## 119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 1411

To establish competitive Federal grants that will empower community colleges and minority-serving institutions to become incubators for infant and toddler child care talent, training, and access on their campuses and in their communities, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 10, 2025

Mr. Booker (for himself and Ms. Warren) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

## A BILL

To establish competitive Federal grants that will empower community colleges and minority-serving institutions to become incubators for infant and toddler child care talent, training, and access on their campuses and in their communities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Preparing and
- 5 Resourcing Our Student Parents and Early Childhood
- 6 Teachers Act" or the "PROSPECT Act".

### 1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

## 2 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Findings.

# TITLE I—ESTABLISHMENT OF INFANT AND TODDLER CHILD CARE LEADERSHIP GRANTS

- Sec. 101. Purpose.
- Sec. 102. Definitions.
- Sec. 103. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle A—General Provisions

- Sec. 111. Program authorized.
- Sec. 112. Application; selection criteria.
- Sec. 113. Amount, duration, and administration of grants.

#### Subtitle B—Planning and Implementation Grants

- Sec. 121. Grants authorized.
- Sec. 122. Planning grants.
- Sec. 123. Access grants providing infant and toddler child care for community college or minority-serving institution student parents.
- Sec. 124. Impact grants.
- Sec. 125. Pipeline grants.
- Sec. 126. Evaluation criteria for grants.
- Sec. 127. Report to Congress.
- Sec. 128. Nondiscrimination in programs and activities.

# TITLE II—CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

- Sec. 201. Eligibility.
- Sec. 202. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 203. Increased Federal matching payments for child care.

# TITLE III—OUTREACH REGARDING THE DEPENDENT CARE ALLOWANCE FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID

Sec. 301. Sharing dependent care allowance information for Federal student aid.

#### 3 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 4 Congress finds the following:
- 5 (1) A child's brain grows at a faster rate be-
- 6 tween birth and age 3 than at any later point in the
- 7 child's lifetime.

- (2) Decades of research show that children under age 3 that receive quality childcare are more likely to have the behavioral, cognitive, and language skills that are developmentally necessary for success in school, college, and life.
  - (3) Of the more than 5,100,000 families with young children that pay for childcare each year, 43 percent of parents pay unaffordable rates (defined by the Department of Health and Human Services as more than 7 percent of income).
  - (4) In 2023, the average cost of childcare in the United States was \$3,190 a month for nanny care, \$1,230 a month for a daycare center, and \$992 a month for home daycare, with families on average spending 24 percent of their household income on childcare expenses. Families pushed into poverty from childcare expenses typically spend almost 28 percent of their income on childcare.
  - (5) According to a 2023 report, there are an estimated 5,400,000 college students with dependent children.
  - (6) According to a 2020 report, only about 5 percent of colleges and universities are providing the child care slots that student parents need, leading to long wait lists.

- 1 (7) Student parents are nearly twice as likely to
  2 depart college prior to graduation than students
  3 without children. Single mothers and Black parents,
  4 especially fathers, are particularly likely to suspend
  5 enrollment before completing their educational pro6 grams.
  - (8) The Child Care Access Means Parents in School Federal grant program under subpart 7 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070e et seq.) helps over 3,300 students at institutions of higher education afford child care each year, but this program impacts just 0.5 percent of the entire student parent population, and many institutions of higher education do not open their subsidized child care programs to children under age 3.
  - (9) The share of public institutions of higher education offering childcare services has fallen in recent decades. Of public, 4-year institutions of higher education, 455 had on-campus day care for the children of students in 2005, compared to 369 such institutions in 2023. Of public, 2-year institutions of higher education, 464 had on-campus day care for the children of students in 2005, compared to 304 such institutions in 2023.

- 1 (10) Student parents are more likely to be en-2 rolled at community colleges and minority-serving 3 institutions than other institutions of higher edu-4 cation. Over half of student mothers, 51 percent, at-5 tend community and technical colleges.
- (11) Community colleges and minority-serving institutions lead the higher education sector in education sector in education infant and toddler childcare providers, especially childcare providers of color, so those colleges and institutions are the optimal actors for driving quality infant and toddler childcare access in their regions.

## 13 TITLE I—ESTABLISHMENT OF IN-

## 14 FANT AND TODDLER CHILD

## 15 **CARE LEADERSHIP GRANTS**

- 16 **SEC. 101. PURPOSE.**
- 17 The purposes of this title are to expand access to in-
- 18 fant and toddler child care for children of students at pub-
- 19 lic community colleges and at minority-serving institutions
- 20 and to grow, diversify, and strengthen the workforce pipe-
- 21 line of highly effective infant and toddler child care pro-
- 22 viders, especially in communities of color and infant and
- 23 toddler child care deserts.
- 24 SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.
- In this title:

1	(1) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term "commu-
2	nity college" means a public institution of higher
3	education, as defined in section 101(a) of the Higher
4	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)), that
5	provides an educational program of not less than 2
6	years that culminates in an associate degree and is
7	acceptable for full credit toward a baccalaureate de-
8	gree.
9	(2) Community college or minority-serv-
10	ING INSTITUTION STUDENT PARENT.—The term
11	"community college or minority-serving institution
12	student parent" means an individual who—
13	(A) is a parent or legal guardian of a child
14	who qualifies for infant and toddler child care
15	and
16	(B) is a full-time or part-time student at
17	a community college or minority-serving institu-
18	tion participating in an eligible entity.
19	(3) Culturally responsive teaching.—The
20	term "culturally responsive teaching" means teach-
21	ing—
22	(A) using the cultural characteristics, expe-
23	riences, and perspectives of ethnically diverse
24	students as conduits for teaching them more ef-
25	fectively: and

1	(B) based on understanding the influences
2	of race, culture, and ethnicity in teaching and
3	learning and using the cultural experiences and
4	contributions of different ethnic groups as in-
5	strumental tools for teaching academic and so-
6	cial knowledge and skills.
7	(4) Drop-in.—The term "drop-in", when used
8	with respect to child care—
9	(A) means child care that—
10	(i) does not require prescheduling a
11	definite number of scheduled days or hours
12	per week; or
13	(ii) is short term, such as less than 5
14	hours per day; and
15	(B) includes child care described in sub-
16	paragraph (A) that requires parents to provide
17	24-hour notice before using the child care or
18	provides child care subject to availability.
19	(5) Dual language learner.—The term
20	"dual language learner" means a child who—
21	(A) is acquiring 2 or more languages at
22	the same time; or
23	(B) is learning a second language while
24	continuing to develop the child's first language,
25	including a child who may also be identified by

