

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 2125

To require a report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 18, 2025

Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself and Mr. CASSIDY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Select Committee on Intelligence

A BILL

To require a report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Prying Into Chinese
5 Tyrants’ Unreported Riches, Earnings, and Secrets Act”
6 or the “PICTURES Act”.

7 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

8 Congress makes the following findings:

9 (1) The Chinese Communist Party (CCP) oper-
10 ates as an opaque, authoritarian regime in which po-

1 litical power is concentrated in the hands of a rel-
2 atively small group of senior officials.

3 (2) The leadership of the CCP, including full
4 members of the Central Committee and the Central
5 Committee's Politburo (also known as the Political
6 Bureau) and Politburo Standing Committee, exert
7 significant control over economic, military, and polit-
8 ical affairs both within the People's Republic of
9 China and externally.

10 (3) Numerous credible reports and investiga-
11 tions have revealed that senior CCP officials and
12 their families have amassed substantial wealth, often
13 hidden through opaque financial structures, foreign
14 holdings, and proxies.

15 (4) A report issued by the Office of the Direc-
16 tor of National Intelligence (ODNI) in March 2025
17 provided an important initial assessment of the fi-
18 nancial assets of CCP leaders. A subsequent report,
19 incorporating photographic evidence of CCP leaders'
20 wealth and corruption, could build upon that work
21 to further expose the hypocrisy and duplicity of the
22 Chinese Communist Party.

23 (5) Understanding the financial interests, per-
24 sonal assets, and overseas holdings of CCP leaders
25 is essential to informing United States foreign pol-

1 icy, national security, and economic security deci-
2 sion-making.

3 **SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

4 It is the sense of Congress that—

5 (1) the effectiveness and credibility of intel-
6 ligence reporting on sensitive subjects, including the
7 wealth of senior CCP officials, depends upon the full
8 cooperation of all relevant components of the United
9 States intelligence community; and

10 (2) all related nonpublic information, including
11 classified intelligence, financial data, and foreign
12 partner reporting, must be made available within the
13 United States intelligence community to support
14 such assessments to the fullest extent possible con-
15 sistent with the protection of sources and methods.

16 **SEC. 4. REPORT ON THE WEALTH OF THE LEADERSHIP OF**
17 **THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
19 date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than 180
20 days following the appointment of a new Central Com-
21 mittee within the CCP, the Director of National Intel-
22 ligence shall post on a publicly available website of the
23 Office of the Director of National Intelligence and submit
24 to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and
25 the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the

1 House of Representatives a report on the wealth of the
 2 leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.

3 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under sub-
 4 section (a) shall include the following elements:

5 (1) A detailed assessment of the personal
 6 wealth, financial holdings, and business interests of
 7 full Central Committee members and the head of the
 8 Central Commission for Discipline Inspection, in-
 9 cluding all immediate family members of such for-
 10 eign persons, prioritizing the following individuals:

11 (A) The General Secretary of the Chinese
 12 Communist Party.

13 (B) Members of the Politburo Standing
 14 Committee.

15 (C) Members of the full Politburo.

16 (D) Provincial-level Party Secretaries.

17 (E) Members of the Central Military Com-
 18 mission.

19 (2) Documentation and, as available, photo-
 20 graphic evidence of physical and financial assets
 21 owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such of-
 22 ficials and their immediate family members, includ-
 23 ing, at a minimum—

24 (A) real estate holdings inside and outside
 25 the People’s Republic of China, including the

1 Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong
2 and Macau;

3 (B) high-value personal assets, such as
4 yachts, luxury vehicles, private aircraft; and

5 (C) business holdings, investments, and fi-
6 nancial accounts held in foreign jurisdictions.

7 (3) Identification of financial proxies, business
8 associates, or other entities used to obscure the own-
9 ership of such wealth and assets, including those ref-
10 erenced in ODNI's March 20, 2025, report as a
11 baseline.

12 (4) An assessment by the Director of National
13 Intelligence regarding the level of cooperation and
14 responsiveness of each relevant component of the in-
15 telligence community in providing information, anal-
16 ysis, and support for the preparation of the report,
17 including whether any component failed to fully co-
18 operate or provide requested nonpublic information.

19 (5) Nonpublic information related to the wealth
20 of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party,
21 to the extent possible consistent with the protection
22 of intelligence sources and methods, including infor-
23 mation derived from classified sources, foreign part-
24 ner reporting, financial intelligence, human sources,
25 or other intelligence community holdings.

1 (c) FORM.—The report posted and submitted under
2 subsection (a) shall be in unclassified form, but the version
3 submitted to Congress may include a classified annex as
4 necessary.

5 **SEC. 5. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY DEFINED.**

6 In this Act, the term “intelligence community” has
7 the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the Na-
8 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

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