall be des-
10 ignated by the President to serve as Chair and Vice
11 Chair of the Commission.

12 (c) DUTIES.—The Commissions shall review and rec-
13 ommend a legislative package for Congress to stabilize
14 long-term deficits and debt, as well as require CBO to con-
15 sider the cost of servicing the debt in its estimations.

16 (d) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after, the
17 Commission shall submit to Congress a report which in-
18 cludes their review and recommendation required by sub-
19 section (c), including the legislative package required by
20 such subsection.

21 (e) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—

22 (1) SUBPOENA POWER.—

23 (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this
24 section, the Commission may require, by sub-
25 poena or otherwise, the attendance and testi-

1 mony of such witnesses and the production of
2 such books, records, correspondence, memoran-
3 dums, papers, and documents as the Commis-
4 sions deems necessary.

5 (B) ISSUANCE.—A subpoena may be
6 issued under this paragraph subsection only by
7 the agreement of the chair and the vice chair of
8 the Commission or by the affirmative vote of
9 ten voting members of the Commission.

10 (C) SERVICE.—A subpoena may be served
11 by any person designated by the chair of the
12 Commission, in consultation with the vice chair
13 of the Commission, or any such voting member
14 of the Commission designated by the chair in
15 consultation with the vice chair.

16 (2) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commis-
17 sion, or on the authority of the Commission, may for
18 the purpose of carrying out this section hold such
19 hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
20 testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commis-
21 sion may deem advisable.

22 (3) OATHS.—The chair of the Commission, the
23 vice chair of the Commission, or any voting member
24 of the Commission designated by the chair may ad-
25 minister oaths to any witness.

1 (f) OPERATION OF COMMISSION.—

2 (1) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
3 meet and begin operations of the Commission as
4 soon as practicable, but in any case not later than
5 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

6 (2) QUORUM.—After its initial meeting, the
7 Commission shall meet upon the call of the chair or
8 a majority of its voting members. Ten voting mem-
9 bers of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

10 (3) VACANCY.—Any vacancy in the Commission
11 shall not affect its powers but shall be filled in the
12 same manner in which the original appointment was
13 made and within 90 days of the vacancy.

14 (g) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY
15 COMMITTEE ACT.—Chapter 10 of title 5, United States
16 Code (commonly referred to as the Federal Advisory Com-
17 mittee Act) shall not apply to the Commission.

18 **SEC. 402. CONSIDERATION OF COMMISSION RECOMMENDA-**
19 **TIONS IN CONGRESS.**

20 (a) PROPOSED JOINT RESOLUTION.—

21 (1) SUBMISSION OF PROPOSED JOINT RESOLU-
22 TION.—Not later than 60 days after the date on
23 which the Commission submits a report to Congress
24 under section 401(d), the President shall transmit to
25 Congress a special message on the report, accom-

1 panied by a proposed joint resolution consisting of
2 legislative language to implement the recommenda-
3 tions contained in such report.

4 (2) REQUIREMENTS FOR PREPARATION OF PRO-
5 POSED JOINT RESOLUTION.—

6 (A) CONSULTATION WITH CONGRESS.—

7 (i) IN GENERAL.—The President may
8 not transmit a proposed joint resolution
9 under subsection (a) until after the Presi-
10 dent completes consultation with Congress
11 in accordance with this paragraph.

12 (ii) CONSULTATION WITH COMMIT-
13 TEES.—The President shall consult with
14 the chairman and ranking minority mem-
15 ber of each relevant committee of the Sen-
16 ate or of the House of Representatives re-
17 garding the contents of a proposed joint
18 resolution.

19 (iii) REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSULTA-
20 TION.—The consultation required under
21 subparagraph (B) shall provide the oppor-
22 tunity for the chairman and ranking mem-
23 ber of each relevant committee of the Sen-
24 ate or of the House of Representatives to
25 provide—

1 (I) recommendations for alter-
2 native means of addressing the rec-
3 ommendations contained in the Com-
4 mission report; and

5 (II) recommendations regarding
6 which recommendations contained in
7 the Commission report should not be
8 addressed in the proposed joint reso-
9 lution.

10 (iv) RELEVANT COMMITTEES.—The
11 relevant committees of the Senate and the
12 House of Representatives for purposes of
13 this paragraph shall be—

14 (I) determined by the President;
15 and

16 (II) based on the content of the
17 proposed joint resolution.

18 (B) CONSULTATION WITH GAO AND CBO.—
19 The President shall prepare a proposed joint
20 resolution transmitted under subsection (a) in
21 consultation with the Comptroller General of
22 the United States and the Director of the Con-
23 gressional Budget Office.

1 (3) CONTENTS OF SPECIAL MESSAGE.—A spe-
2 cial message transmitted under subsection (a)
3 shall—

4 (A) specify recommendations outlined in
5 the Commission report that are excluded from
6 the proposed joint resolution;

7 (B) detail why the recommendations de-
8 scribed in paragraph (1) were excluded from
9 the proposed joint resolution;

10 (C) specify recommendations outlined in
11 the Commission report that are included in the
12 proposed joint resolution; and

13 (D) identify programs included in the
14 Commission report that should be eliminated or
15 consolidated.

16 (4) TRANSMITTAL.—The President shall submit
17 the special message to the Secretary of the Senate
18 if the Senate is not in session and to the Clerk of
19 the House of Representatives if the House is not in
20 session.

21 (5) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The President
22 shall make a copy of the special message and the
23 proposed joint resolution publicly available, including
24 publicly available on a website of the President, and

1 shall publish in the Federal Register a notice of the
2 message and information on how it can be obtained.

3 (b) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF PROPOSED
4 JOINT RESOLUTION.—

5 (1) QUALIFYING LEGISLATION.—

6 (A) IN GENERAL.—Only a Commission
7 joint resolution shall be entitled to expedited
8 consideration under this section.

9 (B) DEFINITION.—In this section, the
10 term “Commission joint resolution” means a
11 joint resolution which consists solely of the text
12 of the proposed joint resolution submitted by
13 the President under section 3(a).

14 (2) CONSIDERATION IN THE HOUSE OF REP-
15 REPRESENTATIVES.—

16 (A) INTRODUCTION.—A Commission joint
17 resolution may be introduced in the House of
18 Representatives (by request)—

19 (i) by the majority leader of the
20 House of Representatives, or by a Member
21 of the House of Representatives designated
22 by the majority leader of the House of
23 Representatives, on the next legislative day
24 after the date on which the President sub-

mits the proposed joint resolution under
section 3(a); or

(ii) if the Commission joint resolution
is not introduced under subparagraph (A),
by any Member of the House of Represent-
atives on any legislative day beginning on
the legislative day after the legislative day
described in subparagraph (A).