1	a State or locality as bilingual or limited
2	English proficient or as an English language
3	learner, an English learner, or a child who
4	speaks a language other than English.
5	(6) Early Childhood Educator Prepara-
6	TION PROGRAM.—The term "early childhood educa-
7	tor preparation program" means a postsecondary
8	course of study that—
9	(A) is designed to prepare individuals to
10	teach in early childhood settings serving chil-
11	dren between birth and age 5; and
12	(B) leads to a degree (including an associ-
13	ate's, bachelor's, or graduate degree) or a State
14	or nationally recognized credential enabling in-
15	dividuals to teach in early childhood settings,
16	including a child development associate creden-
17	tial or a State teaching license.
18	(7) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
19	ty" means—
20	(A) a community college;
21	(B) a minority-serving institution; or
22	(C) a consortium of 2 or more community
23	colleges or minority-serving institutions.
24	(8) FLEX INFANT AND TODDLER CHILD
25	CARE.—The term "flex infant and toddler child

- care" means infant and toddler child care for which a child is registered to attend weekly, but for a total of less than five days per week.
  - (9) High school.—The term "high school" has the meaning given the term in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
    - (10) Infant and toddler child care" means child care for children who are under the age of 3 as of the first day of the academic year of the applicable community college or minority-serving institution.
    - (11) Infant and toddler child care desert" means a community that the State or tribal entity involved determines has a low supply of quality, affordable infant and toddler child care.
    - (12) Infant or toddler with a disability" has the meaning given the term in section 632 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1432).
    - (13) Low-income.—The term "low-income" means an individual from a family with an income at or below 150 percent of the poverty line (as de-

1	fined by the Office of Management and Budget and
2	revised annually in accordance with section 673(2)
3	of the Community Services Block Grant Act) appli-
4	cable to a family of the size involved.
5	(14) Minority-Serving Institution.—The
6	term "minority-serving institution" means an insti-
7	tution described in section 371(a) of the Higher
8	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
9	(15) Nontraditional Hours.—The term
10	"nontraditional hours" means—
11	(A) the hours before 9 a.m. and after 4
12	p.m.; and
13	(B) any hours during weekends, breaks
14	during the academic year, and holidays.
15	(16) On-campus.—The term "on-campus";
16	when used with respect to a childcare center, means
17	a childcare center that is located on the campus of
18	a community college or minority-serving institution
19	(17) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
20	means the Secretary of Education.
21	(18) Service area.—The term "service area",
22	when used with respect to an eligible entity, means
23	the area served by the eligible entity.

1	(19) State.—The term "State" has the mean-
2	ing given the term in section 103 of the Higher
3	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1003).
4	SEC. 103. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
5	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
6	this title a total of \$9,000,000,000 for fiscal years 2026
7	through 2030.
8	<b>Subtitle A—General Provisions</b>
9	SEC. 111. PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.
10	(a) In General.—From amounts made available
11	under section 103, the Secretary shall award to eligible
12	entities—
13	(1) planning grants under section 122;
14	(2) access grants under section 123, which will
15	provide free high-quality child care for as many as
16	500,000 infants and toddlers who have a community
17	college or minority-serving institution student par-
18	ent, helping to reduce barriers that impact the abil-
19	ity of community college or minority-serving institu-
20	tion student parents attending community college or
21	a minority-serving institution to graduate, and re-
22	ducing their postgraduation debt;
23	(3) impact grants under section 124, which will
24	expand the supply and quality of child care in the

community by providing training, mentorship, tech-

1	nical support, and expansion funding to new and ex-
2	isting child care providers in the service area of the
3	eligible entity; and
4	(4) pipeline grants under section 125, which
5	will fund eligible entities to—
6	(A) launch and expand early childhood ed-
7	ucator preparation programs; and
8	(B) form strategic partnerships with re-
9	gional institutions to expand, diversify, and
10	strengthen the workforce pipeline for infant and
11	toddler care providers.
12	(b) Administration.—In administering this title,
13	the Secretary shall—
14	(1) consult with the Secretary of Health and
15	Human Services with respect to all grants carried
16	out under this Act; and
17	(2) consult with the Administrator of the Small
18	Business Administration with respect to impact
19	grants carried out under section 124.
20	SEC. 112. APPLICATION; SELECTION CRITERIA.
21	(a) Application.—
22	(1) In general.—An eligible entity desiring a
23	grant under subtitle B shall submit an application to
24	the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and

- 1 containing such information as the Secretary may 2 require.
  - (2) Contents.—An application submitted under paragraph (1) shall include—
    - (A) a landscape review on the need for infant and toddler child care within the current and prospective student populations of the eligible entity and in the broader service area of the eligible entity, with an emphasis on community college or minority-serving institution student parents in communities of color and low-income parents;
    - (B) a landscape review of the infant and toddler care workforce within the service area of the eligible entity;
    - (C) a high-level vision (which, in the case of an eligible entity desiring a planning grant under section 122, will be clarified and adjusted through the needs assessment and activities carried out under the grant) for how to leverage 1 or more access, impact, or pipeline grants under subtitle B to enhance access and quality in the infant and toddler child care landscape of the service area of the eligible entity;

1	(D) a description of how the eligible entity
2	will advance child development (including social
3	and emotional development), family engage-
4	ment, and culturally responsive and linguis-
5	tically responsive pedagogy for infant and tod-
6	dler child care within its child care center or
7	early childhood education programs (as applica-
8	ble), through professional development, required
9	coursework, or targeted outreach and enroll-
10	ment;
11	(E) an assurance that the eligible entity
12	will submit annual reports that document how
13	funds were allocated and the impact of the
14	grant;
15	(F) a commitment that wages for child
16	care staff at each on-campus child care center
17	of a participating community college or minor-
18	ity-serving institution during the grant period
19	shall be—
20	(i) comparable to wages for elemen-
21	tary educators with similar credentials and
22	experience in the State; and
23	(ii) at a minimum, at a rate that is
24	enough to provide a living wage for all
25	child care staff; and

