

119TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 1291

To identify and evaluate the compliance of foreign free trade zones with international standards, and for other purposes.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 3, 2025

Mr. CASSIDY (for himself and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) introduced the following bill;  
which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

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## A BILL

To identify and evaluate the compliance of foreign free trade zones with international standards, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Containing and Lim-  
5 iting the Extensive Abuses Noticed in Free Trade Zones  
6 Act of 2025” or the “CLEAN FTZ Act of 2025”.

**7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

8       In this Act:

1                             (1) COMMISSIONER.—The term “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs  
2                             and Border Protection.

4                             (2) ILLICIT INTERNATIONAL TRADE.—The term  
5                             “illicit international trade” means any practice or  
6                             conduct that—

7                                 (A) is prohibited by United States law or  
8                             in violation of relevant international standards,  
9                             including the guidelines and standards de-  
10                            scribed in section 4(b)(3); and

11                                 (B) relates to production, shipment, re-  
12                             ceipt, possession, distribution, sale, or purchase  
13                             of any goods, including any practice or conduct  
14                             intended to facilitate such activity.

15                             (3) NON-UNITED STATES FREE TRADE ZONE;  
16                             ZONE.—

17                                 (A) IN GENERAL.—The terms “non-United  
18                             States free trade zone” and “zone” mean a des-  
19                             ignated area within the customs territory of a  
20                             foreign country that is treated for purposes of  
21                             payment of duties or taxes as though the area  
22                             were located outside the customs territory of  
23                             that country.

24                                 (B) SYNONYMOUS TERMS.—Synonymous  
25                             terms commonly used to refer to zones de-

1               scribed in subparagraph (A) include “free  
2               zones”, “special economic zones”, “export proc-  
3               essing zones”, “free economic zones”, and  
4               “freeports”.

5               (4) PERSON.—The term “person” means an in-  
6               dividual or entity.

7               **SEC. 3. IDENTIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL FREE TRADE  
8               ZONES.**

9               (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the  
10          date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner, in  
11          consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Sec-  
12          retary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the  
13          United States Trade Representative, shall identify and  
14          publish, on a publicly accessible internet website, a list of  
15          non-United States free trade zones that includes the iden-  
16          tity, location, and administrators of each such zone.

17               (b) PERIODIC REVIEWS.—The Commissioner shall  
18          review the list of non-United State free trade zones re-  
19          quired by subsection (a) on a periodic basis, and not less  
20          frequently than annually—

- 21               (1) to ensure the information included for each  
22          zone is correct;  
23               (2) to add new zones to the list; and  
24               (3) to remove zones no longer in existence from  
25          the list.

1     **SEC. 4. CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES INTO TIERS.**

2         (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the  
3     list of zones required by section 3 is published, the Com-  
4     missioner, in consultation with the Secretary of Com-  
5     merce, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treas-  
6     ury, and the United States Trade Representative, shall  
7     publish, on a publicly accessible internet website, a classi-  
8     fication of the countries in which those zones are located  
9     into tiers as provided by this section.

10         (b) METHODOLOGY.—The Commissioner shall base  
11     the tier classification of countries under subsection (a) on  
12     the following standards:

13                 (1) Maintenance of a low level of transnational  
14     criminal activity in illegally trading narcotics, arms,  
15     persons, tobacco, counterfeit consumer goods, com-  
16     modities, and wildlife occurring in zones located in  
17     a country.

18                 (2) Effective efforts by the government of the  
19     country to counter illicit international trade in zones  
20     located in the country, including the effectiveness of  
21     penalties and sanctions imposed on countering such  
22     trade, compliance with United States and United  
23     Nations sanctions regimes, screening practices to de-  
24     tect illicit goods, and eliminating criminal activities  
25     related to illicit international trade.

1                             (3) The compliance of zones located in the  
2                             country with the international guidelines and stand-  
3                             ards set forth in—

4                             (A) the document of the Organisation for  
5                             Economic Co-operation and Development enti-  
6                             tled “Recommendation on Countering Illicit  
7                             Trade: Enhancing Transparency in Free Trade  
8                             Zones”;

9                             (B) chapter 2 of Specific Annex D of the  
10                             International Convention on the Simplification  
11                             and Harmonization of Customs Procedures,  
12                             done at Kyoto, Japan, on May 18, 1973, as  
13                             amended by the Protocol of Amendment, done  
14                             at Brussels, Belgium, on June 26, 1999 (com-  
15                             monly referred to as the “Revised Kyoto Con-  
16                             vention”);

17                             (C) the United Nations Convention against  
18                             Transnational Organized Crime, done at New  
19                             York November 15, 2000, and entered into  
20                             force September 29, 2003 (TIAS 13127);

21                             (D) the United Nations Convention against  
22                             Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psycho-  
23                             tropic Substances, done at Vienna December  
24                             20, 1988;

(E) the international standards on combating money laundering and the financing of terrorism and proliferation of the Financial Action Task Force;

(F) the United Nations Convention against Corruption, signed at Merida December 9, 2003;

(G) the Practical Guidance on Free Zones of the World Customs Organization;

(H) the Agreement on Trade Facilitation of the World Trade Organization;

(I) the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights of the World Trade Organization (commonly referred to as the “TRIPS Agreement”); and

(J) best practices and guidelines of multilateral export control regimes of which the United States is a member, including practices and guidelines related to implementation of controls on transit and transshipment of export-controlled commodities, software, and technology.