(B) REFERRAL AND REPORTING.—Any
committee of the House of Representatives to
which a Commission joint resolution is referred
shall report the Commission joint resolution to
the House of Representatives without amend-
ment not later than 10 legislative days after the
date on which the Commission joint resolution
was so referred. If a committee of the House of
Representatives fails to report a Commission
joint resolution within that period, it shall be in
order to move that the House of Representa-
tives discharge the committee from further con-
sideration of the Commission joint resolution.
Such a motion shall not be in order after the
last committee authorized to consider the Com-
mission joint resolution reports it to the House
of Representatives or after the House of Rep-

1 representatives has disposed of a motion to dis-
2 charge the Commission joint resolution. The
3 previous question shall be considered as ordered
4 on the motion to its adoption without inter-
5 vening motion except 20 minutes of debate
6 equally divided and controlled by the proponent
7 and an opponent. If such a motion is adopted,
8 the House of Representatives shall proceed im-
9 mediately to consider the Commission joint res-
10 olution in accordance with paragraphs (3) and
11 (4). A motion to reconsider the vote by which
12 the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

13 (C) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—

14 After the last committee authorized to consider
15 a Commission joint resolution reports it to the
16 House of Representatives or has been dis-
17 charged (other than by motion) from its consid-
18 eration, it shall be in order to move to proceed
19 to consider the Commission joint resolution in
20 the House of Representatives. Such a motion
21 shall not be in order after the House of Rep-
22 resentatives has disposed of a motion to proceed
23 with respect to the Commission joint resolution.
24 The previous question shall be considered as or-
25 dered on the motion to its adoption without in-

1 tervening motion. A motion to reconsider the
2 vote by which the motion is disposed of shall
3 not be in order.

4 (D) CONSIDERATION.—The Commission
5 joint resolution shall be considered as read. All
6 points of order against the Commission joint
7 resolution and against its consideration are
8 waived. The previous question shall be consid-
9 ered as ordered on the Commission joint resolu-
10 tion to its passage without intervening motion
11 except 2 hours of debate equally divided and
12 controlled by the proponent and an opponent
13 and 1 motion to limit debate on the Commis-
14 sion joint resolution. A motion to reconsider the
15 vote on passage of the Commission joint resolu-
16 tion shall not be in order.

17 (E) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on pas-
18 sage of the Commission joint resolution shall
19 occur not later than 3 legislative days after the
20 date on which the last committee authorized to
21 consider the Commission joint resolution re-
22 ports it to the House of Representatives or is
23 discharged.

24 (3) EXPEDITED PROCEDURE IN THE SENATE.—

1 (A) INTRODUCTION IN THE SENATE.—A
2 Commission joint resolution may be introduced
3 in the Senate (by request)—

4 (i) by the majority leader of the Sen-
5 ate, or by a Member of the Senate des-
6 ignated by the majority leader of the Sen-
7 ate, on the next legislative day after the
8 date on which the President submits the
9 proposed joint resolution under section
10 3(a); or

11 (ii) if the Commission joint resolution
12 is not introduced under subparagraph (A),
13 by any Member of the Senate on any day
14 on which the Senate is in session beginning
15 on the day after the day described in sub-
16 paragraph (A).

17 (B) COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION.—A
18 Commission joint resolution introduced in the
19 Senate under paragraph (1) shall be jointly re-
20 ferred to the committee or committees of juris-
21 diction, which committees shall report the Com-
22 mission joint resolution without any revision
23 and with a favorable recommendation, an unfav-
24 orable recommendation, or without rec-
25 ommendation, not later than 10 session days

1 after the date on which the Commission joint
2 resolution was so referred. If any committee to
3 which a Commission joint resolution is referred
4 fails to report the Commission joint resolution
5 within that period, that committee shall be
6 automatically discharged from consideration of
7 the Commission joint resolution, and the Com-
8 mission joint resolution shall be placed on the
9 appropriate calendar.

10 (C) PROCEEDING.—Notwithstanding rule
11 XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is
12 in order, not later than 2 days of session after
13 the date on which a Commission joint resolution
14 is reported or discharged from all committees to
15 which the Commission joint resolution was re-
16 ferred, for the majority leader of the Senate or
17 the designee of the majority leader to move to
18 proceed to the consideration of the Commission
19 joint resolution. It shall also be in order for any
20 Member of the Senate to move to proceed to the
21 consideration of the Commission joint resolution
22 at any time after the conclusion of such 2-day
23 period. A motion to proceed is in order even
24 though a previous motion to the same effect has
25 been disagreed to. All points of order against

1 the motion to proceed to the Commission joint
2 resolution are waived. The motion to proceed is
3 not debatable. The motion is not subject to a
4 motion to postpone. A motion to reconsider the
5 vote by which the motion is agreed to or dis-
6 agreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to
7 proceed to the consideration of the Commission
8 joint resolution is agreed to, the Commission
9 joint resolution shall remain the unfinished
10 business until disposed of. All points of order
11 against a Commission joint resolution and
12 against consideration of the Commission joint
13 resolution are waived.

14 (D) NO AMENDMENTS.—An amendment to
15 a Commission joint resolution, or a motion to
16 postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consid-
17 eration of other business, or a motion to recom-
18 mit the Commission joint resolution, is not in
19 order.

20 (E) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCE-
21 DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
22 relating to the application of the rules of the
23 Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure re-
24 lating to a Commission joint resolution shall be
25 decided without debate.

1 (4) AMENDMENT.—A Commission joint resolu-
2 tion shall not be subject to amendment in either the
3 Senate or the House of Representatives.

4 (5) CONSIDERATION BY THE OTHER HOUSE.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—If, before passing a
6 Commission joint resolution, a House receives
7 from the other House a Commission joint reso-
8 lution of the other House—

9 (i) the Commission joint resolution of
10 the other House shall not be referred to a
11 committee; and

12 (ii) the procedure in the receiving
13 House shall be the same as if no Commis-
14 sion joint resolution had been received
15 from the other House until the vote on
16 passage, when the Commission joint reso-
17 lution received from the other House shall
18 supplant the Commission joint resolution
19 of the receiving House.

20 (B) REVENUE MEASURES.—This sub-
21 section shall not apply to the House of Rep-
22 resentatives if a Commission joint resolution re-
23 ceived from the Senate is a revenue measure.

24 (6) RULES TO COORDINATE ACTION WITH
25 OTHER HOUSE.—

1 (A) TREATMENT OF COMMISSION JOINT
2 RESOLUTION OF OTHER HOUSE.—If a Commis-
3 sion joint resolution is not introduced in the
4 Senate or the Senate fails to consider a Com-
5 mission joint resolution under this section, the
6 Commission joint resolution of the House of
7 Representatives shall be entitled to expedited
8 floor procedures under this section.

9 (B) TREATMENT OF COMPANION MEAS-
10 URES IN THE SENATE.—If, following passage of
11 a Commission joint resolution in the Senate,
12 the Senate then receives from the House of
13 Representatives a Commission joint resolution,
14 the House-passed Commission joint resolution
15 shall not be debatable. The vote on passage of
16 the Commission joint resolution in the Senate
17 shall be considered to be the vote on passage of
18 the Commission joint resolution received from
19 the House of Representatives.

20 (C) VETOES.—If the President vetoes a
21 Commission joint resolution, consideration of a
22 veto message in the Senate under this para-
23 graph shall be 10 hours equally divided between
24 the majority and minority leaders of the Senate

1 or the designees of the majority and minority
2 leaders of the Senate.