1	(G) in the case of an impact, access, or
2	pipeline grant under subtitle B, an assurance
3	that the eligible entity will continue to convene
4	and consult an infant and toddler care com-
5	mittee described in section 122(a)(1).
6	(b) Selection Criteria.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall award
8	grants under subtitle B on a competitive basis, in
9	accordance with the priorities described in para-
10	graph (2), and in a manner that supports eligible
11	entities that—
12	(A) enroll a high percentage of students
13	who are eligible for a Federal Pell Grant under
14	section 401 of the Higher Education Act of
15	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a) and who have children
16	under age 3;
17	(B) are located within or in the immediate
18	vicinity of an infant and toddler child care
19	desert; or
20	(C) have a clear and compelling plan for—
21	(i) in the case of a planning grant
22	under section 122, carrying out the activi-
23	ties of the planning grant;
24	(ii) in the case of an access grant
25	under section 123 expanding access to

1	free infant and toddler child care for com-
2	munity college or minority-serving institu-
3	tion student parents;
4	(iii) in the case of an impact grant
5	under section 124, expanding the supply
6	and quality of child care in the community
7	by providing training, mentorship, tech-
8	nical support, and startup funding, in col-
9	laboration with existing child care agencies
10	and organizations; or
11	(iv) in the case of a pipeline grant
12	under section 125, growing and strength-
13	ening the workforce pipeline of highly ef-
14	fective infant and toddler child care pro-
15	viders, especially such providers serving in-
16	fant and toddler child care deserts, by ex-
17	panding early childhood education pro-
18	grams or upgrading an on-campus child
19	care center into a lab school.
20	(2) Priorities in Awarding Grants.—In
21	awarding grants under subtitle B, the Secretary
22	shall, to the extent practicable based on the strength
23	of the applications and the availability of appropria-

tions—

1	(A) first, ensure that not less than 80 per-
2	cent of the funds appropriated for grants under
3	subtitle B are awarded to eligible entities that
4	are eligible institutions, as defined in section
5	312(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965
6	(20 U.S.C. 1058(b));
7	(B) second, ensure that not less than 1 eli-
8	gible entity in each State is awarded a grant;
9	and
10	(C) third, provide special consideration to
11	applications described in paragraph (3).
12	(3) Additional consideration and fund-
13	ING.—In awarding grants under subtitle B and sub-
14	ject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall provide
15	special consideration, and may provide additional
16	funding as needed, including funding to exceed the
17	limits described in section 113(a), for—
18	(A) applications for access grants under
19	section 123 that will provide—
20	(i) infant and toddler child care for
21	children of all ages between birth and age
22	3;
23	(ii) infant and toddler child care avail-
24	able during nontraditional hours:

1	(iii) infant and toddler child care that
2	has the supports and staffing needed for
3	children who are dual language learners;
4	(iv) infant and toddler child care that
5	has the supports and staffing needed for
6	children in need of trauma-informed care
7	and infants and toddlers with disabilities,
8	which may include providing training for
9	infant and toddler child care staff to sup-
10	port the needs of infants and toddlers with
11	disabilities or coordinating with service
12	providers to deliver services under section
13	619 or part C of the Individuals with Dis-
14	abilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1419;
15	1431 et seq.); and
16	(v) child care and aftercare for chil-
17	dren age 3 and older, especially for chil-
18	dren that age out of the infant and toddler
19	child care program supported under this
20	title, and for siblings of children enrolled
21	in campus-sponsored infant and toddler
22	care; and
23	(B) applications for pipeline grants under
24	section 125 that propose to—

1	(i) develop and teach courses on cul-
2	turally responsive and linguistically respon-
3	sive teaching in early childhood education;
4	and
5	(ii) develop and teach courses on sup-
6	porting infants and toddlers with disabil-
7	ities who are under age 3.
8	(c) Prerequisites for Access, Impact, and Pipe-
9	LINE GRANTS.—An eligible entity shall receive and timely
10	complete all requirements of a planning grant under sec-
11	tion 122 before receiving an access, impact, or pipeline
12	grant under section 123, 124, or 125.
13	SEC. 113. AMOUNT, DURATION, AND ADMINISTRATION OF
13 14	SEC. 113. AMOUNT, DURATION, AND ADMINISTRATION OF GRANTS.
14	GRANTS.
14 15 16	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded
14 15 16	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount
14 15 16 17	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—
14 15 16 17	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—  (1) in the case of a grant awarded to an indi-
14 15 16 17 18	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—  (1) in the case of a grant awarded to an individual community college or minority-serving institu-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—  (1) in the case of a grant awarded to an individual community college or minority-serving institution, not more than \$20,000,000; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—  (1) in the case of a grant awarded to an individual community college or minority-serving institution, not more than \$20,000,000; and  (2) in the case of a grant to a consortium of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GRANTS.  (a) Amount of Grants.—Each grant awarded under subtitle B to an eligible entity shall be in an amount of—  (1) in the case of a grant awarded to an individual community college or minority-serving institution, not more than \$20,000,000; and  (2) in the case of a grant to a consortium of community colleges or minority-serving institutions,

- 1 a planning grant awarded under section 122 shall be for
- 2 a period of 1 year.
- 3 (c) Number of Grants.—
- 4 (1) Planning grants.—No eligible entity
- 5 shall receive more than 1 planning grant under sec-
- 6 tion 122.
- 7 (2) Impact, access, and pipeline grants.—
- 8 An eligible entity may receive multiple grants under
- 9 sections 123, 124, and 125, including 2 or more
- grants under different sections for the same grant
- period or for overlapping grant periods.
- 12 (d) Annual Grant Competitions.—The Secretary
- 13 shall conduct annual grant competitions for the grants
- 14 under subtitle B.
- 15 (e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this title
- 16 shall be construed to limit any program or grant estab-
- 17 lished under any other Federal law, including the Higher
- 18 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), the Ele-
- 19 mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
- 20 6301 et seq.), or the Individuals with Disabilities Edu-
- 21 cation Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).