(4) Such other standards as the Commissioner considers relevant.

1       (c) TIERS.—The Commissioner, in consultation with  
2 the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of State, the  
3 Secretary of the Treasury, and the United States Trade  
4 Representative, shall classify each country in which zones  
5 on the list required by section 3 are located into one of  
6 the following 4 tiers:

7                 (1) Countries with zones that fully comply with  
8 standards described in subsection (b) (to be known  
9 as “tier I countries”).

10               (2) Countries with zones that do not fully com-  
11 ply with those standards but are making significant  
12 efforts to bring themselves into compliance with  
13 those standards (to be known as “tier II countries”).

14               (3) Countries (to be known as “tier III coun-  
15 tries”) with zones that do not fully comply with  
16 those standards and are making efforts to bring  
17 themselves into compliance with those standards,  
18 but—

19                         (A) the volume of goods or type of goods  
20 processed in those zones is significant and the  
21 country is not taking proportional concrete ac-  
22 tions; or

23                         (B) there is a failure to provide evidence of  
24 increasing efforts to combat illicit international  
25 trade in those zones from the previous year.

1                         (4) Countries with zones that do not comply  
2                         with those standards and are not making efforts to  
3                         bring themselves into compliance with those stand-  
4                         ards (to be known as “tier IV countries”).

5                         (d) PUBLICATION OF CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA.—  
6     The Commissioner shall publish the assessment criteria  
7     and methodology used to classify countries into the tiers  
8     described in subsection (c).

9                         (e) CLASSIFICATION CHANGE.—

10                         (1) PROGRESS IN MEETING STANDARDS.—A  
11                         tier II, tier III, or tier IV country may be reclassi-  
12                         fied as a tier I, tier II, or tier III country, respec-  
13                         tively, if the zones located in the country show sig-  
14                         nificant progress in complying with the standards  
15                         described in subsection (b), as determined by the  
16                         Commissioner, in consultation with the Secretary of  
17                         Commerce, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of  
18                         the Treasury, and the United States Trade Rep-  
19                         resentative.

20                         (2) DECREASING COMPLIANCE WITH STAND-  
21                         ARDS.—A tier I, tier II, or tier III country may be  
22                         reclassified as a tier II, tier III, or tier IV country,  
23                         respectively, if the zones located in the country show  
24                         decreasing compliance with the standards described  
25                         in subsection (b), as determined by the Commis-

1 sioner, in consultation with the Secretary of Com-  
2 mercial, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the  
3 Treasury, and the United States Trade Representa-  
4 tive.

5 (f) NOTIFICATION TO ZONES.—Not later than 240  
6 days after publishing the classification of countries re-  
7 quired by subsection (a), the Commissioner shall notify the  
8 government of each country of the tier to which the coun-  
9 try was classified.

10 (g) PERIODIC REVIEWS.—The Commissioner shall  
11 review each country in which zones on the list required  
12 by section 3 are located on a periodic basis, and not less  
13 frequently than annually, to determine whether the coun-  
14 try is correctly classified under this section.

15 **SEC. 5. ASSISTANCE WITH RESPECT TO TIER II, TIER III,**  
16 **AND TIER IV COUNTRIES.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner may provide  
18 recommendations and best practice methodologies to coun-  
19 tries classified as tier II, tier III, or tier IV countries  
20 under section 4 to improve the effectiveness of law en-  
21 forcement and to combat illicit international trade in the  
22 zones located in those countries.

23 (b) FOREIGN COMMERCIAL SERVICE STRATEGY.—  
24 The Commissioner shall consider the list of zones required  
25 by section 3 in the development of strategies regarding

1 the distribution, priorities, and activities of foreign com-  
2 mercial service officers in countries classified as tier II,  
3 tier III, or tier IV countries under section 4.

4 (c) SCRUTINY UNDER SANCTIONS LAWS.—The Com-  
5 missioner shall monitor countries classified as tier II, tier  
6 III, or tier IV countries under section 4 to determine if  
7 the President may impose the measures under section 6  
8 to ensure greater implementation in the zones located in  
9 those countries of the standards described in section 4(b).

10 (d) PHONE HOTLINE AND SECURE WEBSITE FOR  
11 REPORTING.—The Commissioner shall establish and  
12 maintain a dedicated, publicly accessible telephone hotline  
13 and secure internet website for entities operating in a zone  
14 located in a tier I, tier II, tier III, or tier IV country to  
15 report instances of illicit international trade in that zone  
16 that—

17 (1) impact or potentially impact their oper-  
18 ations; or

19 (2) may justify reclassification of the country  
20 under section 4(e).