3 (7) EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWER.—This
4 section is enacted by Congress—

5 (A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
6 of the Senate and House of Representatives, re-
7 spectively, and as such it is deemed a part of
8 the rules of each House, respectively, but appli-
9 cable only with respect to the procedure to be
10 followed in that House in the case of a Commis-
11 sion joint resolution, and it supersedes other
12 rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent
13 with such rules; and

14 (B) with full recognition of the constitu-
15 tional right of either House to change the rules
16 (so far as relating to the procedure of that
17 House) at any time, in the same manner, and
18 to the same extent as in the case of any other
19 rule of that House.

1 **TITLE V—RESTRICTION OF**
2 **TRADING AND OWNERSHIP**
3 **OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL IN-**
4 **STRUMENTS BY MEMBERS OF**
5 **THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTA-**
6 **TIVES**

7 **SEC. 501. RESTRICTION.**

8 Rule XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representa-
9 tives is amended by adding at the end the following:

10 “(23)(A) In this Code of Official Conduct, the
11 term ‘covered financial instrument’ means any in-
12 vestment in a security or security future (as defined
13 by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or a com-
14 modity (as defined by the Commodity Exchange
15 Act), and any economic interest acquired through
16 synthetic means, such as the use of a derivative, in-
17 cluding an option, warrant, or other similar means.

18 “(B) A Member of the House of Rep-
19 resentatives may not own or trade a covered fi-
20 nancial instrument.

21 “(C) Nothing in this paragraph shall be
22 construed to prevent a Member of the House of
23 Representatives from owning or trading a wide-
24 ly held investment fund that is registered as a
25 management company; a United States Treas-

1 ury bill, note, or bond; any bond issued by a
 2 State or local government; or any investment
 3 under the Thrift Savings Plan.

4 “(D) Each Member of the House of Rep-
 5 resentatives shall submit to the House Com-
 6 mittee on Ethics a pledge of compliance with
 7 the requirements of this paragraph and shall
 8 produce, upon request of the House Committee
 9 on Ethics, material or information determined
 10 by the House Committee on Ethics to be nec-
 11 essary to indicate compliance with the provi-
 12 sions of this paragraph.”.

13 **TITLE VI—SANCTIONING RUSSIA** 14 **ACT**

15 **SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.**

16 This title may be cited as the “Sanctioning Russia
 17 Act of 2025”.

18 **SEC. 602. DEFINITIONS.**

19 In this Act:

20 (1) ACCOUNT; CORRESPONDENT ACCOUNT; PAY-
 21 ABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNT.—The terms “account”,
 22 “correspondent account”, and “payable-through ac-
 23 count” have the meanings given those terms in sec-
 24 tion 5318A of title 31, United States Code.

1 (2) ADMISSION; ADMITTED; ALIEN.—The terms
2 “admission”, “admitted”, and “alien” have the
3 meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
4 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

5 (3) ARMED FORCES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERA-
6 TION.—The term “Armed Forces of the Russian
7 Federation” includes—

8 (A) the Aerospace Forces of the Russian
9 Federation;

10 (B) the Airborne Forces of the Russian
11 Federation;

12 (C) the Ground Forces of the Russian
13 Federation;

14 (D) the Navy of the Russian Federation;

15 (E) the Special Operations Command of
16 the Russian Federation;

17 (F) the Strategic Rocket Forces of the
18 Russian Federation;

19 (G) the General Staff of the Armed Forces
20 of the Russian Federation;

21 (H) the Main Directorate of the General
22 Staff of the Armed Forces of the Russian Fed-
23 eration; and

1 (I) any successor entities or proxies of the
2 entities described in subparagraphs (A) through
3 (H).

4 (4) COVERED DETERMINATION.—The term
5 “covered determination” means a determination by
6 the President as described in section 4.

7 (5) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—

8 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “critical in-
9 frastructure”, with respect to Ukraine, means
10 systems and assets, whether physical or virtual,
11 so vital to Ukraine that the incapacity or de-
12 struction of such systems and assets would have
13 catastrophic regional or national effects on pub-
14 lic health or safety, economic security, or na-
15 tional security.

16 (B) INCLUDED SECTORS.—The term “crit-
17 ical infrastructure” includes assets in the fol-
18 lowing sectors:

- 19 (i) Biotechnology.
- 20 (ii) Chemical.
- 21 (iii) Commercial facilities.
- 22 (iv) Communications.
- 23 (v) Critical manufacturing.
- 24 (vi) Dams.
- 25 (vii) Defense industrial base.

- 1 (viii) Emergency services.
- 2 (ix) Energy.
- 3 (x) Financial services.
- 4 (xi) Food and agriculture.
- 5 (xii) Government facilities.
- 6 (xiii) Healthcare and public health.
- 7 (xiv) Information technology.
- 8 (xv) Materials and waste.
- 9 (xvi) Nuclear reactors.
- 10 (xvii) Space.
- 11 (xviii) Transportation systems.
- 12 (xix) Water and wastewater systems.

13 (6) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term “fi-
 14 nancial institution” means a financial institution
 15 specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),
 16 (F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (M), or (Y) of section
 17 5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.

18 (7) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term “foreign per-
 19 son” means an individual or entity that is not a
 20 United States person.

21 (8) KNOWINGLY; KNOWS.—The terms “know-
 22 ingly” and “knows”, with respect to conduct, a cir-
 23 cumstance, or a result, means that a person had ac-
 24 tual knowledge, or should have known, of the con-
 25 duct, the circumstance, or the result.

1 (9) MILITARY INVASION.—The term “military
2 invasion” includes—

3 (A) a ground operation or assault;

4 (B) an amphibious landing or assault;

5 (C) an airborne operation or air assault;

6 (D) an aerial bombardment or blockade;

7 (E) missile attacks, including rockets, bal-
8 listic missiles, cruise missiles, and hypersonic
9 missiles;

10 (F) a naval bombardment or armed block-
11 ade;

12 (G) a cyber attack; and

13 (H) an attack by a country on any terri-
14 tory controlled or administered by any other
15 independent, sovereign country, including off-
16 shore islands controlled or administered by that
17 country.

18 (10) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
19 “United States person” means—

20 (A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
21 fully admitted for permanent residence to the
22 United States; or

23 (B) an entity organized under the laws of
24 the United States or any jurisdiction within the

1 United States, including a foreign branch of
2 such an entity.

3 **SEC. 603. COVERED DETERMINATION.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after the
5 date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days there-
6 after, the President shall determine if any of the following
7 actors has engaged, is engaging, or is planning to engage
8 in an act described in subsection (b):

9 (1) The Government of the Russian Federation.

10 (2) Any proxy of the Government of the Rus-
11 sian Federation.

12 (3) Any individual or entity controlled by or
13 acting at the direction of the Government of the
14 Russian Federation.

15 (4) Any person described in section 5 or 6.

16 (b) ACTS DESCRIBED.—An act described in this sub-
17 section is any of the following:

18 (1) Refusing to negotiate a peace agreement
19 with Ukraine.