# Subtitle B—Planning and Implementation Grants

3 SEC. 121. GRANTS AUTHORIZED.

- From amounts made available under section 103, the
- 5 Secretary shall award to eligible entities—
- 6 (1) planning grants under section 122, to en7 able the eligible entities to assess the infant and tod8 dler care needs of current and prospective commu9 nity college or minority-serving institution student
  10 parents and the surrounding community and develop
  11 a detailed proposal to address such needs;
  - (2) access grants under section 123, which will provide free high-quality child care for up to 500,000 children under the age of 3 of community college or minority-serving institution student parents, helping to reduce barriers that impact the ability of community college or minority-serving institution student parents to graduate, and reducing their postgraduation debt;
  - (3) impact grants under section 124, which will expand the supply and quality of child care in the community by providing training, mentorship, technical support, and expansion funding to new and existing child care providers in the service area of the eligible entities; and

1	(4) pipeline grants under section 125, which
2	will fund eligible entities to—
3	(A) launch and expand early childhood ed-
4	ucator preparation programs; and
5	(B) form strategic partnerships with re-
6	gional institutions to expand, diversify, and
7	strengthen the workforce pipeline for infant and
8	toddler child care providers.
9	SEC. 122. PLANNING GRANTS.
10	(a) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity receiving a
11	grant under this section shall use grant funds to—
12	(1) establish an infant and toddler child care
13	committee that is reflective and inclusive of the com-
14	munity being served and composed of members who
15	are—
16	(A) student parents at the participating
17	community college or minority-serving institu-
18	tion;
19	(B) faculty of any participating community
20	college or minority-serving institution;
21	(C) representatives of a local educational
22	agency (as defined in section 8101 of the Ele-
23	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
24	(20 U.S.C. 7801)) serving the service area of
25	the eligible entity;

1	(D) where applicable, a local public charter
2	school provider;
3	(E) representatives of a local child care re-
4	source and referral agency; and
5	(F) infant and toddler child care profes-
6	sionals (such as representatives from a local
7	Head Start or Early Head Start program,
8	home-based infant and toddler child care pro-
9	viders, and child care providers with expertise
10	working with infants or toddlers with disabil-
11	ities);
12	(2) conduct an infant and toddler child care
13	needs assessment of current and prospective commu-
14	nity college or minority-serving institution student
15	parents, the infant and toddler child care workforce,
16	and the service area of the eligible entity, that in-
17	cludes information on the level of need for—
18	(A) infant and toddler child care during
19	nontraditional hours;
20	(B) 3-year-old child care, toddler care, and
21	infant care;
22	(C) care for infants and toddlers with dis-
23	abilities;
24	(D) care for children from households that
25	speak a language other than English; and

1	(E) child care in specific communities, es-
2	pecially infant and toddler child care deserts;
3	(3) begin research, outreach, and planning for
4	expanding access to free infant and toddler child
5	care for community college or minority-serving insti-
6	tution student parents, which may include drafting
7	a delivery agreement with infant and toddler child
8	care providers in the community to provide infant
9	and toddler child care to community college or mi-
10	nority-serving institution student parents; and
11	(4) develop a detailed proposal, with a focus or
12	the needs of parents of children under age 3, to ad-
13	dress those needs, which may include applying for
14	an impact, access, or pipeline grant under section
15	123, 124, or 125.
16	(b) Reporting Requirements.—Not later than 30
17	days after the end of a grant period under this section
18	the eligible entity that received the grant shall prepare and
19	submit a report to the Secretary that includes—
20	(1) the results of the needs assessment con-
21	ducted under subsection (a)(2);
22	(2) the detailed proposal developed under sub-
23	section $(a)(4)$ ; and

1	(3) in the case of an eligible entity that desires
2	an impact, access, or pipeline grant under section
3	123, 124, or 125, an application for the grant.
4	SEC. 123. ACCESS GRANTS PROVIDING INFANT AND TOD-
5	DLER CHILD CARE FOR COMMUNITY COL-
6	LEGE OR MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION
7	STUDENT PARENTS.
8	(a) Use of Grants.—An eligible entity receiving a
9	grant under this section shall use grant funds to expand
10	access to free infant and toddler child care for community
11	college or minority-serving institution student parents by
12	carrying out 1 or more of the following:
13	(1) Paying the infant and toddler child care
14	costs of community college or minority-serving insti-
15	tution student parents at an on-campus child care
16	center, State licensed off-campus child care center,
17	or State licensed or registered home-based child care
18	provider.
19	(2)(A) Operating an on-campus child care cen-
20	ter that provides infant and toddler child care; or
21	(B) contracting with a child care provider that
22	is operating 1 or more child care centers (as of the
23	date of the contract) to operate an on-campus child
24	care center that provides infant and toddler child
25	care.

1	(3) Coordinating with local child care resource
2	and referral agencies for services such as helping
3	community college or minority-serving institution
4	student parents find infant and toddler child care.
5	(4) Expanding the resources for existing on-
6	campus child care centers, as of the date of the ap-
7	plication for the grant, by—
8	(A) expanding the space of the center for
9	infant and toddler child care;
10	(B) purchasing equipment to be used for
11	infant and toddler child care; or
12	(C) hiring staff to accommodate additional
13	children under the age of 3.
14	(5) Lengthening the hours of an existing on-
15	campus infant and toddler child care center or keep-
16	ing the on-campus infant and toddler child care cen-
17	ter open during breaks (including summer).
18	(6) Establishing capacity for drop-in infant and
19	toddler child care or flex infant and toddler child
20	care for the children of community college or minor-
21	ity-serving institution student parents.
22	(7) Renovating campus facilities to allow for the
23	operation of an on-campus child care center that—
24	(A) satisfies the standards that apply to
25	alterations or (as applicable) new construction

1	under title II or III of the Americans with Dis-
2	abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12131 et seq.,
3	12181 et seq.), as the case may be; and
4	(B)(i) meets a high-quality standard, ac-
5	cording to a State quality rating and improve-
6	ment system or the standards applicable to an
7	Early Head Start program under the Head
8	Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.); or
9	(ii) is accredited through the National As-
10	sociation for the Education of Young Children
11	or another organization of similar expertise, as
12	determined by the Secretary.
13	(b) Requirements of On-Campus Child Care
14	CENTERS.—In order for an on-campus child care center
15	of a community college or minority-serving institution par-
16	ticipating in an eligible entity to be supported with funds
17	from a grant under this section, the on-campus child care
18	center shall meet the following requirements:
19	(1) The child care center shall be licensed by
20	the State and shall meet a high-quality standard de-
21	scribed in subsection (a)(7)(B)(i) or be accredited in
22	accordance with subsection (a)(7)(B)(ii).
23	(2) Children of community college or minority-
24	serving institution student parents shall receive pri-
25	ority enrollment in the child care center, with pri-