1   **SEC. 6. IMPOSITION OF ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND VISA**  
2                   **RESTRICTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FACILITA-**  
3                   **TION AND SUPPORT OF ILLICIT INTER-**  
4                   **NATIONAL TRADE IN TIER II, TIER III, AND**  
5                   **TIER IV COUNTRIES.**

6       (a) **IN GENERAL.**—The President may impose the  
7   measures described in subsection (b) with respect to any  
8   foreign person that the President determines, on or after  
9   the date of the enactment of this Act and based on credible  
10   evidence—

11                  (1) has organized, arranged, financed, con-  
12   ducted, or participated in illicit international trade  
13   within a zone located in a country classified as a tier  
14   II, tier III, or tier IV country under section 4;

15                  (2) has acted as an agent of or on behalf of an-  
16   other foreign person in facilitating an action leading  
17   to illicit international trade occurring in such a zone;

18                  (3) has materially assisted, sponsored, or pro-  
19   vided financial, material, or technological support  
20   for, or goods or services in support of, illicit inter-  
21   national trade occurring in such a zone; or

22                  (4) has conducted or facilitated corruption or  
23   money laundering occurring in such a zone.

24       (b) **MEASURES DESCRIBED.**—The measures de-  
25   scribed in this subsection are the following:

1                     (1) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—The President  
2 may exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-  
3 dent under the International Emergency Economic  
4 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent  
5 necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in  
6 property and interests in property of a foreign per-  
7 son described in subsection (a) if such property and  
8 interests in property are in the United States, come  
9 within the United States, or are or come within the  
10 possession or control of a United States person.

11                     (2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR  
12 PAROLE.—

13                     (A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—A  
14 noncitizen described in subsection (a) is—  
15                         (i) inadmissible to the United States;  
16                         (ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other  
17 documentation to enter the United States;  
18                         and  
19                         (iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted  
20 or paroled into the United States or to re-  
21 ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-  
22 tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et  
23 seq.).

24                     (B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—A noncit-  
25 izen described in subparagraph (A) is subject to

1           revocation and cancellation, in accordance with  
2           section 221(i) of the Immigration and Nation-  
3           ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i)), of any visa or  
4           other entry documentation in the possession of  
5           the noncitizen, regardless of when the visa or  
6           other entry documentation is or was issued.

7           (c) IMPLEMENTATION; PENALTIES.—

8           (1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may ex-  
9           ercise all authorities provided under sections 203  
10          and 205 of the International Emergency Economic  
11          Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out  
12          this section, including investigating, regulating, or  
13          prohibiting—

14               (A) any transactions in foreign exchange  
15          by any person, or with respect to any property,  
16          subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;

17               (B) transfers of credit or payments be-  
18          tween, by, through, or to any banking institu-  
19          tion, to the extent that such transfers or pay-  
20          ments involve—

21                       (i) any interest of any foreign country  
22          or national of a foreign country; and

23                       (ii) any person, or with respect to any  
24          property, subject to the jurisdiction of the  
25          United States; and

(C) the importing or exporting of currencies or securities any person, or with respect to any property, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

5                 (2) PENALTIES.—Any person that violates, at-  
6                 tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a  
7                 violation of subsection (b)(1) or a regulation, license,  
8                 or order issued to carry out that subsection shall be  
9                 subject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b)  
10                 and (c) of section 206 of the International Emer-  
11                 gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the  
12                 same extent as a person that commits an unlawful  
13                 act described in subsection (a) of that section.

14 (d) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH UNITED NATIONS  
15 HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT AND LAW ENFORCEMENT  
16 OBJECTIVES.—Subsection (b)(2) shall not apply with re-  
17 spect to a noncitizen if admitting or paroling the noncit-  
18 izen into the United States—

19                   (1) would further important law enforcement  
20                   objectives; or

21                   (2) is necessary to permit the United States to  
22                   comply with the Agreement regarding the Head-  
23                   quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Suc-  
24                   cess June 26, 1947, and entered into force Novem-  
25                   ber 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the

1       United States, or other applicable international obli-  
2       gations of the United States.

3       (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4           (1) ADMISSION; ADMITTED.—The terms “ad-  
5       mission” and “admitted” have the meanings given  
6       those terms in section 101 of the Immigration and  
7       Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

8           (2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term “foreign per-  
9       son” means an individual or entity that is not a  
10      United States person.

11          (3) NONCITIZEN.—The term “noncitizen”  
12       means an individual who is not a citizen or national  
13       of the United States (as defined in section 101 of  
14       the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.  
15       1101)).

16          (4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term  
17       “United States person” means—

18           (A) an individual who is a United States  
19       citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for perma-  
20       nent residence to the United States; or

21           (B) an entity organized under the laws of  
22       the United States or any jurisdiction within the  
23       United States, including a foreign branch of  
24       such an entity.

**1 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2       (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appro-  
3 priated to the Commissioner, without fiscal year limita-  
4 tion, such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

5       (b) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS.—Amounts appro-  
6 priated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations  
7 under subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.

8       (c) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Amounts appro-  
9 priated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations  
10 under subsection (a) shall supplement and not supplant  
11 other amounts available for such purposes.