20 (2) Violating any negotiated peace agreement.

21 (3) Initiating another military invasion of
22 Ukraine.

23 (4) Overthrowing, dismantling, or seeking to
24 subvert the Government of Ukraine.

1 **SEC. 604. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON CERTAIN PER-**
2 **SONS AFFILIATED WITH OR SUPPORTING**
3 **THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FED-**
4 **ERATION.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
6 ing a covered determination, and every 90 days thereafter,
7 the President shall—

8 (1) impose the sanctions described in subsection
9 (c) with respect to the persons described in sub-
10 section (b); and

11 (2) prohibit any United States person from en-
12 gaging in any transaction with a person described in
13 subsection (b).

14 (b) PERSONS DESCRIBED.—The persons described in
15 this subsection are the following:

16 (1) The following officials of the Government of
17 the Russian Federation:

18 (A) The President of the Russian Federa-
19 tion.

20 (B) The Prime Minister of the Russian
21 Federation.

22 (C) The Minister of Defense of the Rus-
23 sian Federation.

24 (D) The Chief of the General Staff of the
25 Armed Forces of the Russian Federation.

1 (E) The Deputy Ministers of Defense of
2 the Russian Federation.

3 (F) The Commander-in-Chief of the Land
4 Forces of the Russian Federation.

5 (G) The Commander-in-Chief of the Aero-
6 space Forces of the Russian Federation.

7 (H) The Commander of the Airborne
8 Forces of the Russian Federation.

9 (I) The Commander-in-Chief of the Navy
10 of the Russian Federation.

11 (J) The Commander of the Strategic Rock-
12 et Forces of the Russian Federation.

13 (K) The Commander of the Special Oper-
14 ations Forces of the Russian Federation.

15 (L) The Commander of Logistical Support
16 of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation.

17 (M) The commanders of the Russian Fed-
18 eration military districts.

19 (N) The Minister of Foreign Affairs of the
20 Russian Federation.

21 (O) The Minister of Transport of the Rus-
22 sian Federation.

23 (P) The Minister of Finance of the Rus-
24 sian Federation.

1 (Q) The Minister of Industry and Trade of
2 the Russian Federation.

3 (R) The Minister of Energy of the Russian
4 Federation.

5 (S) The Minister of Agriculture of the
6 Russian Federation.

7 (T) The Director of the Foreign Intel-
8 ligence Service of the Russian Federation.

9 (U) The Director of the Federal Security
10 Service of the Russian Federation.

11 (V) The Director of the Main Directorate
12 of the General Staff of the Armed Forces of the
13 Russian Federation.

14 (W) The Director of the National Guard of
15 the Russian Federation.

16 (X) The Federal Guard Service of the Rus-
17 sian Federation.

18 (2) Any foreign person that—

19 (A) knowingly sells, supplies, transfers,
20 markets, or provides defense articles, equip-
21 ment, goods, services, technology, or materials
22 to the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation;

23 (B) knowingly conducts a transaction with
24 the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation;

1 (C) has engaged in or attempted to engage
2 in activities that—

3 (i) materially undermine the military
4 readiness of Ukraine;

5 (ii) seek to overthrow, dismantle, or
6 subvert the Government of Ukraine;

7 (iii) debilitate the critical infrastruc-
8 ture of Ukraine;

9 (iv) debilitate cybersecurity systems
10 through malicious electronic attacks or
11 cyberattacks on Ukraine;

12 (v) undermine the democratic proc-
13 esses of Ukraine; or

14 (vi) involve committing serious human
15 rights abuses against citizens of Ukraine,
16 including forceful transfers, enforced dis-
17 appearances, unjust detainment, or tor-
18 ture;

19 (D) operates or has operated in the energy,
20 commodities, telecommunications, banking, in-
21 dustrial, transportation, or manufacturing sec-
22 tors of the economy of the Russian Federation;

23 (E) is an oligarch (as defined and identi-
24 fied by the President); and

1 (F) is responsible for or complicit in, or
2 has directly or indirectly engaged or attempted
3 to engage in, for or on behalf of, or for the ben-
4 efit of, directly or indirectly, the Government of
5 the Russian Federation—

6 (i) transnational corruption, bribery,
7 extortion, or money laundering;

8 (ii) assassination, murder, or other
9 unlawful killing of, or infliction of other
10 bodily harm against, a United States per-
11 son or a citizen or national of an ally or
12 partner of the United States;

13 (iii) activities that undermine the
14 peace, security, political stability, or terri-
15 torial integrity of the United States or an
16 ally or partner of the United States; or

17 (iv) deceptive or structured trans-
18 actions or dealings to circumvent the appli-
19 cation of any sanctions imposed by the
20 United States, including through the use
21 of digital currencies or assets or the use of
22 physical assets.

23 (3) Any person or agent of any person de-
24 scribed in paragraph (1) or (2) if the sanctioned

1 person transferred property or an interest in prop-
2 erty to the person—

3 (A) after the date on which the President
4 imposed sanctions with respect to the sanc-
5 tioned person; or

6 (B) before that date, if the sanctioned per-
7 son did so in an attempt to evade the imposi-
8 tion of sanctions.

9 (c) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de-
10 scribed in this subsection to be imposed with respect to
11 a person described in subsection (b) are the following:

12 (1) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—

13 (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall ex-
14 ercise all of the powers granted by the Inter-
15 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
16 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to block and prohibit all
17 transactions in all property and interests in
18 property of the person if such property and in-
19 terests in property are in the United States,
20 come within the United States, or are or come
21 within the possession or control of a United
22 States person.

23 (B) INAPPLICABILITY OF NATIONAL EMER-
24 GENCY REQUIREMENT.—The requirements of
25 section 202 of the International Emergency

1 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall
2 not apply for purposes of this section.

3 (2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR
4 PAROLE.—

5 (A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
6 alien described in subsection (b) shall be—

7 (i) inadmissible to the United States;

8 (ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
9 documentation to enter the United States;

10 and

11 (iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
12 or paroled into the United States or to re-
13 ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
14 tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
15 seq.).

16 (B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—

17 (i) IN GENERAL.—The visa or other
18 entry documentation of an alien described
19 in subsection (b) shall be revoked, regard-
20 less of when such visa or other entry docu-
21 mentation is or was issued.

22 (ii) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—A revoca-
23 tion under clause (i) shall—

24 (I) take effect immediately; and

1 (II) automatically cancel any
2 other valid visa or entry documenta-
3 tion that is in the possession of the
4 alien.