- ority going first to low-income community college or minority-serving institution student parents, al-though dependents of faculty and staff of the com-munity college or minority-serving institution and community members may be enrolled once the en-rollment needs of all requesting community college or minority-serving institution student parents are fulfilled.
  - (3) The child care center shall provide infant and toddler child care to children of community college or minority-serving institution student parents, without regard as to whether the parent is a full-time or part-time student.
  - (4) Not less than 85 percent of the community college or minority-serving institution student parents using the on-campus child care center for infant and toddler child care shall be eligible to receive Federal Pell Grants under section 401 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a), except that the Secretary may grant a waiver from this requirement if the Secretary determines necessary.
  - (5) The child care center shall provide drop-in infant and toddler child care for community college and minority-serving institution student parents and may not impose minimum enrollment requirements

for children of community college or minority-serving institution student parents. The Secretary shall promulgate regulations that specify the percentage of infant and toddler child care slots that must be reserved for drop-in infant and toddler child care under this paragraph.

## (6) The child care center—

- (A) shall provide infant and toddler child care for children under the age of 3 (as of the first day of the academic year of the community college or minority-serving institution supporting the child care center) of community college and minority-serving institution student parents for free;
- (B) may charge faculty and staff of the community college or minority institution and community members fees, using a sliding scale based on family income, to enroll their children in the child care center; and
- (C) shall comply with the suspension and expulsion performance standard for Head Start programs under section 1302.17 of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor standard.

1	(7)(A) The child care center shall maintain a
2	continuity of care for the children of parents who—
3	(i) were community college or minority-
4	serving institution student parents during any
5	reasonable or unavoidable break in the parents'
6	enrollment; or
7	(ii) transferred from a community college
8	to a 4-year minority-serving institution during
9	the student's enrollment at the 4-year institu-
10	tion.
11	(B) The child care center may charge a parent
12	described in subparagraph (A) a fee for the child
13	care services provided during the period when the
14	parent is not enrolled in the community college or
15	minority-serving institution, using a sliding scale
16	based on family income during this period, as long
17	as the fee does not exceed 7 percent of the family's
18	income.
19	(8) The child care center shall pay its child care
20	staff a wage that—
21	(A) is comparable to wages for elementary
22	educators with similar credentials and experi-
23	ence in the State; and

1	(B) at a minimum, provides a living wage
2	for all child care staff of the child care center;
3	and

(9) The child care center, if not a child care provider covered by subsection (c) of section 658H of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858f), shall comply with that section in the same manner and to the same extent as such a child care provider, with respect to background checks for child care staff members (including prospective child care staff members) for the center.

## (c) Consultation and Reports.—

- (1) Consultation.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, consult with an infant and toddler child care committee described in section 122(a)(2) regarding the results of the grant and the contents of the annual report submitted to the Secretary.
- (2) Reports.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, prepare and submit a report to the Secretary that includes—
- 24 (A) the number of community college or 25 minority-serving institution student parents

that received access to State licensed or registered child care because of the grant, in the aggregate and disaggregated by age, gender, race and ethnicity, family income, disability status, and full-time or part-time enrollment status in the community college or minority-serving institution;

- (B) the number of children under age 3 enrolled in each on-campus child care center supported under the grant, disaggregated by age, gender, disability status, marital status of parents, and race and ethnicity;
- (C) for each on-campus child care center supported under the grant, the number of suspensions of children enrolled in the child care center, in the aggregate and disaggregated by race and ethnicity, gender, and disability status;
- (D) the demographics, including race, ethnicity, and gender of the staff and leadership of all child care centers supported under the grant;
- (E) the most frequent times of the day and days of the week, and the average number of hours per week, that on-campus child care centers were used by community college or minor-

ity-serving institution student parents, and the child care hours per week provided to community college or minority-serving institution student parents, disaggregated by child care provided at nontraditional hours and traditional daytime, weekday child care;

- (F) semester-to-semester persistence and fall-to-fall persistence rates of community college or minority-serving institution student parents with children enrolled in infant and toddler child care sponsored by the community college or minority-serving institution, compared to the persistence rate of community college or minority-serving institution student parents with children under 3 who are not enrolled in community college or minority-serving institution sponsored child care—
  - (i) collected in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary; and
  - (ii) in the aggregate and disaggregated as described in subparagraph (A) and by the age of the children of the community college or minority-serving institution students;

- (G) the degree or certificate completion rate of community college minority-serving in-stitution student parents with children enrolled in child care that is sponsored by the commu-nity college or minority-serving institution and is not infant and toddler child care, in the ag-gregate and disaggregated as described in such subparagraph and by the age of the children of the community college or minority-serving insti-tution student parents; and
  - (H) if grant funds are used to renovate campus facilities under subsection (a)(7), proof of the on-campus child care center's compliance with the standards that apply to alterations or (as applicable) new construction under title II or III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12131 et seq., 12181 et seq.), as the case may be.
  - (3) CROSS-TABULATION.—In each report submitted by an eligible entity under paragraph (2), the eligible entity shall also provide the information described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (F)(ii) of such paragraph cross-tabulated by, at a minimum, gender, disability status, and each major ra-

1	cial and ethnic group, which shall be presented in a
2	manner that—
3	(A) is first anonymized and does not reveal
4	personally identifiable information about an in-
5	dividual community college or minority-serving
6	institution student parent or child enrolled in
7	the child care center;
8	(B) does not include a number of individ-
9	uals in any subgroup of community college or
10	minority-serving institution student parents or
11	children enrolled in the child care center that is
12	insufficient to yield statistically reliable infor-
13	mation or that would reveal personally identifi-
14	able information about an individual; and
15	(C) is consistent with the requirements of
16	section 444 of the General Education Provi-
17	sions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g, commonly known
18	as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy
19	Act of 1974").
20	(d) Definition.—In subsection (b)(9), the term
21	"child care staff member" means an individual—
22	(1) who is employed by a child care center cov-
23	ered by subsection (b) for compensation; or
24	(2) whose activities involve the care or super-
25	vision of children for, or unsupervised access to chil-

dren who are cared for or supervised by, such a child care center.