5 **SEC. 605. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FI-**
6 **NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AFFILIATED WITH**
7 **THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FED-**
8 **ERATION.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
10 ing a covered determination, and every 90 days thereafter,
11 the Secretary of the Treasury shall—

12 (1) impose the sanctions described in subsection

13 (b) with respect to—

14 (A) the Central Bank of the Russian Fed-
15 eration (Bank of Russia);

16 (B) Sberbank;

17 (C) VTB Bank;

18 (D) Gazprombank;

19 (E) any other financial institution orga-
20 nized under the laws of the Russian Federation
21 and owned in whole or part by the Government
22 of the Russian Federation;

23 (F) any subsidiary of, or successor entity
24 to, any of the financial institutions described in
25 subparagraphs (A) through (E); and

1 (G) any financial institution that engages
2 in transactions with any of the financial institu-
3 tions described in subparagraphs (A) through
4 (F);

5 (2) impose the sanctions described in section
6 5(c) with respect to any directors of, officers of, offi-
7 cials of, and shareholders with an interest in, a fi-
8 nancial institution described in paragraph (1); and
9 (3) prohibit any United States person from en-
10 gaging in any transaction with a financial institution
11 described in paragraph (1).

12 (b) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de-
13 scribed in this subsection to be imposed with respect to
14 a financial institution described in subsection (a)(1) are
15 the following:

16 (1) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—

17 (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall ex-
18 ercise all of the powers granted to the President
19 under the International Emergency Economic
20 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the ex-
21 tent necessary to block and prohibit all trans-
22 actions in property and interests in property of
23 the financial institution if such property and in-
24 terests in property are in the United States,
25 come within the United States, or are or come

1 within the possession or control of a United
2 States person.

3 (B) INAPPLICABILITY OF NATIONAL EMER-
4 GENCY REQUIREMENT.—The requirements of
5 section 202 of the International Emergency
6 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall
7 not apply for purposes of this section.

8 (2) RESTRICTIONS ON CORRESPONDENT AND
9 PAYABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNTS.—The President
10 shall prohibit the opening, and prohibit or impose
11 strict conditions on the maintaining, in the United
12 States, of a correspondent account or payable-
13 through account by the financial institution.

14 **SEC. 606. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO**
15 **OTHER ENTITIES OWNED BY OR AFFILIATED**
16 **WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN**
17 **FEDERATION.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
19 ing a covered determination, and every 90 days thereafter,
20 the Secretary of the Treasury shall impose the sanctions
21 described in subsection (b) with respect to any entity
22 that—

23 (1) the Government of the Russian Federation
24 has an ownership interest in; or

1 (2) is otherwise affiliated with the Government
2 of the Russian Federation.

3 (b) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall exercise
5 all of the powers granted to the President under the
6 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
7 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block
8 and prohibit all transactions in property and inter-
9 ests in property of an entity described in subsection
10 (a) if such property and interests in property are in
11 the United States, come within the United States, or
12 are or come within the possession or control of a
13 United States person.

14 (2) INAPPLICABILITY OF NATIONAL EMER-
15 GENCY REQUIREMENT.—The requirements of section
16 202 of the International Emergency Economic Pow-
17 ers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply for pur-
18 poses of this section.

19 **SEC. 607. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFERS OF FUNDS INVOLV-**
20 **ING THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by subsection
22 (b), not later than 15 days after a covered determination
23 is made, a depository institution (as defined in section
24 19(b)(1)(A) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C.
25 461(b)(1)(A))) or a broker or dealer in securities reg-

1 istered with the Securities and Exchange Commission
2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
3 78a et seq.) may not process transfers of funds—

4 (1) to or from the Russian Federation; or

5 (2) for the direct or indirect benefit of officials
6 of the Government of the Russian Federation.

7 (b) EXCEPTION.—A depository institution, broker, or
8 dealer described in subsection (a) may process a transfer
9 described in that subsection if the transfer—

10 (1) arises from, and is ordinarily incident and
11 necessary to give effect to, an underlying transaction
12 that is authorized by a specific or general license;
13 and

14 (2) does not involve debiting or crediting an ac-
15 count affiliated with the Russian Federation or held
16 by a Russian person.

17 (c) RUSSIAN PERSON DEFINED.—In this section, the
18 term “Russian person” means—

19 (1) a citizen or national of the Russian Federa-
20 tion; or

21 (2) an entity organized under the laws of the
22 Russian Federation or otherwise subject to the juris-
23 diction of the Government of the Russian Federa-
24 tion.

1 **SEC. 608. PROHIBITION ON LISTING OR TRADING OF RUS-**
2 **SIAN ENTITIES ON UNITED STATES SECURI-**
3 **TIES EXCHANGES.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after a
5 covered determination is made, the Securities and Ex-
6 change Commission shall prohibit the securities of an
7 issuer described in subsection (b) from being traded on
8 a national securities exchange.

9 (b) ISSUERS.—An issuer described in this subsection
10 is an issuer that is—

11 (1) an official of or individual affiliated with the
12 Government of the Russian Federation; or

13 (2) an entity that—

14 (A) the Government of the Russian Fed-
15 eration has an ownership interest in; or

16 (B) is otherwise affiliated with the Govern-
17 ment of the Russian Federation.

18 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

19 (1) ISSUER; SECURITY.—The terms “issuer”
20 and “security” have the meanings given those terms
21 in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of
22 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).

23 (2) NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE.—The
24 term “national securities exchange” means an ex-
25 change registered as a national securities exchange

1 in accordance with section 6 of the Securities Ex-
2 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f).

3 **SEC. 609. PROHIBITION ON INVESTMENTS BY UNITED**
4 **STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS THAT BEN-**
5 **EFIT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN**
6 **FEDERATION.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after a
8 covered determination is made, the Secretary of the Treas-
9 ury shall prohibit any United States financial institution
10 from making any investment described in subsection (b).

11 (b) INVESTMENTS DESCRIBED.—An investment de-
12 scribed in this subsection is a monetary investment in or
13 to—

14 (1) an entity owned or controlled by the Gov-
15 ernment of the Russian Federation; or

16 (2) the Armed Forces of the Russian Federa-
17 tion.

18 (c) UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DE-
19 FINED.—In this section, the term “United States financial
20 institution”—

21 (1) means any financial institution that is a
22 United States person; and

23 (2) includes an investment company, private eq-
24 uity company, venture capital company, or hedge
25 fund that is a United States person.

1 **SEC. 610. PROHIBITION ON ENERGY EXPORTS TO, AND IN-**
2 **VESTMENTS IN ENERGY SECTOR OF, THE**
3 **RUSSIAN FEDERATION.**

4 (a) PROHIBITION ON EXPORTS.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after
6 a covered determination is made, the Secretary of
7 Commerce shall prohibit, under the Export Control
8 Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.), the
9 export, reexport, or in-country transfer to or in the
10 Russian Federation of any energy or energy product
11 produced in the United States.

12 (2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the
13 terms “export”, “in-country transfer”, and “reex-
14 port” have the meanings given those terms in sec-
15 tion 1742 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018
16 (50 U.S.C. 4801).

17 (b) PROHIBITION ON INVESTMENTS.—On and after
18 the date on which a covered determination is made, a
19 United States person may not make an investment in the
20 energy sector of the Russian Federation.

21 (c) SANCTIONS.—The President shall—

22 (1) impose the sanctions described in section
23 5(c) with respect to any foreign person that the
24 President determines knowingly sells, supplies,
25 transfers, markets, or provides goods, services, tech-
26 nology, information, or other support that facilitates

1 the maintenance or expansion of the production of
2 oil, uranium, natural gas, petroleum, petroleum
3 products, or petrochemical products for use by any
4 person subject to sanctions under section 5 or 6; and

5 (2) prohibit any United States person from en-
6 gaging in any transaction with a person described in
7 paragraph (1).

8 **SEC. 611. PROHIBITION ON PURCHASES OF SOVEREIGN**
9 **DEBT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION BY**
10 **UNITED STATES PERSONS.**

11 On and after the date that is 15 days after a covered
12 determination is made, the purchase of sovereign debt of
13 the Government of the Russian Federation by any United
14 States person is prohibited.

15 **SEC. 612. PROHIBITION ON PROVISION OF SERVICES TO**
16 **SANCTIONED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS BY**
17 **INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL MESSAGING SYS-**
18 **TEMS.**

19 Not later than 15 days after making a covered deter-
20 mination, and every 90 days thereafter, the President shall
21 impose sanctions pursuant to the International Emer-
22 gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) with
23 respect to—

24 (1) any global financial communications serv-
25 ices provider that does not terminate the provision

1 of financial communications services to, and the ena-
2 bling and facilitation of access to such services for,
3 any financial institution subject to sanctions under
4 section 6 or any other provision of this Act; and

5 (2) the directors of, officers of, and share-
6 holders with a interest in, the provider.

7 **SEC. 613. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTING, AND SANCTIONS**
8 **WITH RESPECT TO, URANIUM FROM THE RUS-**
9 **SIAN FEDERATION.**

10 (a) PROHIBITION.—Not later than 15 days after
11 making a covered determination, the President shall pro-
12 hibit the importation of uranium from—

13 (1) the Russian Federation, including the im-
14 portation of any uranium from Rosatom State Cor-
15 poration or any subsidiary or successor entity; and

16 (2) any country that has uranium that was
17 originally sourced from the Russian Federation,
18 Rosatom State Corporation, or any subsidiary or
19 successor entity.

20 (b) SANCTIONS.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
21 ing a covered determination, and every 90 days thereafter,
22 the President shall impose sanctions described in section
23 5(c) with respect to—

1 (1) any directors of, officers of, and share-
2 holders with an interest in, Rosatom State Corpora-
3 tion or any subsidiary or successor entity; and

4 (2) any foreign government or foreign person
5 that has knowingly sold, supplied, transferred, or
6 purchased uranium originally sourced from the Rus-
7 sian Federation, Rosatom State Corporation, or any
8 subsidiary or successor entity.

9 **SEC. 614. INCREASES IN DUTIES ON GOODS AND SERVICES**

10 **IMPORTED FROM THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
12 ing a covered determination, the President shall, notwith-
13 standing any other provision of law, increase the rate of
14 duty for all goods and services, including oil, natural gas,
15 petroleum, petroleum products, and petrochemical prod-
16 ucts, imported into the United States from the Russian
17 Federation to a rate of not less than the equivalent of 500
18 percent ad valorem.

19 (b) RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HIGHER RATE.—The
20 United States Trade Representative, in consultation with
21 the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce,
22 and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall
23 provide recommendations to the President with respect to
24 goods and services described in subsection (a) that should

1 be subject to a rate of duty that exceeds the equivalent
2 of 500 percent ad valorem.

3 (c) DUTY RATE IN ADDITION TO ANTIDUMPING AND
4 COUNTERVAILING DUTIES.—The rate of duty required
5 under subsection (a) with respect to a good or service de-
6 scribed in that subsection shall be in addition to any anti-
7 dumping or countervailing duty applicable with respect to
8 the good or service under title VII of the Tariff Act of
9 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.).

10 **SEC. 615. IMPOSITION OF CAATSA SANCTIONS.**

11 Not later than 15 days after making a covered deter-
12 mination, and every 90 days thereafter, the President shall
13 impose all sanctions described in section 235 of the Coun-
14 tering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22
15 U.S.C. 9529) that are not already applicable with respect
16 to—

17 (1) the Russian Federation; and

18 (2) any person described in section 5 or 6.

19 **SEC. 616. DUTIES ON COUNTRIES THAT PURCHASE RUS-**
20 **SIAN-ORIGIN OIL, URANIUM, AND PETRO-**
21 **LEUM PRODUCTS.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after mak-
23 ing a covered determination, and every 90 days thereafter,
24 the President shall, notwithstanding any other provision
25 of law, increase the rate of duty for all goods or services

1 imported into the United States from a country described
2 in subsection (b) to a rate of not less than the equivalent
3 of 500 percent ad valorem.

4 (b) COUNTRIES DESCRIBED.—A country is described
5 in this subsection if the country knowingly sells, supplies,
6 transfers, or purchases oil, uranium, natural gas, petro-
7 leum products, or petrochemical products that originated
8 in the Russian Federation.

9 (c) DUTY RATE IN ADDITION TO ANTIDUMPING AND
10 COUNTERVAILING DUTIES.—The rate of duty required
11 under subsection (a) with respect to a good or service de-
12 scribed in that subsection shall be in addition to any anti-
13 dumping or countervailing duty applicable with respect to
14 the good or service under title VII of the Tariff Act of
15 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.).

16 (d) WAIVER.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may waive
18 the application of subsection (a) one time for a pe-
19 riod of not more than 180 days with respect to a
20 country, a good, or a service if the President deter-
21 mines that such a waiver is in the national security
22 interests of the United States.

23 (2) PROHIBITION ON WAIVERS FOR CERTAIN
24 COUNTRIES.—The President may not waive the ap-
25 plication of subsection (a) with respect to—

1 (A) a country the government of which the
2 Secretary of State has determined has repeat-
3 edly provided support for acts of international
4 terrorism (commonly referred to as a “state
5 sponsor of terrorism”), for purposes of—

6 (i) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Ex-
7 port Control Reform Act of 2018 (50
8 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i));

9 (ii) section 620A of the Foreign As-
10 sistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);

11 (iii) section 40(d) of the Arms Export
12 Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or

13 (iv) any other provision of law; or

14 (B) a country specified in section
15 4872(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code.

16 **SEC. 617. EXCEPTIONS.**

17 (a) SUPPORT FOR PEOPLE OF THE RUSSIAN FED-
18 ERATION.—This Act shall not apply with respect to the
19 provision of humanitarian assistance (including medical
20 assistance) to the people of the Russian Federation.

21 (b) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—
22 This Act shall not apply with respect to activities subject
23 to the reporting requirements under title V of the National
24 Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any au-
25 thorized intelligence activities of the United States.

1 (c) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTERNATIONAL
2 OBLIGATIONS.—Sanctions under this Act shall not apply
3 to the admission of an alien if the admission of that alien
4 is necessary to comply with United States obligations
5 under the Agreement between the United Nations and the
6 United States of America regarding the Headquarters of
7 the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26,
8 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, under
9 the Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vienna
10 April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 19, 1967,
11 or under other international agreements.

12 **SEC. 618. IMPLEMENTATION; PENALTIES.**

13 (a) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may exercise
14 all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the
15 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
16 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this Act.