### 3 SEC. 124. IMPACT GRANTS.

- 4 (a) Use of Funds.—Grants awarded under this sec-
- 5 tion shall be used by eligible entities to expand the supply
- 6 and quality of child care in the community by providing
- 7 training, mentorship, technical support, and startup fund-
- 8 ing, in collaboration with existing (as of the date of appli-
- 9 cation for the grant) child care agencies and organiza-
- 10 tions, through carrying out 1 or more of the following ac-
- 11 tivities:
- 12 (1) Contracting with local child care resource 13 and referral organizations to support onsite technical
- 14 assistance for child care providers, and training,
- mentorships, and business technical assistance re-
- lated to existing (as of the date of the grant) or new
- start-up child care programs.
- 18 (2) Contracting with local child care resource
- and referral organizations to provide staffed family
- 20 child care networks, such as a hub that supports a
- group of home-based care providers to promote high-
- 22 quality care.
- 23 (3) Establishing a network of child care pro-
- viders in the community, or partnering with an ex-
- isting, as of the date of application, provider or net-

- work (such as an Early Head Start program operating in the community) to facilitate provider access to training, coaching, mentorship, licensure, technical support, and expansion funding.
  - (4) Developing content for training for community child care providers (including home-based providers and unlicensed providers) on strong child care business practices and other supports and training the providers may require.
  - (5) Compensating qualified individuals to deliver training for community members on providing high-quality child care.
  - (6) Awarding microenterprise grants for State licensed, qualified early childhood education professionals, State licensed child care centers, and State licensed or registered home-based child care providers to open a child care program that provides infant and toddler child care, or to expand infant and toddler child care (including expanding access to serve infants or toddlers with disabilities) at a child care program in areas with low access to affordable, quality infant and toddler child care.
  - (7) Developing and communicating clear pathways for community child care providers and current and prospective students of infant and toddler child

- care education, particularly individuals with low incomes and from historically underrepresented groups, to take advantage of professional development, certificate, and associate degree offerings, for the purpose of advancing their skills and careers.
- 6 (8) Prioritizing child care programs, pathways,
  7 and resources in communities of color and low-in8 come communities.
- 9 (9) Developing and delivering child care profes-10 sional development and courses in languages other 11 than English.
- 12 (b) Rule Regarding Professional Develop-13 Ment.—If an eligible entity elects to use grant funds 14 under this section for professional development, the eligi-15 ble entity shall ensure that—
  - (1) a portion of the professional development is open, available, and easily accessible to unlicensed child care providers and a portion of the professional development is available to State licensed or registered child care providers; and
  - (2) not more than 30 percent of the funds provided through the grant under this section are allocated toward professional development.
- 24 (c) Consultation and Reports.—

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- (1) Consultation.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, consult with an infant and toddler child care committee described in section 122(a)(2) and the lead agency for the applicable State designated under section 658D of the Child Care Development and Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858b) regarding the results of the grant and the contents of the annual report submitted to the Secretary.
  - (2) Reports.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, prepare and submit a report to the Secretary that includes—
    - (A) the number of child care providers that attended child care professional development sessions coordinated by the eligible entity under the grant, and the type of training received;
    - (B)(i) the number of child care providers fluent in a language other than English that received professional development through the grant, including the number of such child care providers reached through the development and delivery of coursework in languages other than English; and

(ii) the number of such child care providers 1 2 that received professional development through the grant and graduated with an infant toddler 3 4 credential, a child development associate credential, or associate degree related to early 6 childhood development; 7 (C) the number of community colleges or 8 minority-serving institutions that joined or es-9 tablished networks of child care providers; 10 (D) the number of State licensed child care 11 spots created for children under 3 as a result 12 of the training or microenterprise grants pro-13 vided, in the aggregate and disaggregated by lo-14 cation in an infant and toddler child care 15 desert, location in a community of color, and, 16 for recipients of microenterprise grants under 17 subsection (a)(6), race, ethnicity, and gender of 18 recipient; 19  $(\mathbf{E})$ number the of participants 20 mentorship programs supported under 21 grant, in the aggregate and disaggregated by 22 race, ethnicity, and gender; and 23 (F) the number of community child care

providers receiving technical support from the

on-campus child care center or network or the

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1	child care	resource	and	referral	agency	under
2	the grant.					

- (3) CROSS-TABULATION.—In each report submitted by an eligible entity under paragraph (2), the eligible entity shall also provide the information described in paragraph (2)(E) cross-tabulated by, at a minimum, gender and each major racial and ethnic group, which shall be presented in a manner that—
  - (A) is first anonymized and does not reveal personally identifiable information about an individual participant in a mentorship program;
  - (B) does not include a number of individuals in any subgroup of mentorship program participants that is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or that would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual; and
  - (C) is consistent with the requirements of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g, commonly known as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974").

#### 23 SEC. 125. PIPELINE GRANTS.

24 (a) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under this sec-25 tion shall be used by eligible entities to grow and strength-

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- 1 en the workforce pipeline of highly effective infant and
- 2 toddler child care providers, especially such providers serv-
- 3 ing infant and toddler child care deserts, through carrying
- 4 out 1 or more of the following activities:

### (1) Establishing—

- (A) an associate degree program that includes not less than 2 courses specifically on infants and toddlers; or
- (B) a stackable child development associate credential, infant toddler credential, or early childhood education certificate, that can be incorporated into a higher-level credential or certificate.
- (2) Hiring faculty to adopt and teach previously developed competency-based high-quality infant-tod-dler courses, or to develop and teach infant-toddler courses, which may include courses required for an infant or toddler care certificate, such as courses on child growth and development, the physical and nutritional needs of children, communicating with families, language development, child mental health, supporting infants and toddlers with disabilities, and effective interactions with children.
- (3) Developing and executing a plan for increased coordination between an early childhood edu-

- cator preparation program of a participating community college or minority-serving institution and an on-campus child care center of the community college or minority-serving institution, to enhance the quality of both the child care and the early childhood educator preparation program.
  - (4) Creating or enhancing a partnership between a participating community college and a 4-year degree-granting institution, to support and coordinate associate degree programs or provide for articulation agreements in early childhood education with related baccalaureate degree programs.
  - (5) Upgrading an on-campus child care center into a child care lab school for the purpose of facilitating early childhood educator preparation program practicum work, which may include installing oneway observation windows or live-feed cameras.
  - (6) Awarding microgrants to students in early childhood educator preparation programs for tuition, books, transportation, permitting or licensing fees, apprenticeships, and time spent doing practicum work.
  - (7) Developing and teaching courses on culturally responsive teaching in early childhood education.

(8) Forming partnerships with local public high schools to establish early childhood education career and technical education programs, including programs that lead to a degree or credential or provide opportunities for students to enter the community college or minority-serving institution with postsecondary credits that can be counted towards an early childhood education certificate, credential, or degree.

#### (b) Consultation and Reports.—

- (1) Consultation.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, consult with an infant and toddler child care committee described in section 122(a)(2) regarding the results of the grant and the contents of the annual report submitted to the Secretary.
- (2) Reporting requirements.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall, for each year of the grant, prepare and submit a report to the Secretary that includes—
  - (A) the number of students that enrolled in early childhood educator preparation programs due to the support provided by the grant, in the aggregate and disaggregated by credential or degree type of the program and by age, gender, race or ethnic group, ability to

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1	speak a second language, family income level,
2	disability status, and full-time or part-time stu-
3	dent status;
4	(B) the amount of funds allocated to early
5	childhood educator preparation program stu-
6	dents through microgrants under this section,
7	in the aggregate and disaggregated by usage of
8	funds and by demographics of the students re-
9	ceiving the microgrants, including age, gender,
10	race or ethnic group, second language ability,
11	parent status, family income level, disability
12	status, and full-time or part-time student sta-
13	tus;
14	(C) the persistence, retention, and comple-
15	tion rates of students receiving the microgrants,
16	as compared to such rates for students not re-
17	ceiving the microgrants;
18	(D) the number of students dual-enrolled
19	in high school and a community college or mi-
20	nority-serving institution early childhood educa-

(E) the number of students that completed degrees, certificates, or credentials in dual-enrollment programs, in the aggregate and

tor preparation program;

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1	disaggregated by degree, certificate, and creden-
2	tial type; and
3	(F) the details of any partnerships or ar-
4	ticulation agreements established with local
5	public high schools or local 4-year degree-grant-
6	ing institutions of higher education.
7	(3) Cross-tabulation.—In each report sub-
8	mitted by an eligible entity under paragraph (2), the
9	eligible entity shall also provide the information de-
10	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of such para-
11	graph cross-tabulated by, at a minimum, gender
12	each major racial and ethnic group, and disability
13	status, which shall be presented in a manner that—
14	(A) is first anonymized and does not reveal
15	personally identifiable information about an in-
16	dividual student;
17	(B) does not include a number of individ-
18	uals in any subgroup of students that is insuffi-
19	cient to yield statistically reliable information or
20	that would reveal personally identifiable infor-
21	mation about an individual; and
22	(C) is consistent with the requirements of
23	section 444 of the General Education Provi-
24	sions Act (20 II S.C. 1232g commonly known

1	as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy
2	Act of 1974").
3	SEC. 126. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR GRANTS.
4	For each year of the grant program under this title,
5	the Secretary shall evaluate the effectiveness of grants
6	under chapter 1. Each evaluation shall include the fol-
7	lowing criteria:
8	(1) For access grants awarded under section
9	123—
10	(A) the number of community college or
11	minority-serving institution student parents
12	that received access to licensed or registered in-
13	fant and toddler child care due to the grant, in
14	the aggregate and disaggregated by age, gen-
15	der, race or ethnic group, family income level,
16	disability status, marital status, and full-time or
17	part-time student status;
18	(B) the most frequent times, and the aver-
19	age number of hours per week, that on-campus
20	child care centers were used by community col-
21	lege or minority-serving institution student par-
22	ents;
23	(C) semester-to-semester persistence and
24	fall-to-fall persistence rates of community col-
25	lege or minority-serving institution student par-

1	ents with children enrolled in infant or toddler
2	child care sponsored by the community college
3	or minority-serving institution, compared to
4	such rate for students with children not en-
5	rolled in the community college or minority-
6	serving institution child care program, in the
7	aggregate and disaggregated by the categories
8	described in subparagraph (A); and
9	(D) degree and certificate completion rate
10	of community college or minority-serving insti-
11	tution student parents with children enrolled in
12	child care sponsored by the community college
13	or minority-serving institution, compared to
14	such rate for students with children not en-
15	rolled in such a sponsored child care program,
16	in the aggregate and disaggregated by the cat-
17	egories described in subparagraph (A).
18	(2) For impact grants awarded under section
19	124—
20	(A) the number of attendees for the child
21	care professional development sessions coordi-
22	nated by the eligible entity under the grants:

(B) the number of community colleges or minority-serving institutions that joined or es-

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1	tablished networks of child care providers as a
2	result of the grants;
3	(C) the number of State licensed child care
4	spots created for children under 3 in infant and
5	toddler child care deserts and communities of
6	color that were established as a result of micro-
7	enterprise grants supported under section
8	124(a)(6); and
9	(D) the number of child care providers flu-
10	ent in a language other than English that re-
11	ceived professional development under the
12	grants.
13	(3) For pipeline grants under section 125—
14	(A) the number of early childhood educator
15	preparation programs that were established
16	with funding under the grants;
17	(B) the number of existing early childhood
18	educator preparation programs that expanded
19	course, certificate, or degree offerings as a re-
20	sult of funding under the grants;
21	(C) the number of students that enrolled
22	in early childhood educator preparation pro-
23	grams because of funding provided under the
24	grants, in the aggregate and disaggregated
25	by—

1	(i) type of degree or credential; and
2	(ii) student age, gender, race or ethnic
3	group, second language ability, family in-
4	come level, disability status, and status as
5	enrolled full- or part-time;
6	(D) the amount of funds allocated to early
7	childhood educator preparation program stu-
8	dents through microgrants supported under sec-
9	tion 125(a)(6), in the aggregate and
10	disaggregated by—
11	(i) category of usage of funds; and
12	(ii) the categories described in sub-
13	paragraph (C)(ii);
14	(E) persistence, retention, and completion
15	rates of students receiving such microgrants, as
16	compared to students not receiving microgrants;
17	(F) the number of new early childhood ed-
18	ucator preparation program partnerships
19	formed between community colleges or minor-
20	ity-serving institutions and area high schools as
21	a result of the grants;
22	(G) the number of students dual-enrolled
23	in high school and community college early
24	childhood educator preparation programs as a
25	result of the grants; and