17 (b) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, attempts to
18 violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of this
19 Act or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry out
20 this Act shall be subject to the penalties set forth in sub-
21 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International
22 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the
23 same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act de-
24 scribed in subsection (a) of that section.

1 **SEC. 619. TERMINATION AUTHORITY; REIMPOSITION OF**
2 **SANCTIONS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President may terminate the
4 application of sanctions, prohibitions, restrictions, duties,
5 and penalties under this Act if the President certifies to
6 Congress that—

7 (1) all actors described in subsection (a) of sec-
8 tion 4 have verifiably ceased engaging in acts de-
9 scribed in subsection (b) of that section; and

10 (2) the Government of the Russian Federation
11 has entered into a peace agreement with Ukraine.

12 (b) REIMPOSITION.—If, after the submission of a cer-
13 tification described in subsection (a), an actor described
14 in subsection (a) of section 4 engages in an act described
15 in subsection (b) of that section, the President shall imme-
16 diately reimpose all previously terminated sanctions, pro-
17 hibitions, restrictions, duties, and penalties imposed under
18 this Act, in addition to new sanctions, prohibitions, re-
19 strictions, duties, and penalties under this Act.

20 **TITLE VII—SAFER SCHOOLS ACT**

21 **SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.**

22 This title may be cited as the “Secure And Fortify
23 Entrances and Rooms in Schools Act of 2025” or the
24 “SAFER Schools Act of 2025”.

1 **SEC. 702. INSTALLATION OR MODIFICATION OF INTERIOR**
2 **AND EXTERIOR DOORS IN SCHOOLS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Cy-
5 bersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) of
6 the Department of Homeland Security, in consultation
7 with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall convene
8 a rulemaking advisory committee to review and develop
9 findings and recommendations to require the installation
10 or modification of interior and exterior doors in any pri-
11 mary or secondary school in the United States which re-
12 ceives Federal funding.

13 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Director of CISA shall chair
14 and, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
15 rity, appoint the members of the rulemaking committee
16 under subsection (a), which shall be comprised of the Sec-
17 retary of Education (or his or her designee) and at least
18 one representative from the constituencies of—

- 19 (1) State and local law enforcement officers;
20 (2) school safety personnel or school resource
21 officers;
22 (3) school safety advocates, which may include
23 parents;
24 (4) public, private, or parochial school teachers
25 or administrators;

1 (5) individuals with expertise in the area of bal-
2 listic shielding technology;

3 (6) individuals with expertise in the field of
4 school construction, including structural engineering
5 or architecture; and

6 (7) other stakeholders or experts the Director
7 of CISA, in consultation with the Secretary of
8 Homeland Security, determines appropriate.

9 (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—The rulemaking advisory
10 committee under subsection (a) shall consider the fol-
11 lowing:

12 (1) Requirements for any reinforced door, in-
13 cluding an identification or specification of appro-
14 priate technologies, mechanisms, covers, adhesives,
15 or other qualities of such doors that may be utilized
16 to better guarantee security within a classroom or
17 primary or secondary school building.

18 (2) Reinforced door performance standards that
19 manufacturers and primary or secondary schools are
20 required to satisfy.

21 (3) The development, certification, testing,
22 manufacturing, installation, and training relating to
23 reinforced doors.

24 (4) The appropriate term of service or lifetime
25 of a reinforced door.

1 (5) How requirements will ensure the effective-
2 ness of a reinforced door in protecting against
3 threats while not inhibiting the movement of law en-
4 forcement personnel in pursuit of a threat or the
5 ability of students, teachers, and primary or sec-
6 ondary school personnel to safely evacuate in the
7 event of an emergency.

8 (6) Other considerations the Director of CISA
9 determines appropriate.

10 (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than one year
11 after the convening of the rulemaking advisory committee
12 under subsection (a), the Director of CISA shall submit
13 to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Com-
14 mittee on Education and Workforce of the House of Rep-
15 resentatives and the Committee on Homeland Security
16 and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Health,
17 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report
18 based on the findings and recommendations of such com-
19 mittee.

20 (e) FINAL RULE RELATING TO INSTALLATION OR
21 MODIFICATION OF INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR DOORS IN
22 SCHOOLS.—Not later than six months after the date of
23 submission of the report required under subsection (d),
24 the Director of CISA, taking into consideration the find-
25 ings and recommendations contained in such report, shall

1 issue a final rule requiring the installation or modification
2 of interior and exterior doors in primary or secondary
3 school for the purpose of reinforcing such doors.

4 (f) STATE HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT PRO-
5 GRAM.—This section shall be administered under the au-
6 thorization of the Homeland Security Grant Program
7 under section 2004 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
8 (6 U.S.C. 605). There is authorized to be appropriated
9 to such Program to carry out this section an additional
10 \$100,000,000 for the fiscal year in which the final rule
11 is issued in accordance with subsection (e) and for each
12 of the nine fiscal years thereafter. Such additional
13 amounts may only be obligated and expended for the pur-
14 pose of carrying out this section.

15 **TITLE VIII—LET AMERICA VOTE** 16 **ACT**

17 **SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.**

18 This title may be cited as the “Let America Vote
19 Act”.

20 **SEC. 802. REQUIRING STATES TO PERMIT UNAFFILIATED** 21 **VOTERS TO VOTE IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS.**

22 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
23 gress that the right of a citizen of the United States to
24 vote in any taxpayer-funded election for public office shall
25 not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any

1 State on the grounds of political party affiliation or lack
2 thereof.

3 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL
4 OFFICE.—

5 (1) ACCESS OF UNAFFILIATED VOTERS TO PRI-
6 MARIES.—Each State shall permit an unaffiliated
7 voter who is registered to vote in an election for
8 Federal office held in the State to vote in any pri-
9 mary election for such office held in the State, ex-
10 cept that the State shall not permit an unaffiliated
11 voter to vote in primary elections for such office of
12 more than one political party.

13 (2) RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO UNAFFILI-
14 ATED VOTERS.—

15 (A) RESTRICTIONS ON SHARING OF INFOR-
16 MATION.—A State shall not share information
17 relating to an unaffiliated voter in a primary
18 election for Federal office, including the voter's
19 name and contact information, with a political
20 party or with any other person who may rea-
21 sonably be expected to use the information for
22 a political or politically-connected commercial
23 purpose, including soliciting funds.

24 (B) RESTRICTIONS ON STATUS OF VOTER
25 ON OFFICIAL REGISTRATION LIST.—For pur-

1 poses of a State's official voter registration list,
2 a State shall not treat an individual who is an
3 unaffiliated voter as a member of, or as an indi-
4 vidual who is otherwise affiliated with, the polit-
5 ical party who held the primary election in
6 which the individual voted solely on the grounds
7 that the individual voted in that primary elec-
8 tion.

9 (c) ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND LOCAL OFFICE.—
10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may
11 not use any funds provided by the Federal Government
12 directly for election administration purposes unless the
13 State certifies to the Election Assistance Commission
14 that—

15 (1) the State permits an unaffiliated voter who
16 is registered to vote in an election for State or local
17 office held in the State to vote in any primary elec-
18 tion for such office held in the State, except that the
19 State shall not permit an unaffiliated voter to vote
20 in primary elections for such office of more than one
21 political party;

22 (2) the State applies the restrictions on sharing
23 information relating to unaffiliated voters in primary
24 elections for Federal office, as described in sub-
25 section (a)(2)(A), to information relating to unaffili-

1 ated voters in primary elections for State and local
2 office; and

3 (3) the State applies the restrictions on treating
4 unaffiliated voters in primary elections for Federal
5 office as members of, or as individuals who are oth-
6 erwise affiliated with, a political party, as described
7 in subsection (a)(2)(B), to unaffiliated voters in pri-
8 mary elections for State and local office.

9 (d) TRANSITION ASSISTANCE GRANTS.—

10 (1) PAYMENT OF GRANTS.—If a State certifies
11 to the Election Assistance Commission that the
12 State is in compliance with the requirements of this
13 section with respect to a fiscal year, the Commission
14 shall make a payment to the State during that fiscal
15 year and each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years in an
16 amount equal to 2 percent of the total amount of re-
17 quirements payments made to the State under sec-
18 tion 251 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52
19 U.S.C. 21001).

20 (2) USE OF FUNDS.—A State shall use the pay-
21 ment received under this subsection to cover the
22 costs of permitting unaffiliated voters who are reg-
23 istered to vote in elections for Federal, State, or
24 local office held in the State to vote in any primary
25 election for such office held in the State.

1 (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

2 There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal
3 year 2026 and each succeeding fiscal year such sums
4 as may be necessary for grants under this sub-
5 section.

6 (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

7 (1) the terms “election” and “Federal office”
8 have the meanings give such terms in section 301 of
9 the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52
10 U.S.C. 30101);

11 (2) the term “primary election” means an elec-
12 tion (including a primary election held for the ex-
13 pression of a preference for the nomination of indi-
14 viduals for election to the office of President) held
15 by any political party to nominate individuals who
16 would appear on a general election ballot as a can-
17 didate for election for Federal office, including a
18 convention or caucus of a political party which has
19 authority to nominate such a candidate;

20 (3) the term “State” has the meaning given
21 such term in section 901 of the Help America Vote
22 Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 21141); and

23 (4) the term “unaffiliated voter” means an in-
24 dividual who is not registered to vote as a member

1 of a political party or otherwise affiliated with a po-
2 litical party.

3 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This title shall apply with re-
4 spect to elections held after the date of the enactment of
5 this Act.

6 **SEC. 803. PROHIBITING NONCITIZENS FROM VOTING.**

7 (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the
8 United States that no person who is not a citizen shall
9 be permitted or granted the right to vote in any taxpayer-
10 funded election for public office held by or in the United
11 States or any State.

12 (b) ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL OFFICE.—No State
13 shall permit any person who is not a citizen of the United
14 States to vote in any election for Federal office held in
15 the State.

16 (c) ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND LOCAL OFFICE.—
17 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may
18 not use any funds provided by the Federal Government
19 directly for election administration purposes unless the
20 State certifies to the Election Assistance Commission that
21 the State does not permit any person who is not a citizen
22 of the United States to vote in any election for State or
23 local office or any ballot initiative or referendum held in
24 the State.

1 **TITLE IX—REVIEW OF CERTAIN**
2 **INTELLIGENCE SHARING**
3 **WITH UKRAINE**

4 **SEC. 901. REVIEW OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE SHARING**
5 **WITH UKRAINE.**

6 Not later than 90 days after the enactment of this
7 Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation
8 with the Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Cen-
9 tral Intelligence Agency, shall conduct a review and issue
10 a classified report to the House Permanent Select Com-
11 mittee on Intelligence and the Senate Select Committee
12 on Intelligence which makes a determination whether in-
13 creased intelligence sharing with Ukraine relating to the
14 Russian Federation, Belarus, China, North Korea, or any
15 other entity the Director of National Intelligence deter-
16 mines appropriate for purposes of this section, improves
17 the security of the United States and the allies and part-
18 ners of the United States.

19 **TITLE X—FAIRNESS TO VET-**
20 **ERAN SMALL BUSINESSES**
21 **FOR INFRASTRUCTURE IN-**
22 **VESTMENT ACT**

23 **SEC. 1001. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.**

24 Section 11101(e) of the Infrastructure Investment
25 and Jobs Act (23 U.S.C. 101 note) is amended—

1 (1) in paragraph (2) by adding at the end the
 2 following:

3 “(C) VETERAN-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS
 4 CONCERN.—The term ‘veteran-owned small
 5 business concern’ has the meaning given the
 6 term ‘small business concern owned and con-
 7 trolled by veterans’ in section 3(q) of the Small
 8 Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(q)).”;

9 (2) in paragraph (3) by inserting “and veteran-
 10 owned small business concerns” before the period at
 11 the end; and

12 (3) in paragraph (4)(B)—

13 (A) in clause (ii) by striking “and” at the
 14 end;

15 (B) in clause (iii) by striking the period at
 16 the end and inserting “; and”; and

17 (C) by adding at the end the following:

18 “(iv) veterans.”.

19 **TITLE XI—JUSTICE FOR ALS**
 20 **VETERANS ACT**

21 **SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE.**

22 This title may be cited as the “Justice for ALS Vet-
 23 erans Act of 2025”.

1 **SEC. 1102. EXTENSION OF INCREASED DEPENDENCY AND**
2 **INDEMNITY COMPENSATION TO SURVIVING**
3 **SPOUSES OF VETERANS WHO DIE FROM**
4 **AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS.**

5 (a) EXTENSION.—Section 1311(a)(2) of title 38,
6 United States Code, is amended—

7 (1) by inserting “(A)” before “The rate”; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
9 paragraph:

10 “(B) A veteran who died from amyotrophic
11 lateral sclerosis shall be treated as a veteran de-
12 scribed in subparagraph (A) without regard for
13 how long the veteran had such disease prior to
14 death.

15 “(C) For purposes of the payment of com-
16 pensation under this subsection by reason of
17 the death of a veteran described in subpara-
18 graph (B), the term ‘surviving spouse’ means a
19 person who was married to the veteran for a
20 continuous period of eight years or longer prior
21 to the death of the veteran.”.

22 (b) APPLICABILITY.—Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
23 section 1311(a)(2) of title 38, United States Code, as
24 added by subsection (a), shall apply to a veteran who dies
25 from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis on or after October 1,
26 2025.

1 **SEC. 1103. REPORT ON ADDITIONAL MEDICAL CONDITIONS.**

2 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
3 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
4 Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report that
5 includes an identification of any service-connected dis-
6 ability, other than amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, that the
7 Secretary determines should be treated in the same man-
8 ner as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis is treated under sub-
9 paragraphs (B) and (C) of section 1311(a)(2) of title 38,
10 United States Code, as added by section 1202.

11 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection
12 (a) shall include the following:

13 (1) A comprehensive list of service-connected
14 disabilities with high mortality rates.

15 (2) Detailed information on the average life ex-
16 pectancy for persons with each such disability.