1	(H) the number of students that completed
2	a degree or credential in a dual-enrollment pro-
3	gram as a result of the grants, in the aggregate
4	and disaggregated by degree or credential.
5	SEC. 127. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
6	The Secretary shall prepare and submit to Congress
7	an annual report on the grant program under this title
8	that includes—
9	(1) the results from the most recent evaluation
10	under section 126; and
11	(2) information regarding the progress made by
12	the grants based on the most recent reports sub-
13	mitted under sections 122(b), 123(c), 124(c), and
14	125(b).
15	SEC. 128. NONDISCRIMINATION IN PROGRAMS AND ACTIVI-
16	TIES.
17	(a) Nondiscrimination.—No person in the United
18	States shall, on the basis of actual or perceived race, color,
19	religion, national origin, sex (which includes sexual ori-
20	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, medical
21	conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth, or sex
22	stereotypes), or disability, be excluded from participation
23	in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimina-
24	tion under any program or activity funded, in whole or
25	in part, with funds made available under this title or with

- 1 amounts appropriated for grants, contracts, or certificates
- 2 similar to a child care certificate as defined in section
- 3 658P of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act
- 4 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858n), administered with such funds.
- 5 (b) Enforcement.—Subsection (a) shall be en-
- 6 forced in the same manner and by the same means, as
- 7 if such subsection was incorporated in title VI of the Civil
- 8 Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and as if
- 9 a violation of subsection (a) was treated as if it was a
- 10 violation of section 601 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000d).
- 11 (c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 12 tion shall be construed to alter or change any provisions
- 13 of section 658N of the Child Care and Development Block
- 14 Grant of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858l).

## 15 TITLE II—CHILD CARE AND DE-

# 16 **VELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT**

# 17 **PROGRAM**

- 18 SEC. 201. ELIGIBILITY.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 658P(4)(C)(i) of the
- 20 Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42
- 21 U.S.C. 9858n(4)(C)(i)) is amended by striking "job train-
- 22 ing or educational program" and inserting "job training
- 23 or educational program (which may be a program of study
- 24 at an institution of higher education (as defined in section
- 25 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

- 1 1002)), a program of secondary education, or a program
- 2 of study leading to the recognized equivalent of a sec-
- 3 ondary school diploma)".
- 4 (b) Plan Requirements.—Section 658E(c)(2) of
- 5 such Act (42 U.S.C. 9858c(c)(2)) is amended by adding
- 6 at the end the following:
- 7 "(W) Eligibility standards.—The plan
- 8 shall contain an assurance that the State will
- 9 not use any requirement for the eligibility of a
- 10 child under this subchapter that is more restric-
- 11 tive than the requirements of (including regula-
- tions issued under) this subchapter, such as a
- family income standard, or a work, training, or
- education standard, that is more restrictive
- than the standards specified in section
- 16 658P(4).".

#### 17 SEC. 202. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

- Section 658H(c) of the Child Care and Development
- 19 Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858f(c)) is amend-
- 20 ed—
- 21 (1) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding
- subparagraph (A), by inserting "or a child care cen-
- ter covered by section 123(b) of the Preparing and
- 24 Resourcing Our Student Parents and Early Child-
- 25 hood Teachers Act" before "if such"; and

1	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", including
2	a child care center covered by section 123(b) of the
3	Preparing and Resourcing Our Student Parents and
4	Early Childhood Teachers Act," before "shall be in-
5	eligible''.
6	SEC. 203. INCREASED FEDERAL MATCHING PAYMENTS FOR
7	CHILD CARE.
8	Section 418(a)(2)(C) of the Social Security Act (42
9	U.S.C. 618(a)(2)(C)) is amended to read as follows:
10	"(C) Federal matching of state ex-
11	PENDITURES.—The Secretary shall pay to each
12	eligible State for a fiscal year an amount equal
13	to the lesser of—
14	"(i) the State's allotment under sub-
15	paragraph (B); or
16	"(ii) the sum of—
17	"(I) in the case of a State that
18	provides payments for child care as-
19	sistance for infants and toddlers
20	(within the meaning of section 658G
21	of the Child Care and Development
22	Block Grant Act of 1990) at not less
23	than 75 percent of the market rates,
24	based on the most recent market rate
25	survey conducted under section

1 658E(c)(4)(B) of that Act or using an 2 alternative methodology, such as a 3 cost estimation model, that has been 4 developed by the State lead agency and approved by the Administration 6 for Children and Families, taking into 7 account the geographic area, type of 8 child care, and age of the child, 90 9 percent of the State's expenditures for 10 such assistance; and "(II) the amount equal to the 11 12 Federal medical assistance percentage 13 that applies to the State for the fiscal year under section 1905(b) (without 14 15 regard to any adjustments to such 16 percentage applicable under that sec-17 tion or any other provision of law) of

dlers.".

so much of the State's expenditures

for child care in that fiscal year for

children other than infants and tod-

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1	TITLE III—OUTREACH REGARD-		
2	ING THE DEPENDENT CARE		
3	ALLOWANCE FOR FEDERAL		
4	STUDENT AID		
5	SEC. 301. SHARING DEPENDENT CARE ALLOWANCE INFOR-		
6	MATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID.		
7	Section 132(h)(4) of the Higher Education Act of		
8	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1015a(h)(4)) is amended—		
9	(1) in the paragraph heading, by inserting		
10	"AND INFORMATION" after "DISCLAIMER";		
11	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and"		
12	after the semicolon;		
13	(3) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period		
14	and inserting "; and; and		
15	(4) by adding at the end the following:		
16	"(D) explaining—		
17	"(i) that a student with a dependent		
18	may be eligible to include a dependent care		
19	allowance described in section 471(a)(8) in		
20	the student's cost of attendance;		
21	"(ii) the effect that a dependent care		
22	allowance may have on the amount of fi-		
23	nancial aid available to the student from		
24	the institution; and		

1	"(iii) how to apply	for the dependent
2	care allowance.".	

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